

'If You Want

The Earth You Can Get It."

'If You Don't

Get It 'Twill be Your own Fault."

'If You Want

A Fence Around It We Can Help You."

WE HAVE THE

Leading

Grocery and Provision

House

—OF—

Culver * City.

We keep only the best articles that money can buy. We are not selling goods at

50 PER CENT Below Cost.

—BUT AT—

Live and Let Live Figures

We have no spontaneous combustion, whoop-and-holler low prices on one article and knock your eye out on another, but we keep right along in the procession and treat you square in every instance.

YOU KNOW THIS

consequently the great rush of farmers at MEREDITH'S.

It is a fact that we keep a full stock of very select goods and will cater to the Lake Trade with as fine a line as can be found in the county.

Don't miss the place,

Main St. East Side

near defunct Nussbaum & Mayer's Store.

Highest Market Price paid for FARMERS' PRODUCE.

H. J. MEREDITH.

LOCAL PARAGRAPHS CURTAILED

And Put in Good Form for the Benefit of the Herald's Numerous Readers.

The school board perfected their organization Tuesday evening.

The excursion on the Nickel Plate Tuesday failed to materialize.

A large delegation from here will attend the county convention on Monday.

Miss Josie Overman is the guest of Mrs. E. H. Mow at Plymouth for a few days.

H. J. Meredith has hung up a nice new awning in front of his grocery store.

George and M. E. Garn were the guests of their brother James Sunday evening.

Wm. Vanderweele, of Burr Oak, made our town a friendly call Tuesday morning.

Misses Alice Shultz and Edith Rickenbaugh were the guests of Rev. Howard Monday evening.

Lost—A watch chain, with heart and padlock attached. Finder will please leave same at this office.

It is reported that Jacob Huff, a former resident of near here, died suddenly in North Dakota last week.

Frank Cromley and David Hawk, Jr., are serving on the special jury in the case of Swoverland vs. Stewart.

Mrs. D. A. Bradley has returned from her visit with her daughter, Mrs. H. L. Porter, of Plymouth.

You can get a hair-cut, shave and a nice clean bath for 50c. at the O. K. barber shop if you get it all at one time.

Our esteemed and energetic drayman, Mr. Swigert, has had his transfer wagon beautified by the artist's brush.

Mrs. J. F. Koontz is visiting her parents at Bedford, Ind. She will join her husband at Kenosha, Wis., in the near future.

Mrs. Edwards, the milliner, has been suffering from a severe attack of neuralgia. Miss Walters has charge in her absence.

You can get river minnows, the hardiest and liveliest kind, by applying to Furmer Fisher, at the meat market, one block west of depot.

When you want a bath, don't go and jump into the lake; call at the O. K. barber shop and get a nice warm, clean bath for the small sum of 25c.

Mr. Hand brought some straw berries into town Tuesday which were of such a size that it required only about twenty berries to make a quart.

A number of our young people attended the commencement exercises at Jordan church last Saturday evening. The house was crowded to its utmost capacity.

Mr. W. F. Eullit and Miss Elva Hoover, of this city, called at the Bay View House Sunday evening and were pleasantly entertained by the genial landlord and lady, Mr. and Mrs. Booth.

Mr. and Mrs. Elvie Fisher, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Wireman, and Clark Miller, of Peru, and Miss McCarthy, of Rochester, visited over Sunday with Mr. J. Fisher, our enterprising butcher, and family.

The Culver City Band discoursed excellent music upon Lake Maxenkuckee last Sunday. They were the guests of Capt. Morris, who commands the beautiful steamer "Peerless." The band, under the able leadership of that veteran band teacher, J. K. Mawhorter is fast pushing ahead, and already compares favorably with the best of 'em.

Mr. Clyde Souder filed his bond and swore fealty to the constitution of the United States last Monday morning, and forthwith assumed the duties as Assistant Postmaster.

We are pleased to note that under the able treatment of Drs. Wiseman and Rea, that Geo. W. Smith who was so terribly injured not long since by being run over by a Vandalia freight car, is slowly improving.

Thomas and John Medbourn have put in a well at the new residence of Mr. Hayes. This makes the twenty-fifth well that the above gentlemen have put in this season. They are scientific experts at the business, and never fail to give satisfaction.

Capt. Morris has placed on board his new steamer "Peerless" an elegantly-toned Heintz piano, which will no doubt be fully appreciated by his many music-loving patrons. It was purchased of Chicago parties through Mr. Duddleson, of this city.

J. A. Yockey, candidate for Recorder upon the Republican side of the docket, was in town Wednesday shaking hands with old acquaintances. He is one of the progressive young farmers of Polk township, is well qualified for the position and will no doubt receive the nomination.

SUBSCRIBERS, ATTENTION!

We earnestly desire all those who owe us on subscription, to call and settle the same at once. Soon our second volume will be closed and a large number are in arrears a year or more and we wish to start our third volume with a clean, paid-up list. All those who fail to settle before the commencement of the new year will be erased from our books as we cannot afford to carry subscribers without pay. It costs us GOOD SOLID CASH for every paper you read, and prompt payment makes long friends and gives an incentive to furnish you a better local paper. Bear this in mind, especially those who receive the paper and live abroad. Send us in your dollar and cheer us up.

Stop and Think.

The following extract from a late article in the Cincinnati Enquirer is eminently enlightening on the financial question, and hence especially worthy of an attentive perusal:

"We hear that silver is available as money only because it is maintained with gold by the silver standard policy. This proposition is simply a plain untruth. Were it not for the silver coin and silver notes in circulation in the country, there would be distress beyond description. Silver is doing the business, and gold is locked up for speculative purposes. Every man who has a voice in the affairs of the United States, and who has patriotism and pride of country, and a desire to be intelligent, ought to get into the habit of examining his money every time he draws cash from the bank, or otherwise gets currency in the transactions of life. He will soon find that he is getting the bulk of his money in silver certificates. He seldom gets even greenbacks any more, and when he does he has something that is not redeemable in gold unless the government issues bonds and borrows yellow money to redeem with. Actual gold is not in circulation at all. It is hard for an everyday man to get a small gold coin for a curiosity or a present to somebody. Greenbacks are paid out over the bank counters only when the stock of silver notes is exhausted. From a business standpoint it is hard to blame the bankers, for they are invited to keep the greenbacks, which may be redeemed in borrowed gold at the United States sub-treasury in New York. Silver if sustaining gold, not gold sustaining silver. Practically, silver is the only money metal we have that is used for actual money purposes—for the actual buying and selling among the people."

CULVER ACADEMY NEWS NOTES
Under the Able Management of Special Scribes of the Above Institution

Captain Stern had his picture taken on Monday.

Lieut. Culver has been engaged as a member of the Studebaker racing team.

The days seem like weeks now as we only have about ten more days from this writing.

Commencement exercises will be held at the Academy in the forenoon of June 11th. Everybody is invited.

The base ball score book was lost so that we cannot put in an account of the game. The score was 19 to 9 in Culver's favor.

Cadet Fisk left for his home in Toledo one day last week. We were sorry to see him leave as he was a very jolly fellow.

Mr. and Mrs. Culver are expected to arrive here at any time, and will be pleased to receive a visit from them before the school year ends.

This will probably be the last Academy notes that will be in the paper for some time, as examinations commence the last of this week and every one has to study.

Poor Lieut. Purinton was officer of the day on Sunday and could not leave limits. He consoled himself by taking a book and going down to the lake shore and reading.

The base ball team had their pictures taken on Monday, also several of the cadets. The commissioned officers had theirs taken in a group, and no doubt they will be fine ones, as these officers are beauts.

The cadets had a ride around the lake on the steamer Sunday eve after supper and passed a pleasant evening. The captain and Mrs. Lord are always ready to help us have a good time, and we certainly appreciate their kindness.

—had his picture taken last week. Just between you and me, but of course don't tell anybody else, we ought to ask him for one. You know the poor boy has invested in a lot, which nobody wants, and it would be but common charity to take them off his hands.

The boys all have their plans for the summer. Some are rather ambitious, we think, but all have decided to do the work for which they are most fitted. Holtzinger has signed for the Jimtown Brown Stockings as pitcher, he says. A pitcher with ice water will be his lot.

There were several broken hearts on Saturday when the train came in with no girls on board. These poor boys went around all the afternoon trying to find out why the young ladies did not come but could find no one that could give them any information. They think now that the girls have given them the cold shake.

Mr. Dozier went out of training yesterday. The columns of this paper have always been noted for their veracity, and we want to state right here that the report of Dozier's throwing the hammer for Yale next year is utterly unsubstantiated. That he was interviewed by solicitors from that institution we are not prepared to deny, but other than that can give no definite reply. As we have said before he has gone out of training and is in no condition.

For Sale.

A first-class cook stove; will sell cheap; a great bargain. For particulars call on

B. F. MEDBOURN,
Marmont, Ind.

If you want first class minnows, call upon Sidney Flagg, or leave word at the Gerard saloon.

A clean towel used on every customer at "The Tent" barber shop, one door east of Colonade hotel, W. F. Eullit, proprietor. There is practically no door, but there is an aperture plenty large enough to admit two fat men and one skinny man sawnched in between at one and the same time. Open at 5 o'clock in the morning, and until noon on Sunday. Ladies hair-dressing and shampooing a specialty, and cottage calls attended promptly to.

DECORATION DAY CEREMONIES.

Place the flowers on the soldier's grave With a gentle and loving hand. Father, brother, sweetheart—brave. Who were called to that heavenly land.

Decoration Day, with its sunshine and sorrows, its flags and its flowers, its bitter tears and sacred memories, has been brought to us again by the ceaseless cycle of time. Culver City's old veterans and the commander-in-general are never in the rear ranks when it comes to paying homage to the departed heroes who sacrificed their lives upon their country's altar. Promptly at 9 o'clock a. m. Saturday, the citizens of this city and surrounding country commenced to enter the M. E. church and by ten every available space was taken. The program was excellent. The famous "Philharmonic Club" sang several beautiful songs amid orange blossoms and beautiful flowers of every description, and the national colors. The oration by J. C. Carey, an old veteran of Plymouth, was a masterpiece of eloquence, in which he gave a deserved tribute to the dead and living heroes, and not forgetting to extol the noble mothers, wives, sweethearts and sisters who sacrificed all that they held most dear to preserve the union.

LINE OF MARCH.

Culver City Band, under the leadership of Mr. J. K. Mawhorter. Members of the K. of P. Lodge, of this city, under command of Dr. Wiseman. Old Veterans, under command of Veteran J. L. Mosher.

J. F. Cromley was color bearer, and the old veteran's eye took on a new lustre as he felt the folds of the glorious old flag waving over his head. What a contrast these old heroes strike now as compared to nearly half a century ago, when the bloom of youth were upon their cheeks and their eyes sparkled with anticipated victory over the rebel hosts. Following the old veterans came citizens and visitors on foot and in vehicles, who marched to the cemetery and there fittingly decorated the last resting place of their beloved dead, amid imposing ceremonies.

In the afternoon the band boys, through the ever-courteous and genial drayman, Mr. Wm. Swigert, were conveyed to Monterey, where they took part in the Decoration Day ceremonies. The boys were treated in a right royal manner by every one they came in contact with, and returned home in the evening well pleased with the trip to our neighboring and enterprising little town.

Democratic Editorial Association.

The Democratic State Editorial Association at a meeting of the Executive committee at Indianapolis Friday decided to hold the midsummer meeting at Maxenkuckee lake July 31 and August 1. The following program was adopted:

President's address.

Committee reports.

"National Editorial Association," Louis Holtman, Brazil.

"Mechanical Department," discussed by I. R. Strouse, of Rockville.

"Editorial and News Departments," discussed by John P. Stahl, of South Bend.

"Business Management," discussed by W. B. Westlake, of Marion.

"Advertising Agents," discussed by Allen W. Clark, of Greensburg.

A banquet will be held Saturday evening, at which President Haimbaugh will preside. He to select the toasts and responses will also be made by three ladies, wives of members of the association.

The meeting this year will be a purely business affair, held for the practical good of the members, who will consult as to practical methods and results. A large attendance is expected.—Plymouth Democrat.

Every Sunday

agents of the Nickel Plate Road are authorized to sell one limit excursion tickets between any local stations at a one fare rate. 45-81

HELP IS NOW NEEDED.

TOUCHING APPEAL FROM EAST ST. LOUIS.

Business Is Suspended and Men Stand Mute and Aghast at the Havoc that Was Wrought—English Papers Comment Sympathetically on Disaster.

Thousands Homeless.
East St. Louis has issued a touching appeal for aid and the committee which prepared the manifesto estimated that 200 persons were killed and that the number of injured will foot up in the thousands. It is known that a number of persons are still buried in the debris on the southwestern end of the island and in the ruins of the Hallesey Hotel, the Martell House, the Relay Retreat, and the Durant House. Street car traffic, telephone service, and electric lighting facilities are entirely suspended. Men stand mute and aghast at the havoc that was wrought. All business is virtually suspended. Every one agrees that months will fail to reveal the extent of the tornado's devastation in the Illinois town. From the surrounding country thousands of men, women, and children flocked into the city to visit the scenes of ruin and death. All the London papers have editorials on the terrible disaster at St. Louis and all express their sympathy with the residents of that city. The Chronicle urges England to send some prompt and effective expression of sympathy. "It is quite certain," says the English journal, "that if it had happened in England the sufferers would not wait long for sympathetic words or if necessary actions from America."

VETOED BY CLEVELAND.

Tells His Objections to the River and Harbor Bill.

The President Friday sent to the House a message, vetoing the river and harbor bill. He said: There are 417 items of appropriation, and every part of the country is represented. It directly appropriates or provides for the immediate expenditure of nearly \$14,000,000 in addition to other appropriations amounting to more than \$3,000,000. A more startling feature is its authorization of contracts for river and harbor work amounting to more than \$62,000,000. Though these payments are in most cases so distributed that they are to be met by future appropriations, more than \$3,000,000 is included in direct appropriations. Of the remainder nearly \$20,000,000 will fall due during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1898. If this bill becomes a law, the obligations which will be imposed on the Government, together with the appropriations made for immediate expenditure on account of rivers and harbors, will amount to about \$80,000,000. Nor is this all. The bill directs numerous surveys and examinations, contracts, and which portend largely which contemplate new work and further increased expenditures and obligations. There is no ground to hope that, in the face of persistent and growing demands, the aggregate of appropriations for the smaller schemes, not covered by contracts, will be reduced, or even remain stationary. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1898, such appropriations, together with the installments on contracts which will fall due in that year, can hardly be less than \$30,000,000, and it may reasonably be apprehended that the prevalent tendency toward increased expenditures of this sort, and the concealment which postponed payments afford for extravagance, will increase the burden chargeable to this account in succeeding years.

"GROVER CLEVELAND."

National League.

Following is the standing of the clubs in the National Baseball League:

W. L.	W. L.
Cleveland ... 19 10	Chicago ... 18 17
Cincinnati ... 22 12	Washington ... 15 17
Baltimore ... 20 13	Brooklyn ... 14 18
Boston ... 19 13	New York ... 13 20
Philadelphia ... 20 14	St. Louis ... 11 22
Pittsburg ... 17 13	St. Louisville ... 7 26

Western League.

Following is the standing of the clubs in the Western League:

W. L.	W. L.
Detroit ... 20 10	Minneapolis ... 17 15
St. Paul ... 17 10	Milwaukee ... 17 16
Kansas City ... 18 11	Columbus ... 9 23
Indianapolis ... 14 12	Grand Rapids ... 7 23

Robert Emmett Hall Missing.

Robert Emmett Hall, a well-known newspaper man and poet, is missing from Elmira, N. Y. His friends believe that he has committed suicide, as lately he has been despondent and often spoke of drowning as the best means of ending life. All efforts of the police and his friends to locate him have been fruitless. He went from Chicago two years ago.

Jackson Gets a Stay.

Judge Helm overruled the motion for a new trial for Scott Jackson, convicted of the murder of Pearl Bryan, and sentenced Jackson to be hanged June 30. Subsequently the court granted a motion for a stay of execution for sixty days to enable the defendant to take the case before the Court of Appeals.

Dean of Princeton to Resign.

Surprise was expressed at Princeton, N. J., when it was learned that Dr. J. O. Murray would resign as dean of the faculty and religious head of the college. Owing to advanced age he feels unable properly to perform the increasing duties. Prof. Westcott is mentioned as his suc-

TEMPEST IN CHICAGO.

City Visited by One of the Worst Storms in Its History.

Cloudburst, vivid lightning and destructive wind combined in a storm that struck Chicago Sunday night and swept with unparalleled fury the whole of the upper Mississippi valley. Trees were snapped off like stalks of wheat. Houses that stood in the way of the storm were caught in the grasp of a tempest more fierce than any that has visited the Chicago region within the memory of man and were tossed like the playthings of children into wreck and confusion. Slender wires that carried the messages of telegraph and telephone were stripped from the poles and left lashing the earth on which beat the deluge of water. The cities within one hundred miles of Chicago seem all to have suffered with singular equality from the ferocity of the storm. Upon Elgin the blow seemed rather heavier, but it was chiefly because no other place presented so many chances. One man was killed in the ruins of a house that sunk like an eggshell under the blow of the hurricane. Other structures were unroofed, and bridges were damaged. Telegraph and telephone poles were driven level with the earth. Immense damage was done to the beautiful little city.

MUST PAY BOUNTIES.

Comptroller Bowler's Ruling Declared to Be Wrong.

The United States Supreme Court announced its decision Monday at Washington in the sugar bounty cases of the United States vs. Gay and the Realty Company. The cases were brought to test the constitutionality of the ruling of Comptroller Bowler denying bounty to the sugar planters under the law of the last Congress. The opinion of the court was handed down by Justice Peckham and affirmed the opinion of the court below holding the sugar bounty law valid and overruling the Comptroller. The opinion was a unanimous one.

PRISONERS HIGH IN MIDAIR.

Big Wheel Stops Running, to the Great Discomfort of Passengers.

At Earl's court, London, there is a great wheel, larger than the famous Ferris wheel of Chicago, carrying forty big cars. Thursday evening the wheel started with quite a number of people on board, but suddenly ceased to revolve. A number of people were compelled to remain aloft until next morning.

Foils the Lynching Bee.

John Hoffman escaped being hanged by an infuriated Chicago mob Monday through the timely interference of the police. He had been chased through alleys, shot at, kicked and beaten, and choked by a rope, when the guardians of the peace arrived just in time to prevent a lynching. Hoffman hailed the coming of the officers with tears of joy, and went to a cell in the West Chicago avenue station with as much alacrity as a bridegroom goes to the altar, to carefully caress a broad, blue welt on his neck, and reflect upon the uncertainties of life which attend the occupation of a burglar. Hoffman had burglarized a flat, knocked down its woman owner, fled with his booty with a hundred men in hot pursuit, hid himself under a barrel in a lumber yard, and when there discovered had knocked down three men, fought the whole crowd like a wild beast, received and given many blows, and finally, covered with blood and wounds, his clothes in shreds from the desperate scuffle, had only succumbed to overpowering numbers from sheer weariness.

Deadly Gasoline.

Only the mother and one daughter were saved out of a family of six in the gasoline explosion at the house of Otto Malm, Chicago, Sunday, just before breakfast time. Blinded and suffocated by the fumes, the father tried to rescue his children from the burning house. He perished on the threshold, and two of the three children he attempted to save from a horrible death died later from the fearful injuries they received. The mother carried her infant out of the home, but before its burning clothing could be extinguished the child was past human aid, and died shortly afterward.

Made Threats While He Slept.

Fifteen days in jail was the sentence imposed by the police court on John Clark, of Sioux City, Iowa, for talking in his sleep. Clark says the habit dates from his childhood. He admits having used extremely profane language. His wife was much alarmed, knowing that he always kept a revolver handy. She jumped out of bed and rushed to a neighbor's in her night dress, and finally dispatched an officer to the house to take him in custody. The court thought Clark's habit a very bad one and sent him to jail in the hope of breaking it up.

Curtailed the Whisky Output.

All the rye whisky distillers in the Eastern States will suspend operations on Sept. 1 next. This will throw out of employment 2,000 workmen, coopers and laborers. The skilled workmen about the distilleries will be kept as they are under contract. This action was resolved upon at a meeting at New York, representing, it is estimated, \$25,000,000 capital, at the Waldorf Hotel. J. G. Pontretract presided, and Edwin V. Dougherty was secretary.

Murder Mystery Clearing.

At Salt Lake City, Utah, Henrietta Clausen and Annie Samuelson disappeared, and a few days afterward in the basement of the First Scandinavian M. E. Church were found traces of a bloody crime. Developments have resulted in the arrest of the pastor. In his trunk were found many articles of personal property belonging to the girls. There is every evidence that the bodies of the girls were cremated in the church furnace.

Burden Thieves Coming Back.

At London William Dunlop and William Turner, accused of the theft of the Burden jewels, were handed over to the New York police officers Tuesday, with

SIXTY FALL TO DEATH

AWFUL PLUNGE OF A VICTORIA, B. C., STREET CAR.

Dives to the River 100 Feet Below Through a Rotten Bridge—Big Cotton States Show Falls Through Apathy of Those to Be Benefited.

Horror at Victoria.

A terrible accident occurred at Victoria, B. C., Tuesday. A sham fight and review was to take place at Macaulay Point, near Esquimaux, and crowds were making their way there by every route. All the tram cars were packed. Two cars left Government street with more than 100 people. The first got safely over Point Ellice bridge, which crosses Victoria arm. When the other was about half way over the middle span of the bridge, about 150 feet in length, gave way and the car plunged into the water 100 feet below. The car was completely submerged, and all on board were drowned with the exception of some of those who were standing on the platform and who, escaping injury from the falling timbers, managed to save themselves by using the floating ruins of the bridge and thus got ashore. Sixty bodies had been recovered at 10 o'clock at night. Only a few of them, however, have been identified.

EXPOSITION POSTPONED.

Cotton States Fail to Do Their Part for the Big Show.

The proprietors of the Cotton States exposition, which was to have been held in Chicago this fall, have decided to give up the scheme for the present. This action was decided upon at an executive session of those in charge. The proposed fair grew out of the visit of many prominent Chicagoans to Atlanta last November. The leaders of the movement for the Chicago Cotton States exposition have been confident of success. For a long time it has been apparent to the Chicago committee that the South would eventually fail to come to time and the exhibition would fall through. The Chicago committee has done all that it agreed to—it has raised the necessary \$100,000 successfully to carry on the project; it has facilitated railroad communications between the North and South, but after repeatedly advising the Southern committee that it was ready to carry out its part, a communication was received asking the committee to postpone the date, no time being set. This, it is thought, amounts to an eventual abandonment of the scheme on the part of the South. The directors say that the exposition has not been entirely abandoned, but that 1898 or some other year may be selected as the time to hold it.

MANY FAMILIES HOMELESS.

Fire at Deseronto, Ont., Causes a Loss of \$350,000.

Fire broke out Monday in the tie dock of Rathburn & Co. at Deseronto, Ont., and in a short time spread to the docks adjoining, destroying large quantities of shingles, posts, hardwood, etc., a flour, bran house, elevator and canoe Club boat house. Going northward and eastward it swept away almost the entire eastern portion of the town. The Roman Catholic Church and several stores were consumed. The flames spread so rapidly that many lost all their possessions. A terrific downpour of rain helped to extinguish the flames. About seventy-five families are homeless. The loss will aggregate over \$350,000.

A. C. MELLETTE DEAD.

Ex-Governor of South Dakota Succumbs to Heart Failure.

A. C. Mellette, ex-Governor of South Dakota, died Monday morning at his home in Pittsburg, Kan., of heart failure, after an illness of about five weeks. Death was, however, brought on by a complication of diseases of four or five years' standing. He was a prominent Knight Templar.

Gives Her Estate to a Convict.

Mrs. Martha Calloway, a large property owner of Fort Scott, Kan., died Tuesday, leaving a will bequeathing to her son, Clark Bedell, who is a life convict in the New York State prison at Auburn, half of her valuable estate and precluding her husband from any share in it. The convict son was for many years a prominent man of Fort Scott, and his parents have succeeded in keeping his disgrace a profound secret until the mother died and the step-father retained counsel to contest the will. The nature of Bedell's offense is not known at home.

Hermit C. H. Thomas Has a Weir.

An official search of the effects of Charles H. Thomas, the aged hermit who died at the Cincinnati hospital, disclosed that he has a son, Henry, who is, or was, acting sheriff at Glenwood Springs, Colo. The old man was miserly and physicians say he died of starvation. He lived mainly on what he gathered from garbage barrels. He owned a farm in Kentucky, an orange grove in Florida and had several hundred dollars in bank. He lived in a dingy hovel in McFarland street, where he kept a junkshop.

Contracts to Be Filled.

The State Department is officially informed that all contracts for Cuban leaf tobacco entered into before the publication of the order of Captain General Weyler prohibiting its exportation will be respected, and that citizens of the United States proving themselves to be bona fide owners of such tobacco prior to the promulgation of the order will be permitted to export the same as heretofore.

Death to Thirteen.

A terrific hurricane and cloudburst struck Cairo, Ill., at 8:30 o'clock Tuesday morning. The extent of the destruction of property cannot yet be ascertained, but it is known that at least a dozen lives were lost through the capsizing of the

TRADE FAIRLY BRISK.

Short Crop Stories Have Little Effect on the Market.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: "The waiting condition, which seems to some people nothing better than stagnation, still continues. But there is a difference. Thousands of orders and contracts are merely deferred because they can be more safely given a little later. There is nothing exciting in the speculative market for exportable products, and the stories about damage to wheat have been numerous, but the general belief regarding the future supply is fairly reflected in the decline of 1.62 cent per bushel. The western receipts continue larger—for three weeks 5,818,625 bushels, against 4,862,537 last year, while Atlantic exports, flour included, have been only 3,108,803 bushels for the same weeks, against 4,749,674 last year. The home market fails entirely to respond to short crop stories, for it is known that western reports indicate a crop exceeding last year's."

NEW SWISS BICYCLE.

Said to Possess Great Advantages Over American Style.

A new Swiss bicycle, which is made the subject of a report to the State Department by United States Consul Ridgely at Geneva, is claimed to possess great advantages over the usual form, among them being greater safety, perfect comfort, healthy position, a greater power over the machine, greater speed, hill-climbing power and less fatigue. The rider occupies a sitting position, the present saddle is replaced by a comfortable seat and, as the rider is in a position much lower than usual, the machine is easy to mount.

Death and Destruction in Iowa.

Meager reports Monday morning state that a cyclone struck Palarie, Iowa, fifteen miles north of Des Moines, killing nine people and injuring a number. At midnight a cloudburst occurred at Lamolle, and flooded the county as if a river had been turned loose suddenly from some commanding point of vantage. Streams that were but rivulets and even little "runs" were swollen to enormous pretensions. Creeks became broad, surging rivers on the instant and the dire work of laying waste began. Railroad tracks were washed away, sections of roadbed half a mile in length were carried off on the turbulent waters like the toy boat in the hillside brook. Trestles succumbed to the flood, bridges disappeared, crops were laid waste, and havoc wrought in every conceivable form.

Gov. Bradley Indicted.

Gov. Bradley has been indicted at London, Ky., by the grand jury for failing to file a description of his lands in that county under the recent tax law. It is believed that the lands are not very valuable and the Governor overlooked the fact that the lands were in his name.

Humane Bequest of \$100,000.

The will of Edward H. Kennedy was admitted to probate at Philadelphia. He bequeathed his entire fortune of \$100,000 in trust for the benefit of the woman's branch of the Pennsylvania Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals.

Hot Wave on the Coast.

A hot wave which swept over the entire State of California has broken all previous records in many localities. At Los Angeles Monday the thermometer reached a maximum of 102 degrees. In San Francisco the maximum was 87 degrees.

Eighteen Slain by Indians.

San Bernardino, Mex., dispatch: Word has been brought here of an attack made by a band of renegade Indians upon the Lojos ranch, near here. The Indians killed eighteen persons, several of them being women and children.

Colonel Mosby Critically Ill.

Col. John S. Mosby, the ex-Confederate soldier, recently consul to Hong Kong, is lying critically ill at his home in San Francisco. He is suffering from appendicitis.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$3.50 to \$4.75; hogs, shipping grades, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, fair to choice, \$2.50 to \$4.25; wheat, No. 2 red, 59c to 60c; corn, No. 2, 27c to 29c; oats, No. 2, 17c to 19c; rye, No. 2, 35c to 37c; butter, choice creamery, 14c to 16c; eggs, fresh, 9c to 11c; potatoes, per bushel, 12c to 20c; broom corn, \$25 to \$50 per ton for common to choice.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$4.50; hogs, choice light, \$3.00 to \$3.50; sheep, common to prime, \$2.00 to \$4.00; wheat, No. 2, 64c to 66c; corn, No. 1 white, 29c to 31c; oats, No. 2 white, 21c to 23c.

St. Louis—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$4.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.75; wheat, No. 2 red, 62c to 63c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 25c to 27c; oats, No. 2 white, 17c to 19c; rye, No. 2, 34c to 36c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, \$3.50 to \$4.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.50; sheep, \$2.50 to \$3.75; wheat, No. 2, 66c to 68c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 20c to 30c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 21c to 22c; rye, No. 2, 36c to 38c.

Detroit—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$4.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, \$2.00 to \$3.75; wheat, No. 2 red, 66c to 68c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 27c to 29c; oats, No. 2 white, 21c to 22c; rye, 34c to 36c.

Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 red, 68c to 69c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 27c to 29c; oats, No. 2 white, 19c to 21c; rye, No. 2, 36c to 38c; clover seed, \$4.55 to \$4.65.

Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 spring, 50c to 60c; corn, No. 3, 27c to 29c; oats, No. 2 white, 19c to 21c; barley, No. 2, 31c to 33c; rye, No. 1, 35c to 37c; pork, mess, \$6.75 to \$7.25.

Buffalo—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$4.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.00; sheep, \$3.25 to \$4.00; wheat, No. 2 red, 69c to 70c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 34c to 35c; oats, No. 2 white, 24c to 25c.

New York—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$4.75; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.25; sheep, \$2.00 to \$3.00; wheat, No. 2 red, 68c to 69c; corn, No. 2, 34c to 35c; oats, No. 2 white, 24c to 25c; butter, creamery, 12c to 16c; eggs, West-

WORK OF CONGRESS.

THE WEEK'S DOINGS IN SENATE AND HOUSE.

A Comprehensive Digest of the Proceedings in the Legislative Chambers at Washington—Matters that Concern the People.

Lawmakers at Labor.

The general deficiency appropriation bill, the last of the supply bills, was before the Senate throughout Monday, and passed just before adjournment. It temporarily displaced the bill to prohibit the issue of bonds. As passed the bill carries about \$10,500,000 bonds, an increase of \$6,000,000 over the House bill. After disposing of routine work the House went into committee of the whole to consider the bill to repeal the free alcohol clause of the existing tariff law.

The House Tuesday by a vote of 165 to 69 passed the bill for the repeal of section 61 of the present tariff law providing for a rebate on alcohol used in the arts or medicinal compounds. An amendment was attached providing for a joint commission to consist of three members from each house to examine and report on all questions relating to free alcohol at the next session. The Senate amendment to the general deficiency bill, excepting the French spoliation claims and claims under the Bowman act, were disagreed to and the bill sent to conference. Another partial report on the Indian appropriation bill which left only the question of sectarian schools and the old settlers' claims still in dispute, was adopted. Tariff and finance each came in for a share of consideration in the Senate. Early in the day Mr. Sherman succeeded in having the filled cheese bill taken up, whereupon Mr. DuBois offered an amendment adding 75 cents a barrel to the tax on beer. On the question of adopting the amendment the debate became general. Senators Mills and Gray supporting and Nelson, Aldrich and Vilas opposing it. The bill was displaced by the bond bill, which was advocated by Mr. Pritchard and opposed by Mr. Lindsay. A bill was passed to pension, at \$75 a month, the widow of Gen. George E. Spencer, at one time United States Senator from Alabama.

The Senate Wednesday defeated the proposition to increase the beer tax 75 cents per barrel by the vote of 34 to 27. The House spent almost the entire day discussing the Senate amendment to the general deficiency bill appropriating \$1,027,000 for the payment of about 700 French spoliation claims, \$748,000 for 325 war claims, found to be due under the Bowman act; \$174,000 for the payment of what is known as the Chautauqua claim for the construction of an ironclad steam battery in 1864, and about \$10,000 for Indian supplies furnished in 1873 and 1874. The vote was close, but the friends of the claims carried the day—111 to 97.

All interest in the House proceedings was overshadowed by the St. Louis horror. A resolution was passed directing the Secretary of War to place at the disposal of the Mayors of the stricken cities a sufficient number of tents to provide for the temporary necessities of the homeless and to render such aid as might be in his power. Mr. Barthold, of St. Louis, who saw Secretary Lamont, said there were eight or ten boats used in the Mississippi river improvement which might be able to render assistance, and these will be ordered to the scene of the disaster if necessary. When the House resolution was received in the Senate authorizing the Secretary of War to loan tents and render aid to the Mayors of St. Louis and East St. Louis Mr. Palmer, of Illinois, asked immediate consideration. Mr. Vest, of Missouri, interposed the suggestion that while it might seem ungracious for him to interpose objection, yet, in view of late reports showing the usual exaggeration attending the first hours of calamity he did not consider this action necessary. The people of St. Louis, he said, could take care of themselves, and, although the resolution could do no harm, yet he deprecated the tendency to rush impulsively to Federal sources for relief. Mr. Harris, of Tennessee, said he fully sympathized with this view, although the resolution, being here, it should be acted on, and made joint instead of concurrent. Mr. Cullom, of Illinois, said he felt from the latest reports that there was no occasion for the passage of the relief resolution, and that the respective States would be able to take care of their people on both sides of the river. Yet, as the House had acted, Mr. Cullom urged that the Senate should give its assent. He added that he was still in doubt and worried over the situation on the Illinois side. The resolution was amended to be joint instead of concurrent, thus requiring presentation to the President, and was then adopted. The House later agreed to the Senate amendment, which makes the resolution joint instead of concurrent. The Joy resolution for the relief of the St. Louis sufferers reached the President at 5 o'clock and was signed by him ten minutes later.

Volcanic "Ring" in the Pacific.

Nirrafon, the volcanic "ring" island recently described by Lieutenant Somerville in the Journal of the London Geographical Society, is a lonely spot midway between Fiji and Samoa. It is about three miles in external diameter, and the entire coast line is formed of black lava rocks. The internal diameter—that is to say, the diameter of the "caldera"—is two miles, and the cliffs surrounding it are 200 or 300 feet high. It contains a deep, calm lake, on the eastern side of which is a peninsula formed by the craters of the eruption of 1886. The view from the summits of the cliffs around the "caldera" is of remarkable beauty, and includes a great expanse of the Pacific ocean rolling under the southeast trade, as well as the still, deep lake within the luxuriant foliage of the outer slope and the barren cinder cones of the recent

STORM'S DIRE WORK

A Cyclone Devastates Three States.

DEATH IN ITS WAKE.

Iowa, Illinois, and Michigan the Sufferers.

The Death Roll Will Pass the Hundreds, and Hundreds More Are Injured—Terrific Downpour of Water in Several Instances Completes the Destruction Which the Wind Began—Damage to Farm Property Is Literally Inconceivable—Several Towns Are Wiped Off the Earth.

A most fearful storm originated Sunday night, a little northeast of Des Moines, Iowa. Traveling almost due east, it devastated portions of that State, Illinois and by Monday evening had reached the eastern boundary of Michigan, culminating in Macomb County.

In Iowa it raged most fiercely in Polk and Jasper Counties, killing twenty-seven persons, fatally injuring three, seriously injuring nineteen and demolishing a large part of five towns—Valeria, Bondurant, Santiago, Mingo and Ira. The country between the towns was devastated and the crops utterly ruined. All the stock in the path of the storm was destroyed. In Bondurant five were killed; in Santiago, two; in Valeria, seven; near Mingo, four; and in the intervening country between Mingo and Ida, nine. Eighteen were injured, several fatally. Besides the loss of life the damage to farm buildings, fences and live stock is fully \$1,000,000.

Drowned in the Flood.

In eastern Iowa, a terrific downpour of water occurred, doing greatest damage at Dubuque and Durango. At the latter place, the depot was carried by the flood a mile and a half, and Mrs. Clark, station agent, four children, Engineer Griffin, J. Dillon and P. Moss were drowned. The combined fury of wind and water wiped out the family of John Maloney near Postville, numbering six, and near North McGregor fifteen bodies, unrecognizable, were found. Miles of railroad track, several depots and eighteen bridges were swept away. Delaware County escaped with large property damage only.

Passing into Illinois, the first effects were felt at Elgin. Engineer Keough, of the asylum, was killed. The bicycle factory was demolished, loss over \$200,000. A wide farming territory was devastated,

Thayer, Groveland, Austin, Brandon, Seymour and Davisburg. A message from Clarkston late Monday night said that there had been a large loss of life there, and that Davisburg, Clarkston and Springfield had also a large list of killed and injured.

Mount Clemens, in Macomb County, was given a bad scare, and while much property damage was done and a few injured, yet no loss of life resulted. Thirty houses were blown down. The path cut by the cyclone from Oakland and Metamora on the northwest through Thomas, Orion, Goodson, Washington, Disco and the country located between is filled with populous towns and it is feared that many of them have been wiped off the map. It seems that the list of dead and injured would pass 100, and no estimate can be given as to the property damaged.

Storm Was a Twister.

Actual details of the devastation caused by the cyclone were meager, but all of the witnesses agree that the storm was a regular Western twister. Its first appearance at Thomas station was from the southwest in the form of a densely black funnel-shaped cloud, moving with almost incredible swiftness and seeming to take long leaps. It seemed to have the elasticity of a gigantic rubber ball, and would strike the ground, then, leaving a footprint of devastation, bound into the air and travel a mile or more before again touching the earth.



WORK OF THE CYCLONE IN NORWOOD PARK.

Beyond Macomb County the storm was lost somewhere in the Canadas. A terrific hurricane and cloudburst struck Cairo, Ill., at 8:30 o'clock Tuesday morning. The extent of the destruction of property could not be ascertained, but it is known that at least a dozen lives were lost through the capsizing of the steam ferryboat Katherine. The disaster occurred at the mouth of the Ohio river. As speedily as possible relief parties were organized to drag for bodies and rescue the ill-fated passengers and crew from the mad fury of the waves. The captain, en-

in it were piled the chimney and stove and half the furniture. The house was torn to pieces, the boards into splinters. They were scattered so far that no trace can be found save here and there for a mile east pieces of the broken lumber. The trees were stripped of their bark, but left standing. This was a freak of the storm. At places, as this one, it would strip the trees of their leaves and bark, but leave the trunks and branches; at others it would twist them off or uproot them. At the Bailey place the members of the family were blown a considerable distance from the house. The bodies of the victims were found in the fields, where were also found the bodies of a dozen horses, two score of cattle and about 100 hogs, that had occupied the barns and other buildings on the place. Every animal was dead.

What happened at the home of Peter Bolenbaugh, a mile farther west, will never be known exactly. Nobody lives to tell of it. The house was razed so completely that no sign of it can now be



seen. The three inmates were killed instantly.

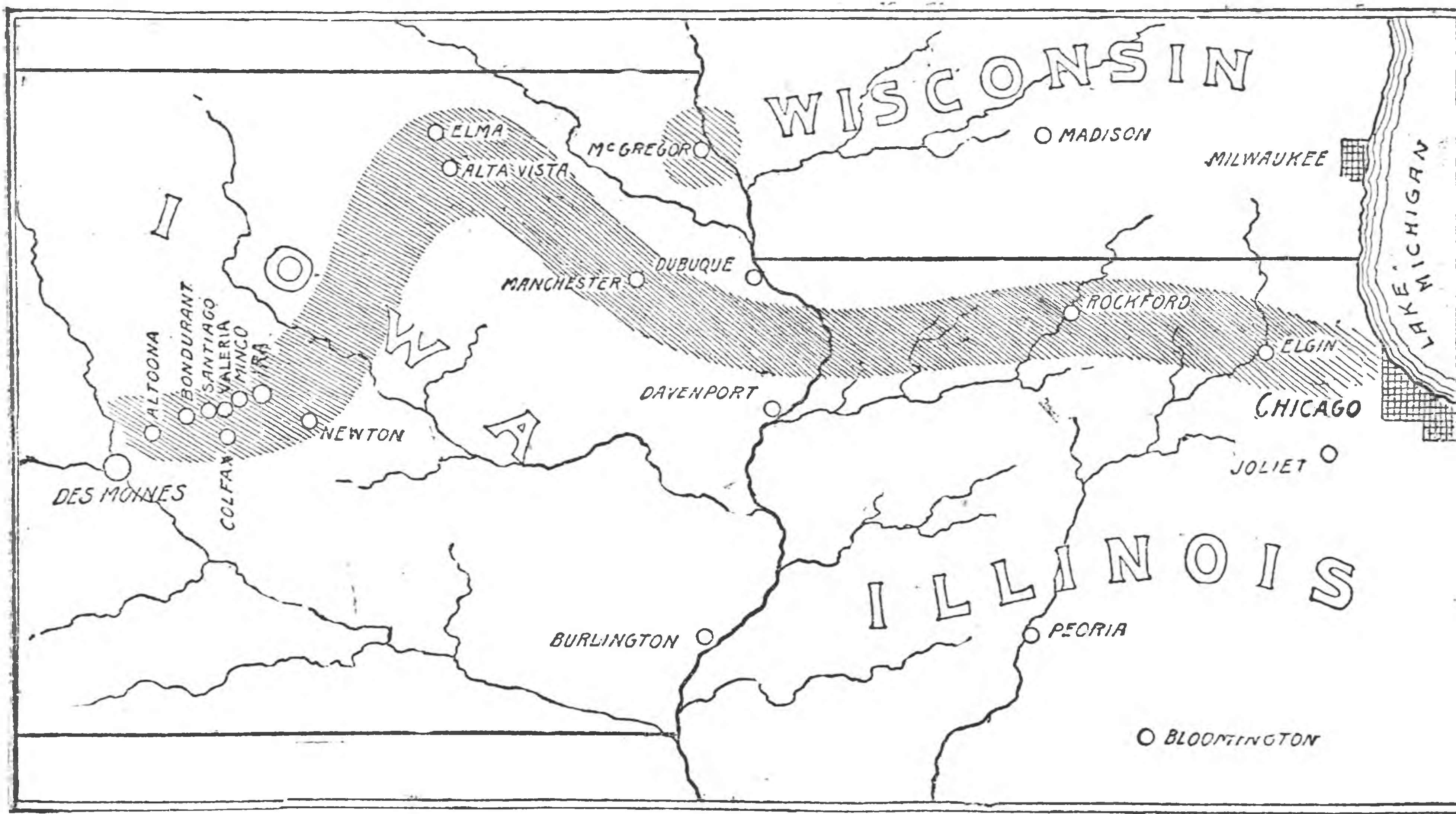
LIST OF THE DEAD.

These Whose Lives Are Known to Have Been Blown Out.

IOWA.

- Valeria—Two children of Douglass Aikens, Miss Monita Dickey, Solomon Dickey, Charles Phalan, Sr., Charles Phalan, Jr., Daniel Phalan, Dennis Phalan, Susie Phalan, Michael Phalan, Mrs. Schell, Mrs. Lucretia Whitney.
- Bondurant—Mrs. John Bailey, Lizzie Bailey, John Bailey, Jr., John Bailey, John Maxwell, Robert Bailey.
- McGregor—Mrs. Morg Burke, William Burke, John Godlet, Michael Hayle, John Lavotch, John Maloney, Mrs. John Maloney, Michael Maloney, Lawrence Meyer, Mrs. Lawrence Meyer, Anton Meyer, four Meyer children, John Nichols.

ROUTE OF THE CYCLONE THROUGH IOWA AND ILLINOIS.



M'GREGOR, WHERE SIXTEEN WERE KILLED, WAS NOT IN THE CYCLONE'S PATH, BUT WAS VISITED BY A CLOUDBURST.

and railroad property suffered greatly. Near Rockford four were killed.

In Chicago and suburban towns, scores of residences were utterly demolished; miles of street paving washed away; hundreds of basements filled with goods flooded, and over two hundred people injured. Strange to say, not a fatality was reported, though the ruin of many dwellings was so instant and complete that escape of many from death seems miraculous. Everything in the path of the storm was leveled. The suburbs suffering most were Norwood Park, Niles, Niles Center, Edison Park, Irving Park and Ravenswood. Churches, trees and dwellings were razed.

One Hundred Die in Michigan.

Leaving Chicago, the next report of damage came from Ortonville, Oakland



MURPHY'S STOCK FARM, EDISON PARK, County, Mich. Seventeen lives were reported lost and a half-hundred persons injured, while the town is practically wiped out of existence. From Ortonville, northeast of Ortonville, word was received that eight had been killed. The villages directly in the line of the storm were

ginger and clerk of the steamer succeeded in keeping afloat until succor reached them and they were brought ashore. All attempts to save the other victims were unavailing.

FIRST WORK OF DESTRUCTION.

Hurricane Came Like a Thief Upon Sleeping Iowa Families.

In the Iowa region, where the storm started, Sunday had been a fearfully hot and sultry day, the air had been oppressive and still and many people had remarked that there was danger of a cyclone. Most of the people were in bed. There was a rain and thunder storm just in advance of the cyclone, and while the wind was whistling through the trees and the rain beating down in sheets suddenly the awful roar that every prairie farmer knows as the dread forerunner of the cyclone would be heard. Another instant and the storm would strike and then all was chaos.

Those who heard it early saved themselves in some cases by getting into their cellars or caves. In other places whole families were killed or terribly injured, and their property destroyed. A typical bit of destruction was at the Bailey home, northwest of Bondurant. In the house were nine persons, four of whom were killed and the rest injured so badly that it is doubtful if any of them recover. Their house was on a high hill, above the surrounding country, and the funnel dipped down to it. Houses, barns, outbuildings and grove were destroyed alike. Two minutes after the storm struck there was no trace of the house save the cellar, and

Durango—Four Clark children, Thomas Griffin, brakeman.

Santiago—Peter Bolenbaugh, Mrs. Peter Bolenbaugh, Theophilus Milburn, orphan child.

ILLINOIS.

Rockford—Mrs. Isora Bird, Mrs. Godfrey Hildebrand, Elsie Hildebrand, Godfrey Hildebrand, daughter of Mrs. Isora Bird.

Elgin—John Kehoe.

Cairo—Captain Rittenhouse, Dr. Orr, Miss Orr, Miss Orr, Richard Thurman, Charles Gilhoffer, seven members of the crew of the Katherine.

MICHIGAN.

Ortonville—Mrs. T. G. Heaton, two Howe children, John Mitty, William Mitchell, Mrs. William Mitchell, two Mitchell children, John Porritt, Abram Quick, two Quick children, Mrs. Henry Quick, Mrs. Scott and son, Daniel Thompson and son.

Oakwood—Mrs. William Davis and child, W. M. Fifield, Charles Laird, Roger Werber, Mrs. Roger Werber and others.

Thomas—Eleven were killed hereabout; names could not be obtained.

Minor Damage of the Storm.

Several houses at Laporte, Ind., were struck by lightning, but the damage was small.

At Fowler, Ind., James McDaniels' barn was fired by lightning. Four valuable horses perished.

Lightning struck the residence of Councilman Jackson and Emory Sweet at Kokomo, Ind., doing much damage. The German Lutheran Church at Kappa was demolished by lightning.

LEVERING IS NAMED.

The "Narrow-Gauge" Prohibitionists Nominate a Ticket.

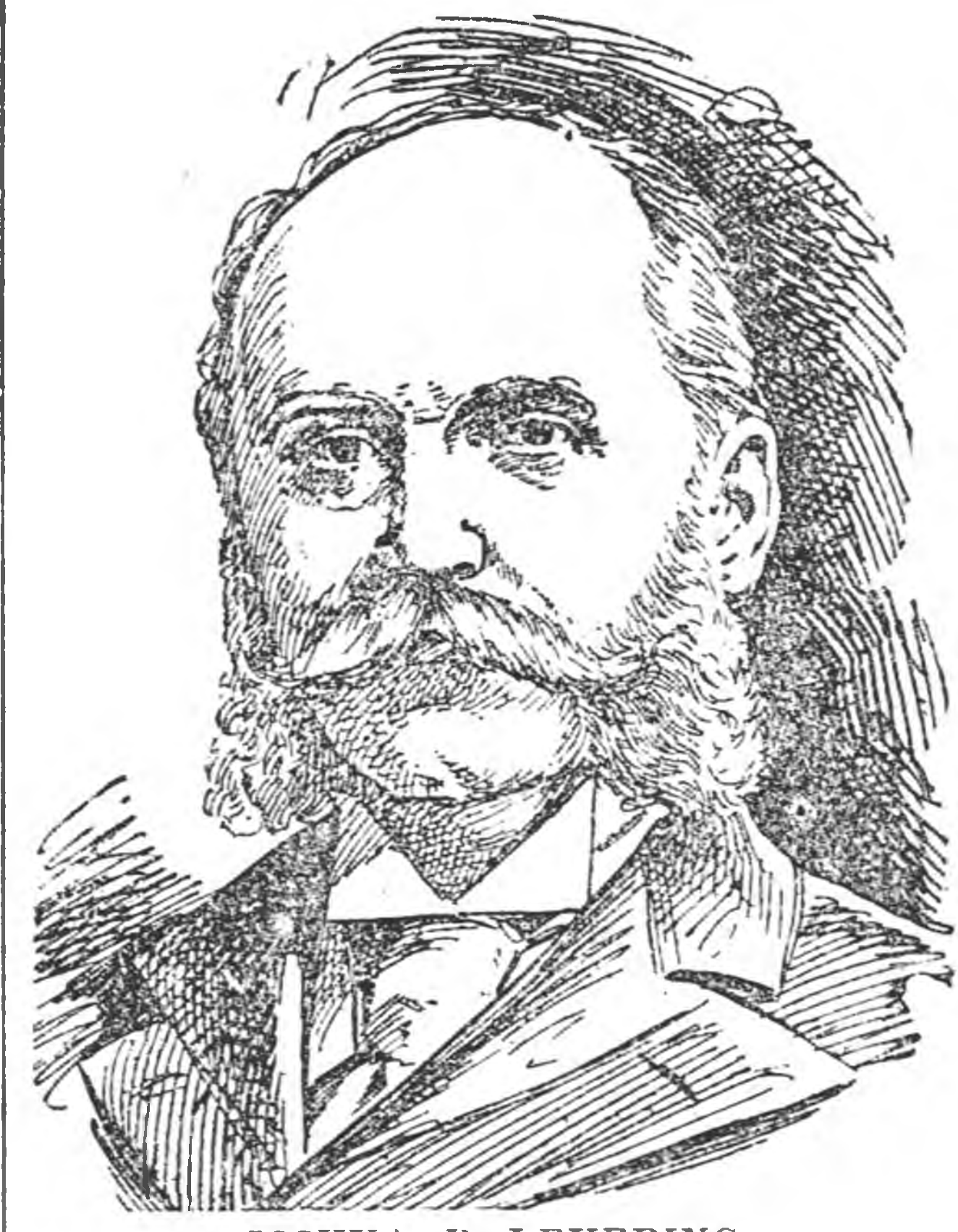
The national prohibition convention at Pittsburg resulted in a split. By a vote of 427 to 387 the narrow gauge members of the party Thursday won their fight to confine the platform to the single issue of hostility to the liquor traffic. The test came on a motion to adopt a free silver plank, which was defeated by a majority of forty. The silver men made good their threat to bolt if they were defeated, and at night met in separate convention. The



CHAIRMAN DICKEY, his running mate.

regular convention nominated Joshua P. Levering, the millionaire coffee merchant of Baltimore, as its choice for President. Hale Johnson, of Illinois, candidate for Governor of that State, was nominated as chairman of the convention.

After the convention had been called to order in the morning a telegram expressing the sympathy of the convention for the sufferers from the St. Louis cyclone was forwarded to the Mayor of St. Louis. A memorial from the national W. C. T. U. convention in Baltimore last year was read and referred to a committee. It reaffirmed allegiance to the prohibition party "as the only political party with the courage to speak out boldly in favor of woman suffrage and the total annihilation of the liquor traffic." The fight of the day then began. Dr. J. K. Funk, of New York, chairman of the committee on platform, reported the platform. Planks denunciatory of the liquor traffic and proposing straightout prohibition, he said, had been unanimously adopted. Another plank, which declared that no citizen should be denied the right to vote on account of sex, he said, had been adopted by only a small majority. Still other planks upon which



JOSHUA P. LEVERING.

there was some division in the committee referred to Sabbath observance, non-sectarian schools, election of President, Vice-President and Senators by popular vote, liberal pensions, immigration, naturalization, labor arbitration and co-operation with other parties favoring these views.

After a motion to adopt the report had been made ex-Governor St. John offered a minority report. He was applauded by the broad gauge delegates, and especially when he read the silver plank. It concluded:

"We demand the full and unlimited coinage of both silver and gold at a ratio of 16 to 1, without consulting any other nation."

Mr. St. John no sooner moved that the minority report be added to that of the majority of the committee than the storm broke in all its fury. Scores of delegates wanted the floor. Motions followed each other in rapid succession. The "narrow" protested and the "broad" urged the adoption of the motion. Mr. Castle, of Pittsburg, moved that it be tabled. The chair called for a viva voce vote. Getting it, he declared the motion to table had carried. Several hundred throats united in one mighty protest and a yell for a division. On the call of the roll 802 votes were cast and the broad-gaugers had a majority of 182.

The silverites had then gained one point, but the great battle was yet to come. The minority report having been added to the other, the platform was taken up for consideration plank by plank. When Mr. St. John's 16 to 1 plank was reached both sides exerted their full strength. The Western silverites fought with bulldog tenacity and hung on until the last vote was taken. When they saw they had lost by forty votes many sulked and said they would secede.

Substitute Adopted.

When the vote was announced, R. H. Patton, of Illinois, jumped in with a substitute platform for the other. Its principal plank declares it but right to leave every prohibitionist the freedom of his own conscience upon political questions other than that of prohibition. It was read and adopted by a rising vote. Mrs. Helen M. Gougar vainly attempted to save the woman suffrage plank. After the substitute had been adopted the afternoon session closed in the wildest confusion.

Only one candidate other than Mr. Levering was named—ex-Gov. Hughes, of Arizona—and his name was afterward withdrawn by request and Mr. Levering's nomination made by acclamation.

A committee escorted the nominee to the platform amid shouts and cheers. During this time the radical silver men left the hall to organize their own convention. In the convention of bolters it was decided to appoint a committee to visit the national Democratic, Republican and Populist conventions and invite all dissatisfied persons to unite with the new party.

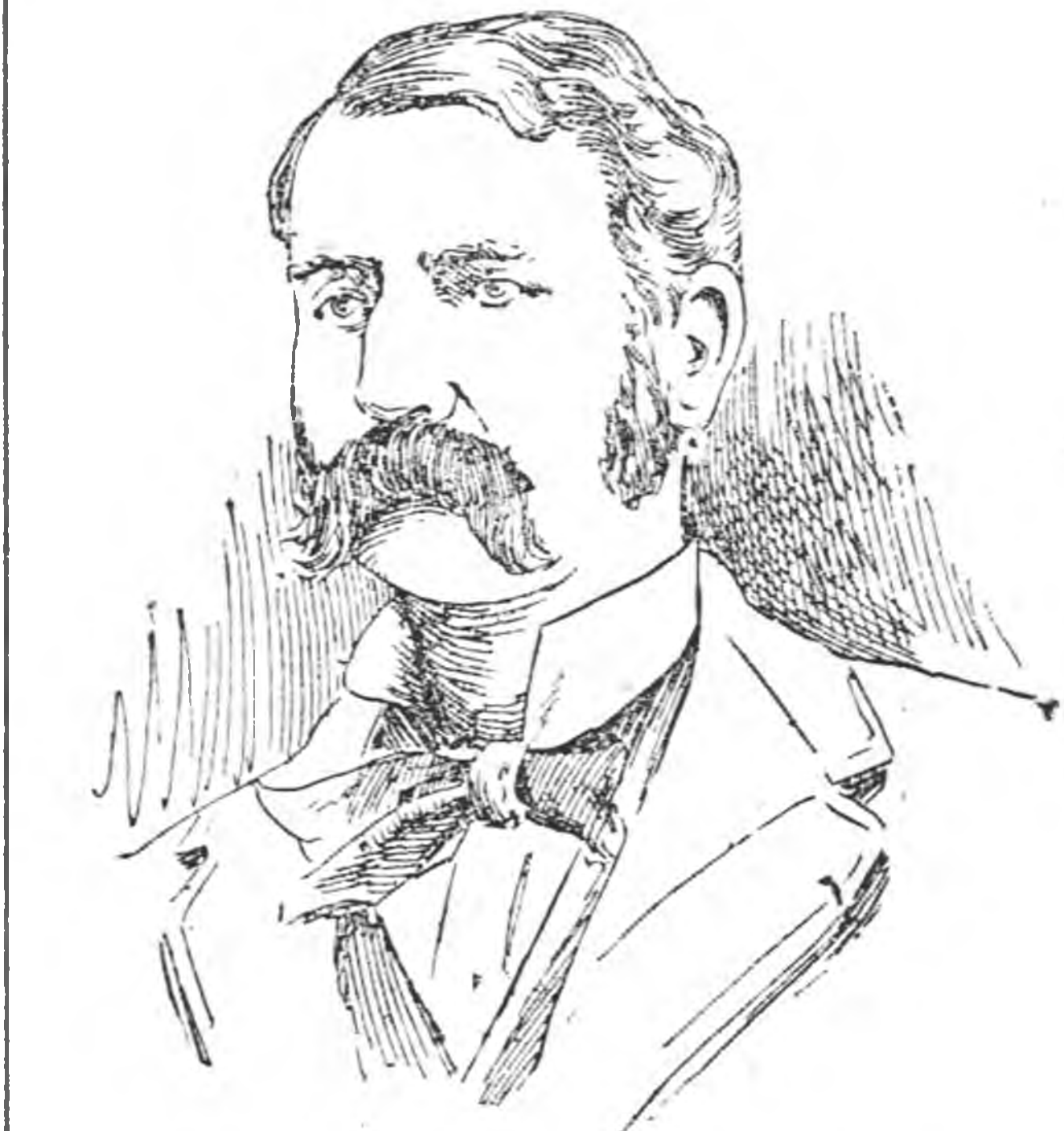
INDIANA INCIDENTS.

RECORD OF EVENTS OF THE PAST WEEK.

Despondent Woman Burns Herself with Oil—Recent Find May Disclose the Fate of the Zetecares Near Panama—Shooting Near Avilla.

Shocking Attempt at Suicide.
At Jeffersonville, Miss Bertha Meyers, 24 years of age, a beautiful Swiss, rendered despondent by her inability to return to her native country and the death of her sister a few days ago, attempted suicide Saturday afternoon. She sent the children out to play in the afternoon, and, going to a summer kitchen, saturated her clothing with coal oil and applied a match. Every vestige of skin was burned from her body and her death was a matter of but a few hours. In endeavoring to save her, her brother-in-law was seriously burned.

H. M. Caylor.



The Noblesville veteran who was honored by his election to the position of commander, Indiana Department, G. A. R.

Body of May Hill Identified.

The body of May D. Hill, the Colonade (New York) Hotel suicide, arrived at Columbus and was identified by the father and other relatives. The body was buried in the family lot, city cemetery. The diamonds she was known to possess were not found among the effects in her trunk. The family believe she was murdered and robbed. The woman left a note asking that her body be cremated, but, standing by the casket, Col. John H. Keith, the dead woman's father, declared: "I'll kill the man who attempts to cremate my daughter's body or disturb it after burial." Judge Hill and wife of Indianapolis, parents of the dead woman's husband, attended the funeral.

Missing Men Probably Slain.

Charles Manning, while digging a cellar under an old log house three miles northeast of Panama, found the skeletons of three human beings. This created much excitement, as about twelve years ago an old man by the name of Thomas Valentine Zetecare and his two sons dwelt there. The old man was wealthy and, being afraid to deposit his gold in the banks, kept it buried. The people seldom went to town. They never went to see their neighbors and they never attended any gatherings. Finally they disappeared. It was supposed they had moved away to parts unknown. The discovery of these human bones leads people to believe the three men were murdered for their money.

Assassin Fires on Brothers.

An attempt to assassinate two young men occurred a few miles south of Avilla Saturday afternoon. Frank and Ulysses Badger, two young farmers, were at work in the woods when some person fired on them from a clump of bushes a few feet away. Frank Badger is shot through the breast, the ball entering from his back, and he will die. His brother has a bullet in the right shoulder and the upper part of the right arm is shattered by a second ball. The exact identity of the would-be murderer is not known, though suspicion points strongly to a man who formerly resided in the vicinity and who has threatened the lives of the boys for some fancied grievance.

All Over the State.

Howard Yocum, of the Alliance, O., Adams Express messenger who stole a \$1,000 money package two years ago and was arrested at Fort Wayne, confessed Wednesday to the officers before he was taken to Ohio, without requisition papers. He had tattoo marks all over his body, which he had reworked by a Chicago artist to prevent identification. Yocum was made to read Beconn and initial letters were worked into beautiful ornamental designs. He also kept his black mustache a faded blonde.

Ed Waren, the supposed slayer of Chas. Badger near Avilla, was taken to Goshen for safe keeping, as the sentiment was so strong against him that it was feared that he would be lynched. Early in the evening the men were seen gathering in groups, and upon hearing this Sheriff Simon hastened his prisoner to the Goshen jail. Ulysses Badger, who was also shot by Waren, cannot recover. When Ulysses fell after being shot he saw Ed Waren running through the woods and after regaining consciousness said that Waren was the assailant.

Several months ago Ollie Coolidge, a respected young lady, left her home in Princeton to join a show company called the "Bloomer Girl." With the company was Charles T. Robinson, whose show name is Charles T. Hart. Ollie and Hart were married at Windsor, Can. When the show season ended they came to Princeton. On the noon train Tuesday came a handsome young woman from Homer, Mich., who claims to be wife No. 1. Her truant husband had in some way heard of her coming and left the town. Wife No. 1 was married to Robinson at Scottsburg, Ind., July 4, 1892. She called on wife No. 2, but the meeting was not a happy one.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR SHERIFF.

David C. Smith, the present incumbent, will be a candidate for re-nomination for the office of Sheriff of Marshall county, subject to the decision of the Republican county convention, June 11, 1896, and respectfully solicits your patronage.

REPRESENTATIVE.

The name of Dr. O. A. Ren is hereby announced as a candidate for Representative, subject to the decision of the Marshall county Republican convention to be held on the 11th day of June, 1896, at Plymouth, Indiana.

FOR TREASURER.

William J. Rankin, the present incumbent, will be a candidate for the office of Treasurer of Marshall county, subject to the decision of the Republican county nominating convention to be held June 11, 1896. Your support is cordially solicited.

FOR RECORDER.

Thomas M. Walker desires to announce himself as a candidate for re-nomination for the office of County Recorder, subject to the Democratic Convention, to be held June 8, 1896.

JUDGE OF CIRCUIT COURT.

I hereby announce to the Democrats of Marshall and Fulton counties, that I am a candidate for re-nomination for Judge of the Circuit Court of the 41st Judicial district of Indiana, subject to the decision of the Democratic Judicial convention.

By A. C. CAPRON.

I hereby announce myself as candidate for County Assessor, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention, to be held at Plymouth June 9th, 1896.

JOHN NOWL.

THE TRIBE OF BEN HURR.

W. A. Keys Deputy Past Chief of the Order of Ben Hurr Is In Our City.

The order of Ben Hurr furnishes life insurance on the level premium plan. No extra assessments. You know just what you have to pay each month, or you may pay quarterly, semi-annual, or annual. Certificate of insurance becomes paid up at the expectancy of life. If you want a good reliable insurance at a small cost join the order of Ben Hurr. The order is only about two years old and now counts its members by the thousands. All claims are paid in full within 30 days of death. Do not forget to protect your loved ones against a calamity that is sure to come.

Special Summer Excursion Rates from all stations on the line of the Nickel Plate Road, Ft. Wayne and east to Linwood Park, Vermillion, Ohio. 110-48w4

For Circuit Judge.

THE HERALD publishes this week the announcement of A. C. Capron as a candidate for the nomination of Judge of Marshall and Fulton counties, subject to the decision of the Democratic District Convention. THE HERALD is an independent paper and takes no part in party politics, but it believes Judge Capron to be eminently qualified in every way to fill the position with credit to himself and satisfaction to the people generally, and so believing it earnestly hopes he may succeed in securing the nomination. During his term now closing, he has made an excellent Judge, and being a most affable and congenial gentleman, laying party aside, he should be continued in the place he has so worthily filled for another term.

The Nickel Plate Road sells Home-seekers' Excursion tickets to the South, June 16th; July 17th and 21st, Aug. 4th and 18th, Sept. 1st and 15th, Oct. 6th and 20th. For detailed information write any agent of the Nickel Plate, or address B. F. Horner, General Passenger Agent, Cleveland, Ohio. 108-48w4

Many people are not aware that printers have a language of their own that is almost unintelligible to the uninitiated. The following gives an idea of the printing office lingo: "Barnabas, put General Washington on the galley and finish that murder you commenced yesterday. Set up the ruins of Herclaneum and distribute the small pox. Lock up Jeff Davis and slide Bob Ingersoll into the hell-box and leave the pi alone until after dinner. Put the lady's form to press and go to the devil and put him to work on Deacon Fogg's article on Eternal Punishment."

MYSTIC SHRINE MEETING AT CLEVELAND

June 23rd and 24th. Tickets are offered for sale via the Nickel Plate Road June 21st and 22nd, at rates lower than all other lines. Inquire of agents. 10648-w2

THE BAY VIEW HOTEL.

This is the season of the year when tourists are looking for comfortable quarters, where they can spend a few months in quiet recreation away from the turmoil of city life. It is becoming generally known that Lake Maxenkuckee is the one desirable spot on earth where there is true unalloyed enjoyment. It is a paramount fact, that the Bay View Hotel is one of the most popular houses upon the shores of the lake. Under the management of Mr. John L. Booth, one of the most popular and accommodating landlords in the state, the house promises to excel all former seasons during the summer of '96. It has been thoroughly renovated, and stands upon the most delightful spot of the east shore. Near this famous hostelry can be found the historical bass grounds, where these beautiful specimens of the finny tribe can be found in countless numbers. The terms are very reasonable at this house, and boats connect with all trains.

An Excellent Idea.

Mr. Editor: To one who has given a specified subject no consideration, a lecture or sermon upon that subject is likely to have but little effect. It is to the man who has given the subject deep study that a sermon leaves a marked impression, and we believe further that the influence of such sermon is measured by the amount of previous study given it. A case in point are our sermons delivered from the pulpit each Sunday. Nothing is known of the subject or text of the sermon until it is launched upon its hearers, and we believe that it thus fails of that degree of influence it might effect were it known and studied beforehand. Then it is that we recommend that our reverend gentlemen make known to their laity the subject of their discourse and where the lesson and text are to be found, a few days at least before such discourses are delivered. Such can be accomplished through THE HERALD, which we believe would gladly lend a helping hand in enlightening its readers. CHURCH-GOER.

Butter, eggs and poultry at market price will be taken in exchange for millinery goods at Mrs. W. F. Eulitt's.

Millinery sold at a big reduction tomorrow (Saturday), May 30th.

Mrs. Ed. EDWARDS,
Vanschoiack's Store.

John Nowl, one of German township's reliable farmers, announces himself in another column as candidate for County Assessor. He is eminently qualified for the position.

The balance of my hay in my barn in Stark county, will be sold at \$10 per ton if purchased and taken away by the 15th of June.

JOHN W. OSBORN, Marmont.

Excursion tickets to Buffalo are on sale via the Nickel Plate Road July 5th and 6th, account the National Educational Association Convention July 7th to 11th.

Burns are absolutely painless when DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is promptly applied. This statement is true. A perfect remedy for skin diseases, chapped hands and lips, and never fails to cure piles. Culver City Drug Store.

The cheapest and best millinery goods for sale at Mrs. Eulitt's.

ATTEND THE GREAT CLEARING SALE

The Model.

Everything Sold Strictly for CASH.

As we do not want you to pay the losses sustained by those who do a

Credit Business..

When you trade with us you receive one hundred cents for every dollar. Nothing in bad debts.

Respectfully,

RYAN & JOSEPH,

Proprietors of the

THE MODEL, PLYMOUTH, IND.

Our Special Clearance Sale begins

Thursday, June 4th.

Watch this Space.

J. C. KUHN & SON, The only One Price Outfitters in the County, 105 Michigan Street, PLYMOUTH, IND.

*** LADIES, ***

We would respectfully call your attention to a brand new lot of waists just received.

- | | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Waists of all sizes. | Waists with white collars and cuffs. |
| Waists in all prices. | Waists with detachable collars and cuffs. |
| Waists made of Percales. | Waists with attachable collars and cuffs. |
| Waists made of Organdies. | Waists at all prices. |
| Waists made of Dimities. | |

Commencing at 25c. and 48c. up to \$2.00. Waists that are beauties. Waists that you are sure to admire and buy at first sight. Call at our store and see them.

Kloepfer's New York Store,

Plymouth, Indiana.

We are going to move in-
to the new
K. of P. Build.
ing about
JUNE FIRST.
and will make a big inducement to reduce our stock of goods. Be sure to call and get prices. **PORTER & Co.**

IF YOU THINK THAT TALK IS CHEAP,

You can quickly undeceive yourself by having a ten minutes business conversation with a good lawyer. Then Pay for it. Newspaper Talk is costly, yet we state facts briefly and let the goods inspire the customer, when he sees the bargains we offer.

This week we offer for you **G. A. R. MEN**

100 Slater Flannel G. A. R. Suits Guaranteed Fast Colors and all wool. 2 sets of Buttons, and fine silk suspenders all at \$7.49.

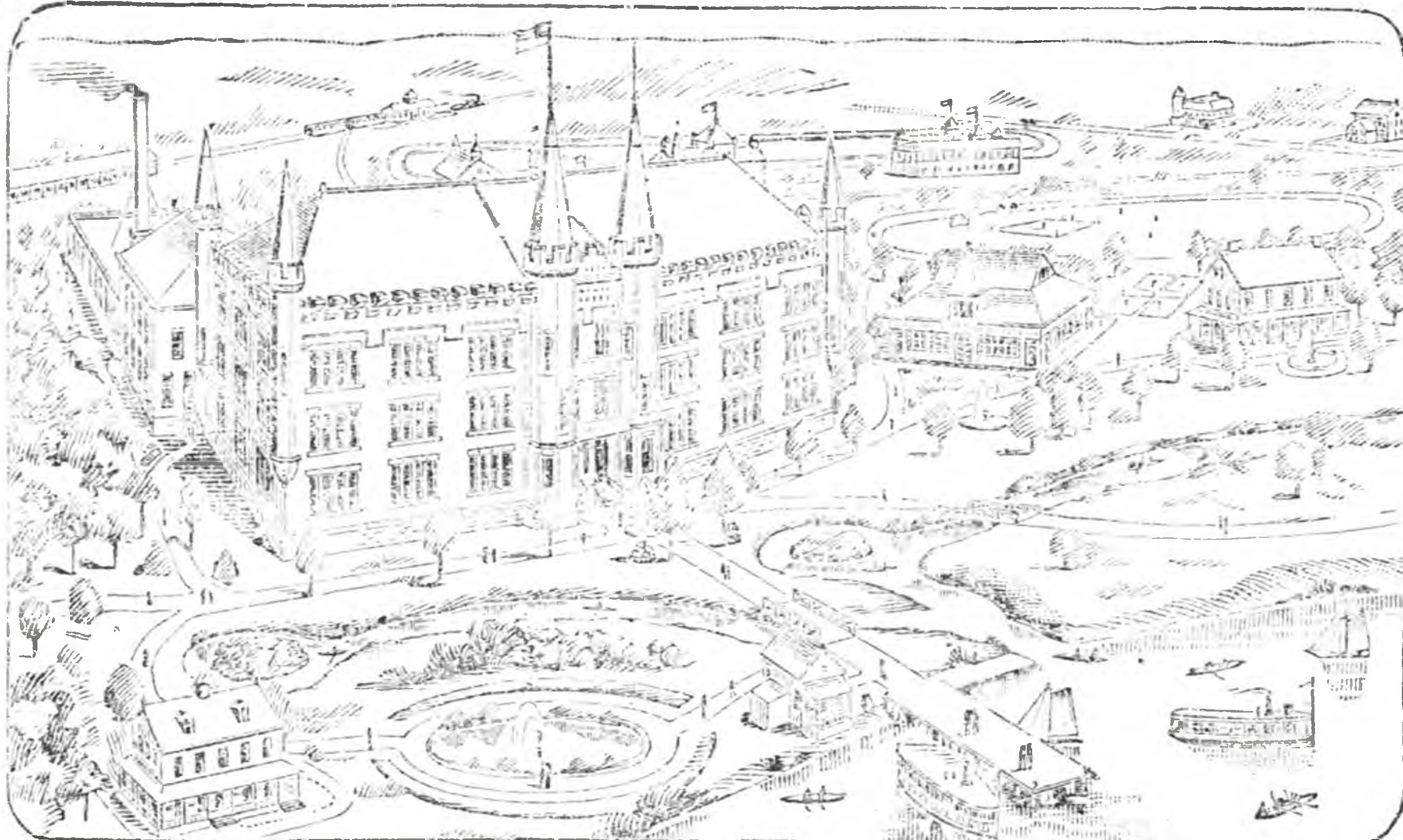
50 Mens' Wachusetts Flannel G. A. R. Suits, \$4.79. Remember that it pays to trade with

M. LAUER & SON,

PLYMOUTH'S ONE-PRICE CLOTHIERS.

"Clothing That Makes Friends."

CULVER MILITARY ACADEMY



is situated on Lake Maxenkuckee, Indiana, in a beautiful park of 80 acres, containing campus, fine course for cavalry practice, track for bicycle and sprinting races, lawn tennis and base ball grounds, gymnasium, (70x80 feet), six flowing artesian wells, etc. The lake is one of the most beautiful in the United States, covers an area of about 12 square miles, is wholly fed by springs, has a beautiful gently sloping beach, and is a most pleasant and popular summer resort, affording opportunity for all kinds of aquatic sports. The Academy and Dormitory building is complete in every particular, entirely new ABSOLUTELY FIRE PROOF, finished in hard wood, heated by steam lighted by electricity, has hot and cold water baths, lavatories, and all toilet conveniences. The course of study prepares cadets for college, scientific schools, business, West Point or Annapolis. The Academy is under the supervision of a West Point graduate and ex-army officer of large experience in teaching, who will have direct control of the discipline of the cadets.

or further information and catalogue address: Culver Military Academy, Marmont, Ind.

GULVER CITY HARNESS STORE.

A good stock to select from. Heavy and Light HARNESS, NETS, HARNESS OIL AND AXLE GREASE.	Is the place to get your Harness Goods Live and Let Live, is my principles.	DUSTERS, HAMMOCKS, SWEAT PADS, BRUSHES, COMBS, TRUNKS, SATCHELS, WHIPS, LASHES, ETC.
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Thanking you for your liberal patronage and desiring a continuance of the same. Goods as represented.

HAYDEN REA.



LOOK! STOP! READ!

Lots for sale.
Lots for the rich.
Lots for the poor.
Lots for the tall.
Lots for the small.
Lots for you and for you all.
Lots in the city of Chicago.
Lots in the city of Plymouth.
Lots in Culver City.
Lots of every size.
Lots of Real Estate for Sale,
By J. A. MOLTER, Plymouth.

HOME GOSSIP.

Strangers are numerous in town this week.

Mrs. Jacob Snyder was visiting friends in Argos Monday.

Farmers are exceedingly busy cultivating corn at present.

Thos. Medbourn has given his residence a new coat of paint.

J. N. South and J. E. Myers transacted business at Peru, Ind. this week.

R. Kruezeberger, of Logansport, transacted business in Culver City Tuesday.

We understand that the Lake View hotel will be opened about the 15th inst.

Mr. Booth, of the Bay View Hotel, made a business visit to Indianapolis Tuesday.

The Republican congressional convention will be held at North Judson next Tuesday.

H. J. Meredith made Warsaw a visit this week. He went and returned upon his cycle.

Homeseekers excursion to the west on June 9th and 23rd via the Nickel Plate Road. Ask Agents. 107-48w3

Henry Zechiel had the frame to his new barn raised Wednesday. When finished it will be a "dandy."

Mrs. Thomas Slattery left for Chicago, Thursday afternoon, where she will visit with friends for several days.

Dr. Wiseman attended the K. of P. convention at Indianapolis this week as a delegate from his home lodge.

FOR SALE.—A male Jersey ox, over a year old. For particulars apply to Michael Baker, one and a half miles south of Hibbard.

Ask agents of the Nickel Plate Road about Sunday Excursions. Tickets are on sale every Sunday at one fare for the round trip. 48-109w4

Henry Kleis, one of the best known expert bartenders of Indianapolis, has been engaged by Wm. Knoeble, and will be found at Kreuzberger Park saloon hereafter.

After a struggle of several hours, the jury in the Swoverland-Stewart case, disagreed, there being eleven for acquittal and one for conviction. It is thought that the case will be dismissed.

Miss Myrtle Nearpass, who has been visiting Miss Daisy Watson at Terre Haute, the past six weeks, returned home Monday evening. Mrs. Watson has been very sick, but is somewhat better.

Low Rate Excursion tickets are on sale June 12th, 13th, 14th and 15th via the Nickel Plate Road to St. Louis, to the Republican Convention at St. Louis, June 16th. 104

W. B. Shaffer, a man who has gained an enviable reputation as a baker in Argos, was in our city Thursday. He is here making arrangements to deliver bread, pies, cakes, cookies, etc., to citizens of this place and around the lake this summer.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.—Owing to health failing me, I wish to retire from business, and offer my entire stock of goods, or any department of same, for sale or exchange. For further information, call on or address, E. M. GEORGE, Marmont, Ind.

The county commissioners granted the following saloon licenses last Monday: L. G. Capron, Peter Ulrich, Michael Speisshoffer, L. R. Scher, Geo. H. Krueyer, Plymouth; Ferrard & Herrman, Wm. Knoeble, Marmont; Franklin Walter, Bremen; Joseph P. Miller, Argos; Edward C. Wright, Inwood; Ira Kreighbaum, Muncie City.

Next Saturday, the new Arlington hotel at Long Point will be opened. Contractor Walter has accomplished wonderful quick work in constructing this magnificent hotel, being actually five weeks and four days in completing the house, which is 63x66, and contains about forty rooms, with a fine veranda 16x93.

The house is handsomely furnished, and has all the European and American plans of improvements.

Church Notes.

The Epworth League convenes at the M. E. church on Wednesday evening at 8 p. m.

Prayer meeting at the M. E. church on Thursday evening at 8 o'clock p. m.

The Ladies' Aid Society meets on Wednesday afternoon. Mrs. W. G. Howard is hostess.

The Christian Chautauqua Reading Circle convenes on Friday evening at 8 p. m. Miss Lulu Carl is hostess.

The teachers of the Reformed and M. E. Sabbath schools will meet at the M. E. church on Friday evening to discuss the Sunday school lesson for the coming Sunday.

Children's Day exercises will be held at the Reformed church next Sunday evening at 8 p. m.

Rev. Barber will preach at the Reformed church next Sunday morning immediately after Sabbath school.

Christian Endeavor meets at the Reformed church on Saturday evenings at 8 p. m.

Junior Christian Endeavor convenes at the Reformed church on Sunday evenings at 4 p. m.

The Young Peoples' Society of the Reformed church will give a literary entertainment on the evening of July 3d. Program and other particulars will be published in a later issue.

The Junior Epworth League convenes at the M. E. church at 3 p. m. on Sundays.

Zion Items.

Mrs. Eabing visited at Dayton, Ohio, this week.

J. H. Zechiel made a business trip to Plymouth Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Krieger called on Mrs. Stotts Sunday afternoon.

Remember the children's services at Zion next Sunday at 2:30 p. m.

Mr. and Mrs. Jake Snyder, of Culver City, called on Mrs. Stotts Sunday.

Miss Emma Jones has returned to Terre Haute after a month's visit with her parents and many friends.

The Ladies' Missionary Society of Zion church have purchased a new carpet for the church.

Miss Ella Zechiel, of near Leiter's Ford, is visiting relatives in this neighborhood this week.

L. C. Zechiel attended General Synod of the Reformed church at Dayton, Ohio, this week.

Miss Minnie Stotts started for North Dakota last Tuesday. Her host of friends were sorry to see her go away.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Zechiel and Miss Augusta Zechiel visited South Bend over Sunday with their daughters. Mrs. Lizzie Scates and Miss Matilda Zechiel.

EXCURSION TICKETS TO DENVER, COLO.

are on sale June 12 and 13th via the Nickel Plate Road, account J. O. U. A. M. National Council, June 16 to 20th. 103-w1

Burr Oak.

Mrs. D. Paddock is reported quite ill.

Messrs. Harvey and Jerry Overmyer visited their father here Sunday.

Friend & Aley will soon be ready to furnish beef of all kinds in Burr Oak.

Mr. Ira Paddock and family have returned home for a few weeks' visit.

Miss Viola Sissel was at Sunday school with her friends, the Misses Baker.

Mr. Thos. Garver called on his brother near Richland Center last Sunday.

Mr. Austin Druichermiller and family spent Sunday with his wife's mother.

Baptismal ceremonies were performed at the river last Sunday. Three applicants were immersed.

Social announced last week has been postponed until next Saturday eve, at the residence of Dr. Loring in Burr Oak. Come all.

PHOTOGRAPHERS' EXCURSION TO CHAUTAUQUA LAKE.

On account of the Annual Convention of Photographers' Association of America to be held at Celeron, N. Y., at Chautauqua Lake, June 20th to 30th, the Nickel Plate Road will sell excursion tickets at one fare for round trip. 105-48w2

Talk is Cheap,

but it takes facts to convince people nowadays that we mean what we say,

CLOTHING IS CHEAP!

no cheaper in quality, but an awful sight cheaper in price at my store than anywhere else. Come over and I will convince you that I am NOT talking to hear myself talk. Yours for bargains.

GUS REIS.

Knex, Ind.

We Are Bound to Lead!

and by Honest Methods and Low Prices we will maintain our position as the largest dealers in Clothing in Marshall County. Our lines of

Mens, Boys' & Children's Clothing

in fine and medium grades is absolutely the most varied and comprehensive to be found in many miles around. We are out for trade, and propose to get it, and with this in view have marked exceptionally low prices on each garment. All our garments are carefully made, perfect in fit, very stylish, and give the utmost satisfaction in service. And in addition to the Clothing Line we carry an excellent

Line of GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

No other store can show you a better line. Especially is this true of the

Underwear Department,

which is by all odds much greater than ever.

Mens' Brown Balbriggan Underwear, 70c. per suit.
Mens' Colored Balbriggan Underwear, extra value, 90c. per suit.
Mens' Gosumer Balbriggan Underwear, rare value, \$1.00 per suit.
Mens' Silky Egyptian Fibre Underwear, the best in town, \$1.50 per suit

Money refunded on all unsatisfactory purchases.

BALL & CARABIN,

Plymouth, - Indiana.

HELLO! Look here Everybody, you will be surprised when you call and see

the New Stock Of

Jewelry, Pianos, Organs and Sewing Machines, also a Line of Buggies, as well as a full Line of Small Instruments.

In the New Brick Building South of the River on Michigan Street, PLYMOUTH, IND. Low prices for the next thirty days. Come and examine for yourselves. Terms to satisfy everybody. LILLYBRIDGE & EDINGER.

READ! READ!

When in Rutland call at

CAVENDER'S

and see his stock of

Fresh Groceries.

Everything in the

Grocery and Dry Goods

line sold at

Hard Pan Prices.

We mean business.

S. CAVENDER,

Rutland, Ind

We might tell you more about One Minute Cough Cure, but you probably know that it cures a cough. Every one does who has used it. It is a perfect remedy for coughs, colds, hoarseness. It is an especial favorite for children, being pleasant to take and quick in curing. Culver City Drug Store.

A little ill then a little pill. The ill is gone the pill has won. DeWitt's Little Early Risers the little pills that cures great ills. Culver City Drug Store

If suffering with piles, it will interest you to know that DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve will cure them. This medicine is a specific for all complaints of this character, and if instructions (which are simple) are carried out, a cure will result. We have tested this in numerous cases, and always with like results. It never fails. CULVER CITY DRUG STORE.

Busy people have no time and sensible people have no inclination to use a slow remedy. One Minute Cough Cure acts promptly and gives permanent results. CULVER CITY DRUG STORE.

Remember that Prof. Leitsch will tune and repair your organs and pianos, and warrants his work. Call upon him at W. S. Easterday's store.

One Minute Cough Cure is rightly named. It affords instant relief from suffering when afflicted with a severe cough or cold. It acts on the throat, bronchial tubes, and lungs and never fails to give immediate relief. CULVER CITY DRUG STORE

Take a dose of DeWitt's Little Early Risers just for the good they will do you. These little Pills are good for indigestion, good for headache, good for liver complaint, good for constipation. They are good. Culver City Drug Store

DROP IN.

SATURDAY, JUNE 6

and see our line of

LADIES Fine Shoes.

We think we carry one of the best selected stock of Shoes in the county. We make this branch of our business a special study. Our shoes are sold at so small a profit that a good shoe is placed within the reach of all.

E. B. VANSCHOIACK.

CYCLONE KILLS FIVE HUNDRED

Missouri's Largest City and Its Illinois Consort Meet Terrible Calamity.



ST. LOUIS IN RUINS.

Huge Buildings in the City's Heart Destroyed.

DEATH ON THE RIVER.

Excursion Steamers Are Blown Bottom Side Up.

Human Beings Swept to Instant Doom Steamers Are Sunk, Buildings Blown Down, and Railroad Trains Overturned—Loss of Life Rivals That of the Johnstown Disaster—Principal Buildings in East St. Louis Destroyed—Fire Adds Its Horrors—Millions of Dollars' Property Damage.

The city of St. Louis, torn and devastated by a cyclone, flooded by torrents of rain and in many places attacked by fires, was Wednesday night the scene of such a carnival of death and destruction as has seldom been equaled in America. Owing to the frightful havoc of the storm cutting off almost every line of communication with the stricken city, but little information could be had, and that of a very vague nature. It is estimated that as many as 500 lives were lost, while the damage to property is incalculable. Scarcely a building in the city but has been in some way or another damaged by the tornado.

Ruin and desolation are upon St. Louis. For the first time in the history of a metropolis the terrors of a cyclone have come upon its avenues and boulevards, ravaged the business streets and brought death to hundreds. St. Louis, with its 700,000 people, passed through in one brief half-hour Wednesday night an experience paralleled only by the horrors of the Johnstown flood. Cyclone, flood and fire. This triple alliance wrought the dreadful havoc.

The grand stand at the race track was blown down, killing 150. The east



THE GREAT CUPPLES BLOCK.

end of the great Eads bridge was destroyed and it is reported that an Alton train went into the river. Steamers on the river were sunk with all on board. A station of the Vandalia in East St. Louis was destroyed, and it is reported thirty-five lives were lost. The roof of the Republican convention hall at St. Louis was taken off. The two top stories of the Planters' Hotel are gone. The Western Union and many other buildings are wrecked. The city was left in darkness. Fires broke out and threatened to destroy what the wind spared, but rain finally checked the flames. At Drake, Ill., a school house is said to have been demolished and eighty pupils killed. Telegraph wires were down and it is difficult to secure information. Heavy damage to life and property is reported from other localities.

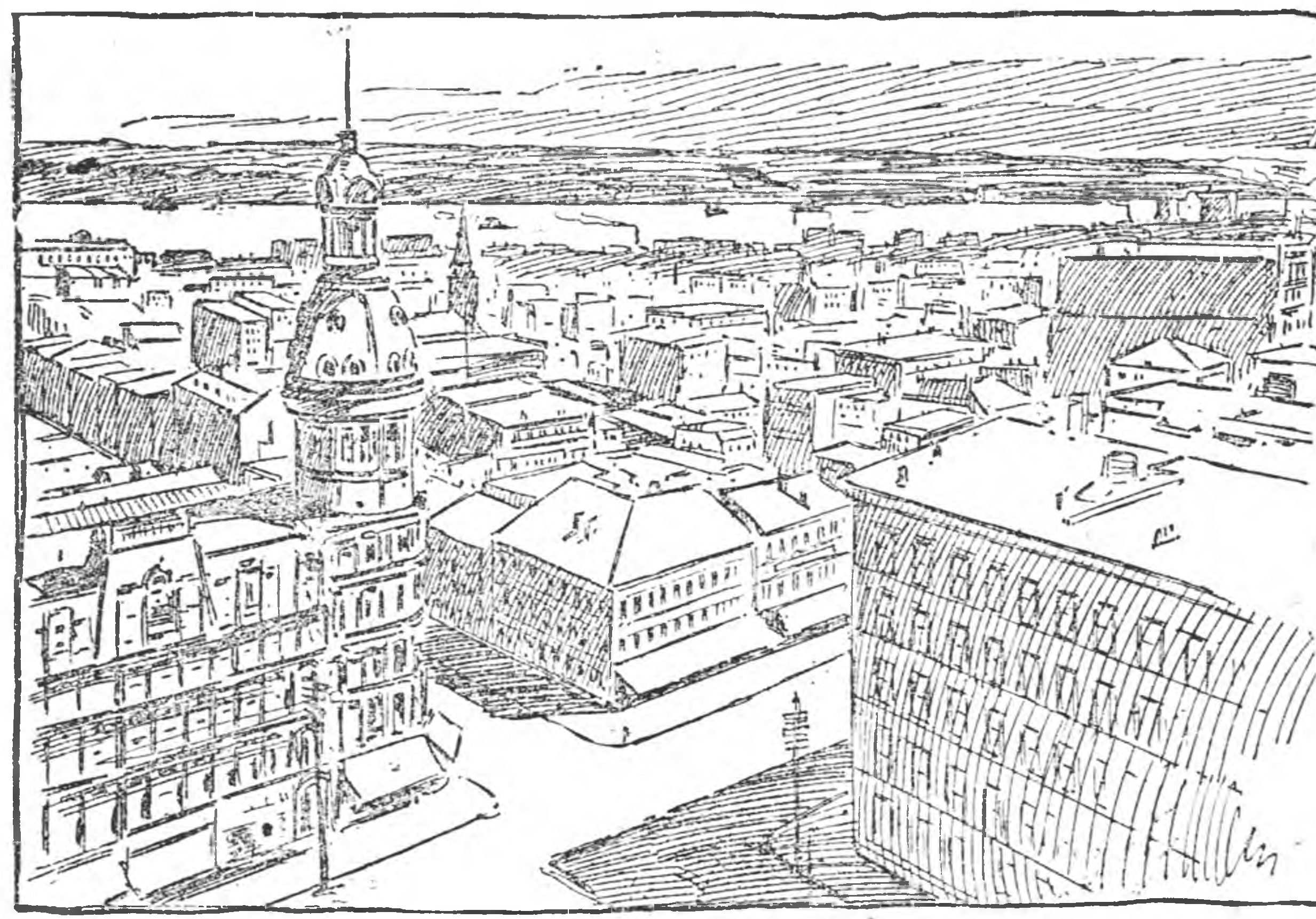
After the wind and rain had done their work, fire added much to the storm's loss account. Down wires, wild currents of electricity, crushed buildings, all contributed to this element of destruction. The alarm system was paralyzed. Approaches were blocked; a \$200,000 conflagration on the St. Louis side was supplemented by a dozen lesser fires. In East St. Louis a mill was burned and two other considerable losses were sustained. To the enormous total the fires added at least \$500,000.

Trail of Ruin Through the City.

From where the storm entered St. Louis, out in the southwestern suburbs, to where it left, somewhere near the Eads bridge, there is a wide path of ruins. Factory after factory went down, and piles of bricks and timber mark the spots on which they stood. Dwellings were picked up and thrown in every direction. Business houses were flattened. There was no chance for the escape of the occupants.

The ruins covered bruised and mangled bodies that will not be recovered until a systematic search is made. Thousands of families in South St. Louis are homeless, practically, and the temporary hospitals shelter scores and hundreds.

At the time the storm broke the streets were thronged with crowds of people returning from their work. Among these the sudden fall of almost inky darkness penetrated almost momentarily by flashes of vivid lightning, the ominous rattle and rumble of the thunder, the torrents of stinging rain and the raging and howling of the mad tornado created a panic that made the streets of the city resemble the corridors of a madhouse. Chimneys, cornices, signs, everything that came in the wind's way, were swept away and dashed among the frenzied people. Pedestrians were themselves caught by the wind and buffeted against the walls of buildings or thrown from their feet like mere playthings. Overhead electric wires were torn from their fastenings and their deadly coils, with their hissing blue flames, joined in the destruction of life and property. People were killed by the score and the city hospital, which fortunately escaped serious damage by the storm, was soon crowded to the doors with wounded and dying. Long before the tornado had spent itself many of the



VIEW OF ST. LOUIS, OVERLOOKING THE DEVASTATED DISTRICT.

downtown streets of the city were impassable with the wreckage of shattered buildings and the strands of broken electric wire which were sputtering and blazing everywhere and had it not been for the floods of rain the tornado might have been but the prelude to the destruction of the entire city by fire.

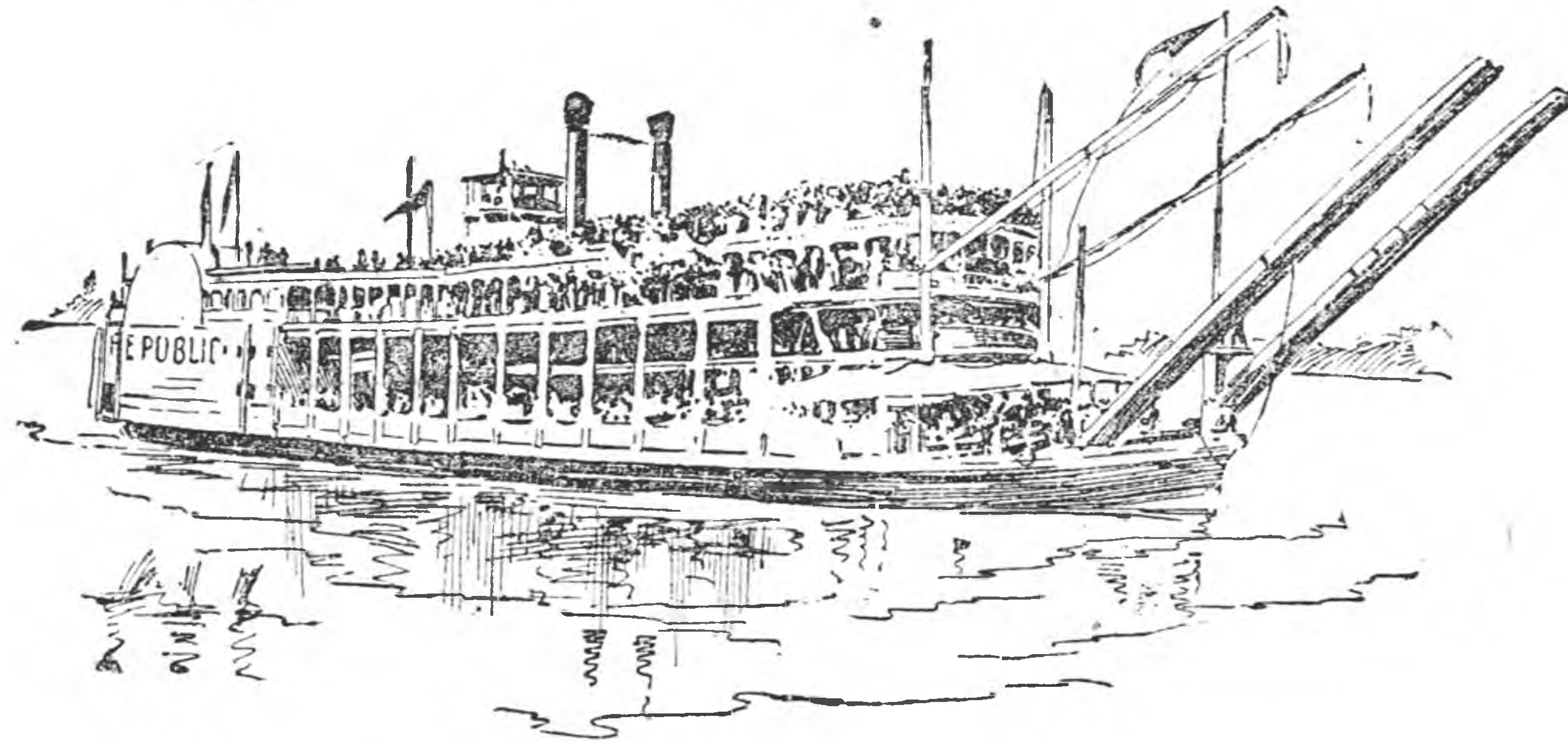
On the river the destruction was even more complete than on land. Only one steamer out of all the fleet that crowded the levee remained above the surface of the Mississippi. The others fell easy prey to the fury of the tempest and quickly sank, in many cases carrying down with them all on board. The Great Republic, one of the largest steamers on the river, was sunk along with others.

Death List Is Appalling.

Ten millions of damage to property and five hundred persons killed and a thousand injured, is what has been accomplished. East St. Louis is as badly damaged as St. Louis. Half a dozen small towns close to St. Louis, in Missouri, and at least two villages in southwestern Illinois are gone. There has been loss of life in each of these communities. What seemed to be three distinct and separate cyclones struck the city at 15 minutes past 5 o'clock in the afternoon. They came from the northwest, the west and the southwest.

When they reached the Mississippi river they had become one, which descended upon East St. Louis and from thence passed on toward Alton. The day was an oppressive one in the city. There was no wind and the people suffered from the heat. About 4 o'clock in the afternoon the entire western horizon was banked with clouds. These were piled one upon the other, with curling edges, yellow in tinge. A light wind sprang up and a sudden darkness came upon the city. This darkness increased until the storm broke. The descent of the storm was so sudden the fleeing women and children were caught in the streets and hurled to destruction or buried under falling walls.

Before the mass of clouds in the west, hanging over the villages of Clayton, Fern Ridge, Eden and Central, gave vent



STEAMER REPUBLIC SUNK BY THE CYCLONE.

to their frightful contents funnels shot out from them. Some of these seemed to be projected into the air, others leaped to the earth, twisting and turning. Lightning played about them and there was a marvelous electrical display. Then came the outburst. Three of the funnels approached St. Louis with a wind that was

traveling at the rate of eighty miles an hour.

From them and the clouds above, a strange, cracking sound came. This filled the air and at times was stronger than the incessant peals of thunder. The funnels enveloped the western side of the city, and in thirty minutes were wreaking destruction in the business heart. Men and women, horses, all kind of fowl in the open, were picked up and carried hundreds of feet in every direction.

So irresistible was the cyclone and so much greater in magnitude than any the country has ever previously known of, that some of the staunchest business blocks went down before it. Structures, the pride of merchants and architecturally famous from New York to San Francisco, were

pots were piled on top of each other. Long lines of box cars loaded with valuable freight were turned upside down. The telegraph offices were destroyed and miles of wire blown down.

There was a short time after the storm when St. Louis could not communicate with the outside world. Nor could her own citizens communicate with each other by any electrical means. Such a confusion and ruin in a large city was never witnessed since the Chicago fire.

Breaking at the hour it did, and the night following, the work of rescue and relief was very slow. The firemen and police were immediately made aids to the surgeons and physicians of the city. Many people were buried under the ruins of their homes or places of business. The



THE GREAT EADS BRIDGE OVER THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER.

like tinder boxes when the wind was at its height. The massive stone fronts caved in.

Iron beams were torn from their fastenings and carried blocks away, as if they had been feathers. Roofs, braced and held to their positions by every device known to the best builders of any day, were torn off as if held only by threads. Telegraph poles fell in long rows, not coming down one by one, but in groups of a dozen or more at a time. A railroad train on the Eads bridge, one of the express trains of the Alton, known as No. 21, was blown over and the passengers piled up in a heap of injured.

electric lights being out, searching parties in the ruin strewn streets could not go ahead. They simply had to wait for the dawn.

RECALLS THE JOHNSTOWN FLOOD

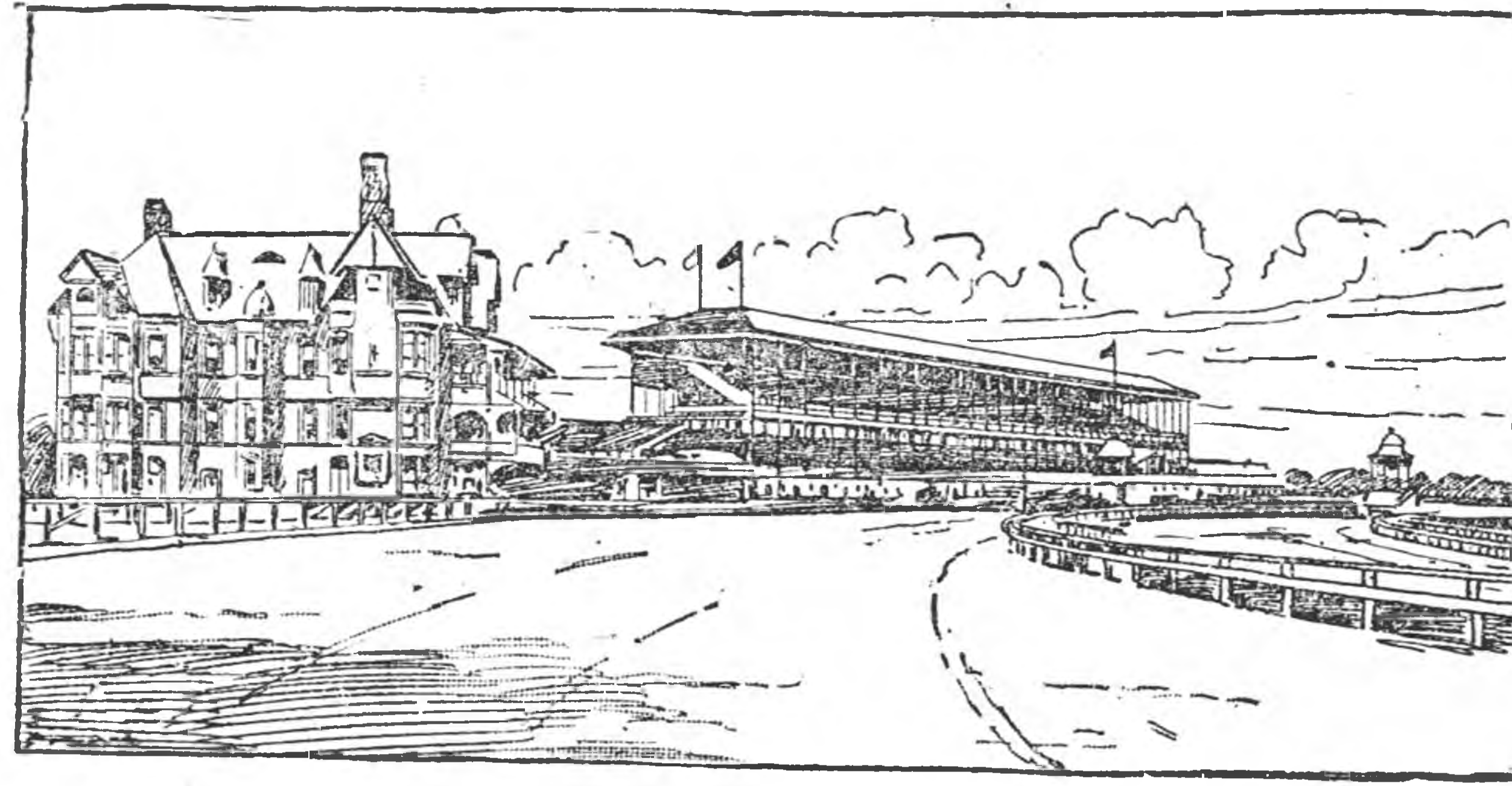
Story of the Disaster that Visited the Pennsylvania Towns.

The catastrophe which has befallen St. Louis was within a few days of the seventh anniversary of the awful calamity visited upon Johnstown, Pa., and adjoining towns May 31, 1889, in which many lives were lost and millions of dollars' worth of property destroyed by the floods that raged along the Conemaugh river, bursting a reservoir covering a square mile located just above Johnstown. For weeks heavy rains had fallen in the mountains, and the resultant freshet wrought ruin and death that appalled the country. While towns were washed away, bridges destroyed and industries forced to suspend. Hundreds of people clung to their floating homes, which were swept onward upon a volume of water unprecedented in modern history. Many people were rescued from their perilous positions in the upper stories of their homes.

The Cambria iron works were destroyed and 2,000 men were thrown out of employment. Five large bridges were swept away. Cars and lumber floated upon the mad torrent. All trains on the Pennsylvania and Baltimore and Ohio railroads were abandoned. Men, women and children were panic stricken. The fatality list exceeded 1,200. The water reached a depth of fifty feet, and it required prompt, persistent and heroic action to rescue the inmates of a valley in which death rode through upon a wave of merciless water.

The rain descended in torrents for seventy-two hours. Hundreds of dead bodies floated upon the bosom of the river for a distance of fifteen miles from the scene of the disaster. Wires were down and all telegraphic communication temporarily cut off. Colleries in the vicinity were forced to suspend. The damage extended to the properties of the Lehigh Valley and Reading railroads.

The German clergy, Protestant and Catholic, are thoroughly aroused in consequence of Emperor William's telegram to Geheirath Hinzpeter, regarding Dr.



CLUBHOUSE, GRAND STAND AND RACE TRACK, ST. LOUIS FAIR GROUND

most of which had a great many women on board. Houses were blown into the river, and at one time during the worst of the blow a section of the river was scooped out and the muddy bottom shown. The water was carried blocks away as though it were a solid. Not while within the city limits did the funnels rise and fall from the ground, as is usually the case in cyclones in small places. There was no rebounding. Consequently whatever was in the path of the wind was either destroyed or badly injured.

And this destruction was done in thirty minutes.

The bells of the city were pealing 6

Stoecker, the ex-court chaplain, which said: "The clergy must not meddle with politics, because it is no concern of theirs."

NEW PROFESSOR AT ANN ARBOR

Six Hundred Women to Benefit by Dr. Eliza M. Mosher's Experience.

Dr. Eliza M. Mosher, of Brooklyn, who comes to Ann Arbor as associate dean of the department of literature and arts and professor of hygiene, is now on her way to Europe to study the colleges for women in connection with Oxford and Cambridge. The dean of the department for many years was a Martin L. D'Ooge, but the place Dr. Mosher is ELIZA M. MOSHER, to fill is a new one. Her duties will bring her into almost personal relations with the 600 young women in the university, and to each of them she will be guide, philosopher and friend. Dr. Mosher will be the first woman professor in the university, and her post will be one of great distinction and responsibility. She leaves a very lucrative practice in Brooklyn to accept the offer of the University of Michigan.



The Pintsch gas department of the Indianapolis Gas Company at Indianapolis, Ind., burst into flame while Alfred H. Somerville was preparing gas with which passenger coaches are charged for lighting purposes, and before he could be rescued he was burned from head to foot. His death is certain. Somerville is a noted athlete.

MIGHTY CITY SHAKEN

HEART OF ST. LOUIS ALMOST RAZED.

One Thousand Human Beings Believed to Have Been Killed Almost Without a Moment's Warning—Millions of Dollars Property Damage Done.

Rivals the Johnstown Horror.

Ruin and desolation are upon St. Louis. For the first time in the history of a metropolis the terrors of a cyclone have come upon its avenues and boulevards, ravaged the business streets and brought death to hundreds. St. Louis, with its 700,000 people, passed through in one brief half-hour Wednesday night an experience paralleled only by the horrors of the Johnstown flood. Cyclone, flood and fire. This triple alliance wrought the dreadful havoc.

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Ten millions of damage to property and five hundred persons killed and a thousand injured, is what has been accomplished. East St. Louis is as badly damaged as St. Louis. Half a dozen small towns close to St. Louis, in Missouri, and at least two villages in southwestern Illinois are gone. There has been loss of life in each of these communities. What seemed to be three distinct and separate cyclones struck the city at 15 minutes past 5 o'clock in the afternoon. They came from the northwest, the west and the southwest.

Approach of the Storm.

When they reached the Mississippi river they had become one, which descended upon East St. Louis and from thence passed on toward Alton. The day was an oppressive one in the city. There was no wind and the people suffered from the heat. About 4 o'clock in the afternoon the entire western horizon was banked with clouds. These were piled one upon the other, with curling edges, yellow in tinge. A light wind sprang up and a sudden darkness came upon the city. This darkness increased until the storm broke. The descent of the storm was so sudden the fleeing women and children were caught in the streets and hurled to destruction or buried under falling walls.

Funnels Do the Work.

Before the mass of clouds in the west, hanging over the villages of Clayton, Fern Ridge, Eden and Central, gave vent to their frightful contents funnels shot out from them. Some of these seemed to be projected into the air, others leaped to the earth, twisting and turning. Lightning played about them and there was a marvelous electrical display. Then came the outburst. Three of the funnels approached St. Louis with a wind that was traveling at the rate of eighty miles an hour.

Shoots from the Sky.

From them and the clouds above, a strange, cracking sound came. This filled the air and at times was stronger than the incessant peals of thunder. The funnels enveloped the western side of the city, and in thirty minutes were wreaking destruction in the business heart. Men and women, horses, all kind of fowl in the open, were picked up and carried hundreds of feet in every direction.

The great network of trolley car wires covering the main streets and avenues broke and the live wires, jetting flame, leaped and twisted around the human beings seeking safety.

Killed by Deadly Wires.

The wires of the electric lighting companies broke also, and by their free ends and those of the trolley car companies, many of those were undoubtedly killed.

So irresistible was the cyclone and so much greater in magnitude than any the country has ever previously known of, that some of the staunchest business blocks went down before it. Structures, the pride of merchants and architecturally famous from New York to San Francisco, were like tinder boxes when the wind was at its height. The massive stone fronts caved in.

Iron beams were torn from their fastenings and carried blocks away, as if they had been feathers. Roofs, braced and held to their positions by every device known to the best builders of any day, were torn off as if held only by threads. Telegraph poles fell in long rows, not coming down one by one, but in groups of a dozen or more at a time. A railroad train on the Eads bridge, one of the express trains of the Alton, known as No. 21, was blown over and the passengers piled up in a heap of injured.

Eads Bridge Demolished.

The east end of the Eads bridge, one of the most solid and finest bridges in the world, was destroyed. The other great bridges spanning the Mississippi were all injured, some as seriously as the Eads. Scores of persons were drowned, or, after being killed on the land, blown into the water. Steamers like the Grand Republic, the City of Monroe, packets which are famous between New Orleans and St. Louis, were carried everywhere. Still others, after being torn from their moorings, disappeared, and have not been heard from. As a rule the smaller craft was sunk. This was particularly the case with the smaller excursion steamers: most of which had a great many women on board. Houses were blown into the river, and at one time during the worst of the blow a section of the river was scooped out and the muddy bottom shown. The water was carried blocks away as though it were a solid. Not while within the city limits did the funnels rise and fall from the ground, as is usually the case in cyclones in small places. There was no rebounding. Consequently whatever was in the path of the wind was either destroyed or badly injured.

And this destruction was done in thirty minutes.

The bells of the city were pealing 6 o'clock when the worst of the storm had passed.

X-Rays

Of test and trial prove Hood's Sarsaparilla to be unequalled for purifying the blood because

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. \$1. Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills. 25 cents.

All About Western Farm Lands.

The "Corn Belt" is the name of an illustrated monthly newspaper published by the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad. It aims to give information in an interesting way about the farm lands of the West. Send 25c in postage stamps to the Corn Belt, 209 Adams street, Chicago, and the paper will be sent to your address for one year.

Marriage based on flirtation logically ends in separation, divorce, or tragedy.

AN INVITATION.

It Gives Us Pleasure to Publish the following Announcement.

All women suffering from any form of illness peculiar to their sex are requested to communicate promptly with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. All letters are received, opened, read and answered by women only.



A woman can freely talk of her private illness to a woman; thus has been established the eternal confidence between Mrs. Pinkham and the women of America. This confidence has induced more than 100,000 women to write Mrs. Pinkham for advice during the last few months.

Think what a volume of experience she has to draw from! No physician living ever treated so many cases of female ill, and from this vast experience surely it is more than possible she has gained the very knowledge that will help your case.

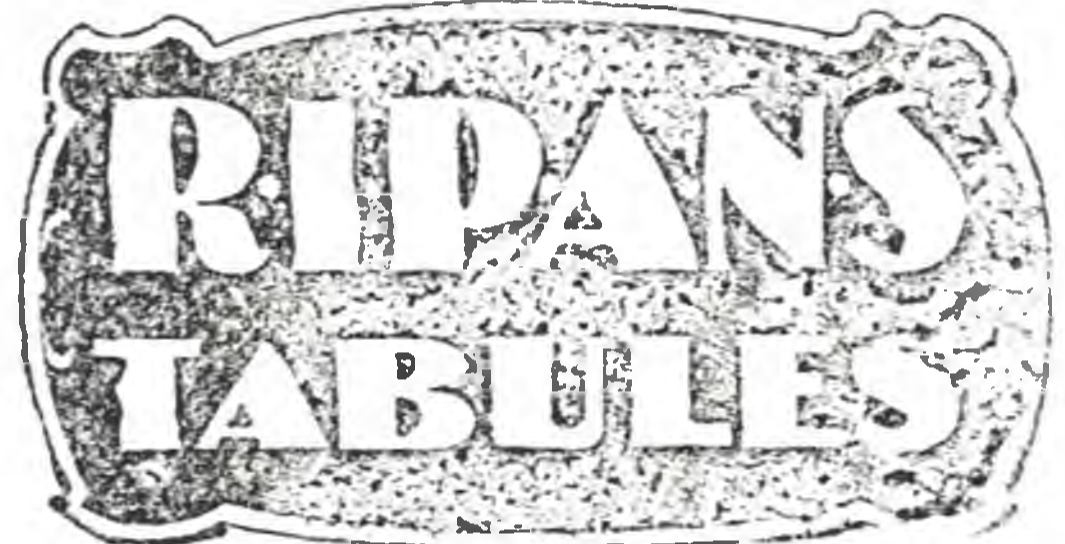
She is glad to have you write or call upon her. You will find her a woman full of sympathy, with a great desire to assist those who are sick. If her medicine is not what you need, she will frankly tell you so, and there are nine chances out of ten that she will tell you exactly what to do for relief. She asks nothing in return except your good will, and her advice has relieved thousands.

Surely, any ailing woman, rich or poor, is very foolish if she does not take advantage of this generous offer of assistance.

Never in the history of medicine has the demand for one particular remedy for female diseases equalled that attained by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and never in the history of Mrs. Pinkham's wonderful Compound has the demand for it been so great as it is to-day.

If you accept a substitute, you must not fuss because its not as good as genuine HIRE'S Rootbeer.

Made only by The Charles E. Hires Co., Philadelphia. A 25c. package makes 2 gallons. Sold everywhere.



Harry M. Conrad, of No. 1744 Twelfth street, Washington, D. C., says: "I can speak in the highest praise of Ripans Tablets. I have been for years troubled with night mare (an erroneous expression, but one that thousands are familiar with), and have suffered a thousand deaths, being caused directly by a torpid liver, thence stagnation of the blood. A short while after retiring I would experience the most terrible sensation that human can fall heir to, such as having heavy weights upon you, seeing horrible animals, burglars, etc., and being unable to get out of their reach. I have tried everything on the market that I could think would be of any benefit, but never struck the right remedy until I tried Ripans Tablets, and since that time nightmare with me is a thing of the past. I am fully convinced that Ripans Tablets are a good thing for suffering humanity, and I feel that I could not exist without them. And I will further say for the benefit of others (knowing there are thousands suffering in the same manner), profit by my experience and try them; you will never regret it."

Ripans Tablets are sold by druggists, or by mail at the price (50 cents a box) sent to The Ripans Chemical Company, No. 10 Spruce Street, New York. Sample vial, 10 cents.

WILL WIPE OUT ARMIES.

Showers of Dynamite from Aerial Ships Will Add to War's Horrors.

Recently numerous schemes have been suggested for the protection of the country in case of war and many of which would doubtless prove effective. One of these schemes, by a Western inventor, H. C. Rich, of Des Moines, Iowa, is called an "aerial torpedo." The invention consists of a gas-inflated balloon capable of sustaining for any given length of time a weight of thirty or forty pounds at an altitude of 500 or 1,000 feet. In the basket of the balloon is placed an electrical device, the purpose of which is to ignite the gas of the balloon, causing it to explode at any given time. In addition to this device, there is placed in the basket a store of dynamite or other explosive, designed to explode on striking the earth. The management of the torpedo is described as very easy and simple, a corporal's guard being sufficient. The outfit is compact and simple, and a large number can be carried by a few men or a pack animal. The gas to inflate the balloon is carried in light metal cylinders, enough being compressed in one cylinder to inflate a number of aerial torpedoes.

The torpedo is used by approaching near to the camp or besieged city where the torpedo is desired to take effect, and, after ascertaining the direction of the lower air current and its velocity per hour, the length of time it will take the air to carry the balloon over the objective point is determined, and the electrical device set at the proper hour or minute. After the torpedo is released the electrical device will ignite the gas of the balloon, causing it to explode, when the torpedo will fall to the earth. The explosive, striking the earth or other hard substance, will cause serious damage in that locality. In the siege of cities this aerial torpedo will be especially effective, as no defense can be made against it, and it can be used in the night as well as the day, and by a few men of ordinary intelligence.—Philadelphia Record.

Justice Field's Long Service.

Justice Field, of the Supreme Court of the United States, is trying to beat the service record in that court, and he seems likely to do so. His health is good, and his sturdy frame stands erect. Many have looked with longing eyes on his seat on the bench, for he could have applied for retirement some years ago. From time to time, at first, there was speculation on the subject.

"If Justice Field should resign," prefaced many a suggestion. But presently it became known that Justice Field was in no mood for resigning.

Lately it has been understood that he had an ambition to serve on the bench longer than any of his predecessors. He was appointed March 10, 1863. He will have to serve until August 16, 1897, if he wishes to equal the service of Chief Justice Marshall.

Mr. Marshall went on the bench Jan. 31, 1801, and served until his death, July 6, 1835. This is the record of long service on the bench.

Justice Field was appointed by President Lincoln March 10, 1863, to a place on the Supreme bench created by the law of March 3, 1863. The Supreme Court originally consisted of a chief justice and five associate justices. An additional justice was authorized by the law of 1867, another in 1887, and in 1893 a law was passed providing that the court should consist of a chief justice and nine associates.

The law of 1869, now in force, reduced the number of associates to eight.—New York Herald.

A stick of timber 110 feet long and 22 inches square, without a knot or blemish, was cut in a mill at Hoquiam, Wash., last week. It is the largest piece of timber ever cut in that neighborhood, and the most nearly perfect any of the old lumbermen there have ever seen.

World's Columbian Exposition Will be of value to the world by illustrating the improvements in the mechanical arts, and eminent physicians will tell you that the progress in medicinal agents has been of equal importance, and as a strengthening laxative that Syrup of Figs is far in advance of all others.

'Tis in vain to kick after you have once put on fetters.

Hall's Catarrh Cure. Is taken internally. Price 75 cents.

For whom does the blind man's wife paint herself?

A pearl-like purity of color, closely resembling the enchantment of early twilight; thus was her complexion made radiant by Glenn's Sulphur Soap.

People with hair that is continually falling out, or those that are bald, can stop the falling, and get a good growth of hair by using Hall's Hair Renewer.

I never used so quick a cure as Piso's Cure for Consumption.—J. B. Palmer, Box 1171, Seattle, Wash., Nov. 25, 1893.

More diseases are produced by using brown soap than by anything else. Why run such terrible risks when you know that "Dobbin's" Floating-Borax Soap is absolutely pure? Your grocer has it or will get it for you. In red wrappers only.

FITS.—All fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No fits after first day's use. Marvellous cures. Treatise and \$2.00 trial bottle free to fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 381 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething; soothes the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

SUFFERED FOR HIS COUNTRY.

THE SAD PLIGHT OF A VETERAN CRIPPLED HAND AND FOOT.

Chas. A. Rogers Stricken with Locomotor Ataxia—Suffered Night and Day for Years—How a New Light Came Into His Life.

From the Chronicle, Chicago, Ill.

Charles A. Rogers, a veteran of the war of the rebellion, and a prominent West Side citizen, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., fifty-four years ago, and when a boy of scarcely fourteen came to Chicago, since which time this city has been his permanent home.

At the termination of the civil war Mr. Rogers, having received his discharge in July, 1865, found his health so broken by hard service, insufficient food, exposure and malaria in the desolate swamp lands of Louisiana and Mississippi, that he was almost wholly unfitted for a satisfactory performance of the exacting duties of his occupation, notwithstanding his great force of will. Indeed, the first winter after his return from the field was an extremely severe and trying one for him.

He suffered from chronic diarrhoea, malaria fever and sharp, shooting pains in the back and lower limbs. These pains, at that time, he attributed to rheumatism, but the disease soon proved to be locomotor ataxia (a congestion of the white matter of the spinal cord). In spite of continued treatment by some of Chicago's leading and most skillful physicians, the malady increased rather than abated, until by rapid stages he came to use first a cane, then crutches and finally an invalid's wheel chair, which to this day is his only means of locomotion, as he has not been able to walk since 1878. Despite this terrible affliction, which would unnerve almost any man, he preserves a cheerful disposition, bearing his sufferings with a resignation amounting to heroism.

For years, at every change in the weather, or exposure to the slightest draft, excruciating, sharp, darting pains that cannot be described would occur, lasting often from ten to fifteen days at a time without a moment's cessation. The agony he suffered at these times was almost unendurable. No sleep could come to his relief, day or night, and his case was a most desperate and deplorable one.

So the years went on until the winter of 1892, when he was attacked with a gripple, which was so prevalent at that time. This complaint, added to his other malady, well nigh crazed his mind. He could neither eat nor sleep, and the best of medical talent that friends could suggest, or money procure seemed powerless to help him, but on the contrary appeared to aggravate his disease.

At this unfortunate juncture a new light came into his life. Mrs. Rogers, his estimable wife, having read in the Inter Ocean of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, urged that he should try them. He confessed, however, to having little or no faith in any so-called patent medicine, but her solicitations finally prevailed and he commenced using them by taking one at a dose. In three or four days he began to crave food, which he had not done for many years before. He increased the size of the doses to two pills at a time, and in less than two weeks wanted, as he expresses it, three square meals a day.

Gradually but perceptibly his general health improved, his bowels became regular and the horrible pains with which he had been afflicted, began slowly but surely to diminish in their intensity, until now they have greatly subsided and he feels like another man.

While it is true that Mr. Rogers is far from being well and robust, yet his general health is so much improved that he is greatly encouraged and daily returns thanks to a kind Providence for the remedy so fortunately furnished him.

Mr. Rogers resides at 991 Jackson boulevard, on the corner of Western avenue, in one of the pleasantest spots on the West Side. As for Mrs. Rogers herself, who was the first to suggest the use of the Pink Pills, and other members of the household, who are thoroughly familiar with all the details of the case, they cannot but marvel at the efficacy of the remedy and do not understand why such an apparently simple medicine should produce such wonderful results, exceeding by far their most sanguine expectations.

Having read the foregoing, I hereby certify that the facts in my case are as stated therein.

(Signed) CHAS. A. ROGERS.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this twenty-ninth day of October, 1895.

A. F. PORTMAN, Notary Public.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effect of a gripple, palpitation of the heart, etc. Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price, 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50, by addressing Dr. Williams' Med. Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age.

KENNEDY'S MEDICAL DISCOVERY.

DONALD KENNEDY, OF ROXBURY, MASS., Has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures every kind of Humor, from the worst Scrofula down to a common Pimple.

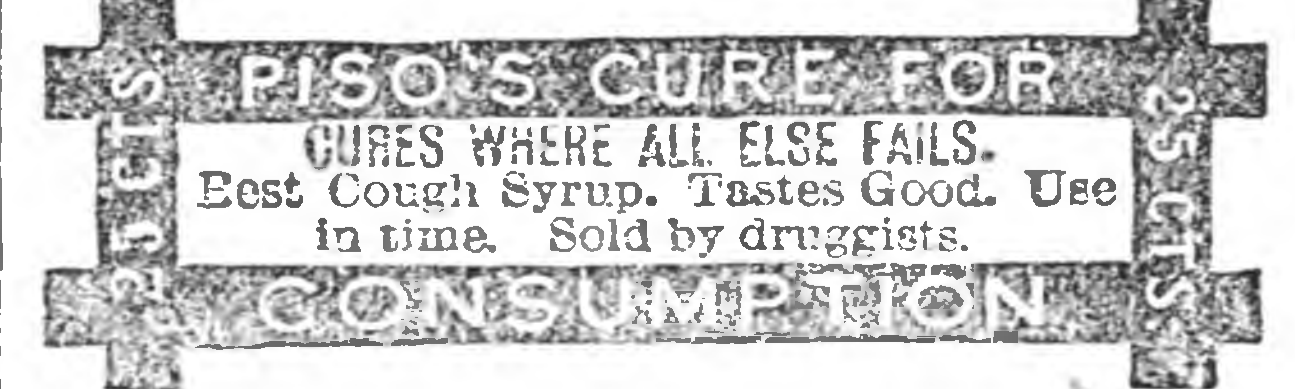
He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both thunder humor). He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston. Send postal card for book.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the right quantity is taken.

When the lungs are affected it causes shooting pains, like needles passing through them; the same with the Liver or Bowels. This is caused by the ducts being stopped, and always disappears in a week after taking it. Read the label.

If the stomach is foul or bilious it will cause squeamish feelings at first.

No change of diet ever necessary. Eat the best you can get, and enough of it. Dose, one tablespoonful in water at bedtime. Sold by all Druggists.



When the Summer Breeze

Blows through the trees, most of us who can set off for a country jaunt. Fewer cross the Atlantic. Whether it is business or pleasure calls one from home, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is the best accompaniment of a voyage or an outing. Yachtsmen, sea captains, commercial travelers and emigrants concur in this opinion. The Bitters is unrivaled for bilious, malarial, dyspeptic or liver disorder.

Wedlock's a padlock.

Bicycles

We sell the best wheels at the lowest prices, also a 1000 other useful articles including Scales, Saws, Mills, Sewing Machines, Bureaus, Wagons, Harnesses, Saddles, Hobbies, Farm & Carpenter Tools, Engines, Boilers, Lathes, Stoves, Wire Fence, Guns, Pianos, Organs, Watches, Cash Drawers, Letter Presses, Trucks Etc. Work for Agents. Catalogue free. CHICAGO SCALE CO., Chicago.

Binder Twine

Largest sellers in the world. Samples & prices free, write MONTGOMERY WARD & CO., 111 to 118 Michigan Av., Chicago.

C. N. U. No. 23-96

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS please say you saw the advertisement in this paper.



"A Bicycle Built for Two."

Battle Ax PLUG

Five cents' worth of "BATTLE AX" will serve two chewers just about as long as 5 cents' worth of other brands will serve one man. This is because a 5 cent piece of "BATTLE AX" is almost as large as the 10 cent piece of other high grade brands.

POND'S

USE POND'S EXTRACT OINTMENT FOR PILES.

EXTRACT

GENUINE IN OUR BOTTLES ONLY. BUFF WRAPPERS. SEE OUR NAME, POND'S EXTRACT CO., NEW YORK AND LONDON.

To develop muscle,

if that is what you're doing the washing for, perhaps the old way of washing with soap—rubbing the clothes up and down over a board—may be pretty good. It can't be healthy, though, to breathe that tainted, fetid steam, and you'd better take your exercise in ways that are pleasanter.

But if you're washing clothes to get them clean, and want to do this disagreeable work easily, quickly, and safely—do it with Pearline. And one of the strongest points about Pearline's washing is its saving—its economy.

Millions NOW USE Pearline

"He that Works Easily Works Successfully." 'Tis Very Easy to Clean House With

SAPOLIO

Nature's Beauty Spots

Are nowhere so prominent as in the East.

The Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway

will take you there without fatigue or annoyance. Visit Chautauqua, Niagara, the Adirondacks, Catskills, Lake George, Thousand Islands, the Hudson or Sea Shore resorts. An ideal vacation. Refreshing rest, with variety of choice enough to satisfy every one. Booklet, giving complete information as to routes, rates, etc., FREE!

C. K. WILBER, Western P. A. CHICAGO

