

THE CULVER CITY HERALD.

AT THE LAKE MAXINKUCKEE.

VOL. III.

CULVER P. O., IND., FRIDAY, APRIL 30, 1897.

NO. 43

CULVER CITY LOCALIZED.

And Put in Good Form for the Benefit of the Herald's Numerous Readers.

Read Kuhn & Son's advertisement. Numerous strangers were in town this week.

Dr. Ray and Henry Speyer made Plymouth a business trip Monday.

We would esteem it a great favor if some one would bring us a load of wood.

Mr. and Mrs. L. F. Stahl and daughter dined with Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Zechiel Sunday.

Jacob Myers, one of Ruthland's up to date farmers was in town transacting business Wednesday.

There will be an entertainment and box social at the Shafer school house, near Argos, next Saturday evening.

North Herrell and family have departed from Maxinkuckee, and it is said they removed to Tennessee.

Capt. E. J. Morris disposed of \$160 worth of excellent row boats last Saturday. Still there are more to follow.

M. F. Mosher and Than Gandy made North Judson a business visit Tuesday and Wednesday.

Ellis, of the firm of McNulty & Ellis, of Plymouth, was in town Wednesday.

Wm. Myers has rented his father's farm, and is now living with his charming wife in his own handsome residence just east of the old homestead. We wish Will success.

Ladies!—you are invited to call on the new milliner at Monterey and see goods and get prices.

MISS LA PEARL HUGHSTON.

We understand that Enoch Mow is now engaged in the livery business at North Judson and is doing a rushing business.

W. A. Matthews returned Tuesday from attending the Odd Fellows' Anniversary at Winamac. He also visited with E. H. Mow and family at North Judson.

I have a full line of the latest styles in millinery and stamped linens and floss. Call and see them.

MISS LA PEARL HUGHSTON.

Monterey.

A six weeks term of summer school will be opened at Maxinkuckee by Miss Ruth South, beginning next Monday.

Miss Mary Baker, Miss Rosie Baker, Miss Maggie Hartman, Mr. Jacob Hartman and Mr. Charles Fallstich, of Monterey, spent Sunday evening with Miss Maggie Walley, two miles south of this city.

J. H. Zechiel, township assessor, is highly pleased the way he has been treated by the people he has called upon while assessing their property. At no time has his judgment been questioned in regard to valuation.

Maxinkuckee school closed Thursday. Prof. E. M. Scates, teacher. It is reported by those directly interested as patrons, that this school has been a great success, in fact has no precedent. Mr. Scates will retire with the best wishes of patrons and pupils.

Hubbard & Mow, the livery firm of North Judson, held a large horse and buggy sale Saturday.

Two advance agents were in town Wednesday, securing prestige for Rotzein, the photographer, who will soon open his gallery here. He will have smart competition this summer.

William Kenoble shipped four bass weighing 19 pounds to a friend at Indianapolis last week. The fish were caught by those celebrated fishermen, Gerard & Wolf.

There will be a social given by the Poplar Grove church, at the home of Philip Pontius, one mile east of the church, Wednesday evening, May 5. Lunch for one, 10 cents; for two, 25 cents.

The secretary of the state board of health has prepared a list of the physicians of the state, classed in schools. It shows a total of 4,122 physicians, 3,145 of whom are regulars, 318 eclectics, 237 homoeopaths, 119 physico-medicals and 211 not classified.

According to an enactment passed by the late legislature, the county clerk, auditor or recorder, are compelled henceforth to take the acknowledgments of pensioners on all papers without pay.

Mr. H. H. Culver and wife are occupying their cottage on the east side.

Wm. F. Hunt, of Wanatab, Ind., is a compositor in this office at present.

James Garn and wife and W. S. DuPea and wife, attended the Odd Fellow celebration at Argos Monday.

J. H. Koontz traded some lots on the west side of this city to A. A. Miller, for a house and lot situated at Plymouth. The transfer was made Tuesday.

The smiling countenance of Mr. Walter Culver was seen upon our streets Tuesday. He is treasurer of the Wrought Iron Range Co., of St. Louis.

Tin Ware for the million at E. M. George's; at prices without precedent in the history of the United States. Just call and learn his prices.

Wm. Clapp, of Hibbard, a famous boat builder, is now engaged at M. F. Mosher's boat shop.

Jay Schumaker left Wednesday for Chicago, where he will work in a Bicycle factory.

F. M. Moser is moving the rear part of his house away, to make room for a better porch.

We understand that the Lake view Hotel has been rented to a hotel man of this county.

Farmers Attention:—If your wife desires a new spring hat, bring your eggs to E. M. George's, where the highest market price is paid for them, and get her the desired article. Ladies' hats up to date and first class, and are selling very low. Do not make a mistake by trading elsewhere. He can save you money.

Those scholars who attend the Culver school and living out of the corporation, in order to attend school without paying tuition, must apply to the trustee and have their transfer papers made out and in the hands of the enumerator, John Osborn, on April 30, not later.

We are sorry to chronicle that Mr. H. H. Culver is confined at his commodious cottage upon the east side in very poor health. But it is hoped if he will remain aloof from business cares a few days that he will recover his usual health.

Latest styles in millinery at rock bottom prices at the new store, at Monterey, Indiana, one door west of Keitzer Bros. store.

MISS LA PEARL HUGHSTON.

Exercises were held at the Kaley school house last Tuesday, it being the last day of the term. The scholars presented their teacher, Roy Wickiser, a fine album. A number from this city were present. Also interesting exercises were held at the Shaw school house.

Married at the home of the bride's parents at one o'clock, April 21, 1897, Miss Nellie Davis and Howard Zumbach, two of Poplar Grove's estimable young people. After the ceremony the company were invited to partake of an abundant meal. The invited guests were the immediate families of contracting parties, Miss Ella Kline and Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Howard. The young people left Rutland on the 4:20 train for Valparaiso where they will be in school for a few weeks.

There has been no perceptible change in Della Osborn's condition during the week. She still lingers between life and death, all hopes of her recovery being abandoned by her parents and friends.

At this season of the year people eat heavy foods, such as meats etc. causing constipation and other irregularities of the bowels, resulting in biliousness, headaches, dizziness, etc. Dr. Agnew's Kidney and Liver Pills work wonders and give speedy and permanent relief. For sale at the Culver City Drug Store.

The Seventy-eighth anniversary of Odd Fellowship was fittingly observed at Winamac by about 400 Rebekahs and subordinates. The Rebekahs deserve the highest praise for the efficient and imposing manner in which they conferred the degree in the afternoon. In the evening three degrees were conferred by the subordinates. All the time from 1 p. m. until 11:55 p. m. was well occupied. Monterey Lodge No. 660 was in attendance.

A New Butcher Shop.

A gentleman from South Bend has rented the Avery butcher shop near the depot, and will open the same about May 5th. He proposes to keep a first class line of meats and cater especially to the lake trade and the public in general. His family will occupy the Porter residence near the harness shop.

A Terrible Accident.

Last Sunday the Ober and Montrey Base Ball teams met upon the diamond, if being practically the first game of the season. During the game which was hotly contested, a swiftly passing ball hit Chs. Hanes in the temple, instantly killing him. The deceased was one of the important witnesses in the famous Sutherland case. This is the second witness that has been called to the great beyond, since the close of the trial.

A Beautiful Cottage.

S. P. Sheerin, of Logansport, was in town this week looking after putting the finishing touches upon his beautiful cottage and grounds. The cottage was especially planned by his wife, and every room in the same with the exception of kitchen, fronts upon the lake. The interior is finished with exquisite taste, and will be modern in every particular. Shade trees of the finest variety have been systematically set upon the grounds, while in the proper place a large variety of fruit trees have been set. Also a fine selection of small fruits of ever description. The location of the cottage is immense, having one of the very best views of the lake. Mr. Sheerin and family will occupy their cottage about the middle of June. Years ago Sheerin was editor of the Logansport Pharos, and through his sagacious management the paper proved to be a paying investment. He was also clerk of the supreme court for several years.

The Oldest Hoosier.

One of the oldest men in the country is Nathaniel Straughan, of English, Ind., a great uncle of Dr. K. K. Straughan of this place. Mr. Straughan is now nearly 105 years old having reached the century mark on May 8, 1892.

"Uncle Nattie" as he affectionately called by the residents of English, was born in Franklin county, Kentucky. He moved to Crawford county, Ind., in 1818 and is still occupying with his granddaughter's family, the house he entered at that time. The old gentleman boasts that he has never worn a piece of cloth that was not spun and woven by the hands of the mother or wife, that he was never in a law suit, pro or con, and was never a witness in a suit at law, and that he did not find the need of eyeglasses until he was over 85. In his younger days Nathaniel Straughan was a hunter, and his old flintlock musket occupies today a place of honor over the wide fireplace of his room, while below it hangs his modern shotgun. In his prime Mr. Straughan weighed 150 pounds, and now at the advanced age of 105, weighs 100 pounds. The descendants of this venerable man are reckoned at about 600.—Waveland Independent.

GRIM REAPER.

Death in any form is lamentable, but when it comes sudden as a thief in the night and steals from our midst a respected citizen, the calamity is sorely felt by the community. Edward Grubb's death was not only a sad blow to this community, but his demise will be keenly felt by hundreds who visit the lake every summer and depended upon him in a measure to furnish the means whereby they could fish and be happy. For years during the summer season, he had been employed to row visitors while they fished, and at the same time to furnish all necessary bait. Being of a sunny disposition, he won the friendship of all who came in contact with him. In his death, a family has been deprived of an ever helpful father, and the community, a good citizen. Funeral services were held at the M. E. church Monday, Rev. Howard, officiating. A large and solemn throng of citizens be-

ing in attendance. Rev. Howard preached upon this occasion not only the funeral sermon of the deceased before him, but the sermon of Bertha May Grubb, who died May 29, 1895, aged nine months, being afflicted with diphtheria. She was the daughter of the deceased. Ed was only ill about two weeks, and nearly up to the time of his death, our citizens did not realize the end was so near.

Edwin Grub was born November 16, 1847, at Logansport, Cass county, Ind., and died April 24, 1897, being 49 years, 5 months and 8 days old.

He twice volunteered in the service of his country during the war of the rebellion. First, at the age of sixteen, under Capt. Sylvester C. Lovelless in Company J, 116 Regiment Indiana Volunteers. He was enrolled on the 4th of July, 1863 to serve six months and was discharged from the United States service on the second of March, 1864, at Lafayette, Ind., by reason of expiration of term of service. There being no objection to his re-enlisting, he again volunteered. This time as a private of Capt. John B. Wagner's Company I, 135, Reg. of Ind. Infantry volunteers and was enrolled the 2nd of May 1864 to serve 100 days. And was this time discharged from service the 21st of September 1864 at Indianapolis Ind., the term having expired. He also has a certificate of honor and thanks from Abraham Lincoln.

Edwin Grub, was married to Anna Green in Pulaski County Ind., Aug 11 1877.

To this union were born three children, William, Hettie and Bertha. Bertha having died about 7 years ago. The other two with their mother remain to mourn their loss.

James C. Duddleson, son of Albert and Ester L. Duddleson was born in 1836 in Wyandott county Ohio, emigrated with his parents to Marshall county, Ind. and settled in Marmont where he grew to manhood. Died in Lafayette Ind., April 17, 1897, aged about 41 years. Funeral services took place at residence in West Side, Lafayette April 19, 1897. Mr. Duddleson had for several years been in the employ of Belt Ry. & L. I. company and was a most worthy and exemplary man. He was married to Miss Maud Martin of Lafayette in 1890, who with their little daughter Voune, mourn the loss of their kind and loving, husband and father. There also survive him father and mother, two brothers, Zina and Frank, of near Culver, one sister, Mrs. Adelbert Gray, of Plymouth whose kindness of heart will live in their memory while memory shall last. Mr. Duddleson made no public profession of religion and as far as we know, never identified with any church, but he lived so square and true that he had the confidence of his employers, whose foreman he had been for several years.

It can truly be said of him, "That he so lived that when his summons came to join the innumerable caravan, moving to the pale realm, he went not like a quarry slave to his dungeon, but soothed and sustained by an unflinching trust, wraps the drapery of his couch about him and lies down to pleasant dreams."

Sabbath School Convocation.

The West Township Sabbath schools will meet in a union convocation at the Stuck church next Saturday, commencing at 9:30. All invited.

Quarterly Conference.

A quarterly meeting will be held at the Emanuel church south of town, commencing Friday, May 7th, and continuing until the 9th. All are cordially invited to attend these services.

Wedding Bells.

Dr. Loring and Miss Carrie Wilson were married at Burr Oak on the 27th instant, the ceremony being performed by Rev. Overmyer, of Galveston, Ind. We understand that the happy couple were married at the doctor's beautiful home at Burr Oak in the presence of a few friends. The doctor is one of the best known physicians in this county, and has a large circle of friends who wish him great joy. The bride is one of the most charming young ladies in Marshall county and has the honor of being one of the most successful teachers in this section. The doctor has his home furnished in the latest and most approved style, and the Herald extends to him its

HIBBARD FEEDINGS.

News scarce this week.

Mr. J. Watson has resigned his position as day operator at this place and will remove to Argos, where he will take charge of his father's printing office.

Mr. C. W. Lawson, of North Liberty, passed through on his way to Culver City on business.

Mrs. F. Groves is reported to be improving. Miss Lottie Hoffman is down with measles. The mumps are coming this way; look out for them.

J. W. Wilson's store was entered by thieves Monday night. No large loss was sustained. The thieves entered the woodshed and thus to the store part.

The night operator has a new bicycle and says he hates rough roads.

Decoration Day.

Decoration Day is close upon us, and our citizens should make an especial effort to commemorate the grand old heroes who gave their lives for the preservation of our country. Only a few short years more and every veteran will have passed into that land where battles are never fought, but joy and peace reign forever. Last Tuesday the dedication of a beautiful monument to the memory of America's greatest general, was observed amid great military pomp and in the presence of the leading statesmen of this and other countries. We love to honor the memory of Grant, but we should also honor the memory of the veteran, for without his loyal support Grant could have done nothing.

Bold Fishermen.

Tuesday Judge Ross and Louthain, of Logansport, the latter being the editor of the Pharos, were in Culver City, and while here enjoyed a few hours' fishing. It is said that they only drank spring water, but the effect must have been terrible upon the editor, for on one occasion he fell backward, and would have rested in a "watery grave," but for timely assistance. Luckily, he only received a slight "wetting." It is stated that the gentlemen caught a fine string of fish, however.

Culver Academy.

Culver Military Academy Cadets expect to receive their full-dress uniforms this week. They are in receipt of an invitation to act as personal escort of Governor Mount to the coming G. A. celebration and have accepted. They also have an invitation to accept a place in a competitive drill at Square Garden in New York City.

Two of the Cadets have been recommended as matriculates of West Point in answer to a communication from the War Department requesting the management of the Academy to fill two vacancies.

Commencement.

The Herald printed programs for the Union Township Commencement, which will be held at Burr Oak, next Saturday evening. This promises to be an entertainment of very high character, as the thirteen graduates will deliver very fine orations, interspersed with vocal and instrumental music. Hon. H. G. Thayer, of Plymouth, and Superintendent Fish will also be present and deliver addresses. All are cordially invited to attend.

Violin Concert.

Professor Dolson, the blind violinist and Irish comedian, will give a musical entertainment at Kreuzberger's Hall on Monday evening, May 3. The entertainment will consist of violin music, Irish delineation and many laughable anecdotes. To conclude with "Mocking Bird" with variations.

General Admission 10 cents. Doors open at 7 p. m. Concert to begin at 8.

Court House War.

The citizens of Stark county are terribly excited over the fact that an alleged fraud has been committed relative to letting the contract for building the new court house. It is charged that the county commissioners and the architect who drew the plans and specifications are implicated in the fraud of compelling the county to pay a vast sum more than the contract called for. An injunction has been served and all work stopped for further investigation.

Poland-China Hogs.

Now is the time to purchase your hogs for breeding purposes. Remember that Jacob Myers has now on hand a first-class lot of males and females which he will dispose of at reasonable prices. The stock is the best in the land and first-class pedigrees will be furnished.

Sutherland a Prophet.

When the verdict was brought in the Sutherland murder case, one of his lawyers said to him: "Well, Bill, I guess you will have to go, but we feel sure that we can have the verdict reversed in the supreme court." Sutherland replied that of course he would have to go for the present, and then added that "four of the witnesses who testified against me swore falsely, and before I come back for a new trial they will all be dead." The four alluded to were John Hill, Chas. Hanes, Taz Mitchell and Dan Rohrer. Why he should make such a prediction is a mystery. Hill died the week following the trial, and Hanes was killed last Sunday in a base ball game at Monterey.—Plymouth Democrat.

"You think I am dead,"
The apple tree said,
"Because I have never a leaf to show,
Because I stoop
And my branches droop,
And the dull-gray mosses over me
grow!"
But I'm alive in trunk and shoot;
The buds of next May
I fold away,
But I pity the withered grass at my
root."

"You think I am dead,"
The quick grass said,
"Because I have parted with stem and
blade
But under the ground
I am safe and sound,
With the snow's thick blanket over me
laid.
I'm alive and ready to shoot,
Should the Spring of the year
Come dawning here;
But I pity the flower without branch
or root."

"You think I am dead,"
A soft voice said,
"Because not a branch or root I own?
I never have died,
But close I hide
In a plummy seed that the wind has
sown.
Patient I wait through the long winter
hours,
You will see me again—
I shall laugh at you then.
Out of the eyes of a hundred flowers."
—EDITH M. THOMAS.

The Town Clock.

BY ANNIE WESTON WHITNEY.
The heat was terrible; but Barby did not seem to mind it as she hurried along the close, dusty street, her clean calico gown giving her a bright, fresh look that it did one good to see on such a day. In her arm she carried a queer-looking bundle. She smiled happily as she hurried on, her thoughts all of Father, dear Father, to whom she was going.

Stopping as she reached the City Hall, she looked up, half expectantly and hopefully, up at the tall tower reaching so far, far above her. A brighter smile came into her face as loud, clear and distinct came from above the clang—clang—clang—clang—clang—clang that told the hour of day.

She looked a moment longer, but Father was not to be seen; dear Father who was so good and kind and whom everybody loved. And why shouldn't everybody? How could they help it, and why could they do without him? Why, Father was the old Town Clock, or, if half of it, as Mother used to say, Mr. Harper being the other half. Poor Mr. Harper! she was so sorry for him, because his little baby boy was dead.

She was at the foot of the long flight of steps now; the steps leading to Father, dear Father, the Town Clock; for strange as it may seem, there is in one of our Southern cities a town clock whose only face is a human face; whose only hands are human hands, and whose machinery is the muscle of a strong man's arm.

Any one else might have thought the long flight of steps leading to the tower a tedious climb in the heat; but Barby only stopped a moment to look up. She loved the long climb, because it took her always nearer dear Father; and that it seemed so odd to be going up, up over the tops of the houses and stores, and to look down every little while through the fanny little windows and see the people growing smaller and smaller until they looked like fairies then to look up at the beautiful sky and wonder about the dear Heavenly Father who loved every one so dearly and who watched over them always. Up higher, and still higher the little feet climbed, until there was only a wooden door between her and Father. Softly she opened it and peeped in.

"Bless my soul and body!" said a pleasant voice; and the next moment Barby was in her father's arms.

"What brought you here this hot day, Sweetheart, and what's in the bundle?" he asked, after she had almost smothered him with kisses.

"The dressmaker next door let me do an errand and gave me this," said Barby, taking up the bundle she had laid aside and proudly displaying a big cambruse.

"And you brought it for Father to look at?" he said, with a twinkle in his eye.

"For Father to eat," she said, sweetly.

"You always remember your old father, Sweetheart," he said, lovingly.

"Well, I will try to manage one-half if you'll attend to the other. I could not possibly eat more than that while you are here. It would be so impolite, you know."

"If I go away will you eat it all?" she asked, again putting her arms round his neck, but looking into his face as though she loved every curve and impress on it.

"I could not touch it, I would be so disappointed," he said taking off her hat and kissing her forehead. He always called her his little sweetheart;

but every one else called her Barby, a name she had given herself when she was very little.

It was in a queer corner of a still quarters room in this tall tower that they sat down by a narrow table pushed close to the wall to enjoy their feast.

A hanging cupboard, from which a couple of spoons, some salt and a knife were taken, suggested certain house-keeping arrangements, while on the table were pen, ink and paper, with a book or two, evidently taken from the hanging shelves in another corner. In deed, there were only corners in which to hang things, for the sides of the room were great windows looking over the city in all directions. But the most curious thing in this curious room was the great bell, reaching almost from the ceiling to the floor; a tongueless, clapperless bell, that had made no motion of any kind since the day it had been placed in position, many, many years ago. Hanging in another corner was the iron hammer that, guided by the hand of him who watched in the tower, struck on the rim of the great bell those clear, loud notes that kept record of the passing of time over the alternately waking and sleeping city.

The fourth corner held the tall, old-fashioned clock, as old as the bell itself, that had served in all that time, to tell the exact moment when the town clock must strike. To Barby it was a matter of great interest; for its face was always changing as it told of the moon and the stars and the seasons.

"Barby," said her father when their feast over, he saw a rapidly approaching storm; "much as I love to have you here, I must send you home now as far as you can go. You would not like to be way up here in such a storm as those angry looking clouds are bringing us."

"Oh, Father," said Barby, "I should not mind anything where you are. Let me stay, please. I love to watch the clouds fly by and seek from here." He looked at her hesitatingly a moment, and as he did so a sudden flash of lightning almost blinded them, while great drops of rain splashed on the window-sill. There was hardly time to close the windows before the flashing and booming of the heavenly artillery began; for it was one of those storms that come suddenly, only to leave a sad story behind.

To Barby it was grand and beautiful. It seemed as though she could look right into Heaven if the flashes would stop for longer, she seemed so close to it. She could not talk, but looked occasionally at her father, who smiled as from his seat in the great wicker chair for which Mother had made so comfortable cushions.

Suddenly she wondered what made his feet soer, and why she was on the floor. His must have been asleep. She picked herself up and wondered what matter he got to sleep all in a moment. And Father, why he had fallen asleep in his chair too. Dear Father, he looked so white and tired; but then he had been the Town Clock all day and all night, so that Mr. Harper could be at home with his little baby boy.

Would he sleep long and get rested, she wondered. Before Father came the Town Clock had fallen asleep and falling to strike the hour on time, had been discharged. It gave her such a happy, helpful feeling to think she was here now to wake Father in time. She was so glad she had stayed. She would let him rest a few moments longer, but it would soon be time for the town clock to strike.

She stood at one of the windows and looked down, down on the busy city, then up at the rapidly moving clouds, already being kissed by the Sun, as he bode them a loving good-night. She loved to watch him from here as, his day's work done, he slowly disappeared from view leaving such beautiful and hopeful promises behind. But better still she loved to be here with her Father when he watched over the sleeping city. Once she and Mother had stayed till they could hear him call out, so loud and clear, "Twelve o'clock, and all's well!"

Sometimes he was forced to rouse the sleepers when a fire broke out, lest their beautiful city should be damaged or destroyed. No wonder every one loved the Town Clock who warned them of danger and watched over them sleeping or waking.

It was time to wake him now.

"Father," she said, softly, going to his side. "Father," she repeated louder, as he did not reply.

How loudly he slept. She called, called again and again, even shook him; but he would not wake. What must she do? If she could not wake him, the clock would not strike and they would discharge him as they did the other man; and then what would become of Mother and the children?

With the tears rolling down her cheeks, she made one more agonizing effort to wake him, and then looked in helpless despair at the clock and at the motionless bell. Suddenly a thought came to her that made her start and tremble. Could she? Dure she, she must try for dear Father and the Mother and children.

Climbing on a chair, she took down the hammer that felt so heavy, and then, pushing the chair close to the great bell, she climbed into it again, this time on her knees so she would be

where she could strike well. Her little eyes went up to the clock, that still marked one second of the time. She was not too late.

Clang—clang—clang—clang—clang—clang—clang—clang.

The hammer dropped to the floor, and burying her face in her hands on the rim of the bell, Barby caught her breath and gave a terrified sob.

Had she counted right. It had never sounded so before. It seemed as though the first sound had defensed all the others and would never stop. Did it sound so to those who were listening? Did everybody know it was not Father, dear Father? How dreadful it all was! Would it do anything to Father—or to her—if it was all wrong?

She looked up, how loudly Father still slept! Mr. Harper would soon come now and let him go home. He would not mind his going to sleep, for he had been kind to him.

There were footsteps on the stairs. Mr. Harper was coming. No, there were voices. In an instant Barby was at her father's side and, putting her arms round his neck, kissed the white, tired face and called him by every endearing name she could think of. As the door opened, she drew her arms more tightly round him, as though she would protect him from threatened harm.

"Halloa! What's this!" said the Mayor, as he and the janitor entered. "Don't, please don't let them discharge him," said Barby, her big, sad eyes looking anxiously at the two men. "He couldn't help it, indeed he could not; for he's been the Town Clock all day and night. Oh, don't—please don't!" she pleaded, the tears beginning to roll down her cheeks.

"This is more serious than I thought," said the Mayor, gently drawing the child away, and putting his ear down in her father's hair.

"How long has he been this way?" he asked quickly.

"I don't know. I went to sleep all of a sudden, and when I waked up I was on the floor, and Father was asleep too."

"Get a doctor here as quick as possible," said the Mayor to the janitor. "He is stunned and may be so for hours; but I think he'll come out of it all right. I confess I do not know what to do myself."

"Now," he said, turning to Barby, who was again leaning protectively over her father; "tell me who made the clock strike just now?"

With a terrified look Barby crept closer to her father as she said: "Oh, please, I couldn't wake him; and I was afraid they would discharge him."

"Well," said the Mayor, "who made the clock strike?"

"I did," said Barby, trembling all over.

"You," said the Mayor, looking her over carefully—"you made the big town clock strike?"

"Please, please, don't let them do anything to Father!" said Barby—"I tried so hard to do it right."

She half sobbed out the last words, as her head went down on her father's shoulder.

The Mayor's eyes threatened to give him trouble, as he said kindly: "Come here, little woman. Do not be afraid. No one shall do anything to your father that you do not like. Come and tell me how you made the big clock strike."

Encouraged by his words and by the tone of his voice, she loosened her hold of her father and had soon given an account of how she had tried to be the Town Clock.

"Did I count all wrong?" she asked, wistfully. "Oh, it was so dreadful!"

The Mayor put his arm round her gently and drew her to him, his eyes glistening and a lump rising in his throat, as he thought of all she had gone through.

"You are a dear, brave little woman," he said, earnestly, brushing her hair back from her eyes. "Yes, you counted all right and everybody knew what as though it was almost too weak and time it was; but the old clock sounded too tired to strike; that was all."

"And they won't discharge Father?"

"No, he shall not be discharged; but I think we must see that he has a few days rest before he goes to work again."

"Oh," gasped Barby—oh, how beautiful! Then I don't mind—no, I don't mind anything!—and putting her head on the Mayor's shoulder, she burst into tears.

The next day the story was told all over the city of how the tall tower had been struck by lightning and the Town Clock had been stunned and unconscious for hours; and of how Barby, who had been stunned too for a few moments, had tried to be the Town Clock herself, so that Father, dear Father, might not be discharged.—The Independent.

Odor of Sweet Peas.

The odor of the sweet pea, according to a contributor to the Medical Record, "is so offensive to flies that it will drive them out of the sick room, though it is not usually in the slightest degree disagreeable to the patient." It is, therefore, recommended that sweet peas be placed in the sick room during hot days.

An Appeal for Assistance.

The man who is charitable to himself will listen to the nice appeal for assistance made by his stomach, or his liver, in the shape of those gasping and uneasy sensations in the regions of the gland that secretes his bile. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, only drug of its kind, is the case may be—what you require. Hostetter's use if you are troubled with heartburn, wind in the stomach, or gas that gives pain or the whites of your eyes are taking a yellow hue.

Feathered Ventriloquists.

Many birds form their sounds without opening their bills. The pigeon is a well-known instance of this. Its cooing can be distinctly heard, although it does not open its bill. The call is formed internally in the throat and chest, and is only rendered audible by resonance. Similar ways may be observed in many birds and other animals. The clear loud call of the cuckoo, according to one naturalist, is the resonance of a note formed in the bird. The whirring of the snipe, which betrays the approach of the bird to the hunter, is an act of ventriloquism. Even the nightingale has certain notes which are produced internally, and which are audible while the bill is closed.

Used by the Champions.

The popularity of the Winchester repeating shot gun is deserved, for although it costs very little, it has repeatedly outdone the highest priced hand-made guns. Thousands of shooters who used double-barreled shot guns now use the Winchester repeater because they found that they could get more game and make better scores at the trap with Winchester. What stronger recommendation could be set short gun possibly have, than to be used by J. Edgar, champion live bird shot of America; Bobb, champion champion of the world at flying targets; Fred Van Dyke, Capt. B. A. Barlett, and many other of the best shots in the country. A Winchester repeating shot gun and Winchester factory loaded shells form a combination which cannot be equalled. Send to the Winchester Repeating Arms Co., New Haven, Ct., for their large illustrated catalogue free.

Hack writer on Daily Blowhard.

Please don't disturb me now, dear. I've got a column editorial to write on "The Marvellous Success of the Daily Blowhard, the Phenomenon of Modern Journalism." His wife—I only wanted to ask you for a little money to buy some food for the children. "Very sorry, dear, but I haven't a half-penny." The Daily Blowhard hasn't paid any salaries for three weeks.—Spare Moments.

Shake Into Your Shoes.

Allen's Foot-Powder, a powder for the feet. It cures painful, swollen, smarting feet, and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Powder makes tight-fitting or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it to-day. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. Try mail for 25 cents, in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Ottnated, LeRoy, N. Y.

According to a London cablegram the original manuscript of Kent's "Rudiments" has just been sold for \$3,475, which is without doubt much more than Kent ever received for his entire poetical works. The republic of letters, like all other republics, is ungrateful, and but few can tell it from coffee. It cannot do too much for them after they are too dead to care what it does.

There is a Class of People

Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all the grocery stores a new preparation called GRAIN-O, made of pure grains, that takes the place of coffee. The most delicate stomach receives it without distress, and but few can tell it from coffee. It does not cost over ten-fourth as much. Children may drink it with great benefit. 25c and 50c per package.

At the Antipodes.

Strange as it may seem to us who are used to associate that festive season with snow and frost, Christmas is the great midsummer holiday in Australia. The churches and homes are decorated with roses instead of holly, and the amusements of the people are all outdoor sports, boating being the principal. Christmas, indeed, is the great day for regattas.

With her little care and no trouble, the shade of moustache can be kept in uniform brown or black color by using Backingham's Dye for the Whiskers.

According to the deductions of a well-known astronomer, we receive as much light from the sun as could be emitted by 680,600 full moons.

I shall recommend Pina's Cure for Consumption, far and wide.—Mrs. Mellan, Pimstead, Kent, England, Nov. 8, 1895.

Thirty years ago Berlin was smaller than Philadelphia, and now it is larger by half a million.

CHAMBER'S MILD AND PURE, SWEET AND BENEFICIAL. Never so good. Warranted of price 10c.

WATER. Mixture of cod-liver oil, Cod Liver, and Cod Liver. 10c per bottle.

Put in a tin of Chamber's mild cathartic, do not stir and never register mark.

Alabastine.

Chicago Inter Ocean, Feb. 23: Resplendent of the Interior Ocean have often seen Alabastine prominently mentioned in the columns during many years past. The main counting room on the first floor of the building was faintly and beautifully decorated with Alabastine, both walls and ceiling, seven years ago, and has since been cleaned three times, though it looked much younger.

The same room has just been handsomely redecorated in fresh Alabastine, modeling in the delicate tints and of Alabastine work, and the effect is so beautiful, even surpassing the original work of seven years ago.

The original Alabastine (the hot-water) supplied nearly all demand ready-made in coatings throughout whole of the United States for six years.

This is the same as the original existing in form adapted for use in color. Alabastine is a cement that permanent coats, admits of recasting, is so light without removing its coats, and hardens with age.

One of the oldest, if not the oldest English firms is that of Richard, leather manufacturers, of Newcomen-on-Tyne. The predecessors of this firm were leather sellers to the monarch of St. Hilda, which was disestablished at the time of the Reformation.

To Whom It May Concern.

This is to call the attention of the public to the fact that the Wisconsin Cattle Lines have two fast trains daily between Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Ashland and Duluth, touching all the important points in central Wisconsin on route. The company has thousands of acres of farming lands in northern Wisconsin available. For complete information on subject, address Jas. C. Pundt, General Passenger Agent, Milwaukee, Wis.

In India there are 100,000 boys & 627,000 girls under the age of four years who are legally married, while 8, boys and 24,000 girls who have not attained the age of four are under marriage bonds as arranged by their parents.

Hail's Cataract Cure.

Is taken instantly. Price 75 cents.

Last year 14,004,918 head of calves were delivered at the Chicago Stock Yards.

No-to-Bac for Fifty Cents.

Over 400,000 bottles. Why not let No-To-Bac cure your cough, cold, croup, whooping cough, measles, mumps, diphtheria, scarlet fever, etc. 25c and 50c packages.

The shortest way to do many things is to do only one thing at once.

Baby Cried Night and Day

Discharge from Her Ears—Top of Her Head Broke Out in Scrofulous Eruptions.

Grow Worse Under Treatment Till We Gave Her Hood's Sarsaparilla—She Has Rosy Cheeks Now.

"When my baby was two months old she cried night and day, and seemed to be in great pain. She had a discharge from her ears, and the top of her head broke out in scrofulous eruptions. The doctor gave me something to stop the discharge and ease the pain, but his treatment did not cure her and

She Grew Worse

instead of better. The top of her head broke out with scrofula. A crust would form on her head and fall off, taking the hair along with it, and this continued for two or three months, when something seemed to tell me to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, and I did so, to gether with Hood's Pills and Hood's Olive Ointment. Soon

The Discharge Stopped

and the sores were rapidly healing. In a short time her hair grew out and she now has rosy cheeks and is all right in every way. Miss L. LLOYD, Spring Valley, N. Y.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

In the best Spring Medicine. All druggists, 50c for 25. C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

75c RIDE A CRESCENT BICYCLE

Western Wheel Works
MAKERS OF
CHICAGO CATALOGUE FREE

GET A HOME

DR. TAPP'S ANTI-RHEUMATIC ASTHMA CURED. New York. 207 2nd Avenue. We will mail a trial bottle FREE. DR. TAPP'S REMEDY, 45 Elm St., Boston, N. Y.

PENSIONERS PATENTS, CLAIMS

DR. TAPP'S REMEDY, 45 Elm St., Boston, N. Y.

SPRAINS AND PAINS St. Jacobs Oil the foal. Use it and promptly feel the cure. That's all, but that is something sure.

THE HERALD.

Entered at Marmont Postoffice as Second-class Matter.

ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY.
TERMS \$1.00 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE.

GEORGE NEARPASS, PUBLISHER.

Our Coming Election.

Our town election comes off Monday next and it behooves every voter in the town who has the welfare of the city at heart in good and careful management of its public funds to consider well the fitness of the nominees for the various offices. Much depends on the men whom we put in office to govern the town's public affairs and handle its public purse strings as to the maintaining of the town's prosperous condition. Then it rests upon the responsibility of every voter to consider well the fitness of the man he votes for.

Much depends upon the ability of the trustees as to the town's prosperity. Nearly all of the town's improvements come directly under the sanctioning or disapproving of the trustees, and they must be men who have proven by their ideas of enterprise and business ability that they are men fully capable of deciding those questions to the best interests of the town. Sometimes public improvements are desired and advocated which the town's public purse can ill afford at the time. Such questions come directly under the power of the board of trustees to decide, and it is their duty to decide whether it would be to the town's best interests to have such improvements or do without them for a time. Then again, certain improvements are needed for the prosperity and welfare of the town, and it is the business of the trustees to give such improvements to the town at the proper time. In all such questions it requires trustee who are conservative thinkers who will consider well the needs of the town and at the same time the ability of the town to secure them.

Trustees are frequently subjected to trying experiences and they should be men of a firm and inexticable disposition. They are frequently beset by men who desire them to act on a certain public matter to especially benefit them or to indirectly benefit them as much as possible, no matter whether it benefits anybody else or not, and such parties will use every plausible argument possible to convince the trustee that his view of the matter or question is right. In this case the trustee should first determine in his own mind that the party's argument is right before acting upon it. Then again, men will seek to influence a trustee because of their familiar association and the power they hold over them as a close friend. In this case the trustee should be a man who knows no friend in his obligation to the best interests of the town and to its people as a whole. Honesty is one of the main qualities to consider in a trustee—whether he will favor anybody or not. These are the requisites to be examined about a trustee before you vote for him, if you want to cast an honest ballot.

The office of marshal is the next most important in the order. An honest and law-abiding citizen demands a man to fill this position who will do his duty without hesitation toward preserving order and the morals of the town whenever occasion demands it without any evasion. It requires a man to advance the morals of the town who can be depended upon and who will not exercise favoritism.

The office of clerk and treasurer are not of any great considerable importance more than they require men who will attend to the business faithfully and carefully.

It is our duty as voters and an obligation we owe as honest men to the town's best interests to select out of the number that is up for choice the timber of the lot which is best fitted and qualified to govern the town's financial ship. Our nominating conventions have seen fit to put out straight tickets, but this is no sign one party can govern the town better than the other, but it has been demonstrated during the past few years by the present excellent financial condition of Culver City and the able manner in which her public finances have been managed that one party has just as good and able material in it for public office as the other, therefore it would be more to our credit as sensible citizens not to allow politics to cut any figure in the choice of men to fill our town offices. In towns the size of Culver City, where all the people's public interests are so closely connected in common, it is dangerous to the town's best interests for its citizens to divide up and fight each other. Our public interests concern one as much as the other, and what hurts one will hurt all alike, and therefore, it necessitates the Democrats working with the Republicans and vice versa to elevate and maintain the town's prosperity. Therefore, let us put our shoulders together as harmonious citizens and select the best of the timber there is in nomination to govern our town.

THE NEW YORK WORLD,

Three-a-Week Edition—18 Pages a Week.
156 Papers a Year.

A paper as useful to you as a great \$3 daily for only one dollar a year. Better than ever. ALL THE NEWS OF ALL THE WORLD ALL THE TIME. Accurate and fair to everybody. Democratic and for the people. Against trusts and all monopolies. Brilliant illustrations. Stories by great authors in every number. Splendid reading for women and other special departments of unusual interest.

It stands first among "weekly" papers in size, frequency of publication and freshness, variety and reliability of contents. It is practically a daily at the low price of a weekly; and its vast list of subscribers, extending to every state and territory in the Union and foreign countries, will vouch for the accuracy and fairness of its news columns.

We offer this unequalled newspaper and the HERALD together one year for \$1.75. The regular subscription price of the two papers is \$2.00.

Odd Fellow's Anniversary at Argos.

Argos, April 26, 1897.

At eleven o'clock the town of Argos was agreeably surprised to see so many Odd Fellows crowd its streets. The Argos hotel did a thriving business at dinner and supper time, serving 104 meals. The livery barn also had its share, taking care of about 50 rigs. The procession was in rank at two o'clock and marched about ten blocks in the town, about 350 members being in line of march, with two bands of music—Argos and Knox Lodges represented were: Maxinkuckee, Knox, Plymouth, Bourbon, Atwood, Rochester, Tiosa, Mentone, Akron, Center and Bloomingburg.

Sarber's hall was the next place to meet our gaze. This is a spacious room with seating capacity of about 400, with narrow inside stairs. This was filled to suffocation. Music greeted our ears from the orchestra. We were led in prayer by Rev. Samuel McNeely, an old veteran of Argos lodge. Opening ode was sung by the members of the order.

The Daughters of Rebekah, from Knox, came in a body and held their lodge in the I. O. O. F. building at night.

The address of welcome was delivered by Rev. Bro. W. F. Smith, who said that Odd Fellows should have a broad grin instead of a long face, to show their appreciation of visitors, and the lodge should spread like the Irishman's hen trying to cover as many eggs as possible.

Next was music by the orchestra, which was elegant.

Next called was H. G. Thayer, D. D., G. M., of Plymouth, which was highly elating to Odd Fellows and Daughters of Rebekah. In regard to the Old Folk's Home, which will be turned over to the Daughters of Rebekah for management about May 1 1897.

Owing to the lateness of our worthy speaker, J. B. Kenner, P. G. M. of Huntington, who arrived at 4:30, too late to be called as per program, the time being occupied by our worthy Bro. McCoy, formerly of Argos, who had been called on for a few remarks, which were to the point of Odd Fellowship. After a short speech, he gave way to his superior, Bro. Kenner, who arrived at this time, but was recalled by the audience until the brother could get ready to make his appearance.

Then Bro. Kenner grasped the situation and after relating a witty story, "as he is able to tell one," he tried to turn the goat loose by giving all the information he could to the outside world of Odd Fellowship. He delivered an elegant address in regard to its organization in Baltimore, Md., in 1819, by Thos. Wildey; also of the Daughters of Rebekah, by Colfax and O'Banks, in those gone by days of old. By this time the hour of five o'clock arrived and the people being tired and owing to the lateness of the hour, they began to disperse and were given a choice selection of music by the orchestra on their retreat.

They seemed to enjoy themselves as they went to the hotels and their homes. Others stayed to see the Argos Odd Fellow team in their elegant work at the K. of P. hall, their own hall being too small to accommodate the visitors. The lodge was opened at 7:30 p. m. and the hall was crowded, about 150 being present to witness the initiation of two candidates in the initiatory degree. The work was watched in profound silence after they found the goat, which seemed to have got away from the boys. This was caused by changing his place of abode; but they say, if we do not laugh about it, they will not let it get away again. The team came in and took their places after clothing themselves in their proper regalia, and did splendid work to the satisfaction of all present.

We were invited to come again and we think we will whenever the opportunity offers.

Quite a delegation with a band went to the Eric depot to receive the visitors from Plymouth, and only three came, and a committee of two went to the Nickle Plate to meet the Lod. e from Knox; it came 63 strong, 33 Odd Fellows, 12 Daughters of Rebekah and a band of 14 pieces.

Indiana was but three years old as a state when the Order of Odd Fellows was founded. Since that time the order has expended \$71,000,000 for the relief of its members. The order has independent grand lodges in the German empire, Australia, Denmark and Switzerland, and 66 grand lodges, 11,222 subordinate lodges, 54 grand encampments, 2,651 subordinate encampments, 63,219 lodge initiations last year, 852,629 lodge members, 132,857 encampment members, an aggregate relief of \$3,286,061, aggregate revenue of lodges and encampments of \$8,210,208, total membership of 968,880; members of the degree of Rebekah, 253,493.

A MEMBER.

A CASE OF HEAD-SPLITTING IN MARMONT.—It was luckily not fatal, but owing to the prompt use of Dr. Agnew's Headache Remedy all trouble was subdued in fifteen minutes. It is prompt, safe and efficient. Twelve doses for 25 cents. Culver City Drug Store

Bulk oat meal fresh, only two cents per pound at Meredith's. If you are in need of queensware, call and examine that mammoth stock at Meredith's. It is positively the finest display ever seen in this city. Learn prices and you will not go elsewhere.

Two years ago R. J. Warren, a druggist at Pleasant Brook, N. Y., bought a small supply of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. He sums up the result as follows: "At that time the goods were unknown in this section; to-day Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is a household word." It is the same in hundreds of communities. Wherever the good qualities of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy become known the people will have nothing else. For sale at Culver City Drug Store. may 1

Notice.

I have Pure Plymouth Rock Eggs at 30 cts for 15 eggs. White Brahma Eggs at 30 cts for 15 eggs. Anyone wanting any eggs should order at once as orders will be filled as received. DANIEL EASTERDA.

Self-Confidence

Is so much a matter of clothes that ill-fitting garments make cowards of us all. You can feel just as proud of yourself in our

L. C. Wachsmiths Guaranteed Suits

as though a swell tailor had charged you \$75 for it. The style is there, and the fit stays, because the clothes are made right.

Stylish Sack Suits,

Fancy Scotch Cheviot, new Wood Brown and Olive-Green Plaids, Checks and Mixtures, the very latest patterns, \$10 handsomely trimmed and tailored, \$15 would not be to high for them.

These are but few sample values. The store is full of good things. All We ask of you is to come and see them before you buy anything for Spring.

FIVE DOLLAR QUALITY IN A \$3.00 HAT.

You find it here in all the latest Blacks and Browns.

New 4-in-Hand Ties.

Specially choice selection of Silks, too. Took all could get of them, and hunted for more of equal beauty, but found them scarce at \$9.00 a doz. Come while they last.

LATEST PATTERNS IN \$4.00 Trousers

are in. We've been expecting them New Stripes and Checks.

Ball & Carabin,

WIDE-A-WAKE CLOTHIERS.

Plymouth, Ind.

500 PAIR
Babies
SHOES
10 to 40c
This Week.
PORTER & CO.

Facts are Forceful IN BUSINESS BUILDING.

Facts you demand of us; facts we shall give you. Money-saving facts, most of them. That's what makes them interesting. It's the ring of honesty in our ads that brings the people to our store. Investigation follows and wares are compared with the statements made of them, and, being found as represented, a pleased patron is the result.

Now we want to tell you that we sell Calico at 3c. per yd.; Apron Check Gingham at 3c. per yd.; 44 good 5c. Muslins at 3 1/2c. per yd.; good Cotton Crash at 3c. per yd.; Dress Plaids, 30 inches wide at 12 1/2c. per yd. and many other good bargains to be had of us this week.

The clothing fight which is going on at present has brought to us the notion of letting out some Dry Goods bargains, and whenever we open up our bargain battery, it sends forth the greatest bargains of them all. Special sales in all of our departments for this week. No place in Plymouth will give you such low prices on Dry Goods as we do. Call and be benefited.

Kloepfer's New York Store.

P. S.—Prices subject to change without notice.

The Public Demands it.

Owing to the great pressure that has been brought to bear on us by an over pleased public, we ascede to its demands and will continue our

Great Sacrifice Clothing Sale 30 Days.

Our prices during this sale has captured the public and we will sell all goods hereafter at 40c on the dollar. If you have not taken advantage of this opportunity, its the chance of a lifetime,

* * M. LAUER & SON,

Plymouth's Hustling Clothiers.

AN IMPORTANT CHANGE.

Beginning with JANUARY 1, 1897, you can get the

CULVER CITY HERALD

AND THE

Detroit Free Press,

Twice a week, both one year, for only

\$1.50 in Advance.

Less than 1c. per copy. Sample copies free.

FIRE, FIRE, FIRE.

Get insured before you have a fire. Notice the fine list of Insurance Companies represented right here in Culver City:

OHIO FARMERS,
INDIANA UNDERWRITERS,
PACIFIC.

GERMAN FIRE OF INDIANA
CITIZENS OF EVANSVILLE,
GIRARD,

MUTUAL LIFE OF NEW YORK.

Give me a call.

DAN G. WALTER, Culver, Ind.

CULVER CITY LOCALIZED.

And Put in Good Form for the Benefit of the Herald's Numerous Readers.

Attorney M. J. Winfield sojourned in Culver a few days this week.

The body of Washington Hemming arrived at Culver upon the 11:36 train from Kewanee. It was upon its way to North Union, Starke Co., where his parents reside, for burial. Consumption was the cause of this man's death.

On April 23, 24, 25 and 26 the Nickel Plate road will sell excursion tickets to New York to enable its patrons to attend the dedication of Grant's monument. Return limits May 5. Ask agents for time of trains and rates. 41-30

Elmer Zink, who resides near Plymouth, called upon his best girl, who lives at Maxinkuckee, Sunday evening. During the evening the horse conceived the idea that he had no fear of barbed wire fences, and suddenly, without the least compunction, jumped through one, and then turned around and jumped back again. The buggy was badly demolished and the horse cut in a terrible manner.

The Nickel Plate road offers tickets to New York city and return at excursion rates April 23 to 26. Inquire of agents of the Nickel Plate road for information. 41-32

Jacob Brucker, of Monterey, has taken the contract to build the pickle salting works at said place. The building will be 90x180 feet. The company is tearing down the buildings at this place and moving the material to another point, hence this enterprise in Culver is a thing of the past. Those immediately interested in the business say the company was wholly to blame, as under the rules and regulations no farmer could cultivate pickles without a loss, as they were assorted altogether too close; consequently there was no object in breaking your back picking pickles when only about half were received at the factory.

If you want, good lard, smoked ham, picnic ham, breakfast bacon, dried beef or bologna, go to Avery's grocery.

It is a fact that Kuhn & Son, of Plymouth, have rented the Cromley store room in the Cromley block and will open a clothing store in Culver in the near future. They intend to give our citizens great bargains.

Farmers, don't forget that I buy butter, eggs and chickens, and will sell you good groceries right. D. R.

If you want your wife to look ten years younger, or to secure "a dead inch" upon the affections of your best girl, call at Kleopfer's New York Store, Plymouth, and purchase one of those black silk skirts. They are the latest Paris styles and are extensively worn by the queens of society in that fashionable city. They cost only \$5.00. Cheap! Well, we should guess yes.

Born & Kamp have just finished five lumber wagons which are a credit to these gentlemen, as there is no wagon ever built with more skill and better material. Those wishing to purchase such an article will do well to give the boys a call.

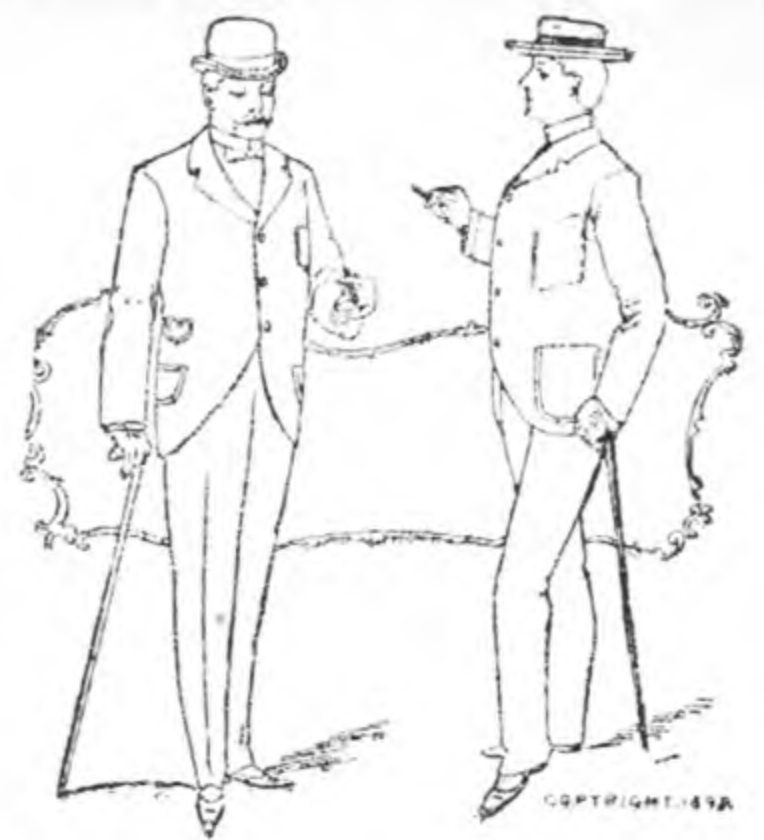
Special sale of spectacles at Kleopfer's every Friday. Glasses upon that day which are worth from \$3 to \$4 will go for \$1.25 and will cost other days \$1.50. He also has on hand a large number of those celebrated one dollar glasses.

South Bend District Ministerial Association, of the Methodist Episcopal Church will be held at Kewanee, Indiana, June 28, 29, 30, 1897.

Americans are the most inventive people on earth. To them have been issued nearly 600,000 patents, or more than one-third of all the patents issued in the world. No discovery of modern years has been of greater benefit to mankind than Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, or has done more to relieve pain and suffering. J. W. Vaughn, of Oakton, Ky., says: "I have used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in my family for several years, and find it to be the best medicine I ever used for cramps in the stomach and bowels. For sale at Culver City Drug store. may1



G * R * A * N * D



SPECIAL SALE!

OF FINE CLOTHING,
WEDNESDAY MAY 5, We will open in the Cromley Block, Culver, Ind., with an Elegant line of

READY TO WEAR CLOTHING

to be sold at Manufacturers Prices. An opportunity for you to buy High Grade Clothing at the Lowest Prices ever named for Reliable goods. No old or Shoddy Goods.



J. C. KUHN & SON.

ROOSTER.
To vote a Straight Ticket make a X within one circle and not elsewhere.

EAGLE.
To vote a Straight Ticket make a *X within one circle and not elsewhere.

Democratic Ticket.

- For Trustee 1st Ward,
- DANIEL G. WALTER.
- For Trustee 2nd Ward,
- ALBERT A. KEEN,
- For Treasurer,
- THOMAS E. SLATTERY.
- For Clerk,
- WILLIAM H. MATHEW.
- For Marshal,
- JOSHUA K. MAWHORTER.

Republican Ticket.

- For Trustee 1st Ward,
- ABRAHAM HAYES,
- For Trustee 2nd Ward,
- HENRY M. SPEYER.
- For Treasurer,
- HENRY J. MEREDITH,
- For Clerk,
- FRED L. CARL.
- For Marshal,
- DAVID H. SMITH.

GROCERIES.

I have the Freshest Stock of Groceries ever brought to Culver City, and we are selling them so cheaply that they do not have a chance to become stale. Our stock of Canned Goods is selected from the very best brands on the market.

QUEENSWARE.

I have on exhibition an immense line of Queensware of every style and pattern to select from. All going at hard-time prices.

STATIONERY.

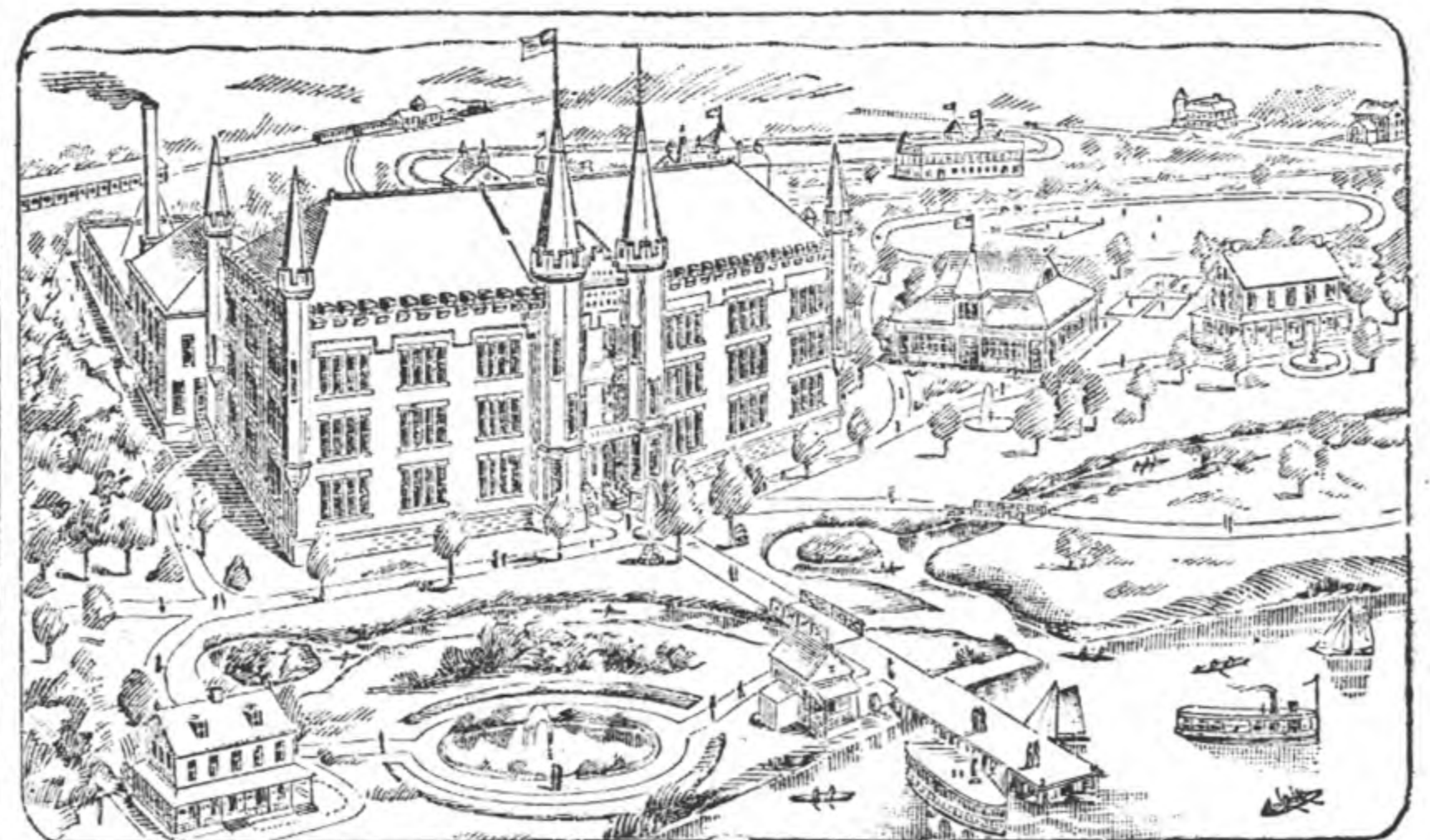
I have a fine lot of Fancy Stationery, Pencils, Pens, Inks, Writing Tabs, Etc., and when it comes to low prices we've got all kinds of 'em, too.

SMOKERS.

Users of Tobacco in any form know that we have the largest and finest assortment of Pipes, Tobaccos and Cigars, etc., ever shown in Culver City.

H. J. MEREDITH.

CULVER MILITARY ACADEMY



is situated on Lake Maxenkuckee, Indiana, in a beautiful park of 80 acres containing campus, fine course for cavalry practice, track for bicycle and sprinting races, lawn tennis and base ball grounds, gymnasium, (70x80 feet), six flowing artesian wells, etc. The lake is one of the most beautiful in the United States, covers an area of about 12 square miles, is wholly fed by springs, has a beautiful gently sloping beach, and is a most pleasant and popular summer resort, affording opportunity for all kinds of aquatic sports. The Academy and Dormitory building is complete in every particular, entirely new ABSOLUTE FIRE PROOF, finished in hard wood, heated by steam, lighted by electricity, has hot and cold water baths, lavatories, and all toilet conveniences. The course of study compares cadets for college, scientific schools, business, West Point or Annapolis. The Academy is under the supervision of a West Point graduate and ex-army officer of large experience in teaching, who will have direct control of the discipline of the cadets. For further information and catalogue address: Culver Military Academy, Culver, Ind.

CULVER CITY HARNESS STORE.

A good stock to select from. Heavy and Light HARNESS, NETS, HARNESS OIL AND AXLE GREASE.

Is the place to get your

Harness Goods

Live and Let Live, is my principle.

DUSTERS, HAMMOCKS, SWEAT PADS, BRUSHES, COMBS, TRUNKS, SATCHELS, WHIPS, LASHES, ETC.

Thanking you for your liberal patronage and desiring a continuance of the same. Goods as represented.

HAYDEN REA

MUST PAY FIVE CENTS

INDIANAPOLIS IS NOT TO HAVE 3-CENT FARE.

Judge Showalter Decides Law Unconstitutional—Injunction Is Granted—Statute Is Classified as Special Legislation, as It Applies Only to One City.

Low Fare Beaten. Judge Showalter of the United States Court, Chicago, has granted the injunction asked by the Citizens' Street Railway Company of Indianapolis against the enforcement of the 3-cent fare law. The effect will be a return to 5-cent fares. The Hugg law is declared to be unconstitutional, because it is special legislation, applying only to the city of Indianapolis. It is the opinion of the court that where proceedings in effect destructive of a vested property right are threatened by a defendant in official position, under color of a void statute, the preliminary injunction ought to issue. The suggestion by the Attorney General, the court says, that in any event this court ought not to consider the case made by this bill until the Supreme Court of Indiana has pronounced upon the specific enactment in contention, is one which the court had no right to entertain, and it is ordered that the injunction issue as prayed. The operation of the 3-cent fare law has ceased and the old 5-cent fare is now enforced. So far it is a clear victory for the Citizens' Street Railway Company.

TEA WILL HAVE TO BE GOOD.

Board of Experts Will Examine All Importations.

Under the recent act of Congress in relation to the importation of tea, the Treasury Department has found it necessary to issue new regulations, setting forth with great detail the proper treatment of the merchandise. No duty is exacted and the sole object of the act was the protection of the consumers from the sale of unwholesome and fraudulent teas. A board of tea experts selected by the Secretary has established a line of standard samples representing the various kinds and grades of admissible teas. Special tea examiners are stationed at New York, Chicago and San Francisco, by whom all imported teas will be compared with the standards and prohibited teas condemned. An appeal may be made by the importers to a board of three general appraisers, which board may procure expert assistance. Condemned teas must be exported within six months or they will be destroyed by the collector. Pending examination the tea will be stored under bond.

Turks Are Dismayed.

On Friday the Greek troops were reported successful all along the line. Believing that the powers would blockade Greece, the Turks left vast quantities of military stores and food supplies practically unprotected at several seaport towns, and King George's fleet bombarded, captured and destroyed them, thus cutting off Edhem Pasha's army from food. This is a fearful blow. The Turkish battery at Ligeria was destroyed and the Turks driven from Nezeros and Rapsari. At Larissa the Turks were quiet and nearly surrounded by Greek troops. Villages between Katerina and Veria and islands near Smyrna have risen in revolt, and Bulgaria and other Balkan States are likely to war with Turkey.

TORNADO IN KANSAS.

Three Persons Injured and House Wrecked Near Newton.

A small tornado near Newton, Kan., wrecked several houses, injuring three occupants, killed many cattle, uprooted orchards and groves and smashed thousands of panes of glass. The storm lasted only fifteen minutes. It struck William Apsley's residence and completely demolished it. The escape of the family was miraculous, the wife and children being hurled with a bed a distance of a quarter of a mile. A terrific hailstorm that immediately followed broke every pane of glass in the exposed side of buildings for a distance of two miles. The stones were exceedingly large, and banked up in big piles. Every skylight in the town was demolished.

Standing of the Clubs.

Following is the standing of the clubs in the National Baseball League:

Table with 2 columns: Club Name and Wins/Losses. Includes Philadelphia, Brooklyn, Baltimore, Cincinnati, Pittsburgh, Louisville, Cleveland, St. Louis, Chicago, New York, Washington, Boston.

Deboe to Be Senator.

At Frankfort, Ky., W. J. Deboe Friday night secured the nomination for United States Senator in the Republican caucus on the twenty-eighth ballot. The Kentucky Legislature has been in deadlock for several weeks, and charges of bribery have been freely made. Dr. Hunter, a candidate, has been indicted by the grand jury.

Loyal American Greeks.

One thousand loyal Greeks will sail from New York in a few days to join the forces now fighting against the Turks. The men are all ready and will sail as

VOORHEES DIED A POOR MAN.

When Retired from the Senate He Had but Little Money.

A Washington correspondent says that although, like a great many other men prominently in public life, Senator Voorhees had abundant opportunities to add to his possessions, his sense of personal honor and public integrity was so exalted that he put by chances which he might have availed of without opening the door to the least criticism. As a consequence when he retired from the Senate on March 4 last, broken in health and spirits, he had no more than a few hundred dollars. About a week before his death he said what he had would last him but a month or two, and it would be a relief if he knew he would be called from earth. At the very moment his warm and true friends were consummating an understanding by which he was to receive the appointment as a member of the Indian commission, of which ex-Senator Dawes of Massachusetts is chairman. The compensation is \$5,000 per annum, the duties light, and the place held at the pleasure of the President. Of course, no President would have disturbed Mr. Voorhees. Had he lived but two or three days longer his friends would have been in a condition to carry the good news to him.

GREEKS CAPTURE DAMASI.

After a Desperate Battle the Town Is Burned.

News came Tuesday that the Greeks, after a desperate battle, captured and burned Damasi. Another division of the Greek troops has traversed the Reveni pass and captured three blockhouses. Twenty thousand troops under Gen. Smolenitz displayed the greatest bravery. Reveni lies twelve miles northwest of Larissa. Edhem Pasha, with a force variously estimated at from 10,000 to 14,000 troops, led seven assaults against it, but all were repulsed by the Greeks. The capture of Damasi puts a new complexion upon the situation on the frontier. If the Turkish troops sweep down upon the plain and advance to Larissa to meet the force concentrated there under the Crown Prince, they will be between two grand divisions of the Greek army. This seems to have been the object of Greek strategy.

THE WAR IN THE EAST.

Fighting Severe, with Fortunes Favoring Both Turk and Greek.

Tuesday morning's news from the Eastern war was that the Sultan's soldiers were defeated at Reveni, the Greek forces had reached Damasi; two brigades had penetrated and were operating in the enemy's country, and that Edhem Pasha, Turkish commander-in-chief, had narrowly escaped capture. On the other hand, the Greeks had lost all the positions at Milouna. The Greek gunboats had completely destroyed the Turkish fortifications at Prevesa.

Brokers Greatly Excited.

At least three men are credited with having made more than \$100,000 each in wheat Monday. The closing Thursday was at 69 1/2 cents. Chicago Board of Trade men, and the people for whom they do business, went home and thought the matter over. Sunday they had a great mind to believe the price would rise. Friday had been a holiday. Sunday was another season of inactivity as far as trading was concerned. Then came the reports of a battle between the Turks and the Greeks, and the blood of the traders began to boil—not with indignation, but with a belief in a rising market. Monday morning when the trading began there was an instant advance of nearly 4 cents. So general was the belief in the demand for breadstuffs from abroad, so fully had the morning papers seconded the reports of war in the East, so much more certain did a general conflict prove that from the moment of opening there was an advance even over the remarkable bulge at the start. Cent after cent was added to the ruling price. The scene in the wheat pit on the Board of Trade was as wild as it has been in years. There was a clamor that simply electrified the galleries—and there was a crowd up there from the beginning, as if a premonition of great things had gone abroad. The advance was fought bitterly as bears could fight it. An advance of an eighth was the signal for the most frantic uproar. And when the opposing side succeeded in checking the advance a fraction of a cent, or in sending down the price a point, there was an even wilder demonstration. There was a time when a man could sell May wheat at 8 cents in advance upon the closing price Thursday. September wheat sold down to 7 1/4 cents. The lowest point reached by July wheat was 73 1/2c. At the opening, and for half an hour before, there was nothing but talk of war. It was fully believed that a war between Greece and Turkey meant a demand for grain. South America is shipping nothing. India is buying for her own people—and suffering famine then. Russia is the only exporting nation that has any surplus.

May Supplant Wheat.

The Agricultural Department is being importuned from all parts of the country for sugar beet seed. In view of the unsatisfactory prices received for staple crops during the last few years and the prospective increase in the duty on sugar, farmers in all sections of the Union evidently intend to experiment with sugar beet culture. Heretofore sugar beet growing has been confined almost exclusively to Nebraska, Kansas and California. The Agricultural Department has sent beet seeds this spring to about thirty States and territories. The demand comes from Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, the Dakotas, Texas, New Mexico, Iowa, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Tennessee, Kentucky and Virginia. There have also been requests from Pennsylvania and New York. A Nebraska sugar refining company donated five tons of beet seed to the department and the department purchased two tons additional. The supply is about exhausted, but the demand continues. If successful the industry probably will be developed in many of the States in which experiments are made this year, supplanting corn and wheat.

Norwood, Ont., Swept by Flames.

The town of Norwood, Ont., was nearly destroyed by fire Tuesday morning. Loss,

WOULD CURB DRIVER

PLAN FOR A SETTLEMENT OF THE MISSISSIPPI PROBLEM.

Representative Sayers Would Invite Assistance from All Competent Engineers—Ontario Hypnotist Defies a Sheriff—Landslide Sweeps a Camp.

Seeks Engineering Skill.

Representative Sayers of Texas, who was chairman of the Appropriations Committee in the last Democratic Congress and has had much experience in dealing with Government works, suggests a plan for a comprehensive settlement of the Mississippi river problem. Mr. Sayers would have the United States Government invite the engineers of the world to consider the problem of controlling the Mississippi river and to present plans for a permanent system so that the Government might adopt the ideas of the best engineering talent. For this purpose he suggests that a competition might be brought about by an offer of prizes, perhaps \$50,000 for the plan which should be considered best and \$25,000 for the second best—inducements sufficient to attract the most skillful engineers of the world, those who have dealt with such works as the Suez canal and the dykes of Holland. Notices of the competition would be published in the principal cities of Europe and India, Australia, Japan and every other country.

HAT TRIMMINGS CASE DECIDED.

Government Wins the Famous Suit with Importers.

The famous hat trimmings case, which involved between \$20,000,000 and \$25,000,000, which has been postponed from time to time for the last three years, was finally decided in favor of the Government by a jury in the United States Court at Philadelphia Tuesday afternoon. The suit was brought as a test case by Meyer & Dickinson, big importers of that city, who sought to recover from the United States a difference of 30 per cent in customs duties. The firm's contention was that the importations in question consisted solely of hat trimmings, on which the duty under the McKinley tariff act was only 20 per cent, but the Federal officials in their argument maintained that the merchandise was used chiefly for dresses and dress trimmings, and that the duty of 50 per cent levied by the Government was proper. Meyer & Dickinson were nominally the plaintiffs, but there were hundreds of big importing firms throughout the country who were interested in the outcome of the suit and who were instrumental in procuring the best obtainable counsel.

HYPNOTIST DEFIES SHERIFF.

Refuses to Take Up a Buried Subject at Simcoe, Ont.

At Simcoe, Ont., Prof. Ferris, hypnotist, placed a subject in a trance and buried him six feet under ground, there to remain three days. Sheriff Jackson and a posse of officers appeared on the scene as the grave was filled in and ordered Ferris to take the man out or suffer arrest. The professor refused, stating that he was violating no law. After consultation with the county attorney, the sheriff found he could take no action. The subject was supplied with air through a box. His face could be seen. It resembled that of a corpse, but had not the extreme pallor. There is a great deal of excitement over the case.

Nominated by President.

The President Tuesday sent to the Senate a long list of nominations, among which were several of importance, as follows: John A. Merritt of New York, to be third assistant postmaster general; Cornelius Van Cott, postmaster at New York City; James L. Davenport of New Hampshire, first deputy commissioner of pensions; Leverett M. Kelley of Illinois, second deputy commissioner of pensions; John P. Jackson, collector of customs for the district of San Francisco, Cal.; William Youngblood of Alabama, auditor of the Interior Department; William A. Jones of Wisconsin, commissioner of Indian affairs; Milton C. Phillips, attorney of the United States for the eastern district of Wisconsin.

Just a Pitiful Million.

The trial of the only remaining issue in the Fair case has been begun at San Francisco. Instead of a contest over the whole estate and a struggle for \$20,000,000, it is a fight for \$1,000,000, the case having narrowed down to a legal battle over the two pieces of real estate which Mrs. Nettie Craven says Senator Fair conveyed to her by pencil deeds a few weeks prior to his death.

115 Would Care for Him.

When the story of the jilting of Jacob R. Davis of Washington, N. J., was printed in the newspapers, it was appended by a statement that he was looking for a woman who would care for the home he had prepared. In one day Davis received thirty letters, and in all 115 messages from sympathetic females, who are willing to do what they can to make his life more bearable.

Snowslide Kills Five.

A bad snowslide occurred in Eagle River canyon, three miles west of Red Cliff, Colo. Frank Larsaloc and Ernest Kemp are dead and their bodies have been recovered, and it is supposed three more men are buried in the avalanche.

Saw Waterloo from a Treetop.

Mrs. Julia Zaszinski of Tacoma, Wash., 101 years old, saw the battle of Waterloo. She climbed a tree near her father's house, where she saw the last charge of the old guard and the closing act of the Napoleonic drama.

Waves Engulf an Entire Family.

Five lives have been lost in the flooded lands of Lake County, Tenn. A skiff was upset, causing the drowning of Jose Gans and his entire family, wife, two sons and

OPEN WAR DECLARED.

Greeks and Turks Meet in Deadly Conflict.

The forces of Greece and Turkey have met in relentless and bloody conflict. The boom of cannon and rattle of musketry are heard along the entire frontier. Many thousands of men engaged Saturday and Sunday in the awful contest and fought like demons. The fiercest battle occurred at Milouna Pass, where both sides lost heavily. Three Greek officers of high rank are among the killed, but a Turkish battery was taken by the Greeks. Diplomatic relations between the two nations are formally and completely severed. The Greek gunboats bombarded and reduced the forts Prevesa, and King George's troops held their own on land. Greek subjects at Constantinople will probably find safety at the American legation. Neither Greece nor Turkey actually declared war; but the Sultan officially announced that "war had broken out," thus seeking to throw the blame for actual commencement of hostilities upon the Greeks.

WEDDING ENDS A BLOODY FEUD.

Hatfield-McCoy Vendetta Is Declared Off After Fifteen Years.

The bloodiest feud that ever made life in the South uncertain has come to a close. The Hatfield-McCoy vendetta has been nullified by the marriage of Aaron Hatfield and Mary McCoy. Five dollars' worth of mountain hogs started this feud, which has cost more than a score of lives and the maiming of nearly a half hundred. Randolph McCoy accused Floyd Hatfield, brother of "Devil Anse," of stealing two hogs. A lawsuit followed, which McCoy lost. Then "Jonce" Hatfield enticed Rossanna McCoy away to live with him. The McCoy's captured him and turned him over to revenue officers. He was rescued by his relatives. Then in August, 1882, occurred the first killing, which brought on a 15 years' battle.

Wind on a Rampage.

A furious gale swept across Chicago Sunday from dawn to sundown, and made the day a season of fires, accidents and wholesale distress. Plate glass windows were blown in, signs were wrenched off and hurled into streets, bill boards were flattened, and the eyes of hundreds of pedestrians were filled with what felt like pieces of paving stone and telegraph pole splinters. The wind blew with a velocity of sixty-eight miles an hour. Fires added their share to the destruction. One blaze at Stony Island avenue and 79th street, driven by the wind, burned up property to the amount of \$136,000, injured five firemen, and startled the entire district. Three men were seriously injured by the falling of a great signboard from the south end of Siegel, Cooper & Co.'s building. The life saving crews were called upon once and again to rescue boats from sinking. Druggists and oculists were in demand on behalf of eyes burdened with bits of sand. Many buildings, considered substantial, rocked perceptibly in the gale. Charles Hammer, a towerman, was buried in the debris of a railroad tower house. He was found by the police with his skull fractured and unconscious from other serious injuries.

Seeks the Independence of Ireland.

An appeal has been issued from New York by the Irish National Alliance urging their fellow countrymen to unite under the auspices of that society. The alliance, it is claimed, does not seek to interfere with the individuality of any other organization or society, but merely to unite such bodies in one confederation with the sole aim of achieving absolute independence for Ireland.

Prominent Preacher Dead.

The Rev. Dr. James Brookes, pastor emeritus of the Washington and Compton Avenue Presbyterian Church, St. Louis, is dead of Bright's disease. He is as well known in England as in this country.

Held for Making Bad Coins.

Toby Willette and Henry Kaiser of Chicago were held to the Federal grand jury by Commissioner Humphrey, charged with making and passing counterfeit money.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$3.50 to \$5.75; hogs, shipping grades, \$3.00 to \$4.25; sheep, fair to choice, \$2.00 to \$5.50; wheat, No. 2 red, 73c to 74c; corn, No. 2, 24c to 25c; oats, No. 2, 17c to 18c; rye, No. 2, 35c to 37c; butter, choice creamery, 15c to 17c; eggs, fresh, 3c to 9c; potatoes, per bushel, 20c to 30c; broom corn, common growth to choice green hurl, \$25 to \$80 per ton. Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$5.25; hogs, choice light, \$3.00 to \$4.25; sheep, common to choice, \$3.00 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2, 89c to 91c; corn, No. 2 white, 24c to 25c; oats, No. 2 white, 22c to 23c. St. Louis—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$5.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.25; sheep, \$3.00 to \$5.25; wheat, No. 2, \$1.01 to \$1.03; corn, No. 2 yellow, 22c to 23c; oats, No. 2 white, 18c to 20c; rye, No. 2, 34c to 36c. Cincinnati—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$5.00; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.25; sheep, \$2.50 to \$5.25; wheat, No. 2, 92c to 94c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 26c to 27c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 20c to 22c; rye, No. 2, 37c to 39c. Detroit—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$5.25; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.50; sheep, \$2.00 to \$5.25; wheat, No. 2 red, 91c to 92c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 24c to 26c; oats, No. 2 white, 22c to 23c; rye, 36c to 37c. Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 red, 93c to 95c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 24c to 25c; oats, No. 2 white, 17c to 19c; rye, No. 2, 37c to 38c; clover seed, \$4.35 to \$4.45. Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 spring, 76c to 77c; corn, No. 3, 24c to 25c; oats, No. 2 white, 21c to 22c; barley, No. 2, 28c to 33c; rye, No. 2, 36c to 38c; pork, mess, \$8.25 to \$8.75. Buffalo—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$5.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.50; sheep, \$3.00 to \$5.50; wheat, No. 2 red, 91c to 92c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 27c to 29c; oats, No. 2 white, 23c to 24c. New York—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$5.50; hogs, \$3.50 to \$4.75; sheep, \$3.00 to \$5.50; wheat, No. 2 red, 85c to 86c; corn, No. 2, 31c to 32c; oats, No. 2 white, 22c to 24c; butter, creamery, 17c to 18c; eggs, West-

SENATE AND HOUSE.

WORK OF OUR NATIONAL LAWMAKERS.

A Week's Proceedings in the Halls of Congress—Important Measures Discussed and Acted Upon—An Impartial Resume of the Business.

The National Solons.

The Senate passed the Indian appropriation bill Monday. It is substantially the same as it passed the House, and can occasion little division save on the amendment opening the Uncompahgre Indian reservation. Resolutions of inquiry were agreed to asking the Secretary of State as to the operation of the reciprocity treaties made under the McKinley act. Mr. Vest introduced his resolution declaring illegal the recent order of the Secretary of the Treasury relative to imports arriving after April 1. After the executive session the Senate adjourned as a mark of respect to Representative Mulliken, deceased.

Senator Morgan's resolution declaring that a state of war exists in Cuba was discussed briefly in the Senate Tuesday and then went over for a week. The agricultural appropriation bill was passed without amendment. A resolution by Mr. Hoar was agreed to asking the Secretary of State for comprehensive information as to the machinery of government of all foreign nations with which we have diplomatic relations, the taxes or excises and methods of collection; imports and exports; method of aiding the merchant marine; discrimination against American merchant vessels; public indebtedness, etc. Another resolution by Mr. Cullom asked the Secretary of the Treasury for information as to the effect of the present internal revenue tax on the honest production of distilled spirits, to what extent illicit distillation had occurred, and all further information that will aid in protecting the Government against frauds. The resolution went over after a brief discussion. The House was not in session.

Senator Mason, of Illinois, made his maiden speech in the Senate Wednesday and signaled it by some breezy criticism on the rules of the Senate. It was such a variation from the prosy debate of recent days that the Senator was accorded close attention and twice received the hearty applause of crowded galleries. Mr. Hoar, of Massachusetts, replied briefly, pointing out that the other branch of Congress was more open to criticism than the Senate. He was in accord with Mr. Mason, however, on the need of new rules. A vote was taken on Mr. Gorman's motion to refer the Mason resolution to the Rules Committee, which prevailed—yeas, 32; nays, 24. Most of the day was given to the bankruptcy bill. The House, after a ten-minute session, adjourned one day out of respect to the late Representative Milliken, of Maine.

The session of the Senate Thursday opened with a proposition for an official expression of sympathy to the Greeks in their struggle with Turkey. This was soon merged into a turbulent debate over the disorganized state of the Senate. Later in the day the Nelson bankruptcy bill was passed by the decisive vote of 49 to 8. The bankruptcy bill as passed is the substitute framed by Mr. Nelson of Minnesota. The "free homestead bill" was then taken up. Mr. Morgan offered an amendment providing that all public lands not taken up by public entry by Jan. 1, 1900, shall be granted to the States and Territories where the lands are located for dedication purposes. The homestead bill was made the unfinished business and then laid aside. At 4 o'clock a message from the House announced the death of Representative Holman. Mr. Turpie of Indiana presented a resolution voicing the regret with which the announcement was received and providing for a committee of five Senators to accompany the remains. The resolution was agreed to. The presiding officer named Senators Turpie, Fairbanks, Spooner, Kyle and Rawlins as the committee. The Senate adjourned to Monday. The House did nothing of importance.

The House Friday completed the consideration of the Senate amendments to the Indian appropriation bill and sent the bill to conference. The main contention centered about the Senate proposition to open the Uncompahgre Indian reservation under the mineral land laws. Finally an amendment was recommended to the effect that no corporation should be allowed to obtain possession of these gilsonite deposits, but that the Government should lease the lands in limited areas and for limited terms of years. The Senate amendment striking from the House bill the provision for the ratification of the oil and gas leases made by the council of the Seneca Indians last December was disagreed to. A resolution was adopted by which a committee of twenty-five was appointed to attend the dedication of the Grant tomb in New York on Tuesday, and the House agreed to a program of three-day adjournments.

J. B. ANGELL GOES TO TURKEY.

President of Michigan University Is Appointed Minister.

Dr. James B. Angell, president of the University of Michigan, who has been appointed American minister to Turkey, was born in Scituate, R. I., and comes of old colonial stock. Thomas Angell, his ancestor, went from Massachusetts to Rhode Island with Roger Williams, and was one of the founders of a colony which became historical. Dr. Angell entered Brown University in 1845 and graduated five years later. He was called to the chair of modern languages in 1851, and held the position for seven years. Later he resigned to assume control of the Providence Journal, and retained it until 1866, when he accepted the position of president of the University of Vermont. In 1871 he was placed at the head of the University of Michigan. In 1879 he was appointed minister plenipotentiary to China to secure ratification of the Berlin-China treaty.

TURKS ARE DISMAYED

CONTINUED SUCCESS OF THE GREEK TROOPS REPORTED.

Turkish Battery at Ligeria Destroyed and Turks Driven from Nezeros and Rapsari—Greek Fleet Destroys Vast Quantities of Ottoman Stores.

Edhem Pasha Recalled.

Crown Prince Constantine has stirred Athens to a high pitch of enthusiasm over his reports to King George of Greek successes everywhere in Thessaly. The Hellenic troops, under the crown prince, have destroyed the Turkish battery at Ligeria. The Moslems have retired from Nezeros and Rapsari and are appalled by the destruction of all their stores at Katerina and Lithochorion. From Salonica comes the news that after a fierce battle the Greeks occupied Karya, a small fortified town near Milouna Pass. Osman Pasha has succeeded Edhem Pasha as commander-in-chief of the Turkish armies. Edhem Pasha has been recalled by the sultan and the hero of Plevna will try to rally the Moslem troops, who, it is conceded, even at Constantinople, have been outfought at all points by the Hellenes.

At Constantinople the situation is regarded as serious, and the recall of Edhem Pasha is taken to be a rebuke to that general for the manner in which Crown Prince Constantine has apparently outgeneraled him in all moves made on the Thessalian border since the first skirmish at Milouna Pass. Ahmed Hifzi Pasha

The citadel of Prevesa is reported to have withstood the furious bombardment of the Greek ships, but it is said the town is almost wholly destroyed. The Eastern Greek fleet, after bombarding Katrina on the Gulf of Salonica and reducing the town, landed a detachment and captured an immense quantity of stores, including provisions and ammunition destined for the use of Edhem Pasha's armies.

Greek troops have forced the inhabitants to abandon Kafia and Kosnizadeson, two fortified Turkish towns. The people fled in terror when the cannonading began, and were forced to leave all their possessions for the victorious Greeks. Terrific fighting is reported from Arta, where the Turks suffered repulses constantly while attempting to cross the bridge into the town. The Moslems were met at each onslaught by rifle volleys and were forced back in disorder. Again and again, under cover of heavy cannon fire, they tried to cross the bridge, but could proceed no farther than the center.

Finally, in one assault, the Turkish commander was killed, and his men fell back in confusion, and made no more attempts to carry the bridge. Then the Turkish cannon were silenced. Athens advices say that the excitement there over the Greek successes everywhere is intense, and reports from Volo say that even women there are arming themselves to do battle with the Turks.

FRUIT INJURED BY FROST.

Reports Indicate that the Crop Has Suffered Severely.

Unseasonably cold weather during the last three days has created the gravest fears among the fruit growers in many

PRINCE CONSTANTINE, COMMANDER OF THE GREEK FORCES.



Prince Constantine, the heir apparent to the Grecian throne, is winning the warmest applause from the Grecian people by his gallant conduct in the present war. He is in command of the main army and is threatening the Turks with all sorts of disaster. Constantine was always popular with the Hellenes. He is 29 years old, Grecian born, and is an ardent follower of the religion of the country. When he became of age in 1880 he married Princess Sophia of Russia, who is very patriotic and greatly beloved by the people. Constantine and his wife are very democratic. Princess Sophia goes about Athens unattended, and is distinguished in no way, outwardly, from any other lady in the town. Prince Constantine conducts himself with much freedom from ostentation, and if the Greeks had their way these two with their ancient names would be king and queen. Constantine went to school in Europe and had the benefit of the best military training that could be had in the big war camps of the continent.

also has been recalled from Zamiá, and Saas Edin Pasha has left Constantinople to relieve him in command of the Turkish troops at that point.

More Troops Forwarded.

Seventy-two new battalions of Turkish soldiers—50,400 men—have been mustered in from the army reserves and prepared for instant service. Greece, too, has summoned all her landwehr, or militia, and will send them to Thessaly at once. Heavy fighting continues all along the border from Arta to Platamona. Everywhere

sections of the country. Through Illinois and Indiana and the southern part of Wisconsin the cold has been especially severe, and the reports are anything but reassuring. The records of the weather department show that Tuesday's temperature was 14 degrees below the average for April, and that last Monday was 18 degrees colder than the normal.

C. E. Linney, superintendent of the weather and crop service report for the Chicago district, sent out a bulletin which takes a cheerful look at the situation. He is inclined to the belief that the fruit buds in Illinois are not far enough advanced to be hurt by the cold weather. The news from the vicinity of Joliet is not encouraging to the fruit interests, the severe cold weather having killed most of the fruit and berry buds in that section, according to the reports.

In some sections of northern Indiana, notably in DeKalb County, the mercury registered 16 degrees above zero Monday night, and great injury resulted to fruit and vegetables. The heaviest damage was inflicted in the southern sections of Indiana, where the fruit was farthest advanced, and in the great fruit belt which includes the counties along the Ohio river and extends north for fifty miles. It is estimated that nearly all the fruit in this section is killed, but time may prove that this estimate is incorrect.

Alphonse Bertillon of France, who invented the Bertillon system of measuring convicts, advocates the exemption from direct taxation of every family in which there are three children, and the imposition of an extra tax of 20 per cent upon all those not thus provided, preventing the treasury from losing any part of the present revenue and at the same time establishing a distinction between men to whom the nation's interest are dear and men who consider them not at all.

Earnings of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul for the second week in April aggregated \$462,042, as compared with \$548,395 for the corresponding week of last year, a decrease of \$86,343.



EDHEM PASHA.

the Greeks appear to have been victorious or else to have held their ground against the Turkish attacks.

Santi Quaranta has been reduced by the Greek squadron, which abandoned the bombardment of Prevesa and went to the former place, opening fire at once on the Turkish blockhouse there. Later the squadron returned to Corfu, having on board eighty Christian refugees taken from Santi Quaranta, which was destroyed and the Turkish stores there burned.

OPENING OF THE BASE-BALL SEASON

THURSDAY afternoon twelve teams of the National League began the sixth annual season of the National League and American Association of the Professional Baseball Clubs. That the season will be a remarkable one is beyond all argument. At this time of the year the magnates begin to judge of the interest that is being shown in the game, and all of them figure on the profits of the year that is to come. The coming season is expected to be one of the best.

There is no doubt that interest will be general in the national game this season. To begin with, the race of the twelve clubs of the league promises to be as close as in any of the past seasons before the Baltimore team to be the best club in the league. The baseball public wants to see the Baltimore team beaten, and if any of the other clubs can accomplish that end there will be more enthusiasm all along the line than for several seasons. There is some talk that this club or that one will make the tail end of the league, but from all the cities of the league that are spoken of as being factors for the last place there comes the talk that the team has been more than strengthened, and that last place will be the farthest thing that can be obtained by the team. Even Louisville, relegated for a long time to last place in the bitter race, has said that it will be better this year than in past seasons, and that some other team will have the disgrace of being in last position this time. There is not a little in the claims of the Louisville team, and a strong possibility that the hopes of the rooters for the "Colonels" may be realized. Captain Anson's team is undoubtedly better than it has been for a number of years.

It occupied a prominent position at the close of the league race of 1896, and if all the indications go for anything this season it is probable that the Colts will be far better off than they were at the close of last season.

While the season of 1896 was one of the most unsatisfactory from the playing standpoint of any that has been played, it was nevertheless one of the best the clubs have had since the start of the present combined league. All of the teams made a little money, some making quite a sum, enough, in fact, to recoup them for the losses of the previous seasons. The season really opened Monday with a game in Boston, the home team of that place playing the Philadelphia, but the general opening was on Thursday, when the following games were decided: Chicago at Cincinnati, Clevealands at Louisville, Pittsburg at St. Louis, New Yorks at Philadelphia, Bostons at Baltimore, Brooklynns at Washington.

There can be little question that the three-time winners of the championship pennant will make even a stronger bid for the flag this season than they have in the past. This conclusion can be easily reached by any one who is familiar with the men and the general workings of the team itself while on the field. The team can readily stand dissecting in any of the numerous points that go to make up a championship lot of players and stand the ordeal without flinching. Not only are the players of the highest grade possible to obtain, but they have behind them a cunning and careful manager, who is ever ready to take advantage of any circumstance that will be of benefit to the team.

HOLMAN OF INDIANA DEAD.

Representative Passes Away in Washington Thursday Afternoon.

Representative Holman of Indiana died at his home in Washington at 2:05 o'clock Thursday afternoon, after an illness of several weeks. Spinal meningitis was the cause of death.

William Steele Holman's public life began the very year he became of age. Born at a pioneer homestead called Verastan, in Dearborn County, Indiana, Sept. 6, 1822, he became a judge of the probate court in 1843, and continued as such until 1846. Previous to this he had received a common school education, followed by two years at Franklin College, Indiana, and had studied and practiced law. After leaving the bench he was elected prosecuting attorney, and filled the position from 1847 to 1849. He was a member of the convention of 1850 which framed the present constitution of the State of In-



WILLIAM S. HOLMAN.

diana, then a member of the State Legislature. He was next elected judge of the court of common pleas of the district embracing his county, and occupied the bench from 1852 to 1856. His congressional career began with his election to the House of Representatives in 1858. With three exceptions, he has been elected to that body biennially ever since.

Judge Holman was one of the most efficient and trusted of the Democratic leaders. His wisdom, prudence, sagacity and fearlessness proved a power of strength to his party and to the country in many a fierce political battle. His name became synonymous with the watchwords "economy and frugality" in government expenditures. To him more than to any other individual legislator are the American people indebted for the upbuilding and perfection of the homestead system, which proved a blessing to settlers and a magic wand for the opening and quickening of the great West. Probably, also, no other member of Congress, in either branch, was so thoroughly versed in all the statutes of the United States, or so familiar with the circumstances of their enactment and the effects of their operation. He was particularly master of all questions, great and small, connected with our public domain, Indians and with the thousand ramifications of the Government service. He married Miss Abigail Knapp while he was studying law in 1842.

CROP AND WEATHER BULLETIN.

Reports Received at Chicago Signal Service Bureau.

The following reports as to the condition of the crops throughout the country, and the general effect of the weather on the cultivation of the same have been made by the directors of the several climate and crop sections. The reports received at Chicago were as follows:

Illinois—Cool, cloudy week, with less rainfall than previous week; land drying slowly; plowing more general; oats and spring wheat seeding continue, also gardening and potato planting. Early sown oats are rotting in few cases; winter wheat unimproved and few fields will remain; grasses advancing; roadways gradually improving. Fruits are in blossom in southern section.

Wisconsin—Week very unfavorable for farm work. Frequent rains during early part of week and heavy storm on Thursday and Friday. Vegetation made little progress. Warm, dry weather needed. Little seeding done. No improvement in

winter wheat; rye generally fair; clover badly winter killed.

Missouri—Week favorable for work, but too cold for growth of vegetation. Some strawberries killed by frosts, otherwise but little damage. Except in northern counties oats sowing well along and corn planting commenced. Some cotton planted in southeast. Wheat, grasses and oats doing well considering the low temperature.

Iowa—Temperature unseasonably low, but since 15th drying winds and sunshine greatly improved condition of soil and good progress made with seeding. Farm operations now rapidly pushed in all districts. No damage reported from freezing.

Indiana—Cool, cloudy weather and occasional frost delayed plowing, seeding and gardening. Wheat and grass improved little and slowly. Rye, clover and timothy in good condition. Fruit apparently still safe.

Ohio—Cool, cloudy and rainy weather retarded plowing and planting. Wheat, rye, meadows and pastures made some progress, but other vegetation is backward. Some oats rotting. Clover and timothy looking well. Gardens are slow. None of the fruit thought to have been seriously affected by the low temperature that prevailed.

Michigan—Wet weather has caused continued delay in plowing and seeding and very little such work accomplished. Few oats sown and some plowing for corn started. Winter wheat and rye and meadows continue to improve and look generally good. All fruit buds except peaches look promising.

ITALY'S KING IN PERIL.

Attempt Made to Stab Humbert with a Dagger at Rome.

An attempt was made Thursday to assassinate the King of Italy. In the afternoon, while King Humbert was on his way to the races, a man named Pietro Acciarito, an iron worker out of employment, attempted to stab his majesty with



KING HUMBERT.

a dagger. The man was seized before he could carry out his purpose, and the king proceeded to the Campanile race course, seemingly unmoved. On arriving at the race course his majesty was greatly cheered. Acciarito appears to be a political fanatic. He says he has no accomplices.

TURKEY AND GREECE.

War Footing of the Two Contending Nations Compared.

ARMIES.		Turkey.	Greece.
Guns	.....	612	.....
Horses	.....	30,000	.....
Officers	.....	9,512	3,400
Non-com. officers and men.	.....	192,615	21,950
First Reserve	.....	320,000	62,300
Second Reserve	.....	400,000	125,000
Total war footing	.....	922,127	215,770
NAVIES.		Turkey.	Greece.
Battleships	.....	1	.....
Port defense	.....	7	2
First-class cruisers	.....	10	3
Second-class cruisers	.....	2	.....
Third-class cruisers (A)	.....	31	.....
Third-class cruisers (B)	.....	38	17
Torpedo craft, first-class	.....	30	11
Torpedo craft, second-class	.....	7	6
Total vessels	.....	126	42

Surface and elevated cars will be permitted to operate their lines over the Brooklyn bridge, the companies to pay a fixed sum on each passenger transported.

INDIANA INCIDENTS.

RECORD OF EVENTS OF THE PAST WEEK.

Students at Terre Haute Normal School in Need of Restraint—Mysterious Disappearance of Rev. A. L. Case from Tekonsha.

Young Woman Expelled for Theft.

A young woman student at the State Normal School at Terre Haute has been expelled for stealing. For some weeks there have been complaints of thefts from the women students' cloak rooms. This young woman was caught in the act, but it is not thought she is the only one who has been guilty, and orders have been issued that no one is to enter the cloak rooms during recitation hours unless accompanied by some of the school authorities. The faculty also promulgated a rule that cheating in examinations, visiting saloons, card playing for money, or drinking intoxicating liquor will result in expulsion. The recent disciplinary action in regard to a little game of draw five young men indulged in at the room of one of their number was the occasion for the special warning about gambling or drinking. It is also ordered that tobacco is not to be used on the school premises. There are 1,317 students in attendance on the present term, the largest number in the history of the school, and President Parsons says it would be remarkable if there should not be in that number some who need such discipline as proposed in the rules just promulgated.

Hat and Handkerchiefs Found.

The first tangible clue to the whereabouts of Rev. A. L. Case, who disappeared from his home in Tekonsha a few days ago, was discovered Saturday, when two hunters found in the woods near Tekonsha a hat and two handkerchiefs belonging to the missing man. Both of the handkerchiefs are apparently stained with blood and will be subjected to a microscopical examination. The finding of the hat and the handkerchiefs have strengthened the theory of foul play and startling developments are expected. It was reported that the relations between Mr. Case and his family were not of a peaceful nature, but these reports are denied by those directly interested, who refuse to believe the missing man is remaining away voluntarily.

All Over the State.

William Splitstizer of North Judson fell from a wagon and broke his neck.

Charles Walters is in jail at Martinsville, accused of forging W. H. Wooden's name to a note in payment for a horse.

Now that the Indiana Legislature has succeeded in enforcing 3-cent fares in the city of Indianapolis, it is quite capable of continuing its fiendish work to the point of demanding adequate service, civility on the part of employes and some other concessions which no reasonable community expects to receive this side of the millennium.

In the construction of the Fulton County court house the sub-contractor for the basement put in a claim for \$20,000 for "extras," and the commissioners submitted the matter to arbitration, and after a hearing allowed \$18,000. A citizen sought to enjoin the commissioners from paying the money, and the Supreme Court held that the allowance was illegally made. The court holds that boards of county commissioners have no power to submit disputes to arbitration.

A \$50,000 blaze Wednesday wiped out a section of stores in the heart of Crawfordsville. It started from an unknown cause in W. Frobb's grocery store, which was destroyed, as were A. Champion's photographic establishment and Frank Smith's tailor shop. The First National Bank, Dunn's drug store, Fisher's novelty store, Perkins' barber shop and Steele's drug store all suffered heavily from water and smoke. There was \$30,000 insurance, divided among a dozen companies.

Four masked men visited the farm of August Anderson Wednesday morning, near Laporte, bound and gagged Anderson and his grown son and then tore the bed sheets into pieces to gag the wife. By standing over the victims with cocked revolvers and threatening to burn the house and cremate them the robbers forced a confession as to the hiding place of their money. Forty dollars was secured, after which the robbers took horses from the barn, but were forced to abandon the animals owing to their balkiness.

President Mason of the Citizens' Street Railway Company at Indianapolis is prepared to compromise with the city all the questions in controversy between it and the company, and said that there is nothing now in the way of a fair and equitable adjustment of all the trouble. The Supreme Court of the United States having decided that the city company has no rights in the street, President Mason says that all obstacles to a settlement are removed, and his company is prepared to offer terms that will adjust the whole controversy. The city authorities decline to discuss the question, but believe that they have the company on the hip.

Unseasonably cold weather has created the gravest fears among the fruit growers in this section of the country. Through Illinois and Indiana and the southern part of Wisconsin the cold has been especially severe, and the reports are anything but reassuring. The records of the weather department show that the temperature was 14 degrees below the average for April. C. E. Linney, superintendent of the weather and crop service report, sent out a bulletin which takes a cheerful look at the situation. He is inclined to the belief that the fruit buds in Illinois are not far enough advanced to be hurt by the cold weather. The heaviest damage was inflicted in the southern section of Indiana, where the fruit was farthest advanced, and in the great fruit belt which includes the counties along the Ohio river and extends north for fifty miles. It is estimated that nearly all the fruit in this section is killed, but time may prove that this estimate is incorrect.

