

THE CULVER CITY HERALD.

At Lake Maxenkuckee.

VOL. IV.

CULVER CITY, INDIANA. FRIDAY, AUGUST 13, 1897.

NO. 6

You Can Take It Easy

When you come here to buy your clothing. You have our guarantee that everything is just as represented or your money back. We carry only goods that we can recommend. We can give you the best things out in

HATS!

—but just now we offer special inducements in STRAW GOODS to close. Straw Goods—all shapes, all grades, all sizes.

AT COST WHILE THEY LAST.

J. C. Kuhn & Son.

PLYMOUTH.

Grand Ball at the Bay View Hotel.

Saturday evening this popular hostler was brilliantly illuminated with resplendent beauty and fascinating gorgeousness. The interior being beautifully decorated with drapery of various colors, while the lawn shone like diamonds in the moonlight, as scores of lanterns were hung beneath the trees all along the lake front. The occasion was a grand ball given by the upper ten society of the lake. The celebrated Peru Orchestra furnished the music, which was greatly appreciated by those present, who love to trip the light fantastic. The interior of the ball-room was handsomely decorated with evergreen, flowers, corn stalks etc. About 200 guests were present, and the ladies, the charming ladies, were dressed in a most exquisite manner, and looked like a bevy of fairies as they flitted here and there upon the spacious grounds, and while whirling in the dazy waltz with their partners in the ball room, reminded us of "Cleopatra," whose beauty caused kings to go mad, and the people of her dominion to fall at her feet. In truth it was a most successful affair, and placed another feather in the cap of the manager of this house.

Our Public School.

The School Board met Monday evening, and after due deliberation decided that the next term of school should commence Monday September 13th, and that the term should be seven and one-half months. A four years high school course was also adopted. Following are the teachers for the ensuing year: Irving S. Hahn, Principal. Wm. Mathew, grammar department. Edith Scheuerman, second primary. Lizzie Scheuerman, first primary. Mr. Hahn the new principal is a most exemplary young man, and a christian gentleman in every sense of the word. He has been an efficient teacher in the Bremen schools a number of years, and for the past two years assistant principal. He comes to us well recommended as a disciplinarian of rare merit, and an instructor of wide experience. Wm. Mathew, as every teacher in the county will acknowledge, is a living encyclopedia in every study in his department, and a man of great experience as an instructor and disciplinarian. The lady teachers also rank high as teachers of experience in the primary department, and we congratulate the board upon its careful selection.

At the quarterly conference Monday, by a unanimous vote, Rev. Howard was requested to return to Culver another year.

That Excursion.

Last Sunday the Elk Band of Logansport, ran an excursion to this city, and although the crowd was not very extensive, it was very enthusiastic in praise of the lake and its surroundings. The band, although not up to date musicians, as compared with the Peru band, rendered some very excellent selections during the day. Quite a number of prominent citizens of Logansport were present, the most conspicuous person being Major McFadden, the Mexican war veteran, statesman and diplomat. While here he favored the editor and other friends with a personal call.

A Grand Banquet.

Monday evening a select party, numbering about 60, gathered at Kreuzberger Park pavillion and gave a banquet in honor of Mrs. Richard Talbot and Mrs. Dr. Hoovey, of Indianapolis. A banquet was spread fit for ye gods, interspersed with fine wines, champagne etc., and many were the toasts given by those present. A celebrated mandolin club furnished music for the occasion, while a gle club furnished excellent vocal music. All in all, the affair will long be remembered by the participants.

Potatoes.

"Potatoes will be potatoes this fall," said a farmer in this township, the other day, and there are several reasons for it. One reason is that the low price and large acreage for years past have had the effect of greatly reducing the acreage. Potatoes planted in low, wet ground rotted during the cold, wet weather; those planted on high ground died out while the dry spell lasted. Those who did not have good patches when the harvest's busy season began generally neglected them during harvesting, and when they looked at their patches a few days later in most cases found but little left except badly eaten stalks. A great many patches in my vicinity were practically destroyed and in this is only one neighborhood. I've got some good potatoes, but have worked hard for them. Just watch the price this fall and look at it now.

Hayden Rea, Culver City's famous dealer in harness-ware was at Eagle Lake Sunday. He says that so far as lakes are concerned, it cannot compare with our own Lake Maxenkuckee. While there he heard one of America's most eloquent divines, Dr. N. D. Hillis, of Chicago, subject: "What makes a man of value to society." A large audience was deeply interested.

FREIGHT CARS WRECKED.

On the Vandalia. A Mans Leg Crushed and Broken.

Last Sunday several freight cars were wrecked at Hibbard owing to the displacement of switch upon the Vandalia line. The wrecking crew from Logansport arrived upon the scene and proceeded to place the wrecked cars in a position for removal. While the workmen were busy, a car containing heavy trucks was being backed, it stopped suddenly, causing the trucks to move forward with sudden velocity, catching a man by the name of Daniel Denehy, who was standing against a derrick post, crushing the large bone in the right leg. Dr. Wiseman, the company's surgeon was immediately summoned, who adjusted the fracture and applied necessary dressing. The injured man, accompanied by the doctor, was taken to Logansport upon the 1:15 p. m. train Monday and placed in the St. Joseph hospital.

Fourth Quarterly Conference at M. E. Church.

Last Sunday evening the 4th quarterly conference was held at the M. E. church in this city and those failing to be present missed a rare treat so far as truly interesting services are concerned. The exercises were opened by singing and prayer, followed by a solo rendered by Prof. Moore, of Logansport, whose thoroughly cultivated voice, which was exceedingly sweet and pathetic, sent a thrill of sublime thoughts through the hearts of his hearers. Rev. Dr. Brooks, of Rochester, Ind., was the one chosen to deliver the sermon upon the occasion, which was grand and uplifting in thoughts and sentiments. He especially appealed to those present to consecrate their lives anew to Christ, and not only in fact, but in deed, prove to the world that they were the followers of the "Meek and lowly master." After the sermon, communion services were observed, Rev. Brooks having same in charge, assisted by that eminent young divine, Rev. U. G. Sholtz, of Liters Ford. The members of the Reformed church joined with the M. E. members in partaking of communion, which united, made a large number of partakers of this sacred ordinance. The meeting closed with a solo by Prof. Moore, when the doxology was sung by the choir and audience, and the Lord's prayer in concert, then the benediction by Rev. Brooks.

Brought up on a Short Turn While on the War Path.

Last Sunday a young man and young lady came to our beautiful resort upon the excursion. Like the rest of humanity upon that occasion, they at once commenced to take in the sights, and to a casual observer, nothing would occur to mar their pleasure, and that they would return home and for months after dream of the beauties of Lake Maxenkuckee. But about five o'clock p. m., those right near the depot were startled nearly out of a year's growth by seeing the young man with the woman suddenly draw a razor and with fiendish yells, proclaim that he would cut the g—dm—heart out of the son-of-a-gun who had grossly and with malice aforethought insulted his wife. Just as it looked as though the frantic and awfully maddened Logansportite was going to carry out his threat, marshal Smith and deputy Alex. Dinsmore appeared upon the scene and placed the men under arrest, who were brought before Esq. Morris and fined for disturbing the peace and frightening the peaceful citizens of Culver half to death. It is needless to say that when the young men fell into the stern arms of the law and after their fines were paid, that they returned home sadder but wiser men. This is a move in the right direction. If a man, or set of men come to this place and creates a disturbance, ar-

rest them and assess a fine. Such a course is the only true method of maintaining the peace and dignity of the place, and then it will increase the school fund. Our justice should fine, and our marshal arrest, and they will receive the highest encomiums from our citizens.

CULVER CITY LOCALIZED

And Put in Good Form for the Benefit of the Herald's Numerous Readers.

Irving Hahn, of Bremen, was in town Monday and Tuesday.

A number of citizens from Lafayette and Elwood are guests at Hotel De Gandy.

Bert Miller, the tonsorial artist at Burr Oak, is quite ill.

Fred Davis, with J. D. Ferguson & Jenks, gents clothiers, of Logansport, is a guest at the Lake View.

Chas. Osgood, a son-in-law of Capt. Crook, and family, are in town visiting Mr Crook. Oliver is immensely proud of his grandchild which is about three months old. We were wondering what made the captain wear a broader smile than usual, of late.

Miss Myrtle and Master Floyd Nearpass, left for Kingsville, Ohio, Tuesday morning, where they will visit relatives two or three weeks.

The livery stables are doing a rushing business. There are no better livery establishments in northern Indiana. The horses and vehicles are first class. Give them a call.

Mr. Con Bonacker, a former tonsorial artist of South Bend, has located in this city and his parlors can be found in the basement of the Osborn block. He comes well recommended and should receive a liberal patronage. His family will arrive in a short time.

Mr. Thos. Harris made Logansport a business visit Tuesday and South Bend a similar visit Thursday. He says his business is improving, another evidence that prosperity is slowly and surely dawning.

Henry Born visited his grandparents at Mishawaka, the latter part of last week, being the first time he had seen them in 15 years. The old gentleman is 86 years and the old lady 72, both being hale and hearty.

L. Burkett, Wm. Foss, Geo. Filer and Chas. Spangler left for North Dakota, Monday, where they will do a large bit of prospecting.

Word has been received from Miss Gertrude Wisemen, who is attending the musical department of the Ohio Normal University at Ada, stating that she arrived safely, and is well pleased with the school and its instructors, also that the people whom she comes in contact with are very kind and considerate.

A great deal has been said recently about there being a law in this state against dehorning cattle. A number of papers even went so far as to publish such a thing as a fact. A little investigation has been made and there is no law on the Statute books to that effect. The judge of the supreme court of the state also says there has been no decision rendered that has such a bearing on the case. A great many of our farmers are greatly in favor of dehorning cattle, and were anxious to have it done, but they had no desire to do anything contrary to law.

If a man has a \$50 bull pup, he looks after it carefully and will not let it run around at night all over town. But if he has a boy it is different. He is turned loose at a tender age, to go to the devil, and then the people wonder where the army of tramps, bums, deadbeats, loafers, drinkers, gamblers and sots come from each decade. They are germinated from the pure seed, gathered from our homes and sown broadcast upon our streets and alleys. It may be that your boy is making a growth in that direction. At all events the boy ought to be given equal showing with the bull pup.—Ex.

Mrs. Alberson, of Knox, returned to her home last Saturday, after a weeks visit with A. A. Miller and family.

Mrs. Lida Reynolds and daughter, of Indianapolis, have been visiting Mr. Wm. Swigert and family the past two weeks.

L. O. Goebel and family, of Indianapolis, will be guests at the Palmer House the balance of this month.

Thursday morning of last week, W. F. Hayes caught a 7½ pound bass, the largest caught in 6 years.

Prof. Moore, of Logansport, the famous singer, will be present at the Sabbath school picnic at the fair grounds next Saturday and favor those present with a few choice solos.

Rev. Vernie Howard, of North Judson, was in town Monday and attended the 4th quarterly conference which was held at the M. E. church. He returned home Wednesday.

Mrs. Caroline Westcott Romney, a Chicago woman, is to start the first newspaper in the Klondyke country. There is nothing said about how her husband is to be employed. Possibly he will undertake minor-ing business.

Arrangements are being made for a reunion of the pioneers of northern Indiana, to be held at Lake Maxenkuckee the last week in August. The plan of the projectors is to bring together in reunion the men now living who were prominent in the early history of the State. Chief Gabe Godfrey, who is now living in retirement near Peru, will be one of the speakers, his address to treat of the history of Indian tribes in this section of the state. The most prominent speakers in northern Indiana will appear on the program, which will be largely reminiscent in character.

FOR SALE:—A very desirable lot right at Maxenkuckee landing First lot north of grocery store. In close proximity to beautiful cottages and grounds. One of the most attractive lots at the lake. For particulars, address

D. C. PARKER,
Argos, Ind.

NOTICE:—All those desiring to purchase coal call and see the undersigned, as I will supply said article cheaper than any other person in town.

J. H. CASTLEMAN,
Culver, Ind.

Hibbard Items.

Mr. Oscar Clark, the night operator left for Burkett, Ind., Monday, where he will work for a few weeks. Have patience Oscar you will see her, again.

Wells Rhodes made Argos a visit last week.

Messrs. Jacob and Peter Lichtenberger, left for So. Dakota Monday, with a party of twelve. We wish them success in their new quarters.

Geo. Draper, of Bringham, Ind., made calls on friends Saturday and visited his brother over Sunday returning home on Monday.

Mr. Lou Bowman, of Culver, made a business call here Tuesday morning.

Mrs. Groves who has been visiting with her son F. Groves and family, of Burr Oak, returned home Saturday.

The misplacement of a switch Sunday morning, caused the Vandalia company considerable trouble and a great amount of damage, derailling a car of melons and lumber, and two other cars were damaged so that the contents had to be transferred. The wrecking crew were called and while at work, Dan Denehy had the misfortune to get pinched by a pair of trucks, breaking one limb and fracturing the other. About 2 o'clock p. m. James Neville had his hand mashed and no doubt will have a couple of short fingers. With hard work the wreck was all cleared up at 3 o'clock and one could see that many did not care for melons.

BRAN NEW.

SOME OTHER DAY.

There are wonderful things we are going to do,
Some other day.
And harbors we hope to drift into
Some other day.
With folded hands the oars that trail,
We watch and wait for a favorite gale
To fill the folds of an idle sail
Some other day.
We know we must toil if ever we win,
Some other day.
But we say to ourselves there's time to begin
Some other day.
And so deferring, we loiter on,
Until at last we find withdrawn
The strength of the hope we leaned upon,
Some other day.
And when we are old, and our race is run,
Some other day.
We fret for the things that might have been done
Some other day.
We trace the path that leads us where
The beckoning hand of grim despair
Leads us yonder out of the here,
Some other day.

CECILY.

"It's the fault of there being such a large family, dear, that is all."
"And a very bad fault, too."
"Dick! Don't you like the family?"
"Not as I like you, child, and not enough to like them to monopolize you and take up all your time and thoughts and interests, so that I, whom you are going to marry, can hardly get so much as a word or look from you."
"Who is with you now, Dick?"
"Yes, for three minutes at the garden gate, because if I come inside you will be surrounded by the whole lot of them the next moment, and for anything we want to say to one another we might as well be at opposite poles. You may not mind it, Cecily—you don't seem to do so, at any rate—but, upon my soul, it's hard lines on a man who loves you."
It is an evening in April. The land is all afire with the pink blossoms of the almond and the white blossoms of the pear.
He is rather handsome always, rather angry now, my lover, but I know that the anger comes from love, and so I think more of the first fact than the second as I look up smilingly into the brave blue eyes, bright with a passionate gleam, and mark how well the broad, square cut shoulders and shapely head stand out against the golden glory of that evening sky.
"And pray, Sir, do you expect me to be always at your beck and call?" I ask. "I'm sure you get your fair share of attention."
"Do I?" he says gravely. "When I wait a whole week for the chance of one walk with you, and when the promised day comes you coolly send me word that you've got something else to do, and are too busy even to see me! I might have claimed your promise to marry me two Summers ago, and again last Autumn, when I was offered the making of that new Canadian line. I refused it, only because I knew you wouldn't leave home so soon after your mother's death, and I could not bear to go away without you; but now there is this other job of the same sort in Perthshire, and they say I can have it for the asking. The works are to begin in July, and if we are married in June—dear Cecily, my own darling love, do say that we shall be; do give me what I ask. Think how long I have waited for you already and how badly I want you, and come to me. Cecily, dearest, if you love me say you will. Say it now."
"In June!" I repeat, my eyes wide with dismay, and drawing myself still further back. "Dick, you promised not to be in a hurry."
"I never promised anything of the sort; but if I had done so I should have kept my promise over and over again. Cecily, will you ever find a lover who has waited as long as I have done already? And yet you talk of my waiting on for another year still! If you loved me in the least you would be as tired of these delays as I am; but you don't, and I see it only too plainly. You don't even know what love is. You—"
"Hullabulero, hullabulero! Cecily, Cis, where are you?" shouts a boy's voice from the laburnum bushes behind.
"Don't be silly, Dick. Let me go. Please let me go," I stammered out hurriedly; but I have no need to repeat the request. At the first sound of my rough-tongued little brother's voice Dick has dropped my hands and stepped back.
"Let you go? Oh, certainly," he says, with a strange, bitter accent in his voice. "For good, if you like. I expect it will come to that some day. Good-bye," and off he goes, striding over the dewy grass and under the milk-white blossoms of the thorn trees without another word or look.
It is too bad. Of course the children don't really mean to hurt me;

but it is too bad; and the worst of it is that I dare not show my vexation. Poor Dick's spurt of temper is forgotten, and tea proceeds without further allusion to him. I cannot bear Dick to be angry with me; Dick, who for all his quick, fiery nature, is as gentle as a woman in general with those he loves, and who has been so tender and true to me all these years, that at times his very generosity makes one forget that those who give much have a right to expect much in return. A long engagement is a very trying thing. Not that it diminishes the mutual love of those most concerned; but that it is apt to lessen the outward expression of it, and bring about unintentional slights and apparent coolnesses, and it is trying, too, from the fact that the longer it lasts the less consideration or sympathy it seems to elicit from those even most nearly allied to the lovers; and who, when the first ecstacy of the affair is over, are apt to regard its lengthened existence with something of impatience, not to say contempt. Dick and I have been engaged an immense while, four years before mother died; and he was ready and waiting for me when he was first taken ill, nearly a year before that. I don't see him often. He is a civil engineer and too busy to pay frequent visits to our quiet village; but during this one his patience has been tried more than usual. Is there ever a gayer, gladder time in all the year; or a gayer, gladder morning than this when I rise and look across the frothing snow of pear blossoms and meadows paved with golden buttercups, to the red roof of the village inn, half hidden in elm trees, beneath which Dick lodges? Perhaps he may be striding across those meadows now to pay us an early visit and bring me a bunch of violets. He has done so once or twice; but father doesn't like visitors at breakfast, and I'm afraid Dick has found it out; at any rate, he does not come to-day, and so I go down to breakfast, give the orders for dinner, and am just going to assist my little sister through her laborious efforts at wading up the scale on the piano when the maid brings me a letter which she says has just come from the inn, and I see it is from Dick. How thankful I have been since then that I left Maud and went away to read it by myself; for even the first words seem to daze and dazzle me! It begins, "My dear Cecily," and then I sit and read and re-read the rest over and over again, how long I never knew, with eyes that see, yet see not, and a heart which beats, yet refuses to comprehend. Dick is gone, and this is what he tells me: When he went back to the inn he found a letter awaiting him from the contractors for that Canadian railroad of which he had told me before. It was a very liberal offer, and he was still very hot and angry. On the spur of the moment he sat down and accepted it; and then, in the act of sealing the letter, repented of what he had done. Perhaps he remembered how long we had loved one another and what bitter pain parting would be; at any rate, he put the letter in his pocket and came up to the vicarage to tell me again that if I would marry him in June, he would still accept the smaller appointment in lieu of this; or, if that were really impossible, would arrange to come back from Canada in the autumn, make me his wife, and take me back to Canada with him. Well, you guess what he found? A whole family laughing and making game of him, mocking at the pain which had driven him away; the love which had brought him back; my laugh—heaven help me, mine!—the loudest in the party, my hand aiding in the jest which was amusing a set of thoughtless boys. "And so," he wrote, "I went away, and I write this now to bid you good-bye. My eyes have been opened at last, and I see only too plainly that the years which have only intensified my love for you have withered yours at the root, that my visits have been a weariness, my fidelity a jest. Perhaps some day I may live to be thankful that I have learned this lesson even so late, but I cannot do so yet, nor can I bring myself to the useless pain of meeting you again. I go back to my lodgings at once, and sail for Canada this week. Would to heaven you had told me the truth which sends me from you before, but I do not blame you for not doing so. You were always gentle at heart, and I believe you could not bear to hurt me to my face." And then he bade God bless me, and signed himself, "Yours ever faithfully, Richard Meredith."

I cut the meat and serve the pudding that day at dinner, and though I cannot say one word, and there must be something in my face which frightens the boys, for they stare at me with wondering eyes and are strangely good and quiet, I never break down once, or rise until the meal is quite ended; and then at last I escape, and as I write to Dick the tears which have been frozen till now break forth like rain and blot the words as fast as they are penned. For of course I answer him. I have read—in novels—of girls who, when they have hurt or angered their lovers, are too proud to write or say one word for pardon; but I am not like that. I love him too dearly, ill as I may have proved it, and stupid and shy as I have been of showing my affection by outward signs. I am too sure of his love for me to let any false shame or misunderstanding rest between us; and so I write and just tell him the whole truth about that luckless scene, tell him how dear he is to me, and beg him humbly and with tears to forgive me and love me still; not to give up his journey, (if he has accepted the post I know that cannot be,) but at least come to me before he goes and say good-bye; and to take my promise that at whatever time he wants me I will be ready to be his wife, whether he can come back for me or I have to go out to him. Other women have done that much for men who love them, and why not I for Dick, who has waited for me longer than many lovers already and signs himself mine "faithfully" still? So my letter is finished at last, and I walk across the fields myself (I will not trust it to any other hand) to put it in the post. And I do wait, wait patiently indeed, but with a daily lessening hope, a daily failing heart; for Dick does not come, nor is there any answer to my poor, tear-blotted letter. Suns rise and suns set. Dick has left me. His love, tried perhaps before to stretching, snapped before the forced merriment of that foolish laugh; and because he had not the heart to say so he has held his peace and gone; gone for good. It is Spring again now; the second Spring since my lover left me. Twice have we dressed the church with ivy and holly, and hung big bunches of mistletoe in the vicarage hall. I have come up to London to buy summer dresses for my sisters, and on other domestic business; but these duties have been achieved; and now, before I go home again, I am bound on an errand which, though I would not dare own it to any one, (for indeed I know it to be both vain and foolish,) has been pressing on my heart ever since I left home, with a yearning persistence to which, even though it be unmaidenly, I cannot choose but yield. It is to visit Dick's lodgings, where he always lived when he was in London and the address of which I have known by heart this many a year. I go there and make my little excuse about wanting to see the rooms for a friend—I hope it is not very wrong to say so—and even manage to get out his name as the person who once recommended them to me. That proves an "open sesame," however, for Mrs. Brown beams with smiles on the instant, and begs me to walk up stairs, "which fortunately the rooms are vacant," and just as they were when Mr. Meredith was there himself, for times and again he'd said to me: "Now, Mrs. Brown, don't you do nothing to these rooms; for comforter couldn't be, and if ever I returns to London it's back to them I shall come and nowhere else." And, by the way, ma'am, if so be you're a friend of that dear gentleman's, perhaps you can give me his address. There's a letter been lying ere for him this ever so long. It came about six months' after he left, inclosed in a note to the owner of the "house," saying as whoever posted it had dropped it into a gap between the postbox and the inside of the wall, and there it had stuck, no one finding it till a few days before."

I am standing there in Dick's room, the room where he sat and worked and wrote many and many a letter to me in the happy days of old; the last room, perhaps, in which he ever ate a meal or rested before he sailed away from me and England together; and yet I cannot look at it. I cannot think of it. A haze has come before my eyes, and a numbness over my brain, for there on the table before me lies my letter, the very letter, blotted with tears and soiled and crumpled with age, which I posted with my own hand two years ago, and which—ah! I see it all now, how could I think him so hard, so unforgiving, I who ought to have known his nature better—which he never received at all. I must be very weak, or the shock is too great; for as Mrs. Brown leaves the room I sit quietly down and faint away. It is only for a minute, however. The sunbeams which were shining on a pot of yellow crocuses in the window have not moved a hair's breadth; and faintly on the clear cool air I can still hear the bells from some distant church which were calling the people to a saint's day service when I came in. There is a step at the door; but though I know it is Mrs. Brown I cannot look up, or raise my head from the hard deal table where it is bowed. All my long self-restraint, all my painful, pitiful efforts at womanly reticence and bravery have broken down at last in a burst of childish grief; and the tears so long held back break forth in a blinding rain, and my face is hidden in my hands. So it happens that some one coming in sees me before I see him, or can so much as dry my eyes, and utters an exclamation of surprise. "I beg your pardon," he adds very quickly, "I only came in because my old landlady has been telling me something about a letter, and a lady—"

And there he breaks off, for I have lifted my head, and as our eyes meet there is a cry. "Cecily! Cecily! Is it you? Oh, my darling, my love, what good angel brought you here to give me the sight of you!" and somehow, somehow, in one moment, all the pain and grief and weariness, all the bitter bravery of days when "the burden laid upon me seemed greater than I could bear" are gone, blotted out like breath from a glass; and there is nothing but joy and peace and rest, rest perfect and serene to mind and heart and body; for I am in my lover's arms, and my tired head is drawn down upon his breast; and I hear his voice, the dear, tender voice of old, murmuring prayers for forgiveness mingled with such words of love and fondness as I never thought would greet my ears again on this side of the grave. The bells have ceased to chime. The yellow crocuses bend and shiver before the sharp cold breeze, but we two stand in the April sunshine, and the light, which falls on Dick's bronzed head and kisses the crushed white hyacinths in my breast, is no brighter than that which brightens our two hearts on this the sweetest springtide of our lives.—All the Year Round.

AN ANCIENT MEXICAN CITY.

A Curious Legend—Relics of the Empero Maximilian.

Queretaro was a town before the Spanish conquest, and was made a city in 1655. A legend of Queretaro is that an Otomite chief, Fernando de Tapia by name, undertook to convert the city to Christianity in a way that seems novel to us, but was common enough to his day. He came from Tulu with a challenge to the people of Queretaro to a fair stand-up fight. If he won the people surviving were to be baptized. The challenge was accepted, but, while the fight was in progress, a dark cloud came up, and the Blessed Santiago was seen in the heavens with a fiery cross, whereupon the people of Queretaro gave up and were baptized. They set up a stone cross to commemorate the event on the site of the present Church of Santa Cruz. There is scarcely a church in Mexico which has not a legend of this kind attached to it. The town is identified with the history of Mexico. Here the treaty of peace between the United States and Mexico was ratified in 1848, and here Maximilian made his last stand in 1867, was obliged to surrender and was shot. Everybody is interested in Maximilian mainly on account of poor Carlotta, who by the way, has just obtained permission to revisit Mexico. Maximilian was executed on the Cerro de las Campanas, and with him Generals Miramón and Mejía. The place is marked by three little crosses of stone. The two generals were killed at the first volley, but Maximilian, who had requested that he be shot through the body that his mother might look upon his face, was only wounded, and a second firing was required to kill him. The emperor had been led to believe that Carlotta was dead. She became insane from grief and was kept in an asylum for many years, but she still lives, and still mourns for her dead husband and the loss of her throne. The United States government protested against the execution of Maximilian, but in vain, Juárez refusing to spare him. There are all kinds of relics of Maximilian in Mexico. The Yturbe theater, where he was tried and condemned, the table on which the death warrant was signed, the wooden stools on which the prisoners sat during the trial and the coffin of Maximilian, whose remains were subsequently sent to Austria and buried at Miramar. I confess I do not share in any sentiment of pity for Maximilian, who was an adventurer without a shadow of right in Mexico and took the chances of war. He was, it is true, a victim of Napoleon and of his own ambition and was very scurvily treated by those who had induced him to set up his throne; but to have released him would have been to establish a claimant for the Mexican throne. It was better that this man should die than that thousands should be sacrificed in the wars he would surely have fomented if he had been allowed to live.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Successful Skin Grafting.

Ten-year-old Prischer Orter is at her home in Newark, N. J., after a four months' stay at the German Hospital, in that city. The girl was frightfully burned on February 26 by falling into a fire at the coal docks on Pacific street. For a time her life was despaired of. Her burns gradually healed, except one spot four inches in diameter, above the right knee. This refused to respond to ordinary treatment, and it was decided to try skin grafting. Strips of skin were removed from the other leg and bound upon the unhealed spot. They adhered, and gradually over-spread the whole sore and the little girl is now as well as ever.

France has again not only to report a decrease in the birth rate, but of the number of foreigners who became naturalized in 1896. The number is twenty-two per cent. less than for any twelve months since the passage of the naturalization law in 1889.

RECORD OF THE WEEK

INDIANA INCIDENTS TERSELY TOLD.

Successful Employment of Machines to Make Fruit Jars Will Throw Many Out of Work—Alaska's Hardships Do Not Deter Gold-Seekers.

Throws Men Out of Work.
Ball Brothers, of Muncie, the world's most extensive fruit jar manufacturers, are soon to equip their factories with machines to blow jars, and notices have been sent to 200 blowers that their services will not be needed during the season that begins Sept. 1. Frank C. Ball, president of the company, stated that the introduction of the machine was not for the purpose of cutting off the heads of the men, but that it would make a much better jar and at such a cheap cost that jars could take the place of the tin can and earthenware jar and that the firm could spread out to all parts of the world and in a short time more than double the number of employees, and that this jar would find many new fields for usage. The machine is to glass blowing the same as was the sewing machine, spinning jenny, the self harvester and other revolutionizing machines, and promises to disrupt one of the strongest labor organizations in the country.

After the Money.
Twenty business men of Indianapolis have formed a stock company, each contributing \$1,000, and will select an equal number of enterprising young men for the Klondyke region, the compact running for five years and the entire forty to share equally in all gold mined. An insurance of \$10,000 will be placed upon each man going there and in case of death this insurance money will be added to the pool. A general manager will be sent along, who will keep an accurate account of receipts and expenditures, and, whether a man mines little or much, he will share equally in the common pool. The company calculates that a sufficient number will die out of which the remainder can reimburse themselves for the insurance money, whether any gold is found or not.

Crazed by Their Hardships.
John Welch, a former employe in an Indianapolis iron foundry, has written to his mother from Circle City, saying he has been in the Alaskan gold fields for fifteen months and could come home at any time with a few thousand dollars, but he prefers to remain a while longer and return rich. He says that gold nuggets worth from \$20 to \$50 are being found daily, but many men have become insane from hardships and from disappointment. Successful miners are squandering fortunes in reckless extravagance. Welch warns people against trying to get to the gold country before spring. He has written for his two brothers, Patrick and David, to start for Alaska in February.

All Over the State.
Willis E. Whitmore and Sherman Johns were arrested at South Bend, charged with raising paper money. The arrests were made by Deputy Sheriff John Finch on instructions from Detective Manley of the United States secret service. Both men claim Jackson, Mich., as their home. They are charged with raising \$2 bills to \$5 and \$10 and passing them at Detroit, Mich., and Toledo, O. They will be taken to Indianapolis for a hearing. The attorneys of Rev. William F. Hinshaw, who is serving a life sentence for wife murder in prison, made an examination of the criminal court records at Indianapolis to see whether Noah Baney and John Whitney, who have exonerated the minister by an alleged confession, were under restraint when the murder of Mrs. Thurza Hinshaw was committed. They found that Baney and Whitney were under bond to appear in court, but were not restrained of their liberty and could have committed the crime. The attorneys were much gratified at the discovery.

The American Wire Nail Company of Anderson bought additional ground in order to enlarge its plant. The working force will be increased from 700 to about 1,000. The Victor Window Glass Company began work trebling the capacity and working force of its ten-pot plant, and the American Tin Plate Company has begun enlarging its plant, so as to increase its working force from 1,000 to 2,000, making the plant the largest tin plate concern in the world. Other manufacturers are so well pleased with the outlook that they are also planning big additions to their plants.

Five inmates of the Jeffersonville penitentiary were given their liberty by the pardon board, as follows: Ben Holton, sent from Jeffersonville to serve twenty-one years for murder; Fred Miller, North Vernon, ten years, murder; Forest B. Newport, Wayne County, assault and battery, six years; George Nechan, DeKalb County, grand larceny, five years; George Sizemore, Grant County, assault and battery, two years. James C. Lavell, whom the people of Indiana wanted to get paroled, has withdrawn his application for clemency, as his term expires in forty days. Lavell is the prisoner implicated in the burning of the Washington court house.

Toughs persisted in disturbing revival services conducted by Rev. John Walstein at Epsom. By advice of some of his congregation, the preacher took two pistols with him to resist a rumored attempt to force him to leave the church. When the disturbance began, the preacher fired, but missed his aim, and instead of hitting the toughs one bullet passed through the body of little Mamie Standiford. The child was sleeping on its mother's lap when the fatal bullet struck it. When Mr. Walstein found he had shot the child, he jumped through a window and made his escape. James Standiford, the child's father, says the preacher can return if he wishes, and he will not prosecute him. It was at Standiford's advice that Walstein took the pistols to church with him.

Fossil Butterflies.
Less than a score of specimens of fossil butterflies—of nearly as many genera—have been found. They occur only in tertiary deposits, which have yielded vast numbers of other objects from the small ancient lake of Florissant, in Colorado, were found but eight butterflies. Of the genera represented, two exist to-day in both Europe and America, but the other species are all extinct.

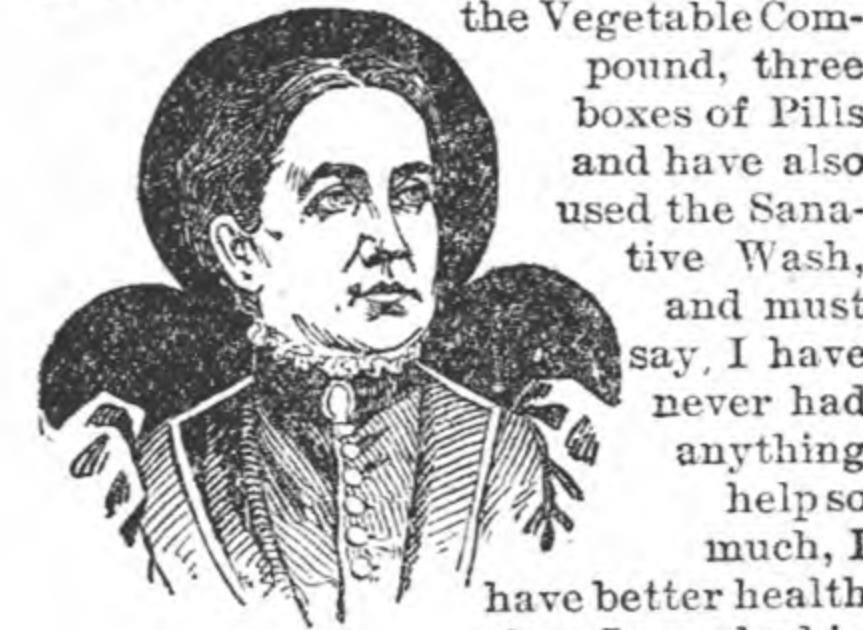
Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!
Ask your grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink without injury as well as the adult. All who try it like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha and Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. One-fourth of the price of coffee. 15c and 25c per package, sold by all grocers.

Live bees are sometimes shipped on ice so as to keep them dormant during the journey. This is particularly the case with bumblebees, which have been taken to New Zealand, where they are useful in fertilizing the red clover that has been introduced into the colony.

MRS. KRINER'S LETTER

About Change of Life.

"I suffered for eight years and could find no permanent relief until one year ago. My trouble was Change of Life. I tried Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and relief came almost immediately. I have taken two bottles of the Vegetable Compound, three boxes of Pills, and must say, I have never had anything help so much, I have better health than I ever had in my life. I feel like a new person, perfectly strong. I give the Compound all the credit. I have recommended it to several of my friends who are using it with like results. It has cured me of several female diseases. I would not do without Mrs. Pinkham's remedies for anything. There is no need of so much female suffering. Her remedies are a sure cure."—MRS. ELLA KRINER, Knightstown, Henry Co., Ind.



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TOWER'S FISH BRAND SLICKER
WILL KEEP YOU DRY.

Don't be fooled with a mackintosh or rubber coat. If you want a coat that will keep you dry in the hardest storm, buy the Fish Brand Slicker. If not for sale in your town, write for catalogue to A. J. TOWER, Boston, Mass.



THE UNIVERSITY OF NOTRE DAME.
NOTRE DAME, INDIANA.
FULL COURSES in Classics, Letters, Science, Law, Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering. Thorough Preparatory and Commercial Courses.

Rooms Free to all Students who have completed the studies required for admission into the Junior or Senior Year, of any of the Collegiate Courses.
A limited number of Candidates for the Ecclesiastical state will be received at special rates.
St. Edward's Hall, for boys under 13 years, is unique in completeness of its equipment.
The 10th Term will open September 7, 1897.
Catalogues sent Free on application to
REV. A. MORRISSEY, C. S. C., President.

Winchester Gun
Catalogue Free

Send your name on a Postal Card and we will send you our 126 page illustrated Catalogue free.

Winchester Repeating Arms Co.
180 WINCHESTER AVE.
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BICYCLE FREE
Send 12c and we will inform you how to obtain a \$100 Bicycle absolutely FREE—any size, style, or color. J. C. ALLEN, 702, No. 92 State St., Chicago.

PATENTS
H. B. WILLSON & CO., Wash. D.C.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

BRAVE FIREMEN DIE.

CHICAGO DEPARTMENT SUFFERS FEARFUL LOSS.

Explosion of Dust in the Burning Elevator of Railway Terminal Company Hurls Brick Walls and Burning Timbers Upon the Firefighters

Died at Posts of Duty.

Explosion in the midst of a terrific fire brought to a hero's death four of Chicago's firemen Thursday afternoon and stretched on beds of pain more than a score of officers and pipemen, who sought to keep in check a seething furnace of 300,000 bushels of grain in the Chicago Railway Terminal Elevator Company's elevator at Indiana and Jefferson streets.

Not since the cold storage disaster at the World's Fair have so many of the city's fire fighters been laid low, and only twice in the history of Chicago has the list of casualties in the department been more appalling. One unknown man dead and many spectators, railroad employees, elevator hands and others injured further mark the record of the disaster.

The Dead:

John J. Coogan, pipeman of engine company 3.

William Hanley, of engine company 5.

Jacob Schuur, pipeman of engine company 3.

Jacob F. Stramen pipeman of engine company 3.

Unknown man, thrown into the river by the force of the explosion and drowned.

Thomas Monahan, a driver for Chief Swenie, is missing, and it is feared he is dead; drove the chief to the fire and has not been seen since.

Of the score hurt, three will die, and several will be disfigured for life and laid up for months.

Swenie's Life in Peril.

Chief Swenie's life nearly paid the penalty of years of peril. He was close to the elevator when an avalanche of red hot bricks, burning timbers and sizzling grain was pitched on the heads of the fire fight-

ers in a crouching position and showed that Coogan was running when the mass of bricks felled him to the earth. He was identified by his helmet, which lay within a foot of his head.

It was impossible to distinguish the burned bodies of Schuur and Stramen apart. They lay side by side, and a heavy beam had fallen across the neck of one of the bodies. Chief Swenie directed the men to continue their work, and not until the entire pile had been gone over was the chief satisfied that all the bodies had been found.

Origin of the Fire.

The origin of the fire is indefinite. Recently furnace driers were introduced into the structure and these may have been in an overheated condition. High in the bins are hung big lanterns to guide the workmen in their labors and the presence of these has given rise to the theory that a red hot chimney came in contact with the dry dust and set the place on fire. The age of the building and the amount of dust which had congregated in every crack and corner supports the latter opinion. Many of the firemen are of the belief that the blaze and subsequent explosion were due to spontaneous combustion.

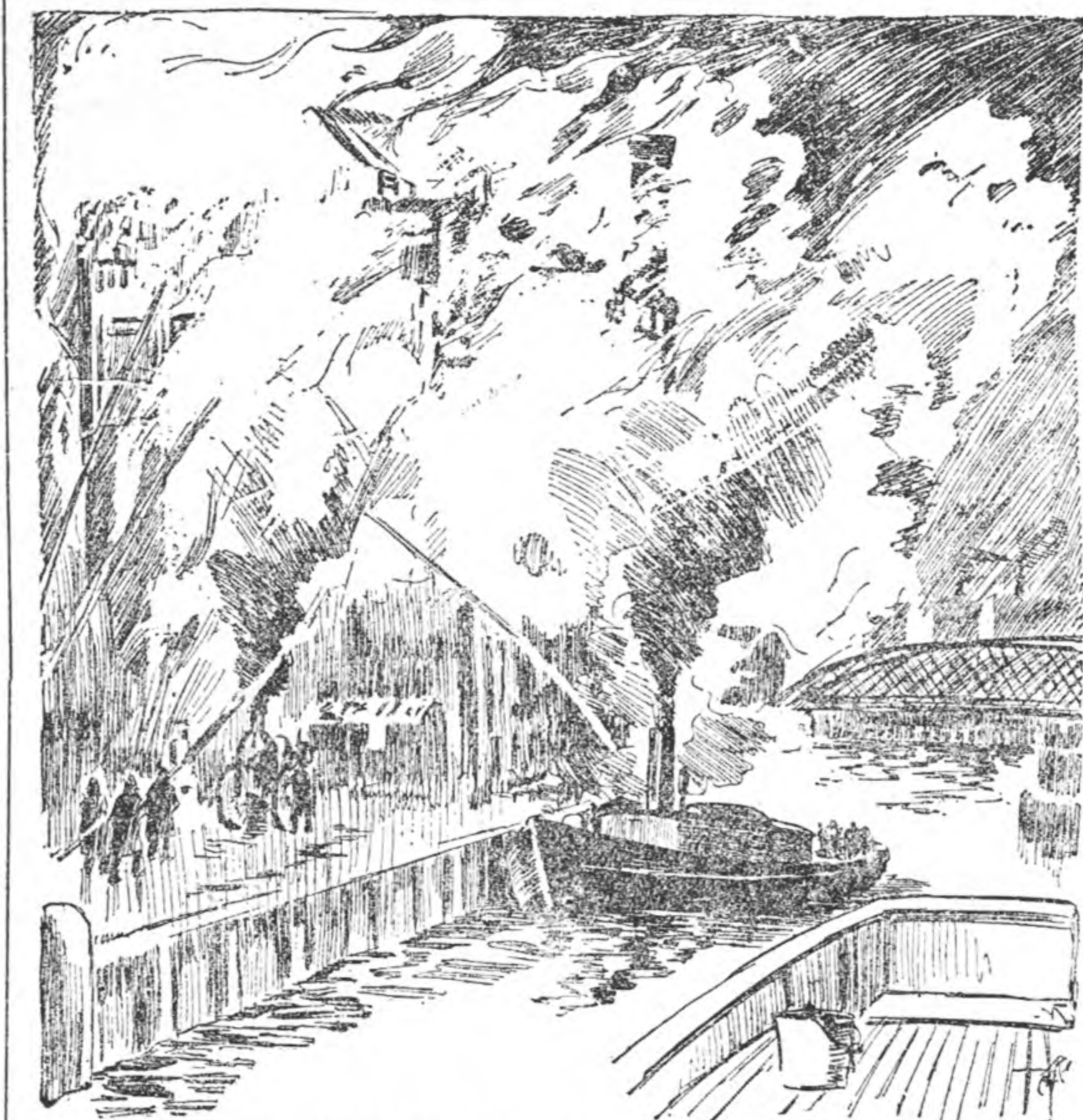
Insurance Inspector Gillan gave the following statement as his opinion as to how the fire originated: "It was surely an explosion of dry dust. In the majority of cases in fires of this kind they all start from the same cause. The dust from the grain collects and when it is heated to the right point it is like powder. It is just as dangerous as any explosive. If this elevator had been constructed as grain elevators should be, the chances are the fire would have been put out with a loss of less than \$1,000."

Loss Will Reach \$500,000.

Before the insurance underwriters complete the list of buildings wrecked or damaged and property destroyed the total financial loss will reach \$500,000.

The tabulated statement of the loss, as nearly as can be learned, is:

The Chicago Railway Terminal Elevator Company, on building.....	\$ 90,000
Loss to grain in structure.....	210,000
Chicago and Northwestern Railroad, loss to freighthouse and cars.....	20,000
Engine and machinery in elevator.....	25,000
Loss to Chicago and Northwestern Railroad freight, including valuable teas and spices.....	25,000



FIREBOAT PLAYING ON THE BURNING ELEVATOR.

ers and escaped with severe bruises and burns.

Not a single premonition of disaster warned the men of their impending doom. There was a brighter glow of the heavens for an instant, a rumbling as if the interior of the earth was lending its heat to the flames, and then the east wall was precipitated on the heads of the firemen and a few spectators who had escaped the fire lines hurriedly established by the police. The noise was different from the ear-piercing roar of dynamite or gunpowder, but its effects were as deadly. There was a muffled boom, a crash, and the firemen were buried.

Edward Westlake, a newspaper man, was standing with Chief Swenie when the wall collapsed. Both were covered with the fallen material and rushed blindly to the nearest shelter.

"My God! That was the nearest I have come to it," said the intrepid leader, and turned back, in the face of flying embers, to aid in the work of rescue.

Start Work of Rescue.

After the walls went toppling over, Chief Swenie, hurt, blinded and bleeding, staggered forward and shouted to his men to follow him. Lying on the ground were a score of injured men, crying for help. Beneath the mass of white-hot bricks and iron sheeting were two men, burned until nothing but the bones were left.

In an instant half a dozen streams of water were turned on the blazing mass. As the water struck the red hot debris a cloud of steam hid the ruins from view. The injured were first assisted to a place of safety. Three patrol wagons and two ambulances were soon in service. The men were put on stretchers, and Lieut. McDonald directed that the wagons be driven at once to the different hospitals.

As the last victim was hurried away from the scene of death and destruction the work of removing the charred bodies of the three firemen from the ruins was taken up. By this time the flood of water had cooled off the ruins sufficiently to allow the firemen and sixty policemen to start their search for the dead. Sergeant Decker was the first man to find a body. He used a long pole in lifting the iron sheeting to one side, when he discovered the remains of Coogan. The body was

Damage to Hathaway & Co.'s coal yard, Indiana and Kingsbury sts.,	2,500
Damage to building occupied by the Crocker and Milwaukee Chair Companies, contents, windows and beams	20,000
Damage to Jung Brewing Company's plant, 6 Grand avenue.....	15,000
Damage to building occupied by Wisconsin Dairy Company, Austin avenue and Jefferson street.....	3,000
Damage to Indiana street bridge, abutments and planking scorched.	1,000
Damage to dock warehouse in Indiana street.....	1,000
Damage to building occupied by the Star Box and Barrel Company.....	2,000
Damage to tugs and shipping, estimated.....	3,000
Minor losses to stores, houses and other buildings, estimated aggregate.....	30,000
Total.....	\$507,500

Insurance on the contents of the elevator was placed by D. M. Rodgers, while Ed James had the building in charge. Mr. Rodgers said he was not in a position to give the exact figures. He declared, however, that the losses were fully covered by insurance.

The officials of the Chicago Railway Terminal Elevator Company, that owned the elevator, are:

President—C. A. Weare.
Secretary—Edward W. Thompson.
Treasurer—Charles C. Rubins.

PREACHER SHOTS A GIRL.

Sleeping Child Suffers in a Fight with Indiana Ruffians.

Rev. John Welstein, who has been holding revival services at Concord Christian Church, near Washington, Ind., received word the other night that he would be egged if he preached again. He went prepared, and when he opened services laid a pistol on each side of his Bible, announcing that he would defend himself if necessary.

It was not long before a disturbance was raised at one of the windows. In an instant the minister commenced firing toward the window. He scattered the ruffians, but one bullet passed through the abdomen of the 3-year-old daughter of John Standiford, who was sleeping on one of the seats. The little girl is dead. Standiford refuses to prosecute Welstein.

A Grateful Catbird.

A woman in Minneapolis tells a curious story of bird life which shows a phase of sociability in a wild bird's make-up. She has always fed the birds in winter weather, and never allowed them disturbed on her premises. She had a fine canary, which, in pleasant weather, always had a window from which it hung. One day hearing strange bird voices she looked up from her seat and saw a catbird trying to induce the canary to eat a worm it had brought for it. By dint of coaxing and feeding the wild bird she finally induced it to come often to the window, and one day, while sitting on the perch, the catbird brought a berry for her and tried to put it in her mouth.

Try Allen's Foot-Ease.

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. At this season your feet feel swollen and hot, and get tired easily. If you have smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cools the feet and makes walking easy. Cures and prevents swollen and sweating feet, blisters and callous spots. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and gives rest and comfort. Try it to-day. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25c. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Elephant Rescued a Child.

A striking example of the intelligence of elephants was seen in Middletown, Conn., the other day during a circus parade. A small child on Broad street got away from its mother and toddled out into the street. Before anyone could realize what the child was up to it was directly in front of the herd of elephants. Everyone expected to see the little one crushed to death, but the leader of the herd carefully picked the babe up with its trunk and swung it out of danger.

A box of Glenn's Sulphur Soap is equivalent to many sulphur baths. Don't forget it. Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, black or brown, 50c.

Some very large trees bear very little fruit.

FITS Permanently Cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE \$2.00 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

His Idea of It.

An old Sussex farmer visiting London for the first time was taken into St. Paul's Cathedral. He stared about him in amazement, and his astonishment at the magnitude of the building seemed too great for utterance.

It was only when he stood under the dome and gazed down the vast nave and up to the dim and misty roof that his admiration at last found vent in words:

"My! what a foine barn this 'ud make!"

Next to an Approving Conscience.

A vigorous stomach is the greatest of mundane blessings. Sound digestion is a guaranty of quiet nerves, muscular elasticity, hearty appetite and a regular habit of body. Though not always a natural endowment, it may be acquired through the agency of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, one of the most effective invigorants and blood fertilizers in existence. This fine tonic also fortifies those who use it against malaria, and remedies biliousness, constipation and rheumatism.

There are about one hundred grains of iron in the average human body, and yet so important is this exceedingly small quantity, that its diminution is attended with very serious results.

Hall's Catarrh Cure.

Is a constitutional cure. Price 75 cents.

If parents would be more careful about their walk before their children, their talk to them would have more weight.

Buckingham's Dye for the Whiskers can be applied when at home, and is uniformly successful in coloring a brown or black. Hence its great popularity.

Vermont and Connecticut coined coppers in 1785. New Jersey and Massachusetts did the same in 1786.

I shall recommend Piso's Cure for Consumption far and wide.—Mrs. Mulligan, Plumstead, Kent, England, Nov. 8, 1897.

The Franks took their name from the Franciscans, or battle axes, which they threw with deadly effect.

Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP for Children teething; softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

AN OPEN LETTER TO MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," the same that has borne and does now bear the fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* on every wrapper. This is the original "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," which has been used in the homes of the mothers of America for over thirty years. LOOK CAREFULLY at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought and has the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* on the wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.

March 8, 1897: Samuel Pitcher, M.D.

Do Not Be Deceived.
Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which even he does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought"
BEARS THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher
Insist on Having
The Kind That Never Failed You.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

ALL AGES Hail with delight the coming of the most wonderful, meritorious preparation that will lighten the ills of humanity and will do away with the taking of obnoxious, violent purges, inconvenient liquids, and pills that tear your life out. Simple, because in

Cascare's CANDY CATHARTIC

You find just what you want, convenient in form, pleasant of taste (just like candy), and of never-failing remedial action. Although made of the most costly ingredients, they are sold at a price within the reach of all.
ALL DRUGGISTS. 10c., 25c., 50c.
From Baby to Dear Old Grandpa.

"IF AT FIRST YOU DON'T SUCCEED, TRY SAPOLIO"

Harvest Excursions!
AUG. 3 AND 17, To the Farm regions of the West, Northwest and Southwest. Round trip ticket: will be sold on dates named at all C. & N. Y. stations and at many East town points at about half fare, good for 21 days. Stop-over allowed on going passage. Ask your local agent for particulars.
GO WEST AND LOOK FOR A HOME. A handsome illustrated pamphlet describing NEBRASKA sent free on application to P. S. EUSTIS, Gen'l. Pass. Agt. C. & N. Y. R. R., Chicago.

CURE YOURSELF!
Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammation, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astrident. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for \$1.00, or 3 bottles, \$2.75. Circular sent on request.
C. N. Y. No. 32-47
WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS please say you saw the advertisement in this paper.

CULVER CITY HERALD.

GEO. GE. NEARPASS, Publisher.

Entered at Culver Postoffice as Second-class Matter.

ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION:

For One Year \$1.25
For Six Months .70
For Three Months .35
If paid promptly in advance a discount of 25 cents will be given on the year.

Obituary poetry 5 cents per line. Local advertisements 5 cents per line. Display advertising rates made known on application.

City Locals.

Have you seen the beautiful display of fruits in Porter & Co's show window? They have an excellent line. Call when in need of said article. 4tf

Col. Kreuzberger, of Logansport, transacted business in Culver Thursday.

The Nickel Plate Road sells Home seekers Excursion tickets at extremely low rates, Aug. 17th. Ask agents. 5w2

Michael Fornoff, one of Logansport's hustling business men, spent a few days at Culver this week and is delighted with the place.

See those 98c walking shoes, they are all right and worth \$1.50 to \$1.75 but must go at 98c.—VANSCHOIACK.

Frank Ulery and Fred Long were at Kewanee Sunday calling upon their best girls. Rev. J. W. Barber was at Winamac Monday.

Work has been commenced upon the new school house at Hibbard.

"Last summer one of our grand-children was sick with a severe bowel trouble," says Mrs. E. G. Gregory, of Fredrickstown, Mo. "Our doctor's remedies had failed, then we tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, which gave her very speedy relief." For sale at Culver City Drug store.

Rev. Skinner and wife, of Illinois, are visiting Mrs. Skinner's mother, Mrs. Reuben Kaley, south of town.

Aug. 16th is the date for the Annual Niagara Falls Excursion via the Nickel Plate Road. Sleeping cars attached. 5w2

Tuesday was a great day for Argos. Thousands of people gathered at said city to witness bicycle races, base ball game, etc. In the evening the Argos band gave a grand concert.

Take the Annual Excursion via the Nickel Plate Road Aug. 16th, to Niagara Falls and Toronto. Secure sleeping car space early. 5w2

The Osborn Ditch was sold as advertised July 29, and some 14,000 yards was bid on by H. R. Robins, of Knox, Ind., at 6cts per cubic yard, who has given bond and signed the contract over to J. C. Hauck, of South Bend, Ind., who has also given a good bond for \$5,000, and has entered in a contract at 6cts and according to specifications on file in the clerk's office in cause 4189. He is to commence said work at once and to be excavating in said work by the 10, of Sept., 1897. He will unload the dredge at Culver and then move teams to the head of the ditch. He will furnish work to all he can who are not able to meet their payments on the ditch.

GEO. W. EXAYER.

Ask any agent of the Nickel Plate Road for reservations in sleeping cars, rates and time of special train excursion to Niagara Falls and Toronto, Aug. 16th. 5w2

On Saturday Aug. 21, '97, there will be a sabbath school picnic in the grove at Monterey. An excellent program has been arranged. In the afternoon, Rev. J. M. Driver D. D., of Marion, Ind., will deliver his soul stirring lecture entitled "Logan, the peerless eagle of the gallant third-front." Dr. Driver is one of the most eloquent speakers now upon the lecture platform in America. Sabbath schools, G. A. R. Posts, and all civic organizations are cordially invited to be present. Come and enjoy an intellectual feast of eloquence and song.

C. O. Arnold, M. D.

Supt. M. E. S. S., Monterey, Ind.

A few more days yet of our special sale on shoes. Do not miss this chance of getting shoes very cheap.—VANSCHOIACK.

Niagara Falls is the place, August 16th is the date, Nickel Plate is the Road, Ask agents for the rate. 5w2

Send laundry with Erza Koontz. Leave your laundry with E. Koontz if your shirt needs a new neck band, and get one put on free of charge.

A seven room dwelling for sale, good cellar, water and shade trees price reasonable. Call at my Law office. V. P. KIRK.

Do you know that we are closing out all summer dress goods at less than cost.—Vanschoiack.

Don't forget the special 30 day shoe sale. All must go at some price.—Vanschoiack.

Excursion rates to Vermillion, O Aug. 3rd to 23rd via the Nickel Plate Road, account religious meetings at Linwood Park Assembly Grounds. 4w4

You may hunt the world over and you will not find another medicine equal to Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for bowel complaints. It is pleasant, safe and reliable. For sale at Culver City Drug store.

Our Jeweler Mr. Campbell, has just completed making a large clock to be placed in his shop window. It is all made throughout by hand and visible witness of his skill as a workman. The dial is over twenty inches square, hands being about six inches long and are gilded. The work on the dial shows the great decorative skill possessed by the Culver Jeweler. The works are just a little over two inches in diameter and is jeweled throughout. The case is of walnut and shows the skill of our furniture man Mr. Easterday. It is not often a town the size of this has an opportunity to possess a skilled mechanic like Mr. C., and it is to the interest of the citizens of our town and surrounding country to see that he gets enough work to remain here permanently.

"DARKNESS AND DAYLIGHT,"

OR

Lights and Shadows of New York Life.

In this new and superbly illustrated work a noble Christian woman tells the thrilling story of her personal experience in Gospel, temperance, mission and rescue-work in a great city. No recent publication is now commanding so much attention nor has any other called forth such ringing words of "God speed" from ministers and eminent women. It has been preached about from famous pulpits, read by tens of thousands of subscribers, and made the subject of many a clergyman's Sunday evening lecture. Its authorship is fourfold, its four authors being no less than:—Mrs. Helen Campbell, Rev. Lyman Abbott, D. D., Col. Thomas W. Knox, and Inspector Thomas Byrnes, Chief of the New York Detective Bureau.

Mrs. Campbell, the principal writer, certainly was a woman commissioned of God, and "In His Name" spent many years as a city missionary literally "In Darkest New York." What a wonderful work she did. How devoted and blessed her labors were. It is a story never to be forgotten. This unique volume presents these thrilling experiences of Christian endeavor with the hundreds of pathetic and amusing scenes that were packed into them; it portrays life in a great city by day and by night "As Seen by a Woman;" it shows the power of the Gospel to redeem souls from the lowest depths; it gives striking testimonies of the redeemed; and from all these rich and varied experiences it draws living truths for head and heart that are worth to any reader ten times the price of the book. Mrs. Campbell's account of rescue-work is full of wonderfully touching incidents. Stranger stories are here to d than romance ever dreamed of, every one of them drawn from real life by a woman's hand. In every chapter she weaves in anecdote after anecdote, incident after incident, story after story, and the reader's attention is held breathless to the end of the volume. "Strange but most suggestive is the fact," says Bishop Cox, is warmly commending this volume, "that Christ is to be visited in these dens and dives; there are those whom He will bear in mind when He says: 'Ye visited me;' or, when He says: 'Ye did it not to Me.'"

Rev. Dr. Lyman Abbott's life-long interest in City Mission work, and his personal share in that work, pre-eminently fitted him to write for this book. In his introduction to it he says:—

"My interest in these phases of city life dates from my college days. From that day to this—over a third of a century—I have continued the studies then begun, and the subject of this book has been one of the great subjects of my study—sometimes in literature, often in life."

No appeal from temperance advocates can do more to promote the cause of temperance than the thrilling scenes and incidents so well described; at least so say Mrs. Mary A. Livermore and Miss Frances E. Willard.

One of the most absorbingly interesting portions of the book is that written by Inspector Byrnes giving the ripe experience of thirty years of detective life. Many of the startling revelations he makes are taken from his private diary. They have never before been published.

This fascinating volume is indeed a wonderful tale of Christian love and faith, all alive with intense and striking reality. The best of it is that it is a pure and elevating book from beginning to end—a volume for the family circle. On this point the words of Rev. Dr. Twichell (who has a family of ten children) and Rev. Dr. Magoun, President Iowa College, are worth quoting here: Dr. Twichell writes,—"My wife says that she is going to set our young people on the book right off, for the good it will do them;" and President Magoun says,—"My family finds, where other books on our shelves lack interest, this one always holds and rewards attention."

It contains 252 superb engravings, every one of them made from photographs taken from life, mostly by flash-light. Every face is a portrait, every scene a stern reality. In looking at these splendid illustrations the reader sees at a glance just how Gospel work is carried on by day and by night by rescue-bands; he is shown strange sights in out of the way places that are rarely or never seen by the casual visitor; he is taken into cheap lodging-houses and cellars; into the homes of the poor; into newsboys' lodging-houses; into the police and detective department, etc.,—nothing seems to be omitted.

We do not know when 740 pages have given us more genuine pleasure. If we speak warmly of the book, it is because it richly deserves it. It is sold only by agents, and is meeting with an enormous sale. Agents who introduce such a work ought to be cordially welcomed. A better work has certainly never come to our table. It will be read over and over again by old and young, with ever increasing pleasure and lasting profit.

The work is published by the old and well-known firm of A. D. Worthington & Co., Hartford, Conn., whose imprint is sufficient guarantee of the excellence of this first-class volume. Royal Octavo, 740 pages. 252 fine plates, portraits, and text illustrations.

Palmer House Arrivals.

The following are the new arrivals at the Palmer House the ensuing week: Mrs. L. M. Davis, Cincinnati, O. Miss Pearl Thomas, New York. Miss Grace Bennett, New York. Mrs. A. G. Busick, Mrs. W. G. Sweet, Miss Emma Thomas, Miss Ella Thomas, all of Royal Center, Ind. G. A. Barnes and G. B. Capron, of Plymouth, Ind. Miss Varnie Wood, Mr. A. P. Wood, Mrs. E. A. Barnes, and Miss Lillian Hazer, all of New York, have taken suits for one month. Dr. Sarber and wife, of Argos, spent Sunday at the Palmer.

J. Larines and H. H. Thacher, of Ellwood, Ind., spent Sunday at the Palmer.

Lloyd Hinkle, Miss Carrie Gabbert, W. H. Chapman and Deliah Buckley, of Argos, were at the Palmer Sunday.

Ed. Sherman and wife, of Indianapolis, made the regular stop over at the Palmer Sunday.

J. Irving, Riddle the popular insurance man, and wife spent Sunday at the Palmer House.

Summer Dress goods lower than ever, we are bound to close them out.—VANSCHOIACK.

One Fare to Linwood Park, Vermillion, Ohio.

Aug 3rd to 23rd inclusive via Nickel Plate Road, account religious assemblies.

For Sale.

A 5x7 View Camera, 3 double Plate Holders, carrying case, folding tripod and all complete, good as new and will sell very cheap. For particulars enquire at J. D. Avery's Photograph Gallery, Culver, Ind., one block west of depot. If you want a good bargain, call at once.

G. A. R. Encampment at Buffalo, N. Y.

The Nickel Plate Road sells low rate excursion tickets August 21st, 22nd, and 23rd. Tickets may be extended to Sept. 20th. 4w4

Notice of Attachment.

Notice is hereby given that the following property which has been attached on, viz: 1 Rock Island plow, belonging to David Martz, and now at the residence of Mark Elliott's for a claim of 14.20, against said defendant, and furthermore if said defendant fails to appear on the 30th day of August, judgment will be rendered against said property, which will be sold according to law.

I. C. BROOKE, Justice of Peace.

J. F. CROMLEY, Constable.

ONE FARE TO LINWOOD PARK, VERMILLION, OHIO,

Aug. 3rd to 23rd inclusive via Nickel Plate Road, account Religious Assemblies. 4w4

For Sale.

Lot No. 1, Vanschoiack's sub-division—east side of the lake. Call at my law office over bank.

V. P. KIRK.

How To Find Out.

Fill a bottle or common glass with urine and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates a diseased condition of the kidneys. When urine stains linen it is positive evidence of kidney trouble. Too frequent desire to urinate or pain in the back, is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

WHAT TO DO.

There is comfort in the knowledge often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy fulfills every wish in relieving pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passages. It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effect following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to get up many times during the night to urinate. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists; price fifty cents and one dollar. For a sample bottle and pamphlet, both sent free by mail, mention CULVER CITY HERALD and send your full-postoffice address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The proprietor of this paper guarantees the genuineness of this offer.

V. P. KIRK'S

Notary Public.

Law, Real Estate and Life Assurance Office.

Office over Bank. Culver, Ind.



WINONA

ICE CREAM AND CREAMERY BUTTER FACTORY.

P. SCHLOSSER, Proprietor.

First Class in Every Particular.

WINONA, - - INDIANA.



CULVER CITY HARNESS STORE.

A good stock to select from. Heavy and Light HARNESS, NETS, HARNESS OIL AND AXLE GREASE.

Is the place to get your Harness Goods

Live and Let Live, is my principles.

DUSTERS, HAMMOCKS, SWEAT PADS, BRUSHES, COMBS, TRUNKS, SATCHELS, WHIPS, LASHES, ETC.

Thanking you for your liberal patronage and desiring a continuance of the same Goods as represented.

HAYDEN REA.

H. A. COOK

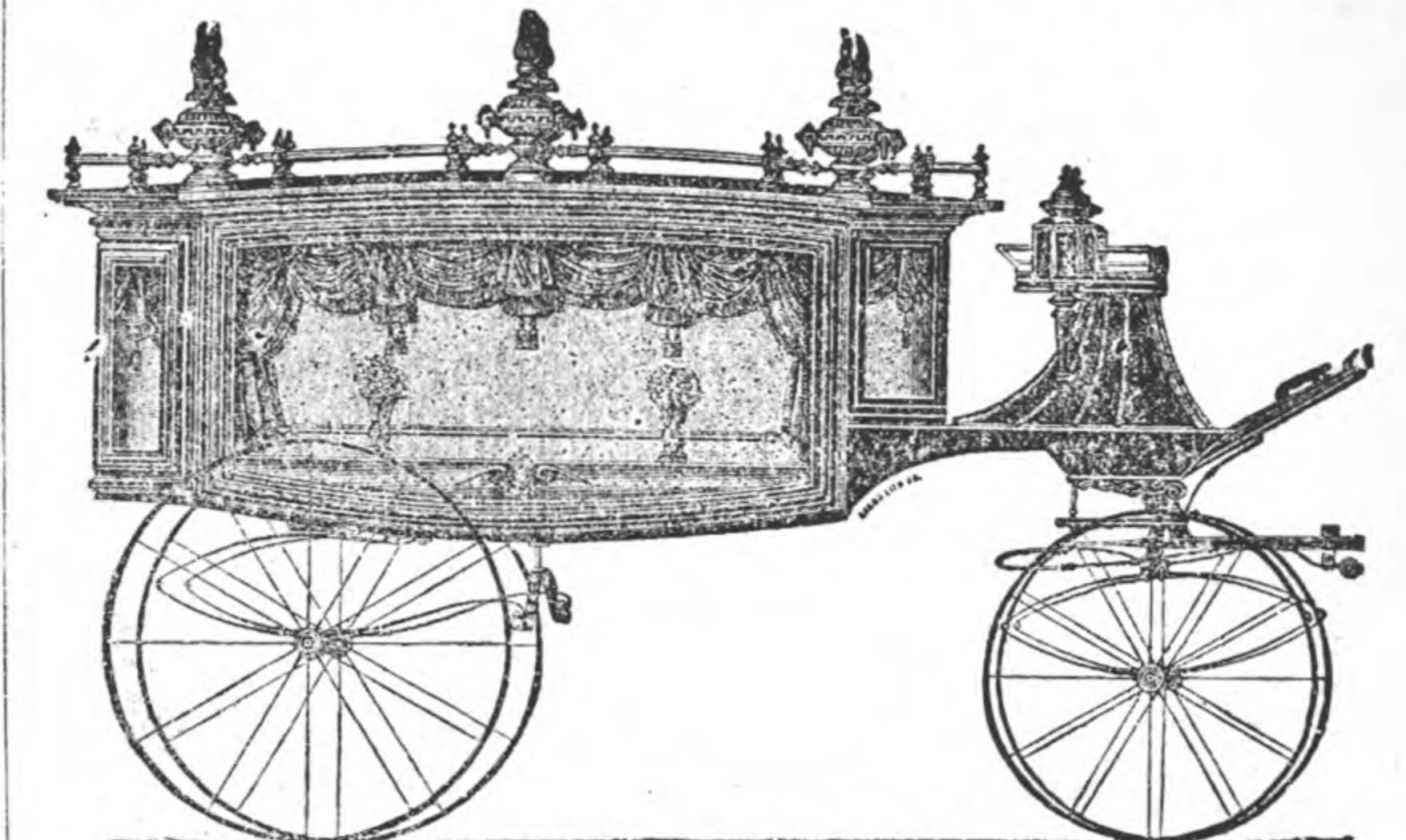
We call your attention to the fact that he has opened in the Koontz building opposite the harness shop, a

DRUG AND GROCERY STORE.

Also has opened a grocery near the Indianapolis landing east side of the lake where he will keep a first class line of groceries and drugs.

W. S. EASTERDAY,

Furniture & Undertaking.



This is the place to get your Furniture, Chairs, Cupboards, Safes, Writing Desks, Stands, Tables, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Bed Springs, Mattresses, Couches, Sofas, Easels, Mirrors, Picture Frames and Mouldings, and a fine line of Rockers for the old and young.

Do not forget the place.

MAIN STREET.

CULVER CITY, IND.

HAYES & SON,

PROPRIETORS OF

Livery, Feed and Sale Stable.



First Class Horses, Buggies and Vehicles of every description. Can stable from 50 to 75 Horses and shelter a number of Buggies.

Special Attention Paid to Traveling Men.

BARN ONE BLOCK WEST OF DEPOT.

CULVER, IND.

A Rare Chance

To Get a Bargain Worth Looking After.

We have just received 15 pieces of

Jamestown Dress Goods

in the New Fall Shadings, 40 inches wide, and sold all over this country at 50c the lowest price, for a starter we will sell them for a short period at

... 29c per yard. ...

This is a good time to lay in your early Fall Dresses at this price. We are also in receipt of a few pieces of Jamestown Dress Goods in Small Checks, suitable for children's wear, the 35c quality which we will let go at 19c. You know that there is no better goods on the market than the

Jamestown Dress Goods . . .

They make no trash, their 35c goods that we sell at 19c are the best values on the market, and only sold in our store.

All Summer Goods go at and less than cost from now on.

Kloepfer's New York Store.

PLYMOUTH, IND.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

Buy White Rose Flower at Avery's Grocery.

The celebrated Peru band returned home Tuesday.

Sir Knight Phillips, of Rochester, was in town Tuesday.

H. J. Meredith made South Bend a business visit Thursday.

T. J. Bigley, of Maxenkuckee, made Chicago a visit Thursday.

There will be a grand ball at the Lake View Saturday evening.

The Maxenkuckee ice company shipped 8 ear loads of ice Wednesday.

Next Thursday the odd Fellows of Terre Haute will picnic at this place.

There will be an excursion from Indianapolis and Richmond to the lake next Sunday.

W. H. Brown and wife, of Deleware county, are visiting friends in and near Culver.

Mrs. Geo. Green, of Terre Haute, will spend a few weeks visiting friends in this city.

Rev. D. E. Zechiel, of Waterloo, Ind., will preach in the Grace Reformed church Tuesday evening Aug. 17.

Geo. Mulcalhy and Michael Fansler, of Logansport, are in town and will remain a few days at the lake roughing it.

One of Israel Zechiel's children, of Plymouth, is dangerously ill. Mrs. W. H. Wilson was called there Thursday.

Miss Minnie Cox and her grandmother, Mrs. Cox, of Plymouth, are visiting friends in Culver this week.

Mr. Frank Harper and wife, of Terre Haute, were in town the past week visiting Geo. Ulery and wife. Mr. Harper married Miss Etta Ulery.

Dr. McKenzie, the first manager of Culver military academy, has been appointed pastor of an Episcopal church at Indianapolis and will also retain the presidency of the Lima, Ind., Military school.

There will be Episcopal services at the Palmer House next Sunday at 10 o'clock a. m. All are invited to attend. Rev. W. W. Raymond, of Plymouth, will have charge of the services.

The Culver City Band will give a grand concert in the near future. Save your pennies for this occasion as it will be a treat to the musical art.

Garn Bros. are artistically painting the interior of the academy, and will probably paint the outside. They are skilled workmen and well worthy of your patronage.

W. H. Wilson and wife visited Chicago last Sunday. While there they heard a sermon by Dowie, the great faith cure apostle.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Liecester and children, of Elkhart, have returned after a two weeks visit with friends and relatives at this place.

Freemem K. Mawhortor, while working at the ice houses Thursday had the misfortune to stick a pike hook into one of his feet, making an ugly wound. He will take a lay off for several days.

Mr. John Green who has been sojourning at Pulaskville, Ind., returned home Tuesday night on account of the illness of his brother. He will remain for an indefinite period.

Married at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Philip Sickman's, Tuesday evening, Aug. 10th, Rev. Father Theile, of Monterey, officiating, Mr. Peter Dahl and Miss Alice Sickman. About 40 invited guests were present.

The lawn social at the Reformed church parsonage Wednesday evening was a grand success. Although the air was cool and reminded us of an October evening, all the ice cream was disposed of and all present report an enjoyable time.

Saturday, Aug. 14, the Vandalia R. R. company will give an excursion to Chicago. Train will leave Culver at 9:20 p. m. and will connect with the fast side-wheel steamer "City of Chicago" arriving at Chicago at 4:30 a. m. Sunday, fare round trip, \$1.50.

Mr. David Green formerly of this city, who has been employed in Waggoner's restaurant at Terre Haute, was taken ill two weeks ago with typhoid fever. His brother brought him home last Thursday night and under the skillful treatment of Dr. Rea, it is hoped he will soon recover.

Watches!

Why send to outside places when you want a watch? Look at these prices. Here are my leaders—

18 size, 15 jeweled Rockford in Gold filled case.....\$10.00

18 size, 15 jeweled Seth Thomas in same grade of case ADJUSTED.....\$10.00

New York Standard same case as above.....\$5.75

18 size, 15 jeweled Seth Thomas same case as above.....\$9.00

New York Standard, complete watch.....\$3.00

7 jewels Elgin, Waltham, Hamden, Columbus or Rockford in nickel case for only.....\$6.50

Remember these are all warranted movements and cases.

CAMPBELL, the jeweler, Culver, Ind.

G. A. R. Attention!!

The Nickel Plate road sells tickets to Buffalo Aug. 21st, 22nd, and 33rd. Return limit as late as Sept 20th.

4w4

Just Remember.

That H. Oyler, the old reliable boot and shoe repairer is still at the business, and is better prepared than ever to do your work upon very short notice. Repairing ladies shoes in an artistic manner a specialty. Shop first door south of Meredith's store.

Reasons Why Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is the Best.

1. Because it affords almost instant relief in case of pain in the stomach, colic and cholera morbus.
 2. Because it is the only remedy that never fails in the most severe cases of dysentery and diarrhoea.
 3. Because it is the only remedy that will cure chronic diarrhoea.
 4. Because it is the only remedy that will prevent bilious colic.
 5. Because it is the only remedy that will cure epidemical dysentery.
 6. Because it is the only remedy that can always be depended upon in cases of cholera infantum.
 7. Because it is the most reliable medicine in use for bowel complaints.
 8. Because it produces no bad results.
 9. Because it is pleasant and safe to take.
 10. Because it has saved the lives of more people than any other medicine in the world.
- The 25 and 50c sizes for sale at Culver City Drug store

31st Annual Encampment at Buffalo.

One cent per mile via the Nickel Plate Road August 21st, 25nd, and 23rd. Tickets good on any one of our Peerless Trio of Fast Express Trains.

4w4



Hello There! —*

Are You Aware of the Fact

that S. Cavender, at Rutland, Ind. is still on deck with a full line of choice Groceries, Dry Goods, Tobaccoes, Plow Shoes, Overalls, etc?

Remember! that he sells the best articles at the lowest living prices.

S. Cavender, Rutland, Ind.

Go To

John V. Astley & Son.

PLYMOUTH, IND.

... For ...



Pumps, Pipes, Points, Oliver Plows, Cook and Heating Stoves, Paints, Oils, etc.

"You son of a biscuit-eater" MY paint is the best, I buy it of Astley & Son, Plymouth, and save 20 per cent on the dollar.

All Hardware Cheaper Than Ever Before.

He Leads Them All.

Positively the Largest and most Select Line of Furniture in the county.



Sewing Machines of every grade repaired and Sundries furnished for the same.

BICYCLE REPAIRING one of the great Specialties.

Undertaking AND Embalming

are the leading features of this establishment. Calls promptly attended night or day.

DON'T MISS THE PLACE.

A. B. Wickizer.

PRICES AT ROCK BOTTOM.

ARGOS IND

"CRYENE" PUTS BABY TO SLEEP.

IS NOT A SOOTHING SYRUP

BUT IS

THE IDEAL REMEDY FOR



ROSS KISSING ONSTIPATED COLIC CHILDREN.

CONTAINS NO OPTIVATES POISONS OR DELETERIOUS SUBSTANCES.

RYENE lets pa-pa and ma-ma sleep.

ABSOLUTELY HARMLESS.

For Sale at CULVER CITY DRUG STORE.

HELLO GENTRAL!

... Give us ...

H. J. MEREDITH'S STORE.

Where is kept constantly on hand the choicest line of Groceries in Marshall county. In Queensware he has a variety that will please the most fastidious. In Tobaccos and Cigars, he keeps the very best brands in the market. Then in canned goods, "Great Walter Scott" and the shadow of "Chas. Sumner," but he has a mammoth supply, and no "Cheap John" brands either, they are the super-fine or finer. Don't fail to give me Meredith's every time I call.

GOOD-BYE.

The Simple and Whole Secret ...

Of our constantly growing business, and our prestige with all goods, tasty dressers, is that we sell absolutely reliable Clothing only, and at less price than any competition, with their inferior goods.

We have just closed out from the largest Clothing manufacturers in the world—Ab. Kirksbaum & Co., of Philadelphia—100 Men's 20 ounce Black Clay Worsted Suits—Lot 7073—suits they wholesaled at \$8 75, at a spot cash price that we are enabled to offer them at

\$7.50

You can not find their equal in any clothing store in Indiana under \$10 to \$12. Come early as the small lot of them won't last long at the above price to all.

We are Closing all Straw Hats—

—and Summer Goods AT COST.

M. LAUER & SON, The One-Price Outfitters.

Plymouth, Ind.



BALL & CARABIN.

"Always Up-To-Date."

VERY SPECIAL SALE

of LADIES' MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.

We have inaugurated an unprecedented selling of Ladies' Muslin Underwear—and quote a few prices to attract you our way.

Note These Prices.

Children's Drawers, from 10c upward.

Ladies' Drawers, from 19c upward.

Ladies' Skirts, from 47c upwards.

Ladies' Night Gowns, from 49c upward.

Ladies' Corset Covers.

From 15c upwards.

Ready-Made Sheets and Ready-Made Pillow Slips we are selling as cheap as you can buy the muslin to make them.

Remember that these goods are made out of the very best muslins.

Our remarkable Shirt Waist selling will continue through July.



Ball & Carabin.

PLYMOUTH, IND.

CULVER CITY HERALD.

CULVER CITY, . . . INDIANA.

BIG DROP IN SILVER.

DECLINES TO THE LOWEST POINT EVER TOUCHED.

In London Bar Bullion Reached 25 3-4 Pence Per Ounce and New York Quotations Follow—Coal Goes Up Ten Cents.

Causes General Excitement.

Bar silver made a violent and sensational break Thursday in London, falling one-half penny to 25 3/4 pence per ounce. This is by far the lowest price ever touched, and is the most rapid decline recorded on the London market since the last week of June, 1893, when the Indian Government decided to close the Indian mints to free silver coinage, and when holders of bullion accordingly threw their silver on the market without regard to price. On the news silver bullion fell in London from 37 1/4 pence per ounce to a price below 30, but it rallied sharply later. The New York price fell to 55 3/4 cents bid, a break of 4 1/4 cents within a month. At this price the bullion value of the silver dollar is a trifle more than 43 cents. The effect of the decline in silver to 55 3/4 cents an ounce and the probable further fall to as low as 50 cents, which seems to be conceded by those in the best position to judge, is, according to a dispatch, the current topic of conversation among Colorado mining men, and while some are greatly discouraged at the outlook for mining in Colorado, the general opinion seems to be that the decline of silver will have no very serious effect upon the mines, because there is comparatively little silver now mined in the State except in connection with copper, gold and lead.

DEATH ENDS A FROLIC.

Wedding Ends in the Suffocation of Three Men and a Woman.

In Cincinnati, three men and a woman were suffocated and thirteen others slightly hurt by a fire Thursday morning. Seventeen men and women were gathered in the second story of a building occupied on the first floor by Otto Adler's all-night saloon. It seems that it was a wedding frolic, in which Guth, one of the dead men, was the bridegroom and the daughter of Landlord Adler was the bride. Still, there is some doubt about who was the bride, as there is about nearly all the particulars in the case, the occupants of the building refusing all information. None of the dead were burned. All were suffocated by smoke from the fire in adjacent rooms. The only exit for escape was blocked by a bathtub set up on end at the head of the stairway. The smoke came from an adjacent room, where the fire was soon extinguished. The celebrants of the wedding used beer and cigarettes freely, and it is now supposed cigarettes started the fire and that beer caused the somnolence which, with the up-ended bathtub, were the indirect causes of so many fatalities.

HUNDRED BRIDGES DESTROYED.

Cloudburst in Colorado Causes a Disastrous Flood.

A cloudburst caused the most serious flood ever known near Castle Rock, Colo. Plum creek became a raging torrent in a few minutes, and not less than a hundred bridges on that stream and its tributaries were washed away. The Denver and Rio Grande and Santa Fe Railway companies suffered some damage to tracks and other property, not, however, of a serious nature, nor sufficient to interfere with regular train service. The damage to wagon bridges and roads will cost the county several thousand dollars.

OVER FIFTY THOUSAND IN LINE.

Estimates of Coming Grand Army Parade at Buffalo.

From information received by Secretary Turner of the Citizens' G. A. R. committee, 53,529 veterans will participate in the grand parade during the national encampment at Buffalo. New York heads the list with 15,000 veterans. Pennsylvania follows with 8,000, while the estimates from Illinois, Ohio and Massachusetts are 5,000 each. The State divisions will march in the order of the organization, with the exception that New York will bring up the rear out of courtesy to the visitors.

Standing of the Clubs.

Following is the standing of the clubs in the National Baseball League:

	W.	L.		W.	L.
Boston	59	27	Chicago	41	48
Baltimore	54	28	Pittsburg	39	46
Cincinnati	54	28	Louisville	40	50
New York	50	32	Brooklyn	36	48
Cleveland	45	41	Washington	31	54
Philadelphia	42	46	St. Louis	24	67

The showing of the members of the Western League is summarized below:

	W.	L.		W.	L.
Indianapolis	60	27	Detroit	48	46
Columbus	56	30	Minneapolis	31	63
Milwaukee	50	36	G'd Rapids	29	60
St. Paul	56	37	Kansas City	26	67

Coal Goes Up 10 Cents.

In Pittsburg Thursday, prices for coal moved up 10 cents a ton, the assigned reason being that the prospects are that the area of the strike will expand and embrace the northern and central Pennsylvania districts. Coal is being hoarded for possible future demands, when prices will be still higher.

Food Enough for All.

Four sailing ships have been chartered by the North American Transportation and Trading Company which will be loaded with nothing but provisions for Dawson City.

MORE CASH TO SPEND.

Farmers Will Get \$80,000,000 More than Last Year.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: "Dispatches from almost every Northern city of importance report without exception improvement in business, and from ocean to ocean splendid crop prospects. The task of adjusting the business and industries of the country to conditions created by a new law has progressed with gratifying rapidity and ease. Even the increasing strength of striking coal miners probably forwards the adoption of the uniformity plan, which promises to remove most of the causes of such struggles. Some confusion is caused by events seemingly contradictory—by closing of large cotton mills when many other works are starting and by decline in some prices when others are advancing—but the balance is unmistakably on the right side. The most important event since the passage of the new tariff, which was generally anticipated a week ago, has been the marked increase in foreign demand and advance in price for wheat. With crop news still favorable producers may probably realize something like \$80,000,000 more than last year on wheat. Corn and cotton also advanced, though reports as to yield are good."

FIND A LAKE OF OIL.

Petroleum of the Finest Quality Fills an Immense Alaska Basin.

While the whole world is excited over the gold discoveries in the north, sight has been lost of another discovery that promises to be of great value in the development of that section. Some months ago a lake was discovered and samples were sent to Seattle for analysis. The report on these has just been made public, and the find is reported to be of most marvelous richness. A company has been formed in Seattle to handle the product, and travelers from there say that the company intends to put it on the Alaskan market at once. The lake is of unknown depth, several miles in length, and the quality of the petroleum is said to be of the finest. It is fed by springs, and the hills surrounding it are said to be rich in coal and asphalt. The lake is only two miles from the ocean, so that the difficulties of transportation are reduced to a minimum. It is the expectation of the owners of the lake to take its product into the mining camps of Northern Alaska wherever the waterways will permit.

\$300,000 IN FIVE YEARS.

Minnesota Blacksmiths Return from Alaska with Fortunes.

Peter Olafson and Charles Erickson, formerly blacksmiths on the Duluth and Iron Range Railroad at Two Harbors, Minn., have returned from Alaska, after an absence of five years, with \$300,000 in gold. For the first three years they fared badly, as they did not find a paying claim. Their first good luck came when they located a claim on the Stewart river, and later they struck it rich on the Klondyke. The young men, who are between 25 and 30 years of age, intend to go to Sweden in a few weeks and live as country gentlemen.

Harbor Full of War Vessels.

The steamer Miowera, from Honolulu, brings the following Hawaiian advices: Honolulu harbor is dotted with British, Japanese and United States war vessels, and more British and Japanese vessels are expected daily. In semi-official quarters everything is reported quiet, but the impression among citizens is that the condition of affairs is very threatening and a popular outbreak may occur at any time, when international interference from ships in the harbor would occasion complications. The stream of Asiatic laborers is still pouring in, each shipload causing a fresh outbreak of feeling among the different factions on the islands. An immediate cause of alarm is the fact that the United States bluejackets are bitterly hostile to the Hawaiian police, who exercise almost military rule. British and Japanese sailors are not molested, but American bluejackets are constantly arrested as deserters without cause and annoyed in every conceivable way. The object of the authorities in this persecution cannot at present be fathomed. The bluejackets are writing numerous letters to the press, protesting against their treatment. Heavy rewards are offered to the police for arresting United States naval deserters, which has caused wholesale arrests of men of the American fleet. News of the annexation of several of the Solomon Islands by Great Britain has been received with excitement and again started a report that advices have been received from England that the United States will not be allowed to annex Hawaii, as Great Britain wants the islands herself.

Woodford's Job Made Easier.

The St. Louis Globe-Democrat has this from Havana: "The powerful arm of the United States is being felt every day in Spain. Notwithstanding the Spanish threats of war, they are doing all possible to prevent hostilities between the two countries. Ona Melton said some time ago in an interview at Cabanas fortress: 'When they make a decided demand for my liberty I will be released. I have it upon the most reliable authority that Canovas, anticipating Mr. Woodward's mission to Spain, upon his arrival in that country will present him with an order for the release of the Americans captured on the Competitor. Canovas will not wait for Mr. McKinley to act.' When the news first reached Spain in regard to the action of Congress in demanding the release of the men, Canovas wired to the judge advocate here to nolle pros the case. The judge flatly refused to comply with the order. A second cable was sent telling him that unless he complied with the request he would be arrested for insubordination. It is expected that within another week Melton and his companions, broken in health and spirits, will walk from their cells."

Falls Heir to a Fortune.

Carl Cronheim, who has been employed in heating coal and washing dishes in Boston, has been notified of the death of his elder brother, Count Henrik Julius Cronheim, of Sweden, by which he thus comes into a title, four large properties and an income of \$50,000 a year.

SHIP BURNS AT SEA.

BRITISH WATER-LOGGED VESSEL SET ON FIRE.

First Collides with an Iceberg—Crew Is Picked Up After Being in Open Boats for Forty-nine Hours, with but Little Water.

Crew Is Rescued.

Twenty-one men, comprising the officers and crew of the British steamer Furtor, were brought to Boston by the steamer Sagamore. Their vessel had become water-logged through collision with an iceberg and was burned at sea, and they were picked up by Capt. Alexander Fenton and his crew after they had been forty-nine hours in open boats. The Furtor, under command of Capt. D. J. Jenkins, sailed from West Bay, N. S., on June 23, with a cargo of 1,000 standard of deals, consigned to parties in Barry, Wales. The Sagamore left Liverpool on July 24, and when off Cape Race, N. F., about 1 a. m., July 29, the lookouts discerned rockets denoting that some vessel was in distress. First Officer Tamlin ordered one of the lifeboats launched and, manned by himself and five men, they rowed as rapidly as possible toward the scene. Arriving near where the rockets were sent up the rescuers discovered four lifeboats, in which was the entire crew of the Furtor, which was lying close by, in a waterlogged condition and on fire. Reaching the Sagamore's side the five boats were quickly hoisted on board and every attention was given to the suffering men, who had been adrift forty-nine hours with but a scanty supply of provisions and water. The day previous to the rescue the men suffered considerable hardship from the cold and rain, a heavy westerly gale with high seas having raged for nearly twenty-four hours. The Furtor ran into a towering iceberg, which stove in her bows, and it was necessary to take to the boats. A fire was built on the deck to attract the attention of steamers and this set fire to the ship and she burned to the water's edge.

DEATH AT THE CROSSING.

Wagon and Occupants Thrown Down Embankment by a Train.

Two children killed and six persons injured, several probably fatally, is the record of an accident on the New York, Ontario and Western Railroad just north of Rockland, Sullivan County, N. Y. A combined observation car and locomotive, bearing B. Canfield, the general superintendent, and Charles H. Hopkins, superintendent of the southern division of the road, struck a wagon containing John Manlick and his wife and six children. The accident occurred at the Hollywood highway crossing. The wagon and occupants were hurled forty feet down an embankment into the rocky bed of the Willowsmoe river. One of the children was instantly killed, another died soon after the accident, and other members of the family are not expected to survive.

SEXTUPLEX WIRE IS A SUCCESS.

Three Messages Sent Over One Line Are Accurately Received.

A sextuplex telegraph wire was successfully operated in Boston in the presence of representatives of New York and Boston newspapers. The circuit was to New Haven and return, a distance of 300 miles. Three messages were sent over the wire simultaneously, and were easily and accurately received on the receiving sides. The inventor is Thomas B. Dixon, of Kentucky, son of the late Archibald Dixon, once a Senator of that State. He is a practical telegrapher, and has been attempting to solve the problem of the sextuplex since 1891. Edison, Field and Tesla and many other of the leading electricians have experimented with the sextuplex wire, but without practical results.

RICHES IN COPPER.

Michigan Miners Excited Over a New Strike in Six-Mile Hill Mine.

Great excitement has been caused throughout the whole Lake Superior mining district by the rich strike of native copper made in the shaft of the Six Mile Hill mine. Over a ton of the metal in an almost pure condition was loosened at one blast, as well as a large amount of ore which will yield rich returns.

E. V. Debs Enjoined.

Upon the application of James Sloan Jr., of Baltimore, a stockholder in the Monongah Coal and Coke Company, made by ex-Governor Fleming, his counsel, Judge Jackson, in the United States court at Parkersburg, W. Va., Wednesday afternoon granted a sweeping injunction restraining Eugene V. Debs and his associates from in any way interfering with or molesting the management or the conducting of the property of the Monongah Coal and Coke Company or its employees.

Wages Tumble.

According to a letter received from Dawson City, dated June 26, thousands are flocking into that town, and as a consequence the price of labor has greatly decreased. The indications are, says the writer, that Dawson City will have a population of 10,000 this winter, and wages will be at about what it would cost to live. It does not look as if \$20 a day will ever be paid again.

Kansas Miners Strike.

At Pittsburg, Kan., the coal miners at the Western Coal and Iron Company's No. 4 shaft are on strike, the company having discharged the union check weighman, and the miners refusing to name another man to succeed him pending a meeting of the union.

Chemicals in a Blaze.

In Philadelphia, a fire broke out in the extensive chemical works of D. Jayne & Son. One of the assistant engineers of the fire department and several of the firemen were injured by falling walls. The damage is estimated at \$200,000.

UNCLE SAM PAYS TWO CLAIMS.

Settles for Foreigners Killed and Injured in America.

The Treasury Department has turned over to the State Department for delivery to Christopher Schmidt, through the German embassy, the sum of \$3,000 as full indemnity to him for injuries sustained in 1892 from a rifle shot fired by United States soldiers. Schmidt was passing along a public highway near Fort Snelling, Minn., while the soldiers were firing over their rifle range and was struck by a stray bullet. He was a subject of Germany, but when the appropriation was made for his relief Congress expressly refused to admit liability in such cases, and made the item read: "Relief of a subject of Germany." To pay out of humane consideration, without reference to the question of liability therefor, to the German Government, as full indemnity," etc. The State Department has finally ended another international incident by paying over to Count Venei, the Italian charge, the sum of \$6,600 as indemnity for the doing to death by a mob of three Italian subjects. The men were Lorenzo Saladdino, Salvatore Arreno and Giuseppe Venturicola, and they were taken out of jail at Hahnville, La., about a year ago and lynched.

WIFE CHARGED WITH MURDER.

Minnesota Man Killed and Attempt Made to Cremate Body.

A Redwood Falls (Minn.) special says that John O'Connell, a well-known farmer and prominent politician of Westline township was murdered at his farmhouse. Seven gashes in his scalp were the immediate cause of death. After the blows had been inflicted O'Connell's clothing was saturated with kerosene and his home was set on fire. Statements of three of his children made to the county authorities are to the effect that Mrs. O'Connell wife of the murdered man was the sole author of the horrible tragedy. His wife's antipathy to drink was strong and his abuse of her and the children while under its influence may have driven her temporarily insane.

A New Organism.

What may prove to be one of the most interesting and important discoveries of modern times has been made by Professor A. F. Rand, of New York City, in the form of a microbe hitherto unknown to science. It is most minute, yet displays an activity that is astonishing, devouring all within which it comes in contact eagerly. Especially is this true of the human blood, a drop of which it seizes upon with savagery. They attack the red corpuscles, and it may be that this discovery might lead to important results in the institution of diseases, which these microbes may be directly responsible for, since they seize upon the blood of sickly persons in preference to that from perfectly healthy organisms. They propagate by the million in a half darkened room, but a ray of light means death. The mouth is the greatest organ discernible in the microbe. Beyond this Professor Rand has not yet gone with his investigations, which may mean so much to the world of science in general.

May Shake Up Peru.

The destruction of the United States consulate at Lima, Peru, by the civil authorities April 23 is the subject of diplomatic correspondence between the state department and the Peruvian government.

They'll Starve Like Rats.

Joseph Ladue, owner of Circle City, says people will starve like rats in the Klondyke this winter if the present exodus is allowed to go on. If men will go, he says, they should take their food along.

Fast Train Wrecked.

The fast flyer on the Kansas Pacific Railway was wrecked about forty miles east of Denver. Two trainmen were killed outright, five passengers are fatally injured and many others badly hurt.

Wheeled Across Country.

Mrs. Margaret Lelong has just arrived at San Francisco, having made the trip from Chicago on her wheel.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$3.00 to \$5.50; hogs, shipping grades, \$3.00 to \$4.25; sheep, fair to choice, \$2.00 to \$4.25; wheat, No. 2 red, 78c to 80c; corn, No. 2, 27c to 28c; oats, No. 2, 17c to 18c; rye, No. 2, 42c to 43c; butter, choice creamery, 14c to 15c; eggs, fresh, 9c to 11c; new potatoes, 70c to 80c per bushel.
Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$5.00; hogs, choice light, \$3.00 to \$4.25; sheep, common to choice, \$3.00 to \$3.75; wheat, No. 2, 73c to 75c; corn, No. 2 white, 26c to 28c; oats, No. 2 white, 21c to 22c.
St. Louis—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$5.25; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.25; sheep, \$3.00 to \$4.00; wheat, No. 2, 83c to 85c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 15c to 27c; oats, No. 2 white, 18c to 20c; rye, No. 2, 40c to 42c.
Cincinnati—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$5.00; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.00; sheep, \$2.50 to \$4.00; wheat, No. 2, 77c to 79c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 28c to 29c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 17c to 19c; rye, No. 2, 34c to 36c.
Detroit—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$5.25; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.00; sheep, \$2.50 to \$4.00; wheat, No. 2, 82c to 83c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 28c to 30c; oats, No. 2 white, 22c to 24c; rye, 43c to 44c.
Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 red, 80c to 82c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 28c to 30c; oats, No. 2 white, 17c to 19c; rye, No. 2, 41c to 43c; clover seed, \$4.20 to \$4.30.
Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 spring, 83c to 85c; corn, No. 3, 27c to 29c; oats, No. 2 white, 21c to 22c; rye, No. 1, 42c to 44c; barley, No. 2, 30c to 35c; pork, mess, \$8.00 to \$8.50.
Buffalo—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$5.25; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.50; sheep, \$3.00 to \$4.75; wheat, No. 2 red, 82c to 84c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 31c to 33c; oats, No. 2 white, 22c to 24c.
New York—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$5.25; hogs, \$3.50 to \$4.75; sheep, \$3.00 to \$4.25; wheat, No. 2 red, 89c to 90c; corn, No. 2, 32c to 34c; oats, No. 2 white, 21c to 23c; butter, creamery, 12c to 16c; eggs, Western, 12c to 14c.

CANOVAS MURDERED.

SPAIN'S PRIME MINISTER SHOT BY AN ANARCHIST.

Dies Crying "Long Live Spain"—Meets His Fate at a Bathing Resort—As in the Case of Carnot of France, Assassin Is an Alien.

Spain Mourns Her Premier.

Senor Antonio Canovas del Castillo, prime minister of Spain, was assassinated by Michele Angino Golli, a Neapolitan anarchist, at Santa Agueda, Spain, at 1 o'clock Sunday afternoon. He was shot to death. The murderer fired three times at the aged Spanish minister. Two bullets passed through his forehead and another penetrated his chest. He fell dying at the feet of his wife, who was with him. For two hours he lingered in terrible agony, struggling against the rapid approach of death. With the cry of "Long live Spain" on his lips, the grim old patriot, the fierce monarchist and leader of the Alfonsist party, and the head of the government that tried to crush the Cuban rebellion by a policy of extermination, passed away.

Spain was his love and his life. His country was his idol and its progress his pride. He fought for the monarchy that now rules Spain. He fell by the hand of one to whom all monarchies are detestable and all men in power are tyrants fit only for the knife or the bullet.

Assassinated by an Alien.

Like President Carnot of France, he was assassinated by an alien. In each case the murderer came from Italy, and followed the victim from the seat of the government to a spot where the crime would be made easier by the absence of guards. In each case the crime was committed on Sunday.

"I killed him in accomplishment of a just vengeance," exclaimed the assassin of Canovas, boasting, when arrested.

Golli declared his deed was the outcome of a vast conspiracy to assassinate the rulers of Europe. He spoke of Cesare Santo, the Italian assassin of President Carnot, as a hero who belonged to a band of similar "heroes devoted to the work of destroying tyrants."

Europe Shaken by the News.

The terrible news swept over Spain and the people went into mourning for the victim of the awful crime. Europe was shaken by the story of the assassination, and words of sorrow and sympathy were flashed from every court. The revolutionists in Spain were silenced and the liberals, who had fought the monarchist leader, were horrified at the crime.

Senor Canovas passed through the storm and stress of a ministerial crisis only two months ago. His cabinet was again in the saddle. He had won a victory over his political opponents. His plans for the suppression of the rebellion in Cuba and the re-establishment of Spanish supremacy in the Philippine Islands were strengthened.

Sought Rest and Met Death.

The Spanish premier determined to take a rest and a three weeks' course of the baths at Santa Agueda. He was to return to the summer residence of the Spanish court at San Sebastian to meet United States Minister Woodford, who was to be presented and officially received by Maria Christina, the queen regent.

He sought rest at this time so that he would be able to take up the Cuban problem with the minister from the United States and learn the attitude of the latter country toward Spain and the Cuban struggle for independence.

The murderer was well dressed and did not attract particular attention. It is remembered now that he often wandered about the passages and corridors in the bathing establishment. His actions were suspicious, but, as he was attired like the fashionable frequenters of the Santa Agueda baths, nothing was ever said to him.

The Neapolitan had wandered around the establishment on his usual search for the Spanish prime minister. He saw him in the gallery, and, walking slowly so as not to attract notice from the attendants, he stepped up to the premier.

Without a word he fired at Senor Canovas when only one pace from him. The first bullet passed through the body and came out behind under the left shoulder.

The prime minister uttered a cry of agony and clutched at the wound in his side. He reeled, but before he fell the assassin fired two more shots, both bullets lodging in the head.

The roar of the revolver was heard in every part of the establishment, and the attendants rushed to the scene of the tragedy. Senora Canovas flung open the door of her dressing room and caught her husband as he fell. The horror of it all overcame her and she swooned and fell over him.

For a few minutes only did the prime minister recover consciousness. Then he opened his eyes, dulled with agony, and murmured the words:

"Long live Spain!"

The assassin offered no resistance to arrest. He is a Neapolitan, and gave his name as Rinaldi. It is believed this is an assumed name and that his real name is Michele Angino Golli.



Brooklyn has released Pitchers McMahon and Dault.

Toronto is drawing the banner crowds in the Eastern League this year.

Griffith of Chicago is one of the most enjoyable pitchers to watch in the league.

Claude Ritchey holds a record this season unequaled by any shortstop in the league.

Pitchers have become so priceless that it is proposed to save them from going to the bat at all.

DIE IN MOLTEN LAVA.

THE GREAT CRATER AT MAYON BELCHES DEATH.

Thousands of Philippine Natives Are Victims to the Volcano's Fury—Cities and Villages Overwhelmed, and Fertile Plantations Laid Waste.

Nature's Awful Spasm.

Advices received at Tacoma, Wash., by steamer say that five hundred reported killed up to July 1 is the record of the terrible outbreak of the great volcano of Mayon, on the island of Luzon, one of the Philippine group. The night of June 26 this volcano began throwing up ashes and lava in immense quantities and flames were thrown upward considerably over 100 feet above the crater. The next day fifty-six bodies were recovered at a considerable distance and the most recent dispatches to Hong Kong up to July 8 stated that not less than 500 were known to be killed.

It was probable, said the dispatches, that the loss of life would reach into the thousands, depending on the length of eruption. On that date lava streams and ashes had reached the cities of Bacacay, Malipot and Liboy, and their destruction was certain. Fifteen smaller towns between these and the volcano had been destroyed and scores of the agricultural population had been overwhelmed while attempting to escape.

The population about the mountains is stated to be very large, because of the fine hemp plantations in the valleys radiating from it, where hemp of the best quality known to commerce is produced. The natives live in deadly fear of an eruption, and hastened away as soon as the flames began to appear. In case of hundreds it was then too late, for the lava streams overflowed into the valley below like a rushing river. Many villages and fine plantations have been completely buried in lava and ashes.

STATEMENT OF PUBLIC DEBT.

Report for July Shows an Increase of Over \$6,000,000.

The monthly statement of the public debt issued Monday shows that the debt less cash in the treasury at the close of business on July 31 was \$993,446,646, an increase during the month of \$6,790,560, which is accounted for by a corresponding decrease in the cash in the treasury. This decrease is in consequence of exceptionally heavy disbursements. The debt, independent of the cash, was decreased by \$330,610.

The debt is recapitulated as follows: Interest-bearing debt, \$847,365,320; debt on which interest has ceased since maturity, \$1,336,340; debt bearing no interest, \$377,761,442. Total, \$1,224,463,102. This, however, does not include \$588,513,953 in certificates and treasury notes outstanding, which is offset by an equal amount of cash in the treasury. The cash is classified as follows: Gold, \$178,024,777; silver, \$221,734,139; paper, \$149,429,392; bonds, disbursing officers' balances, etc., \$18,753,822. Total, \$887,961,932. Against which there are demand liabilities outstanding amounting to \$634,945,476, which leaves the net cash balance in the treasury \$233,016,456.

The monthly statement issued by the director of the mint shows that during July, 1897, the coinage executed at the United States mints amounted to \$670,850, as follows: Gold \$377,000; silver, \$260,000; minor coins, \$33,850. During the month of August the large accumulation of gold bullion at San Francisco, which now amounts to \$4,500,000, will be worked off as rapidly as the capacity of the mint will permit. The coinage of standard silver dollars probably will be resumed about Sept. 1. The monthly comparative statement of the Government receipts and expenditures for the month of July show the total receipts to have been \$39,027,364 and the disbursements \$50,100,908, leaving the excess of expenditures over receipts \$11,073,544. This deficit is accounted for by abnormally heavy expenditures incident to the beginning of the new fiscal year. As compared with June the receipts were increased \$2,442,656, and the disbursements were increased by \$27,166,214. During last month the receipts from customs amounted to \$16,966,801, an increase as compared with July, 1896, of about \$5,000,000. The internal revenue during July last yielded \$19,767,821, as compared with \$14,302,532 for July, 1896.



Billy Duke of Baltimore wants to try his skill against any 135-pound man.

Tommy Ryan has already begun active training for his coming fight with "Kid" McCoy.

If any of the 110-pounders want an engagement, Joe Bateman of Jersey City is willing to fight them.

The announcement made about a month ago that Peter Maher and Tom Sharkey would fight under the auspices of Dan Stuart has been verified.

Casper Leon says that if "Spike" Sullivan will post a forfeit for his "unknown," he will fight him or anybody else for the 105 pound championship of the world.

Owing to the fact that Solly Smith has been matched to box "Pedlar" Palmer in London, the proposed encounter between himself and Johnny Griffin, which was to have been decided at San Francisco, has been declared off.

The latest information which has been received from Peter Jackson was brought by a sporting man who arrived here from London the other day. He said that Jackson is in fine health, and doing very well with a school for boxing, which is located in London.

FIVE WIVES OR MORE.

David E. Bates a Big Star in the List of Marital Marauders.

With five known wives and possibly as many more, not yet discovered, with sweethearts by the score loving by mail and telegraph, David E. Bates, now locked up at the stock yards police station in Chicago, has lived a life of consummate marital deceit and trickery which has seldom been equaled. Bates has been married five times surely, though the police believe they have information concerning another woman who claims to be his wife. "He has confessed that he had wedded twelve times and should have married as many more women," was the startling statement of pretty 19-year-old Nettie Swaim, his last bride.

Bates told the relatives of his first Chicago wife that he had had an agreement with wife No. 2 to separate, and this made his marriage to Miss McCarthy legal. They are going to prosecute him for big-



THE MAN OF MANY WIVES.

amy, however. H. F. Lawrence, the brother-in-law of wife No. 5, caused the arrest of Bates, and there will be another prosecution for bigamy. Bates' career has been remarkable. He is 35 years old, but he looks younger, though his experience has been such as would turn any other man's hair gray. He is a psychological puzzle. He is a dull, uninteresting, homely, thin-faced, angular specimen of humanity of the commonplace type.

DEBS ISSUES A DEF.

Labor Leader Says the Jackson Injunction Is a Farce.

Eugene V. Debs, the social reformer, says that he will talk when and where he pleases, regardless of the injunction issued by Judge Jackson in West Virginia. He declares it is the most sweeping document ever promulgated and one which, if its principles were sustained, would effectually strike down all constitutional rights. Concerning it he says:

The injunction issued by Judge Jackson is substantially the same as that issued by Judge Mason. By its provisions I am enjoined from walking on the public highways which lead to the mines, and as all the highways lead to the mines I am subject to arrest the instant I enter the State. This is the most sweeping injunction ever issued by any court, and if sustained, as it doubtless will be, it effectually strikes down all constitutional rights and leaves us bound and helpless at the feet of the money power.

The courts of this country have degenerated until they are now the conveniences of corporate capital. There are but few exceptions and they but serve to prove the rule. They are the oppressors of the people who support them. This fact is being gradually understood, and when the eyes of the people are entirely opened there will be a change, and the high priests of the bench will learn that judicial despotism will not be tolerated on American soil.

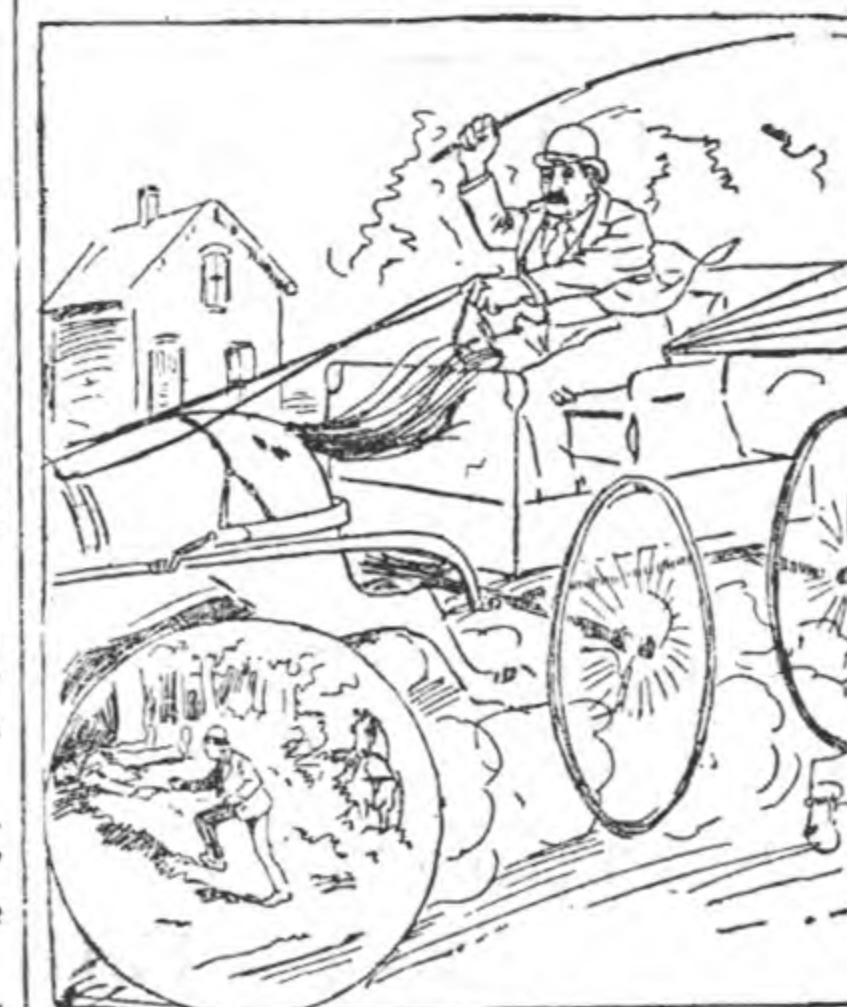
As for Jackson's injunction, I hold it in sovereign contempt. If I have occasion to speak in the interest of famishing miners in his jurisdiction I will do so, or at least make the attempt, totally regardless of his infamous injunction. The farce of it is that the injunction pretends to be issued by a judge. If it came direct from the coal operators some little respect would be due the judge. Such injunctions are issued by the creatures who owe their positions to organized capital, and they obey the orders of their masters with the alacrity of spaniels.

DIES TO PAY DEBTS.

Charles Knorr Writes Creditors Where His Body Will Be Found.

Charles Knorr, an architect of Chicago, decided to shoot himself to pay his debts. Saturday he cashed a check for \$25 at Albrecht & Glenbow's meat market. Sunday, filled with remorse, he wrote a letter to the butchers, it is said, confessing the check was a forgery. "When you receive this note I will be dead," he wrote, "but my wife will pay you for the loss out of my insurance money."

Wednesday morning A. L. Kraus received yet another note telling him just



RACE TO SAVE A SUICIDE.

where the body would be found. The writer told him to inform the president of his lodge of the death at once, so his wife would have no delay in securing her insurance money. Kraus, behind a fast horse, set out at once, and at top speed began the mad race with death. The note had said the body would be near Niles Center, but when the exhausted animal and his driver reached the spot indicated it was too late—life was extinct.

STRIKE IS SOON WON.

QUARRYMEN AT JOLIET AND LEMONT GAIN A FIGHT.

Demands Conceded by Employers a Few Hours Later—Wages Are Raised from \$1.25 to the Old Figure of \$1.50 a Day.

This Strike a Success.

Workmen in all the stone quarries at Joliet and Lemont, Ill., went on strike Monday morning for an increase in wages of 25 cents a day. They won before the sun went down. Twelve hundred men who have been hewing limestone ten hours a day for \$1.25 will hereafter receive \$1.50.

So well had the secret plans for the joint uprising been laid that within half an hour from the time the first intimation of the projected movement was given the companies, at 9 o'clock, the suspension of quarry operations in Lemont and Joliet was complete. The demands of the men were made known to the officials and one by one the quarries were emptied of the men who had been working for two hours as if they were well content.

A hundred men quit work at quarry No. 1 of the Western Stone Company at Lemont and inaugurated the strike. They marched to the five other quarries of the company and their arrival at each was a signal for the workmen to join them. When the augmented army reached the quarry of the Illinois Stone Company it numbered 400 men, and here it was joined by the seventy-five employees. It paraded through the village with little demonstration and disbanded, the majority going home to await the result of what it was expected would be a long conflict.

In Joliet this method was duplicated. The employees of the Western Stone Company, against which the men were most bitter, started the movement and gather-



STONE STRIKERS HOLDING AN OUTDOOR MEETING.

ed the workmen in the other quarries, who quit work without argument, as if they were expecting the call to battle. The unity of the strike was a surprise to the employers. Following is the statistical story:

Employers.	Employees.
Western Stone Company, Lemont.....	400
Illinois Stone Company, Lemont.....	75
Western Stone Company, Joliet.....	300
Joliet Stone Quarry Company.....	300
Globe Stone Company.....	100
Smaller quarries.....	50

Total number of men on strike.....1,225

The rebellion at the Joliet quarries was the second of the summer, and the success this time was due to the co-operation of the Lemont workmen. The blow was aimed at the Western Stone Company, which has steadfastly refused to pay \$1.50 a day. Other companies have been paying this amount, but announced that after Aug. 1 they would have to cut wages to \$1.25, in order to be on an equal footing with the Western Stone Company. The Joliet Stone Company granted an increase of 25 cents a day at the time of the June strike, but last week notified its men that it could no longer afford to pay more than its big competitor. The willingness of the other companies to treat their men fairly induced the quarry workers to unite in forcing an issue with the big corporation.

Public sympathy was all with the strikers. The citizens of Joliet and Lemont have noted that the wages paid the quarry laborers have been cut from year to year until they are insufficient to live on. In 1892 the workmen were receiving \$1.75 a day. Next year this was cut to \$1.50. This year the further reduction to \$1.25 was made and the Western Stone Company was reluctant to comply with the wishes of the other firms and re-establish the 1896 scale.

The pressure brought from all sides on the Western Stone Company impelled its officers, after a short consultation, to grant the demands of the strikers. As soon as the other stone companies learned of the action they announced that they would grant the new scale.

The orderly conduct of the strike was gratifying to the men who projected it. The quarry population is peaceable. Most of the men are Poles and the remainder are Swedes and Irish. They rear families and maintain homes on a maximum wage of \$1.50 a day—which has been for some time \$1.25—and which means an average for the year of between 70 and 90 cents a day.

RELIEF STATION OPENED.

Appeal from Starving Miners Is Heeded by Chicago People.

Headquarters for the reception of subscriptions of money, provisions and clothing for the starving coal miners of Illinois have been opened at 36 North Desplaines street, Chicago, by the committee appointed by the Federation of Labor. All contributions will be received and distributed through that point.

Trades unions throughout the city have accorded liberal response to the appeals made by the relief committee. Meetings of the various organizations were visited and the needs of the miners were laid before the members. Many of the unions gave substantial sums. Others appointed committees to enlist sympathy and assistance. The majority of the contributions so far received have been in cash, but the headquarters has been opened in order to give those a chance to demonstrate their sympathy for the struggling miners who are in a position to give provisions but not money. The citizens of Chicago are manifesting a disposition to be liberal.

In Illinois the mine operators have practically conceded the victory of the miners in the great suspension. Of the 39,000 miners and mine laborers employed in the State fully 30,000 have already laid down their tools. Only two mines are reported to be at work north of Duquoin. One of these is at Decatur and the other at Lincoln. The only mine of importance in the southern district now being operated is in Williamson County. In every case where the miners continued at work the owners or operators have materially increased the wages of their employees.

The plan of campaign of the coal strikers in the Pittsburgh district has resulted in partial victory, for the De Armit company practically admit that the Turtle Creek mines cannot be operated at present, and have decided to close down.

Thus far the striking miners have broken all records, both as to numbers attending their mass meetings and the excellent

DEBS IS ENJOINED.

Monongah Coke and Coal Company Calls Upon the Law.

Upon the application of James Sloan, Jr., of Baltimore, a stockholder in the Monongah Coal and Coke Company, made by ex-Gov. Fleming, his counsel, Judge Jackson, in the United States Court at Parkersburg, W. Va., granted a sweeping injunction restraining Eugene V. Debs and his associates from in any way interfering with or molesting the management or the conducting of the property of the Monongah Coke and Coal Company or its employees, either by trespassing upon the property of the company or approaching



EUGENE V. DEBS.

thereto or inciting its employees to strike or interfering in any manner whatever, either by word or deed, in the company's affairs. The text of the writ covers everything that can possibly be construed into an infringement of rights of corporations, and practically prevents all future agitation in the vicinity of the Monongah mines.

At Pittsburg Wednesday, the interest in the miners' strike centered on the preliminary hearing before Justice Semmons of Turtle Creek of District President Patrick Dolan, District Secretary William Warner, former National Vice-President Cameron Miller and the other miners' officials who were charged by Superintendent Thomas B. De Armit with riot.

Attorney William Kaufman, representing the New York and Cleveland Gas Coal Company, tried to bring as evidence the injunction issued by the Supreme Court against the miners' leaders during the De Armit strike of 1894. At that time Judge Stowe of Allegheny County refused the injunction, but on the company's appeal to the higher court the latter granted it on a technicality.

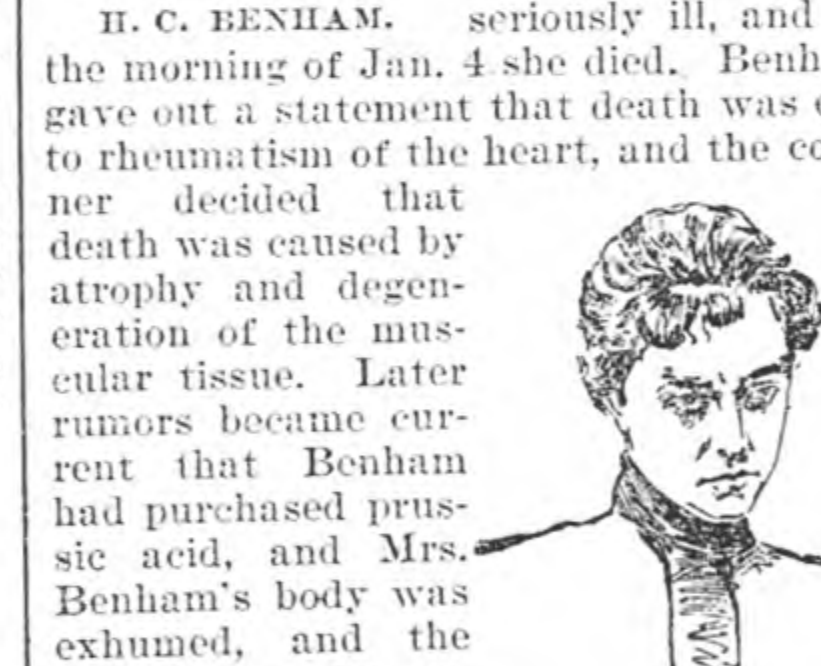
Attorney Kaufman argued that as the injunction denied the miners the right to congregate on the public highways the fact that they did congregate there was unlawful. Attorney William Brennan, representing the striking miners, claimed that unlawful assembly was denied by the statutes, and no injunction, even by the Supreme Court, could nullify it.

Justice Semmons refused to allow the injunction to be used as evidence and Attorney Kaufman shook his fist under the judge's nose. For a few minutes there was great excitement. The testimony of Sheriff Lowery was favorable to the strikers. He said when he asked them to disperse at the center school house Saturday they did so. Superintendent De Armit's testimony was not damaging.

IS GUILTY OF WIFE-MURDER.

Banker of Batavia, N. Y., Is Convicted of Using Prussic Acid.

Howard C. Benham, a young banker of Batavia, N. Y., has been found guilty of murder in the first degree. It was charged that he poisoned his wife with prussic acid. Benham's trial lasted nearly three weeks. Benham in 1892 eloped with and married Miss Florence Toutsman, heiress, 16 years of age. At that time he was 22 years of age. In December last Mrs. Benham was taken seriously ill, and on the morning of Jan. 4 she died. Benham gave out a statement that death was due to rheumatism of the heart, and the coroner decided that death was caused by atrophy and degeneration of the muscular tissue. Later rumors became current that Benham had purchased prussic acid, and Mrs. Benham's body was exhumed, and the various organs removed for examination. Poison was found. Benham was then indicted and was placed on trial June 21.



H. C. BENHAM.

MRS. BENHAM.

TERRIFIC HEAT IN THE SOUTH.

The Temperature Over 100 in Many Places, Causing Great Suffering.

The South is sweltering in intense heat and there is much suffering on account of it. In Kentucky the thermometers register 90 degrees and upward. In Louisville there have been several prostrations, some of them serious. It was 100 degrees Wednesday morning, but a thunderstorm brought the mercury down to 86 at sundown.

Reports from points in the lower Mississippi valley show a continuance of the extreme heat, with one or two exceptions. Memphis broke the record for the year Wednesday with a maximum temperature of 100. In Arkansas the heat is terrible and there is no prospect of relief. Prescott, Texarkana and Warren each report a maximum temperature of 106.

The heat wave now prevailing around Vicksburg is the hottest of the season. The temperature ranges in the neighborhood of 100. In St. Louis Thursday the temperature was slightly below the 90 mark. In southern Illinois the thermometer has registered 102 in the shade, and harvesting is greatly retarded.



RELIEF HEADQUARTERS IN CHICAGO.

were gathered for an all-day session, and labor leaders harangued them in various tongues, while bands of music served to stir up the enthusiasm to the highest pitch.

Notes of Current Events.

Still, it must be admitted that Herr Andree is quite up to date.

It is extremely doubtful whether the frost this year will kill off the yellow fever in Klondyke.

John Jones, a New York insurance broker, has changed his name to Arthur Seymour, to avoid confusion owing to the great number of John Joneses in the city.

Published by Request.

On July 21st, we left Argos enroute for Niagara and Toronto, at the latter place, the Third International Epworth League conference was to be held from the 10th until the 18th. Leaving Argos at 6:25 p. m., but on account of a freight train being wrecked between Barrett and Claypool, we were delayed at Barrett until 11:30. Reached Ft. Wayne at 1:00 a. m., where we stopped 15 minutes for supper. Next stop of any length was at Cleveland, Ohio, at 6:00 a. m., for breakfast. Arrived at Buffalo 1:15 p. m., where we changed cars, leaving at 2:20 p. m. for Niagara, a ride of about one hour. Having about two hours and a half at Niagara between trains, we took a cab, in order to see as much of the Falls as possible in so short a time, and got a good idea of the Falls, as we visited a number of places of importance. Viewing the Falls on the American side, and also on the Canadian side, the suspension bridge across the river, below the Falls. Driving over Goat Island, and viewing the rapids and whirlpool. Our time being limited we were obliged to leave the beautiful scenery, until on our return from Toronto. From Niagara we went to Lewiston, several miles down the river, the railroad following closely along the river, making a very picturesque scenery. While we passed along riding in open cars. We left Lewiston at 8 o'clock on the Chicago bound for Toronto, having a ride of seven miles on the river and forty across Lake Ontario. There being 850 passengers on board, and nearly all being Leaguers, all seemed to be happy to think of reaching their destination, singing songs, giving League cheers, conversing, meeting strangers, the only introduction necessary was to wear a League badge. Music being furnished by a band. The clock's chiming the hour of eleven when we drifted up to the wharf, where 75 Toronto Leaguers awaited our arrival. As the boat stopped we saw a big red tie that said "No more were we off the boat when our baggage was taken from us, parties asking if we wished a place to stay, and as the Armory, the League headquarters, was quite a distance away, one young man said that they would take four more, and if we wished we could go with them, as it was quite late, and go to the Armory the next day to register and get our program and badges. And as we were very tired after 22 hours of travel, we were very glad to accept his offer. Finding our place very pleasant, there being twenty three Leaguers entertaining the people taking a very active part in the work, belonging to several different committees, we were situated in a very convenient place only a block and a half from Massey Hall on the same street, and a block from the Metropolitan church, both were important places of the meetings on account of their size, the Massey Hall having a seating capacity of 5,000 people, and within an area of one-sixth of a mile there are four magnificent edifices with a seating capacity of 1,000 people.

The different places of meetings were held at Horticultural Pavilion, Massey Hall, Metropolitan church, Cook's church, Sherbourne St. church, Elm St. church, Bond St. church, Congregational church, Knox church and Carlton St. church. Toronto is rich in churches, having about two hundred.

The first meeting of the convention was on Thursday July 15th at 2:30 p. m., we attended at Massey Hall, program was as follows: Chairman, J. L. Hughes, Toronto. Devotions, Rev. Chancellor Burwash, Toronto. Address of welcome on behalf of the Province and city, Hon. A. S. Hardy. On behalf of Canada Methodism, Rev. A. Carman, Toronto. Responses from Methodist Episcopal church, Bishop, N. X. Nide. For Methodist Episcopal church South, Bishop, O. P. Fitzgerald, Nashville Tenn. For Wesley's guide of England, Rev. Simpson Johnson, Manchester, England. A similar meeting was held at the Metropolitan church with the exception of a talk on India, by Rev. H. C. Crane, D. D. Bombay, India, instead of Wesley's guide of England.

In the evening we attended at the Metropolitan church, chairman, W. E. H. Massey, Toronto. Devotions, Rev. Dr. Riemann Kingston, Ont. Lecture, Bishop John P. Newman, subject, Around the foot stool; the lecture was very fine, the chairman moved for the enclose, all should give the Chautauqua salute, which was the waving of kerchiefs which was a lovely sight, about 2,000 people waving under the electric lights. The music of the evening was led by Prof. Touring and chorus class, which consisted of about two hundred, joined by the whole congregation, singing intermingled by solos, duets and quartettes. At Massey Hall the chorus class consisted of five hundred people, led most of the time by E. O. Eccell and Chas. Gabriel, they sang some splendid duets. A program similar to the one rendered at the Metropolitan church, was carried out at Cook's church, Massey Hall and Horticultural Pavilion on Friday.

Sunrise prayer meeting was held at Metropolitan church and Elm St. church, we attended at the Metropolitan church, the Auditorium being completely filled and the galleries being about half full. The meeting was led by Rev. A. B. Ricker, of Charleston, W. V. The meeting was opened by singing, "Hallelujah! Hallelujah!" Rev. Ricker gave a short address and words of advice to hearers, after which he explained Pentecost day, and emphasized the fact that the coming of the holy spirit was for all people and for all times; he prayed that the holy spirit might enter into the lives of all his hearers and that they might have wisdom and power to go on in the work of the Lord. Wisdom he explained, was the ability to make such wisdom as we possessed, effective, and power was the ability to achieve great ends with small means. After sessions of prayer and testimonies, a dozen standing at once sometimes to testify, the meeting closed with benediction.

The cyclers rendezvous is at the Armory, which is a building 300 feet long and 125 feet wide, there were 250 cyclers gathered there, and forming in their double columns each of which nearly reached from one end of the building to the other, they were requested by the officers to fall in line beside some one of the opposite sex, as they were all Leaguers they did not require any introduction. At ten minutes of six they started for the park, a distance of five miles, and were met at the park by many who had gone out on street cars, they reported a glorious meeting.

The for noon meeting consisted of taking up the different departments of League work. Literary department was taken up at Metropolitan church, department of social work at Cook's church, department of finance at Bond St. church, department of mercy and help at theater of Normal school, department of correspondence at Carlton St. church, the Junior League at Elm St. church, missionary conference at Knox church. Being interested in the social department I attended at Cook's church, meeting was conducted by Mr. G. N. Hart, Pine Bluff, Ark. Devotions by Rev. J. S. Jones, Knoxville, Tenn. Address—Social life in church, how to promote. Mr. B. F. Sorenson, Halifax, N. S. Discussion, Address—Prohibited amusements, Rev. E. W. S. Nide, Detroit, Mich. He was very liberal in his views, and said as he had the floor no one could call him down, he could say he would not denounce any games that had not spot cards connected with them. He said that he thought there was no harm in playing checkers, chess, par. best, charades or authors. Said the parents who forbid

pleasures in their home would have their hearts broken by their children. If some game was played that was considered degrading they should introduce something more elevating. This was followed by an address—What social entertainment shall we substitute for those we condemn, by Rev. S. A. Morse, Corning, N. Y. He was not so liberal in his views of the social world. Address—the spiritual influence of the social department, Rev. Z. T. Bennett, Paragonia, Ark. Question drawer, Rev. J. J. Kedditt, Brampton, Ont.

Friday afternoon—Topic Christ for the world. We attended at Massey Hall.

Programme was as follows: Chairman, Bishop J. M. Walden. Devotions, Rev. J. W. Newman. Address—Christian personal experience, Rev. S. T. Westhader, Chattanooga, Tenn. Address—Christ in the home, J. H. Riddell, Winnipeg, Min. Christ in business, Mr. M. G. Baker, Gainesville, Ga. Christ in politics, Rev. F. G. Fuller, Topeka, Kan. Christ likeness in spirit and service, Rev. W. Sparkling, Quebec. The missionary impulse and motive, Rev. Chas. B. Mitchell, Minneapolis, Minn. The same program was rendered at the other places.

CONCLUDED NEXT WEEK.

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TIME TABLE.

In effect June 20, 1897, trains will leave Culver City, Ind., as follows:

For the North.

No. 6, Ex. Sun. for St. Joseph, 11:33 a. m.
" 2, Ex. Sun. for St. Joseph, 9:43 p. m.
" 14, Ex. Sun. for St. Joseph, 7:14 a. m.
" 16, Sunday only, for St. Joseph, 8:02 a. m.

No. 6 has through parlor car Indianapolis to South Bend via Coffey.
No. 2 has through sleeper St. Louis to Mackinaw.

For the South.

No. 5, Ex. Sun. for Terre Haute, 5:45 a. m.
" 3, Ex. Sun. for Terre Haute, 1:26 p. m.
" 15, Ex. Sun. for Logansport, 7:56 p. m.

No. 15 has through parlor car to South Bend to Indianapolis via Coffey.
No. 3 has through sleeper Mackinaw to St. Louis.

For complete Time Card, giving all trains and stations, and for full information as to rate s, through cars, etc., address J. Shugrue, agent, Culver, Ind., or E. A. Ford, general passenger agent, St. Louis, Mo.



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1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
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11:00	11:05	11:10	11:15	11:20	11:25	11:30	11:35	11:40	11:45	11:50	11:55	12:00	12:05	12:10

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