

THE CULVER CITY HERALD.

At Lake Maxenkuckee.

VOL. IV. CULVER CITY, INDIANA. FRIDAY, NOVEMBER, 26, 1897. NO. 21

You should take advantage of our big Sacrifice sale and buy your Winter suits or Overcoats now. Prices reduced way down. Special low prices on all lines. Underswear 40c per suit and up. Men and Boy's Caps, 23c and up. Rubber Lined Duck coats, \$1.35. Jeans' Pants, a new pair if they rip, 95c. We sell the Staley guaranteed underwear, none better made.

J. C. Kuhn & Son,
105 Michigan Street.
PLYMOU, IND.

D. R. O. A. REA,
Physician and Surgeon.
Office Fourth Door North of Bank.
Main Street, - - - CULVER, N. I.

B. W. S. WISEMAN,
Physician and Surgeon.
Office Third Door North of Bank.
Calls promptly answered day or night.
Main Street, - - - CULVER, IND.

News in General.

Oyster Stews 15c a dish at Ayer's. Wood wanted at this office on subscription.

Work upon the grist mill is being rapidly pushed.

Large Fresh Oysters at 25c a quart at Ayer's.

Fine Prints 3, 4, 5 and 6 cents per yard at Porter & Co's.

A. C. Edinger and wife, of Maxenkuckee, were in town Saturday.

Capt. Morris and his workmen are building some very fine boats.

Wm. Wilson leaves today for Dele ware county, Ind., where he will visit his mother, who is 70 years of age.

Edward Houghton, of Plymouth, was transacting business in Culver Monday.

The black board in E. M. George's south window tells of wonderful bargains.

Don't fail to call at the John Osborn Shoe Store when in town. He has an excellent stock to select from, and will not be undersold.

Miss Bertha Crow and her charming Postmistress Miss Alice Shultz visited friends in Knox, last Sunday. We wonder how Alice likes country sausage?

It is said of a Culver City boy that, after watching a certain young lady bite her finger nails half an hour, asked: "How do you trim your toe nails?"

Last Sunday evening several aristocrats were upon a genuine "old bender." Result: A few hours in the City "Coop," sore heads etc. Yum, Yum!

Mr. Edgerton: The undersigned while passing along Main street, Sunday morning, noticed that one of our enterprising business men, had discovered a new invention, whereby he can heat water by utilizing the smoke from his chimney, and had a tea kettle upon top of the same "biling" in great shape. If John works the scheme right he will have a regular Klondyke.

A CITIZEN.

Holiday goods ready at E. M. George's.

Mr. Thomas Harris is transacting business in Plymouth for a few days.

Remember that you can get anything in the boot and shoe line you want at the Osborn Shoe Store.

Then Gandy, the famous lively man, has just purchased several fine roundsters. In fact they are just simply "out o' sight."

Miss Daisy Voronoi who has been quite ill with the measles is now able to attend school.

grams entitled "Uncle Josh" which will be placed upon the board in the near future by the Culver City Comedy Company. Daisy is taking the sourette part in the play, and will undoubtedly surprise some of our citizens.

An exchange says an absent minded young lady went to mill for some flour. She gave the clerk what she supposed was a pillow slip. The clerk began to put some flour into it and all were surprised to see it empty on the floor. The clerk then saw that the dairy sack had two outlets, each being trimmed with embroidery. The clerk faint ed and the modest young lady went home on a double-quick trot.

A new deep well is being bored at Pittsburg which is already more than 5,200 feet in depth. As the work is done in the interest of science, the intention is to sink at least 5,000 ft. deeper, which will make it the deepest in the world. Professor Hallock of Columbia college believes that at that depth a temperature of 228 degrees will be attained and an ample supply of natural steam will be secured, making the cheapest power available to man. With the devil as stoker and an inexhaustible supply of cheap fuel, the industrial possibilities of the new well in the matter of steam heating and power supply will be incalculable. Up to date Pittsburg is certainly ahead as an industrial center.

Last Friday night, Mrs. Thomas Harris met with an accident, which luckily did not end in death. She occupied a bed in the chamber and having occasion to leave the bed in the night, she deliberately walked off the stairs, falling about 10 feet, striking upon her head and shoulders against the door which opened into a room below. Fortunately the door burst open and she rolled into the room, completely unconscious. After laying for some time, she regained her faculties. One of her toes was badly lacerated and her whole body bruised, but no bones were broken. There were no banisters built around the opening at the head of the stairs, hence being unprotected and the lady forgetting the stairway—walked off. The owner of every house should never leave such a death trap unprotected.

"There was a hot time in the old town" Sunday evening.

Go to the variety store for your holiday goods.

Now is the time to buy good Millinery cheap at E. M. George's.

Try Butterfly flour, Butterfly peaches and Butterfly apricots at Meredith's.

WANTED. The undersigned desires to buy corn. Those who have said commodity for sale, will call at my farm north west of Culver, or address Amos Osborn Culver, Ind.

J. K. Mawhorter, the only first class tinner in Union township, and as good as can be found in the state, was at Monterey Saturday and Monday putting a tin roof on an addition to the residence of Dr. Kelsey.

Wm Foss, our enterprising shoe repairer will hereafter mend shoes at the following low prices: Gent's shoes half soled, 40 cents a pair, Ladies' shoes half soled 30 cents a pair.

W. E. Hand, Jr., of Argos, Ind., was in town Monday and Tuesday in the interest of the American Woolen Mills Co., taking orders for their fine tailor-made suits. He will be in Culver Monday and Tuesday, Dec. 6th and 7th, at Vanschoick's Store.

There are men that do not know when they are well off, hence can't stand a little prosperity—and in spite of their friends will go headlong to destruction. It seems to us that past experiences should be a criterion to lead men to do right, when the effort will pay 200 per cent, and cause hundreds to rejoice.

The agent of the American Woolen Mills Co., the largest makers of tailor made clothing in America will be at E. B. Vanschoick's Store December 4 and 5th, and will take your order for a fine suit or overcoat at whole sale prices, and have it delivered to you in time for Christmas. Remember the date and do not fail to see him.

Don't forget that we do all kinds of Job Printing in the latest and most artistic styles, and at prices that are up to the times. So if you have any printing to be done in the line of Bill Heads, Letter Heads, Statements, Posters, Dodgers, Cards, Sale Bills, Envelopes, etc., give us a call and we will try and please you.

Notwithstanding the competition in boots and shoes in Culver, E. B. Vanschoick, still continues at the old stand with as fine a stock of shoes as ever seen in the county. He does not deal in shoddy goods, hence those who really desire a first class article can find the same at E. B. Vanschoick's.

The phenomenal demand for lumber has depleted the yards at San Francisco and many firms have been obliged to refuse orders, although mills are running full blast. In consequence, the price has advanced from \$3 a thousand two months ago to \$13 at present. Shingles are in great demand east of the Rocky Mountains, the average Eastern shipments being 2000 carloads a month. The price of shingles has recently advanced from \$1 a thousand to \$1.35, with prospects of a further advance.

The shingle industry in Washington has assumed greater dimensions than ever before. During September there were exported over the various railroads 2028 carloads, or 324,160,000 shingles. This is five shingles for every inhabitant of the United States, and is an extraordinary showing for a single month. For nine months the showing is 14,150 cars, or 247 cars greater than the whole of last year. This is a single item in Washington's growth. Lumber, coal, wheat, hops, stock, fish and fruits and a great variety of agricultural products complete the list. Every one of them is capable of development to unlimited dimensions.

That Railroad Meeting.

Last Saturday evening, a large audience convened at the Nassbaum & Myer building, to discuss the question relative to meeting the demands of the corporation that proposes to erect the electric road so much talked about; the conditions being that Union township raise money enough to complete a survey through the township, the distance being about seven miles, the cost of survey not to exceed \$10.00 per mile. The meeting was opened by V. P. Kirk, who made one of his exceedingly flowery speeches, relative to the advantages of said road and urging every citizen to take an active part in securing the road so far as he is financially able. After the speech, Mr. Kirk was made Chairman of the meeting and Henry Speyer Secretary. It was then moved and carried that the chairman appoint a committee of five to represent Union township. The chairman then appointed John Osborn, H. J. Meredith, S. C. Medbourn, Henry Zeehnel and V. P. Kirk as said committee. It was then moved and carried that said committee should constitute the men to look after the financial end of the deal, and start the "ball rolling" at once. The result was a subscription paper was started and \$47.50 raised. The meeting was a very enthusiastic one, every body present seeming thoroughly determined to do his part. Culver's Celebrated Columbian Band was also present and furnished most excellent music.

Burr Oak Chips.

Miss Lottie Burns, of Ft. Wayne, visited at home a few days the forepart of the week.

John Voris, Jr., has returned from a trip to Argos.

Geo. Oeymer paid Plymouth a short visit Sunday afternoon.

The funeral of a child of Mack Thorburn, was held at the chapel Monday.

Mrs. D. R. Miller and Vanderweele accompanied by Miss Blanche Vanderweele and Jesse Friend paid Mr. McKinley a Sunday visit.

Quite a number of boys and old men were seen cleaning their guns last Wednesday morning, preparing to go to Hubbard, most of them came home gobbled. See?

Mr. Frank Beard and newly wed wife visited Mr. O. B. Miller Monday evening. The ladies gave them a serenade.

ROBERT J.

Maxenkuckee and Surrounding.

Rev. Nethercutt held service here Sunday morning and evening. How some of the little ones can sing with a good leader like the Rev.

Mr. Barnes our rustling merchant has moved in the house north of his store. It is much handier for him at meal times also so for those who are doing the cooking.

Mr. Perry Brewer and family were visiting at Mr. Miles' Sunday.

Young George Peoples from near Poplar Grove was at our Sunday School.

No telling what a boy can do if he will. A certain boy and his mother drove over to the city of Plymouth one Saturday. Sunday forenoon the horse left, the boy took after it, caught it near Burr Oak, rode it back to Plymouth, and after resting a while came home happy.

Dr. A. E. Stevens and wife, and A. C. Edinger and wife, went to Los Alamos near Monterey Sunday.

I understand the ball game that was played on the school ground last Sunday came out a tie.

Last Friday evening quite a crowd of little folks assembled at Mr. John Stayton's in Poplar Grove, to have a jolly time and they had it too. After church some older ones went to see the sport. That is the way to treat your children. Give them a good time at home; the same as Mr. and Mrs. Stayton did, and there will be more children contented to stay at home. Children must find enjoyment somewhere, if not at home they will try to find it elsewhere.

Mrs. Clifton and Mrs. band were out getting subscriptions to hire a minister for a year. The people in general are in favor of Rev. Nethercutt.

Young men in most any town are apt to congregate in groups, and have a social chat. That is all right. But should a lady be passing by, it does not look right for them to ha-ha-ha as it was done last Sunday afternoon. There may be no harm meant, but no telling what the lady thought. So boys be careful if you wish the respect of the ladies.

The way some of the people had to stand up at the church in Poplar Grove last Sunday evening shows a good attendance.

Wide Awake.

Hubbard Items.

A Gentleman from Plymouth was in town looking for a location for a feed and grain mill.

Mr. Joseph Baker and family spent Sunday at E. Hunt's.

Mrs. J. P. Brinkman went to Plymouth, Monday to ride the "Ladies" in the Ladies of Maxenkuckee of that place.

The Oyster Supper held at L. Clifton's Saturday evening was a decided success. About 50 were present and all proclaimed to have had the best time. Will Lowry says it's a long ways for a friend to go on a dark night.

Some miscreant had the nerve, and we must meet say unconscious sense to administer a dose of poison to Wm. Klappe's blooded bird dog Saturday evening. What had the penalty ought to be, if such parties were caught in the act? It makes us ashamed to have a 17 man in our town who has such guilt on his character.

Chickens thieves are in line for Thanksgiving, and no doubt one of these evenings "Dad" will be a useful capon.

Mr. Albert, at Elkhart, came down Monday and inside eating Thanksgiving dinner with his son Martin Alberts, and family.

Mr. Marsh moved his family to So. Bend, Tuesday, where he intends to make his future home. We wish him success in his new quarters.

D. Hargrave left Tuesday morning for his old home in Ohio and beyond doubt intends to eat turkey beyond measures.

A daughter of Mr. Guipe is lying very low.

Mr. Abraham Bushee returned from Michigan where he has been visiting for some time.

Trapping is carried on quite extensively in this section of the country, which goes to show that Southern Indiana is not quite out of the sportsman's reach.

Mr. Groves says that his station shows a larger gain this year than at any time previous. And we do not see why this route is not a good one for the traveling public.

G. M. Clark made Plymouth a business visit, one day last week, but says: "Burr Oak leads 'em all," and we won't dispute him for he always likes good towns and always stays long enough to find out where all the wash-houses are drifting.

NORANS.

The Hicks 1898 Almanac and Paper.

We are informed that the 1898 Almanac of Prof. Irl R. Hicks is now ready, and judging from its past history, it will not be many weeks in finding its way into homes and offices all over America. It is much larger and finer than any previous issue. It contains 116 pages, is splendidly printed and illustrated on fine book paper, having the finest portrait ever given of Prof. Hicks. It can no longer be denied that the publications of Prof. Hicks have become a necessity to the family and commercial life of this country. His journal, "WORD AND WORKS," aside from its storm, weather and astronomical features, has taken rank with the literary, scientific and family magazines of the age. Do not believe hearsay and reports. See the Hicks Almanac and paper for yourself. You will then know why they are so popular. They are educators of the millions, and unrivaled safeguards to property and human life. It is matter of simple record that Prof Hicks has foretold for many years all great storms, floods, droughts and tornadoes, even the recent terrible drought over all the country. The Almanac alone is 25 cents a copy. The paper is \$1.00 a year. We will send THE CULVER CITY HERALD and WORD AND WORKS, both papers for one year and Hicks' Almanac as a premium for \$1.75.

For Sale.

House and lot, 6 room, good cellar, good water, shade trees. One block west of depot. Will sell reasonable. JACOB CASEY, Culver, Ind. 21w4

CULVER CITY HERALD.

CULVER CITY, - - - INDIANA.

IS DENIED BY WEYLER

CLEARs HIMSELF OF CHARGE OF DISLOYALTY IN SPEECHES.

Spanish in Cuba Are Hard Up - In Debt \$1,200,000 to Providers of Provisions for Garrison-Tuberculosis Frightens a Canadian Town.

Weyler's Satisfactory Explanation.
The captain general of Galicia has telegraphed to the Government at Madrid, saying that in the interview which he had with Gen. Weyler, the former captain general of Cuba, the latter completely exculpated himself of the statements attributed to him upon the occasion of his leaving Havana, and affirmed his devotion and adhesion to the Government. The following is a copy of an official note from the intendente militar to Gen. Blanco: "Your Excellency: The chief officer in charge of the provisions for this garrison notifies me that the amount of \$1,200,000 is owed by the Government to the furnishers of provisions, consisting principally of flour and biscuits, and that there is no possibility of the furnishers continuing furnishing provisions unless three-tenths of the debt is paid, in order to enable them to purchase the necessary articles in the market and send the corresponding draft. The manufacturing of biscuits has stopped for the same cause, and as this is of the greatest importance I apply to your respectable authority and ask you to induce the intendente de hacienda, director of the finances of the island, to please pay the bill already presented by him, avoiding by this the above-mentioned conflict."

OTTAWA HAS A SCARE.

Tuberculosis in Dairy Cattle Prompts Vigorous Action.

The discovery of tuberculosis among dairy cattle has well nigh thrown the community of Ottawa, Ont., into a state of panic. Milk tests recently made have developed the same alarming condition, and now the city is threatened with a milk famine. There is scarcely a herd but is affected by the disease. The Government will push the tests further and has asked the municipalities all over Canada to make tests in their neighborhoods. Dominion Veterinary Surgeon McEachran says tuberculosis is easily transmitted to man.

Miners Hurt in Indiana.

Twenty-three men were hurt in an accident on the Chicago and Indiana Coal Railroad, nine miles north of Brazil, Ind., near Coal Bluff. The miners' train on its homeward journey, bearing about 500 miners, was wrecked on the Gladstone switch and two cars left the track, rolling down the embankment. The accident was caused by running over a horse. Eighteen of the injured men live in Brazil and five in Coal Bluff. Three were fatally injured and five others seriously hurt.

Texas Feud Ends in Death.

J. W. Harris, an editor, and his brother, W. A. Harris, attacked Judge G. B. Gerald in a crowded street at Waco, Tex. J. W. Harris shot Gerald in the side and shattered his arm. The judge landed a bullet in his assailant's neck, paralyzing him. Meantime W. A. Harris fired on Gerald from behind, whereupon the judge calmly killed him. J. W. Harris will die. The fight was the result of an ancient feud.

To Punish Ceris Indians.

The steamer Rio Yaqui, with seventy-five soldiers and a judge, has sailed from Guaymas, Mexico, for the scene of the recent reported killing of Americans on Tiburon Island by Ceris Indians, for the purpose of making an investigation and punishing the offenders. A force of mounted soldiers has been sent across the coast of Sonora, Gulf of California, opposite Tiburon, with the view of co-operating if necessary.

New Rapid-Fire Pistol.

A rapid-fire pistol constructed on the applied principles of the famous Mannlicher rifle will be shown to the War Department at Washington in a few days. A private exhibition of the new pistol has been given in New York. It is composed of twelve principal parts, which can be dissociated in less than a minute and put together in a brief space of time.

Panic in Uruguay.

Montevideo is in a panic over the incident at a session of the chamber of deputies and the report that Dr. Miguel Herrera y Obes, minister of the interior in the Borda cabinet, has been shot with a revolver. In the chamber Dr. Herrera y Obes made a violent attack upon Senor Cuestas.

Attempt at Train Wrecking.

An attempt was made to wreck the fast New York and Chicago express on the Erie Railroad at Greenville, O. This is the second attempt to wreck a train there.

Woman to Be Hanged.

Mrs. Adele Sternaman was found guilty of the murder of her husband at Cayuga, Ont., and was sentenced to be hanged in the court yard of the jail on Jan. 20, 1898.

London Conflagration.

The most serious fire of recent years raged in London, England. It was in the business district, and the damage done is enormous.

Unitarianism Made a Gain.

During the decade 1887-1897 the Unitarian churches increased by 13. Ten are self-supporting.

Vassar Girls Made Ill.

Sixty students at Vassar College were taken sick from eating improperly cooked yeast.

TO GOVERN SOLDIERS' HOMES.

General Breckinridge Favors Control by War Department.

The question of more economical, efficient and responsible administration of the volunteer soldiers' homes will be made the subject of investigation by Congress as a result of the recent inspection of these institutions by Brigadier General J. C. Breckinridge, inspector general of the army. That officer will urge in his report the necessity of greater accountability of the board of managers of the homes for the expenditure of money received, and that their status with relation to the Government be definitely established. Gen. Breckinridge will suggest the advisability of a complete transfer of the administration of the homes to the jurisdiction of the Secretary of War and the creation of a new bureau of the War Department to manage its affairs.

SMUGGLED WITH EASE.

Thrifty Yankee's Scheme at Nogales Is Effectually Stopped.

A curious case of smuggling has been effectually suppressed at Nogales, Ariz. Last May a townsite was made on the international border line, and an astute Yankee built a warehouse. Teams laden with Mexican goods would back up to a rear door on the Mexican side of the house without crossing the line. Some time later these same goods would be carried out of a door opening on the American side of the line. Now a 60-foot strip has been reserved for a street, and the smuggling has ceased.

NO DELAY FOR DURRANT.

United States Supreme Court Hastens His Execution.

On motion of Assistant Attorney General Anderson, the United States Supreme Court has decided to issue immediately its mandate in the Durrant murder case. Mr. Anderson thinks this will settle the matter and hasten Durrant's execution. He said he would have made the motion sooner but for the necessity of giving notice to Durrant's counsel.

An Official Interview.

Gen. Pando, chief of Capt. Gen. Blanco's military staff at Havana, defines Spain's new policy as follows: "I am identified with the Government and with the illustrious Gen. Blanco because both represent tolerance without debility and energy without cruelty. I have always believed that policy is a factor in the plans of every general-in-chief and the policy of to-day compatible with the energetic military action consists in being generous with the repentant and inexorable with the impenitent traitors. This is the policy of the Government and of Gen. Blanco, which I propose to follow, seconding it with the loyalty which has always characterized my public actions. It is a very grave error to suppose that the political concessions of the Spanish Government have been given to an enemy to secure peace. They are given to the loyal and to the repentant; but for the incendiaries, the dynamiters, Spain reserves the action of force, energetic and without temporizing measures. Cuba, then, to avoid being a chaos or theater of bloody strife ought to remain Spanish, because only by belonging to Spain can be guaranteed its commercial relations with the civilized world, especially so when the Isthmus of Panama shall be no longer an isthmus or the two oceans be joined in some other manner. The United States is more interested than any other nation in Cuba remaining under the Spanish flag, because it prefers to assure the prosperity of its commerce to making enemies of Europe. About independence let us not speak, because no person of sane judgment ought to take into consideration such a hypothesis."

Postmaster Whips Robbers.

A bold hold-up and attempted robbery of the postmaster at Delaware Bend, Ohio, was made the other night. Postmaster James Fahey was making up the cash when he heard a knock at the door. He placed the money in his pocket and answered the summons. Two masked men entered and with leveled revolvers ordered him to hold up his hands. He promptly complied and one of the robbers endeavored to take the wallet from his pocket when the postmaster seized the robber's arm holding the revolver. A desperate battle ensued, and the robbers finally took to the woods.

Sealing Conference Ends.

The Bering Sea meeting at Washington, in which representatives of Great Britain, Canada and the United States have participated, has come to a close. The seal experts made a unanimous report concerning the condition of the seal herds and the diplomatic representatives of the respective governments reached an understanding by which they hope at a later day to effect final adjustment, not only of the Bering sea question, but of other pending border controversies.

War on Tramps.

The farmers of St. Louis County living along the "Telegraph Road," between St. Louis and Mailville, effected an anti-tramp and robber organization. The road has long been the Mecca for tramps, and numerous hold-ups have occurred. Each member will have a certain portion of the road to watch at night, and nobody will be allowed to proceed without first being identified. The farmers will guard the road with shotguns.

Hanged an Innocent Man.

"An innocent man was hanged by lynchers at Williamsport," was the startling statement made by Chief Justice Corliss of the North Dakota Supreme Court. "I have ample documentary evidence to support the statement," continued the judge. "The Supreme Court ordered a new trial in Coudert's case because it appeared that he was convicted on the uncorroborated evidence of Holy-track and Ireland."

Snowslide Kills One.

A snowslide occurred on the Noble Five mountain range near Gannon, in the Slovan district, British Columbia. Two miners were caught and one was crushed to death.

NOT IN THE MESSAGE.

THE PRESIDENT'S LATE CORRESPONDENCE WITH SPAIN.

Public Interest Does Not Demand the Publication of Full Text and Spain Requests that It Be Held Back—Lynchers Extort a Confession.

To Withhold Spanish Correspondence.

A special to the New York Herald from Washington says: "It is said to be the present intention of President McKinley not to incorporate the recent Spanish correspondence in his annual message to Congress. He does not deem it compatible with the public interest to publish the full text of the notes pending further correspondence, and the carrying out of the promises made by the Spanish Government. The papers will be accessible to members of the committees on foreign affairs for their guidance in dealing with various resolutions which will come before them. It is reported that Spain asked to have the correspondence withheld for the present for political reasons. The new ministry fears that its conciliatory attitude toward the United States, as shown by its note, may cause embarrassment at home, and thereby make it impossible to carry out the proposed reforms."

EXTORTED A CONFESSION.

Missouri Mob Secures Evidence from Two Prisoners.

A special from Lamar, Mo., reads as follows: Sheriff Livingstone and Marshal Rice went to Boston, Mo., with a warrant for W. L. Simpson and William Kaderly, charging them with aiding and hiring the parties who assaulted Mrs. Jacob Kesh one night recently. On the way to this city at night their carriage was stopped about six miles south by a mob of about thirty masked and armed men. The officers were disarmed and taken to a nearby corn field by members of the mob, while the others blindfolded the prisoners, put a rope around their necks and strung them up to a tree. They were let down and in a few seconds pulled up again. This was repeated till the prisoners were too weak to stand, when they were called on by the mob for a statement as to the crime and the parties implicated. Kaderly admitted writing a letter to Harry Monkstar, employing him to commit the crime, for \$25. Simpson admitted paying the money in gold to Monkstar. Officers and prisoners were then put in the carriage and ordered to drive to the county jail, which they did. The prisoners now deny having made a confession.

POLYGAMY STILL ALIVE.

Mormon Leaders Still Practice Though They Do Not Preach It.

Rev. Charles R. Bliss, agent of Salt Lake College, caused a sensation in Boston by declaring in a lecture that polygamy in Utah was still practiced. "Polygamy is not a thing of the past," he said. "Perhaps it is no longer preached in the tabernacle, but it has not been abandoned as a doctrine so long as prominent men in the Mormon church indulge in it. If polygamy is dead, why do the papers not declare against it? Why do the leaders in the Mormon church still practice it? The priesthood is a power and the members of the church are often compelled to ask their permission to enter into any affairs of the state."

Iasigi Gets a Stiff Sentence.

Joseph A. Iasigi, formerly Turkish consul in Boston, who was arrested in New York last summer charged with the embezzlement of large sums from trust funds held by him, and who was recently found guilty in the Suffolk County Superior Court, has been sentenced to serve a term of not more than eighteen nor less than fourteen years in State's prison, with one day solitary confinement and the rest of the term at hard labor.

Japan Demands Indemnity.

Advices from Japan say that the Government has demanded \$200,000 in gold from Hawaii by way of indemnity in connection with the immigration affair. This sum includes losses suffered by the immigrants to whom admission was denied as well as by the companies which sent them and expense of sending a man-of-war to Honolulu.

Cars Went Over the Bank.

A passenger train on the Cleveland, Canton and Southern Railway was derailed on the approach to a bridge over the Pettibone brook. Two of the passenger coaches rolled over the embankment into the ditch. Sixty persons were aboard, but only three were injured.

Paint Factory Burned.

Boydell Bros. paint factory, on Fort street, Detroit, was gutted by fire. A member of the firm estimates the loss at \$100,000—\$20,000 on stock and \$80,000 each on machinery and building. Spontaneous combustion is believed to have been the cause.

Poor Fishing Season.

Report of the Canadian fisheries department indicates a total failure of the fall mackerel fishery on the Atlantic coast. Of the large United States fleet operating off the Cape Breton coast, most of the vessels have cleared for home "clean."

Packing House Burned.

Fire broke out in the packing establishment at New Brighton, Minn., burning up the smaller packing house of the plant. The loss is estimated at \$40,000 to \$50,000.

She Shot the Burglar Down.

Mrs. Joseph Wilmont, the wife of a well-known farmer living near Hubble, Ky., shot down a negro burglar who was forcing his way into the house.

Want a New State.

The Territorial Press Association, in session at Hennessey, O. T., adopted resolutions favoring the creation of a State from Oklahoma Territory.

BIG WHEAT SHORTAGE.

America Will Have to Furnish Bread for Almost All Europe.

The agricultural department at Washington has issued its monthly review of the foreign crop situation. Much attention is devoted to the grain crop of Russia, especially wheat, on account of its magnitude as a factor in the European supply. The review says that all accounts agree in representing the wheat crop as deficient, but as to the extent of the deficiency much difference of opinion exists. After quoting many dispatches painting the crop situation in various provinces in black colors and the statements of the United States consul at Odessa that this year's crop has proved a failure the review calls attention to the fact that since harvest Russia has exported grain "very freely."

Great Educational Plan.

The oft-agitated question of establishing in the city of Washington a great national university on the lines suggested by President Washington has taken definite form, and a number of representative American women have taken hold of the project with a determination to push it to a successful conclusion if possible. They have started out in a practical manner by seeking to raise the first \$250,000 necessary for the erection of an administration building to form the nucleus of the university, and hope to be able to lay the corner stone Feb. 22, 1899. Their purpose in the interim is to urge the matter continuously on the attention of women all over the country. They intend likewise to interest all the school children in the work. As a first step for awakening interest in the undertaking they will assemble in convention in Washington Dec. 14 to decide on ways and means for arousing public sentiment. Many prominent Eastern ladies are active in the project.

Another Foot Ball Death.

What is said to be the third or fourth death from football in Western Pennsylvania this season occurred at Penn Station. Several weeks ago Frank, the 7-year-old son of L. L. Blair of that place, while playing foot-ball, was injured in a tackle. Several older boys threw him down and then jumped on him. Frank was unconscious when carried home. He suffered internal injuries from which he died.

Clubbed Their Father.

George Seagraves, proprietor of a St. Louis restaurant, reproved his two grown sons for some trivial offense and they made a murderous assault on him. One of the sons drew a revolver and used it to club his father into insensibility. Both then fled, but one was captured and lodged in jail. The father's skull is crushed and he cannot live.

Mysterious Georgia Murder.

Henry Turner, with his wife and sister, while crossing a small potato field less than half a mile from their home in Fairburn, Ga., were shot down. At what hour the murder was committed no one knows. Captain Yarborough's bloodhounds were placed upon the trail, but all pursuit has been futile.

Must Read to Vote.

The Wyoming Supreme Court, in a county contested election case, decided that the educational requirement of the Wyoming Constitution, which declares that no foreign-born citizen can vote unless able to read the Constitution, means that the Constitution must be read in English.

Delta, Colo., Bank Suspends.

The directors of the Delta County Bank at Delta, Colo., have concluded to suspend business and place the institution's affairs in the hands of an assignee. A. B. King was named for that position. The capital stock of the bank is \$50,000.

Two Burned to Death.

Mrs. Terrill and her nephew, Edward Mason, were burned to death on a farm a few miles from Peru, N. Y.

For Killing His Daughter.

William Carr, the filicide, was sentenced to hang Dec. 15 at Liberty, Mo.

QUOTATIONS.

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$3.00 to \$5.50; hogs, shipping grades, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, fair to choice, \$2.00 to \$5.00; wheat, No. 2 red, 94c to 96c; corn, No. 2, 26c to 27c; oats, No. 2, 21c to 22c; rye, No. 2, 47c to 48c; butter, choice creamery, 21c to 23c; eggs, fresh, 17c to 19c; new potatoes, 40c to 55c per bushel.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$5.25; hogs, choice light, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, common to choice, \$3.00 to \$4.00; wheat, No. 2, 91c to 93c; corn, No. 2 white, 26c to 27c; oats, No. 2 white, 22c to 23c.

St. Louis—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$5.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, \$3.00 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2, 96c to 98c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 25c to 26c; oats, No. 2 white, 21c to 22c; rye, No. 2, 45c to 47c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$5.25; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, \$2.50 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2, 92c to 94c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 26c to 28c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 23c to 25c; rye, No. 2, 46c to 47c.

Detroit—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$5.25; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, \$2.50 to \$4.25; wheat, No. 2, 91c to 93c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 26c to 28c; oats, No. 2 white, 24c to 26c; rye, 48c to 49c.

Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 red, 94c to 95c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 26c to 28c; oats, No. 2 white, 21c to 23c; rye, No. 2, 47c to 49c; clover seed, \$3.20 to \$3.30.

Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 spring, 86c to 87c; corn, No. 3, 26c to 28c; oats, No. 2 white, 23c to 25c; rye, No. 2, 48c to 49c; barley, No. 2, 40c to 44c; pork, mess, \$7.00 to \$7.50.

Buffalo—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$5.25; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, \$3.00 to \$5.00; wheat, No. 2 red, 95c to 97c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 30c to 31c; oats, No. 2 white, 26c to 27c.

New York—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$5.25; hogs, \$3.50 to \$4.00; sheep, \$3.00 to \$5.00; wheat, No. 2 red, 98c to \$1.00; corn, No. 2, 33c to 35c; oats, No. 2 white, 25c to 27c; butter, creamery, 15c to 24c; eggs, Western, 21c to 23c.

HAWAII FOR NEGROES

NOVEL PLAN FOR THE ISLANDS IS PRESENTED.

Capt. McKee Would Use Them for the Colonization of American Negroes—Convict Labor Reform in New York—First Skating Fatality This Fall.

Give the Race a Chance.

Capt. Thomas H. McKee of Indiana, journal clerk of the House, in conversation at Washington presents some rather novel views on the question of Hawaiian annexation. He said: "I favor the policy of annexing the Hawaiian islands, in addition to the ordinary reason of naval defense and protection of our Pacific seaboard, because I am so good a friend to the negroes of this country that I would want some place like Hawaii, with its pleasant climate and fruitful soil, set apart for the experiment of a self-sustaining community made up of our colored fellow citizens, where they would have the advantage of starting out with the civilization they have acquired as a race in this country, and where they could work out for themselves the problem of existence without leaning too much on the white people. I would not admit Hawaii into the Union as a State immediately. Indeed, a stipulation that it should remain in a territorial condition for, say, not less than thirty years should be inserted in the treaty of annexation or joint resolution as adopted by Congress. It is true that would not bind any subsequent Congress desiring to undo the provision. The islands will not be ready for statehood for many years to come."

DISARMED THE OFFICER.

Alleged Cattle Thief Holds Up Three Men and Escapes.

A deputy sheriff, a Santa Fe deputy and a policeman, while attempting to arrest a cattle thief in the postoffice at Emporia, Kan., were all three disarmed by the single man, who escaped. Sheriff Gaughan had received a telegram asking that a man named Kookken be arrested. Deputy Sheriff Fred Wagner, Santa Fe Detective Laws and Policeman Al Randolph went to the postoffice and placed Kookken under arrest while he was reading a letter. "All right," said Kookken, "I'll go with you in a minute," and commenced placing his letter in his pocket. Like a flash he pulled a revolver in each hand, shoved one into the face of Wagner and coolly said: "Cough up your gun," and almost in the same breath covered the other two officers. In a moment the three men were disarmed. Shoving the pistols into his overcoat pocket the man rushed for the door and disappeared. A posse of deputy sheriffs and the entire police force are now out hunting him.

CONVICT LABOR REFORM.

General Lathrop Says New York Plan Is a Success.

The problem of preventing convict labor from competing with free labor has apparently been solved in New York. The law which went into force Jan. 1 last has done it. This law provides that all institutions purchase their supplies and equipments from prisons. Since the law went into operation \$750,000 worth of goods have been taken out, and as it costs but \$500,000 annually to maintain the prisons, they are therefore made self-sustaining by the new system.

Burn Miss Jackson's Home.

Incendiaries burned the home of Miss Ollie Jackson, on her claim eight miles east of Pine Creek, Kan. The claim was one for which Miss Jackson made the run with the boomers in 1893. George Adkins filed a contest on it soon after, but the brave girl stuck to her rights. After years of waiting, during which Miss Jackson built a substantial two-story house and broke part of the land, the contest was decided in her favor. She did not return home until the next morning, and found that in her absence the house had been burned to the ground.

Injured in Arkansas Wreck.

A train on the Kansas City, Fort Scott and Memphis Railroad was derailed just west of Williford, Ark. The combination coach, chair car and sleeper went over the bank, the combination car going into Spring river. The chair car and sleeper were both consumed. One passenger was fatally injured and twenty-two others more or less seriously hurt.

Lynched by Negro Vigilantes.

At the Allen farm, near Bryan, Texas, while gambling for pecans, a negro named General Chetham was stabbed twice and killed. Another negro, Tom Sweat, was arrested for the crime and while being conveyed to Millican by a posse was taken from his guards and strung up to the limb of a tree. The vigilantes are said to have been negroes.

To Fight for the Baker Claim.

A. S. Baker of Tiffin, O., and Richard Wadsworth of Castalia have been for several weeks investigating the Baker heirs' claim in Philadelphia. They claim to have discovered evidence unknown to them before and will establish their case beyond a doubt. The property is valued at over \$100,000,000 and lies in the heart of Philadelphia.

First Victims of the Season.

George and Hower Brewer, aged 17 and 13 respectively, were drowned while skating on Big Stone lake, near Ortonville, Minn. One brother broke through the ice and the other was dragged under while trying to save him.

Cloakmakers' Strike Is Off.

The strike of the New York cloakmakers has been called off.

Engulfed in a Night.

The little village of Rozel, Kan., has completely disappeared from the face of the earth. The ground sank beneath it and the whole village sank into a chasm, which the next morning was found filled to within seventy feet of the surface with dark, stagnant-looking water.

GRAIN CROPS ABROAD

RUSSIAN WHEAT YIELD GREATLY REDUCED.

All Accounts Agree that There Is a Deficit, but Much Difference of Opinion Exists as to the Amount of the Shortage.

Condition of Foreign Crops.

The Agricultural Department, in its monthly review of the foreign crop situation, devotes much attention to the grain crop of Russia, especially wheat, as an account of its magnitude as a factor in the European supply. The review says that all accounts are in agreement in representing the wheat crop as deficient, but much difference of opinion exists as to the extent of the deficiency. After quoting many dispatches painting the crop situation in various provinces in very black colors, and the statement of the American consul at Odessa that this year's crop has proved a failure, the review calls attention to the fact that the Russian wheat has exported grain "very freely." The report continues:

"The exports of wheat from Aug. 1 to Oct. 23 amounted to 1,152,840 quarters, against 2,855,040 quarters, and 3,383,780 quarters during the corresponding period in 1906 and 1905 respectively. These very large exports have led to a general opinion to withhold their estimate from the more pessimistic of the reports which have been published. That the crop was deficient was admitted, but that the failure was so serious as such reports implied few of the grain dealers of western Europe believe.

"Recently, however, some change of attitude is becoming apparent. Stocks in the ports are not increasing in the manner usual for this time of year, and the opinion is freely expressed that after this month Russia can be relied on for only very moderate shipments.

"It is generally understood that Russia had large stocks of wheat left over from the crops of the preceding year, and this fact, coupled with the good prices which have prevailed, may account for the large exports which have taken place, even though the crop failure in large parts of Russia has been extremely serious."

The review says the estimates of the Russian crop are so uncertain that their reproduction would be of doubtful utility. The preliminary official figures for France show a reduction of 20 per cent below 1906, and 17 per cent below the average for ten years. As for five years France and Russia produced 26 per cent of the world's crop, the review says a heavy shortage in both countries would, therefore, be sufficient in itself to produce a very sensible effect on the world's supply, independent of the short crops in Austria-Hungary, the Danubian and Balkan countries and elsewhere, and the shortage of the last crop in India, Australia and Argentina.

In Germany rice, which is the principal bread grain in that country, has been officially estimated at 1 per cent less than last year's crop.

The various estimates for Austria-Hungary are more or less conflicting, but there is no doubt as to their being a heavy deficit in the wheat crop. The wheat crop of the United Kingdom is estimated a little short of 1,000,000 bushels. The preliminary estimate of the Italian wheat crop makes it 85,311,000 bushels, against 144,722,700 bushels last year. The Romanian wheat crop is estimated at 37,134,720 bushels. The Bulgarian wheat crop is estimated at 40 per cent, rise at 35 to 40 per cent, and barley at 25 per cent over than last year. The wheat crop of Turkey has been estimated at 50,800,000 imperial bushels.

As regards crops now growing in the southern hemisphere, the news continues to be favorable on the whole. In Argentina drought, which for a time in some provinces threatened serious injury, seems to have been generally broken, and danger of any serious loss from such a source seems now, in the advanced state of the crop, to have passed. The Indian wheat crop has been sown under favorable conditions, and the same is in general true of the winter grain crops of Europe, and both in India and in Europe the weather seems, in the main, to have been very favorable to the growth of the seed.

DIE FROM HUNGER.

Frightful Mortality Among the Reconcentrados in Cuba.

It appears now that nearly 75 per cent of the 400,000 helpless women, children and non-combatants in Cuba affected by former Captain General Weyler's policy are dead. Despite the orders issued by Gen. Blanco to feed the starving, the daily mortality of the remaining "reconcentrados" is frightful.

The rabid Spaniards, who believe that only by extermination of the race can the Cuban war be won, openly challenge the good faith of Gen. Blanco's statements as to his intention to feed and find work for those whom Gen. Weyler has not exterminated.

They jubilantly claim that the new captain general is enforcing the barbarous "concentration" of the country people exactly as his predecessor did. The Havana press no longer prints the news from the small towns. In one of the last articles upon the hunger situation it was called "one of the most awful spectacles ever presented to humanity."

Girls for Gold Fields.

Charles Carrington of Seattle, Wash., has created a little stir among the young women of Auburn, N. Y., during the last week. Carrington announced his business there is the selection of 300 healthy young women to be sent to Alaska in the spring for the purpose of acquiring the disparity between the male and female population that it is supposed will exist in the gold regions next season. The matrimonial agent is an ex-soldier and proposes to pay the expenses of the party, getting his remuneration out of the sum that will be paid for wives on his arrival.

SECRETARY BLISS' REPORT.

Head of the Interior Department Makes Recommendations.

Secretary of the Interior Bliss, in his annual report, submits estimates aggregating \$156,732,110 for appropriations by Congress for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1909.

Dismissing pensions, he says 200,000 pension claims are awaiting adjudication and it is estimated that 40 or 50 per cent of these will be finally admitted. If they are rapidly adjudicated they will swell the pension roll from \$5,000,000 to \$7,000,000. When, however, these claims are adjudicated and the first payment made thereon, the amount of the pension roll will increase very rapidly, possibly to \$125,000,000 or \$130,000,000 the first year.

Secretary Bliss says while the opening of the Wichita reservation in Oklahoma to white settlement would greatly promote the development of that country, yet, in view of the unsettled condition of the territory, and the rights of the Indians, until there is further legislation, he does not see how it can be done without causing great injury and distress. To guard against this recommendation is made that the Dawes commission be authorized to investigate questions and report recommendations for speedy and just settlement.

Referring to the work of the Dawes commission, it is announced that the investigation of the rights of applicants for citizenship in the five nations has been practically completed; the commission has prepared the roll of citizenship of the several tribes and has negotiated three agreements. That, with both the Cherokee and Chickasaw tribes of April 25, 1907, before Congress and has been ratified by those tribes. That made with the Creek Sept. 27 last was rejected almost unanimously by the Creek council and there is little prospect of any further agreement with them. The Chickasaw have refused to make an agreement and negotiations with them have been abandoned for the time being.

The Secretary says the five tribes have undoubtedly violated in many ways the spirit of their agreements with the United States under which the territory is now held and governed, and while he does not recommend any harsh government action the Secretary calls the attention of the President and Congress to the chaotic condition of affairs of the territory. No government for the Indian territory will be satisfactory until Congress shall provide for the establishment of a single uniform system for the entire Indian territory.

Recommendation is made that the period for the allotment of lands to the Five Civilized Tribes be extended until beyond April 1, 1908, as Congress shall deem best.

The sum of \$1,210,880 is now in the treasury to the credit of the Cies' fund, resulting from the sale of the Colorado lands, and in addition there must yet be realized from the sales over \$500,000 to reimburse the Government, the expenses, etc., of the reservation, and the \$1,210,880, aside from the public moneys as a trust fund.

Secretary Bliss recommends that the public land laws be extended to Alaska; that the granting of rights of way for railroads, telegraph and telephone lines and the construction of roads and trails be specifically authorized; that provision be made for the incorporation of municipalities, providing for the holding of elections, etc.; that the legal and political status of the native population, which is in doubt, be defined; that complete territorial government be authorized and established, and that representation in Congress be granted.

Work on the Nicaragua canal is still suspended and the country reports little or no growing. The register of the priest of Artemisa parish shows a total of 21,000 deaths for a period of 75 years before the war. Since Weyler's infamous "Brando" the deaths have been 5,125.

Scarcely three years of peace cost not much more than half the lives lost in one year of Spanish war. And the dead victims of Weyler's have not yet been buried. In the ground for the small rats of street potatoes, their mothers holding their miserable offspring to sterile bosoms.

PREACHER'S STRONG LANGUAGE.

The Cuban Question Must Be Settled by This Administration.

Rev. Thomas Dixon of New York made a stirring appeal to that of interest here by this country in the Cuban revolution, in the Academy of Music, that city, the other morning.

"How much longer," he said, "will the common people of the United States endure the horrible story of the butchery of innocents on the Isle of Cuba? How long will we stand tamely by and see our country polluting, spying and hounding the suffering patriots from our shore? Two million of dollars have been spent in this cowardly policy."

"The gamblers, peddlers and lookers on a war scare last week. It was well that they should have. The question must be settled by this administration or it will live from the people is no undecided terms at the polls next election. If Thomas B. Reed continues to throttle the will of the people he'll hear from them and it will be a long time before he will have another chance to preside over the House of Congress."

"The frightful stories of the butcheries that are daily committed in Cuba are enough to make a people rise in righteous wrath. Yet have we stood by and seen all this—not only seen all this, but spent \$2,000,000 to assist Spain in doing it. The blood of the Cuban martyrs and the skeleton-corpses of the innumerable non-combatants are a stain of dishonor on the record of America."

Told in a Few Lines.

Rev. George H. Houghton, pastor of the Church of the Transfiguration, better known as the "Little Church Around the Corner," is dead.

President Delano of Nicaragua is sending a commission to the United States and to Europe to sell the Nicaraguan National Railroad and steamships.

THIS IS SAVAGERY!

WAR'S AWFUL HORRORS ON THE ISLAND OF CUBA.

Conditions Under Weyler's Inhuman Policy Find No Parallel in Any Stage of Civilization—Hundreds of Thousands of Helpless Starved to Death.

Sacrifice of Human Life.

An investigation conducted by the New York World into the horrible conditions afflicting Cuba under the bloody and inhuman policy of Weyler discloses the fact that 75 per cent of the 400,000 helpless women and children whom Weyler forced into starvation, misery and disease in the fortified towns—in other words, the reconcentrados—have perished. The spectacle is the worst presented in any age or in any stage of civilization, and unless heroic efforts are made under the more humane Gen. Blanco the epidemic conditions of the small towns will annihilate the remainder of the reconcentrados.

The World shows that one of the best places where the country people were confined was the estate of Central Salu, owned by the American citizen Perferio Sarate. The actual figures of the death rate there show an almost unbelievable state of affairs. When the estate was fortified Sarate allowed only the vigorous men whom he could see during the sugar season to remain. With their families there were 2,000 persons. Today there are not 500 left. The 1,500 perished of hunger.

There was no epidemic. Sarate planted vegetable gardens for their support, but exactly as in most of the zones of cultivation the assignments got the produce. The crop lands are absolutely filled with the buried. There is not a square yard of ground about the forts that is not taken for a grave. Between two slabs



MAP OF LONDON IN THE VICINITY OF THE FIRE.
[Scale.] Section represents the burned district.

of palm bark for a coffin each miserable skeleton has been buried a few inches under ground.

In the small town the misery seems to be growing. The register of the priest of Artemisa parish shows a total of 21,000 deaths for a period of 75 years before the war. Since Weyler's infamous "Brando" the deaths have been 5,125.

Scarcely three years of peace cost not much more than half the lives lost in one year of Spanish war. And the dead victims of Weyler's have not yet been buried. In the ground for the small rats of street potatoes, their mothers holding their miserable offspring to sterile bosoms.

Nor are the reconcentrados the only ones who have perished and are perishing in the horrible war. The Spanish soldiers have died rapidly or have become maddled. As nearly as can be ascertained computed from official figures, little more than half are left alive and well of the 180,000 vigorous peasant lads Spain sent to Cuba. The figures are:

Died in hospitals.....	32,000
Killed and died on the field.....	12,000
Sent back to Spain as "inutile".....	25,000
Nor in hospitals.....	12,000
Total.....	81,000

Of this total, 50,000 are still imprisonable that more than 5,000 new deaths of disability from Cuban bullets, even during the red fighting of the invasion and the six months thereafter. Gen. Masco estimated for the World that not more than 3,000 Spanish soldiers had fallen in battle. That was in August, 1906. Since then very little fighting has been done.

SWEPT BY FIRE.

London Scourged by a Visitation of Flames.

One of the most disastrous fires in London's history since the great fire of 1666 broke out in a large block of buildings lying eastward of Aldersgate street and between that thoroughfare and Red Cross street, just after 1 o'clock Friday afternoon. Over 100 warehouses were destroyed and the loss will probably exceed £3,000,000. The flames were fanned by a strong wind and were fed by highly inflammable stocks of Christmas fancy goods and flimsy dress materials of all descriptions that filled every floor of the six-story buildings in the old street. Consequently the conflagration gained headway with surprising rapidity and was soon far beyond the possibility of being checked by the fire engines which were early on the spot.

For four hours and a half the flames had their own way, and it was only after more than a hundred engines had worked for an hour that the chief of the fire brigade sent out the signal that the fire was under control. At 11 o'clock at night the fire was still the scene of great excitement. Fifty engines were playing upon the ruins, and tons of water were pouring into the fiery debris.

Thousands of people tried to penetrate the cordon maintained by a thousand policemen, re-enforcements for whom were hurried up when, soon after 6 o'clock, an increase in the outbreak led Commander Wells to make a requisition for more engines about the neighboring stations. The scene will occupy the fire brigade for several days, especially in view of the grave danger of the collapse of shells of buildings which fall now and again with a loud report.

Hampstead street was the scene of the outbreak of the fire, which was due to an explosion in connection with a gas engine of the premises of Walter Brown & Co., metal manufacturers at No. 30 on that thoroughfare. Their third factory was



MAP OF LONDON IN THE VICINITY OF THE FIRE.
[Scale.] Section represents the burned district.

crowded with girls when the fire broke out and it was instantly the scene of a semi-panic, the frightened operatives rushing to the street with their bundles, there crowding in other buildings and offering their escape while the flames were pouring out of the basement. In less than a quarter of an hour the flames had enveloped the adjoining warehouse and thence they leaped across the street to an enormous paper warehouse, which was fully alight in less than ten minutes. It is officially reported that 130 warehouses have been gutted, and an estimate of the damage done places the amount at nearly £3,000,000.

Curiously enough, the territory covered by this fire is in part the same as that burned over in 1666. The place of beginning is within 100 yards in both instances. The direction is the same, and the same public buildings—now vastly more magnificent than then—were imperiled while the fire burned what were destroyed then. Since 1666 no fire of so great destructiveness has visited the English capital.

DR. HOUGHTON'S DEATH.

Noted Pastor of the "Little Church Around the Corner" Is No More.

Rev. George H. Houghton of New York, pastor of the Church of the Transfiguration, better known as the "Little Church Around the Corner," is dead.

In 1848 Dr. Houghton, then an ambitious young clergyman, organized the Church of the Transfiguration, which was destined to become in after years world-famous as "The Little Church Around the Corner." It has been that since for almost a quarter of a century. The circumstances through which the title was bestowed were as follows:

George Holland, the actor, and father of E. M. and Joseph Holland, died on Dec. 20, 1870. In arranging for the funeral, Joseph Jefferson and others called upon Rev. Mr. Sabine, pastor of a fashionable church in Madison avenue, and asked him if he would conduct the funeral services. Ascertaining that Holland was an actor, Rev. Mr. Sabine declined to conduct the funeral services, and when asked by Mr. Jefferson and his companions if he could tell them where they could get a vicar, he remarked that "there was a little church around the corner" which they could visit. The friends went to that little church and were received with kindly consideration by Rev. Dr. Houghton. This incident formed a live theme for talk all over the country, and it established "The Little Church Around the Corner" firmly in the affections of the public, as well as of the theatrical profession.

POSTAL BANKS BEST.

MR. GARY ADVOCATES THEIR ESTABLISHMENT.

The Annual Report of the Postmaster General Goes Into the Subject Exhaustively and Recommends the System Without Reserve.

Strong Argument Made.

The first annual report of Postmaster General James A. Gary to the President has been made public. Its feature is the strong advocacy of postal savings depositories, a scheme over which Postmaster General Gary has worked for many months in the formulation of plans to present to the President and Congress. He says the time is ripe for their establishment, and that the adoption of a well-organized system would confer a great benefit upon a large number of people, and ultimately be of incalculable benefit to the whole country.

The estimates of the revenue and expenditures for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1909, are: Total postal revenue for 1909, \$88,905,462.75; and 5 per cent, \$4,445,273.32; estimated revenue for 1909, \$93,350,736.07; total estimated revenue for 1909, \$97,895,999.39; estimated expenditures for 1909, \$98,922,760; deficiency for 1909 estimated \$1,026,760.61.

The increase of the postal deficit for 1907, Mr. Gary says, is largely a reflection of the depressed business conditions which prevailed all over the United States during the first three quarters of that period. There has been no extravagance of expenditure save that obligated by it. Retaining the injustice inflicted both upon the postal revenues and the people by second-class mail matter carriage regulations, the enactment by Congress of some measure to remedy the wrong, similarly pointed out by past Postmasters General, is urged, as is this the Postmaster General says:

"If this were done, there would be an end to postal deficits, and the service could be enlarged and popularized by a broad extension of free delivery, without infringement upon the general resources of the Government, and eventually result in the much-desired reduction of letter postage to 1 cent per ounce."

No method of perfecting the organization of the postal service has proved more effective than the consolidation of post-offices. Legislative restrictions as to the resignation are to be removed, and a repeal of the five-mile limit consolidation measure in the 1896 postal appropriation bill is recommended.

The experimental rural free delivery has been generously appreciated; few expenditures have conferred greater benefits in proportion, and it has unquestionably proved a potent factor in attaining what should be a chief aim of government, the bringing of the best possible facilities to the farthest place.

The report reviews in detail the operations of the various branches of the department. The portion on the subject of postal savings is brief follows:

"Many millions of dollars are undoubtedly secreted by people who have little or no confidence in ordinary securities and monetary institutions organized by private citizens. It is dead capital, but if its owners could be inspired with absolute confidence in the security of an investment it is altogether probable that the bulk of this fund would find its way into the active trade and commerce. If the Government undertook this task the service would undoubtedly be gladly accepted by the people. Their faith in the Government is unbounded. Their little savings, which separately could hardly be put out at interest, would amount, in the aggregate, to a sum that could be invested to their advantage. It would tend to relieve thrift in a large class, realizing the advantage of depositing with the Government instead of fearfully and anxiously expending; it would tend to better relationship; bring into closer relationship the Government and its citizens, and develop practical and enduring patriotism. This growth of patriotic sentiment and good citizenship constitutes a powerful appeal to the Government to make a way for three beneficent consequences."

"The proposition is an accomplished fact in nearly every country in Europe, in the British dependencies of both hemispheres, and even in Hawaii. In Great Britain 7,000,000 depositors have opened or \$250,000,000 in savings accumulated during thirty-five years, and in ten years fewer than 10,000 Hawaiian depositors saved nearly \$1,000,000. Deposits in Canada in twenty years exceeded \$22,000,000. These vast accumulations have been made with the least possible loss to the Governments, which guarantee their repayment, and with a minimum of cost to the millions of depositors. More than a thousand postal savings accounts in European offices are held by miners and over two-thirds by the most humble ceilings. It is essentially a matter of convenience. Postal savings would not conflict with other enterprises, though negotiations of the larger cities recognize it as a valuable feeder to the financial currents of the country."

"Security, and not the rate of interest, is the primary and essential condition of such a system, and bonds of States, counties and municipalities, and real estate, furnish an illimitable field."

At Ardmore, I. T., Charles Reinard cut the throat of his cousin and sweetheart, Miss May Reese, and then cut his own throat. She will recover, but Reinard will die.

CULVER CITY HERALD.

GEORGE NEARPASS, Publisher.

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Cards of thanks will be published at 25 cts per inch.

CULVER ITEMS.

A. D. Toner of Kewanna, was in Culver, Wednesday.

John Buswell captured a wild goose on the lake Wednesday.

The stores of Culver were closed Thanksgiving day.

The churches are making great preparation for Christmas jubilee services.

Prof. H. A. Seyfert, F. C. Baker, and Mr. and Mrs. Hayden Rea, dined with Mrs. R. K. Lord, Thanksgiving day.

Rev. M. Nethercutt made a short visit among friends and relatives at at Logansport Monday, returning to Culver Tuesday.

Prof. D. W. Wolfe, one of the up to date teachers in German township, spent Thanksgiving with friends in this city.

Geo. Davis sold his residence in this city to a man by the name of J. Dipert, of Monterey.

The ladies of the Ladies and Knights of Columbia will give their oyster supper for the benefit of the Band, one week from Saturday night.

Mrs. Hahn, of Bremen, mother of Prof. Hahn, who is at the head of Culver schools, was in town this week visiting her son.

Mr. Franklin Easterday and Miss Cor. Romig were married last Sunday. The Herald extends congratulation.

Last Sunday the Cadets and officers of the Culver Military Academy attended services at the M. E. church. As they were drawn up in line they presented a magnificent appearance.

A grand Thanksgiving ball was held at the Academy Thanksgiving night. A celebrated orchestra from Logansport furnished the music. A large number of bon ton citizens from abroad were present.

Sutherland, who was sentenced to imprisonment for life for murdering Ed. Fetters in Starke county recently, has been released from the "pen" by the supreme court, and now languishes in the Plymouth jail. We understand his second trial will take place next March. He can thank Martindale & Stevens, who have been untiring in their efforts to procure him a new trial. Their efforts have been rewarded but however, the majority of those thoroughly conversant with the horrible details, believe Sutherland guilty as a dog, and would have been highly gratified if he had taken a sudden trip from this world by the use of hemp.

The Christian church society, of Maxenkuckee gave an oyster supper at the church Thanksgiving evening, and a large crowd was present. The ladies purchased the oysters at D. R. Avery's restaurant, Culver, and were well satisfied with the deal.

Santa Claus will make his headquarters this year at J. M. Matheny's drug store, Argos, Ind., where will be found the finest line of holiday goods in the county.

The editor of the Herald has several subscription and other accounts which will be advertised for sale to the highest bidder, with each individual's name attached, unless they are paid within the next 30 days. These accounts have run two or three years or more and we must get something out of the same if possible.

It is sickening when we see young ladies consoling young men who have not manhood enough to keep from getting intoxicated upon a weak excuse that someone led them astray, and in consequence of their own folly were roughly used while hilarious. If girls would give such fellows the "shake" and give them to in p ratively understand that no man in the habit of imbibing 'fire water' would be countenanced in their presence, there would be less drunkards and more...

Thanksgiving.

Thanksgiving was duly observed in Culver City, and the usual number of turkeys and chickens were devoured. There were many family reunions and joyful gatherings in thankfulness for the many blessings bestowed upon us during the past year. At the Reformed church at six o'clock a. m., Thanksgiving services were held, and in the evening, Rev. Brugh, of Detroit Mich., preached at said Church to a large audience. He is an able speaker and his remarks were highly appreciated. Tuesday evening he lectured at said church, his subject being missionary work, and gave a very interesting account of the work performed in Detroit, Mich., and at the close of his lecture raised a liberal sum which will go into a fund for the purpose of erecting a suitable church of the Reformed denomination in said city.

Sad Accident.

Last Wednesday evening, Mr. W. S. Easterday, Culver's progressive furniture dealer and undertaker, had occasion to deliver some furniture to the residence of Capt. Morris, and when just rounding the bend at the foot of the big hill upon the east side of town, a man driving a single rig, and ascending the hill, the teams collided, one of the shafts piercing the breast of one of Easterday's horses, making a hole about four inches deep and about 3 inches wide. The night was dark, hence neither driver knew of the other's presence until the collision. The injured animal is still alive and may recover. This should be a warning, to persons to be more cautious while driving on a dark night.

AN ANECDOTE OF MEILHAC.

How He Chose an Heir at a Party Given by Mme. Pozzi.

To finish with an anecdote about Meilhac. Two years ago he lost his best friend, M. Paul Poirson, whom he had made his residuary legatee, says the London Globe. Meilhac was much affected by his death and it was some time before he could recover from the blow. A few months later on he became firmly attached to M. Ganderax, with whom he collaborated a comedy for the Francais. One evening, while at a party given by M. Pozzi, he found himself by the side of M. Ganderax, to whom he abruptly said: "My dear Ganderax, since Poirson is dead will you be my heir?" Surprised at this proposal, M. Ganderax could not dissemble his confusion. "But, my dear friend," replied Ganderax, "you are not dying yet and I can't see why you should think of your testament. At all events, you must have older friends than myself." Meilhac replied: "That has nothing to do with it. I simply ask you, yes or no, will you consent to become my heir?" Ganderax held out his hand and answered: "In that case, my dear Meilhac, I may consider that, in speaking thus to me, you ask me if I will be your best friend. I therefore willingly accept your proposal." Remembering the large sums of money he earned by his pieces, it is perhaps astonishing that he has left such a small fortune—about £6,000. It is true he was generous even to extravagance and the more he made the more he spent. His funeral at the Madeleine was attended by all the celebrities in art, science and literature.

Not Half Bad.

Simkins—"I'm studying a work on ensilage." Timkins—"Ensilage! What's that?" Simkins—"It's the art of keeping anything that is green in its natural state during the winter." Timkins—"Oh, I see! You are making arrangements to live until next spring."

Relic of the Continuous.

Turnkey—"The next cell contains one of the cleverest counterfeiterers in the business. Visitor—How did he manage to work off his bad notes? Turnkey—Used to sing on the variety stage."

Very interesting are the queen's almshouses, a long row of cottages, connected into a rambling building covered with ivy, picturesque and pretty. Here live the widows of the Osborne estate and several old couples whose days of toil are ended. One particularly bright couple are Mr. and Mrs. Jackman—he having driven a plow before the estate was purchased by the queen and having passed into her service along with the property.

Words in the English Language.

It is quite unnecessary for any writer to interlard his work with foreign words or phrases. There are now over 250,000 words in the English language acknowledged by the best authorities, or about 70,000 more than in the German, French, Spanish and Italian languages combined. One can easily understand foreigners borrowing from English, but it seems inexcusable for English writers to burden their works with words taken from languages with a much smaller number of words than are to be found in our dictionaries.

A cannon that was used on board the Kearsarge in her naval duel with the Alabama is part of the new soldiers' monument at Stamford, Conn.

The Flour That Makes the Best Bread.

The soft, fine white flour will not give as large an amount of muscle, bone or nerve making food as the whole flour, which constitutes in itself a complete life-sustainer. In selecting flour choose that which is dark in color and free from bran. The best bread flours in the market are of a yellowish-white tinge, rather granulated, and do not easily pack. They make a strong and elastic dough. Though not whole wheat flours they are decidedly the best of the white brands. After selecting the flour the most important thing is to have a good, strong, sweet and pure yeast. The compressed cakes are good and convenient, and will do the work much more quickly than ten times the amount of home made or baker's yeast. When setting bread to rise stand your bread pan in another of warm water; cover the two so that the moisture will pass over the top of the dough at an even temperature of seventy-five degrees Fahrenheit. Mrs. S. T. Rorer in Ladies' Home Journal.

A Good Thing to Remember.

An unmarried woman, in writing to the New York Herald, in answer to the question, "Why don't men marry?" remarks that neither sex belongs exclusively to the "angel nor devil family." If married folk always bore that in mind perhaps wives would receive more reward for good deeds, and husbands more mercy for bad ones, and there would be fewer unhappy marriages.

Economy.

"I would stop drinkin'," said Mr. Lushforth. "but I can't afford to." "Can't afford to?" echoed the man who was cornered. "No. Stop drinkin' wife would get a new hat. New—hic—bat, have to have new dress to match it. No tellin' where would end. Whatcher goin' 'ave?"—Indianapolis Journal.

Tears on the Klondike.

The naivest loss thus far reported from the Klondike pilgrims was that of "forty gallons of alcohol which rolled down the mountain side." It was owned by a woman, and she calculated a fortune from it.

Germany's proportion of suicides is larger than that of any other European country.

Farmers and Fine Stock Buyers Attention!

J. E. Myers, of Rutland, Ind., will sell at private sale, about 50 choice, thoroughbred Poland-China hogs. He has positively the finest hogs in the county, and can furnish both male and female at very reasonable prices. If you desire something good, do not fail to give him a call. 21tf

Wood! Wood!! Wood!!! Wood!!!!

WATCH THIS SPACE NEXT WEEK FOR Startling Revelations!



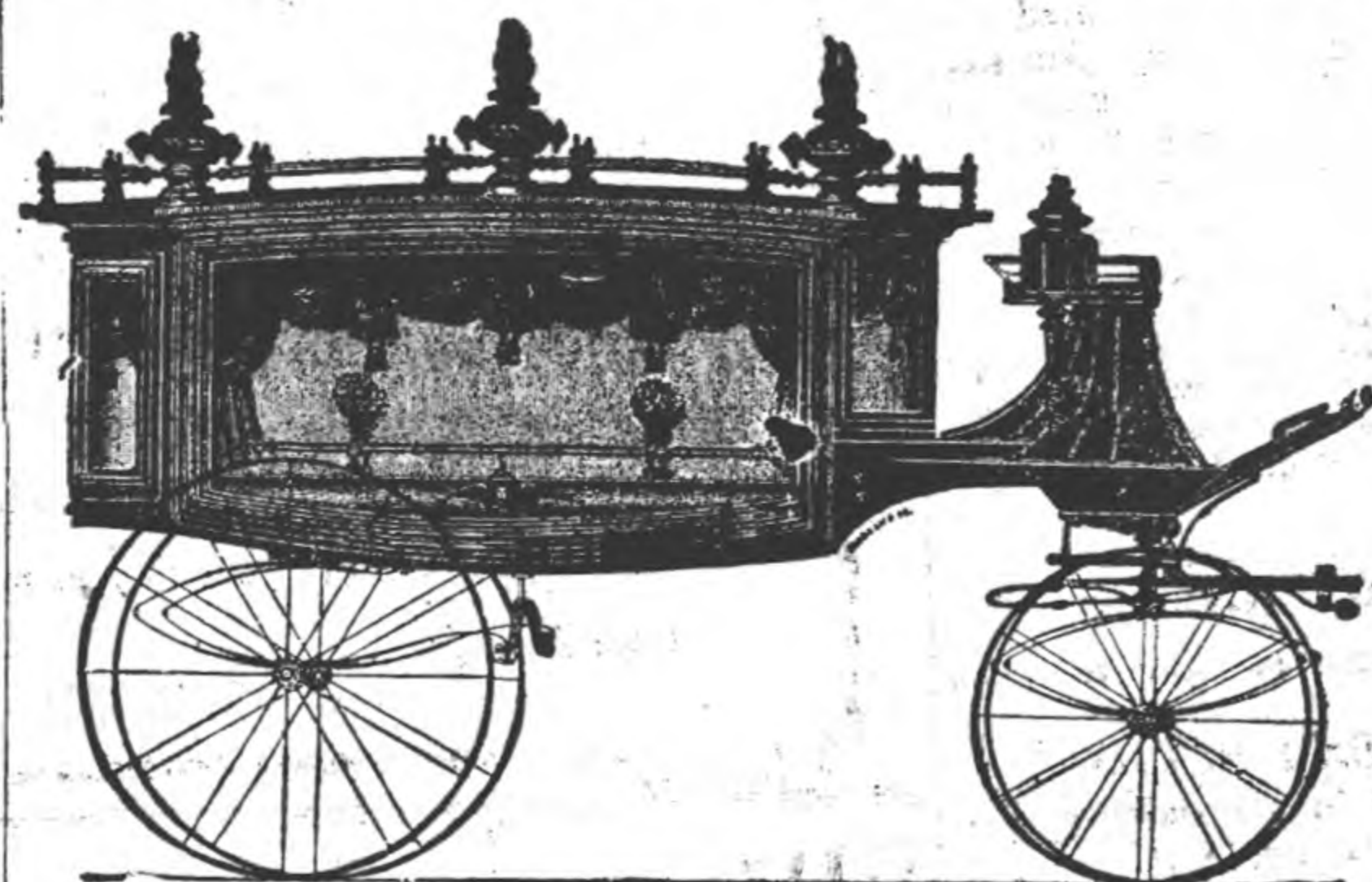
Hello There! —*—

Are You Aware of the Fact that S. Cavender, at Rutland, Ind. is still on deck with a full line of choice Groceries, Dry Goods, Tobaccos, Plow Shoes, Overalls, etc?

Remember! that he sells the best articles at the lowest living prices.

S. Cavender, Rutland, Ind.

* W. S. EASTERDAY, * Furniture & Undertaking.



This is to place to get your Furniture, Chairs, Cupboards, Safes, Writing Desks, Stands, Tables, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Bed Springs, Mattresses, Couches, Sofas, Easels, Mirrors, Picture Frames and Mouldings, and a fine line of Rockers for the old and young.

Do not forget the place.

MAIN STREET.

CULVER CITY, IND.

HAYES & SON,

PROPRIETORS OF

—* Livery, Feed and Sale Stable. —*



First Class Horses, Buggies and Vehicles of every description. Can stable from 50 to 75 horses and shelter a number of Buggies.

Special Attention Paid to Traveling Men.

BARN ONE BLOCK WEST OF DEPOT.

CULVER, IND

OUR NEW CLOAK ROOM,

in our Annex Basement on LaPorte street is the lightest, brightest and best fitted in the county. We close out our stock each and every year at some price and do not hold over. Therefore if you are looking for old stuff don't come here. But if you want the very latest in Cloaks you'll find them in our new cloak department.

Ladies' Cloth Jackets, 1897 makes at \$3.00 to 12.50

Ladies' Plush Capes, all bargains of 1897 from \$4 to \$18

Misses' Cloth Jackets 1897 makes at \$3.00 to 9.00

Ladies' Cloth Capes, 1897 makes, from \$1.75 to \$10

Children's Jackets, sizes 4 to 12 years; 1897 makes, at 1.00 to 6.00

Ladies' All Silk Line Astrachan Capes, all new new goods, most of them purchased very recently, \$5.50

Kloenfer's NEW YORK STORE

Hillside.
 Mrs. Ida Garn called on Mrs. J. F. Garn Monday.
 Will Joseph and sister Lottie spent Sunday in Bourbon.
 J. S. McFarland went to Chicago with a load of stock Monday.
 J. Doll and wife of Cedar Lake visited their son P. E. Doll over Sunday.
 John Voreis is visiting his sister Mrs. F. F. Overmyer, in Chicago.
 Two cases of measles are reported at the home of Geo. McKinney's.
 Miss Lottie Burns who has been at Ft. Wayne for some time returned home Saturday.
 Protracted meeting commenced at the North Union Church Tuesday night. The meeting is conducted by Rev. Snyder.
 The infant child of Mack Thornberg's was buried in the Voreis Cemetery Monday afternoon. AGNES.

BARGAINS IN

Men's Custom Suits and Overcoats
 Direct from the American Mills Company.

Don't pay fancy prices. Look at my line of samples before ordering your suit or overcoat. I can save you money on Men's fine wearing apparel. Give me your order for a suit, overcoat, ulster, pants or mackintosh, and it will be made up by the largest makers of fine tailor made clothing in America.

Tailor made suits, \$6 and up. Pants, \$1.50 and up. Overcoats, \$5 and up. Every garment I offer will be fine tailor made, such garments as can be had only from first class tailors at more than double my price.

My Liberal Terms: Pay for the goods after you get them. Deposit with me one dollar as a guarantee of good faith and I will take your measure for any clothes wanted send the order direct to The American Woolen Mills; they will make the goods up and send direct to you by express C. O. D. subject to examination. You can go to the express office, examine the goods and pay the express agent.

Remember the day and date, I will be at E. B. Vanschoick's, Store Dec. 6th and 7th. Wm. E. HAND, JR., Argos, Ind.

NOTICE.

The largest and best assorted stock

HOLIDAY GOODS.

ever displayed in the county, will soon be on exhibition! It will not be necessary to send away for Christmas presents!! We have goods to suit all demands of taste or limits of purse.

Watch for the opening! The new goods will be on exhibition Saturday, Dec. 4th, when your inspection of them is invited. No left-over goods, everything brand new. Yours to please. J. M. METHENY, Argos, Ind.

DIAL'S

• Important Sale •
 UP-TO-DATE MILLINERY.



Trimmed Hats and Bonnets \$1.75, 2.00, 2.50, 3.00 and 5.00.
 Sailors and Walking Hats 50c, 75c and \$1.00.
 Children's Hats \$1.25, 1.50, 1.75, 2.00 and 3.00.
 Ties and Caps 15c, 25c and 50c.
 New Ribbon 15c, 19c, 25c, 35c and 40c.
 Ties—3 in a bunch 35c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00.
 1/4 and 1/2 Plumes 50c, 75c, \$1.00 and up.
 Ornaments 10c, 15c, 25c and 35c.
 Infant's Hoods 35c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00.

Our trimming shows for itself where ever it goes, and we guarantee to please all.

Remember the Place

That has at all times the largest and finest assortment of up-to-date Millinery at the lowest prices.

DIAL'S

219 Michigan Street,
 PLYMOUTH.

Now is the time to buy your Winter Blankets. We have a full line on hand.
PORTER & CO.

HELLO GENERAL!

... Give us ...

H. J. MEREDITH'S STORE.

Where is kept constantly on hand the choicest line of groceries in Marshall county. In Queensware he has a variety that will please the most fastidious. In Tobaccos and Cigars, he keeps the very best brands in the market. Then in canned goods, "Great Walter Scott" and the shadow of "Chas. Sumner," but he has a mammoth supply, and no "Cheap John" brands either, they are the superior or finer. Don't fail to give me Meredith's every time I call. GOOD-BYE.

FIRE, FIRE, FIRE

Get insured before you have a fire. Notice the fine list of Insurance Companies represented right here in Culver City:

OHIO FARMERS,
 INDIANA UNDERWRITERS,
 PACIFIC.

GERMAN FIRE OF INDIANA
 CITIZENS OF EVANSVILLE,
 GIRARD,

MUTUAL LIFE OF NEW YORK.

Give me a call. DAN G. WALTER, Culver, Ind.

The Marmont Exchange : Bank,

CULVER CITY, IND.

W. W. OSBORN President.
 G. M. OSBORN Vice President.
 JOHN OSBORN Cashier.

General Banking Business Transacted
 special attention given to collections Your
 Business solicited

J. H. CASTLEMAN,

Dealer in all kinds of



Grain, Coal, Salt and Feed.

* Live and Let Live is My Motto. *

Highest Prices Paid for all Kinds of Grain.

CULVER, IND.

He Leads Them All.

Positively the Largest and most Select line of Furniture in the county.



Sewing Machines of every grade repaired and Sundries furnished for the same.

BICYCLE REPAIRING one of the great Specialties.

Undertaking AND Embalming are the leading features of this establishment. Calls promptly attended night or day.

DON'T MISS THE PLACE.

A. B. Wickizer.

PRICES AT ROCK BOTTOM.

ARGOS IND



We Have Taken No Chances

in selecting the shoes and rubbers we are offering you this season. We might have bought some for less money, but we knew they would not satisfy the people who buy their shoes from us. In selling though, we make the prices as little as anybody's and lower than anyone else in this neck of woods.

YOU TAKE NO CHANCES here. You know that our guarantee is backed by the largest and best of the world's shoe makers.



PORTER & COMPANY.

"CRYENE" PUTS BABY TO SLEEP.

IS NOT A SOOTHING SYRUP

BUT IS

THE IDEAL REMEDY FOR



HE WAS A CRYING BABY. NOW HE IS A 'CRYENE' BABY.

ROSS
 RYING
 ONSTIPATED
 COLIC
 CHILDREN.

CONTAINS
 NO
 OPIATES
 POISONS
 OR
 DELETERIOUS
 SUBSTANCES.

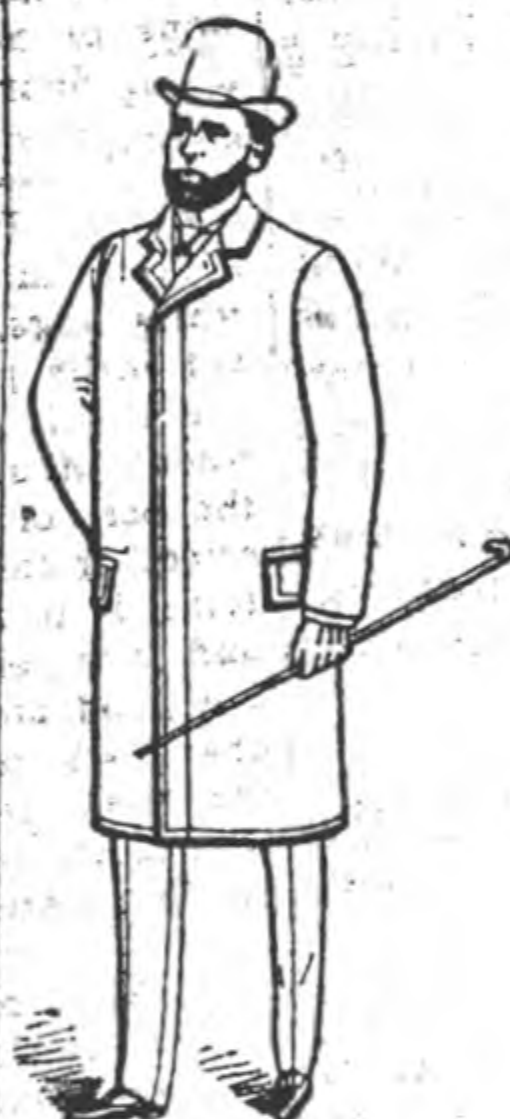
CRYENE lets pa-pa and ma-ma sleep. ABSOLUTELY HARMLESS
 For sale at CULVER CITY DRUG STORE.

800. Eight Hundred. 800.

Men's, Boys and Children's Overcoats at prices that are 35 per cent. under any competition.

We Court Comparison and guarantee you will buy of us if you see the values we are showing.

Our entire second floor is devoted our Overcoat Department. Favor us with a call when in Plymouth, it will cost you nothing to see the bargains we offer.



WE ARE OUT-TALKED
 OFTEN
 OUTDONE NEVER.

M. LAUER & SON, The One-Price Outfitters.
 Plymouth, Ind.

RARE OPPORTUNITIES FOR SAVING DOLLARS.

Some extraordinary bargains are awaiting your inspection in our CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

MEN'S SUITS.

Men's good heavy Winter Suits, part cotton—an extraordinary bargain, only \$2.25
 Men's serviceable late style Suits—nobby plaids, checks and neat mixture—good \$7.00 values, but we will close them out at \$4.50
 A nice line of Suits similar to above but better grades—upwards from \$6.00

BOYS' SUITS.

Double breasted and Reefer style Boys' Suits, made from fashionable Cheviots; in blacks, blues and browns; we are selling them \$1.85

OVERCOATS.

Gent's black, blue and brown Beaver Overcoats; strictly all-wool heavy beaver; lined with best lining; every stitch sewed with good strong thread; velvet collar only \$5.00
 We also have a good Overcoat which we are closing out at only \$2.00

• BALL & CARABIN, PLYMOUTH, IND.

ROSS HOUSE

PLYMOUTH, IND.

Only First-Class House in the City. Rates Reasonable

Special rates given to Marshall county citizens, who come in numbers. Hacks to and from all trains.

J. R. Rawell Proprietor

THE CRY OF THE DREAMER.

"I am tired of planning and toiling
In the crowded hives of men;
Heart-weary of building and spoiling,
And spoiling and building again.
And I long for the dear old river,
Where I dreamed my youth away;
For a dreamer lives forever,
And a toiler dies in a day.

"I am sick of the showy seeming
Of a life that is half a lie;
Of the faces lined with scheming
In the throng that hurries by.
From the sleepless thoughts' endeavor
I would go where the children play;
For a dreamer lives forever,
And a toiler dies in a day.

"I feel no pride, but pity,
For the burdens the rich endure;
There is nothing sweet in the city
But the patient lives of the poor.
O the little hands so skillful,
And the child-mind choked with
weeds;
The daughter's heart grown willful,
And the father's heart that bleeds.

"No, no! from the street's rude bustle,
From trophies of mart and stage,
I would fly to the wood's low rustle,
And the meadow's kindly page.
Let me dream as of old by the river,
And be loved for the dream, always;
For a dreamer lives forever,
And a toiler dies in a day."

—JOHN BOYLE O'REILLY.

The Silver King.

There stood in Berkshire, far out
Upon a quiet country road, a little inn,
Which the wood sign swinging at the
door declared to be known as "The
Magpie's Nest."

It had been thus named because of
the number of magpies in the neigh-
borhood. And straight before the
door stood an oak-tree, a century old,
among whose uppermost branches,
year in and year out, always hung a
magpie's nest, to which the country
people believed that the same old
magpie returned regularly.

No very elegant entertainment was
offered at the "Magpie's Nest" for
either man or beast; but its patrons
thought the fare good; and then it was
served to them by the most charming,
rosy-cheeked little maid, who wore a
cap with bright ribbons, and had a
waist that could have been spanned
by two hands—a well-behaved little
maid, also, who was known by the
rector of the parish church to have
been the best girl in his Sunday
school.

So, though she was a poor orphan,
and had only her little meed of wages,
Betty might have married many a
stout farmer. However, she refused
them all, and kept on with her duties
at the "Magpie's Nest" until the son of
her master, coming home from India,
where he had served as a soldier for
several years, fell in love with her,
and offered her his hand and heart.
Betty did not prove unkind. The inn-
keeping father was willing enough to
secure his handy Betty for a permanent
assistant, and amid the chattering
of the magpies Betty and John ex-
changed their vows under the nest-
hung oak-tree one bright afternoon;
and John put upon her finger a thick
silver ring, which he had obtained
abroad, perhaps by purchase, perhaps
by gift, perhaps as soldiers obtain
many things in the time of war.

It was not a costly gift—to our eyes
it would not be a beautiful one—but
Betty valued it highly. She kept it
polished to perfection, and wore it
with great pride on high days and
holidays; but though she loved John,
and looked forward to her wedding-
day with joy, she would not alter the
bright, coquettish manner which had
always belonged to her. She joked
with the farmers, flung them back
repartee for repartee, and even gave
them those bright glances which John,
the soldier, thought should be only
given to himself. So John grew jeal-
ous, and, being a moody sort of man,
said nothing about it.

It never entered Betty's mind that
the very manner which had once en-
chanted John should now offend him;
and she herself grew angry with her
lover for his scowls and sulkiness.

Therefore, when a young French-
man from Marseilles, black-eyed,
black-haired, and polite in his man-
ners, as Frenchmen usually are,
chanced, in the course of a business
journey, to stop at the "Magpie's
Nest," she felt that he really would
be a fine example for surly John Leaf,
and was amiable to him to a degree
that might have made a less jealous
man angry. Then, indeed, John Leaf
spoke out, and Betty discovered the
secret of his ill-temper.

Her pride being flattered thereby,
she forgave him, and retired on Sat-
urday night with the firm intention of
winning back John's smiles on the
morrow, her holiday, when she would
go to church in her best attire and
charm his heart from him over again,
as he walked by her side. What woman
ever had any design on a man's
heart, ever desired to win from him
any favor or any gift, that she did not
bethink her of all her finery? Before
Betty slept she took from her trunk
her Scotch plaid dress, her fringed
shawl, her blue-ribboned cap, her Sun-
day shoes, and her silver ring, and
having given the latter an extra pol-

ish laid them where they would meet
her eyes the first thing next morning.
John Leaf, sulking in his room un-
der the garret eaves, had no thought
of this. Those slow natures do not
forget and forgive in a hurry any
more than they do anything else.

The morning sun, shining aslant
against the inn's walls, aroused Betty
with his first rays. She rubbed her
eyes, opened them, put her little feet
out upon the floor, knelt down and
said her simple prayer, and then flew
to the glass. It was only a crooked
thing, with a flaw in it, and a rough
oaken frame, but sufficient to make
her happy. She braided her hair, put
on her cap, buttoned her dress, tied
about her throat the gay neck-ribbon,
laced her shoes geometrically, and
then looked for her ring. It was
gone!

She knew the very spot upon the
red heart-shaped pin-cushion into
which she had thrust the needle over
which the silver ring had been hung.
There stuck the needle still. It was
below the window-sill, on a little
table; it could not have rolled out; but
it was not in the room. She shook out
her dress, her shawl, her bed-clothes.
She swept the floor. It was gone. That
was the end of it.

Betty sat down and wept bitterly.
All the country people of the day were
superstitious. The ring had disap-
peared in a most mysterious way, for
her door was bolted, and her window
high from the ground, and she firmly
believed that the loss portended some
great evil.

Meanwhile at the bar of the inn a
little scene was going on. The
Frenchman had asked for a glass of
ale, and John, who was always tapster
on Sunday mornings, had drawn it
for him, when, as their hands met in
the act, he saw upon the little finger
of his customer a thick silver ring,
the very counterpart of that which he
had given to his Betty.

"You've a pretty ring, monsieur,"
he said, with a sort of catching of the
breath. "May I ask where you got
it?"

"Ah, yes, certainly," said the
Frenchman. "One does not boast, but
a very pretty girl gave me that. Yes,
and a kiss also."

John turned as pale as any florid
face could turn. He made no answer,
but marched straight out of the room
and into Betty's kitchen.

She stood near the door in her holi-
day dress, with her white cotton gloves
on. The magpies were chattering
overhead, and afar the church bells
were ringing.

"You are not going to church with
me, John?" she asked, softly, with a
smile.

"That depends," said John Leaf.
Then he walked straight up to her,
and looked full into her honest eyes.

"You don't look like a cheat," he
said; "but who knows a woman? Take
off your gloves, Betty."

She obeyed.

"Where's your ring?" he asked.

Betty burst into tears.

"It's lost, John," she said. "I can
find it nowhere."

"You haven't looked on monsieur's
finger, then," said John. "You poor
fool, to give it to him, and think I
shouldn't know it."

"Oh, I'll swear I never did," sobbed
Betty. "I give your ring to anyone
else! Why, John—"

But he pushed her from him with
his rough hand, and would hear no
words from her; and the next day he
left the inn, and enlisted once more,
and was sent away again to India. And
Betty left the inn also, and took ser-
vice with a farmer's wife close by; and
whatever the magpies chattered about,
it was no more of the love-making
that they heard when John and Betty
sat together beneath the old oak-tree.

Five years went by. At last John re-
ceived a letter from England, telling
him that his father was dead, and had
left all his little possessions to his only
son.

John Leaf's fighting days were over,
in any case, and he was on the inval-
id list for life. He fought as desperate
men do; had been commended and pro-
moted, and had some medals and rib-
bons to show and boast of as compen-
sation for a wooden leg. So he went
home again, and settled down as prop-
rietor of the "Magpie's Nest," and
was a sort of hero among the neigh-
bors; but he was very lonely. Men do
not quite forget in five years. He
could still see Betty's buxom form
flitting about the kitchen in imagina-
tion; and when the magpies chattered
in their nests he could fancy that he
sat with her under the oak branches.

Then he grew wroth with the magpies,
who seemed to mock him, and ordered
his pot-boy to tear the nest down.

In vain the boy pleaded for the
birds. In vain he declared that, even
if the new nests went, the old one in
the topmost branches should be left
"for luck."

"If the old magpies that built that
nest find it gone, they'll peck some one's
eye out in the night-time," said the
boy. "It's been known to be done
often."

But John Leaf, the soldier, had cast
away all his superstition.
"I'll have those magpies chattering
about my ears no more," he said. "Up
and leave not a nest of them all. Some
of the noisy rascals will take posses-
sion of that old rag if it is left hang-
ing."

So the boy obeyed. He planted a
ladder against the tree, and then
swung out upon the branches. There

was a grievous noise; and doubtless to
this day old magpies tell their children
of that massacre of the innocents at
the great oak-tree. But there were
no birds to chatter and scream in that
great rag of a nest which the boy's
hands clutched at last. He came down
with the relic in his hand, and stood
before his master with a grin.

"Eh, master! may I have all I found
in the old nest?" he asked.

"If it is not a magpie's egg," said
John Leaf.

"It's better than that," said the lad.
"It's a silver ring."

"Let me see it," cried John Leaf, and
snatched it from his hand.

It was the ring with which he had
plighted his troth to Betty under the
oak; and he knew that the magpies
had stolen it, and that the Frenchman
wore one that resembled it.

The first thing that John did was to
call himself hard names: "A jealous
fool!" "A suspicious brute!" Heaven
knows what else. Then he melted, and
all by himself in the wood beyond the
house, shed tears, and vowed to find
Betty if she still lived on earth.

Where he went, of whom he inquired,
matters not. But one day when the
sun was setting in the west, he opened
a little cottage gate to which he had
been directed, and saw at her knitting,
under a vine-covered porch, his Betty,
not changed one single bit. And she?
She looked at him and did not know
him with his thin, sallow face and his
wooden leg.

"What may you be wanting, sir?"
she asked.

And he said: "Betty!"
And she cried out: "Why, mercy, it's
John Leaf!"

Then he sat down on a bench close
by her side.

"You know I never had many words
to spend on anything, Betty," he said.
"I'll come to the point at once. I know
now that you were true, and no cheat,
and that you never gave my ring to
Monsieur. I found it—or my lad did,
for I'm not very good at climbing now
—in the old magpie's nest in the oak-
tree."

"So the magpie stole it, eh?" said
Betty. "Well, they are strange birds.
I've heard they've taken spoons before
now."

"And so, Betty," said John, "if you'll
overlook the past and let bygones be
bygones I'll be a happy man."

"I owe you no grudge," said Betty;
"and bygones are bygones, John Leaf."

"But you'll let things be as they
were, Betty?" said John. "You'll be
my sweetheart again?"

She laughed.

"Don't you know?" she said. "Why,
look there."

He looked. Through the gate came a
foreign-looking man, with gold rings
in his ears and a silver ring upon his
finger, who led by the hand a toddling
child.

"Why, it's Monsieur," said John.

"You see," said Betty, "I went to
him to ask him how he came by his
ring, and he proved it was none of
mine. It has a name and a date on it
that mine never had. And he was
kind to me and you had been cruel.
And so we have been married three
years—eh, Louis? And this is our
boy."

"I had better go home, I think," said
John Leaf. "One is always punished
for being a fool. But this is your ring.
Will you have it, Betty?"

"Pray keep it for your sweetheart,"
said Betty. "You'll find one soon, no
doubt."

But John Leaf never found one
again, and the silver ring found in the
old magpie's nest was buried with him
when he died.

The Fastest Boats.

There will shortly be launched from
the Ayer shipyard at Upper Nyack a
boat of marvelous speed.

The designer of the boat is Charles
D. Mosher, the noted naval architect,
who recently was brought prominently
before the public by the performance
of the Ellide, which he designed. The
Ellide is the fastest boat now afloat,
but in the Viper, which is the name of
the new nautical flyer, Mr. Mosher has
put forth his best efforts and brought
to bear the experience gained from the
defects of the world's fastest boats.
The utmost secrecy surrounds the con-
struction of the Viper.

The speed which the Viper is almost
certain to attain is close to forty-five
miles an hour, which is, of course, and
unheard of performance. But as the
Viper's lines are known to be vastly
different—the result, by the way, of a
great deal of experimenting with
models—this wonderful speed is not
unlikely when the performance of
other boats built by the same designer
is known.

The Ellide, owned by E. Burgess
Warren, of Philadelphia, has lowered
the world's record by covering a mea-
sured mile on the Hudson in one min-
ute and thirty-five seconds, and hopes
to do it in less. This record eclipses
that of the Turbinia, which is the
fastest boat in England. The Turbinia
is propelled by the Turbine motor,
which does away with a piston rod and
permits of a high rotary speed. The
Turbinia is a long, rakish-looking
craft, being similar in dimensions to a
first-class British torpedo-boat.

Storm clouds move at the rate of
thirty-six miles per hour.

The pianoforte was invented in Italy
about 1710.

FEW BIRTHS REPORTED.

State Board of Health Unable to Get
Satisfactory Statistics.

For the year ending Oct. 31, 1897, there
was reported to the State Board of Health
by the county boards of health:

Total number of deaths.....	16,244
Total number of births.....	32,274
Total number of marriages.....	20,419

According to the reports the mortality
of the following diseases was:

Diphtheria.....	943
Pulmonary phthisis.....	1,974
Pneumonia.....	1,181
Scarlet fever.....	55
Typhoid fever.....	655
Measles.....	92

"Counting the population of Indiana at
2,250,000, the death rate from the above
reported figures would be 7.21 per 1,000
of population, a figure certainly one-half
too low, for the rate cannot be less than
15 per 1,000, more likely 17 or 18 per
cent," says the report. "Even the num-
ber of births and marriages are not ac-
curate, the former being probably one-
tenth greater than reported, and the de-
ficiency in the latter is unknown. The
question, Why is this so? is most perti-
nent. One county, Parke, has made no
report for the year, and for the last quar-
ter no reports have been received from
Lake, Scott and Warren counties.

"The incompleteness of the statistics is
increased by the further fact that many
physicians refuse or neglect to report
deaths and cases of contagious diseases
to the county or other health officers.

"In regard to the reported figures, if we
accept the estimate that the reports are
deficient by 50 per cent, the corrected
figures would be:

Total deaths.....	32,488
Diphtheria deaths.....	1,883
Consumption deaths.....	3,948
Pneumonia deaths.....	2,362
Scarlet fever deaths.....	110
Typhoid fever deaths.....	1,310
Measles.....	184

In 1890 the United States census enu-
merators reported 24,180 deaths as hav-
ing occurred in Indiana. The population
of the State at the same census was re-
ported as 2,192,404. This gives a death
rate of 11.03 per 1,000, which was un-
questionably below the truth. In 1880
the census enumerators reported 31,213
deaths, or 15.78 per 1,000 of population.
The average death rate for the whole
United States in 1880 was 18 per 1,000.
It is impossible from Indiana's vital sta-
tistics to calculate the true death rate,
and the expectation of life at each age in
each sex. We do know, however, when
certain diseases have prevailed, but no
comparison can be made between differ-
ent localities in this regard. Accepting
the deaths from consumption to be 3,948,
twice the number actually reported, then
out of every 1,000 deaths in Indiana dur-
ing the year ending Oct. 31, 1897, 121
are to be attributed to this disease. The
corresponding figure in the whole United
States in 1890 was 121.5. It therefore ap-
pears that as far as this disease is con-
cerned we are no worse off than other
States. The same method of calculation
applied to typhoid fever shows 40.3 deaths
out of every 1,000 deaths. The corre-
sponding figure for the whole United
States in 1890 was 32.2. This difference
does not speak well for Indiana, for
typhoid fever is a filth disease. A proper
up-to-date health law is badly needed."

THE STATE'S FINANCES.

Receipts from All Sources Amount to
Nearly \$7,680,000.

State Treasurer Scholz has completed
his annual report of the financial opera-
tions of the State during the year closing
Oct. 31. The general statement is as
follows:

Balance in treasury Nov. 1, 1896.....	\$525,694.69
Receipts from all sources.....	7,079,904.34

Total.....	\$8,205,689.03
Disbursements.....	7,808,964.52

Balance.....	\$396,724.51
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The following receipts to the general fund
are shown:

From current and delinquent	\$1,257,089.41
Penal and benevolent institu-	211,152.88
tions.....	21,555.65
Higher court fees.....	31,495.67
Soldiers' Home.....	68,212.23
Transfer from monument fund.....	1,030,914.55
Taxes for benevolent institutions.....	207,351.92
Excess bids sinking fund.....	51,230.50
State debt sinking fund.....	47,536.00
Advance payments by counties.....	\$84,865.04
Insurance fees and taxes.....	393,972.34
Secretary of State's fees.....	68,212.23
Miscellaneous receipts.....	213,356.95
Receipts to other funds were as follows:	2,241,294.30
Benevolent institutions fund.....	22,366.36
State debt sinking fund.....	9,942.50
Monument fund.....	8,785.13
Educational institutions fund.....	24,429.53
School revenue tuition fund.....	1,882.23
University endowment fund.....	1,688.66
College fund, principal.....	1,172.52
College fund, interest.....	13,068.70
State lands sales.....	5,732.70
University land sales (perma-	2,623.25
nent endowment).....	1,278.56
Swamp lands.....	467.78
Common school fund.....	500.60
Excess bids sinking fund.....	
Escheated estates.....	
Sinking fund.....	
Surplus revenue fund.....	

The expenditures outside the school funds
were as follows:

Governor's office.....	\$413,583.80
Lieutenant Governor's salary.....	1,000.00
Secretary of State's office.....	14,191.80
Auditor's office.....	16,640.70
Treasurer's office.....	9,520.00
Attorney General's office.....	13,916.12
Superintendent of Instruction's	
office.....	8,417.78
State library.....	5,444.77
Geologist's office.....	12,280.68
Supreme and Appellate Courts.....	55,485.71
Circuit Courts and prosecuting	
attorneys.....	210,453.77
Reporter Supreme Court.....	6,675.05
Clerk of Supreme Court.....	8,900.00
Penal and reformatory institu-	
tions.....	393,312.92
Benevolent institutions.....	909,134.63
Educational institutions.....	449,248.89
State debt, principal.....	568,968.40
State debt, interest.....	215,810.65
Legislature 1897.....	105,817.29
Custodian and engineer.....	36,140.81
State boards.....	59,135.27
Advances returned to counties.....	920,906.43
Monument.....	68,102.81
Militia.....	25,842.14
Printing.....	55,923.34
Miscellaneous appropriations.....	91,444.09

The Right Sort.

Briggs—Do you know, I never
thought much of Biker until yesterday.
Griggs—What changed your mind?
"I learned that his wheel is the same
wake as mine."—Detroit Free Press.

INDIANA INCIDENTS.

RECORD OF EVENTS OF THE PAST WEEK.

Coal Miners Crushed by Falling Rock
—Scipio Youth Kills His Father—
How Edwards Came to His Death—
Indianapolis Man Dies in Church.

Two Coal Miners Killed.

An accident occurred in a mine of the
Brazil Block Coal Company, at Perth,
in which August Vanso and Dominick
Ulick, two miners, were killed while at
work. The men were buried under over
ten tons of falling slate, and their bodies
were crushed to a shapeless mass.

Duel to Death.

William Edwards, formerly of Sheboy-
gan, Wis., was found at the Halfway
house, near South Bend, July 22 in a
dying condition from the effects of a bul-
let wound in his chest. He died a week
later after conflicting stories as to his
fatal wound. It is now claimed that Ed-
wards died from a wound received in a
duel with a fellow freight robber with
whom he had quarreled.

Bank Failures Nearly Caused Riots.
Riots were started in Leavenworth,
Marengo and English by the failure of the
banks in each city. The mobs that gathered
in front of the bank buildings were
made up of merchants and farmers who
discovered that they had been robbed. It
is understood there is not enough money
in sight to pay rent. All three banks were
under the control of R. H. Willett.

Suicide in a Church.

With words of gospel song ringing in
his ears, Charles M. Spencer drew a re-
volver in the Methodist Episcopal Church
at Westville and without a word of warn-
ing sent a bullet crashing through his
brain. Not a word escaped his lips, and
the only motive assigned for the deed is
despondency resulting from financial trou-
bles.

Dies Suddenly in Church.

J. M. Tilford, 88 years old, died in his
pew in the Irvington Christian Church in
Indianapolis. The preacher had just an-
nounced the opening hymn, when the old
man was seen to fall forward. He was
at one time the owner of the Indianapolis
Journal, and was formerly prominent in
State affairs.

Boy Kills His Father.

Charles Keifer, aged 19, shot and in-
stantly killed his father, aged 55, at
Scipio. The son was cleaning a shotgun,
when a quarrel ensued, caused by the
father accusing the son of stealing some
wood. This so enraged the son he raised
the gun and fired. He gave himself up.

All Over the State.

The oil well drilled at Andrews proved to

Free from Catarrh

Surprised at the Wonderful Curative Power of Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"I have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla for catarrh and bronchial trouble and have been surprised at its wonderful curative properties. I am now entirely free from both these complaints, and heartily recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla for catarrh." A. G. SAMIAN, Clark Mills, Wisconsin.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact, the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills act easily, effectively. 25c.

Dangers from Lamps.

The lamp is such a necessary article in the home that it is strange it should be neglected as often as it is. It requires but a few minutes' care each day to keep it in order, yet this short time is denied it by many housekeepers. An ill-kept lamp is a dangerous, as well as unsightly object, and many of the explosions of oil lamps, which appear almost every day in the newspapers, might be traced to carelessness in caring for the lamps. No woman having the welfare of her family at heart will willfully neglect this very important task. The danger of allowing children or even careless grown-up people to handle lamps cannot be overestimated.

Rudyard Kipling has written one of his best stories for the 1898 volume of The Youth's Companion. "The Burning of the Sarah Sands" is its title, and it is a stirring tale of heroism in the ranks. Those who subscribe to The Youth's Companion now will receive the paper free for the rest of the year, and The Companion's twelve-color calendar for 1898. The Companion's yearly calendars are recognized as among the richest and most costly examples of this form of art.

Illustrated Prospectus of the volume for 1898 and sample copies of the paper sent on application. Address, THE YOUTH'S COMPANION, 207 Columbus Ave., Boston, Mass.

De reason people won't go ter church in rainy wedder is kase dey religion ain't waterproof.

I shall recommend Piso's Cure for Consumption far and wide.—Mrs. Mulligan, Plumstead, Kent, England, Nov. 8, 1895.

The ginger plant grows from two to three feet high.

How to Go to Sleep.

At the recent meeting in Montreal of the British Medical Association, in the section of therapeutics, Dr. J. B. Learned, of Northampton, Mass., gave his experience with the many methods of inducing sleep without taking drugs. He sets the brain to work at once on retiring—it is to direct the respiratory process. It is to count respirations to see that they are fewer in number, regular, deep and somewhat protracted. In addition, certain groups of muscles are employed in routine order in silent contraction. By constant change other groups are brought into use. He has completed a systematized routine of contraction and relaxations. A slight elevation of the head from the pillow for a definite time by count of respirations is one of the many changes of position. All this without any commotion, and need not be recognized by a sleeping companion. Brain and muscle and all parts of the body soon come into the normal state that precedes and invites sleep. A sense of fatigue soon overtakes one while thus employed, and before he is aware the brain has forgotten its duty to regulate the breathing process, the muscles have ceased to expand to the call made upon them in the beginning, and sleep is in control of all the forces and all the organs.—New York Journal.

Digging Fish with a Hoe.

The following is vouched for by F. Makett, who lives in Leflore County, Miss., near Cane Lake: Mr. Makett went out a few mornings ago to a marshy place that had dried out on account of the continued dry weather to dig fish bait, and while digging with a grub hoe, to his great surprise, instead of finding fish bait, he dug up a fine fish that weighed three pounds, and upon examination he found that in the mud for 100 yards around there was a great quantity of trout, white perch and bass. Mr. Makett carried home half a bushel of the fish, and now, instead of digging bait, he goes out every morning and digs a mess of fine bass. The fish are under the surface about ten inches.—Memphis Commercial-Appeal.

The number of sheep in the world is estimated to amount to 550,000,000. Of this number between one-third and one-half are believed to be merinos.

AN AMBITIOUS GIRL.

From the New Era, Greensburg, Ind.

This paper recently received information that the ten-year-old daughter of Mr. M. Rybolt, of Hartsville, Ind., had been cured of a severe illness. The case seemed more than an ordinary one, and consequently a special representative was sent to investigate.

The Rybolts are well-to-do farmers living about two miles southwest of Hartsville. When the reporter called Mr. and Mrs. Rybolt and their daughter in question, Louise, were at home, also the other three children. Louise is the oldest. She had been going to school for four years, and was formerly in very good health, but for the past year or more she has been ill.

A year ago the present winter it was noticed that she was breaking down in health. For a time the cause could not be ascertained, but it was finally decided that it was from over-study. It has always been the ambition of Louise to educate herself as soon as possible, for she was anxious to graduate from the common branches early, and to enter a college of music, which her parents promised she could do as soon as she should finish the common branches.

How many children by diligent study to achieve their ambitions are injuring their health. It was so in this case. The child studied hard all day and often far into the night, and had won the respect and admiration of her teacher and of all the school by her aptness, and rapid learning.

For some time Louise experienced an indisposition which she would not make known to her parents, for fear they would have her remain from school. Her headache soon became unendurable, and was noticed by her teacher. She had by this time grown pale and weak.

One day she became suddenly sick at school, and was taken home.

For several weeks she suffered from a fever, and the physicians could not rally her. A neighbor urged them to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, which they finally did with splendid results. Louise began getting better at once, and by the time she had consumed ten boxes of the pills she was cured.

"What you have written is true," said Mrs. Rybolt. "I don't think Louise would have recovered had it not been for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. She is in perfect health to-day, and able to re-enter school."

"We are using these pills in our family when we need medicine, and find that they do more good than doctors' medicines, and they are not nearly so expensive. I would be glad to recommend them to any one who is sick, and can especially recommend them in any case similar to Louise's."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. These pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price, 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50 (they are never sold in bulk or by the 100), by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

A Queer Law in Denmark.

In Denmark a curious law prevails regarding the legal treatment of drunkards. It provides that the inebriate shall be taken to his home at the expense of the publican who sold him the last glass. Strange as it may seem, this law has been unequalled in suppressing inebriety. Occasionally, however, the traveler in Denmark is astounded by the sight of some bibulous citizen going home in a swagger coach, with powdered footmen, while his attitude suggests that he at least more than dined.

New Route to Health.

Little, fragrant, palatable tablets, in a dainty enameled metal box, just right for the vest pocket or the lady's purse. On the tablets are stamped the letters, "C. C. C." Cascarets, Candy Cathartic. Eat one like candy and the little tablet at once purifies and regulates the whole digestive canal. It destroys disease germs in the mouth and throat, stops souring of undigested food in the stomach, stirs up the liver, and tones and strengthens the bowels, making them act healthily and naturally. They are well and widely advertised in the press, but the best advertisement for Cascarets is their wonderfully mild yet positive action, which makes a Cascaret convert of everyone that tries them. We recommend them to all our readers.

Architecture and Building says that there is nothing about Dismal Swamp, in Virginia, to create miasma—"all is fresh and sweet, and the air is laden with balmy odors." The water is thought to possess certain medicinal qualities.

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

The supposed grave of Eve is visited by over 4,000 pilgrims in each year. It is to be seen at Jeddah, in a cemetery outside the city walls. The tomb is 50 cubits long and 12 wide. The Arabs entertain a belief that Eve was the tallest woman who ever lived.

Coughing Leads to Consumption. Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Sold in 25 and 50 cent bottles. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

Men of humor are, in some degree, men of genius; wits are rarely so, although a man of genius may, among other gifts, possess wit.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c.

When you are uncertain which way ter go at de forks er de road de best way ter do is ter go de right way.

A Big Regular Army.

The mightiest host of this sort is the army of invalids whose bowels, liver and stomachs have been regulated by Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. A regular habit of body is brought about through using the Bitters, not by violently agitating and griping the intestines, but by re-enforcing their energy and causing a flow of the bile into its proper channel. Malaria, la grippe, dyspepsia, and a tendency to inactivity of the kidneys, are conquered by the Bitters.

A scientific expedition has gone from Australia to the Ellice islands, 700 miles north of Fiji, to test Darwin's theory that coral reefs are constructed on gradually sinking islands. The expedition will make deep borings into the reefs.

There Is a Class of People

Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all the grocery stores a new preparation called GRAIN-O, made of pure grains, that takes the place of coffee. The most delicate stomach receives it without distress, and but few can tell it from coffee. It does not cost over one-fourth as much. Children may drink it with great benefit. 15c. and 25c. per package. Try it. Ask for GRAIN-O.

A man generally asks a woman's advice so he can show her how foolish she is.

Lane's Family Medicine

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

The bill poster is the only man who can work a circus man to a frazzle.

Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP for Children teething; softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.



THE GREAT REMEDY

FOR PAIN

CURES PROMPTLY.



GET THE GENUINE ARTICLE!

Walter Baker & Co.'s Breakfast COCOA

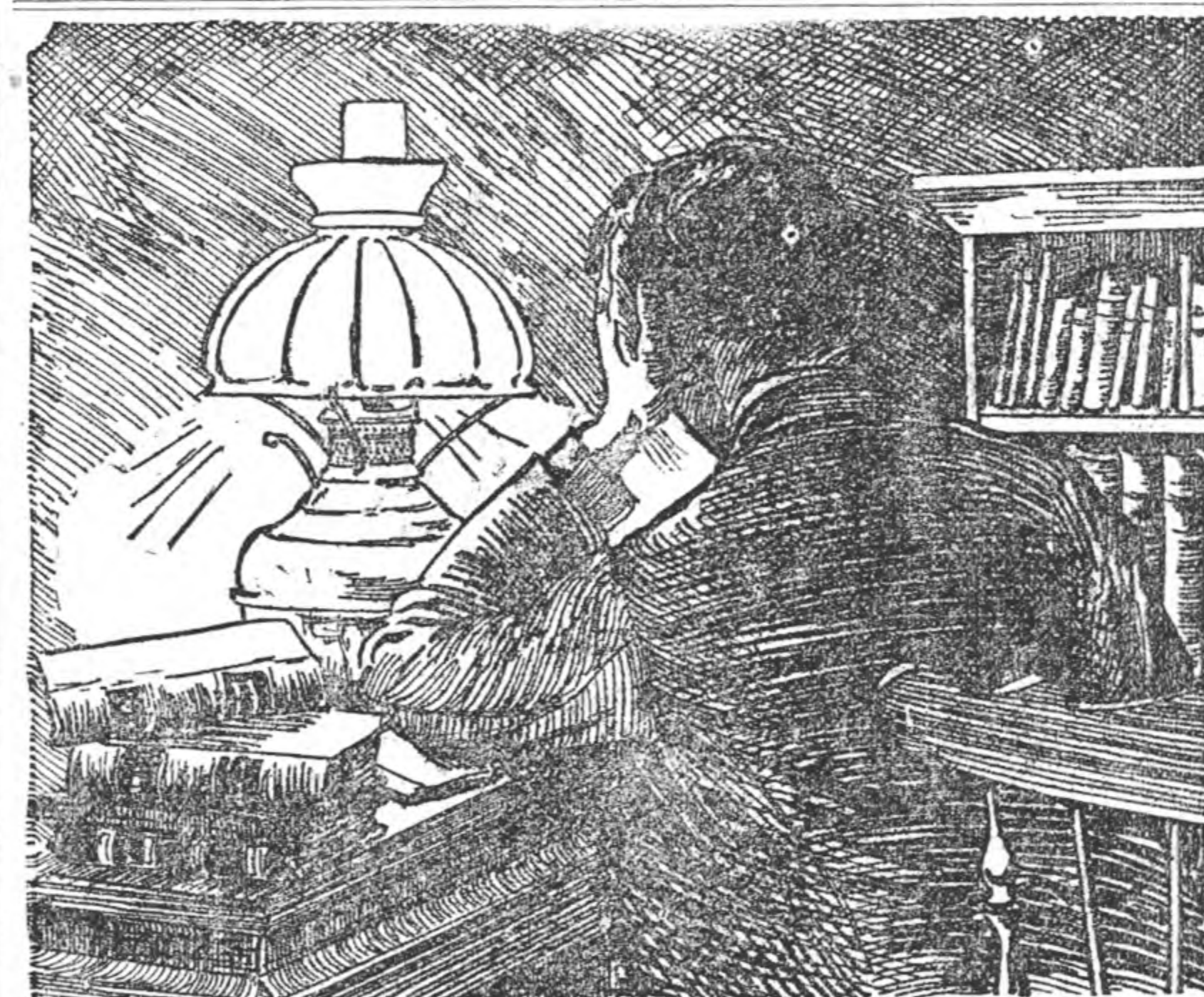
Pure, Delicious, Nutritious.

Costs Less than ONE CENT a cup.

Be sure that the package bears our Trade-Mark.

Walter Baker & Co. Limited,

Dorchester, Mass.



As a nerve tonic Ripans Tablets have no equal. They invigorate the mind and strengthen the nerves, and more, they keep the stomach in good condition. A student of the University of Pennsylvania recently said: "Just prior to the closing examinations I was compelled to work exceedingly hard, as the course is an exceptional one. I was up until two and three o'clock in the morning studying. This was something I was not used to, and as a result my system was upset. It became exceedingly difficult for me to concentrate my mind upon the work, and as for remembering, why, my head at times seemed a vacuum. I consulted a physician, but his prescription failed to bring relief. Then I was advised to try Ripans Tablets and did so, and to my great delight was benefited immediately. After only a second dose I was restored to my wonted condition of good health and vigor of mind, and passed my examinations successfully. I even graduated with honors. I gladly add my testimonial to that of thousands of others who assert that for strengthening the nerves and toning the system Ripans Tablets HAVE NO PEER."

A new style packet containing TEN RIPANS TABLETS in a paper carton (without glass) is now for sale at some drug stores—FOR FIVE CENTS. This low-priced sort is intended for the poor and the economical. One dozen of the five-cent cartons (120 tablets) can be had by mail by sending forty-eight cents to THE RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce Street, New York—or a single carton (TEN TABLETS) will be sent for five cents.



POMMEL SLICKER

The Best Saddle Coat.

Keeps both rider and saddle perfectly dry in the hardest storms. Substitutes will disappoint. Ask for Pommel Slicker. It is entirely new. If not for sale in your town, write for catalogue to A. J. TOWER, Boston, Mass.

PENSIONS

Get Your Pension DOUBLE QUICK! Write Capt. O'FARRELL, Pension Agent, Washington, D.C.

RADWAY'S PILLS,

Purely vegetable, mild and reliable. Cause perfect digestion, complete and lasting healing of indigestion. For the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases.

LOSS OF APPETITE,
SICK HEADACHE,
INDIGESTION,
BILIOUSNESS,
TORMID LIVER,
DYSPEPSIA.

Observe the following symptoms resulting from Diseases of the Digestive Organs: Constipation, Inward piles, fullness of blood in the head, acidity of the stomach, nausea, heartburn, disgust of food, fullness or weight in the stomach, sour eructations, sinking or fluttering of the heart, choking or suffocating sensations when in a lying posture, dimness of vision, dots or webs before the sight, fever and dull pain in the head, tenderness of perspiration, yellowness of the skin and eyes, pain in the side, chest, limbs, and sudden flushes of heat, burning in the flesh.

A few doses of RADWAY'S PILLS will free the system of all the above named disorders. Price, 25 cents per box. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail. Send to DR. RADWAY & CO., Lock Box 365, New York, for book of advice.



WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS CO.
180 WINCHESTER AVE., NEW HAVEN, CONN.

PATENTS. Send for Inventors' Guide, free. EDGAR TATE & CO., Patent Solicitors, 245 Broadway, N. Y.

WHAT MAN DOES NOT LOVE BEAUTY?

Mrs. Pinkham Counsels Young Wives to Keep Their Attractiveness. A Letter From a Young Wife.

Seven-eighths of the men in this world marry a woman because she is beautiful in their eyes.

What a disappointment then to see the fair young wife's beauty fading away before a year passes over her head!

I feel as if I would like to say to every young woman who is about to be married—"Strengthen yourself in advance, so that you will not break down under the new strain on your powers." Keep your beauty, it is a precious possession! Your husband loves your beauty, he is proud to be seen in public with you; try to keep it for his sake, and your own.

The pale cheeks, the dark shadows under the eyes, the general drooping of the young wife's form, what do they mean? They mean that her nerves are failing, that her strength is going and that something must be done to help her through the coming trials of maternity.

Build her up at once by a course of some tonic with specific powers. Such as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. You can get it at any druggist's. Following we publish by request a letter from a young wife—of her own accord she addresses it to her "suffering sisters," and while from modesty she asks to withhold her name, she gives her initials and street number in Chambersburg, Pa., so she can easily be found personally or by letter:

To my Suffering Sisters:—Let me write this for your benefit, telling you what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me. I am but nineteen and suffered with painful menstruation, leucorrhoea, dizziness, burning sensation back of ears and on top of my head, nervousness, pain and soreness of muscles, bearing-down pains, could not sleep well, was unable to stand without pain, and oh! how I longed to be well!

One day I wrote to Mrs. Pinkham telling her all, knowing I could do so in perfect confidence.

She wrote me a lovely letter in reply, telling me exactly what to do. After taking nine bottles of the Compound, one box of Liver pills, and using one-half package of Sanative wash, I can say I am cured. I am so happy, and owe my happiness to none other than Mrs. Pinkham.

Why will women suffer when help is near? Let me, as one who has had some experience, urge all suffering women, especially young wives, to seek Mrs. Pinkham's advice.—Mrs. R. S. R., 113 E. Catherine St., Chambersburg, Pa.



"Thoughtless Folks Have the Hardest Work, but Quick Witted People Use

SAPOLIO

DONT YOU
want to know about the Klondike
Gold Field? Then send for Litho-
graph Map, in six colors, just issued
by the Passenger Department, of the
Nickel Plate Road. Contains infor-
mation in regard to routes, cost, out-
fits, etc. To your address for five
two cent stamps. Address
Advertising Department The
Nickel Plate Road Cleveland
19w.3

Sterilization of Milk.
To destroy disease-producing germs
and at the same time keep the flavor
and quality of the milk has been one
of the efforts of the scientist. Milk is
a perfect food, containing everything
necessary to the development of the
organism, but at the same time it is a
most excellent vehicle for the trans-
mission of disease germs. Efforts have
been made to preserve milk by means
of chemicals, but this is strictly for-
bidden by law and commonsense. Milk
in other than its natural state is not
a proper substance for healthy nutri-
tion. Extreme cold changes its char-
acter, and almost all known substances
affect its integrity. The only safe pro-
cess is to heat milk until it is sterilized
—103 degrees Fahrenheit is sufficient
to destroy whatever deadly germs may
have found a lodgment in it, and this
temperature does not materially alter
the quality of the milk. When con-
ducted on a large scale, the steriliza-
tion or Pasteurization, is performed by
means of heated pipes through which
the milk is passed. It is then put into
bottles and cooled. In this condition
and before sealing, the germs may
again get into the milk. The proper
way to sterilize is to heat bottles of
milk by steam to between 75 and 80
degrees, then immediately seal the bot-
tles and cool the milk. It takes but a
short time to do this, and the milk
will keep without change of character
for some time.

A KLONDIKE MAP.
An up-to-date Lithograph Map, of
the Alaska Gold Fields, printed in
six colors. Complete. Accurate. If in-
terested, send five two cent stamps to
Advertising Department The Nickel
Plate Road Cleveland, O. 19w.3
Address Advertising Department
The Nickel Plate Road Cleveland, O.
19w.3

He Was Different.
The Maine man who recently sued
his neighbor for occupying three inches
of his land found by a survey that he
himself was the trespasser to the ex-
tent of two feet and eleven inches. The
neighbor told him he needn't move the
fence—but he was a different sort of
man.

The Rod of Iron.
Inexperienced Maiden—But tell me
who really rules the household—your
or your husband? Experienced Matron
—Neither, dear—mamma lives with us,
you know.

Many Losers at the Game.
"How do you suppose the miners in
Alaska are passing the time?"
"Playing freeze-out. It's a dead-ear-
nest game up there, too."—Exchange

For Sale.
Lot No. 1, Vanchioack's sub-divi-
sion—east side of the lake. Call at
my law office over bank.
V. P. KIRK.

Trimmed Hats cheaper than ever
at E. M. George's.

Small pill, safe pill, best pill. DeWitt's
Little Early Risers cure biliousness,
constipation, sick headache. Culver City
Drug Store.

Those who believe chronic diar-
rhea to be incurable should read
what Mr. P. E. Grisham, of Gaars
Mills, La., has to say on the subject.
viz: "I have been a sufferer from
chronic diarrhoea ever since the war
and have tried all kinds of medicines
for it. At last I found a remedy
that effected a cure and that was
Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and
Diarrhoea Remedy." This medicine
can always be depended upon for
colic, cholera morbus, dysentery and
diarrhoea. It is pleasant to take
and never fails to effect a cure. 25
and 50 cent sizes for sale at Culver
City Drug Store.

Don't forget that we do Job Work!
J. M. Thirswend, of Groesbeck, Tex., says
that when he has a spell of indigestion,
and feels bad and sluggish, he takes two
of DeWitt's Little Early Risers at night,
and he is all right the next morning.
Many thousands of others do the same
thing. Do you? Culver City Drug Store.

JOHN OSBORN SHOE STORE
Culver, Indiana.

AGENTS FOR
W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES
BEST IN THE WORLD.

COLUMBIA CALENDAR FOR 1898.

An Exceedingly Acceptable and Useful
Memorandum Pad, which has Come to
be a Necessity in Thousands of
Offices and Homes.

For the thirteenth year the Columbia Pad
Calendar makes its appearance promptly on
time for 1898, and while its general style is
of the same familiar character, the many
bright thoughts it contains, contributed by
its friends in many parts of the country, as
well as abroad, are new, and will be ap-
preciated by all who take an interest in byec-
oming, healthful exercise and good roads.
The 1898 Columbia Pad Calendar contains
a convenient arrangement of dates that will
prove useful to busy men, and as plenty of
space is reserved for memoranda, the pad
may be used as a diary and as a reminder
for business appointments and obligations.
It is neat in appearance, takes up but little
room and is both ornamental and useful for
the desk, while its stand is of such character
that it may be used either upon the desk or
hung upon the wall.
The moon's phases are indicated in the
Calendar for the benefit of those who wish to
have this information. The calendar is
ready for distribution and all orders for it
will be filled upon the day of receipt. It
can be obtained by mail pre-paid for five
two-cent stamps by addressing the Calendar
Department of the Pope Manufacturing
Company, Hartford, Conn.

You can't cure consumption but you can
avoid it and cure every other form of throat
or lung trouble by the use of One Minute
Cough Cure. Culver City Drug Store.

There is no need of little children being
tormented by scald head, eczema and skin
eruptions. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve
gives instant relief and cures permanently.

You can't afford to risk your life by
allowing a cold to develop into pneumonia
or consumption. Instant relief and a cer-
tain cure are afforded by One Minute Cough
Cure. Culver City Drug Store.

**Farmers and Fine Stock Buyers At-
tention!**

J. E. Myers, of Rutland, Ind.,
will sell at private sale, about 50
choice, thoroughbred Poland-China
hogs. He has positively the finest
hogs in the county, and can furnish
both male and female at very rea-
sonable prices. If you desire some-
thing good, do not fail to give him a
call.
21tf

J. C. Berry, one of the best known citi-
zens of Spencer, Mo., testifies that he
cured himself of the worst kind of piles by
using a few boxes of DeWitt's Witch
Hazel Salve. He had been troubled with
piles for over thirty years and had used
many different kinds of so-called cures;
and he will verify this statement if any
one wishes to write him. Culver City
Drug Store.

A few weeks ago the editor was
taken with a very severe cold that
caused him to be in a most miserable
condition. It was undoubtedly a
bad case of la grippe and recogniz-
ing it as dangerous he took immedi-
ate steps to bring about a speedy
cure. From the advertisement of
Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and
the many good recommendations in-
cluded therein, we concluded to
make a first trial of the medicine.
To say that it was satisfactory in its
results, is putting it very mildly, in-
deed. It acted like magic and the
result was a speedy and permanent
cure. We have no hesitancy in
recommending this excellent Cough
Remedy to anyone afflicted with
cough or cold in any form.—THE
BANNER OF LIBERTY, Libertytown,
Maryland. The 25 and 50 cent sizes
for sale at Culver City Drug Store.

Croup Quickly Cured.
MOUNTAIN GLEN, Ark.—Our chil-
dren were suffering with croup when
we received a bottle of Chamberlain's
Cough Remedy. It afforded almost
instant relief.—F. A. THORNTON.
This celebrated remedy is for sale
at Culver City Drug Store.

WARNING:—Persons who suffer from
coughs and colds should heed the warnings
of danger and save themselves suffering
and fatal results by using One Minute
Cough Cure. It is an infallible remedy for
coughs, colds, croup and all throat and
lung troubles. Culver City Drug Store.

Wood! Wood!! Wood!!! Wood!!!!
wanted at this office on subscription.

Disfigurement for life by burns or scalds
may be avoided by using DeWitt's Witch
Hazel Salve, the great remedy for piles and
for all kinds of sores and skin. Culver
City Drug Store

FOR SALE.—A very desirable property on
west shore Lake Maxinkuckee. Hand-
some large residence and barn. Good water
and wind mill. Just the thing for those de-
siring to keep boarders, or for those desir-
ing a summer home at the lake. Terms
very reasonable, in fact will be sold at a
sacrifice. Enquire at this office, or address
7tf J. H. ZECHER, Culver, Ind.

**A LITHOGRAPHED WALL MAP OF AL-
ASKA.** Showing the overland trails and
all water routes to The Klondike
Gold Fields will be mailed upon re-
ceipt of five two cent stamps.

Don't forget to call on Wm. Foss
if you desire your boots and shoes
repaired. He is located in the Nuss
barn building first room up stairs.
He is doing first class work at live
and let live prices.

ANNUAL FALL Opening Sale.

Below are a few of our many Bargains:

Heavy Beaver Overcoats, all-wool, black or blue.....\$5.00	Boys' Suits, long pants, 2.75 to.....\$4.00	Ladies and Children's Underwear, at all prices.
Heavy all-wool Kerseys, worth \$10.00,\$7.75	Knee Pants from 17c to 45c	Men's, Ladies' and Children's Stockings, per pair, 5c.
Heavy all-wool frieze Ulsters, worth \$8.00.....\$5.00	Men's Shoes, per pair,.....1.00	50 styles and qualities of men's boys and children's Caps, 21c to.....45c
150 Overcoats, odds and ends from last year, worth from \$5 to \$15, will be sold at \$2.50 to.....\$9.50	Men's Shoes, all solid, per pair, \$1.15, 1.44, 1.69.....1.98	Good line of Ties at.....18c
Boys's Overcoats 85c to.....\$5.00	Ladies' Winter Shoes, a heavy grade1.00	Good suspenders, per pair,.....10c
Men's Suits, heavy weight Cheviot, 70 per ct. wool.....\$4.25	Ladies' Dongola Shoes, up from 1.00, 1.25	Mackintoshes as low as.....1.85
Men's Suits, all-wool clay worsted, heavy weight.....\$7.95	Children's shoes every style and grade21c to 1.00	"Jumbo" Jean pants.....1.00
200 Men's Suits, odds and ends, \$2.35 to.....\$7.25	Heavy Underwear, suit.....50c	Sweaters, from 25c to.....1.69
Knee Pants Suits, 85c to.....\$2.65	Fleeced Lined underwear, suit.....78c	We carry a good line of Canton Flannels, Flannels: Muslins etc. 10,000 yards good, heavy LL Sheetin'g, 6c val- per yard.....\$1-2c
	Derby ribbed Underwear, winter weight, a 1.50 value; suit.....\$1.00	

M. ALLMAN, Plymouth.

Watches . . .
* Bargains in
Watches at *
* Campbell's. *

Why go to Plymouth and pay
two prices for your . . .

Clothing . . .
when Campbell can fit your
back as well as your pocket . .

**CAMPBELL,
- EXPERT -
Watchmaker,
CULVER, IND.**

One of Two Ways.
The bladder was created for one purpose,
namely, a receptacle for the urine, and as
such it is not liable to any form of disease
except by one of two ways. The first way
is from imperfect action of the kidneys.
The second way is from careless local treat-
ments of other diseases.

CHIEF CAUSE.
Unhealthy urine from unhealthy kidneys
is the chief cause of bladder troubles. So
the womb, like the bladder, was created for
one purpose, and if not doctored too much
is not liable to weakness or disease, except
in rare cases. It is situated back of and
very close to the bladder, therefore any pain,
disease or inconvenience manifested in the
kidneys, back, bladder or urinary passage is
often, by mistake, attributed to female
weakness or womb trouble of some. The
error is easily made and may be as easily
avoided. To find out correctly, set your
urine aside for twenty-four hours; a sedi-
ment or settling indicates kidney or bladder
trouble. The mild and the extraordinary
effect of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the
great kidney and bladder remedy is soon
realized. If you need a medicine you should
have the best. All druggists fifty cents and
one dollar. You may have a sample bottle
and pamphlets, both sent free by mail. Men-
tion the CULVER CITY HERALD and send
your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Bingham-
ton, N. Y. The proprietors of this paper
guarantee the genuineness of this offer.



Uniformed Colored Porters attend first and
second class day coaches on through trains,
insuring scrupulously clean cars enroute.

East: read down.						West: read up.					
Le.	2	4	6	8	10	Le.	2	4	6	8	10
11 00	12 00	13 35	3 05	4 35	5 00	7 00	7 55	8 25	9 00	9 30	10 00
11 45	12 45	14 20	4 50	6 20	6 55	7 55	8 50	9 20	10 00	10 30	11 00
12 30	1 30	3 05	3 40	5 10	5 45	8 40	9 35	10 05	10 35	11 05	11 35
1 15	2 15	3 50	4 25	5 55	6 30	9 25	10 20	10 50	11 20	11 50	12 20
2 00	3 00	4 35	5 10	6 40	7 15	10 10	11 05	11 35	12 05	12 35	1 05
2 45	3 45	5 20	5 55	7 25	8 00	11 00	11 55	12 25	1 00	1 30	2 00
3 30	4 30	6 05	6 40	8 10	8 45	11 55	12 50	1 20	1 50	2 20	2 50
4 15	5 15	6 50	7 25	8 55	9 30	12 50	1 45	2 15	2 45	3 15	3 45
5 00	6 00	7 35	8 10	9 40	10 15	1 35	2 30	3 00	3 30	4 00	4 30
5 45	6 45	8 20	8 55	10 25	11 00	2 20	3 15	3 45	4 15	4 45	5 15
6 30	7 30	9 05	9 40	11 10	11 45	3 05	4 00	4 30	5 00	5 30	6 00
7 15	8 15	9 50	10 25	11 55	12 30	3 50	4 45	5 15	5 45	6 15	6 45
8 00	9 00	10 35	11 10	12 40	1 15	4 35	5 30	6 00	6 30	7 00	7 30
8 45	9 45	11 20	11 55	1 25	2 00	5 20	6 15	6 45	7 15	7 45	8 15
9 30	10 30	12 05	12 40	2 10	2 45	6 05	7 00	7 30	8 00	8 30	9 00
10 15	11 15	12 50	1 25	3 00	3 35	6 50	7 45	8 15	8 45	9 15	9 45
11 00	12 00	1 35	2 10	3 45	4 20	7 35	8 30	9 00	9 30	10 00	10 30
11 45	12 45	2 20	2 55	4 30	5 05	8 20	9 15	9 45	10 15	10 45	11 15
12 30	1 30	3 05	3 40	5 15	5 50	9 05	10 00	10 30	11 00	11 30	12 00
1 15	2 15	3 50	4 25	5 50	6 25	9 50	10 45	11 15	11 45	12 15	12 45
2 00	3 00	4 35	5 10	6 35	7 10	10 35	11 30	12 00	12 30	1 00	1 30
2 45	3 45	5 20	5 55	7 20	7 55	11 20	12 15	1 25	1 55	2 25	2 55
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4 15	5 15	6 50	7 25	8 55	9 30	1 00	1 30	2 00	2 30	3 00	3 30
5 00	6 00	7 35	8 10	9 40	10 15	1 55	2 25	2 55	3 25	3 55	4 25
5 45	6 45	8 20	8 55	10 25	11 00	2 40	3 10	3 40	4 10	4 40	5 10
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7 15	8 15	9 50	10 25	11 55	12 30	4 15	4 45	5 15	5 45	6 15	6 45
8 00	9 00	10 35	11 10	12 40	1 15	5 00	5 30	6 00	6 30	7 00	7 30
8 45	9 45	11 20	11 55	1 25	2 00	5 45	6 15	6 45	7 15	7 45	8 15
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5 45	6 45	8 20	8 55	10 25	11 00	2 45	3 15	3 45	4 15	4 45	5 15
6 30	7 30	9 05	9 40	11 10	11 45	3 30	4 00	4 30	5 00	5 30	6 00
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