

OUR GRAND ANNUAL CLEARANCE SALE

began Saturday, Jan. 8th, 1898. Special lines in all departments which we wish to close. Unusual prices quoted to effect a general clearance. It's like burning money to pay regular prices elsewhere when you can come here and pick from the Largest Clothing Stock in the County at a saving of from 25 to 50 per cent.

Bargains like these do not come to the surface every day.

J. C. KUHN & SON,
Plymouth, Ind.

DR. O. A. REA.
Physician and Surgeon.

Office Fourth Door North of Bank.
Main Street, - - - - - CULVER, IND.

B. W. S. WISEMAN,
Physician and Surgeon.

Office Third Door North of Bank.
Calls promptly answered day or night.
Main Street, - - - - - CULVER, IND.

News in General.

We want wood.
Who will bring us wood?
The fishermen are hauling in the fish.
Call at this office for your Job Work.
J. K. Mawhorter is still on the sick list.
FOUND—Spelling book. Call at this office.
A large number of teams were in town Monday.
Protracted meetings are still progressing at the M. E. church.
Look out for the Culver City Specialty Company in the near future.
They are putting in the great steel cross strays at the new Academy Riding Hall.
J. E. Myers and Son, of Rutland, shipped a fine Poland-China pig to Poseyville, Ind., the other day.
Mr. D. R. Avery attended the funeral services of his deceased brother at Constantine, Mich., last Friday.
C. Ayers, of Leesburg, Ind., has been engaged by H. J. Meredith to occupy the position as clerk in his up-to-date grocery.
The expense to Cass county last year for the services of special judges in the circuit court was \$380, and to the whole state was \$17,160.
The Marshall County Sunday school convention will be held in the Presbyterian church at Plymouth Feb. 8th and 9th. Everybody cordially invited to attend.
The Rev. Wm. Corbey, of Notre Dame died last week Tuesday afternoon of pneumonia. He was the head of the Holy Cross Order in America and during the war was chaplain of the famous Irish brigade. He was commander of the recently organized G. A. R. post composed of the priests and brother at the University.
Frank Gould, of Royal Center, has purchased the Kewanna Herald from C. M. Kenyon and will take charge of the plant in about two weeks. The present owner is a very pleasant gentleman and a hustler. The Kewanna Herald has changed hands quite numerous of late.

FOR SALE: A first class Pool table, very cheap. Enquire at the Beeber Saloon. 24tf

When the new time cards go into effect on the Nickel Plate in the spring the running time of the passenger trains will be reduced and much faster time made between Chicago and Buffalo. Work will soon be begun equipping the entire road with interlocking crossings with derailing switches. There are about twenty-five crossings between Buffalo and Chicago, and as each train consumes at least two minutes at each, it can be easily seen that considerable time will be saved. This time will be taken from the present schedule, and a new record looked for. Since the company put on their additional through passenger trains they have enjoyed a flattering increase in their passenger business. In fact, more than they anticipated.

On January 24th, William Sutherland will again be placed upon trial for the murder of Edward Fetters. Contrary to expectation, Martindale and Stevens were again appointed by Judge Capron to defend the accused man. It has been published that Starke county commissioners would pass an edict restricting Judge Capron from appointing attorneys to defend Sutherland thereby prohibiting any farther cost to said county, but it is evident that numerous people do not understand the situation and if the people who are interested in this subject will read 72nd Indiana, page 455 they will there learn that county boards have no authority to employ attorneys to prosecute or defend persons for violating the criminal laws, that matter being left entirely in the hands of the circuit judge. One thing is certain, Sutherland will be defended with the same untiring spirit exhibited in the previous trial and if their client is not acquitted it will not be their fault. Public sentiment is against the prisoner's innocence, and if he is acquitted, it will render a verdict that he should have been hung.

Another preaching humbug has skipped out of Logansport, one Jacob Leem, and his victim, Mrs. Jacob Cox, is dead. Reem, who is evidently short a quire or two in his make-up, told foolish people that he was in partnership with ghosts and spirits who would take the contract off his hands to cure any ailment. Mrs. Cox was afflicted with cancer and called on Reem and his assortment of spooks to cure her. It would be useless to go into details. The woman died of blood poisoning, through neglect and Reem skipped. Isn't it strange, with the many sad lessons before us, that we have people living in Logansport today, with twelfth century ideas. Six months will not pass before another Reem and another Cox will appear on the boards, with the usual result—death.—Logansport Pharos.

Numerous strangers in town this week.

The grist mill will receive its machinery in a very short time.

The revival services at the M. E. church are growing in interest.

George Kline and his daughter Ella of Poplar Grove, were in town Monday.

John Osborn is closing out his large stock of footwear. Now is your time to buy.

Mr. Scates, who has been visiting friends in Ohio for five or six months, has returned to Culver.

Harry Davis, who has been sojourning in Indianapolis the past week or ten days, returned home Wednesday.

Mrs. Peter Keller, wife of the barber, was called to Hamlet, Ind., Tuesday to the bedside of her mother, who is dangerously ill.

Young & Keen have just placed into their foundry an up to date wood lathe, hence are prepared to do all such work in proper style.

Eli Spencer is now prepared to furnish ax-handles as cheap as the cheapest. All those who desire an article of this kind will do well to call on him at Young & Keen's foundry.

Mrs. S. J. Schofield, of Chicago, was in town a few days this week. She attended the Junior Epworth League at the M. E. church Sunday. Her talk to the children was heartily appreciated.

N. Gandy the liveryman, has in his possession a fine driving mare, which he secured of Clyde Souder. Than intends to have her mated if possible and then look out for a lively livery team.

You will miss great bargains if you don't attend the closing-out sale of footwear at John Osborn's.

Attorney Martindale, Judge Bee man, of Knox, Judge Capron, Kellison, and Shively made ringing speeches upon the present condition of the country, and pointed in a suggestive way the duty of the democratic party by way of remedy.

Boots, shoes and rubber goods for the million at John Osborn's shoe store, at prices that defy competition.

Mrs. Michael Burns, of Burr Oak, who had a stroke of apoplexy last Sunday night, died Thursday. She was 75 years of age, and was one of the oldest pioneers. Funeral services were held at the Burr Oak church, Thursday forenoon, and the remains interred in the Dunkard cemetery in West township by Undertaker Easterday, of this city. Rev. Stuck was the officiating minister. She leaves a large family of sons and daughters besides a loving husband to mourn their loss.

Don't pass John Osborn's shoe store when you want a bargain in footwear. He will surprise you as to cheap prices.

We understand that a specialty company, composed of local artists, will, in the near future, be a candidate for the public's patronage. Watch for large posters.

John Osborn is bound to close out his present stock of boots, shoes, rubbers, etc., at prices way down. Call on him for bargains.

The Culver City Comedy Company met Tuesday evening, reorganized and elected the following officers: President, J. K. Mawhorter; secretary, Daisy Voreis; treasurer, Tim Wolfe; stage manager and instructor, John Campbell; property manager, Ed. Bradley. Look out for something great in the near future.

It is announced from Pittsburg that the beginning of the new year will witness a general revival of activity in the window glass industry after several months of partial suspension as the result of a disagreement between employers and wage earners. Within a few days, 1,700 pots out of a total of 1,800 in the United States will be fired, so as to permit the resumption of the factories within three weeks. Some will be able to start with the new year. Over 15,000 men will secure employment in the factories.

The Country School and the Farmer's Boy.

The country school is preeminently the farmer's school. In it the great majority of the farmers of today received their education, and in it the great majority of those of the next generation will receive the whole of their schooling.

Is the country school doing what it should for the farmer's boy? Is it giving to the boy who will remain on the farm that kind of an education which will be the best preparation for life's work?

What is an education for? Why should a boy spend so much time in the school-room? The purpose of a boy's education is to fit him for his work, whatever that may be. I hold that an education, so-called, which does not fit a boy for his work in life is not an education at all. The education given in a country school ought then to fit the boy to be a successful farmer, for that is to be the profession of most country schoolboys.

What education does the farmer's profession demand? The ability to read, write and understand the English language and to make readily all the numerical calculations connected with his business—this is all, some say, that a farmer needs, and this is practically all that many of the schools supply. But is this enough? Shall we set the standard of education for the farmer at the very lowest notch? Shall we in this way say that the poorest education is sufficient for the farmer. For one, I do not think that farming is the occupation for which the poorest education is sufficient. It is the growing opinion of prominent educators and the more intelligent farmers, that farming is one of the occupations demanding the best of education. In no profession or calling is a man brought into contact with more things which bear upon his success or failure than in farming. A mechanic deals with but one set of problems, connected usually with but one or two kinds of materials. The carpenter fits wood into place and gives it form; the mason deals with stone and bricks and the cement and mortar in which they are laid; the merchant handles manufactured goods, the qualities of which are readily known; the railroad man has his special things to know and guard against. I might go on and take up profession after profession, and show that in each one there is a special set of objects to be particularly known, and outside of which there is no call to go.

How is it now with the farmer's profession? He comes in contact with everything. There is, first, the soil, a wonderful mixture of things good, bad, indifferent, and out of this he must grow good grass, good crops, good fruits. There, too, are the plants; first those which he purposely grows, as wheat, rye, oats, Indian corn, the grasses and clovers, the fruits and vegetables, and others which he annually cultivates for their yield of good things. Besides these, there are the "thousand and one" weeds, poisonous plants, and other cumberers of the ground, which come up everywhere, as if by magic. There are, too, the hordes of rusts, smuts, mildew and mould, a tiny vegetation, but nevertheless a most powerful one. In addition, there are the animals of the farm and here, again are those which are domesticated, as the horse, the ox, the sheep, the hog, the dog, the cat, etc.; and secondly, the animal pests, as the rats, mice, gophers, some birds, etc., and the myriads of insect foes which swarm on every side and eat up all our crops. Still more, there is that fickle thing, the weather, which affects the farmer far more than it does even the mariner upon the stormy ocean. It makes or ruins his crops; it changes mean money made or money lost.

Now, the boy in the country school will come in contact with all these things when he becomes a farmer; but how does the school fit him for knowing them, or anything about them? What does the common school do for the boy who ought to be acquainted with the soil? Does it help him at all? Does it even suggest to him how he may learn anything about the plants of the farm? Does it hint to him about the rusts or smuts, the mildews or the moulds? Does it tell him anything about insects, or teach him anything as to their habits?

I appeal to the experience of every intelligent farmer and ask, in all candor, whether the common school is doing its whole duty by the country boy? Should he not have the opportunity of learning something about the soil, the plants, the animals, the air, and the clouds? Would not a knowledge of these be of the highest value to him in his future life on the farm?

Men and women of the country, I want to make an appeal to you in behalf of the country boy! Give him the opportunity to become acquainted with the things around him. Put the study of soils, plants, animals, etc., into your schools. Ask your schoolteachers to give instruction of this kind. Demand of them that they know enough to give such instruction in the right way. If you will demand only the best of teachers for your children, you can have these things taught to them, but if you are willing to take, year by year, the young and poorly prepared teachers, the work will not and can not be done. You will have to pay roundly for such efficient teachers, but will it not be the best economy in the long run, for are they not to instruct your children for their whole life's work?—Prof. Chas. E. Bessey in American Agriculturist.

Peach Blossoms.

W. S. Medbourn has upon his premises peach buds in full blossom, and this in January. It strikes a casual observer that this is a little out of the usual order of things, but it is a fact nevertheless.

Lost—Lap robe. Finder will please leave same at this office.

Democratic District Convention.

The democrats of this congressional district met in convention at Plymouth, Tuesday. This was the first meeting since the election of '96. At two o'clock the opera house was comfortably filled with an enthusiastic audience of intelligent looking gentlemen. Peter Kruyer called the convention to order, and business was commenced by electing Volney Bingham, of Mishawaka, permanent chairman by acclamation, and Editor Beane, of Goshen, secretary. After the chairman had thanked the convention for honors conferred, a motion was made that the delegates get together by counties and select chairmen, which resulted in the following selections: St. Joseph, Walter Harrington; Elkhart, J. O. Hoover; Fulton, Lew Mishler; Kosciusko, A. J. Wood; Marshall, Charles Kellison; Pulaski, George Hollman; and Starke, William Hagerston. The convention elected Peter Kruyer, of Plymouth district chairman, a position he has occupied for the past two years with credit. In a very short and appropriate speech, he thanked the convention for honors bestowed upon him and said the wires, (or words to that effect,) would be so manipulated that the next congressman from this district would be a democrat.

Chairman Bingham appointed a committee on resolutions as follows: B. F. Shively, Anthony Diehl, M. M. Hathaway, H. A. Barnhart, J. K. Lawrence, Daniel McDonald, H. A. Ellington.

Prosperous Industries.

The woolen goods industry, after some years of depression, has evidently come to a turn in the lane, and prosperous times are undoubtedly in store for it. Woolen mills are making large purchases, assured, as most of them are, of a brisk business; in fact, large contracts have been entered into, all at firm prices, and some at an advance. Another prosperous industry is the boot and shoe business; the shipments thus far this month are thirty-seven per cent. larger than for the same time in 1892, and for two months past the demand has been beyond precedent. The retail trade within a week at Chicago, St. Louis and Kansas City, at New Orleans, Savannah and Memphis, has been particularly brisk, and here in the East the retailers have also done a good business. A new era of prosperity has undoubtedly begun.—Brooklyn Times.

How to Prevent Pneumonia.

At this time of the year a cold is very easily contracted, and if let to run its course without the aid of some reliable cough medicine is liable to result in that dread disease, pneumonia. We know of no better remedy to cure a cough or cold than Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. We have used it quite extensively.—Oologah, Ind. Ter. Chief.

This is the only remedy that is known to be a certain preventive of pneumonia. Among the many thousands who have used it for colds and la grippe we have never yet learned of a single case having resulted in pneumonia. Persons who have weak lungs or have reason to fear an attack of pneumonia, should keep the remedy at hand. The 25 and 50 cent sizes for sale at Culver City DrugStore.

Farmers and Fine Stock Buyers Attention!

J. E. Myers, of Rutland, Ind., will sell at private sale, about 50 choice, thoroughbred Poland-China hogs. He has positively the finest hogs in the county, and can furnish both male and female at very reasonable prices. If you desire something good, do not fail to give him a call. 21tf

Notice.

The K. of P. order of this city will have an election of trustees at their regular meeting, which occurs Tuesday evening, Jan. 25th, 1898. All members are requested to be present. D. B. Youns, K. R. and S.

INDIANA INCIDENTS TERSELY TOLD.

Report of State Gas Inspector Leach—Fatal Termination of an Old Feud—Warned with Hair Switches—Gave His Life for His Brother.

Gas Belt Report.

State Gas Inspector Leach has just completed gathering the statistics for his 1897 report of the Indiana gas belt. It will show that since gas was struck ten years ago about 5,300 wells have been drilled. Of these 2,200 are now producing gas, and the others have been abandoned. The original pressure was 325 pounds, a year ago about 230, this year showing a remarkably small general decline of only about twelve pounds. He will take a most encouraging outlook for the future and contradict reports that the end of the belt is at hand. He finds that oil operations in the gas belt are practically abandoned. In all the gas field there are but four derricks up and three drilling, where a few months ago there were 100. He thinks the Supreme Court will uphold the State's action against oil operators.

Dance Ends in Murder.

A dance was given at the Smith school house, three miles north of Petersburg. Among the dancers were James Smith and Alexander Quackenbush, between whom a feud existed. Early in the morning they went outside to settle their differences. Quackenbush drew a revolver and shot Smith in the head, he dying in a few moments. Quackenbush surrendered.

Hair Switches as a Warning.

When D. C. Mitchell, James Ludlow and Edward Leatherman, building contractors living in the same neighborhood in Muncie, arose on a recent morning each found a woman's hair switch on his front doorstep. The switches are worth \$4 each, and this is accepted as showing that the affair is no joke. The police believe it is a white cap warning of some kind.

Pension Arrives Too Late.

Samuel Munson, a veteran of the civil war, was stricken with paralysis, and death followed at Shelbyville. An hour after death the postman brought his family, who are almost destitute, information that he had been allowed a pension of \$72 a month, with several hundred dollars back pay.

Dies in Saving a Brother.

Fred, the 13-year-old son of Robert Jackson of Anderson, was drowned the other morning while saving the life of his 9-year-old brother, who had broken through the ice while skating. After getting him out Fred became too weak to save himself and sank. The body was recovered.

Within Our Borders.

Application has been made for a receiver for the Opalescent Glass Company of Marion.

Ex-Mayor Lyle of Valparaiso dropped dead at his home, after returning from a visit to Chicago.

Robert S. Campbell of North Salem hanged himself in his barn. He had been unable to collect some accounts.

Patrick Hughes was found dead in the big Barkoski ditch at New Carlisle. It is supposed that he died of heart disease.

Oliver Bassett, a Shelbyville farmer, ordered a hunter on his premises to leave. The trespasser shot Bassett. The wound is serious.

At Logansport, the Vandalia depot caught fire from a furnace and burned. Loss, \$10,000. Money and tickets could not be saved.

Isaac Beck, local agent of the American Express Company at Muncie, committed suicide by sending a bullet through his brain while in his office.

Alonzo Hind's 4-year-old daughter poured carbolic acid in the baby's eyes at Elwood, destroying the sight and inflicting probably fatal injuries.

The school house at Yeddo was burned. It is feared two children perished in the fire. Two were thrown from a second floor window and badly injured.

By a vote of 7 to 5 the Muncie City Council passed a curfew ordinance, to take effect next month. The ordinance is the same as was introduced at Indianapolis.

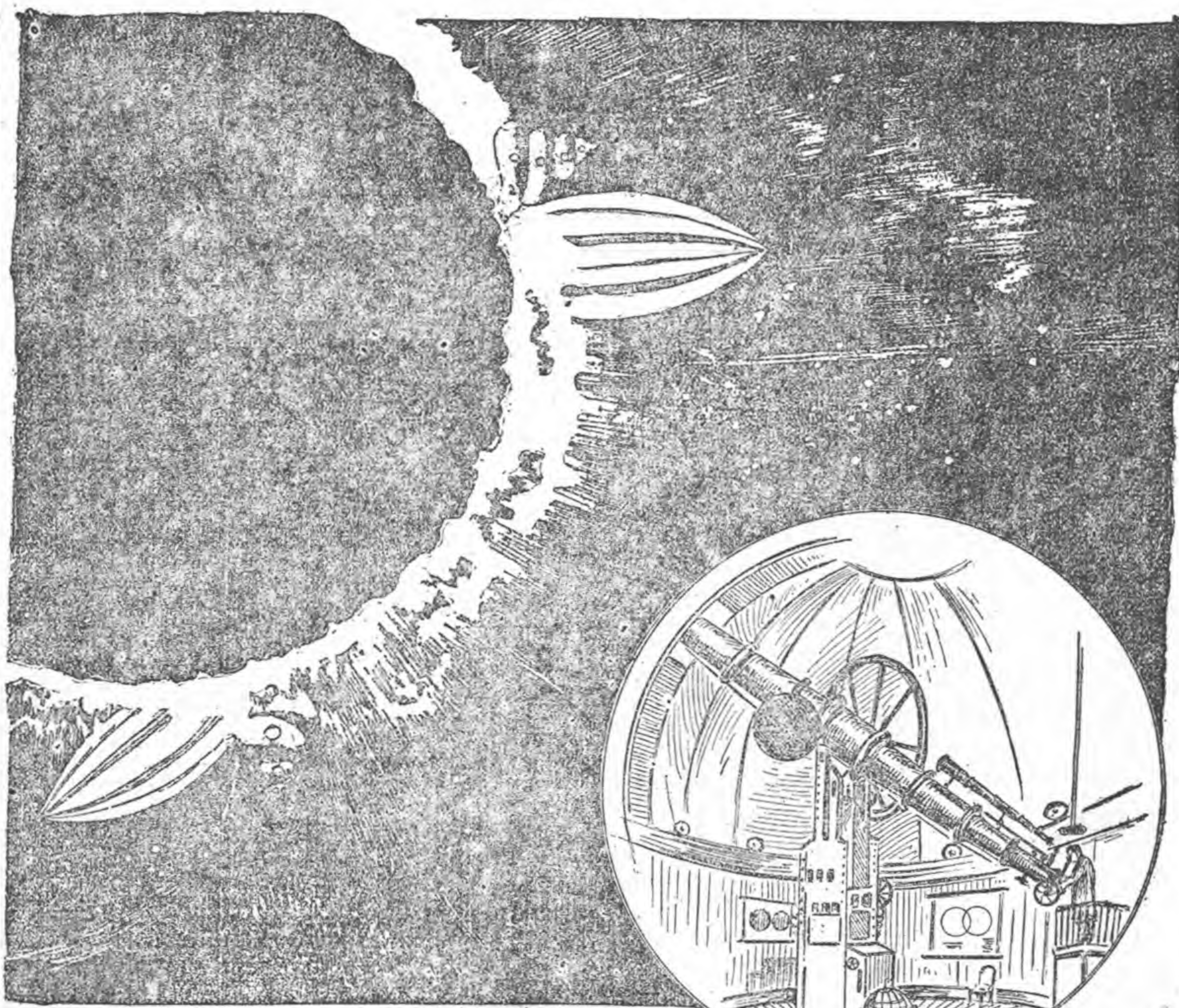
Mrs. Owen Falls of Middletown fell in an epileptic fit while carrying her 5-months-old baby. She stumbled prostrate on her infant son and before assistance could arrive the baby was smothered to death.

Daniel Herin, manager of the Three Friends dairy at Zionsville, has agreed to plead guilty to a charge of violating the oleomargarine law. Collector Henry says the Government was defrauded of \$3,000 during the six months.

Two hundred miners employed at No. 8 Brazil Block Coal Company mine inaugurated a strike because the bank boss allowed three drivers to work who had not settled their dues in the miners' organization for the last month.

At Muncie, Lafayette Thompson went to the home of Miss Estella Eastman to marry her. The girl's mother was to be surprised, but the surprise was on the other side. The woman attacked the young man and the minister with a butcher knife and ran them off the premises.

Great changes will occur in the economic conditions of the flint glass industry by the introduction of a labor-saving machine, which has at last been highly perfected at Elwood. The Hilde & Owens blowing machines have been put to practical test and found to greatly lessen the cost of production, while increasing the output. By the application of these machines the fact has been demonstrated that 1,000 electric bulbs can be manufactured in one hour at less labor and cost than a hand shop can make 500 bulbs in five hours.



HOW THE ECLIPSE WILL APPEAR THROUGH A TELESCOPE

INDIA will be the hub of the scientific world on the 28th of this month. On that date will occur a total eclipse of the sun, and for over four hours during the day darkness will be spread upon the earth and the stars will shine bravely forth. But American star gazers will be seriously handicapped because totality will be confined to the eastern hemisphere. There will be little on this side of the Atlantic to indicate the obscuration of the sun. To view this eclipse the Indian Government and several astronomical societies have arranged to occupy all convenient spots along the whole line of totality, wherever the railway system intersects this line. They will witness a sight which few men have been privileged to see.

The obscuration will begin generally over the territory where it can be observed at 4:46 in the morning of Jan. 22. It will be visible over all of Asia, Africa and Europe, with the exception of Spain, the west of France, Belgium and Holland. In other words, the western rim of the eastern continent will not be favored. The eclipse will begin in longitude 21 degrees 36 minutes east and latitude 28 minutes north at the hour named. It will end generally in longitude 110 degrees 7 minutes east and latitude 35 degrees 36 minutes north at 9:53 o'clock, thus affording observers something over four hours. The actual period of totality will be two minutes.

DURRANT PAYS THE PENALTY.

Legally Hanged for Diabolical Crimes Committed Three Years Ago.
Theodore Durrant, the San Francisco murderer and worse than murderer of Blanche Lamont and Minnie Williams,



THEODORE DURRANT.

has, after almost three years of dramatic history, at last paid the penalty of his horrible and revolting crimes. Durrant was hanged Friday in San Quentin prison, and when the hangman sprung the trap he rung down the curtain on what has been one of the longest, most exciting, sensational and sharply contested murder trials in the history of American criminal law. While Durrant was convicted of but one murder under the law, he was held responsible by public opinion for the murder of both Blanche Lamont and Minnie Williams, and it is felt that his death expiates one crime as much as the other. He kept up his remarkable nerve until the last and died protesting his innocence.

On April 3, 1895, Blanche Lamont, a member of the Sunday school attached to the Emanuel Baptist Church, suddenly disappeared from the residence of her aunt, with whom she lived. Nine days later Minnie Williams left her home in Alameda to attend a meeting of young people, and, like Blanche Lamont, she failed to return. The following day, April 13, the body of Minnie Williams was found in the library of Emanuel Baptist Church. It was terribly disfigured, and gave evidences of the girl having given her slayer a fearful battle before she yielded up her life.

The machinery of the law was put in motion. Detectives, with hardly any clew to work upon, set out upon their task. In some way the finding of Miss Williams' body was linked with the disappearance of Blanche Lamont. A diligent search was instituted. Every nook and corner of the church was searched, and on the following day the police discovered Miss Lamont's body in the dusty belfry of the church. The method and manner of her death was identical with that of Miss Williams. San Francisco was horrified. The police were astounded at the enormity of the crime, but kept to their work assiduously.

They learned that Theodore Durrant was friendly with the two girls, and that Blanche Lamont was last seen alive in his company. He was promptly arrested. The trial speedily followed. The young man was given the benefit of the best

legal talent on the coast. The fight for life was long and bitter. At one time the name of a prominent clergyman was connected with the murders, but this was soon dropped as idle talk. Durrant's nerve never left him, even when the jury, after weeks of patience in listening to the mass of evidence and long arguments, brought in a verdict of guilty of murder.

LONDON, ONT., CITY HALL.

Scene Where Scores of People Were Precipitated Into a Death Pit.

It now appears that there were but twenty deaths from the collapse of the floor in the London, Ont., city hall, although first reports gave as many as thirty killed.

Great as is the horror, it seems almost miraculous that more were not killed. Writing of the disaster a newspaper man who went down into the pit says: "The writer was hurled backward into the pit and underneath the falling timbers. When the air cleared of the dust and the bright chandelier immediately overhead shone into the death pit, a ghastly sight met the eyes. Faces, gashed and covered with blood were everywhere to be seen. The drawn countenances of those who suffered internally and were in the throes of death were also among the number. Old



LONDON, ONT., CITY HALL.

men, with gray hair and beards matted with blood, lay pinned in the heap, along with small boys, distorted with pain. The clothes and faces of all were ashy with the dust of plaster and added to the horror of the scene. From above me, blood from those killed and injured began to trickle, and that, with the cries of the dying for deliverance from their pains made an impression on me which I shall never forget."

COLONEL ARANGUREN.

Daring Young Cuban Commander Who Ordered Ruiz's Execution.

Col. Nestor Aranguren, about whose personality so much interest centers because he met Col. Ruiz's offer of peace by ordering his execution, is one of the younger and most daring of the Cuban leaders. He is in command of a detachment on the outskirts of Havana, and much has he worried the Spaniards. Aranguren's most daring piece of work was a raid into the town of Guanabacoa, a suburb of Havana, across the bay. He held possession of the place for several hours, despite the fact that it contained a strong Spanish garrison. He laid a plot

to capture Gen. Weyler on one of his trips into the country, and would probably have succeeded had not the premature explosion of a dynamite cartridge given warning of the presence of the insurgents.



COLONEL ARANGUREN.

NEW MINISTER TO NORWAY.

William W. Thomas Appointed to the Domain of King Oscar.

William W. Thomas, the newly appointed minister to Norway and Sweden, will be by no means unfamiliar with the courts of King Oscar when he gets there. He has had a long and somewhat distinguished career in the diplomatic service. His first experience as United States representative in foreign countries was as part of the legation to the Sublime Porte in 1860. After a term at Constantinople he was made consul at Galatz. Mr. Thomas had the honor of being appointed a "war consul" by President Lincoln and he was stationed for a time at Gothen-



WM. W. THOMAS.

burg. President Arthur sent him as "plenipo" to Stockholm and he was allowed to remain in that post by President Harrison. Mr. Thomas is a native of Portland, Me.

THIRTY PERSONS DEAD BY A DISASTER AT LONDON, ONT.

Thirty persons are known to have been killed and many injured by the collapse of a floor in the city hall at London, Ont., Monday night. The night closed the municipal campaign, and at the close of the polls a crowd gathered in the city hall, where it has been the custom for years past for the successful candidates to address the electors.

The building was crowded to the very doors, probably 2,000 people being jammed in its narrow space. There was a lull in the proceedings when the audience called for several of the newly elected aldermen at once, and there was some delay in securing a speaker to address them. Ald. Carrothers joined the Mayor in an effort to secure quiet. In response to numerous calls R. M. Totho was pushed forward to the platform on which the speakers stood. As he reached it there was an ominous crackling and the raised platform on which the Mayor and newly elected aldermen were seated seemed to pitch forward to the floor.

There was a sagging of timbers and the next moment hundreds of people were hurled twenty feet to the floor below. A beam running twenty feet along the center of the hall had given way and the crowded mass standing above that section of the floor was thrown in a heap to the basement. A large safe stood in one corner of the hall, and, with a huge steam coil weighing half a ton, came crashing down on the heads of the victims.

Following the crash there was a wild rush for the doors. At the south door, where the majority of the crowd had entered, there was a terrible panic. Those in front were thrown down by the oncoming rush, all shrieking and fighting for the door and safety. Only one-half of the rear door, a space probably three feet wide, was open. In the mad rush no one thought to open the door in its entirety, and 500 people struggled through the narrow space, the strong bearing down the weaker.

Several men lowered ropes and endeavored to haul the wounded out of the pit. From under the massed weight of the broken beams came many cries for help. The windows on the ground floor were broken in, and the living and the dead were tenderly passed to the waiting ambulance.

An investigation of the wreck after the catastrophe disclosed the fact that a whole section of the floor had dropped, the joists having been as neatly cut off as if the work had been done with a saw. The building was an old one, having been erected in the early '50s, and of late years additional stories had been placed on the old walls.

DUPLICATES SUN'S LIGHT.

Marvelous Invention Claimed by a Logansport, Ind., Man.

A Logansport, Ind., inventor has constructed a lamp that he claims will supersede electricity, gas and all other forms of artificial illumination, because of its cheapness and utility.

The light is sealed up like a bottle of perfume and the inventor claims that it will last forever. It may be compared to a bright electric flame or gas jet, bottled in a glass sphere, and forever remaining the same.

The inventor is S. B. Nickum, who for the past three or four years has kept himself locked up in his rooms. It has been known by many that he was working on some kind of an invention, but the nature of the same has been a secret up to the present time. The device is now so perfect, in the mind of the inventor, that the facts have been given to the press.

The process by which this new light is produced the inventor will not at present make public. He claims that the new lights can be made of almost any brilliancy, from the size of a pea to that of the most powerful arc lamp. The light is a beautiful, never-changing, never-flickering white light. There are no wires and no electric current used. When not in use the light can be placed in a bureau drawer or any convenient receptacle till needed.

The light is kept constant by the surrounding moving matter—air—Nickum says, but the globe is cold, there being no loss of heat or movement from the interior to the exterior. There is no possibility of a fire resulting from the use of the light, for the very instant there is a crack in the globe the light will go out. It could be broken in a keg of gunpowder without the slightest danger of an explosion. The cost will probably not greatly exceed the first cost of the incandescent light in present use.

REBELS IN CONTROL.

General Pando Left Without a Base of Operations.

It is reported from Santiago de Cuba that Gen. Pando is greatly disheartened on account of the obstacles which prevented a successful campaign against the insurgents in that province. He declares that he has no base of operations, the insurgents being in control so completely that it is impossible to convey supplies to Spanish columns operating in the interior of the province. Gen. Pando is said to be convinced that the insurgents of Santiago de Cuba province will not accept autonomy. When he was in Spain he did not realize that the insurgents in the province had such strength.

It is said that Gen. Sagua, operating in Santiago de Cuba, has been unable to agree with his superior officers, and on the pretext that he is sick he has arrived in Havana and will return to Spain by the first mail steamer. Ex-Minister Canalejas, the Madrid editor, who has been investigating the situation in Cuba, is said to be thoroughly discouraged with the outlook.

Mr. Amblard, who has just returned from the United States, is said to take the same hopeless view of the situation as Canalejas, and it is stated that he will decline the proffered appointment of secretary to the Cuban autonomist cabinet.

Destructive Storms Along the Coast.
Reports of maritime disasters along the coast come in thick and fast. People who "go down to the sea in ships" should bear in mind one thing in particular, namely, that it is highly desirable to take along a supply of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters as a remedy for sea-sickness. Nausea, dyspepsia, biliousness, constipation, malaria, nervousness and kidney trouble, all succumb to its beneficent and speedy action.

Said of the "Skyscrapers."
Diggs—Do you know where Dixmyth's office is located?
Biggs—Not exactly; but it's in one of the serial buildings on Dearborn street.
Diggs—Serial buildings! What do you mean?
Biggs—Why, one of those continued-story structures, of course.

Two Bad Habits.
Taking strong coffee to cure a headache is like taking whisky to cure the shakiness which is one of the effects of whisky. It seems to do it, but the result is deceptive. The cure becomes a new cause and you are worse off than before. Better stop coffee altogether and use Grain-O, the new food-drink. Whereas coffee is not a food at all, but only a nerve-fooling toxic stimulant, Grain-O is a preparation of pure grains, palatable, nutritious and absolutely harmless. It is thoroughly satisfying, four times cheaper than coffee, acceptable to the most sensitive stomach and free from the constituents which make coffee a damaging beverage. Drinkers of Grain-O are never kept awake of nights—not by that anyway. Ask your grocer for a 15c. or 25c. package.

Not the Only Pebble.
Tom—That was a fine charger I saw you riding in the park this morning.
Jack—Yes; but as a charger, the liverman I hired him from can lose him in any part of the track.

\$100 Reward, \$100.
The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of Testimonials.
Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

As beer too long in the drawing becomes flat and insipid, so doth wit too long drawn out lose its sparkle.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c.

Fools make feasts for wise men to eat and get the gout.

New Orleans limited, Queen and Crescent Route. Only 24 hours from Cincinnati to the Gulf.

Look out for colds
At this season. Keep
Your blood pure and
Rich and your system
Toned up by taking
Hood's Sarsaparilla. Then
You will be able to
Resist exposure to which
A debilitated system
Would quickly yield.



ONE ENJOYS
Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50 cent bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

IOWA FARMS For Sale on crop payment, \$1 per acre cash, balance 1/2 crop yearly until paid for. J. Mulhall, Waukegan, Ill.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Solicitor of Patents, 902 F St., Washington, D. C. Highest references.
HAIR If anything ails your HAIR, SCALP or HEAD, send for free circular to Illustrated Medical Jour. Co., Detroit, Mich.

OHIO SOLONS MEET.

LEGISLATURE CONVENES IN REGULAR SESSION.

Foraker-Bushnell Men Organize Both Houses - Mason Elected Speaker Amid Scenes of Wild Excitement - Much Interest in Senatorial Contest.

Buckeye Lawmakers.
The Ohio Legislature convened at 10 o'clock Monday morning. Owing to the senatorial contest unusual interest was taken in the organization of both houses. In the hall of the House the wildest scenes were witnessed during the first hour of the session. All of the 109 members were in their seats. After the name of Boxwell had been presented as the regular Republican candidate for speaker, the name of Representative Mason, Republican, was presented by Representative Jones, Republican, and seconded by two other Republicans. The Democrats did not participate in the speaking. As the ballot proceeded there were loud cheers as the doubtful members responded to their names, and when the roll call approached the close and Mason secured the necessary majority there was a long demonstration that delayed the official announcement of the vote. The first ballot resulted: Mason, 56; Boxwell, 52. The combine then completed the organization of the House.

There was also much excitement over the election of a speaker pro tem. Speaker Mason had been all along openly opposed to the re-election of Senator Hanna, but John P. Griffith of Union County had been claimed by both sides. The Hanna men say they counted on him till he was nominated Saturday night by the combine for speaker pro tem. When Representative Griffith cast his vote for Mason for speaker there was a wild scene and the excitement continued till Griffith was elected speaker pro tem. by the same vote as that for speaker.

The morning sessions of the Senate and the House caused no surprise at the Hanna headquarters or the opposition headquarters. The demonstrations of rejoicing at the latter place were beyond description.

BORN AMID GREAT FEAR.

Autonomy in Cuba Begins Under a Threatening Cloud.

Autonomy was formally implanted in Cuba Saturday morning by the administration of the oath of fidelity to Spain and the new constitution to the members of the colonial cabinet. Only four members were present, Senor Dolz, minister of public works, being in Spain, and Senor Govin, minister of the interior, not having arrived from the United States. The new regime was ushered in under threatening auspices. It is believed that an outbreak against autonomy was only averted by extraordinary military precautions. The Government had been in possession for several days of information that trouble might be expected on New Year's eve, the signal for an outbreak being the ringing of bells at midnight. Precautionary measures were taken with great secrecy, but enough became known to convince the intrinsigentes and the turbulent element of the utter futility of the success of a demonstration.

Much bitter feeling was manifested over the action of the Government. The intrinsigentes declare that the end is near when the weapons of the Spanish soldiers are turned against the only loyal Spaniards in Cuba, and ask if autonomy is to be thrust down their throats with the bayonet. Marshal Blanco, the captain general, escorted by a number of high Spanish officials, the consular corps, army and navy officers, politicians, etc., reached the throne room at 9 o'clock a. m. A new Bible was open on a table, and upon it the secretaries took the oath of fidelity to the queen, the monarchy and the Spanish Government, placing their right hands on the Bible and kneeling as they repeated the words required. Senor Galvez, president of the cabinet, was first sworn in, and then the oath was administered to the others.

After the conclusion of this ceremony all present attended the celebration of mass by the bishop in the chapel of the palace. All present knelt down at the elevation of the host, except the British and German consuls. At the conclusion of the ceremonies the captain general remitted the death penalty imposed upon persons who had been convicted of common crimes. Cable messages of congratulation were exchanged during the day between Senor Sagasta, premier of Spain, and Marshal Blanco.

NEW MENACE FOR ENGLAND.

British Possessions in Africa Threatened by Rival Nations.

The Cairo correspondent of the London Daily Mail says, as part explanation of the British advance up the Nile, that it is believed French expeditions have arrived quite close to Khartoum. According to the same authority, the British force will be commanded by Maj. Gen. Sir Francis Grenfell.

The Rome correspondent of the Daily Mail says: "I learn from private sources that the Italian foreign office has received information that Emperor Menelek has summoned the Abyssinians to arms in support of the French enterprises in equatorial Africa, and especially the plans of the Russian, Count Deontieff, governor of the equatorial provinces of Abyssinia. "Menelek himself is setting out at the head of an army, and it is believed the movement marks an expedition against the Anglophile Ras Mangascia, whose province, Tigre, the negus wishes to annex. I also hear that Menelek, calculating upon the remissness of the Italian Government, purposes an advance toward the coast."

A dispatch from Cairo, via Paris, on Friday announced that a French expedition had occupied Fashoda, on the Nile.

BAD DIGESTION, BAD HEART.

Poor digestion often causes irregularity of the heart's action. This irregularity may be mistaken for real, organic heart disease. The symptoms are much the same. There is a vast difference between the two; organic heart disease is often incurable; apparent heart disease is curable if good digestion be restored.



A Case of Heart Failure.

She was much frightened, but noticed that at intervals in which her stomach did not annoy her, her heart's action became normal. Reasoning correctly that her digestion was alone at fault, she procured the proper medicine to treat that trouble, and with immediate good results. Her appetite came back, the choking spells became less frequent and finally ceased. Her weight, which had been greatly reduced, was restored, and she now weighs more than for years. Her blood became pure and her cheeks rosy.

This disease is a common one, and that others may know the means of cure we give the name of the medicine used—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

THE HOSTETTER CO. WINS ANOTHER CASE.

Infringements on Their Bitters Not Tolerated by United States Court.

The United States Circuit Court for the Southern District of New York, Judge Townsend presiding, handed down an opinion Dec. 23, 1897, granting injunction and accounting, in the suit of The Hostetter Company against Isaac Sommers and Louis Joseph, for infringement of its Trade Mark. The jurist states, in bold and clear language, the rights accruing to the Hostetter Company, and the liability incurred by all who would rob them, by fraud or misrepresentation, of the well-earned reputation and profits of a business built up by the efforts of half a century. The Judge says, in part:

"The complainant is entitled to protection against the appropriation of its trade mark, by any and all unfair and dishonorable means, and a court of equity has power to grant such protection whenever it is satisfied that an attempt has been made by ingenious subterfuges, to invade the rights of an owner of a trade mark. * * * In the sharp contest between the individual manufacturer, who strives to acquire and retain the fruits of industry and honesty, and the field of keen rivals, seeking to wrest from him the prize of the public good-will, the inventive ingenuity of the infringer has conceived a great variety of devices for evading the established rules of fair dealing. * * * Courts of equity finding that their ultimate object and effect were to enable and induce the retail seller of a fraudulent imitation to palm it off on an unsuspecting public for the genuine article, and thus to contribute to the infringement upon the rights of the original owner, have not hesitated to apply the remedy."

Monon Sleeper to Cincinnati and Washington.

The Monon through sleeper to Washington and Baltimore via Cincinnati has proved a great success and will run all winter. It leaves Dearborn station, Chicago, at 2:45 a. m. (sleeper ready at 9:30 p. m.) and arrives in Washington at 6:47 a. m. next day. Frank J. Reed, G. P. A., Chicago.

Equal to Leap Year.

Miss Autumn—I'm going down to that auction sale on State street.
Miss Young—What do you want to buy?
Miss Autumn—Oh, I don't know that I will purchase anything; just going to satisfy my curiosity. I've heard that a nice-looking man gets up on a platform every day and says: "Won't some one make me an offer?"

It Keeps the Feet Dry and Warm.

And is the only cure for Chills, Frost Bites, Damp, Sweating Feet, Corns and Bunions. Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

As one must break through the shell of the egg to reach the golden yolk, so must one oftentimes break through the shell of a friend's diffidence to reach his golden heart.

Lane's Family Medicine

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

Dental science was utterly lost to the world during the dark ages, or for about 1,000 years, and was only restored in 1700.

Eighty-six miles shortest to New Orleans, 109 miles shortest to Florida—Queen and Crescent Route from Cincinnati.

New line to Tampa via Queen and Crescent Route from Cincinnati, 34 hours, through Pullmans.

WETS Permanently Cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE \$2.00 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

No Difference.

Physical troubles of a like nature coming from different causes are often a puzzle to those who suffer pain as to their treatment and cure, as in the case of lumbago from cold or a strain in some way to the same muscles. The treatment of such need not differ one with the other. Both are bad enough and should have prompt attention, as nothing disables so much as a lame back. The use of St. Jacobs Oil will settle the question. Its efficacy is so sure in either case there is no difference in the treatment and no doubt of the cure.

On Board the Local.

"I'm out of sorts this morning," said the conductor, after he had finished collecting the tickets. "I've got a bad fit of the blues."
"So I see," replied the brakeman, as he sized up the conductor's new uniform. "Why don't you patronize some other tailor?"

The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad stands third in the list of freight equipment according to the report of the Official Railway Equipment Register in the possession of eight-wheel freight cars for all purposes. The total number of cars is 34,674. Of this number almost 14,000 are box cars and 18,000 coal cars, the others being refrigerator, live stock, passenger and caboose cars. Even with this equipment there are many days that a shortage of cars is severely felt.

A Pointed Query.

Young Softleigh—Do you know, Miss Cutting, that I actually believe I am losing my mind?
Miss Cutting—Indeed! Why, how can you tell?

Do You Dance To-Night?

Shake in your shoes Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It makes tight or New Shoes feel Easy. Cures Corns, Bunions, Chills, Frost Bites and Sweating Feet. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Might Be Worse.

No doubt it causes a man to feel sad, When a flirt casts him off for a better; But for him it isn't one-half so bad As for the man who happens to get her.

Coughing Leads to Consumption.

Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Sold in 25 and 50 cent bottles. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

They are fools who persist in being quite miserable because they are not quite happy.

Purify garments and linen used in the sick room with Glenn's Sulphur Soap. Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, black or brown, 75c.

The best way to humble a proud man is not to take any notice of him.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the best of all cough cures.—George W. Lotz, Fabacher, La., Aug. 26, 1895.

Solid daily trains to Jacksonville, 24 hours from Cincinnati. Queen and Crescent Route.

Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP for Children teething; softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

A LETTER TO WOMEN.

A few words from Mrs. Smith, of Philadelphia, will certainly corroborate the claim that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is woman's ever reliable friend.

"I cannot praise Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound too highly.

"For nine weeks I was in bed suffering with inflammation and congestion of the ovaries. I had a discharge all the time. When lying down all the time, I felt quite comfortable; but as soon as I would put my feet on the floor, the pains would come back.

"Every one thought it was impossible for me to get well. I was paying \$1 per day for doctor's visits and 75 cents a day for medicine. I made up my mind to try Mrs. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It has effected a complete cure for me, and I have all the faith in the world in it. What a blessing to woman it is!"—MRS. JENNIE L. SMITH, No. 324 Kauffman St., Philadelphia, Pa.



DO YOU COUGH
DON'T DELAY
TAKE
KEMP'S BALSAM
THE BEST COUGH CURE

It Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. 50c and 25c Per Bottle.

60 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

For information as to Low Railway Rates, Maps, Pamphlets, etc., address the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, Canada, or C. J. Broughton, 1223 Madison Building, Chicago, Ill.; W. V. Bennett, 119 New York Life Building, Omaha, Neb.

AN OPEN LETTER TO MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," the same that has borne and does now bear the fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Pitcher* on every wrapper. This is the original "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," which has been used in the homes of the mothers of America for over thirty years. LOOK CAREFULLY at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought *Chas. H. Pitcher* on the and has the signature of *Chas. H. Pitcher* wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company of which Chas. H. Pitcher is President.

March 8, 1897. *Samuel Pitcher, M.D.*

Do Not Be Deceived.
Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which even he does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought"
BEARS THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Pitcher
Insist on Having
The Kind That Never Failed You.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

"A Fair Face Cannot Atone for An Untidy House."

Use

SAPOLIO

C. N. U. No. 3-98

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE SAY you saw the advertisement in this paper.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

CURE YOURSELF!
Use Big 6 for unusual discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of the urogenital membranes. Painless, and not astrident or poisonous.
Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for \$1.00, or 3 bottles, \$2.75. Circular sent on request.

SUBSCRIPTION:

For One Year \$1.25
 For Six Months .70
 For Three Months .35
 If paid promptly in advance a discount of 25 cents will be given on the year.

Obituary poetry 5 cents per line. Local advertisements 5 cents per line. Display advertising rates made known on application.
 Cards of thanks will be published at 25 cts per inch.

MR. AND MRS. DILLON.

An Example of Fine Magnanimity—Generous to England.

I made a hasty excursion to France, to see John Dillon and his family, who had made a visit to Europe, and came as near the mother country as the English authorities permitted him, says the Contemporary Review. "Dillon," says my diary, "looks vigorous and tranquil; he preserves the sweet serenity that distinguished him of old." I cannot pause on this visit, except to note two lessons I got—one against prejudice, one teaching magnanimity. On Sunday morning Grey and I strolled to the local church, without waiting for Dillon. After we came out we compared notes, and agreed that French women had an unrivaled art of dressing. One petite dame, who knelt before us, was, we agreed, the best dressed woman we had seen for a decade, showing that only the French, etc. When she walked out of the church we discovered that the belle dame was our countrywoman, Mrs. Dillon. The example of magnanimity was furnished by Dillon himself. We told him what was being done in Ireland, not only above the surface, but, as we understood, beneath the surface. "We ought to consider," says Dillon, "that what we call England is the only country in Europe where the personal liberty of men is secure. Here we are living under a perpetual spy system. We don't know that our servants are not spies, and it is little better in Germany and Italy. It goes against my conscience to see anything done in the pursuance of our just quarrel which is not done in broad day." When we consider that the exile was shut out of his own country by the power he was judging so generously this was surely finely magnanimous.

Cavern of Shells.

At Margate, England, there is a remarkable relic of the past about which very little apparently is known. It is an underground cavern, or grotto, whose walls are lined with shells. In Pearson's Magazine the grotto is described by Mr. J. Malcolm Fraser. Speaking of his visit of inspection, Mr. Fraser says: "We pass through a rough-hewn passage, one hundred feet long, which suddenly emerges into the so-called grotto. Gas has been laid throughout the whole route, and as burner after burner is lighted, the beauty and elegance of one of the most fantastic relics of the pagan period reveal themselves. A large central column, supporting the arched roof, discloses a marvel of architectural design eclipsing even the Alhambrian mosaic work, innumerable panels—perfectly proportioned—line the walls, the columns and the arches of the cave—each panel beautifully finished—each most perfect in design—all different. Roses with buds, flowers, stems, and leaves may all be seen exquisitely worked in shells of different forms and colors. Vines, with small white grapes intermingled with large black muscatels, swords and shields, fishes and birds, all tastefully arranged and carried out. The shells used in the decoration of this wonderful cavern are those which may ordinarily be found on the beach of any of our British watering places."

A Word of Caution to Mothers.

The craze for bicycle riding seems to have "turned" the heads of many otherwise sensible mothers, so that a new schedule of propriety and womanly modesty and breeding seems to have been adopted with the bicycle. Sensible mothers never before allowed their young daughters to wander forth unchaperoned for miles into the country with no other attendant than one of her girl friends, as young and inexperienced as herself. On the bicycle in a comparatively short time the children may be carried miles away from the protection of their father's house and the neighbors who know them. Therein the danger lies. The country is full of a roving population and it is not safe or proper for young persons to go so far from home. It tends to erratic habits. Even when no greater evil follows such freedom, it is liable to give young people a certain gipsylike want of respect for conventionalities, which should be respected because they are the protection of society.

Subscribe for the HERALD.

* HE IS BOUND TO SELL! *

A large number of choice, selected articles, found here and there when invoicing, at Prices Below Cost. Also, we assure you that we MUST AND WILL MEET all competitors in Boots, Shoes and Rubber Goods for the next SIXTY DAYS. We have a full and elegant line of DRY GOODS that must Go. For Bargains Galore, call at

VANSCHOIACK'S.

LOCALS.

Chas. Hutchins is quite sick.
 Adam Linsmore is very sick.
 Mrs. Geo. Nearpass is upon the sick list.
 One of Tobe Eash's children is quite ill.
 The Dutch are the largest consumers of tobacco.
 Dr. Rea made Plymouth a professional visit Wednesday.
 Jacob Rearick has a very sick child. It is afflicted with catarrhal fever.
 Will close out all fifty cent working shirts at thirty-nine cents at Vanschoiack's.
 Mrs. Wm. Zechiel, Sr., is dangerously ill with nervous complaint, being an extreme sufferer with said disease for several years.
 Any two dollar shoes in the house for men or ladies going at Vanschoiack's at \$1.70 per pair. These are first class goods and must be closed out.
 Mr. Peter Doll, who lives north of town, was presented with a girl Tuesday by his wife, so reports Dr. Rea, the attending physician.
 E. B. Vanschoiack has just finished invoicing and is highly gratified over the business for the past year. He is determined to remain at the old stand and give his customers the advantage of low prices.
 Farmers in Union township are realizing more than ever that they can buy first-class harness goods at Hayden Rea's as cheap as any other place in the county. They also know that when it comes to repair work he cannot be excelled.
 Louis Neidlinger considers himself one of the richest men in Marshall county at present and steps very high. The reason of this sudden elevation to realms of great importance is that his amiable and charming wife presented him with a handsome girl baby last Friday morning. Dr. Wiseman reports mother and child doing well.
 C. M. Crichbaum, of the firm of Romig & Crichbaum, South Bend, Ind., has been visiting with Mr. D. R. Avey of this place for a few days.
 The great comedy drama "Uncle Josh" which was repeated by the home talent Saturday evening, is undoubtedly one of the best of its kind. The company was greeted with an overflowing house.
 After a prolonged and bitter struggle against opposition in the Ohio State Senate, Marcus A. Hanna was elected United States Senator to succeed himself. It is needless to say that the traitors to said gentleman will be relegated into most decided back members when the proper time comes.
 Jap Horner, a citizen of De'long, is nursing a very sore thumb, caused by a piece of falling timber.
 Mrs. Horner, of De'long, is visiting her parents at Culver a few days this week.

Indiana in the Belt.

Prof. Wiley, of the Agricultural department at Washington, and who has been investigating the question of Northern Indiana being in the sugar belt, says, in a letter to Senator Fairbanks: "I am fully convinced that there are many localities in northern Indiana which have advantages equal, if not superior, to any part of this country outside of the irrigated area and some points on the Pacific coast. Indiana ought to look forward to making at least all the sugar she consumes and it is not a possible, but a probable, outcome of the investigations which are now being made in this line of agricultural progress."

Stolen and Paid For.

The English language of today has no resemblance to that of 1,000 years ago.
 Russia is increasing in population faster than any other country in the world.
 You can't afford to risk your life by allowing a cold to develop into pneumonia or consumption. Instant relief and a certain cure are afforded by One Minute Cough Cure. Culver City Drug Store.
 It is estimated that the hair on a fair head would support the weight of 500 people.
 A newly-discovered spot on the sun, visible now, is said to be 30,000 miles in diameter.
 There are a number of our subscribers who promised us word on subscription. We would like eight or ten cords immediately. Do not forget us.
 The Pacific ocean covers 78,000,000 square miles, the Atlantic 25,000,000, the Mediterranean, 1,000,000.
 Don't forget to pay John Osborn's shoe store a visit when you are in town. He will astonish you with low prices.
 The fastest-flowing river in the world is the Suley, in British India. Its descent is 12,000 feet in 150 miles.
 The county of Lancashire England, 1,700 firms engaged in the cotton business, with 72,000,000 spindles.
 CLOSING OUT.—Get your footwear at John Osborn's, durable and cheaper than the cheapest.
 A naturalist of eminence finds that land birds make their journeys in the day time and water birds at night.
 Rev. John Paton, who is stationed among the cannibals of the New Hebrides, reports that owing to his efforts last year, 1,120 natives promised to change their diet permanently.
 Footwear of every description at John Osborn's shoe store. Call and secure bargains while they last.
 The governor of Connecticut does not have the power to pardon or to commute punishment of criminals, the state board of pardons of five members having sole jurisdiction in such cases.
 Al. Monger, of De'long, a young man who is preparing himself for the ministry, was in town Sunday attending services at the M. E. church morning and evening.
 After hearing some friends continually praising Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, Curtis Fleck, of Anaheim, California, purchased a bottle of it for his own use and is now as enthusiastic over its wonderful work as anyone can be. The 25 and 50 cent sizes for sale at Culver City Drug Store.
 A writer in the Indiana farmer has found quinine to be a good remedy for the case of hog cholera. He doses the hogs heavily with the drug giving it every two hours, and after the third dose the hogs began to eat and later all symptoms of the disease disappeared. It is claimed that the bitter element in the drug is an antidote for the disease.
 Jerome Flagg, the new proprietor of the Lakeside hotel, is now prepared to entertain all those who desire entertainment at this popular house. Mr. Flagg is one of the best known hotel men in Marshall county, hence has gained an enviable reputation as a hotel caterer. For reasonable prices and first-class accommodations give him a call.
 There is no need of little children being tortured by scald head, eczema and skin eruptions. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve gives instant relief and cures permanently.

Wm. Foss has moved his shoe repair shop into the building formerly occupied by John A. Campbell as a Jewelry Shop. Mr. Foss will be better prepared than ever to meet the wants of his patrons, and as he is doing first class work at the following exceedingly low prices, he is securing a large patronage: Gent's shoes half soled, 40 cents a pair, Ladies' shoes half soled 30 cents a pair.

Disfigurement for life by burns or scalds may be avoided by using DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, the great remedy for piles and for all kinds of sores and skin. Culver City Drug Store

When Mr. Gladstone was about to depart on his recent trip to France some one asked him if he did not think his continual reading and study had a bad effect on his nerves. "My dear sir," said Mr. Gladstone, "can you imagine what would be the condition of my nerves if I were compelled to do nothing?"

You can't cure consumption but you can avoid it and cure every other form of throat or lung trouble by the use of One Minute Cough Cure. Culver City Drug Store.

The working people in this country who are dissatisfied with their earnings may find consolation in the fact that millions of families in India live on 50 cents a week and women work in the fields for 3 cents a day.

Small pill, safe pill, best pill. DeWitt's Little Early Risers cure biliousness, constipation, sick headache. Culver City Drug Store.

The New W. R. C. at Burr Oak.

Old Glory waved proudly at Burr Oak Friday and patriotism ran high in that wide-awake little hamlet. The occasion was the organization and establishment of a new Women's Relief Corps at that place and the installation of officers of the new corps and of James Clem post G. A. R., to which it is attached. The institution of the new society and the installation of officers took place under the direction of members of Miles H. Tibbets corps of Plymouth, Mrs. J. E. Houghton presiding, and the officers of the Grand Army post were installed by Washington Kelley.

At the conclusion of the ceremonies of the ladies, W. E. Bailey was called upon to say a few words of encouragement for the new venture and he responded in a speech that was loudly applauded. Other brief speeches followed and then came a supper such as is not often seen. The tables were loaded with all the good things the country can produce and the edibles disappeared like fresh meat in a camp where beans and hard tack had long been the bill of fare.—Plymouth Republican.

One of Two Ways.

The bladder was created for one purpose, namely, a receptacle for the urine, and as such it is not liable to any form of disease except by one of two ways. The first way is from imperfect action of the kidneys. The second way is from careless local treatment of other diseases.

CHIEF CAUSE.

Unhealthy urine from unhealthy kidneys is the chief cause of bladder troubles. So the womb, like the bladder, was created for one purpose, and if not doctored too much is not liable to weakness or disease, except in rare cases. It is situated back of and very close to the bladder, therefore any pain, disease or inconvenience manifested in the kidneys, back, bladder or urinary passage is often, by mistake, attributed to female weakness or womb trouble of some. The error is easily made and may be as easily avoided, so find out correctly, set your urine aside for twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates kidney or bladder trouble. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney and bladder remedy is soon realized. If you used a medicine you should have the best. All druggists fifty cents and one dollar. You may have a sample bottle and pamphlets, both sent free by mail. Mention the CULVER CITY HERALD and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The proprietors of this paper guarantee the genuineness of this offer.

The Grist Mill.

All arrangements have been completed and the machinery for the grist mill will arrive in Culver on or about the 20th inst., and in less than thirty days from the time the machinery arrives the proprietors will be ready to grind flour. The machinery will consist of the very latest and most improved roller mill process, and the proprietors are positive of manufacturing just as good a grade of flour at the Culver mill as can be procured anywhere in the state. The main building is three stories and arranged upon the most modern plan. The HERALD extends to this industry its best wishes and bespeaks for it the hearty patronage of every farmer for miles and miles around.

YOU WANT A WATCH!

What kind—one for \$1.50 or one for \$15. I can sell you any kind at any price to suit you.

CAMPBELL, = EXPERT = Watchmaker, CULVER, IND.

The Biggest Offer Yet!

The Culver City Herald —AND— THE TWICE-A-WEEK DETROIT FREE PRESS Both Papers one Year FOR ONLY \$1.50.

THE TWICE-A-WEEK DETROIT FREE PRESS needs no introduction. Its many special articles by noted writers have given it a world-wide reputation. In short, it is one of the cleanest, brightest and best papers published. No pains or expense will be spared in keeping up its present high standard. Remember, that by taking advantage of this combination, you get 52 copies of THE HERALD and 104 copies of THE FREE PRESS, 156 papers, for only \$1.50.

A 500-Page Book Free!

THE FREE PRESS ANNUAL YEAR BOOK AND ALMANAC FOR 1898. \$1.898. CORRECT. CONCISE. COMPLETE. OVER 20,000 COPIES OF 1897 BOOK WERE SOLD AT 25 CENTS EACH.

An accurate and superior Book of Reference that tells you all you want to know. There will not be a useless page in it. A Practical Educator and Hand Book of Encyclopedic information on subjects Statistical, Official, Historical, Political and Agricultural; likewise a Book of Religious Fact, and general Practical Directions on everyday affairs of Office, Home and Farm. A copy of this book will be sent to all subscribing immediately and sending 15c additional for mailing expenses, making \$1.65 in all. The book will be published about December 25, 1897. Copies of the book will be sent to all taking advantage of this offer, as soon after above date as possible.

A ROMANCE OF LONG AGO.

Peggy Hutchinson's Admirer of Noble Birth Whom Her Father Turned Away.

Boston Special to New York Sun: Among the thousands of documents stored in the state house are three letters and part of a journal that outlines a romance of the days when Massachusetts was a province governed by Thomas Hutchinson. It is a story that has not been known to the world and not even to the personal friends of those interested. The characters in this romance are a titled lover, a father who refused his sanction to a proposed marriage, and a New England maiden who died in ignorance of both the love and the lover's vain plea. Some letters are missing. The first document in the story is a letter to Gov. Hutchinson, dated April 6, 1771. The writer was William, son of Lord Fitzwilliam, and in this letter he recites his love for the governor's daughter, telling his story with old-time courtesy. He says: "I have had the honor of seeing Miss Hutchinson, but have never spoken to her. I need not tell you I admire her when I say that I wish to call her mine." The lover pleads for the father's consent to visit the daughter, "as the most honorable method of proceeding to getting acquainted with her." Gov. Hutchinson's methodical reply in duplicate, in his own cramped handwriting, is preserved. In it he says:

"In my station I should, from respect to my Lord Fitzwilliam, think it my duty to do all in my power to discourage his son from so unequal a match with any person in the province, and I should most certainly be highly criminal if I should countenance or encourage a match with my own daughter. I trust you will think this a sufficient reason for my not acceding to your proposal, and I sincerely wish you happy in a person more suited to your birth and rank, and who may be approved of by your honorable parent." At this point there is a gap in the story. The young man evidently wrote a second time, but neither the second letter nor the governor's reply is in the archives. It is certain, though, that the governor did not relent, and in a third letter the young man craved a personal interview, as the ship to which he was attached, the Boston, was to sail that day, not, as he says, "that I shall desire you to give me the least encouragement with regard to my former letter, but as I think it necessary to wait on you." There is no record of the interview, but it must have been a sad one if held, for the governor was a kind-hearted man and a devoted husband, who never forgot to celebrate as the happiest day of his life the anniversary of his wedding. The beautiful Miss Hutchinson, for whose hand the young man was suing, was the governor's second daughter, Margaret, of whom the father always speaks in his letters and journal as "Peggy." Peggy was but 17 years old when the letters were written, and she died of consumption at Chelsea, England, when she was 23. The delicate beauty which young William admired so much arose partly from her consumptive tendencies. For several years the family was in England. According to the father's journal he called upon the queen on Aug. 28, 1777. "The queen asked where I had been," he writes, "and I told her I had been six months in the country with my sick daughter. The queen expressed the hope that she would soon recover." But Peggy died on the 21st of the following month. Almost on that same date her father wrote in his diary that her Majesty's ship the Boston was again on the Massachusetts coast. There is nothing in any of the Governor's journals to show that Peggy was ever told of young Fitzwilliam's love for her, and nothing to show that the young man ever saw the girl of his early love after the father had crushed hope out of his heart.

J. M. Thirswend, of Groesbeck, Tex., says that when he has a spell of indigestion, and feels bad and sluggish, he takes two of DeWitt's Little Early Risers at night, and he is all right the next morning. Many thousands of others do the same thing. Do you? Culver City Drug Store.

A full-grown man exhales 17 ounces of carbonic acid gas every 24 hours.

J. C. Berry, one of the best known citizens of Spencer, Co., testifies that he cured himself of the worst kind of piles by using a few boxes of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. He had been troubled with piles for over thirty years and had used many different kinds of so-called cures; and he will verify this statement if any one wishes to write him. Culver City Drug Store.

Don't be persuaded into buying liniments without reputation or merit—Chamberlain's Pain Balm costs no more, and its merits have been proven by a test of many years. Such letters as the following from L. G. Bagley, Hueneme, Cal., are constantly being received: "The best remedy for pain I have ever used is Chamberlain's Pain Balm, and I say so after having used it in my family for several years." It cures rheumatism, lame back, sprains and swellings. For sale by Culver City Drug Store.

Lost—Lap robe. Finder will please leave same at this office.

Before buying Your SPRING SHOES

Examine our Line and Get Prices. PORTER & CO.,

Rubbers, Rubber Boots, Overshoes, Wool Boots.



That's the sort of merchandise which has been piling in here of late. We took advantage of special low prices and bought ours before the prices went up.

That's the reason we can sell them cheaper than most other folks.

If you'll come in quick—the first time you can after you read this—there's a chance for you to get the best kind of foot protection for a very little money.

PORTER & COMPANY.

SEE
"Selz" on the Sole
of the shoes
that you buy.

Selz Shoes
make your feet glad.

We have Groceries

And you all desire to purchase
First-class Goods.

Hence you can find an endless variety at H. J. MEREDITH'S.

CANDIES for the millions from five cents
per lb. up. If you want to make your
wife a present, buy her a fine set of dishes, of
which I have a superb stock to select from.

The leading Grocery in Cul- ver, and prices on par with the time.

FIRE, FIRE, FRIE.

Get insured before you have a fire. Notice the fine list of Insurance Companies represented right here in Culver City:

OHIO FARMERS,
INDIANA UNDERWRITERS,
PACIFIC.

GERMAN FIRE OF INDIANA
CITIZENS OF EVANSVILLE,
GIRARD,

MUTUAL LIFE OF NEW YORK.

Give me a call. DAN G. WALTER, Culver, Ind.

* H. A. DEEDS, *
DENTIST.

From the office of F. M. Burket, Plymouth, Ind., will be at Dr. Rea's office, Culver City, each Monday. Remember the date. 28th.

WARNING:—Persons who suffer from coughs and colds should heed the warnings of danger and save themselves suffering and fatal results by using One Minute Cough Cure. It is an infallible remedy for coughs, colds, croup and all throat and lung troubles. Culver City Drug Store.

J. H. CASTLEMAN,

Dealer of

Grain, Coal, Salt and Feed.

* Live and Let Live is My Motto. *
Highest Prices Paid for all Kinds of Grain.

CULVER, IND.

He Leads Them All.

Positively the Largest and most Select Line of
Furniture in the county.



Sewing Machines of every grade repaired and Sundries furnished for the same.

BICYCLE REPAIRING one of the great Specialties.

Undertaking AND Embalming

are the leading features of this establishment. Calls promptly attended night or day.

DON'T MISS THE PLACE.

A. B. Wickizer.

PRICES AT ROCK BOTTOM.

ARGOS IND

HAYES & SON,

PROPRIETORS OF

Livery, Feed and Sale Stable.



First Class Horses, Buggies and Vehicles of every description. Can stable from 50 to 75 Horses and shelter a number of Buggies.

Culver,

Indiana.

CLEANING-UP BARGAINS

At LAUER & SONS,

Every man who desires to save money—S pay attention to these helps we give him.

Special Cleaning- Suits and
up Sale Overcoats.

ALL OUR \$ 5.00 SUITS AND OVERCOATS	.....	\$3.75
ALL OUR 7.50 SUITS AND OVERCOATS	.....	5.00
ALL OUR 10.00 SUITS AND OVERCOATS	.....	6.75
ALL OUR 12.50 SUITS AND OVERCOATS	.....	8.00
ALL OUR 15.00 SUITS AND OVERCOATS	.....	9.75

We Are Also Cleaning Up

All Winter Underwear, Gloves and Mittens, Caps, Boys' Clothing, Pants, Furnishing Goods, Felt Boots and Rubbers at prices reduced 25 per cent.

The original prices are on all of our goods. Make your own selection. Call early and get CHOICE BARGAINS.

M. LAUER & SON, The One-Price Clothiers.
Plymouth, Ind.

BALL & CARABIN,
PLYMOUTH, IND

Years of untiring effort have at last rewarded our labor in securing the best line of

CORSETS

ever shown by any merchant. Any lady can be perfectly suited when once shown our line, which is the largest to select from.

We carry several of the most reliable brands in the saleable colors in all sizes, shapes and prices.

Ease and grace, combining comfort and durability, are the points that have been indispensable factors in the selection of our stock. We wish to draw in particular your attention to the

"W. B." CORSET

for which we are exclusive agents. This Corset allows perfect freedom combined with the shape and gracefulness. It is conceded to be the best Corset for medium price on the market.

The lady clerks will take pleasure in explaining to you the merits and valuable points of every make of Corset we handle.

BALL & CARABIN,
PLYMOUTH, IND.

ROSS HOUSE
PLYMOUTH, ND.

Only First-Class House in the City. Rates Reasonable

Special rates given to Marshall county citizens, who come in numbers. Hacks to and from all trains.

J. B. Bowell, Proprietor.

SPAIN READY TO QUIT

SHE MAY ACCEPT OUR GOOD OFFICES IN CUBA.

Washington Rumor Is that the Sagasta Ministry Is Discouraged at the Outlook in Cuba—Holland Already Preparing to Crown Its Queen.

Almost Ready to Give Up. There is more than one conjecture back of a report at Washington that the Spanish Government is considering the advisability of asking the United States to intercede with the Cuban insurgents in behalf of peace.

ACCESSION OF WILHELMINA.

Preparations for Event Already in Progress at The Hague. Although eight months will elapse before the date decided upon for Queen Wilhelmina's taking the oath of accession in the New Church of Amsterdam, active preparations for the ceremonial have already been inaugurated in Holland.

HER HAIR ABLAZE.

St. Louis Girl's Celluloid Combs Ignite from a Grate Fire. Miss Bernice Cheatham, a 17-year-old girl, who resides at St. Louis, Mo., was sitting in front of a grate fire with her head in her hands, when suddenly she felt sharp pains in her head.

Farmers' Alliance Election. The Farmers' Alliance of Minnesota re-elected all of the old officers who were present at its meeting in St. Paul. This included President J. C. Long, Secretary J. C. Hanley, Lecturer H. V. Poore, Treasurer H. A. Swaine of Northfield.

Twenty-five Years for Murder. Judge Zachritz, in the criminal court at St. Louis, passed sentence of twenty-five years in the penitentiary on Otto Willig for murder in the second degree.

Corn King in Kansas. Secretary Coburn of the Kansas Board of Agriculture has completed a tabulation of the values of farm products and live stock marketed in Kansas during the last ten years.

Pleased with Mexican Land. The representatives of the Choctaw and Chickasaw nations are on their return from inspecting the 3,000,000 acres of land in Mexico, which they expect to buy, and which lie on the Rio Grande, fifty miles below El Paso, Texas.

A Blaze at Sing Sing. Fire was discovered in the mess room of the State prison at Sing Sing, N. Y. Instead of taking advantage of the incident to make an attempt to escape, the prisoners went to work and extinguished the flames.

Larger than in 1892—Strong Foreign Demand for Grain. Dun's commercial report says: The volume of business through clearing-houses—for the week 14.2 per cent. larger than in 1892—has for the month been 0.3 per cent. larger than in that year, and in many industries and branches of business the later months of this year have surpassed all records.

LARGER WHEAT ACREAGE.

Farmers Plant 11.4 Per Cent. More than in 1896. The special crop report of the New York Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin says: "Final returns make the area of winter wheat 26,663,000 acres, as compared with 23,930,000 acres harvested last year, an increase of 11.4 per cent.

SPAIN ACTS PROMPTLY.

Weyler Placed Under Arrest to Forestall Diplomatic Remonstrance. Gen. Weyler was placed under arrest by the Government at Madrid for the memorial which he has addressed to the queen regent assailing President McKinley in connection with his message to Congress.

A Surprising Decision.

Greatly to the surprise of administration officials in Washington, the award of the arbitrator in the matter of the claims of Charles Oberlander and Barbara M. Messenger, citizens of the United States, against the Government of Mexico, is against the claimants.

Opera House Burned.

At Brainerd, Minn., fire burned the Sleeper opera house, one of the finest in Northern Minnesota, and the store of C. D. O'Brien, with a large part of the contents. The opera house was built at a cost of \$20,000.

Hall Floor Gave Way.

At a home talent theater given in a hall at Cedar Point, Kan., the floor gave way, precipitating fifty people a distance of twenty feet. One man had a leg broken, another his ribs crushed and about thirty others were scratched and bruised.

CHINA CEDES KIAO-CHOU BAY TO THE INVADER.

Arrangement Called a Lease—Belief that British Government Will Guarantee Proposed Loan—Prince Henry at Port Said—Surprise for the Greeks

Germany Wins.

The Kiao-Chou difficulty has been settled at a conference of the tsung li yamen (Chinese foreign office), which made the necessary concessions. The Berlin Reichsanzeiger announces that, according to a telegram from Peking, an understanding has been reached between Germany and China regarding the cession of Kiao-Chou Bay to the former.

KILLED BY AN INDIAN.

Mrs. Leard Is Brutally Murdered by a Seminole in Oklahoma.

A lonely little cabin in the woods near the town of Maud, O. T., was the scene of a horrible murder. Mrs. Julia Leard, a young married woman, was at home alone with her two small children when a strange Seminole Indian came to the house and asked to borrow a saddle.

SURPRISE FOR THE INDIANS.

They Will Be Astonished When Washington Messenger Comes.

The Creek council met at Okmulgee, I. T., in extra session to consider the advisability of employing attorneys to test the constitutionality of the act of Congress which went into effect Jan. 1, and which abolishes the tribal courts.

Coffee War Goes On.

The Woolson Spice Company of Toledo will fight the Arbuckles. It has filed an answer in the Federal Court in the action brought against it by the Arbuckles. It alleges that the Arbuckles are striving to wreck its business, and that it would be dangerous to its interests to permit the Arbuckles to participate in the management of its affairs.

Ignatius Donnelly to Wed.

The announcement is made that Ignatius Donnelly, the well-known Populist leader and upholder of the Baconian authorship of Shakespeare's works, will marry Miss Marian Hansen, who has been stenographer in the office of his newspaper.

Children Played with a Revolver.

At San Jose, Cal., Rebecca Smith, the 5-year-old daughter of George F. Smith, was fatally shot by her 10-year-old brother. The children were playing in the garret of their home with a revolver.

Mystery in a Suicide.

A woman whose name is given as Mrs. Etta Mitchell died at the Kansas City police station of poison, self-administered. At a local hotel the woman registered from Topeka, Kan., but no such person is known there.

Land Opened for Settlers.

The work of surveying the old Fort McKinney military reservation has been completed and the reservation will be offered for sale. It comprises thirty-eight sections of land most of which is susceptible of agricultural development.

Three Killed in a Mine.

Three men were killed at the Avondale mine of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Coal Company at Wilkes-Barre, Pa., by a terrific explosion of gas. A driver boy was badly burned and otherwise injured, but will recover.

Missouri's Bonded Indebtedness.

According to State Auditor Silbert's report, the total Missouri State debt amounts to \$4,500,000 of 3 1/2 per cent option bonds.

Base-ball Manager Dead.

Charles H. Byrne, president of the Brooklyn Baseball Club, is dead.

The December Statement Shows a Decrease in Public Debt.

The monthly statement of the public debt, issued at Washington, shows that at the close of business Dec. 31 the debt, less cash in the treasury, amounted to \$999,111,567, a decrease for the month of \$10,114,899. This decrease in the debt is due principally to an increase in the cash, which is accounted for by the sale of the Union Pacific Railroad.

A ROMANCE OF THE WAR.

Husband and Wife Separated Thirty Years Ago Will Remarry.

Early next spring Hiram Burt and Mrs. Minnie Knowles will be married at Rochester, N. Y., and under circumstances which seldom occur in life. They were husband and wife at the time the war broke out. Both went to the front, he as a soldier, she as a nurse.

Mexico Rubs Against Us.

The steamer Albion has arrived at San Diego, Cal. Her officers and passengers report that the Mexican gunboat Democrita landed an armed force on Clipperton Island and in spite of protests hauled down the United States flag and raised the Mexican colors in its place.

Cuban Aid Comes Slowly.

Relief in the way of cash for the starving Cubans comes very slowly. So far only about \$7,000 has been subscribed. An anonymous "friend," believed to be Secretary Bliss, contributed \$5,000.

Beet Sugar Factory at Ogden.

E. H. Dyer & Co. of Cleveland, Ohio, have closed a contract with David Eccles and Joseph Clark of Ogden, Utah, for the construction of a \$700,000 beet sugar factory at Ogden.

Boy Kills His Brother.

At Chattanooga, Tenn., Edward Weller, aged 17 years, fired a single-barreled shot-gun at his brother, William Weller, killing him.

Burned to a Crisp.

Mrs. Jacob Brown of Fremont, Ohio, went into the cellar with a light. Natural gas exploded. She was burned to a crisp.

Value of Our Navy Yards.

The property value of the navy yards and various naval stations of the Government is in excess of \$60,000,000.

Bellaire Theater Burned.

The Elysian Theater at Bellaire, Ohio, was destroyed by fire. Loss, \$10,000.

Lowndes Out of the Race.

Gov. Lowndes has withdrawn from the Maryland senatorial contest.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$3.00 to \$5.75; hogs, shipping grades, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, fair to choice, \$2.00 to \$4.75; wheat, No. 2 red, 89c to 91c; corn, No. 2, 26c to 27c; oats, No. 2, 20c to 22c; rye, No. 2, 45c to 46c; butter, choice creamery, 20c to 22c; eggs, fresh, 21c to 23c; new potatoes, 50c to 65c per bushel.



Both branches of the National Legislature are again in session, having reconvened on Wednesday, after the holiday recess of two weeks.

The civil service debate began in the House the first day, based on the item in the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill for the maintenance of the commission. It promises to continue for several days. But it is generally admitted on both sides that the appropriation in the bill will stand, as the anti-civil service reformers do not seriously contemplate an attempt to strike it out.

The members of the House are divided into three camps on this question—those who stand by the law, those who advocate its entire repeal and those who desire its modification. These divisions were apparent in the debate on Wednesday, the nature of which was not as stirring as had been anticipated.

The Vice-President laid before the Senate the reply of Secretary Sherman to the Senate resolution requesting information as to the application of the civil service law in his department. From consideration of this reply the Senate drifted into a debate upon the civil service question that was at times quite acrimonious.

Secretary Gage in his report to Congress on the civil service recommended exemption from the classified service of about 4,500 places. They comprise deputy revenue collectors, lighthouse keepers, custodians and janitors.

Senator Teller introduced a concurrent resolution declaring the bonds of the United States payable in silver dollars, and asserting that "to restore to their coinage such silver coins as a legal tender in payment of said bonds, principal and interest, is not in violation of the public faith nor in derogation of the rights of the public creditor."

Thursday in the House was consumed by civil service debate, the executive, legislative and judicial appropriation bill being before the House. Speeches were made by Representatives Grosvenor (Ohio), Johnson (Indiana) and Lloyd (Missouri). In the Senate the bill providing for the holding of a congress of the representatives of different Indian tribes of the United States at Omaha in 1898 and appropriating \$45,000 therefor was passed.

A bill appropriating \$175,000 for a public building at Fergus Falls, Minn., was passed. The bill to protect the name and insignia of the Red Cross was passed.

The civil service debate continued in the House on Friday. All efforts to fix a time for its termination failed. The interest in the discussion does not seem to be waning. The debate was without marked incident. The speakers were Messrs. Gillette of Massachusetts, Burton of Ohio, Republicans, and Fitzgerald (Dem., Mass.), in support of the law; Messrs. Cummings (Dem., N. Y.), Faris (Rep., Ind.), Mahaney (Rep., N. Y.), Driggs (Dem., N. Y.) and Bradley (Dem., N. Y.), in opposition to and Mr. Kerr (Rep., Ohio) in favor of the modification of the law.

CURRENT COMMENT

Spain's new cabinet will start life with one eye on Don Carlos and the other on Uncle Sam.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

That convention of cripples at St. Louis might have been larger if it had been postponed until after the close of the football season.—Boston Globe.

Prof. Andree seems to have run out of pigeons. He might use gulls. It wouldn't be the first time the public had been gulled.—Richmond Dispatch.

By the time this matter of saving the seals receives the seal of approval from all parties concerned, the seals will be in a sealed tomb.—Washington Times.

England is about to send eighteen formidable warships to the Chinese coast. Mr. Bull evidently means to be ready to "argue" the case, if necessary.—Boston Globe.

Many Klondike enterprises are being carried along by wind, but that's no sign that the plan to transport supplies over the passes with the aid of lites is practicable.—St. Louis Republic.

The first response to President McKinley's official call for food and clothing for the suffering Cubans comes in the shape of some arms and ammunition. This looks like grim sarcasm.—Boston Herald.

CURFEW.

Cover the fire, put out the lights,
The weary work of day is done.
The shadows of night are on vale and heights,
We may sleep and rest till another sun.

Cover the fire, put out the lights,
The tasks of the year are over and done.
We have trodden our valleys, and climbed our heights,
In life's hard fight we have lost or won.

Cover the fire, put out the lights,
Smile in the dark, when the day is done.
We are God's dear children, in days and nights,
And safe in His love our swift years run.

—Harper's Bazaar.

ROMANCE OF A READING ROOM.

A curious friendship sprang up between two frequenters of the reading room at Cooper Union a year or two ago. Both were in the habit of spending the better part of every evening there, and both had developed a preference for a particular table. At first it was the location of that table alone which attracted them, but in course of time they became accustomed to each other's company, and although perfect strangers, they felt acquainted, and as though they met by appointment.

One was a stout old Englishman, with a florid, stern face—one of those surly faces that usually go together with an honest and kindly heart. He was a well-read mechanic and a bachelor, and having, or pretending to have, an aversion for women and children, he passed his leisure hours either in the seclusion of his little hall bedroom or at Cooper Institute. The other was a dry-faced, beardless Dane, of forty, with blue eyes, of pellucid clearness, and long waxy locks, which adhered close to his head and neck. It was the childish and yet penetrating look of those crystalline eyes of his which first cast a spell over the gruff looking Englishman. He could not help glancing at them again and again, and as he tried to read his book or magazine he seemed to feel their soft, appealing gaze upon himself. At one moment he was on the verge of a quarrel, but no sooner had he met the Dane's eye than instead of resentment he felt like asking if he could not be of service to him.

As to the Scandinavian, the crusty look of his neighbor, far from repelling, had a sort of peculiar glamor for him. And so the two passed two or three hours at the same table six nights in the week until they came to greet each other, at first with a slight nod, then with a more demonstrative one and finally with a bland "good evening."

One night as they sat reading, the Dane handed the Englishman a note which read as follows:

"Dear Sir: My heart is full to-night, and I wish to speak to some good man. Will you be my listener? I like you without knowing who you are; but so much the better. Would you mind having a cup of coffee with me?"

"With pleasure," was the Englishman's written reply.

Some five minutes later they were seated at a marble table in one of the Vienna cafes on Second avenue.

The Dane spoke English with perfect fluency, and although his pronunciation was labored and often incorrect, his grammar was irreproachable.

"I beg of you, don't set me down for a crank," he began. "I am tired of being called that."

"Whether you are one or not, I'm not goin' to call you names, sir," grumbled the Englishman.

"All right, then. This is my day of misery. Just a year ago Fate dealt me a blow—or, rather, played me a trick—under which I have been squirming and writhing ever since. To-day is the anniversary of an accident which may, after all, drive me mad. By the way, when you know me better you may find that I am no crank—not as yet, at least. Well, then, it is a love story I am going to recount to you—a love story of which I am the unhappy hero. Is it not amusing—a hero and yet defeated and miserable? Well, some three years ago I fell in love with a poor but accomplished Swedish girl in Copenhagen. Have you ever been in love, sir?"

"That's neither here or there. You just go on," snarled the Englishman.

"I beg your pardon, sir. I meant no offence. As to myself, I had been in love a dozen times before I met the Swedish young lady, and when I saw that I was infatuated with her I thought it was something like my previous romances—a passion of a week or a month, after which there is nothing but 'smoke, smoke,' as the hero of one of Turgenieff's novels puts it. Are you fond of Turgenieff? But excuse my impertinent questions. Well, I had made up my mind to be a bachelor. You wish to know why? Because I was the most forlorn fool in creation.

In the first place, I had taken it into my head that I had been born to fill the universe with a new sort of sunshine—with the dazzling rays of my poetry. Accordingly, for me to marry and be bothered with a wife and children and the sordid details of family life would be a crime against the interests of humanity, don't you know. In the second place, I should get tired of my wife before the honeymoon was half over, and marriage would be eternal torture. I drew my conclusions—do you know from what? From the brevity of my former passions. I was an idiot; the greatest on earth."

"No you weren't," the Englishman interrupted him.

"Yes I was. Well, the last girl I fell in love with was a singular sort of woman. She was not pretty. No. I wish she had been, for then I should have forgotten her long ago. But she was good—a genius of kindness—and it goes without saying that she was also called crazy. She loved me desperately, and I know it and that helped to spoil it all. I made a frank explanation to her and told her I liked her, but that my life belonged to humanity. Oh, the idiot that I was! She gave me a sad look and bade me farewell, and that is the last I have seen of her—in Europe, at least.

"I subsequently learned she had emigrated to America and that was what brought me over here. Why? Because I could not live without her, because when she was gone I became aware of the real nature of my love for her. Ah, dear friend! I found when it was too late that I had never loved before. No other woman left an impression so deep, so cruel, so ineffaceable. And the feeling itself, too, seemed novel, unprecedented, so entirely unlike anything I had ever experienced before. It is still there (he pointed to his heart) and will be there to make life hell to me as long as I exist.

"I abandoned a thousand things that I held dear and came over here in search of her—in a quixotic search for her. Was it not foolish, seeing that I knew not even in what city she had settled? And yet—and here I come to the most appalling part of it—I did meet her in this city, and at the same time I did not; but I hope to come across her again, although I may be chasing a golden sunset. But be it as it may I neither have the courage to give it up and to return to my home, nor do I enjoy a single hour's rest in this city.

"I had searched high and low for her in New York and in Chicago, where the Swedish colony is much larger, but all in vain. I had abandoned all hope and was nerving myself up to leave this country and to try to forget the whole episode as a romantic tale, which could never become invested in flesh and blood, when this very day a year ago I caught sight of her in an elevated train on Second avenue. Yes, I saw her seated by an open window—it was a beautiful day in September, like this. But it seemed fate had only intended it for a joke on me—for the most cruel joke it ever played upon a helpless being. Ah, only Tantaius and myself are familiar with this kind of torture.

"Yes, she was in an uptown train while was on the opposite track. I looked at her back without recognizing her, but just as the two trains began to move in opposite directions, she faced about, and—and it was she! Excuse me, dear stranger, you don't see me crying, do you? And there is no lump in my throat, either. I am not overcome as I tell you this—no more, at least, than usual, than every day, for my poor heart is always crushed every time I think of it—and when don't I think of it?"

"Did you call to her?" the Englishman queried.

"Did I! I came near jumping out of the window. But she did not hear me—at least, she did not seem to.

I rushed out of the train at the very next station and idiotically boarded an uptown one, and—and I have been a wretch ever since.

"I have spent many whole days and many dollars riding up and down the same road in the hope of meeting her once more, but in vain, in vain."

The Englishman was deeply touched, although he tried not to show it. He came away with the Swedish girl's full name in his memorandum book and with a secret determination to do what he could for his eccentric friend. He thought the Dane had not conducted his search in a practical manner, and he decided in his mind to see if he could be more successful.

The idea of discovering the young woman and presenting her to his lover's friend took a firm grip upon the misanthropic bachelor's mind, and little by little became the great ambition of his lonely days. He had a little independence of two or three thousand dollars, and half of it he set aside for advertisements and other expenses which the pursuit of his all-absorbing object might involve. Having learned from the Dane that his beloved had taught French and embroidery he framed his advertisements, in the "want" columns of English and German dailies, accordingly, in addition to having "personal" notices inserted in the various Scandinavian weeklies of this country.

A month passed, another and a third. Every evening his landlady would hand him a pile of letters. They bore all sorts of signatures and plenty of Swedish names in their number, but the one name which had become his idea fixe was not there.

The two friends met at the library as usual and frequently took supper together. Their intimacy grew apace, through the Englishman listened more than he talked.

"You aren't a crank at all," he once reassured the Dane. "You're queer a little bit, that's about all. If you met your good lady and got married you might settle down."

"Ah, dear fellow," sighed the other, without the remotest suspicion of what the Englishman was doing for him.

One evening, as the mechanic sat rummaging through his bulky mail, he suddenly leaped to his feet. "Good! I've got her," he exclaimed, so loud that his landlady heard him through the door of his room and whispered to her husband that their boarder was getting crankier every day.

He at once dispatched a letter to the Swedish young lady and next evening he called to see her.

When she heard the Dane's name she dropped her gaze.

"What is he doing in America?" she then inquired.

"He has come for you."

"For me?" she said, with a disconsolate shake of her head.

"Yes; for you. Why, are you married?" the blunt Englishman demanded, his heart sinking within him. She shook her head more sadly than before.

"Very well then," her interlocutor fairly shouted. "Do you still love him? Will you marry him? He will die if you don't."

"How do you know?" She burst into tears and then sobbed, sobbingly. "Is it really true, sir? Are you sure of what you say? Why did he not come himself? Where is he?"

"He is safe and sound; but look here, my friend, it is two weeks to Christmas—will you have patience to wait that long? Then I shall give the two of you the nicest dinner I ever ate. But promise me that you'll keep quiet and let me see you every once and awhile."

"But where is he?"

"No questions till Christmas or you won't see him at all."

When he met the Dane at the library that evening he thrust a note into his hand:

"Would you mind having Christmas dinner with me? Accept no other invitations."

At last the long awaited day arrived and the Englishman with a fast-beating heart received his Danish friend in his little bedroom.

"We shall have dinner with my landlady to-day," he said to him, "but first, I want you to accept a Christmas present which I have prepared for you as a token of our friendship. Come, it is in the parlor."

With this he opened the door and ushered his perplexed visitor into the presence for which his heart had been pining and yearning without cessation.

The two were married the same week and immediately left for Copenhagen, where, judging from the long epistles which the Englishman receives from both, they live happily.

As to our British friend he still persists in inveighing against married life, but when he sits reading the endless rhapsodies on matrimonial felicity in his Danish letters, his crusty face becomes overspread with radiance and he seems to feel as if the writers of the effusive missives were his beloved children.—New York Advertiser.

Not a Boy Had a Button Left.

"That's right, that shows you are a careful boy. Whenever you find a button bring it to me," said one of the Catholic sisters in charge of the Orphan Boys' Home in Westport, and to encourage the boy to do so she gave him a piece of candy.

The other boys in the home heard of this and during the next two or three days a great many buttons found their way into the hands of the sisters. Every boy who brought one was rewarded as the first had been. Sunday came and the sister was busy making the boys clean and tidy for church. She was laying out their best clothes when she made this rather startling discovery: Not a button was left on the coats of those twenty-seven boys.—Kansas City Star.

Cats Have Lost a Friend.

Joseph A. Dunn, who has just died at Glen Spey, Sullivan County, leaving an estate valued at \$80,000, was known far and wide as the friend of cats, and spent much money in caring for homeless felines. Dunn would not partake of meat himself, but purchased large quantities of it to feed the cats which he found about the country. He also purchased many dozens of eggs, which he supplied the hungry animals. A short time before he died Dunn declared that he had never knowingly put to death an animal.—New York Herald.

The average peasant's hut in India is only fifteen feet high. There is no chimney, and the floor is of mud.

INDIANA'S CREDIT GOOD.

Annual Reports Show Healthy Condition of Affairs.

Annual reports for all departments of Indiana are being rushed through the State printer's hands. The official publication in pamphlet form will be issued about the first of March.

Concerning finances, the reports for 1897, closing with the fiscal year, Oct. 31, will show that during the past year from all sources the collections amounted to \$7,678,994.34, and the disbursements \$7,808,964.52. The amount derived from the tax for the benefit of the general tax fund was \$1,257,089.41. The benevolent institution tax brought in \$984,865.04 and the State debt sinking fund tax raised \$393,972.34. The school tax yielded \$2,241,294.30.

During the year the benevolent institutions cost the State \$909,134.63; the penal and reformatory institutions, \$398,312.92; the educational institutions, \$449,248.89; the Circuit Courts and prosecuting attorneys, \$210,455.77. The Legislature cost the State \$105,817.29, and the State printing cost \$55,923.34. The State debt is a little over \$6,000,000; the State credit gilt edge. On Jan. 1 \$300,000 indebtedness was paid off and the annual interest of \$57,000 promptly met. At the present rate the indebtedness can be paid off in four years.

The report on taxation will make an interesting showing. There are 413,526 polls in the State, against 366,528 a year ago. The number of acres of land subject to taxation is 22,435,182.83, against 22,401,613.60 in 1896. The value of these lands is \$453,487,733, against \$453,135,559 in 1896. The value of improvements on these lands has increased from \$82,798,731 in 1896 to \$83,898,561. The average value of lands and improvements amounted to \$23.90 per acre in 1896 and \$24.04 in 1897. The value of town and city lots and improvements thereon in 1896 was \$306,384,035, in 1897 \$313,110,609. The total value of personal property was \$278,324,983; in 1896 it was \$277,382,995. The valuation of telegraph, telephone, railway trackage and rolling stock was \$160,369,827. The total assessed valuation of the State is \$1,289,191,713. Upon this the taxes of 1898 will be collected. State Statistician Connor's report will show that the rate of taxation on the \$100 ranged from \$1.12 to \$3.34 in cities and towns, and in townships from 23 cents to \$2.84. The tax for county purposes only ranged from 32 1/3 cents in La Grange to 90 cents in Perry County.

The report of the State Board of Health will show that in their fiscal year there were 32,274 births, 16,224 deaths and 20,419 marriages. The birth and death figures are defective, owing to the loose manner in which physicians in some counties make returns. According to the death figures the percentage is but 7.21. The State Statistician states that the real figures would show a fatality of about 10 per cent. Of the deaths reported 943 were from diphtheria, 1,794 from pulmonary phthisis, 1,181 from pneumonia, 55 from scarlet fever, 655 from typhoid fever and 92 from measles. The marriage report shows a decrease of 819 from the preceding year. Of the 32,274 births there were 17,717 males and 15,557 females. There was an increase of 690 births over 1896. Clark County shows the greatest marriage rate in the State and stands fourth in the birth rate.

State Mine Inspector Robert Fisher of Brazil submitted his report. It shows that there are now almost 8,000 men in the State who are employed as miners, and that during the past year three new mines have been opened. The men are all at work now.

The report of the new State soldiers' home at Lafayette shows that there are now 468 people living in the home. Of that number 312 are veterans and 130 are wives of veterans. The report of the national soldiers' home at Marion shows that the highest number enrolled at any one time was about 2,300. The report of the State soldiers and sailors' orphans' home shows that there are now 639 children in the institution. The appropriation for the maintenance of this home last year was \$90,000. Of the inmates 363 are boys and 276 girls.

Reports of the insane asylums show that there were about 4,000 patients being treated at the four State institutions the past year.

The report of the Indiana institution for the blind shows that there are now 137 in the institution. This is an increase over the preceding year. The expense has been \$212.95 per capita.

There are 8,117 liquor establishments in Indiana, 3,516 of which have State license and are permitted to sell by the drink. The State realizes \$351,600 from these establishments, all of which is applied to the school fund.

The report of the department of education will show that the total common school fund, June, 1897, was \$7,752,823.46, the total congressional township fund, June, 1897, was \$2,503,609.75; total for 1897, \$10,256,514.22. The total school enrollment for the year will be in the neighborhood of 575,000 pupils. The compulsory education law has brought about 15,000 regular non-attendants into the school rooms. The report of President W. H. Armstrong of the State normal shows expenses and appropriation balancing at \$98,515.63. For the fiscal year ending Oct. 31, 1,570 students had matriculated. The average daily attendance was 800.

Auditor Daily's report will show ninety-five State banks doing business. There were ninety-seven a year ago. The resources of these institutions were \$14,711,472.25 in 1896, \$17,325,564.28 in 1897. The report shows that there are five savings banks in the State. Their resources and liabilities in 1896 were \$4,534,186.13; in 1897, \$4,882,638.11. There are four trust companies in the State, assets and liabilities balancing, in 1896, \$2,743,721.33; in 1897, \$3,347,220.79.

There are 8,500 miles of railway in Indiana, assessed valuation of tracks and rolling stock being \$160,369,825.

Of the \$146,519,593 collected from internal revenue in the nation during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1897, Indiana stood sixth on the list, with \$8,564,363.



One of the most skillful counterfeiters that the secret service detectives have ever come across was brought into the treasury last week. It is a \$100 silver certificate and the counterfeiting had been so cleverly done that the experts of the Treasury Department could not detect the fact that the notes were forgeries until they had been put through a severe test. Altogether five bad notes have been discovered, and they are all evidently the work of the same skilled hand. In view of the dangerous character of the counterfeit Secretary Gage has called in all \$100 silver certificates, of which there are about \$26,000,000 outstanding. These will be exchanged for silver certificates of smaller denominations and the plates destroyed.

The destitute in Cuba need all kinds of summer clothing, new or second-hand for men, women and children, blankets and sheets, medicines for fevers, particularly quinine; meat extracts, condensed milk and prepared soups and other forms of food suitable for invalids are particularly desired; also bacon, rice, lard, flour, corn-meal, potatoes, beans, peas, preserved meats, fish, fruits and vegetables, canned goods of all kinds and every other form of food that will not be injured by a five days' voyage and exposure to the tropical climate of Cuba. The distribution of these supplies will be made through the several consuls and consular agents of the United States and such other agencies as Gen. Lee may find useful.

Col. Morrison is now at his home in Waterloo, Ill., and does not expect ever to return to Washington again as an official. His six years' term as president of the Interstate Commerce Commission has expired. He is now 72 years old, and by the time President McKinley's term is out he will be 75, hence he does not consider himself any longer an available presidential candidate, but he is quite confident that after his long official life he has strength and brains enough left to earn a living, and offers his services to any person or persons who desire the advice and counsel of a good lawyer. He is going to hang out a shingle on the main street of Waterloo, and will whittle the arm of his chair until he gets a client.

The pension lists will not be published. The Secretary of the Interior is decidedly opposed to the proposition. He does not believe it would result in any good, but would furnish the claim agents with material for another raid upon the treasury. He thinks that the experience of the department when the lists were published before, some twenty years ago, would be repeated. Then the old soldiers were deluded with enticing circulars from claim agents, who offered to secure them an increase if they would advance money to pay the expense of working up the evidence. It is the opinion of the law officers of the department that they can find cases of fraud without publicity.

The plan of using reindeer as means of transportation from Dyea to Dawson in the Klondike does not promise success, owing to the inability of the Government agent in Lapland to get animals to this country in time for service this winter. There is also some question about the value of reindeer in Alaska. There is plenty of moss there for the animals, but it will be buried under many feet of snow, and some of the most experienced arctic explorers say that the reindeer could not transport enough to feed them on the way from Dyea to Dawson. They believe that dogs will be more valuable.

When the postal congress met in Washington last year it was decided that on or before Jan. 1, 1899, the three principal denominations of the postage stamps of the world should be of uniform color. The 1-cent stamp of the United States and the frank of like value in foreign countries is to be green, of the same shade as the old 3-cent stamp. The 2-cent stamp is to remain vermilion in color, and Great Britain's penny purple must conform to it, while in the case of the 5-cent stamp we will adopt the blue of her 2 1/2-pence piece.

In the course of the removal of the books and papers of the Congressional Library to the new building, an unexpected find has been made in the shape of a large box of papers written by Thomas Jefferson. These were found stored away in a little room next the entrance to the library, which had been under lock and key for many years.

The complete consolidation of Nicaragua, Salvador and Honduras into a sovereign republic is progressing steadily, according to advices received by Senor Correa, charge d'affaires of the greater republic of Central America.

The Woman's Christian Temperance Union and the Reform Bureau have entered protests against the permission granted for the sale of wine and beer in the restaurant of the new Congressional Library building.

Mr. Lippmann of Olyphant, Ark., suggests that it would be a good idea for the Government to publish the names of the old soldiers who are not drawing pensions.

Secretary Alger gave a Christmas present in the shape of a \$5 bill to every one of the forty-eight charwomen and messengers in the War Department.

Flight of Birds at Night.
Mr. Frank W. Very of the Ladd Observatory, Providence, R. I., has made some curious observations on the flight of migrating birds seen at night crossing the face of the moon. He watched them with a telescope of four inches' aperture, magnifying forty times. The observations were made in the latter part of September. The great majority of the birds moved from north to south, and traveled in little companies. Their average speed, as calculated by Mr. Very, was 67 miles an hour, although some appeared to travel at the rate of more than 100 miles an hour.

Run Awar With the Inn.
A curious landslip occurred a few days ago in the village of Sattel, in Canton Schwyz. An inn situated by the side of a hill was carried, without sustaining any injury, 35 feet down the hillside, stopping just short of being precipitated into the river Stelnen. The road in front of the house, the garden, and all the immediate surroundings of the inn are intact. By the house were two large elms, and even these have in no way suffered.—Ex.

Yes, In Heaven.
Cornhill tells a story of an English woman of high station who bewailed to a friend the loss by death of a somewhat ill-bred but extremely wealthy neighbor, who had been very liberal in his help to her country charities. "Mr. X. is dead," said she; "he was so good and kind and helpful to me in all sorts of ways; he was so vulgar, dear fellow, we could not know him in London; but we shall meet in heaven."

Competition.
The race is won! As victor I am hailed
With deafening cheers from eagle throats; and yet
Gladder the victory could I forget
The strained, white faces of the men who failed!
—Julia Schaver, in the Century.

Starting a Fad.
"You should consult with a doctor how to get rid of that red nose," said Cholly Knickerbocker to Mr. Uppercrust, a society man.
"Nonsense! What are you thinking about? I'm trying to make red noses fashionable in society.—Tammany Times.

During November, 1896, there were 25 manufacturing companies chartered, with an aggregate capital of \$608,000. During the same month in 1897 43 such companies were incorporated, with an aggregate capital of \$3,653,000. This shows an increase in capitalization of about \$3,000,000, or about 500 per cent. During November, 1896, this capital stock and indebtedness to the amount of \$723,000 while for the same month in 1897 these increases amounted to \$16,200,000, an increase in capitalization of \$15,500,000, or about 2,500 per cent.—"American Manufacturer."

Brief Hints.
Plow deep.
Transplant trees before October 10th.
Don't fail to select seed corn before frost has partially killed the germ of life.

September is the time to set out that strawberry bed, and you will have a fine crop next season.

Don't ever hit your horse on the head, as you are not only liable to injure him, but to make him a halter-puller. After you have been left eight or ten miles from home as the result of this trick, you will see the value of this advice, aside from humane reasons.

Quick Sale—Small Profit—By holding a beef or any other animal after being made ready for market, one stands as great a chance for loss as for gain; the price may be against the owner, the animal may die on his hands, and it sure to be an expense for further food. A quick sale, even with little profit, is the safe way.

Culver City Comedy.
Last Saturday evening the Culver City Comedy Company gave a repetition of "Uncle Josh" at Nussbaum hall. The house was literally packed, standing room being at par. About 50 Culver Military Academy cadets were present and were highly pleased with the entertainment. Each member of the company did exceedingly well, and "Uncle Josh" was right in his element, fairly carrying the house by storm with his quaint sayings and unique appearance. In fact the audience was highly pleased. We understand that the company will appear in the near future in the "Deacon's Tribulations," or the "Lost Gold Mine." Either of these plays are high classed, and are very interesting comedies.

Yes, We've Got To Give Up!

Got to give up the most of our legitimate profits on Clothing now. After Christmas its a fight to unload and not let spring catch us with more than we ought to go. So here goes:

\$10.00 Overcoats, . . . \$6.75	\$10.00 Suits, . . . 8.50
8.00 Overcoats, . . . 5.00	8.50 Suits, . . . 6.00
5.00 Overcoats, . . . 3.75	6.00 Suits, . . . 4.00

All UNDERWEAR, former price \$1.50 Suit, goes at \$1.00.
All \$1.00 SUITS go at 75c. Some DRAWERS and SHIRTS at 19c each.
All kinds of FELTS and RUBBERS at the lowest prices for No. qualities.

M. ALLMAN, Plymouth, Ind.

* KLOEPFERS * New York Dept. Store.

We are Invoicing . . .

and find among our stock as we go along many small odd lots of goods that must be disposed of at some price.

We are not yet in a position to name any one or more lots, but suffice to say you can buy some things awful cheap of us at present. . . .

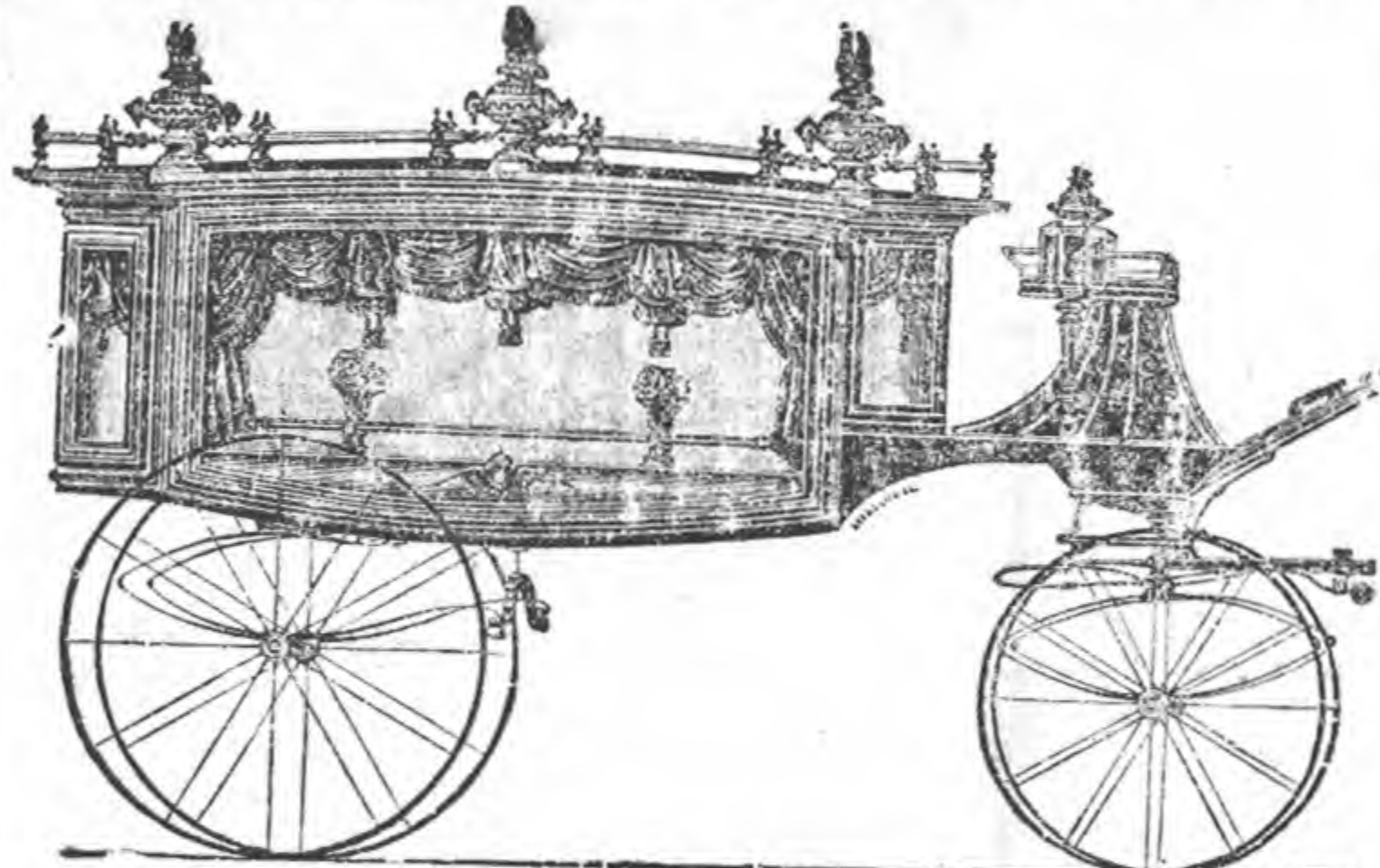
We still sell Lonsdale Green Ticket Muslin at 6c per yard, by the yard or bolt, Fruit of the Loom 6 1/2c, good L L Muslin 4c Best 7c Shirting 5c, Calico 4c, etc. . . .

Our store will close at 8 p. m., every evening except Saturday until further notice. . . .

We are yours for Bargains,

Kloepfer's NEW YORK STORE,
PLYMOUTH, IND.

* W. S. EASTERDAY, * Furniture & Undertaking.



This is to place to get your Furniture, Chairs, Cupboards, Safes, Writing Desks, Stands, Tables, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Bed Springs, Mattresses, Couches, Sofas, Easels, Mirrors, Picture Frames and Mouldings and a fine line of Rockers for the old and young.
Do not forget the place.

MAIN STREET. CULVER CITY, IND.



Hello There! —*—

Are You Awar of the Fact that S. Cavender, at Rutland, Ind. is still on deck with a full line of choice Groceries, Dry Goods, Tobaccos, Plow Shoes, Overalls, etc?

Remember! that he sells the best articles at the lowest living prices.

S. Cavender, Rutland, Ind.

"CRYENE" PUTS BABY TO SEELP. —*—

IS NOT A SOOTHING SYRUP

BUT IS

THE IDEAL REMEDY FOR



HE WAS A CRYING BABY. NOW HE IS A CRYENE BABY.

ROSS RYING ONSPATED OLICY HILDREN.

CONTAINS NO OPIATES PO SONS OR DELETERIOUS SUBSTANCES.

RYENE lets pa-pa and ma-ma sleep. ABSOLUTELY HARMLESS
For sale at CULVER CITY DRUG STORE.

V. P. KIRK'S
Notary Public.
Law, Real Estate and Life Assurance Office.
Office over Bank. Culver, Ind.

--VANDALIA LINE-- TIME TABLE

In effect Dec. 5, 1897. trains will leave Culver City, Ind., as follows:

For the North.
No. 6, Ex. Sun. for St. Joseph, 11:46 a. m.
" 8, Ex. Sun. for St. Joseph, 9:49 p. m.

For the South.
No. 21, Ex. Sun. for Terre Haute, 5:55 a. m.
" 3, Ex. Sun. for Terre Haute, 1:06 p. m.
For complete Time Card, giving all trains and stations, and for full information as to rate, through cars, etc., address J. Shugrue, agent, Culver, Ind., or E. A. Ford, general passenger agent, St. Louis, Mo.

W. H. SWIGERT,
Experienced.
Drayman. . . .
Good delivered to any part of the city and around the Lake.

Prompt and quick service is our motto, and charges reasonable.
Hard and Soft COAL at rock bottom prices for CASH (strictly).

W. H. SWIGERT,
CULVER CITY INDIANA.

*** GANDY'S ***
Livery Feed and Sale Stable.

First class Horses, New Buggies and Vehicles of all kinds.

**Accommodating
Traveling Men
One of the Great
Specialties.**

**HORSES BOARDED BY
DAY OR WEEK.**

Terms Reasonable.
Barn near Postoffice.
CULVER CITY, - - INDIANA.

*** GULVER CITY ***
MEAT * MARKET
D. G. WALTER, Proprietor.
—*—
First class, Fresh, Salt, Smoked Meats and Sausage can be found at this market. Also home rendered Lard. His Motto is to sell at "Live and Let Live Prices."

JOHN OSBORN SHOE STORE
Culver, Indiana.

**AGENTS FOR
W.L. DOUGLAS SHOES
BEST IN THE WORLD.**

Culver City
Harness Store
Is the place for your
HARNES GOODS.
A large stock to select from. Heavy and light Harness, Nets, Harness Oil, Axle Grease, Trunks, Satchels, Dusters, Brushes, etc.
Live and Let Live, is my principle.
Thanking you for your liberal patronage and desiring a continuance of same
HAYDEN REA, Prop.

—EXCHANGE—
**Barber Shop and
Bath Rooms,**

UNDER CULVER CITY DRUG STORE.
Hot and old Water Baths
ALSO AGENCY) St. Joe Steam Dye Works
FOR) and Plymouth Steam
Laundry.
Con. M. Bonaker, Prop.
CULVER, INDIANA.

J. J. Cromley,
— DEALER IN —
**Drugs, Medicines,
Groceries,
Tobaccos & Cigars.**
Also Christmas
Novelties.
Give him a call,
for choice candies
etc.
Burr Oak, Indiana.

Call at the
ARGOS HOUSE

When in Argos, for
First Class Accommodations
Prices Very Reasonable
Menu First Class.

- - - IND.
ARGOS, - - - IND.

J. K. MAWHORTER,
—*—
TINNER —*—

All kinds of Roofing and Eave Troughing promptly attended to.

Cleaning and Repairing Gasoline Stores a Specialty.

Terms Reasonable.
CULVER, CITY - - - IND

Kreuzberger's Park.

(Lake Maxinkuckee.)

CULVER CITY, - - INDIANA

THE BEST

**Whiskies,
Brandies,
Cordials,**

Rhine and Moselle Wines,
French Clarets,
Port and Sherry,
Ales and Beers,
Mineral Water.
A fine stock of Domestic and Key West Cigars.

Money Saved . . . Is Money Earned.

I HAVE saved others money and can save you money if you want a Suit, Overcoat, Pants or Mackintosh.

I represent the largest makers of men's fine clothing in America, and can make you the lowest prices, quality of goods and workmanship considered.

Remember the place and date! I will be at E. B. Vanschoick's Store, Jan. 17 and 18.
Wm. E. Hand, Jr. Argos, Ind.