

THE CULVER CITY HERALD.

At Lake Maxenkuckee.

VOL. IV.

CULVER CITY, INDIANA. FRIDAY, JANUARY, 21, 1898.

NO. 29

OUR GRAND ANNUAL CLEARANCE SALE

began Saturday, Jan. 8th, 1898. Special lines in all departments which we wish to close. Unusual prices quoted to effect a general clearance. It's like burning money to pay regular prices elsewhere when you can come here and pick from the Largest Clothing Stock in the County at a saving of from 25 to 50 per cent.

Bargains like these do not come to the surface every day.

J. C. KUHN & SON,
Plymouth, Ind.

Just remember that the Lakeside Hotel is now under the control of that prince of landlords, W. H. J. Flagg, who is sole proprietor. His reputation as a first class manager is known far and near by the traveling public, hence he is already receiving a liberal patronage from that source. His culinary department is unexcelled and his beds are as good as the best.

Our third annual sale of Poland-China hogs was held at Knox, Ind., Jan. 15, '98. It was very successfully patronized by the many good people of that city and surrounding country. The weather was against us, but the sale continued until the lot was sold. The report of Starke county being noted for nothing but "marsh hay" is false. We found it consists of an enterprising class of people, who know good hogs when they see them, and prefer to raise that kind. We highly appreciate the kindness shown us during our stay with them, and hope that some time in the future we may make another call.

Thanking them for past favors, we remain

J. E. Myers & Son,
Rutland, Ind.

The Wheat Situation.

There is every prospect that the price of wheat will advance after the holidays. It is a pretty well established fact that the Australian crop is a failure and that the outcome of the crop in India and Argentine is doubtful. No country outside of North America produced an average crop of wheat last year. It is known, too, that the supply of old wheat was virtually exhausted before the beginning of last year's harvest. The recent wheat deal in Chicago is suggestive of what may be expected in the future. It is a fair assumption that the men buying all this wheat have done so with their eyes wide open. They are acknowledged as good merchants. They have certainly not invested so many millions of dollars for the purpose of having a round lot of wheat merely to look at. That is the reason it was purchased. They have not cornered the market or attempted to corner it. They could easily have done so had they chose. But instead of this they have purchased the wheat in the open market, have admitted all along they were investing heavily in this cereal because they believed it would pay them handsomely as an investment, and their position today certainly entitles them to the credit of conducting a purely merchandising rather than a speculative business.

They expect to realize handsome profits and the conditions are certainly most favorable for a realization of their expectations.

Farmers and Fine Stock Buyers Attention!

J. E. Myers, of Rutland, Ind., will sell at private sale, about 50 choice, thoroughbred Poland-China hogs. He has positively the finest hogs in the county, and can furnish both male and female at very reasonable prices. If you desire something good, do not fail to give him a call. 21tf

How to Prevent Pneumonia.

At this time of the year a cold is very easily contracted, and if let to run its course without the aid of some reliable cough medicine is liable to result in that dread disease, pneumonia. We know of no better remedy to cure a cough or cold than Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. We have used it quite extensively. —Oolagah, Ind. Ter. CHIEF.

This is the only remedy that is known to be a certain preventive of pneumonia. Among the many thousands who have used it for colds and la grippe we have never yet learned of a single case having resulted in pneumonia. Persons who have weak lungs or have reason to fear an attack of pneumonia, should keep the remedy at hand. The 25 and 50 cent sizes for sale at Culver City Drug Store.

One of the wealthiest residents of Dover, N. H., is sawing wood so as to reduce his avoirdupois.

The Law and the Sealskin.

There are bridges and ferries between the United States and Canada. There is an ocean ferry from New York to Europe.

Women stroll over the bridges and ride upon the Canadian ferries and go back and forth by steamships. The weather being sharp, these women wear their sealskin jackets.

Here comes in the law. If these women pass the border they must leave their cloaks behind on their return unless they have taken the precaution to have them certificated as garments not made of sealskins taken by pelagic sealing.

What idiocy is all this! What intolerable interference with individual liberty! What oppression!

Yet it is the law of the land—a law made solely to secure an absolute monopoly to a single company of very rich speculators. Every traveling woman in the country must be harassed in order that these monopolists shall enjoy the privilege of exclusively selling sealskins.

There was a time in American history when American women sealed up their teacaddies and drank water for the sake of liberty and personal right. Why don't they now abandon sealskin for a like patriotic purpose? There are other furs, and there is always wool.

The women can end this thing if they will, but they can not wipe out the deep disgrace of the abominable enactment. —New York World.

More Electric Railroad.

Hourly inquiries are being made as to the prospects for the early construction of the Michigan, Indiana & St. Louis R. R. by our wide awake fellow citizens and we are glad to be able to say to all, the prospects for the immediate building of the road are most excellent. It is reported on good authority that over 60 miles of the right of way has been guaranteed on different portions of the line; in many townships that miles and miles together of the right of way has been freely donated and that only in the most exceptional cases imaginable do the land owners demand pay for the lands, and in those cases the most moderate and reasonable prices only. are asked for the right of way. All along the line of the road are the people so earnest in their wishes for the road that they will deal most liberally with the company and aid in every way possible, this great public enterprise that is to be such a benefit to all along the route of the road. Almost all the towns and cities have promptly granted franchises for the road that are most liberal, thus showing their full appreciation of the great advantages of an electric railroad through their midst. Some cities are also granting the road free use of public bridges, that have cost scores of thousands of dollars to construct.

The north east section of the road has not been definitely determined upon as yet, but that portion of the road will soon be located and the right of way secured when work of building the roadbed will begin as soon as spring opens, is assured. In only two townships of the line will a subsidy be voted, although in several others proffers of such subsidies have been freely made and declined by the company, and only in the instances above mentioned because the citizens insisted strongly on such being allowed. They asserted that in each township were wealthy residents who had amassed their wealth by the improvements brought about by the donations and labors of the public spirited citizens of these townships, unaided in every instance by these men of wealth. Now, these liberal hearted ones, of these townships have grown tired of constant contributions that profit their non-contributing neighbors, and they have decided to this time force them to contribute some of the funds needed to secure an institution that shall surely benefit all alike and not be a burden to any voting a small subsidy for the road. These townships, we are glad to say, are not on our portion of the line, as our people

are all equally interested in securing the road and will all join together and work in being equally liberal in their efforts that has secured this important electric road without a public tax.

The question has been asked repeatedly, who is going to furnish the capital to build this road. By close inquiry we have ascertained that a heavy financial company in New York City, one in Boston and one in Philadelphia stand ready to not only construct the road when the right of way is all provided, but will equip the road with the usually approved rolling stock, and to build all the depots and elevators along the line to the entire satisfaction of all interested in this enterprise. There is no better investment for capital it is claimed than in electric railroads, and capitalists are anxious to secure such promising investments in all parts of the Union. This all renders the matter of capital back of this important road a most satisfactory one indeed, and settles beyond dispute the problem of its sure construction. —Bourbon News.

Stable Your Horses.

"These cold days test a man's humanity. The humane man blankets the horse he leaves standing out in the cold, while he is comfortable by the fire," says an exchange. "But a trip around town any cold day will disclose a number of faithful animals shivering in the icy blasts, because their owners are either too cruel, too stingy or too neglectful to care for them as they deserve. If the law on this subject was enforced some people's eyes would be opened."

The above reminds us that Than Gandy, the up to date liveryman of Culver, has commenced the erection of a large addition upon his barn, in order to give those humane citizens who desire to protect their horses from the stinging blasts of winter the opportunity to stable them for the small sum of 10 or 15 cents, with hay thrown in. The stables will be so arranged that both horses and vehicles will be sheltered from the storm. Mr. Gandy is an enterprising man and no farmer should think of leaving his team exposed to the elements when shelter is provided so cheaply. Show me a man that is merciful to a dumb animal, and I will show you a man that is a good citizen, a good neighbor and an everlasting friend.

Don't Worry.

Don't worry about something that you think may happen tomorrow, because you may die tonight, and tomorrow will find you beyond the reach of worry. Don't worry over a thing that happened yesterday, because yesterday is 100 years away. If you don't believe it, try to reach after it and bring it back. Don't worry about anything that is happening today, because today will last only fifteen or twenty minutes. Don't worry about things you can't help, because worry only makes them worse. Don't worry about things you can help, because then there's no need to worry. Don't worry at all. If you want to be penitent now and then it won't hurt you a bit to go into the sack-cloth and ashes business a little; it will do you good. But worry, worry, worry, fret, fret, fret—why, there's neither sorrow, penitence, strength, penance, reformation, hope nor resolution in it. It's merely worry.

Passed Over the River.

Died Saturday night, Jan. 13th at 12 o'clock p. m., Elizabeth, wife of Wm. Zechiel, Sr., aged 76 years. Funeral services were held at the Evangelical church south of town Monday. Rev. Newman officiating, and was attended by a large concourse of relatives and friends. Her remains were laid at rest in the Cromley Cemetery by undertaker Easterday. The deceased was an old resident of this township, and besides an aged husband, she leaves three sons and four daughters to mourn their loss. She was a member of the Evangelical church since childhood and was a meek and lovely follower of the Master. She has been sorely afflicted for about 15 years, from the effects of a fall. A large number of relatives and friends will ever hold her in loving remembrance.

The net profits of the New York postoffice in 1897 were \$4,300,000.

DR. O. A. REA.
Physician and Surgeon.
Office Fourth Door North of Bank.
Main Street, - - - CULVER, ND.

B. W. S. WISEMAN,
Physician and Surgeon.
Office Third Door North of Bank.
Calls promptly answered day or night.
Main Street, - - - CULVER, IND.

News in General.

Mrs. John Partee is very ill.
Adam Dinsmore is still very ill.
We want wood upon subscription!
We understand that I. C. Brooke is very ill.

Mrs. Daniel Carr spent Monday in Plymouth.

M. E. Gann made Plymouth a visit Monday.

Considerable sickness in this community at present.

Children's arctics at John Osborn's shoe store now going at cost.

Mr. Henry Speyer spent Monday in Plymouth on business.

Chas. Hayes made a flying trip to Plymouth Monday afternoon.

Cadet Yaryan left for his home in Toledo, Ohio, Monday evening.

E. W. Davis is now employed as hostler at the Hayes & Son Livery Stable.

Watch for exceeding cold weather through the months of February and March.

Mrs. J. E. Myers is visiting her daughter, Mrs. J. H. Swanson, at South Bend.

FOR SALE: A first class Pool table, very cheap. Enquire at the Beeber Saloon. 24tf

A host of our farmers attended the farmers' institute at Plymouth Monday and Tuesday.

The work on the new riding hall at the Culver Military Academy is being rapidly pushed.

Miss Josie Overman departed last week for Indianapolis, where she will remain a few weeks.

Mr. Paul one of Plymouth's hustling real estate men was in town last Friday, transacting business.

Boots, shoes and rubber goods for the million at John Osborn's shoe store, at prices that defy competition.

Thos. Slattery, the gentlemanly proprietor of the Culver City Drug Store, made Plymouth a visit Monday.

The Vandalia Line is doing a rushing business at present, and are running from four to five extra trains a week.

Chas. E. Flagg and Artice Northington, of Tippecanoe are visiting with W. H. J. Flagg at the Lake Side Hotel, the former remaining for a few days.

The Masonic lodge of this city is meeting with great success.

Capt. H. E. Cook, of the Culver Military Academy spent Sunday in Chicago, returning Monday.

You will miss great bargains if you don't attend the closing-out sale of footwear at John Osborn's.

The item relative to peach tree blossoms in last week's issue should have read at the residence of W. S. Easterday.

Don't pass John Osborn's shoe store when you want a bargain in footwear. He will surprise you as to cheap prices.

John Osborn is bound to close out his present stock of boots, shoes, rubbers, etc., at prices way down. Call on him for bargains.

LOST—A pair of gold eye glasses. Finder will receive liberal reward by leaving them at the post office.

T. J. NEWLAND.

Everett Osborn, the 13-year old son of Amos Osborn, fell from a barn, about 40 feet, fracturing both shoulders and breaking both legs.

Why not go to John Osborn's shoe store and fit your children with arctic overshoes while his great closing out sale lasts. They are going at cost. This is no humbug. Call and see.

Mr. W. B. Smith, Indianapolis, State historian, gave a very interesting lecture to the cadets at the Culver Military Academy Monday evening.

Horace Shugrue and Edwin Bradley have erected a telegraph line between their homes and are practicing telegraphy, and will undoubtedly in a short time burn the wires on the great Western Union.

We wish it distinctly understood that we want good wood upon subscription, and only allow half price for soft wood. We aim to furnish a good paper, and rotten, wet wood don't go at this office.

Mr. H. Oyler is still in very poor health, and his leg is still in a very bad condition. He should receive the heartfelt sympathy of all in his great affliction, and we trust that his friends will not forget him.

Wm. Everly, the famous school supply man of Plymouth, is just having published a map of Marshall county, which by the way will knock the persimmons off of any similar publication in the county. The map will not only be one of the finest engraved affairs ever produced of its kind, but it will contain a complete "boiled down" history of the county from the pen of that eminent journalist and historian, Hon. Daniel McDonald, of the Plymouth Democrat. In fact no man in business can afford to be without the map, which will be ready for delivery on or about the middle of February, hence those desiring one of these gems should send an order at once to Mr. Everly at Plymouth, who will furnish all desired information relative to prices, etc.

Layton Brewer in the Criterion.
 When winds stream over the ragged
 knoll
 The highway lies along
 The wires stringing from pole to pole
 Give tongue to a voice of song.
 A-glint with beams of the morning sun,
 They carry a blitheful air,
 Humming a burden that seems to run:
 "Good news is the word we bear."
 This joyous one:
 "Good news we bear."
 They swing and swing at the breeze's
 will,
 While the heavens smile above
 To hear the measure they gaily thrill:
 "We're speeding a line of love;"
 With scale and trill:
 "A line of love."
 A cloud and a shadow go sailing by;
 To the breeze's falling breath
 In sinking cadence the wires sigh:
 "Respect for a tale of death!"
 More softly still:
 "A tale of death."
 O the songs are many the wires sing
 When the roving wind is sent
 To play of gladness or suffering
 On its mighty instrument.

KATHIE'S ADVENTURE.

"Girls, I'm going into the country for two weeks; they've got it all planned. Two weeks—just think of it—and I never saw the country."
 An eager crowd gathered around the little girl, who had rushed into the playroom of the Orphans' Home, her cheeks bright and her eyes shining with excitement.
 "Tell us about it, Kathie?"
 "Oh, oh! I wonder if some of the rest of us won't get a chance pretty soon."
 "When are you going, Kathie?"
 "This afternoon. The lady's name is Mrs. Winslow, and she lives on a farm. I was in the hall when she came in and asked me my name and talked a few minutes; then they sent for me afterwards and asked me if I would like to go, and I thought it would be so lovely; but no—it makes me feel mean to go when the rest of you want to so much and can't."
 The child's face had clouded, and she looked around with troubled eyes. But one of the little group around her spoke up bravely.
 "Of course it's all right for you to go when they ask you—the rest of us would go quick enough, and probably some of us will by and by."
 "Kathie, the matron wants you to get your things ready," called a voice at the door; and Kathie hurried out, joy and sorrow chasing each other over her sensitive face.
 She had always lived in the city—this little girl of 12—and in a crowded part of it at that; while many times since her father's death, three years before, she had been without sufficient food, and for the last year she had been motherless. But the Orphans' Home had taken her in and had cared for her, and she was glad of the refuge, although, as young as she was, she thought of the future and longed for a home which she would not be obliged to leave—a home to which she would have a right other than as an object of charity; for Kathie was proud-spirited, and her heart ached for love.
 When Mrs. Winslow came at about 3 o'clock she found her little charge ready and waiting in the hall with the traveling bag beside her, which she had carefully packed according to the direction of the matron. Her cheeks were flushed and her eyes were bright with pleasant anticipation as she shyly returned Mrs. Winslow's greeting and followed her in the waiting cab.
 Mrs. Winslow watched her expressive face with sympathetic pleasure and talked to her just enough to make her feel at ease without interfering with her enjoyment of the novel scenes. It was 5.30 o'clock when the train pulled into a little station, and they found Mr. Winslow waiting for them with a horse and carriage.
 The drive was half a mile over a winding road, with rolling fields on either side and green grass and trees, the houses just close enough together for companionship, was such a delight that the little girl sat as though spell-bound, while her new friends looked into each other's eyes across the top of her head and smiled in sympathy.
 "So you're not disappointed, eh, my child?" asked Mr. Winslow.
 She looked up quickly into his kind face.
 "Disappointed," she repeated, with a little catching of her breath that said more than words. "I didn't think the country could be so pretty."
 Mr. Winslow laughed, almost as pleased as she was herself.
 "Well, how does this suit you?" he asked as they turned into a pretty driveway and approached a comfortable white house with a deep veranda, surrounded by large trees dotted over a velvety lawn, while from the farther side a profusion of brilliant flowers peeped at them through the tree trunks and bending branches.
 "Is this where we're going?" asked Kathie in a half whisper of delight.

"This is where we're going," answered Mr. Winslow, gaily. Then they caught sight of an old lady and a tiny child coming around the father corner of the veranda.
 "Hello, Gracie!" cried Mr. Winslow, as the child came running eagerly to meet them, laughing and holding out both hands full of flowers.
 Mr. Winslow caught her in his arms as he sprung out.
 "This is the daughter of the house," he said, holding her up. "Gracie, this is a little girl come to see you and play with you."
 Gracie made friends readily and walked up to the house, holding her mamma by one hand and Kathie by the other. Then Kathie learned that the old lady was Mrs. Winslow's mother, and when the latter bent and kissed her and told her she was welcome she thought there was nothing in the world so dear as old ladies.
 They walked all around the house before going in, visiting the flower garden, peeping into the barn at the rear and looking out across the rolling fields to the river not far away, whose waters were shining like silver now in the bright sunlight.
 And then they went in to get ready for supper.
 How good the supper tasted. The fresh air and the perfume of the flowers came in through the open windows of the pleasant dining room, and the faces around the table were happy and bright; while the snowy bread and delicious new-made butter, with thin slices of boiled ham and fresh new milk just out of the ice-box, the delicate frosted cakes and above all the strawberries, picked less than an hour before and buried in cream, formed a feast that even the daughter of a millionaire might have called perfect, and this little orphan girl, who had known much more fasting than feasting, almost thought it a table from fairyland.
 After supper Mrs. Winslow allowed her to brush the crumbs from the snowy cloth and wipe the pretty china, and when this was done, they all went out together and she made the acquaintance of the cows and pigs and poultry and the gentle, kind-eyed horses, after which she romped with Grace under the trees, while the older members of the family sat upon the veranda and looked on, smiling at them.
 "Perhaps you've found just the kind of girl you've been wanting, Jennie," said Mrs. Winslow's mother; "she seems careful and gentle, and Gracie takes to her, you can see."
 "Yes," said Mrs. Winslow, "Gracie evidently likes her. How glad I would be if I knew I could trust her and she wanted to stay with us right along."
 Kathie was delighted with her little chamber. Mrs. Winslow's mother had gone up with her.
 "Your room is right next to mine, dear," she said. "I know you'll like it, and I want to show it to you."
 And when she had seen how pleased the little girl was with it she kissed her and said good night and left her to look around and enjoy it to her heart's content. It was all blue and white and had two large windows looking out upon the green grass and tall trees and off across the fields to the river. There were books such as children love upon the table, and everything that a child could wish for comfort was there.
 Next day was like a dream of fairyland to the little orphan. She helped with the dishes and amused the baby, and they all went for a drive in the afternoon—that is, the two ladies, Gracie and Kathie—and everything seemed too beautiful to be real; several times Kathie pinched her arm stily to be sure she was awake.
 "She seems like one of the family already," said Mrs. Winslow's mother that evening when the children were playing together. "I don't know when I have taken to a child as I do to her."
 "She seems to take to you as much," said Mrs. Winslow, smiling. "But, then, I don't know who could help it."
 "Oh, you're partial, of course," she said "but I really believe Kathie is just the girl you want, and it would make such a good home for her. You're abundantly able to have her, too."
 Just then the children came running in.
 "Where would you rather live, Kathie—in the city or in the country?" asked Mrs. Winslow.
 A wondering look came into the child's face, as if she had never thought there could be two opinions upon the subject.
 "In the country, of course," she answered, simply, and there was so much of longing and pathos in her voice that both ladies turned their eyes away.
 At the supper table next evening Mr. Winslow asked:
 "Did you read about the hyena that got away in Chicago the other day?"
 "No. Where did it get away from?" asked Mrs. Winslow hurriedly.
 "From Lincoln Park," was the answer.
 "Oh, dear," cried Mrs. Winslow, "what if it should come out here! I shan't dare let Grace play out at all."
 "Oh, I guess it isn't as bad as that," said Mr. Winslow, laughing. "It would be caught or shot before it got so far as this."
 "But it might not be," persisted the wife.
 "There would hardly be much danger in the day time anyway," said Mr. Winslow. "A hyena is a cowardly beast you know. It might take some of the

poultry. Why, Kathie, child, how big your eyes are! I shouldn't have mentioned it. But there isn't any danger—you may sleep just as snug as if Mr. Hyena was back in his cage, as perhaps he is now."
 But Kathie was a sensitive child, and all night long she dreamed of hyenas and other wild beasts, and of trying to save Gracie from them, always finding when she started to run with her little charge in her arms that she could barely crawl along, while her pursuers were just upon her. She came down in the morning rather pale, but she said nothing about her dreams or her fears, and no one spoke of the hyena.
 Perhaps Mrs. Winslow could not get it entirely out of her mind, for she told Kathie to play out in the back yard with Grace, and not go far away from the house.
 "Mr. Winslow is in the barn," she said, "and I would rather have you out that way."
 About half way between the house and the barn was an old shed which Mr. Winslow intended to tear down. All at once, in the midst of their play, Gracie started for this shed running as fast as her little fat legs would carry her, and Kathie started after her, calling to her, but the little rogue only screamed with pleasure and ran the faster.
 Since hearing of the hyena Kathie had a vague fear of everything which she thought might possibly give a hiding place for a wild beast, and underneath this old shed was surely room enough, while it was dark there and had suddenly grown terrible.
 But Baby Grace had no such fears. She ran up to it, laughing, and bent her chubby form to peer under it.
 Kathie came up to her and caught her, bending, too, with a sort of fascination caused by her fear. And then for a horrible moment she stared as if both eyes would start from her head.
 There, sure enough, were two great flaming orbs, like two jewels, staring at her, and she heard a low growl. But she could not move.
 The baby pointed at those shining eyes and laughed; then Kathie's strength seemed to come back. She seized the struggling child in her arms and ran toward the house with her in spite of her kicks and screams, and all the time it seemed as if it had in her dreams, and she expected to hear the rush of a flying form just behind her. But she struggled on, and in a moment Mrs. Winslow came running out to ask what it was all about.
 Kathie's white face told her fright.
 "What is it? What is it, Kathie?" cried Mrs. Winslow, taking the baby in her own arms.
 "The hyena—under the shed!" gasped Kathie.
 Mrs. Winslow gave a little scream, which was echoed by her mother, as she held the screen door open and pulled them all in.
 At that moment there was a rush and a scurry from the shed, upon which all eyes were fixed. A flying patch of maltese and another larger one of black and white cut through the air, barely touching the ground—then the maltese patch turned, doubled into a furious ball, struck the black and white patch like a flash of lightning, there were a series of sharp yells, and the black and white patch was running the other way with its tail between its legs. Mr. Winslow and her mother looked at each other. Then they laughed.
 "Mr. Brown's dog again," said Mrs. Winslow. "I guess he'll stay away now."
 She opened the door.
 "Come here, Tom," she cried. "You're a brave old fellow, but between you and Tige you've given us quite a fright."
 Tom looked around two or three times, then walked leisurely up to the house, came in and allowed himself to be petted. But he did not have all the honors. Mrs. Winslow and her mother both hugged and kissed Kathie and called her a brave little girl until she was utterly bewildered, for she had never thought it was a brave thing not to leave the baby in the presence of a supposed danger.
 That night when she had gone to bed Mrs. Winslow said:
 "That settles it. I shall keep Kathie with me as long as she wants to stay; so perhaps, after all, our scare had a purpose."
 "I was sure you wouldn't let her go," said her mother.
 A few days later the papers stated that the hyena had been shot, and Kathie breathed freely once more. But when they told her she could stay with them just as long as she wished—could be one of the family, it took several pretty hard pinches to make her sure that she was awake.—Chicago Record.

DEATH OF MAJOR HANDY.

United States Commissioner to the French Exposition Passes Away.
 Major Moses P. Handy died at noon Saturday at Hotel Bon Air, Augusta, Ga. Major Handy was stricken with the illness which ended with his death while he was preparing to leave Paris for America, after completing his work as commissioner to the exposition. When he got to New York he succumbed, but pulled himself together and came to Chicago. In Chicago he appeared to regain vitality, but his pride and interest in his mission led him to plunge into the work of preparing his report. It was no surprise to his friends to hear that he had succumbed while on his way to Washington, congestion of the lungs and kidneys increasing the gravity of the attack. He was removed to Georgia, where he lost strength gradually, and while his friends hoped to



at the end that his courage would save him, they were warned that the chances were all against his recovery. The remains were taken to Berlin, Md., for interment.
 Major Handy was born in Virginia, his father being a prominent Methodist clergyman. While under age he entered the Confederate service and served with gallantry during the closing months of the war. He was employed by the New York Tribune as special correspondent during the Cuban troubles, and won distinction by his report of the Virginian massacre.
 Later he became managing editor of the Philadelphia Times, and subsequently the editor of the Philadelphia Daily News. He moved to Chicago in 1893 to accept the position of chief of the bureau of publicity and promotion of the World's Columbian Exposition.
 At the close of the fair he went to New York and engaged in literary work and newspaper correspondence for a year. He returned to Chicago as editor of the Times-Herald in 1895, when the paper was purchased by H. H. Kohlsaat. Last year Major Handy was appointed by President McKinley as special commissioner to the Paris exposition, where he rendered valuable service.

INDIANS IN A FRENZY.

Enraged Seminoles Likely to Take the Warpath.

A bloody uprising of the Seminole Indians is imminent. An alarming state of rioting and hatred exists owing to the burning at the stake by whites of two members of the tribe. Unless immediate steps are taken by the United States authorities the Indians may go on the warpath. Both the Indians who were burned came from respectable Seminole families, and their fearful fate has aroused their friends and relatives to frenzy.
 The crime which led to the burning of the two men was committed on last Thursday. Marcus McGeisey was the owner of some property. On his land lived a white family named Simmons. During the absence of the husband on Thursday McGeisey went to the Simmons cabin and asked for a drink of water. Mrs. Simmons was at home with her four small children. The Indian was given the water and he then asked for a saddle. On being refused McGeisey seized the woman, who had her baby in her arms, and dragged her out of the house. When the woman attempted to run away the Indian seized a Winchester rifle and dealt her a deadly blow on the head, crushing the skull. The woman died instantly.
 The feeling was so bitter that the crowd would not be satisfied with the ordinary method of lynching, and it was voted to burn them at the stake. The victims were accordingly chained to an oak tree. Fence rails and dry wood were then piled high above them, and in a few minutes the Indians were wrapped in roaring flames while the timbers crackled beneath their feet. Never a word did the Indians utter while being roasted alive. They apparently saw that they were powerless to resist and endured their lot like stoics. The crowd was composed of not over thirty men, and the work was done in a quiet but thoroughly determined manner. According to late information the mob's work is not yet finished, and will only be completed when four more Indians have been dealt with in the same manner as McGeisey and Simpson.

Notes of Current Events.

A Boston boy has been christened with fourteen names, one of them having thirty-five letters.
 A trap gun set by Joseph Butler, near Orange, N. J., for chicken thieves, shoots and wounds his own employe.
 The Storrs lecturer in the Yale law school course this year will be ex-Postmaster General William L. Wilson.
 T. J. Bryan has been appointed receiver of the Huntington-Kenova Land Development Association of West Virginia.
 The increase of last year's gross earnings of the Canadian Pacific Railroad over 1896 is officially stated to be \$3,465,796.
 Peter S. McMahon of Albany, N. Y., crazed by cigarette smoking, stood in front of a mirror and fired a bullet through his heart.
 James A. Nolan, a lawyer of Topeka, Kan., who escaped from the Kansas State insane asylum about two months ago, was arrested at Buffalo, N. Y.

MARK HANNA CHOSEN

NAMED FOR SENATOR BY THE OHIO LEGISLATURE.

He Secures Election by Bare Majority—Gets 56 Votes from Representatives and 17 from Senators—Threatened Deadlock Did Not Materialize.

Barely Squeezes Through.
 Marcus A. Hanna was on Wednesday elected to the United States Senate for both the long and short terms by the Ohio State Legislature.
 After being in caucus all of Monday night the Democrats of the Legislature agreed on Mayor McKisson of Cleveland as the only Republican they would support for Senator. When it was found absolutely impossible to agree upon either Gov. Bushnell or Charles L. Kurtz, McKisson was called in and made a speech, saying that, although a Republican, he would, if elected to the United States Senate by the fusion, stand squarely on the Chicago platform. This pledge was satisfactory and the caucus declared for McKisson for both the short and long term.
 Both branches of the Legislature met at 10 Tuesday morning and balloted for Senator. The call of the House showed Representative Cramer, Democrat, the only absentee. The sergeant-at-arms was dispatched for him. He was very sick and his physician forbade his attendance.



The Republicans finally agreed to proceed with the ballot in the absence of Cramer. A test vote resulted in 56 yeas and 52 nays and the House dispensed with the call and proceeded to business, amid great applause from the Republican side.
 Kenner rose to a question of privilege and read the charges of offers to bribe Otis of Hamilton County. He offered a resolution that a committee of five be appointed to investigate these and any other charges of bribery affecting any member of the House. A motion was made on the Democratic side to suspend the rules and consider the Kenner resolution at once, but was defeated by the same vote—52 yeas and 56 nays, and again there was applause from the Republicans.
 The names of Marcus A. Hanna and Robert E. McKisson were then presented. On roll call in the House Griffith, Manuel, Joyce, Droste, Kemper and Lane, the Republicans who had been acting with the opposition, cast their votes for Hanna and there was tremendous cheering, which was renewed when the result was made known—Hanna 56, McKisson 46, scattering 3. The speaker announced that Hanna was the choice of the House for the short term. The ballot was then taken for the long term and resulted the same, and was greeted with another long and loud demonstration. In the Senate the vote for both the short and long terms stood 19 for McKisson and 17 for Hanna. This number, with his 56 in the House, gave Hanna exactly the necessary 73 for election, with all present.
 Wednesday, when the contest was to be finally settled, the legislative halls were crowded early in the morning, although the joint balloting for Senator did not begin until noon. The workers on both sides showed more plainly their weariness than on former mornings. The Hanna hustlers were up all night, on the watch. Their opponents spent the entire night in getting some members out of bed and staying near others. There were several collisions in the hotels between opposing workers and watchmen before daybreak, and their feeling had not abated any when they met again in the state house.
 The Senate roll call on the senatorship was called first. The votes were cast the same as on Tuesday. The House vote also was the same as on Tuesday—56 to 52. An attempt to secure passage in the House of a resolution looking to investigation of the bribery charges was defeated.

ODDS & ENDS OF SPORT

A winter cycling track is being constructed at Antwerp, Holland.
 The Minneapolis ball team will do its spring work at Topeka, Kan.
 Morin, the famous French cyclist, is fond of canaries, often spending hours with his feathered pets.
 Italian cyclists are organized with a membership of 12,000. Three years ago the society started in Rome with 261.
 A cycle race meeting held in Cairo, Egypt, recently is said to have been a great success, and the keen finishes aroused the natives.
 Manager Watkins announces that fifteen men will be all Pittsburg will carry this year. That will necessitate letting out ten players.

GAINED FORTY-EIGHT POUNDS.

"A strong appetite for liquor was the beginning of the breaking down of my health. I was also a slave to tea and coffee. I took the gold cure, but was not helped."

This is clipped from the Daily Herald, of Clinton, Iowa. It might well be taken for the subject of a temperance lecture, but that is not our object in publishing it. It is to show how a system, run down by drink and disease, may be restored. We quote further from the same:

"For years I was unable to do my work. I could not sleep nights or rest days on account of continuous pains in my stomach and back. I was unable to digest my food. Headaches and painful urination were frequent, and my heart's action became increased. I left my farm and retired to city life, for I was a confirmed invalid, and the doctor said I would never be well again."



"Soon after I happened to use four boxes of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, and since then I have been free from all pain, headache and dyspepsia. I eat heartily and have no appetite for strong drink, and feel twenty years younger."

"My weight has increased 48 pounds. I cannot say too much for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and claim that they have cured me."
JOHN B. COOK.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this sixteenth day of February, 1897.

A. P. BARKER, Notary Public.

To people run down in health from whatever cause—drink or disease—the above interview will be of interest. For any further facts concerning this medicine write to Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

The name and address of the subject of above interview is John B. Cook, of 208 South 5th street, Lyons, Iowa.

Violent Administration.

Miss Fryte—Do I understand that you fare badly, as a rule, at the hands of women?

Jaded Jerry—Yes, kind lady; but it's frum de feet of men dat we expectyance de roughest deals.—Judge.

It Keeps the Feet Warm and Dry

And is the only cure for Chills, Frost Bites, Damp, Sweating Feet, Corns and Bunions. Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Gold-filled teeth have been found in the jaws of skeletons exhumed at Pompeii.

Eighty-six miles shortest to New Orleans, 109 miles shortest to Florida—Queen and Crescent Route from Cincinnati.

Young Womanhood.

Sweet young girls! How often they develop into worn, listless, and hopeless women because mother has not impressed upon them the importance of attending to physical development.



No woman is exempt from physical weakness and periodical pain, and young girls just budding into womanhood should be guided physically as well as morally.

If you know of any young lady who is sick and needs motherly advice, ask her to address Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., and tell every detail of her symptoms, surroundings and occupations. She will get advice from a source that has no rival in experience of women's ills. Tell her to keep nothing back.

Her story is told to a woman, not to a man. Do not hesitate about stating details that she may time this summer on the bathing beach.

"Well, he didn't say he had no eyes for figures."—Chicago Post.

essential to a full understanding of her case, and if she is frank, help is certain to come!

DO YOU COUGH
DON'T DELAY
TAKES
KEMP'S BALSAM
THE BEST
COUGH CURE

It Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere.
25c and 50c Per Bottle.

SAW JACKSON INAUGURATED.

And Kept Away from Inaugurations for Sixty-eight Years.

John Quincy Adams was President until March, 1829, and Henry Clay was his Secretary of State. I frequently saw them both, and have shaken hands with Adams at his levees, as all well-behaved persons were allowed to do. I saw Gen. Jackson inaugurated on his first term in March, 1829, and went to some of his levees. I will never forget the first levee Jackson held. He came in as a Democrat and the doors were thrown open to all the people. Adams, the preceding President, had been aristocratic in his instincts, and drew the line as to the people who were allowed to enter, but Jackson threw down the bars. I remember noticing the difference in the appearance of the crowd, and noticed that Jackson's was rougher in appearance than Adams'. The great East Room was crowded and a servant was attempting to pass through with a big waiter piled up with cakes and delicacies, which he held high over his head. He had not gotten twenty feet in the room before his waiter and everything on it fell to the floor. The crowd then seized the edibles and made away with them. I was at several more of Jackson's levees after that, but I noticed that he never tried again to have refreshments served at any of them.

I did not see another inauguration after Jackson's until last March when I went to see McKinley inaugurated. I had a seat right opposite McKinley and saw the whole proceedings. I also went to the inaugural ball, and not being able to get a chair, walked about for three hours, which made me pretty tired. Jackson's inauguration and McKinley's inauguration were just sixty-eight years apart.—Dr. P. Jewett, in St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Give the Children a Drink

called Grain-O. It is a delicious, appetizing, nourishing food drink to take the place of coffee. Sold by all grocers and liked by all who have used it because when properly prepared it tastes like the finest coffee, but is free from all its injurious properties. Grain-O aids digestion and strengthens the nerves. It is not a stimulant but a health builder, and children, as well as adults, can drink it with great benefit. Costs about 1/4 as much as coffee. 15 and 25c.

Stretching the Truth.

Stranger (in Arkansas)—So the poor fellow swore that he didn't steal the horse, and after you'd lynched him you found out he'd told the truth about it? Storekeeper—Yes; and the coroner was right smart puzzled for a spell what kind of a verdict to bring in, but he finally called it "a case of stretching the truth" and let it go at that.—Judge.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, ss.

LUCAS COUNTY.
FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.
FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Remarkable Find of Oil.

Boys boring in the earth at Arlington, Ky., found kerosene oil of such purity as to be marketable without refining, and moreover, at so favorable a point for commercial purposes that with the mere laying of a siding from a trunk line railroad the oil may be loaded directly for shipment.

The Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern Railway Company has adopted a plan of handling locomotive ashes or cinders at terminals and divisional points which has resulted in a saving of expenses. The device consists of large pans holding about three cubic yards each, which are placed in the pit, and when full are moved by a crane to the car, where they are dumped. The machinery is handled by one man and the results have been very satisfactory.

He Had Studied Them.

"He says he has no head for figures."
"It is true."
"And yet he has spent nearly all his time this summer on the bathing beach."
"Well, he didn't say he had no eyes for figures."—Chicago Post.

Monon Sleeper to Cincinnati and Washington.

The Monon through sleeper to Washington and Baltimore via Cincinnati has proved a great success and will run all winter. It leaves Dearborn station, Chicago, at 2:45 a. m. (sleeper ready at 9:30 p. m.) and arrives in Washington at 6:47 a. m. next day. Frank J. Reed, G. P. A., Chicago.

A Natural Deduction.

Diggs—Old "Father Time" is drunk again.
Biggs—Why, what do you mean?
Diggs—Time is money, isn't it?
Biggs—Yes, so they say.
Diggs—Well, isn't money tight?

Lanc's Family Medicine

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

If the office has no salary attached it is obliged to seek the man.

New line to Tampa via Queen and Crescent Route from Cincinnati, 34 hours, through Pullmans.

THE CANADIAN GOLD FIELDS.

They Do Not All Lie in the Yukon.



Yukon in the search for gold, and has diverted the attention of many others. But in order to get there it is necessary that a man should be possessed of the best of health, strong powers of endurance and considerable means. He leaves his wife and his family for a considerable period, and the hardships he has to endure are all unknown to him.

Canada has other gold fields, though. They are the fields that produce her golden grain. This year the crop of Manitoba, lying directly north of North Dakota, yielded 21,000,000 bushels of wheat alone. The current price averages 76 cents, which, as a local paper puts it, "makes the product in gold this year, for wheat alone, equal to a value of \$15,960,000." Twenty thousand farmers did this, or an average to each producer of about \$798.

"But these same farmers are not living by wheat alone. This is only one source of revenue to them out of many. They have also beef, butter, potatoes, oats, barley and poultry to sell, and sometimes other things, so that it may be fairly estimated that their incomes will average at least \$1,000 per farmer. Thus Manitoba's fields have yielded this year fully \$20,000,000 in gold, divided among 20,000 actual producers, and a general population of about 200,000."

After counting the cost of stamp mills, expenses of men, etc., rich as is the Klondike, such vast wealth as is being taken out of the soil in raising wheat in this one province, cannot possibly be secured in any mining district. Of course mining development assists agricultural development, and that is why the Government of Canada feels so much assurance in predicting prosperity to all who take up farms in Canada. Western Canada to-day promises more than any other known field that is open to immigration. Farms of 160 acres, capable of producing the best No. 1 hard wheat, yielding thirty to forty bushels to the acre, are given away free. Railways, markets, schools, churches—all are convenient. The Canadian form of government is one of the most liberal known, and a hearty welcome is given to settlers of all nationalities. Already there are many settlers gone in from the States, and the reports from them are highly favorable. Those desiring information as to free homestead laws, low transportation rates, etc., will have pamphlets, etc., sent free on application to the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any agent of the Government.

A Good Dictionary for Two Cents.

A dictionary containing the definitions of 10,000 of the most useful and important words in the English language is published by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y. While it contains some advertising, it is a complete dictionary, concise and correct.

In compiling this book care has been taken to omit none of those common words whose spelling or exact use occasions at times a momentary difficulty, even to well educated people. The main aim has been to give as much useful information as possible in a limited space. With this in view, where noun, adjective and verb are all obviously connected in meaning, usually one only has been inserted. The volume will thus be found to contain the meaning of very many more words than it professes to explain.

To those who already have a dictionary, this book will commend itself because it is compact, light and convenient; to those who have no dictionary whatever, it will be invaluable. One may be secured by writing to the above concern, mentioning this paper, and enclosing a two-cent stamp.

His Winning Plan.

"Does your wife ever ask you to go to church with her?"
"No; I broke her of that long ago."
"How?"
"By going without waiting to be asked."

Coughing Leads to Consumption.

Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Sold in 25 and 50 cent bottles. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

Neatly Put.

He—I think I will kiss you just before I leave.
She—That's hardly fair, to kiss a girl when she's asleep.—Yonkers Statesman.

I believe my prompt use of Piso's Cure prevented quick consumption.—Mrs. Lucy Wallace, Marquette, Kan., Dec. 12, '95.

New Orleans limited, Queen and Crescent Route. Only 24 hours from Cincinnati to the Gulf.

Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP for Children teething; softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

RADWAY'S PILLS,

Purely vegetable, mild and reliable. Cause perfect Digestion, complete absorption and healthful regulation. For the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases.

LOSS OF APPETITE, SICK HEADACHE, INDIGESTION, BILIOUSNESS, TORPID LIVER, DYSPEPSIA.

Observe the following symptoms resulting from Diseases of the Digestive Organs: Constipation, upward piles, fullness of blood in the head, acidity of the stomach, nausea, heartburn, disgust of food, fullness or weight in the stomach, sour eructations, sinking or fluttering of the heart, choking or suffocating sensations when in a lying posture, dimness of vision, dots or webs before the sight, fever and dull pain in the head, deficiency of perspiration, yellowness of the skin and eyes, pain in the side, chest, limbs, and sudden flushes of heat, burning in the flesh.

A few doses of RADWAY'S PILLS will free the system of all the above named disorders.
Price, 25 cents per box. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail.
Prepared and sold by
DR. RADWAY & CO., Lock Box 365, New York, for Loss of Appetite.

Flying Ants at Jerusalem.

An extraordinary scene happened at Jerusalem not long ago. From sunrise until nine o'clock a swarm of flying ants settled on the holy city, filling the entire air and blotting out the sun. Visitors to the Holy Sepulchre were obliged to use their handkerchiefs constantly to keep the insects out of their eyes and nostrils. The natives declared that this flight of ants was the precursor of an earthquake, and whether there was any real connection between the two phenomena or not, two slight shocks of earthquake were certainly felt in Jerusalem on the evening of the same day.

The Cuban Scare.

Although the diplomatic entanglement with Spain over Cuba is to some extent influencing the stock market, Wall street expects no serious complications. Nevertheless serious complication with other maladies may be expected to follow an attack of biliousness which is not checked at the outset. The most effectual means to this end is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, an admirable remedy, moreover, for dyspepsia, malaria, kidney trouble, constipation and nervousness.

Wanted a Monopoly.

Miss Askins—I'm sure you had a fine time with all those young ladies at the seashore.

Toodles—Not very good. There was another man there.—Puck.

All About Alaska.

Persons desiring latest and most complete information about the Alaskan gold fields can get maps and other matter by sending four cents in stamps to W. M. Lowrie, General Agent Great Northern Railway, 220 South Clark street, Chicago, Ill., or free by calling at his office. The Great Northern is the short line to Seattle and Portland; vestibuled trains; tourist sleepers; meals in dining cars a la carte; connects with all Alaska steamers.

Unique Punishment.

In the jailyard of a Mexican prison the warden has caused a phonograph to be placed which repeats to the convicts the charges made against them in the voices of their victims.

Do You Dance To-Night?

Shake in your shoes Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It makes tight or New Shoes feel Easy. Cures Corns, Bunions, Chills, Frost Bites and Sweating Feet. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

If justice was really blind she wouldn't be able to wink at her favorites.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.
Take Laxative Broom Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c.

Adversity borrows its sharpest sting from our impatience.

Solid daily trains to Jacksonville, 24 hours from Cincinnati. Queen and Crescent Route.

The misery of it is awful. **USE ST. JACOBS OIL**
TO CURE **SCIATICA**
You'll feel it is worth its weight in gold.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
CURE CONSTIPATION
REGULATE THE LIVER
10c 25c 50c ALL DRUGGISTS

"A Good Tale Will Bear Telling Twice." Use Sapoliol ... Use ...

SAPOLIO

A Puzzle Map

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SENT FREE TO ANY ADDRESS UPON RECEIPT OF FIVE TWO-CENT STAMPS TO COVER THE COST OF MAILING.

BEST INSTRUCTOR

in geography ever seen. Interests the children and teaches them the geography of their own country in a practical and lasting manner. Not more than one sent to one address. Write to

F. H. LORD,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent
Chicago Great Western Railway,
QUINCY BUILDING CHICAGO ILL.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Absolutely cures scrofula, Salt rheum, Dyspepsia, rheumatism, Catarrh and all diseases Originating in or promoted By impure blood. It is The great nerve tonic, Stomach regulator and Strength builder.

"A Perfect Type of the Highest Order of Excellence in Manufacture."

Walter Baker & Co's

Breakfast Cocoa
Absolutely Pure, Delicious, Nutritious.
..Costs Less Than ONE CENT a Cup..

Be sure that you get the Genuine Article, made at DORCHESTER, MASS. by **WALTER BAKER & CO. Ltd.** ESTABLISHED 1780.

60 ACRE **FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE**

For information as to Low Railway Rates, Maps, Pamphlets, etc., address the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, Canada, or C. J. DROUGHTON, 1233 Monadnock Building, Chicago, Ill.; W. V. BENNETT, 119 New York Life Building, Omaha, Neb.

PENSIONS, PATENTS, CLAIMS.
JOHN W. MORRIS, WASHINGTON, D. C.
Late Principal Examiner U. S. Pension Bureau.
3 yrs. in last war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty. at law.

SOFTENING DR. ISAAC THOMPSON'S EYE WATER

St. Jacobs Oil
TO CURE **SCIATICA**
You'll feel it is worth its weight in gold.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
CURE CONSTIPATION
REGULATE THE LIVER
10c 25c 50c ALL DRUGGISTS

"A Good Tale Will Bear Telling Twice." Use Sapoliol ... Use ...

SAPOLIO

A Profession for \$1.

Ten Weeks Course in TELEGRAPHY and a Practical Morse Instrument, Sounder, Battery and Short Line for \$1. Anyone can learn from our printed course. Two instruments, for practice work \$1.75. MORSE ELECTRIC MFG. CO., 115, 01 Dearborn St., Sta. T, Chicago, Ill.

FITS! THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY! Should send name and address to L. A. CANNON, WYOMING, ILL., who will forward, free, full particulars (with testimonials) of the most successful remedy ever discovered for this distressing malady. Send now!

PENSIONS DOUBLE QUICK!
Write Capt. O'FARRELL, Pension Agent, Washington, D. C.

Life! Life! Life!
Cutler's Carbolate of Iodine Pocket Inhaler. Guaranteed to cure CATARRH and Bronchitis. All druggists. By mail \$1.00. Address W. H. SMITH & CO., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

DETECTIVE Get Your Pension
C. N. U. No. 4-98

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE SAY you saw the advertisement in this paper.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

LOCALS.

Subscribe for the HERALD.
 Edward E. Vanschoiak, of South Dakota, is in this section visiting friends.
 Rev. and Mrs. F. G. Howard took dinner with M. Baker and family Tuesday.
 Will close out all fifty cent working shirts at thirty-nine cents at Vanschoiak's.
 W. E. Hand and daughter Maud, attended the farmers' institute at Plymouth this week.
 Mrs. Katie Wag, of Wabash Co., is visiting her brother Mr. Elem Hunt at Hibbard.
 Mrs. Eliza Gordon, of near Walnut, is visiting her brother, Eli Spencer, for a few days.
 CLOSING OUT.--Get your footwear at John Osborn's, durable and cheaper than the cheapest.
 John H. Davis departed Tuesday morning for Wisconsin, where he expects to work the coming year.
 Footwear of every description at John Osborn's shoe store. Call and secure bargains while they last.

Small pill, safe pill, best pill. DeWitt's Little Early Risers cure biliousness, constipation, sick headache. Culver City Drug Store.

If you want first class laundry work done, leave it at the Exchange Barber Shop, under Culver City Drug Store.

Don't forget to pay John Osborn's shoe store a visit when you are in town. He will astonish you with low prices.

A man who will read the paper every chance he gets and not subscribe for the same will smoke another man's tobacco.

Dr. Wiseman made Burr Oak a visit Wednesday. He was called to treat Mrs. Bert Miller who is suffering with influenza.

There is no need of little children being tortured by scald head, eczema and skin eruptions. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve gives instant relief and cures permanently.

Wm. Hand, Jr., of Argos, was in town Monday and Tuesday in the interest of a tailor establishment and met with great success.

Rev. Appleman preached the funeral discourse of Mrs. Burns, instead of Rev. Stuck, as stated in last week's HERALD. We were misinformed.

E. Vanschoiak is positively closing out his entire stock of boots and shoes at cost and below cost. This is no humbug. Just call and be convinced.

There are a number of our subscribers who promised us word on subscription. We would like eight or ten cords immediately. Do not forget us.

You can't afford to risk your life by allowing a cold to develop into pneumonia or consumption. Instant relief and a certain cure are afforded by One Minute Cough Cure. Culver City Drug Store.

Shoes! shoes!! shoes!!! at Vanschoiak's at cost and below cost. They must all go. Now is the time to buy. Don't fail to call and learn prices.

J. H. Koontz has a mare that is sound and all right in every way, and able to do most any kind of work that he will give to some farmer for her care. This is a grand opportunity for any person who desires a good reliable horse.

Owing to the "big-headism" of its manager, the following members of the Culver City Comedy Co. have stepped down and out: Wm. F. Hunt, the former manager; Mable D. Hleson, Myrtle Nearpass, and Homer Nearpass.

The democratic county convention met in Plymouth Saturday and elected the following officers: Chairman, S. N. Stevens; secretary, Leo. Lauer; treasurer, Adam Vinnedge. The township convention for Center will be held May 27th, and the county convention May 28.

After hearing some friends continually praising Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, Curtis Fleck, of Anaheim, California, purchased a bottle of it for his own use and is now as enthusiastic over its wonderful work as anyone can be. The 25 and 50 cent sizes for sale at Culver City Drug Store.

D. H. Smith & Co. contracted Wednesday to erect the foundation of a residence which will be built in early spring by Miss Rachel Voreis, of Burr Oak. It will be the finest in Culver, and of very large dimensions and will be situated on Scott street near P. J. Garn's residence. It will also be of the latest modern architecture.

Before buying
 Your
SPRING SHOES
 Examine our Line and
 Get Prices.
PORTER & CO.,

If We
 All Had
 Trilby Feet



the shoe man would have an easy time of it. With the many styles of feet men and women carry with them it becomes something like a science to fit something of this sci- in touch with the shoe opinion have it perfect- If you pay us \$1.50 or science in the shoe we

SEE
 "Selz" on the Sole
 of the shoes
 that you buy.
Selz Shoes
 make your feet glad.

them. We have learned
 ence ourselves, and are
 makers who in our
 ed. That's why we fit.
 \$5.00 a pair there's
 sell you. Science that
 makes it worth the price and insures comfort to your feet.

PORTER & COMPANY.

We have
Groceries

And you all desire to purchase
 First-class Goods.

Hence you can find an endless
 variety at **H. J. MEREDITH'S.**

ANDIES for the millions from five cents
 per lb. up. If you want to make your
 wife a present, buy her a fine set of dishes, of
 which I have a superb stock to select from.

The leading Grocery in Cul-
 ver, and prices on par with
 the time.

HAYES & SON,

PROPRIETORS OF

→ Livery, Feed and Sale Stable. ←



First Class Horses, Bug-
 gies and Vehicles of
 every description. Can
 stable from 50 to 75
 Horses and shelter a
 number of Buggies.

Culver, Indiana.

CLEANING-UP BARGAINS ::=

At LAUER & SO S,
 Every man who desires to save money--So pay attention to these
 helps we give him.

Special Cleaning- Suits and
 up Sale Overcoats.

ALL OUR \$ 5.00 SUITS AND OVERCOATS.....\$3.75
 ALL OUR 7.50 SUITS AND OVERCOATS..... 5.00
 ALL OUR 10.00 SUITS AND OVERCOATS..... 6.75
 ALL OUR 12.50 SUITS AND OVERCOATS..... 8.00
 ALL OUR 15.00 SUITS AND OVERCOATS..... 9.75

We Are Also Cleaning Up
 All Winter Underwear, Gloves and Mittens, Caps, Boys' Clothing, Pants,
 Furnishing Goods, Felt Boots and Rubbers at prices reduced 25 per cent.

The original prices are on all of our goods. Make your own selection. Call early
 and get CHOICE BARGAINS.

M. LAUER & SON, The One-Price Clothiers.
 Plymouth, Ind.

FIRE, FIRE, FRIE.

Get insured before you have a fire. Notice the fine list of Insurance
 Companies represented right here in Culver City:

OHIO FARMERS, INDIANA UNDERWRITERS, PACIFIC. | GERMAN FIRE OF INDIANA, CITIZENS OF EVANSVILLE, GIRARD.

MUTUAL LIFE OF NEW YORK.
 Give me a call. DAN G. WALTER, Culver, Ind.

H A. DEEDS, *
 → DENTIST. ←
 From the office of F. M. Burket,
 Plymouth, Ind., will be at Dr. Rea's
 office, Culver City, each Monday.
 Remember the date. 26th.

J. H. CASTLEMAN,
 Dealer in
 *
 Grain, Coal, Salt and Feed.
 * Live and Let Live is My Motto. *
 Highest Prices Paid for all Kinds
 of Grain.
 CULVER, IND.

He Leads Them All.

Positively the Largest and most Select Line of
 Furniture in the county.



Sewing Machines of every grade repaired and Sundries
 furnished for the same.

BICYCLE REPAIRING one of the great Specialties.

Undertaking AND Embalming
 are the leading features of this establishment. Calls promptly attended
 night or day.

DON'T MISS THE PLACE.
A. B. Wickizer.
 PRICES AT ROCK BOTTOM. ARGOS IND

BALL & CARABIN,
 PLYMOUTH, IND

Before Stock Taking

which occurs February 1st, we will make tremendous reductions in Men's
 and children's Clothing, Ladies' and Misses' Wraps, and all other minute
 apparel.

We are desirous of cleaning up stocks in order to make room for
 our immense new line of Spring Goods.

With this in view we will not be outdone in naming prices. You
 will do well to take advantage of these opportunities.

BALL & CARABIN,
 PLYMOUTH, IND.

→ **ROSS HOUSE** ←
 PLYMOUTH, ND.

Only First-Class House in the City. Rates Reasonable

Special rates given to Marshall county citizens, who come in numbers.
 Backs to and from all trains.

J. B. Howell, Proprietor.

NO SERIOUS DANGER.

FAMINE IS NOT IMMINENT AT DAWSON.

Report of Major Buckner Regarding the Government Expedition—Building Boats for Klondike Business—Inventory of Pullman's Property.

Need of Relief Not Urgent.

The report of Major Buckner, who was sent to Dyea recently for the purpose of reconnoitering the ground preparatory to starting the Government relief expedition and to interview persons coming from Dawson on the need of relief, has been received at Seattle, Wash., and forwarded to Brig. Gen. Merriam at Vancouver barracks. The report discourages any unnecessary expenditure of energy and money in carrying out the proposed expedition. Eleven reindeer arrived at New York on board the Wilson Line steamer Martello from Hull and were shipped to the Klondike region. James Jackson has arrived in San Francisco from Boston with a number of carrier pigeons, whose homing instincts he hopes to utilize in the work of establishing regular communication between Dawson City and St. Michael's next winter. He intends taking his birds to St. Michael's as soon as possible and will establish stations at convenient intervals between there and Dawson. Six large barges and three river steamers for service on the Yukon and its tributaries are building at San Francisco shipyards. The boats are for the Alaska Exploration Company, and the Rothschilds are largely interested. They will cost more than \$250,000. The boats will be taken apart and shipped to Unalaska, where they will be set up and towed to the mouth of the Yukon.

PULLMAN'S PROPERTY.

Estate, Realty and Personal, Shows a Total of Nearly \$10,000,000.

Inventory of the late George M. Pullman's estate has been filed in the probate court at Chicago. It represents a total of about \$10,000,000, made up of real estate and stocks, bonds and other personal property. According to the estimates given at the time the will was filed the real estate was worth but \$800,000 and the personal estate \$6,800,000. Mr. Pullman's investments covered a wide range. Mr. Pullman was interested in several publications to a small extent, holding stock in Kate Field's Washington, the Journal of Commerce and the Weekly Magazine of Chicago. He held a small amount of stock in the University School Association of the same city. A partial list of the stocks inventoried show a total value of \$5,823,174, and twenty-nine pieces of real estate are valued at \$2,000,000. The household effects are placed at \$47,235 and cash on hand \$138,879.

LIVES WITHOUT STOMACH.

St. Louis Machinist Has the Supposed Vital Organ Removed.

Conrad Beck, a machinist of St. Louis, Mo., 46 years of age, is the first man in the world to have his stomach removed. He was sent to a hospital to be operated on for cancer of the stomach. The operation was performed. When the abdomen was opened in the usual way it was found that the disease extended the whole length from the esophagus to within an inch of the pylorus. The latter outlet of the stomach was entirely free from disease. It was found that all the stomachic viscera would have to be removed, and this was done. Then the pylorus was sewed to the esophagus, making a complete and perfect duct. The operation was finished in two hours and six minutes.

Decides Against Stockholders.

In the United States Circuit Court at Springfield, Ill., Judge Allen rendered judgment in favor of Receiver Theodore Wallace of the defunct Missouri National Bank of Kansas City, Mo., against the former president, David V. Reiger, and the former cashier, Robert D. Covington, in the sum of \$600 and \$10,000 respectively, being the amount of stock they held in the concern. These are the two officers who have been indicted by a special grand jury at Kansas City in the Federal Court on the charge of wrecking the bank of which they were officers. They are out on \$10,000 bonds each.

Boys Confess Their Guilt.

Harry McPeck and George McPeck of St. Charles, Mo., who were arrested, charged with attempting to wreck a Wash passenger train on the bridge near that place, confessed. The two brothers gave no other reason for the attempt than that they wanted to see what the train would do. They had laid an "oil box wedge" in such a position that the cars would have been derailed. Watchman Koehler found the piece of iron and removed it before the train came by, thereby averting a serious accident in which lives would undoubtedly have been lost.

Suicide for Love.

Sir Charles Arthur Fairlie Cunningham committed suicide at the Hotel Victoria, London, during the night of Dec. 26. He had long been infatuated with Marjorie Fryer, a chorus girl of the "In Town" company.

Suicide of Washington Merchant.

Senator Ferry, for many years one of the leading dry goods merchants of Washington, D. C., committed suicide. He had been a sufferer from insomnia for years.

For Woman Suffrage.

A concurrent resolution has been introduced in the New York Assembly proposing a woman suffrage amendment to the State constitution.

STEAMBOAT COMPANY FAILS.

St. Louis and New Orleans Anchor Line Forced to the Wall.

The St. Louis and New Orleans Anchor line made an assignment to Archibald Woods, conveying to him for the benefit of creditors all of the steamboats, barges, stock in store, elevators and other property of the company of every kind. The assets of the Anchor line are worth \$98,600. No statement as to the amount of liabilities was made. The Anchor line was organized the year after the war and it was one of the first combinations started in the West. Prior to that time there were short steamboat lines running between St. Louis and Cairo, Cairo and Memphis, Memphis and Vicksburg, Vicksburg and Natchez and Natchez and New Orleans. These short lines were all taken into the Anchor line company. Two lines were started—one between St. Louis and Memphis and the other between St. Louis and New Orleans. At the various towns along the Mississippi river freight elevators were built, and the controlling interest in these elevators was held by the Anchor line or people interested in it. Between 1866 and 1880 the Anchor line practically controlled the traffic on the waterway between St. Louis and Memphis and New Orleans.

BIG SIX TO TRY FARMING.

Printers' Union Arranging for Land Which Idle Members Can Cultivate.

How to find work for the unemployed in large cities on a self-sustaining basis is a question which Typographical Union No. 6 of New York is trying to solve. The officers of the union have come to the conclusion that the cultivation of unused land is the most reasonable form of relief and it has unanimously decided to make use of vacant lot farms. F. H. Goodyear of Buffalo, president of the Buffalo and Susquehanna Railroad, and owner of 100 acres of land in northwestern Pennsylvania, has offered to Big Six a tract of from 1,000 to 2,000 acres for a colony. He expects the presence of a colony to bring business to his railroad. Title would be conveyed after the colony was fairly established. The union is expected to raise \$10,000, and the donor of the land will contribute a like amount.

SHERIFF TAKES ENGINE.

Kansas Official Stops Passenger Train to Satisfy Personal Judgment.

Three engines and other property of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railway Company at Paola, Kan., are held under an attachment by Sheriff Hamlin in default of the payment of a judgment for \$5,000 obtained against the company and twice confirmed by the Supreme Court for the debt of Joseph H. Howe, who was run over and killed in 1892. Sheriff Hamlin arrested the conductor, engineer and fireman when they resisted. As a result the regular passenger train on the Paola and Sedalia branch did not go out one recent morning.

Warfare on Breakfast Articles.

As the Arbuckle Sugar Refinery in Brooklyn, N. Y., approaches completion the war of the sugar trust people upon the coffee trade of the Arbuckles grows hotter. Recently the Arbuckles dispatched an agent to Europe to contract for raw sugars, and a few days later the Woolson Spice Company—the big coffee plant acquired by Mr. Havemeyer to carry on the war with—reduced the price of roasted coffee half a cent a pound. This cut, like all others of the long series that preceded it, was promptly met by the Arbuckles. This brings the price of roasted coffee at wholesale down to 8 1/2 cents a pound, as against 15 cents Dec. 16, 1896, when the Havemeyers acquired the Woolson plant and began the fight. The consumer can now buy the unprecedented amount of ten pounds of roasted coffee for \$1 in almost any part of the United States, where he formerly got but four pounds. In coffee trade circles it is said that the Arbuckles are holding a very large amount of coffee, and that the cut in price is a serious business for them. On the other hand, it is expected that their sugar refinery will be ready to start up by May 1, when they may carry the war into the enemy's camp.

Bloody Indian Uprising.

The Seminole Indians at Muscogee, I. T., went on the warpath and left a trail of blood and ashes. Two hundred and fifty braves went to Maud, O. T., just over the line, and massacred twenty-five men, women and children of the homesteaders. After killing every white person they could find they fired the town and it is in ashes. Many of the victims were scalped by the savages, and other bodies were otherwise mutilated according to Indian traditions.

Battle Ship Iowa Crippled.

When the battle ship Iowa arrived at Hampton Roads the other day the forward turret, with its pair of twelve-inch guns, was crippled to such an extent that they could not be used, and one of the men attached to the powder magazine was confined to the "sick bay" with a badly injured head. The damage was done during target practice. After repairs are made the boat will be in a dangerous condition.

Powers Agree as to Corea.

A dispatch to the London Daily Mail from Hong Kong says it is reported there that England, Japan and Russia have arrived at an agreement respecting Corea. The details of the agreement are not known to the correspondent, but the dispatch says the British fleet is returning to Hong Kong.

Kansas Insurance War.

Attorney General Boyle of Topeka, Kan., sent out to all county clerks instructions to bring prosecutions against the New York Life Insurance Company, basing his conclusions on information that the company is doing business in the various counties without a Kansas license.

Mystery in Spencer's Death.

Henry S. Spencer, a relative of Judge Sheldon of Illinois and a son of wealthy parents, died from asphyxiation at a boarding house in Brooklyn, N. Y. The circumstances surrounding his death prompt the belief among many of his friends that he committed suicide.

EXHIBIT IN CARACAS.

TO PUSH VENEZUELAN TRADE WITH AMERICA.

An Exhibition of Manufactured Goods to Be Given in March—Parcel Postal Agreement in Prospect—An American Horse Famine Is Predicted.

Want Venezuela to Buy. Francis B. Loomis, United States minister to Venezuela, who has been in New York for some weeks on official business, says: "The main business which brought me back home so soon after going to Venezuela was the question of a package postal agreement between the two countries. It is now likely that a parcel convention may be arranged soon, which will be of great benefit, especially to the manufacturers of the United States. I take back with me the draft of an agreement which may eventually be entered into between the two countries." Mr. Loomis advocated a permanent exhibition of American manufactures in each of the principal South American cities as the best way to foster our commerce with that continent, and Venezuela in particular. This experiment will be tried, he said, in Caracas in March, when the first exhibition will be opened. It will be under the control of the National Association of Manufacturers. "The government of Venezuela," continued Mr. Loomis, "has granted a permanent right for the exhibit, inasmuch as no other nation can get a similar concession. The exhibit will be a sort of bonded warehouse, for, through the courtesy of the Venezuelan government no duties are to be collected upon any of the goods exhibited until they are sold. They will remain in the exhibit hall in bond."

SALESMAN'S PRICE WILL STAND.

Important Decision of a St. Louis Judge on a Commercial Matter.

Judge Charles C. Blaid, presiding over the Court of Appeals in St. Louis, Mo., has given a general opinion which is of greater interest to the commercial world than any other ruling of the court which has been made for a number of years. The suit was an action for damages because the Kelly-Goodfellow Company of St. Louis refused to ratify a sale of goods to a Texas house at the price at which the salesman sold them. The company offered to fill the order at a higher price, but the Texas firm refused to accept the proposition. The trial began in the Circuit Court and at the conclusion of the testimony of the plaintiffs the court instructed for a nonsuit. The plaintiffs appealed from the decision of the court. The Court of Appeals overruled the Circuit Court and ordered that the motion to set aside the nonsuit be sustained and the case be given a new trial.

GOOD HORSES GETTING SCARCE.

Europe Wants More First-Class Animals than America Can Furnish.

The convention of the American Live Stock Feeders and Breeders assembled at St. Paul, Minn. Chairman Schurmeier, who has been at the head of the committee in charge of the management, delivered a brief address. Mayor Doran and Governor Clough greeted the convention. F. J. Berry, of Chicago, in an address on "The Export Horse—How to Breed," gave it as his opinion that this country will soon witness a horse famine. It was now the hardest kind of work to pick up the best class of horses. In the meantime the foreign demand for American horses is growing. All the markets are crowded with foreigners looking for first-class animals.

Imports and Exports.

The forthcoming annual report of the New York Chamber of Commerce for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, will show that the total value of foreign exports in 1896-7 was \$880,278,419, of which \$556,948,911 was entered at the port of New York. The total value of domestic exports was \$1,127,701,948, of which amount New York is credited with \$467,624,856. The decrease of the total foreign commerce at the port of New York as compared with the previous year was \$3,153,044, while the increase at all the ports of the United States during the same period was \$135,994,713. The value of merchandise and coin bullion imported into and exported from all the ports of the United States in 1896-7 in American vessels was \$247,563,860. Foreign vessels carried \$1,661,107,043.

Was in a Trance.

John Graper, of Toledo, Ohio, struck his wife the other night and the doctors said she was dead. The body was prepared for burial and funeral plans were completed. Two days after some of the family noticed color in the face. Later the woman suddenly arose in her coffin, was assisted to a bed, and is now on a fair road to recovery.

New Fusion in Kansas.

Kansas free silver Republicans held a meeting in Topeka and resolved to support the Populists in the coming campaign in Kansas. The resolutions endorsed the St. Louis silver convention platform and recommended a closer union with the Democrats and populists.

Eighty Lives Were Lost.

Late advices from the Orient say that the Japanese transport steamer Nara was wrecked and about eighty lives lost. The only survivors were five seamen, who were picked up by the steamer Madsura Maru. The vessel struck an uncharted rock.

Earthquake in the Moluccas.

An official dispatch to The Hague from Batavia announces that the capital of Amboyna, one of the Molucca Islands, has been completely demolished by an earthquake. Fifty persons were killed and 200 were injured.

Won't Join Tobacco Trust.

All negotiations between the two big tobacco factories of St. Louis and the American Tobacco Company are off and there will be no consolidation.

CONFIDENCE IN TRADE.

The Year Opens with Many Encouraging Signs of Activity.

Bradstreet's commercial report says: "The year opens with a tone of quiet confidence pervading nearly all branches of business, with encouraging activity in iron trade, a resumption of work by many thousands of industrial employes in the Western glass industry, a largely reduced volume of business failures as compared with corresponding periods in preceding years and a general outlook certainly not inferior to any previous year at this time. Autumn weather in the Northwest checks distribution, but collections are reported good. The holidays have exercised their expected effect on export trade in leading cereals. Wheat exports from the United States and Canada for the first week in January amount to 3,481,576 bushels, against 5,495,000 bushels last week. Corn exports also show a sensible diminution, amounting to 4,086,000 bushels last week, against 4,819,000 bushels in this week a year ago."

ALMOST BURIED ALIVE.

Alice Park of St. Louis Awakens from Death-Like Trance.

While the friends of Mrs. Alice Park of East St. Louis were preparing her supposed dead body for burial she opened her eyes and stared around and then fainted. A physician was called and she was soon revived and found that she had been considered dead since the day before. Two evenings previous she was not feeling well and took some whisky, which she said she thought would do her good. A little later in the evening she took another dose and retired. The next day she was supposed to have died. Her heart stopped beating and she remained in a comatose state until awakened as stated above.

In a Paris Court.

The trial by court martial of Major Count Ferdinand Walsin Esterhazy, the retired officer of the French army, who came into prominence in the latter part of November last through the publication by Figaro of a number of letters which the count is alleged to have admitted writing, reflecting in strong terms on France and the French army, has been opened at Paris, under the presidency of Gen. de Luxer. Among those who filled the hall were Mme. Dreyfus, wife of Albert Dreyfus, former captain of the French artillery, now undergoing imprisonment for life after having been convicted of selling important French military plans to agents of a foreign power, with which affair Esterhazy is said to have been connected; the brother of Mme. Dreyfus, Senator Traireux, former minister of justice (who wrote a letter asking for the postponement of the court martial on the ground that to try the case in its present shape only meant asking the court to confirm the guilt of Dreyfus), and many officers and deputies.

Terrorized Twenty Men.

One man succeeded in holding up the Palace saloon in Prescott, A. T., and at the point of a pistol secured all the money in sight. He terrorized about twenty patrons of the place and made his escape with nearly \$500.

M. A. Hanna Elected Senator.

Marcus A. Hanna was elected to represent Ohio in the United States Senate for seven years and two months. Including both the short and the long terms, Hanna's time as Senator will expire in March, 1905.

Anti-Saloon League.

A joint meeting of the Ohio and National anti-saloon organizations has been held at Columbus, Ohio, at which twenty-one States were represented by 200 delegates.

Explosion Kills Six Men.

The towboat Percy Kelsey blew up while going down the Ohio River, near Glenfield, Pa., and six of the crew were killed and seven others injured.

Acquitted Esterhazy.

Major Count Ferdinand Walsin Esterhazy was unanimously acquitted at Paris on the second day of the secret court martial proceedings.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$3.00 to \$5.75; hogs, shipping grades, \$3.00 to \$4.00; sheep, fair to choice, \$2.00 to \$4.75; wheat, No. 2 red, 90c to 92c; corn, No. 2, 26c to 27c; oats, No. 2, 21c to 23c; rye, No. 2, 44c to 46c; butter, choice creamery, 18c to 20c; eggs, fresh, 19c to 21c; new potatoes, 50c to 65c per bushel.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$5.25; hogs, choice light, \$3.00 to \$4.75; sheep, common to choice, \$3.00 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2, 90c to 92c; corn, No. 2 white, 27c to 28c; oats, No. 2 white, 24c to 26c.

St. Louis—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$5.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, \$3.00 to \$4.75; wheat, No. 2, 93c to 95c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 25c to 27c; oats, No. 2 white, 23c to 25c; rye, No. 2, 44c to 45c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$5.25; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, \$2.50 to \$5.00; wheat, No. 2, 92c to 93c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 28c to 29c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 24c to 25c; rye, No. 2, 45c to 47c.

Detroit—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$5.25; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, \$2.50 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2, 90c to 92c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 28c to 29c; oats, No. 2 white, 25c to 26c; rye, 47c to 49c.

Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 red, 90c to 92c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 28c to 29c; oats, No. 2 white, 22c to 23c; rye, No. 2, 46c to 47c; clover seed, \$3.05 to \$3.15.

Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 spring, 87c to 88c; corn, No. 3, 26c to 28c; oats, No. 2 white, 24c to 25c; rye, No. 2, 46c to 47c; barley, No. 2, 38c to 44c; pork, mess, \$9.00 to \$9.50.

Buffalo—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$5.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.00; sheep, \$3.00 to \$5.00; wheat, No. 2 red, 96c to 98c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 31c to 33c; oats, No. 2 white, 27c to 29c.

New York—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$5.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.25; sheep, \$3.00 to \$5.00; wheat, No. 2 red, \$1.01 to \$1.02; corn, No. 2, 34c to 35c; oats, No. 2 white, 28c to 30c; butter, creamery, 15c to 21c; eggs, Western, 19c to 22c.



In the House on Tuesday the civil service debate ended very tamely. There was not even a vote on the appropriation in the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill for the commission upon which the debate was based. The Republicans who are seeking to modify or repeal the law, decided to let the debate come to a close, but it required the casting vote of the speaker to accomplish this—125 to 126. Mr. Bailey, the Democratic leader, made a clear statement of the minority position, which indicates that the minority will vote to repeal, but not to modify the law. The principal speech of the day was made by Mr. Brosius, chairman of the Civil Service Committee, who defended the law in a two hours' speech. In the Senate, Senator Davis took the floor and proceeded to deliver a set speech in support of the Hawaiian annexation treaty. His speech was accepted as practically the committee's report upon the treaty. Mr. Allen introduced and secured the adoption of a resolution calling upon the President for information in his possession relative to the boundary line between Venezuela and British Guiana, and to inform the Senate whether the United States now has any clerks or other employes at work upon the Venezuelan boundary question.

In the House on Wednesday an urgent deficiency bill carrying \$1,741,843 was passed. One of the items authorizing a further expenditure of \$250,000 for the Soldiers' Home at Danville, Ill., for which \$150,000 was appropriated in the last sundry civil bill, was used by Mr. De Armond (Dem., Mo.) as a basis for a bitter personal attack upon Chairman Cannon, whose home is at Danville. His motion to strike out the item was defeated without division. There was a lively debate over the provision in the bill requiring the owners of bullion hereafter to pay the cost of transporting bullion from assay offices to the mints. The motion to strike out the proviso was then defeated—125 to 110. Mr. Hitt from the Foreign Affairs Committee reported the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill. In the Senate Mr. Chandler of the Committee on Naval Affairs secured the passage of a resolution asking the Secretary of the Navy to furnish a list of the active officers of the navy in each corps, together with those who are at sea, on shore duty and on waiting orders. The Senate then went into executive session and Mr. Davis concluded his speech on the Hawaiian treaty.

On Thursday in the House consideration of the agricultural appropriation bill was completed in committee of the whole, and then the House adjourned upon the motion of those opposed to the printing of another edition of the famous "horse book." There was the annual fight over the question of free seed distribution to the farmers, but the effort to strike out the appropriation (\$130,000) failed as usual, the majority against it Thursday being 136. One of the important amendments adopted provided for the inspection of horse meat for export purposes in the same way that the meat of cattle and other animals is now inspected. Among the measures reported in the Senate was the pension appropriation bill. It was placed on the calendar at the conclusion of the morning business. The immigration bill was then taken up, and Mr. Caffery was recognized for a speech in opposition to the measure. The eulogies in memory of the late Senator Isham G. Harris of Tennessee, which were to have been presented, were postponed at the request of Senator Bate on account of the absence of his colleague, Senator Turley. They will not be offered until after the election of a Senator by the Legislature of Tennessee. At the conclusion of Mr. Caffery's speech the Senate went into executive session.

In the House on Friday, it was the intention of the managers to proceed with the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill, but they relinquished the day to the Committee on Claims. Before this order was entered upon the agricultural bill was passed. When the House adjourned the night before the amendment to the bill providing for the publication of another edition of the "horse book" was pending. On Friday the friends of the amendment compromised with the Appropriations Committee by agreeing to a reduction of the number to be printed from 150,000 to 75,000. As amended the amendment was adopted. Most of the day was consumed in a filibuster against a bill to pay the publishing house of the Methodist Episcopal Church South at Nashville, Tenn., \$288,000 for the seizure and use of the property of that corporation during the war. In the Senate Mr. Hoar offered a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution extending the term of office of the President and Senators to April 30, 1901, at noon, and making that day instead of March 4 the commencement and termination of official terms in future. It was referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections. Mr. Lodge offered a resolution, which was agreed to, calling upon the Secretary of Agriculture to supply the Senate with information as to the amount of sugar imported into the United States; the amount of beet sugar produced in the United States; with what sugar, imported or domestic, the beet sugar comes into competition, and what effect the Hawaiian sugar has or can have upon beet sugar production in the United States. The Senate then went into executive session and considered the nomination of Mr. McKenna to be a justice of the Supreme Court. After the executive session consideration of bills on the pension calendar was begun, and nineteen were passed.

RECORD OF EVENTS OF THE PAST WEEK.

Engineer Mysteriously Slain in His Cab—Killed by a Slot Machine—Attempt to Rob a Freight Train—Murderers Sentenced to Imprisonment.

Engineer Slain in His Cab. S. H. Gipe, an engineer employed by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, died very mysteriously in his cab on the Union tracks at Indianapolis. When found he was dead from bruises on his body and at the base of the brain, and a deep gash was also cut in his throat.

Fatal Slot Machine. Jacob Slusser, a guest of Hotel Neuffer at Goshen, met a singular fate. The hotel gas meter is controlled by a coin in the slot attachment. Slusser went to bed, leaving the gas in his room lighted, and while he slept the pressure on the illuminant became exhausted.

Booten's Slayings Convicted. The jury in the Booten murder case at Princeton brought in a verdict of guilty and providing that Martin Cross be confined in the State prison at Michigan City for the term of fourteen years, and that Benjamin Putnam be confined twenty-one years in the State reformatory at Jeffersonville.

Freight Train Held Up. An attempt was made to hold up a local freight train on the Michigan division of the Big Four near Summitville. Five masked men presented revolvers at the crew and attempted to gag them. The crew showed fight and several shots were fired, when the men took to the woods.

Zinc Works to Be Started Up. E. W. Humphrey and John W. Ludwig of the Phoenix smelter works at Wenona, Ill., have secured possession of the Indiana zinc works at Upland, which were partially destroyed by fire some time ago, and will proceed to put the plant in operation at once.

Cast Off Their Jewelry. At Laketon a revivalist has worked upon some of his hearers till they have thrown away their society emblems, while a few impressionable women have cast off their gold rings and other ornaments of value.

Within Our Borders. John Armstrong was accidentally shot and killed while rabbit hunting near Noblesville.

The Edgerton woolen mills at Butler were destroyed by fire, the loss reaching \$5,000.

At Shelbyville, William H. Creed died of blood poisoning from a scratch of his finger nail.

Fifteen cars were wrecked in a collision between freight trains at Converse, but no one was injured.

The Wright Shovel Company of Anderson started a carload of shovels to Hong Kong, to be used in Government work.

Theodore Prowl, who was shot by a guard during a fight on the Tolleston Gun Club's grounds, has secured a verdict of \$5,000 damages against the club.

The youngest bride in the West is Mrs. Otis Hutte, who was Miss Rhoda Cox of Elwood. She was only 12 years old when she became the bride of Otis Hutte of Findlay, O., who is 18.

Rev. Earle M. Ellsworth, pastor of Grace M. E. Church, Springfield, O., and Miss Dorothy Cottrell Carson of Piqua, O., eloped to Marion and were married by Rev. J. M. Driver, D. D.

A horse owned by City Treasurer Wey of Peru kicked a mad dog to death and then had to be killed because he developed symptoms of hydrophobia, as a result of bites received in the fight.

John Mundy, a prisoner in the Knox County jail at Vincennes, awaiting trial for murder, has diphtheria. The prison is strictly quarantined and no prisoners are admitted and none can be released.

Passenger train No. 46 on the Fort Wayne and Cincinnati division of the Lake Erie and Western collided with a flat car loaded with steel bars just south of Muncie. Five persons were injured.

Uri Decker of Princeton, aged 16, was sentenced to six years in the penitentiary for forgery and attempting to kill Marshal Murphy of Patoka. Decker's tender years saved him from more severe punishment.

The venerable Enoch Thompson and wife, near Veedersburg, were assaulted by a masked robber in their home, maltreated and beaten, after which they were fastened in a closet while the robber plundered at his leisure.

Four prisoners escaped from the Gibson County jail by cutting a hole in the wall over one of the windows. The prisoners who obtained their liberty are Dr. John Hudspeth, Austin Jones, Martin Hobbs and Henry Land.

By a majority opinion handed down by the Supreme Court the right of the State tax commissioners to list for assessment and taxation paid-up and non-forfeitable life insurance policies was denied and the question will be relegated to the Legislature.

Elijah Ford and H. L. Fisher, two well-known farmers and stock buyers of Crawford County, Ill., were held up and robbed a short distance west of Vincennes. The two men were badly pounded. In their haste the robbers overlooked \$170 on Ford.

The joint committee representing the State Board of Education and the non-State colleges met at Indianapolis and discussed the differences between the two educational factions. Overtures were made by each side, but no agreement was entered into.

The Semi-Annual Apportionment Disburses Nearly a Million Dollars.

The Indiana superintendent of public instruction has completed the January semi-annual apportionment of the common school revenue to the various counties of the State. The total amount of school tuition tax paid by the counties to the State for the six months was \$963,321.63, and the amount in the treasury from other revenues was \$22,898.75, making the fund available for distribution \$986,220.38. The amount apportioned was \$960,033.62, being a balance in the treasury of \$26,186.76. The per capita, or amount allowed each county for every child of school age, was \$1.28. The per capita last January was \$1.25 and last June \$1.43.

The figures of the apportionment showing the enumeration of each county, the amount each paid the State and the amount each received back are as follows:

Table with columns: No. chil., School tax, T'ap-ment, Am't paid, Am't received. Lists counties from Adams to Whiteley with corresponding financial figures.

Total number of children, 749,902; total State school tax, \$707,812.41; total apportionment, \$986,220.38; total amount apportioned, \$960,033.62.

Reformatory Is Overcrowded.

The population of the Jeffersonville reformatory is 908, an excess of 148 over the cell accommodations. The number is rapidly on the increase, and it is predicted will reach 1,000 by June 1. Any number above 100 must be stowed away in the corridor on cots. The number of inmates is greater at present than at any time in the history of the institution.

Succeeds Father Corby.

Dr. John S. Zahn has been appointed provincial of the order of Holy Cross for the United States, to succeed the late Very Rev. William Corby of Notre Dame. Father Zahn was born in Perry County, Ohio, and is 46 years of age. His mother is a descendant from the family of Gen. Braddock. He has been a member of the order since his seventeenth year and has been director of study and vice-president of the university over twelve years.

State Items of Interest.

George Sisson of Ray was found dead in his harness shop. The coroner's inquest showed that he had committed suicide.

One of the oldest landmarks in Bartholomew County, a house on the farm of R. H. McHenry, near Azalia, burned the other afternoon.

Rev. Erie Tharpe, one of the three Liberty township preachers arrested last August for violation of the fish laws, was acquitted at Kokomo.

THERE IS NO FINER COOK-SHOP IN THE LAND.

In It Is Prepared Food to Relieve Senatorial Hunger—It Cost a Lot of Money and Its Products Are the Best.

Where Statesmen Eat.

UNCLE SAM owns the costliest kitchen in the world, probably. It is not the largest. There is at least one hotel kitchen in the United States which surpasses it in size. But it is fitted out with every improvement that money can buy, and no show place at the capital is more interesting or less known. The public never gets a chance to see the Senate kitchen, the marble bath rooms of the House, or any of the other luxuries provided for the members of Congress.

The Senate restaurant keeper occupies a peculiar position. It looks at first glance like a very enviable position; but if one can believe the statement of the man who has held the privilege for a dozen years, that idea is incorrect. T. L. Page of Maine has been the purveyor to the Senate under both Republican and Democratic rule, and he declares that the job is not profitable—this, too, in the face of the fact that he pays no rent for his kitchens or his dining rooms, and gets his light and fuel free.

The Senate kitchen is in the basement of the capitol. The only way in which a visitor could reach it would be by the elevators—and the elevator men are not encouraged to take people down stairs. That is because the engine rooms are in the basement, and the chief engineer does not want visitors fooling around the machinery. It takes a great deal of machinery to run the Senate—more than one



VICE PRESIDENT HOBART LUCHINS IN HIS PRIVATE ROOM.

would think. Much of it is used in running the electric light plant and the elevators, and much more in the ventilation of the building. Huge fans pump fresh air into the Senate chamber and the committee rooms and other fans pump the foul air out. One of these is in the Senate kitchen, and the room is so perfectly ventilated that no suggestion of the odor of the cooking reaches any of the floors above.

The main room of the kitchen is 100 feet long and 15 feet wide. It was remodeled three years ago at a cost of more than \$50,000. It is white-tiled, above and below, and on all four sides, so that its cleanness forces itself on one's attention. Opening out from it are store rooms and refrigerating rooms and bakeries. One of these is the oyster room, where a man does nothing but open oysters all day long. The storeroom is about 15 feet square. It is filled with the non-perishables—crackers and spices and potatoes, and all the other grocery goods which will stand an ordinary temperature for a reasonable length of time. There is fruit in this room, too—a lot of it; and the wine is kept here, because the Senators would not relish a wine room in the face of the regulation which prohibits the sale of intoxicating beverages in the capitol. There is no difficulty, however, about getting a supply of wine or of bottled beer.

In the kitchen proper there are two big ranges. An ox could be roasted in either of them; the larger is 12 feet long. There is a big soup kettle in one corner—one of the largest kettles in the world—used for keeping the beef stock, with which every restaurant kitchen is provided. Metal steam pipes run through



NOTHING TOO GOOD FOR WOLCOTT.

this kettle and keep the stock warm. In another kettle are kept the sauces to be eaten with meats—apple sauce and cranberry sauce. They, too, are kept warm by steam. There is a steambox for steaming oysters; a grill big enough to broil a pig or a lamb, under which glows a fire of red-hot charcoal; and a patent turkey roaster, which performs mechanically the turning and basting of the bird, which, in the old days, absorbed the time and attention of two or three persons. There

"Noon to 3 o'clock" explains the peculiarity which is probably responsible for the alleged unprofitableness of the Senate restaurant. There is no breakfast hour worth speaking of, and no dinner hour. Very few persons eat anything but luncheon at the capitol. The Senators breakfast at home and dine at home; and, besides, they are not the best patrons of the restaurant. The public breakfasts at a hotel and dines at a hotel or a restaurant down town. Yet the Senate restaurant has to keep as large a force of cooks and scullions and waiters as though business continued brisk through the whole day.

There are many frequenters of the pie counter among the Senators. This counter surrounds the dumb-waiters, and is decorated with cold turkeys, cold roasts



MORRILL TAKES BREAD AND MILK.

of beef and salads, as well as many kinds of pie. There are no seats of any kind. It is a common sight for two or three Senators to be standing at this counter, with Senate pages and committee clerks and messengers and Washington correspondents on each side of them, drinking big tumblers of milk and eating pie.

This and the oyster counter are in the public restaurant—a room divided into two parts by large columns. Two small doorways, one at each end of the pie counter, lead to the rooms which are sacred to "Senators only." These rooms were once open to members of the House, but Senators complained of the lack of privacy, and now if one enters the inner sanctum it must be as a guest of a member of the Senate. The writer has eaten there, and he can assure the reader that the food is no better and the surroundings no more attractive than in the outer rooms. There is only this difference—that they serve a more liberal allowance of bread in the Senators' rooms than they do in the public restaurant, and frugal Senators have been known to order a 15-cent plate of soup and eat a whole loaf of bread with it.

Sometimes there is a feast in the Senate restaurant, when a member from the Northwest receives a huge salmon from Oregon, or one of the New England Senators has a shipment of game from his home. Then Caterer Page personally supervises the preparation of the viands, and there is a jolly dinner party, at which a dozen members of the Senate sit down. Occasionally the Senate gets into a snarl, which makes the presence of all the members a necessity, and the dinner party has to be postponed; but it is very unusual for any public business to interfere with the good times that the Senators have in the Senate restaurant.



The President is pulling Senator Thurston one way and the beet sugar makers in Nebraska are pulling him the other on the Hawaiian question.

J. W. Shrage of Cincinnati has addressed a memorial to Congress asking the enactment of a law to provide the death penalty for the crimes of train wrecking and robbing.

The thirty days of mourning that have interrupted the social gaiety of Washington will compel the administration to hustle in order to fulfill all of the formal engagements that have been made before the beginning of Lent.

The discipline at the naval academy was never so severe as at present. Capt. Cooper, the superintendent, is making a new and higher standard, both in conduct and scholarship, and has adopted some severe measures to test class honor among the cadets.

Considerable alarm is felt concerning the illness of Secretary Alger. He has been confined to his house for three weeks, and nearly all that time to his bed. At first the doctor said it was only a bad cold; then he pronounced it a case of la grippe; then he decided that it was malarial fever, but now it is typhoid.

Representative Broussard of Louisiana has followed the example of Representatives Belknap of Illinois and Beach of Ohio in getting married, and it is hoped that the epidemic will spread in alphabetical order through the entire House of Representatives. Robert Adams of Philadelphia, Joseph W. Bailey of Texas and William Edward Barrett of Massachusetts are three young and handsome Representatives whose names at the top of the list in the congressional directory do not have the asterisk that indicates the matrimonial state, but there is still time for them to reform. When the "Cs" are reached Mr. Cousins of Iowa will be the first to fall.

NEARLY FIFTY LIVES BLOWN OUT AT FORT SMITH, ARK.

Many Residences and Public Buildings Ground Into Splinters—Dead and Wounded Are Dragged from the Ruins by Survivors.

Cut a Wide Swath. Fort Smith, Ark., was swept Tuesday night from end to end by a terrific cyclone, and Wednesday the business portion of the town was in ruins, while the dead lay in long rows at the morgue. Fifty people, it is thought, perished in the fury of the storm.

Coming from the southwest the cyclone swept Fort Smith completely, smashing everything along the way. The crash of falling houses was first heard at 11 o'clock and before the sleeping inhabitants could rise and seek refuge the full force of the storm was upon them. Buildings went down in heaps on every side. One large boarding house, struck by the full power of the tempest, broke in fragments like an eggshell. Fifteen bodies were taken from that boarding house Wednesday morning, and it is thought that at least twenty-five victims died among the falling timbers. The handsome new high school building, recently erected at a cost of \$100,000, dissolved like a fabric of a dream. Two churches fairly flew asunder when the cyclone pounded on their walls. Residences went crashing to the ground, stores and business blocks followed in one hideous ruin. In a few moments it was over—the storm had passed and the city was in ruins.

In the blackness of the night, the uproar of the falling walls, the cries of the injured and the hurrying of flying timbers, the uninjured citizens were for a time completely panic-stricken. Toward midnight, regaining their self-control as best they could, they began a systematic investigation of the damage done, and also an attack upon a number of fires which had blazed up among the ruined buildings. For a time it seemed as if this new danger would add equal damage to that done by the wild work of the storm. Several bodies, whether dead or living it is hard to say, were cremated in the flames before the fire department could overpower the blaze.

Morning came and revealed a scene of horror and destruction. Among the wreckage, torn out of all shape by the storm, burned and blackened by the ensuing fires, were found more dead, more wounded. The hospital was full to overflowing. The morgue could hold no more. Scores of people who had missed relatives or friends in the wild uproar of the night joined with the searchers, directing, aiding, digging among the masses of masonry, rooting up the fallen timbers and dragging away the shattered beams. No estimate can be made at this time of the damage done to property.

After tearing through Fort Smith the cyclone veered, whirled to the southeast and laid in ruins the town of Alma, nine miles away. It is reported that Alma is almost utterly destroyed and that several people have been certainly killed, while many are missing.

INDIANS ON THE WARPATH.

Seminole Reported to Be Killing and Raiding.

There is an uprising in the Seminole nation. Two hundred and fifty braves went on the warpath Tuesday and left a trail of blood and ashes. The Indians are seeking to avenge the recent burning of Lincoln McGeisey and Palmer Simpson, two Indians of the Seminole tribe who were accused of murdering Mrs. Simmons at Maud postoffice, in Oklahoma.

The redskins went to Maud and massacred twenty-five men, women and children of the homesteaders. After killing every white person they could find they fired the town and it is in ashes. Many of the victims were scalped by the savages, and other bodies were otherwise mutilated according to Indian traditions. The redskins then marched on Earlsboro, O. T., swearing vengeance on every white, regardless of age, sex or condition. Their march through the country was marked at every point by bloodshed and fire. The Earlsboro inhabitants had been warned and a train conveyed every woman and child to Dallas. A train was dispatched bound for the scene of the reported massacre under orders from Federal Judge Springer and having on board all the available deputy marshals under command of Capt. Brady. The Secretary of War was wired to order troops from Fort Reno. The general officers of the Choctaw, Oklahoma and Gulf road ordered out a special train from Shawnee bearing volunteers armed with Winchester to intercept the Indians and prevent further bloodshed. There is general alarm throughout the Southwest and grave fears are entertained for homesteaders on the border.

YOUNG GIRL MURDERED.

Her Stepmother Confesses the Crime at the Coroner's Inquest.

Louise Wollert, 12 years old, was murdered in her own home at Algonquin, Ill., Tuesday morning. Her stepmother, Mrs. Christian Wollert, at first said a tramp had shot the girl. She said he called and asked for breakfast and when Louise turned to ask her mother if she could feed him he shot her in the back. This was at first believed, but the woman's actions and lack of grief aroused suspicions. Finally, while the coroner's inquest was in progress, she confessed to the murder. She would not at first give any motive, but little by little it was drawn from her that she wanted the girl out of the way because she feared her testimony in a suit for divorce now pending. The girl had two bullets in her back and one in the right arm, and another had grazed her temple. It was evident from the appearance of things and the blood marks on the floor that a struggle had occurred. After shooting the girl Mrs. Wollert, it is believed, set fire to a mattress with the intention of burning the house. The woman was taken to Woodstock and lodged in jail.

THE LOUDEST

In the Abuse of the Editor Sometimes Owe Their Standing in Society to His Forbearance.

An editor, after taking stock of himself, envolved the following:

"Editors are the first to hear of gossip or scandal, indiscretions of men or women, clandestine meetings, night buggy rides, young girls gone astray, flirtations of married men, and in fact all the neighborhood scandal. Editors generally know all the naughty doings in the community, no matter how secret. If only half they hear was published divorce suits would follow in some cases and ostracism in others; shot guns and gore, imprisonment and lynching, desolate homes, shame, and hypocrisy of life, and it is a wonder he believes in anything on earth, in heaven or the hereafter. People who abuse the editor the loudest sometimes owe their standing in society to his forbearance."

Election of Officers.

The Culver City Columbian Band met last Friday evening and elected the following officers:

- President—Wm. Houghton.
- Leader and Instructor—J. K. Mawhorter.
- Assistant Leader—Sumner Wiseman.
- Treasurer—J. K. Mawhorter.
- Secretary—Sumner Wiseman.

They also tendered a vote of thanks to the Culver City Comedy Co. for their generous donation.

Eclipses This Year.

The year 1898 will be well favored with eclipses, there being six in all, three of the moon. Among these will be one total eclipse of the sun, the greatest phenomenon of all. Unfortunately, however, it does not occur where it will be visible to any people in this portion of the world, but will be seen in Europe and Asia mainly. A partial eclipse of the moon occurred on January 7, and was visible here, while at the far end of the year, December 27, a total eclipse of the moon will take place and visible all over North America and pretty much all the rest of the world.

Stolen and Paid For.

France, in an emergency, could muster an army of 1,300,000 men.

The cheapest price for a room in the slums of Paris is 40 cents a week.

There are about 40,000 miners at work in the gold mines of eastern and southern Siberia.

You can't cure consumption but you can avoid it and cure every other form of throat or lung trouble by the use of One Minute Cough Cure. Culver City Drug Store.

Of the 20,000 Washington government clerks nearly one-third are women, who receive from \$600 to \$1,800 yearly.

Though for 50 years a lumberman and much of the time in the deer country, a Machias (Me.) man never shot a deer until this season.

Disfigurement for life by burns or scalds may be avoided by using DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, the great remedy for piles and for all kinds of sores and skin. Culver City Drug Store.

Any two dollar shoes in the house for men or ladies going at Vanschojack's at \$1.70 per pair. These are first class goods and must be closed out.

Fifty desks, which were used in the old Hartford (Conn.) Female seminary when it was conducted by Miss Catherine Beecher, sister of Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe, have just been presented to a school for negro children in Kowaliga, Ala.

It is believed that Adam Wicks, now a resident of Ventura county, California, is the only person now living who was present when James Marshall picked up the first gold nugget. It was found in a sluice that led to Gen. John A. Sutter's sawmill at Coloma.

"Two brothers living near Harrodsburg look so much alike that they can't be told apart," says the Lexington (Ky.) Argonaut. "One of them joined the Baptist church, and when about to be immersed found that he had no clothes suitable, and gave his brother 10 cents to be baptized in his place."

Don't be persuaded into buying liniments without reputation or merit—Chamberlain's Pain Balm costs no more, and its merits have been proven by a test of many years. Such letters as the following from L. G. Bagley, Hueneme, Cal., are constantly being received: "The best remedy for pain I have ever used is Chamberlain's Pain Balm, and I say so after having used it in my family for several years." It cures rheumatism, lame back, sprains and swellings. For sale by Culver City Drug Store.

If We Sell You=It Will Be Right!

Never before,
Never again
Such a chance
To clothe yourself
Elegantly for
Half what it has
Always cost you,
As now.

Allman's Clothing and Shoe House.
Allman's Clothing and Hat House.
Allman's Clothing and Furnishing House. . . .

I have determined to make a clean sweep of an immense line of WEARING APPAREL now piled on our counters. Unless I want to carry them over I have got to sell them between now and MARCH 1st. I cannot state prices in this small space, but come and see for yourself. Good Must go Money back if not satisfied.

M. ALLMAN, Plymouth, Ind.

*** KLOEPFERS ***
New York Dept. Store.
We are Invoicing . . .

and find among our stock as we go along many small odd lots of goods that must be disposed of at some price.

We are not yet in a position to name any one or more lots, but suffice to say you can buy some things awful cheap of us at present. . . .

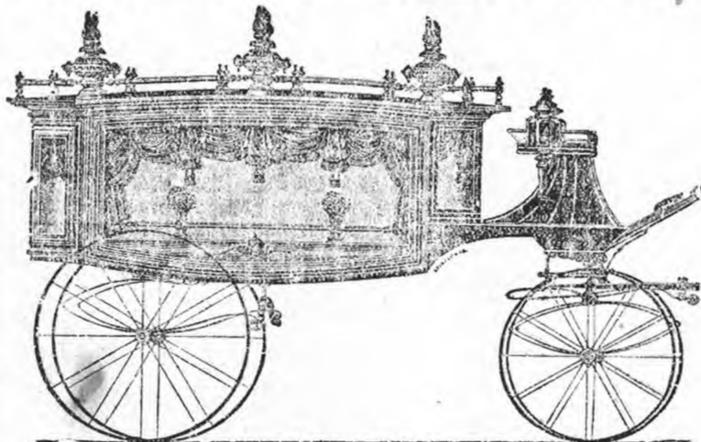
We still sell Lonsdale Green Ticket Muslin at 6c per yard, by the yard or bolt, Fruit of the Loom 6 1/2c, good L L Muslin 4c Best 7c Shirting 5c, Calico 4c, etc. . . .

Our store will close at 8 p. m., every evening except Saturday until further notice. . . .

We are yours for Bargains.

Kloepfer's NEW YORK STORE,
PLYMOUTH, IND.

*** W. S. EASTERDAY, ***
Furniture & Undertaking.



This is to place to get your Furniture, Chairs, Cupboards, Safes Writing Desks, Stands, Tables, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Bed Springs, Mattresses, Couches, Sofas, Easels, Mirrors, Picture Frames and Mouldings and a fine line of Rockers for the old and young.

Do not forget the place.
MAIN STREET. CULVER CITY, IND.



Hello There! —

Are You Awar of the Fact that S. Cavender, at Rutland, Ind. is still on deck with a full line of choice Groceries, Dry Goods, Tobaccos, Plow Shoes, Overalls, etc?

Remember! that he sells the best articles at the lowest living prices.

S. Cavender, Rutland, Ind.

"CRYENE" PUTS BABY TO SEELP. —
IS NOT A SOOTHING SYRUP



CRYENE lets pa-pa and ma-ma sleep. ABSOLUTELY HARMLESS
For sale at CULVER CITY DRUG STORE.

*** V. P. KIRK'S ***
Notary Public.
Law, Real Estate and Life Assurance Office.
Officeover Bank. Culver, Ind.

--VANDALIA LINE--
TIME TABLE

In effect Dec. 5, 1897, trains will leave Culver City, Ind., as follows:

- For the North.
 - No. 6, Ex. Sun. for St. Joseph, 11:46 a. m.
 - " 8, Ex. Sun. for St. Joseph, 9:49 p. m.
 - For the South.
 - No. 21, Ex. Sun. for Terre Haute, 5:55 a. m.
 - " 3, Ex. Sun. for Terre Haute, 1:06 p. m.
- For complete Time Card, giving all trains and stations, and for full information as to rate, through cars, etc., address J. Shugrue, agent, Culver, Ind., or E. A. Ford, general passenger agent, St. Louis, Mo.

W. H. SWIGERT,
Experienced.
Drayman. .

Good delivered to any part of the city and around the Lake.

Prompt and quick service is our motto, and charges reasonable.
Hard and Soft COAL at rock bottom prices for CASH (strictly).

W. H. SWIGERT,
CULVER CITY INDIANA.

*** GANDY'S ***
Livery Feed and Sale Stable.

First class Horses, New Buggies and Vehicls of all kinds.

Acommodating
Traveling Men
One of the Great
Specialties.

HORSES BOARDED BY DAY OR WEEK.

Terms Reasonable
Barn near Postoffice.
CULVER CITY, - - INDIANA

*** GULVER CITY ***
MEAT * MARKET
D. G. WALTER, Proprietor.
—**—
First class, Fresh, Salt, Smoked Meats and Sausage can be found at this market. Also home rendered Lard. His Motto is to sell at "Live and Let Live Prices."

JOHN OSBORN SHOE STORE
Culver, Indiana.

AGENTS FOR W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES
BEST IN THE WORLD.

Culver City Harness Store
Is the place for your HARNESS GOODS.
A large stock to select from. Heavy and light Harness, Nets, Harness Oil, Axle Grease, Trunks, Satchels, Dusters, Brushes, etc.
Live and Let Live, is my principles.
Thanking you for your liberal patronage and desiring a continuance of same
HAYDEN REA, Prop.

EXCHANGE
Barber Shop and Bath Rooms
UNDER CULVER CITY DRUG STORE.
Hot and Cold Water Bath.
ALSO AGENCY for St. Joe Steam Dye Works and Plymouth Steam Laundry.
Con. M. Bonaker, Prop.
CULVER, INDIAN.

J. J. Cromley,
— DEALER IN —
Drugs, Medicines Groceries, Tobaccos AND Cigars
Also Christmas Novelties.
Give him a call, for choice candles etc.
Burr Oak, Indian

Call at the
ARGOS HOUSE
When in Argos, for First Class Accommodations Price Very Reasonable Menu First Class.

ARGOS, - - INDIANA

J. K. MAWHORTER.
*** TINNER ***
All kinds of Roofing and Eave Troughing promptly attended to.

Cleaning and Repairing Gasoline Stores a Specialty.

Terms Reasonable.
CULVER, CITY - - INDIANA
Kreuzberger's Park.
(Lake Maxinkuckee.)
CULVER CITY, - INDIANA

THE BEST
Whiskies, Brandies, Cordials
Rhine and Moselle Wines, French Clarets, Port and Sherry, Ales and Beers, Mineral Water
A fine stock of Domestic and Key We Cigars.

YOU WANT A WATCH!
What kind—one for \$1.50 or one for \$15.
I can sell you any kind at any price to suit you.

CAMPBELL, - EXPERT - Watchmaker, CULVER, IND.