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Egg Cases Free

JOHN C. KUHN,

Plymouth, Ind. The Leading Clothier,

**DR. O. A. REA,**  
Physician and Surgeon.

Office Fourth Door North of Bank.  
Main Street, - - - CULVER, IND.

**B. W. S. WISMAN,**  
Physician and Surgeon.

Office Third Door North of Bank.  
Calls promptly answered day or night.

### LOCAL BREVITIES.

Captured by our Reporter and put in Good Form for the Herald's Numerous Readers.

Next Monday is election. Fred Carl is on the sick list. Pay your subscription now. Mrs. Geo. Neapase is still very ill. Wm. Kueoble is slowly convalescing.

The Stark County Republican has changed hands.

John Osborn is taking the school census this week.

Candidates are numerous in this section this week.

No more shooting ducks. The limit expired April 15.

Jacob Geiselman of Logansport is in town this week visiting his parents.

Mrs. Thomas Slattery and daughter are visiting friends in Chicago this week.

Mr. Bert Will of Hamlet visited with Mr. and Mrs. Bonaker last Sunday.

Don't forget that Beeber handles the Marion Brewing Co.'s celebrated bock beer.

Nicholas Walley one of our prosperous farmers living south of town, is quite sick.

John Campbell, the jeweler, left for Indianapolis Friday and will enter the United States service in defense of the old flag.

Commencement exercises tonight (Friday) at the Christian church, Maxinkuckee. Rev. Ogden of Kewanee will deliver the address to the class.

Herzog Seiferth has settled up the affairs of his estate and left today (Friday) for Indianapolis to be examined for eligibility in the regular army.

Quarterly meeting services were held at the M. E. church in this city Saturday and Sunday. Presiding Elder Dale preached two excellent sermons. The meeting was very satisfactory, spiritually as well as socially.

J. E. Myers, Rutland's celebrated blooded stock raiser, sold on the 20th inst. a 5-month-old Polled Durham calf, which weighed 520 pounds, the purchase price being \$110. This is another evidence that shows that it pays to raise good stock.

To have your clothes dyed leave them at the Exchange barber-shop. Mrs. Filor purchased the Evangelical parsonage property last week.

Mrs. Hannah Kleckner, of Monterey, is visiting her parents this week.

Daniel Carr had one of his ankles sprained by having a load of scantling fall upon it.

E. C. Martindale, one of Plymouth's up to date attorneys, was a caller at this office Tuesday.

Rev. Father Thiele will celebrate mass at the Catholic church here next Monday morning at 7:30.

I will now receive laundry either at the Keller barber shop, or Erza K. Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Matthews last Friday morning, a 9½ lb. girl. Dr. Rea reports mother and child doing well.

One hundred and seventeen Plymouth boys left for Indianapolis Tuesday, where they will join the forces bound for Cuba.

Several of the cadets at the Culver Military Academy are just wild to go to war. In fact they are just aching to shed Spanish blood.

Deeds, the dentist can be found at the Lakeside hotel until farther notice. Those desiring dental work performed will please bear this in mind.

E. B. Vanschoiack will sell at great reduction for the next sixty days in order to secure funds to meet pressing obligations, dry goods, boots and shoes.

Mr. Samuel Medbourn is now the owner of the old Nussbaum & Mayer building. He will at once repair the same and place it in first-class condition for rent.

Keep clean by having your shirts done up by the Plymouth steam laundry. Branch agency at Exchange barber shop, under Culver City drug store.

For Rent—A large business room and storage near the depot. Finest location in the city. For further information call on or address D. A. BRADLEY, Culver, Ind. 41tf

Communion services will be held in Grace Reformed church of this place May 8th at 11 a. m. Rev. Dr. Wettach, of Tiffin, Ohio, will be present on this occasion. Everybody most cordially invited. Services beginning Thursday evening preceding.

We have sickness and great expense in our home and business, and therefore implore all who know themselves indebted to us on subscription to call and pay up. Or we will accept post office orders or express orders from our subscribers who live out in the country.

We are pleased to state that E. B. Vanschoiack is again transacting business at the old stand. The store was reopened Saturday afternoon. We understand his business affairs has or will be satisfactorily adjusted. Read what he has to say in another column.

Prosper N. Mickey, candidate for sheriff, was in town Tuesday.

C. E. Thornburg was in town Wednesday shaking hands with friends. He is a candidate for auditor.

Mr. John McCormick, a machinist at the academy, and Miss Minnie Finn, matron of said institution, were married at Logansport last week.

The Englewood high school baseball team met the Culver Military Academy team Wednesday afternoon, and defeated the latter by a score of 21 to 12.

Walter Geiselman was passing a subscription paper around this week raising money to buy a new flag. He raised over \$10, which means a silk one and one which our citizens will be proud of.

Mr. and Mrs. James Green and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. George Green of Terre Haute, Mr. and Mrs. Hissong and Mr. and Mrs. Hacker of Maxinkuckee, were the guests of Mr. Alex. Dinsmore and wife last Sunday.

Messrs. Sweet and Green, of Rochester, have located their Feather Renovating Machine at this place in the front room below the Herald office building and are now prepared to make your old feathers clean and as good as new.

Mr. D. R. Avery took possession of the Colonnade Hotel this week. He is a thoroughly competent hotel man, a gentleman in every sense of the word, and will cater to the public in a manner which will receive hearty approval.

Prosper N. Mickey, formerly manager of the county infirmary, was in town Wednesday and made this office a pleasant call. He is candidate for sheriff subject to the decision of the republican nominating convention. He is a man widely known in Marshall county and would make an A1 sheriff.

Died—At his home on the east side of the lake last Saturday night, William, the 17-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas Hartman. He had only been sick in bed one week. Funeral services were held at the Catholic church, Monterey, Tuesday, Father Thiele officiating. The remains were interred in the Catholic cemetery.

Next Monday is election, and the Herald hopes that men will be elected for councilors who are in favor of fire protection. This town has been visited twice by fire in a short time, and the third time it may be wiped out of existence. Hence, protection should be the all-important subject to consider by the new board.

Capt. Griner, of the Culver Military academy, left for Ohio Sunday evening, where he will join his company of national guards, which is to proceed to Cuba at once. Sunday, before his departure for the front, the cadets gave him a send off which he will not forget as long as life lasts, by firing cannoas, cheering, etc., and playing the tunes of "Marching through Georgia," "Star Spangled Banner" and other national selections. Mr. Griner is a young man of marked ability and thoroughly understands military tactics.

During the past 10 months James Castleman, proprietor of the Culver elevator, has purchased 30,000 bushels of wheat, paying for the same on an average of 85c per bushel, he has also bought several carloads of rye, oats, corn, clover seed, etc., making an aggregate of nearly \$40,000 he has paid out to farmers in this section, which means a big thing financially to the city of Culver. For the past ten days he has been paying all the way from \$1.00 to \$1.10 for wheat and shipped six carloads last week. Mr. Castleman informs us that the outlook for wheat to bring still higher prices is very flattering. Besides his grain business he has handled about fourteen carloads of coal, and farmers are beginning to find out, there is no need to haul their wheat elsewhere when they can secure as high prices at Culver. Jim says he does not expect much more wheat until after harvest. Then look out for breakers.

### The Protection of Crops From Frost.

The direct loss from injury due to frost is of considerable importance. We hear most frequently of damage to fruit buds in the spring, and the damage to the peach crop has become a standard joke for the funny man. The loss of early garden crop receives less attention, but if the total were known, it would reach quite a respectable figure. Both spring and fall frosts often injure the corn crop to the extent of many thousand bushels.

Water is the best protection from frost. The air always contains some water vapor, and the warmer the air is the more water vapor it can contain. At 50 degrees a cubic foot of air might contain four grains of water vapor, and usually contains about three grains. When the air cools, a point may be reached at which it cannot hold up all the water which it contains. If this is above the freezing point, some of the water vapor is deposited in the form of dew. But when the water changes from water vapor to liquid dew, a large amount of heat is given off and this prevents a further fall of temperature. But if the air contains so little water vapor that it can cool below the freezing point before the water begins to deposit, the water is deposited in the form of ice crystals and we have a frost. A moist air then is a protection from frost.

The frequent shallow cultivation that saves soil moisture, will at the same time keep the air above the soil more moist, and will to some extent serve as a protection from frost. Dr. Kedzie quotes a circumstance where a recently cultivated corn field was not injured by frost that cut down the corn on surrounding fields.

A more direct and effective way of protecting plants from frost is to irrigate the land or to sprinkle the plants with water at the time the frost is expected. In this state few farms have means of irrigating in the usual way. But there are many farms on which fruits are sprayed, and the spraying machinery may easily be used to sprinkle plants with water to protect them from frost. This method has proved practical and profitable on a variety of early spring crops.

Another method is to form a cloud over the field which will protect it. This is usually accomplished by burning material at such points that the wind will blow the smoke across the field. The purpose is not to warm the air but to interpose a layer of smoke between the plants and the sky, and so prevent the loss of heat. For this purpose, smudge fires giving much smoke are best. Special torches made of muck and clay have been patented for this purpose. Those who have experimented in frost protection seem to think that the sprinkling method is the most practical and efficient. H. A. HUSTON, Chemist.

—Purdue University Agricultural Experiment Station.

### Notice of Election.

The James Clem Post No. 510 G. A. R. Burr Oak, Ind., will hold a regular meeting May 20th, 1898, at which time three trustees will be elected for the ensuing year. All members are requested to be present.

E. BLANCHARD, P. C.

MARTIN H. HEEMINGER, Adjt.

Go to the Lakeside hotel for first-class accommodations at reasonable prices.

Six young men, three from Monterey and three from Delong, went to Rochester Monday, joined the militia and were transferred to Indianapolis.

A large number of our citizens attended the supper given by the Ladies' Relief corps of Burr Oak Sunday evening and report a glorious time.

The Ladies' Aid Missionary society of the Reformed church met at Louis Zechiel's residence south of town Thursday evening and transacted important business. A grand social time is reported and a large attendance.

### ANOTHER BIG BLAZE

About 11 o'clock Thursday evening the ringing of church bells and cry of fire aroused our citizens from the land of dreams, who immediately realized that a fire of considerable proportions was raging in the city. Soon people began to pour out of their homes, and it was discovered that the Geller saw mill and dry sheds were a seething mass of flames. There was terrible excitement in town as it looked as though the whole city could easily be wiped off the face of the earth, as Gandy's livery barn was in direct line with the fire, and as the cinders were flying in every direction it was greatly feared that the barn would ignite, but prompt and active measures prevented it. Had this barn taken fire the show for saving the town would have been very slim. The loss to Mr. Geller will be about \$5,000, as there was no insurance on the mill and contents, but on the lumber stored in the dry sheds there was an insurance of \$1,500. Just how the fire originated is a mystery as Mr. Geller states that he visited the mill at 9 o'clock p. m. and there was no signs of fire, while two hours later, seemingly like magic, the mill and sheds both were enveloped in flames, hence taking everything into consideration it strongly favors incendiarism.

This is the second fire that has visited Culver during the past three months, and the third may raze the town, and as we have repeatedly stated before, something effective should be accomplished toward fire protection. We understand there has been some buckets, etc., ordered but this we deem is in-adequate. Sufficient protection should be secured at once and the question as to whether the town can afford it should not be taken into consideration. One big conflagration can wipe out property enough to put in a system of water works equal to any in the country. The loss of the saw mill and sheds, which were full of fine building material, will be severely felt by Mr. Geller, and he therefore earnestly calls upon all of those who are indebted to him to call and settle at once. Now is the accepted time and when he needs it.

### Found Dead.

A man, aged about 70 years, was found dead near the Widow Banks' residence, about two miles north of this city Thursday afternoon. The coroner was notified, who held an inquest and found by papers on the deceased person that his name was S. L. Tippet of Logansport. The verdict of the jury was the man died from heart failure. He was nicely dressed and had \$3.01 in his pockets. By order of the coroner Undertaker Easterday of this city brought the body to his establishment and the man's friends notified, who came on the noon train and conveyed the body to Logansport. Just why the old gentleman was prowling around the country is not known.

Aside from the fact that Schafer & Son, of Argos, are the king bee lumber dealers in Northern Indiana, and selling all kinds of building material at Rock Bottom Prices, they have also a complete line of the Famous Buckeye Paints, Oils, Varnishes, etc., and will sell the same right. You will make no mistake when you buy of this firm as they are "O. K." and do just what they advertise as you will find out by giving them a call. Remember the place, near Union school building, Argos.

Garn Brothers are giving the Oliver Morris house a new coat of paint. It is an artistic piece of work.

The long distance telephone station is now located at Geo. Vories residence. Miss Daisy will have charge of the office.

Mrs. D. A. Walter, Mrs. J. H. Koontz and daughter Maude are in Bremen at the bedside of a sister who is not expected to live.

**FORGIVENESS.**

If I should die tonight,  
And you should come to my cold bier  
and weep  
While I lay there asleep,  
With my whole face and lips death's  
purple white,  
Like some silent marble statue ex-  
pressive of great might;

My heart would yearn for you  
With such unutterable tenderness  
If I should die tonight,  
With longing for an olden-time  
caress,  
And you would bend o'er me in tears,  
my far-off soul to bless!

DR. T. W. WILDES.

**An Incriminating Pin.**

"Aubrey, it's getting late; put away your book, dear, and talk."

My wife came across the room to where I sat, and laid her hand lovingly on my shoulder. Then she glanced at the ponderous volume before me and said, with a laugh:

"Oh, those awful Latin names! Whatever does 'curare' mean, Aubrey?"

"It isn't Latin, darling; it's an adaptation of the native name of a deadly poison used by the South American Indians to smear on their arrows. Curare, though, is an antidote as well as a poison, and in minute quantities is used medicinally. I've got some in the surgery at this moment. But now," I added, closing the book, "what is it you want to talk about, dear? Something more cheerful than poisons, I dare say?"

"Yes," she said, as she sat down by my side. "What do you think? Lena is going to be married to Mr. Wilmot Ravensdale."

"H'm; that tall, rather sallow-looking man we met at the boarding house at Barmouth last year?"

"Yes. I remember thinking he was smitten with Lena at the time, and now it seems they've been corresponding ever since, though this is the first I've heard of it. My sister never was particularly communicative."

"What is Mr. Ravensdale by profession?"

"I am not quite sure. I believe he owns some land in the North. Anyhow, just before Arthur left Liverpool on his present voyage, Mr. Ravensdale saw him and asked his permission to become engaged to Lena; and Arthur must have thought everything satisfactory, for he assented, willingly."

"Ah! Well, of course, Arthur—your brother—is head of your family now, and his approval is final."

"You—don't approve, Aubrey?"

"I have no voice in the matter, my dear, and, if I had, I know nothing against Mr. Ravensdale. Still, a girl with £5,000 ought to be careful whom she selects for a husband, so I hope Lena has chosen well."

I was silent a short while; I felt certain ill-defined misgivings. Ravensdale's manner and conversation had not impressed me favorably when in Wales. However, it was scarcely fair, perhaps, to judge a man on a brief holiday acquaintanceship.

During the next few days my wife spent a good deal of time with Lena, who lived with their only brother, Arthur, in a small house not far from our own; Arthur Vernon, who was an engineer on a steamship engaged in the Canadian cattle trade, being at present away from home.

Ella felt herself largely responsible for the arrangements for the coming wedding. She threw herself into the matter with an enthusiasm which she endeavored, not altogether without success, to impart to me. I resolved to receive Ravensdale when he arrived in London. I liked him, however, no better than before, though I left my doubts unexpressed.

Then came a surprise: Ravensdale suddenly informed Lena that he had a sister of whose existence he had not hitherto spoken, and suggested that it would be a good plan for her to take up her abode with his fiancée until the wedding. Lena could refuse him nothing, and, to my wife's evident annoyance, Mildred Ravensdale arrived next day. A week passed without anything particular happening, then, as we sat at dinner one evening, Ella startled me by saying, hotly:

"I hate Mildred Ravensdale, and I could almost kill Lena. I won't go near either of them till Arthur comes home. They don't want me and their wishes shall be respected."

"Have you been offended so deeply as all that, dear?" I asked, after a brief pause.

"Yes," she replied; "my advice is ignored by Lena and scorned by Miss Ravensdale."

"When is your brother Arthur expected?"

"Not till a day or two before the wedding."

"Oh! Have you heard anything more precise about Ravensdale's property yet?"

"Not a word."

"Nor where he proposes to live?"

"He talks about leaving that question till after they return from their

honeymoon, which it seems to be a long one."

I said no more then. I felt instinctively that Eda had not told me all that she knew or suspected, though she had revealed enough to render me profoundly dissatisfied with the position of affairs. But Lena was no longer a child; she was 27, and her proud and headstrong temperament would, I was aware, lead her to resent any intervention on my part.

The wedding day was fixed to take place on a Thursday, and, on the morning of the previous Tuesday, Ella asked me to inspect the present which, despite their disagreement, she had purchased for her sister. This consisted of a very handsome Russia leather lady's toilet case, containing a hand mirror, a pair of brushes, two combs and requisites, all in ivory. Then she mentioned that her brother's ship was not expected to arrive till next day, but that she would depart from her resolve not to visit Lena before his return, so far as personally to take her the present in the course of the afternoon.

My wife looked pale and tired when, early in the evening, I again saw her, so that I was hardly surprised when she told me that her interview with her sister had been far from pleasant. "I—I never gave her the present, after all," she explained; "I put it down on the hallstand, and forgot about it. We both got angry, and I—I said things about Mr. Ravensdale and his sister Lena declared she'd never forgive. Perhaps I was wrong, but I have every cause to distrust them, and so has Lena, but he won't see it. Oh, she is mad, mad!"

"Are all arrangements made for the wedding?"

"I think so. They don't want us there, though. It's fixed for 8 o'clock in the morning, and they're going to drive straight to the railway station from the church."

"Well, dearest, we mustn't intrude upon them. It's certainly strange, however, that your sister should slight you in this way."

Ella's hands twitched nervously. Then she burst into tears. "I—I don't mind for myself," she sobbed, "but it's dreadful that Lena should have let that horrid woman get such an influence over."

"Why do you dislike Miss Ravensdale so intensely, dearest?" I asked soothingly.

"Why? Oh, for one thing, because I believe in her heart she hates Lena, and, for another, because—because of something she's done to me."

"I suppose you won't mind telling me what that is?"

"I cannot, I have promised to be silent."

I said nothing. She seemed greatly agitated. Then she cried suddenly:

"And, yet, I am not sure. I think I'm justified in breaking my word; yes, I'll tell you, Aubrey; you ought to know. The day after that woman came, before I grew to distrust her, she asked me if I could get her some poison."

"What!" I exclaimed.

"Some poison," she continued, "that would kill a dog. She had a favorite terrier, she said, that had grown old and blind, and was suffering greatly, and she wanted it poisoned, but couldn't bear that it should meet its death at the hands of any one but herself."

"Well, well—"

"When she asked for the poison I suddenly thought of the stuff you had spoken of on the night I first heard of Lena's engagement."

"Curare?"

"Yes. I found some in your surgery, and I—I gave it to her. I read up about it, too, and told her all she had to do was to smear some on a needle and prick the poor animal with it."

"Oh, you should have told me, dearest; but what happened afterward?"

"What happened?"—my wife gave a low, mirthless laugh—"why, a week later, when she said she'd killed the dog, and I asked her to give me back what remained of the poison, she declined to do so; and now today, when I repeated the request, she—"

But at this moment there came a ring at the bell, followed by the entrance of a servant to tell me that a lady wished to see me immediately.

My visitor, a handsome, well-dressed woman of 30, was pacing excitedly up and down my counting room as I entered.

"Doctor Cranleigh," she cried, "excuse my abruptness, but you must come with me at once. Your wife's sister, Miss Lena Vernon, is suddenly taken ill. She is unconscious—in a fit, I think. There is not a moment to lose. Don't stop to tell your wife now, it would only alarm her. She can be summoned later on, if necessary."

"Are you," I gasped, "Miss Ravensdale?"

"Yes—but come, come!"

Mechanically, I put on my hat, and followed her into the street.

"Now," I said, briefly, "you can give me any additional particulars?"

"Not many," she replied. "I had been out, and, returning to the house, went into Lena's bedroom, where I found her on the sofa, as I have said, unconscious. She seemed to have been seized with faintness while dressing; at all events her hair was dishevelled.

I tried to bring her round, but my efforts were quite futile. So I called the servant to remain with her, and came off for you."

I asked one or two further questions, but she added nothing of importance, and a few minutes more brought us to the house.

The girl who opened the door said there was no change in the condition of her mistress, and we made our way immediately to the bed room.

Lena, her luxuriant hair awry and her eyes closed, lay on a couch by the window, so still that at first I feared she was dead. But even as I crossed the room her whole frame shook in a sudden, convulsive movement, which, however, only lasted a moment. I bent down to examine her more closely, pushing back some of the loose tresses which strayed over her white forehead. My hand coming in contact with something moist, caused me to withdraw it quickly. Then I started violently. My fingers were smeared with blood!

Without a word, I hastily raised the half-lowered gas, and, with the aid of the stronger light thus afforded, I saw for the first time beneath the hair just above Lena's brow, a long, irregular scratch. I trembled involuntarily.

Lena's symptoms were those of curare poisoning.

I pushed the electric bell, wrote a few words on a sheet of paper, torn from my note book, and, giving it to the servant who answered my summons, told her to take it immediately to my surgery, hand it to my assistant, and wait a reply. Then, uncertain what to say or do, I turned toward Mildred Ravensdale, who sat silent and composed on the chair near the couch.

"This faintness," I ventured, at last, "seems serious, alarming even."

"Indeed? I am so sorry. What can it be? Failure of the heart?"

"No," I rejoined, looking fixedly at her; "I should rather say it is a case of poisoning."

She met my eyes with a cold, incredulous stare, but gave no reply.

"Did you ever hear of a poison called curare?" I went on.

"Never," she answered, calmly.

I reflected a moment. Should I tell her what Ella had revealed to me, and challenge her to deny it? No, not yet, I decided.

All this while I had been chafing Lena's hands, but now I let them go, and walked uneasily round the room. At the dressing table I stopped; on it I noticed, abstractedly, a toilet case—my wife's present—and beside the case an ivory comb. There was something about the latter which caused me to look again, and with trembling hands to open the case. Ah! I could hardly repress a cry—the comb belonged to it; and on the comb, tightly fastened to one of the teeth by a piece of thin wire, was a pin with a discolored point. I had discovered the explanation of the scarlet!

Yes, this woman was acting a part; she must be unmasked! A means—not perfect, but still worth trying—suggested itself to me, even as beads of perspiration broke out on my brow, and my heart began to beat with painful rapidity.

"Miss Ravensdale," I said slowly, "will you please let me pull this comb through your hair?"

She sprang to her feet. "What an extraordinary request!"

"Then you decline?" I asked, excitedly.

"No," she said, with a grim smile; "Oh, no. Do as you will." She removed the hat she had been wearing and came and stood by my side. "Come," she added. "I am ready."

"I—I have changed my mind," I murmured, weakly.

She turned, and, before I could stop her, wrenched the comb from my hand, drew it through her hair several times, and flung it on the ground. Then she said, in a fierce, low voice:

"If death does occur, if I were you, I should certify it as due to failure of the heart's action. That would avoid an inquest, which, under the circumstances, is most undesirable. For your wife's sake, you know."

"My wife! How dare you suggest—"

"How dare I? Well, you shall hear. Your wife is angry because Lena saw fit to make a will, leaving her property to my brother—her future husband. Your wife was pleased to utter disgraceful innuendoes about him and about me. Even this afternoon she and Lena quarrelled bitterly. I heard them; so did my brother, who happened to be in the house; so did the servant. Your wife," she went on with a harsh laugh, "wanted to keep Lena's money in the family, and if this is a case of poisoning she must have administered it. She thought the will was not to be signed until tomorrow, but she was wrong. It was signed yesterday. She was too late, too late!"

—here was a loud ring at the front door. In a dream, a nightmare, rather, I ran downstairs, and, admitting the servant-maid, took from her the syringe furnished with an injection of strychnine, which I had demanded from my assistant.

I returned to the bedroom, and, avoiding Miss Ravensdale's inquiring look, made an incision in the patient's arm. A little while, and I noticed a

slight, natural movement of her muscles.

"Thank Heaven!" I exclaimed. "The strychnine has proved the antidote I hoped. Lena will live now."

"She—will—live? Mildred Ravensdale ran from the room."

She and her so-called brother—it was not till long afterward I found out he was her husband—I never saw again. For Lena's sake, no steps were taken to bring them to justice. But I was soon in possession of enough information to enable me to form a pretty definite notion of the ingenuity of the scheme which my superior knowledge of toxicology had fortunately enabled me to frustrate.

The fact that she did not hesitate to draw through her own hair the poisoned comb she had in pretended playfulness drawn through Lena's an hour earlier, was explained by the fact that she wore a wig.—Tit-Bits.

**SACK OF PORT-AU-PRINCE.**

**How Morgan's Buccaneers Fought Their Way Into the Cuban City.**

In St. Nicholas Mr. Frank R. Stockton continues his series of narrative sketches of "The Buccaneers of Our Coast." Mr. Stockton, thus describes the capture of the Cuban city, Port-au-Prince, by Morgan and his buccaneers:

When the fleet arrived at the nearest harbor Morgan landed his men and marched toward the town, but he did not succeed in making a secret attack, as he had hoped. A Spanish prisoner had let himself drop overboard, and swimming ashore, had warned the Governor of the attack. Thus prepared, this able commander marched a body of soldiers along the road by which the pirates must come, and when he found a suitable spot he built a formidable barricade. Behind this his soldiers were posted with their muskets and their cannon.

But when Morgan came within sight of this barricade, he considered that it would be entirely unnecessary to attempt to disturb this admirable defence, so he marched his men into the woods, led them entirely around the barricade, and came out upon a wide plain before the town.

Here he found that he would have to fight his way into the city, and probably much to his surprise his men were presently charged by a heavy body of cavalry.

The pirates routed the horsemen, and, after a fight of about four hours, took possession of the town. Here they captured a great many prisoners, whom they shut up in the churches, and then sent detachments into the country to look for those who had run away. Then these utterly debased and cruel men took their usual course after capturing a town; they pillaged, feasted and rioted. Even when the poor citizens seemed to have given up everything they owned, they were told that if they did not pay two heavy ransoms they would be carried away into slavery, and that their town would be burned.

For two weeks the pirate waited for the unfortunate people to go out into the country and find some of their fellow citizens who had escaped with a portion of their treasure. In those days people did not keep their money in banks as they do now, but every man was the custodian of most of his own possessions, and when they fled from the visitation of an enemy they took with them everything of value that they could carry. Before the citizens returned Morgan made a discovery; a negro was taken who was carrying letters from the Governor of Santiago, a neighboring city, to some of the citizens of Port-au-Prince, telling them not to be in too great a hurry to pay the ransom, because he was coming with a strong force to their assistance. When Morgan read these letters, he changed his mind and thought it would be a wise thing not to stay in that region any longer than could be helped. So he decided not to wait for the unfortunate citizens to collect the heavy ransom he demanded, but told them that if they would furnish him with five hundred head of cattle, and also supply salt and help prepare the meat for shipment, he would make no further demands upon them. This, of course, the citizens were glad enough to do, and the buccaneers sailed away.

**The Poison of the Honey Bee.**

So much attention has been directed of late to the effect of the poison of the honey-bee that any new fact in this connection is interesting. A German scientist has spent many years studying the toxic and chemical properties of this poison. Over twenty-five thousand bees have been sacrificed in his work. He discovers the peculiar odor with which every one who has been stung by a bee becomes familiar, is due to a purely volatile substance. This is not poisonous, and disappears when the poison proper evaporates. The toxic quality of the poison is not affected by heat at 212 degrees Fahr., and diluted acids and alkalis have no effect upon it. The precise elements of the poison are as yet undetermined.—New York Ledger.

In the People's Palace in London, there is an Italian castle and battleship carved from a lump of common rock salt.

**Fabulous Wealth.**

The "mineral wealth" of newly found mining regions largely run by syndicates is in too many instances a fable. The products nearer home are surer and promise more rewards. No one will go unrewarded in the matter of improved health who uses regularly Hostetter's Stomach Bitters for malaria and dyspepsia.

**Spain.**

It is to be borne in mind that Spain is such a little thing she could be picked up and laid out in Texas, and Texas would still have 76,686 square miles of territory to spare. Four of our States taken together have a greater population than Spain has, and their people are far more intelligent, too. Only one nation in Europe is lower in the scale of general enlightenment than Spain. Sixty-eight per cent. of her population can neither read nor write, and her credit is about as bad as it can be. The biggest thing in Spain is her national debt.—Boston Herald.

**Shake Into Your Shoes**

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It cures painful, swollen, smarting feet and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight-fitting or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, nervous, aching feet. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 25c in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

**Weighted Silk.**

To show the manner in which silk is adulterated, an English chemist recently analyzed a piece of silk with the following results: Real silk, 28; water, 11; ash (mostly tin oxide and silica), 14.80; organic matter, not silk, 46. Such "silk" becomes shabby in a few weeks, but so rapid are the changes of fashion that it is said to be preferred by many purchasers.

During the past two months the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company has received 1,110 new box cars, 1,239 double hopper gondolas and 224 coke cars of the order of 5,150 recently placed with Pullman's Palace Car Company, the Michigan Peninsular Car Works, the Missouri Car and Foundry Company and the South Baltimore Car Works. Deliveries are being made as rapidly as the cars are completed.

**Women Live Longer than Men.**

Despite the fragility with which their sex is credited, the number of British female centenarians greatly exceeds that of the men, 225 women out of every 1,000,000 reaching the century mark, while only eight men of the same number round out 100 years.



Uncle Sam Says: This is America's Greatest Spring Medicine. Take it Now to Sharpen Your Appetite, Vitalize Your Blood, To Overcome That Tired Feeling.

Go to your druggist and get a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla and begin to take it today, and realize at once the great good it is sure to do you.

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**

Is America's Greatest Spring Medicine.

Established 1780.

**Baker's Chocolate.**



celebrated for more than a century as a delicious, nutritious, and flesh-forming beverage, has our well-known Yellow Label on the front of every package, and our trade-mark, "La Belle Chocolatiere," on the back.

NONE OTHER GENUINE. MADE ONLY BY WALTER BAKER & CO. Ltd., Dorchester, Mass.

# In Pain?

**In the Back?**  
Then probably the kidneys.

**In the Chest?**  
Then probably the lungs.

**In the Joints?**  
Then probably rheumatism.

No matter where it is, nor what kind; you need have it no longer. It may be an hour, a day, or a year old; it must yield to

## Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Plaster

Immediately after applying it you feel its soothing, warming, strengthening power.

It quiets congestion; draws out inflammation.

It is a new plaster.

A new combination of new remedies. Made after new methods. Entirely unlike any other plaster.

The Triumph of Modern Medical Science.

The Perfected Product of years of Patient Toil.

Placed over the chest it is a powerful aid to Ayer's Cherry Pectoral in the treatment of all throat and lung affections.

Placed over the stomach, it stops nausea and vomiting; over the bowels, it controls cramps and colic.

Placed over the small of the back, it removes all congestion from the kidneys and greatly strengthens weakness.

For sale by all Druggists.  
J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

**A Crow's Treasures.**  
One day while watching I saw a crow crossing the Don valley with something white in his beak. He flew to the mouth of the Rosedale brook, then took flight to the beaver elm. There he dropped the white object, and, looking about, gave me a chance to recognize my old friend Silverspot. After a minute he picked up the white thing—a shell—and walked over past the spring, and here, among the docks and the skunk-cabbages, he unearthed a pile of shells and other white, shiny things. He spread them out in the sun, turned them over, lifted them one by one in his beak, dropped them, nestled on them as though they were eggs, toyed with them and gloated over them like a miser. This was his hobby, his weakness. He could not have explained why he enjoyed them, any more than a boy can explain why he collects postage stamps, or a girl why she prefers pearls to rubies; but his pleasure in them was very real, and after half an hour he covered them all, including the new one, with earth and leaves, and flew off. I went at once to the spot and examined the hoard; there was about a hatful in all, chiefly white pebbles, clam shells, and same bits of tin, but there was also the handle of a china cup, which must have been the gem of the collection. That was the last time I saw them. Silverspot knew that I had found his treasures, and he removed them at once; where, I never knew.—Ernest Seton Tompson, in Scribner's.

**Lane's Family Medicine**  
Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

**Women to Fight Back.**  
Savannah, Ga., women say that if an ordinance is passed compelling them to take off their hats in church, they will demand the enactment of one requiring men to remain awake.

**Hall's Catarrh Cure.**  
Is a constitutional cure. Price 75 cents.

Voltaire was afraid to sleep in the dark, and invariably woke if the candle went out.

**TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.**  
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c.

Why can't a man save time by stopping his watch?



Senator Morrill of Vermont celebrated his 88th birthday Thursday night by a reception at his residence in Thomas circle. He was born at Stratford, Vt., on the 14th of April, 1810. He has served thirty-one years in the United States Senate, longer than any other man, and before his first selection was ten years in the House of Representatives. The venerable gentleman is still in excellent health, although he is not so spry and industrious and enduring as he was when he first came to Washington, forty-one years ago. Letters and telegrams of congratulations poured in upon him. The President, the Vice-President, the Supreme Court, the foreign ambassadors and ministers, the entire Senate and a large number of other friends, including every person of prominence in public life, attended his reception.

The members of the executive committee of the Brewers' Association, which represents 90 per cent of the brewers of the United States, who came to Washington to resist the imposition of the tax upon beer, have yielded and have gone back to their homes with an agreement with the Committee on Ways and Means that the proposed additional tax of \$1 a barrel will not be objected to, provided a provision is made for a rebate of 7 1/2 per cent for beer that is spoiled. This would make the tax \$1.85 net, instead of \$2 a barrel, which would not be felt. Beer sells at wholesale at an average price throughout the country at 16 cents per gallon, and 80 cents a gallon at retail. The committee thinks, therefore, that this allows a sufficient margin for an additional tax.

The authorities, besides making an investigation of questions relating to privateering and the neutrality of goods, have been examining the treaties between the United States and Spain to determine what sections would continue in force in time of war. It is a general principle of international law that war abrogates treaties between belligerents, but should the nations presupposing war have engaged themselves in such treaties to perform certain specific acts during hostilities such engagement must be observed.

There is a great deal of patriotism being expressed through the mails and over the telegraph lines. The President receives bushels of messages every morning from people who commend or condemn him. At the War Department it is said more than 1,000,000 men have offered their services to the Government in case of war, among them four members of Congress—Senator Pettus and Representatives Wheeler of Alabama, Campbell of Illinois and Broussard of Louisiana.

William Jennings Bryan and William McKinley met Thursday morning for the first time in several years, when the former called at the White House with Senator Murphy of New York to pay his respects. It was during the regular hours for receiving congressional visitors, and therefore Mr. Bryan remained but a moment, exchanging compliments, but having no serious conversation.

Gen. Miles is of the opinion that 100,000 men could be transported to any point on the gulf or Atlantic coast in the South within forty-eight hours. The fact that this can be done was demonstrated by the feat performed by the railroads during the recent big celebration in Washington, when 100,000 men were brought into the city and taken out again inside of twenty-four hours.

While the ministry at Madrid was talking peace and offering concessions Gen. Blanco was preparing for resistance, and he recently issued an order for a military census of Cuba and the enlistment of every man between the ages of 19 and 50 "for the defense of the territory."

Great disappointment was expressed at the War Department over the defeat of the army reorganization bill in the House. The authorities were confident that regulars could do much more effective service in Cuba than the State militia, officered by men of their own number.

The Ways and Means Committee of the House proposes a war tax on beer and manufactured tobacco. It is probable also that a stamp tax will be imposed on all bank paper and legal documents. The revenue from these sources is estimated at \$100,000,000 a year.

Representative Wheeler of Alabama introduced in the House a resolution extending the thanks of Congress to Consul General Lee for the courage, efficiency and good judgment he displayed in the performance of his duties as consul general at Havana.

The stand of the Cuban junta against intervention without recognition of Cuban independence aroused opposition in Congress to turning the affairs of the island over to the insurgents after the Spanish have been expelled.

Secretary Gage has denied that negotiations with a syndicate for a loan to the Government had been begun, and has stated that money used for war purposes would be borrowed direct from the people.

President McKinley was one of 1,000 guests who attended a reception in Washington in honor of Capt. Sigsbee, who commanded the battleship Maine.

**There is a Class of People**  
Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all the grocery stores a new preparation called GRAIN-O, made of pure grains, that takes the place of coffee. The most delicate stomach receives it without distress, and but few can tell it from coffee. It does not cost over one-fourth as much. Children may drink it with great benefit. 15c. and 25c. per package. Try it. Ask for GRAIN-O.

**Cologne Used in Viands.**  
It is no secret that the French culinary expert employs eau de cologne to produce with other essences that subtle, mysterious but delicious flavor so often tasted in fruit salads and other cookery confections. In the genuine cologne there is a compressed extract of rosemary and lemon thyme.

Lake Huron contains 3,000 islands. Loch Erne, in Ireland, has 365. The Lake of the Thousand Isles is only an expansion of the St. Lawrence River and has 1,700.

**Coughing Leads to Consumption.**  
Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Sold in 25 and 50 cent bottles. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

**Mamma's Equal.**  
"Mamma," said little 4-year-old Mabel, "ain't I as tall as you are?"  
"Of course not, dear," replied her mother. "You don't come up to my waist."  
"Well," answered Mabel, "I'm just as tall down the other way. My feet are as far down as yours."

**Piso's Cure for Consumption is the best of all cough cures.**—George W. Lotz, Fabacher, La., Aug. 26, 1895.

**St. Louis on a Spurt.**  
St. Louis has a larger population than either Boston or Baltimore and is widening the gap.

**Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children** teething; softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

## MRS. PINKHAM TALKS ABOUT "CHANGE OF LIFE."

Women are Urged to Prepare for this Wonderful Revolution in the Economy of Their Life Blood—Mrs. Watson Tells How She Was Helped.



At no time is woman more liable to physical and mental dangers with hours of suffering than at the "Turn of Life." The great want in woman's system is ability to properly adjust itself to the new conditions. The outlet, monthly, of blood is now being diminished and carried into the body for the supply food of its later years.

Daughters, you can now to some extent repay your mother's early care. She must be spared every possible exertion. You must help her bear her burdens and anxieties. This critical time safely over, she will return to renewed health and happiness. That so many women fail to anticipate this change thus happily, is owing not merely to lack of care, but to ignorance. There is, however, no excuse for ignorance when experienced advice can be yours free of all cost. Write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., she has helped great numbers of women successfully through the Change of Life, and she will help you.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the best tonic for uterine changes. It works harmoniously upon all these overwrought organs, invigorates the body and drives off the blues.

Read this letter from Mrs. DELLA WATSON, 524 West 5th St., Cincinnati, Ohio.  
"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have been using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for some time during the change of life, and it has been a savior of life unto me. I can cheerfully recommend your medicine to all women, and I know it will give permanent relief. I would be glad to relate my experience to any sufferer."

Ask Mrs. Pinkham's Advice—A Woman Best Understands a Woman's Ills

**RADWAY'S READY RELIEF**  
FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE.  
CURES AND PREVENTS  
Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Influenza, Bronchitis, Pneumonia, Swelling of the Joints, Lumbago, Inflammations, RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE, ASHIM'S, DIFFICULT BREATHING, Radway's Ready Relief is a Sure Cure for Every Pain, Sprains, Bruises, Pains in the Back, Chest or Limbs. It was the First and is the Only PAIN REMEDY  
That instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays inflammation, and cures congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels or other organs, by one application.  
A half to a teaspoonful in half a tumbler of water will in a few minutes cure Cramps, Spasms, Sore Stomach, Heartburn, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Sick Headache, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Colic, Flatulency, and all internal pains.  
There is not a remedial agent in the world that will cure Fever and Ague and all other malarial, Bilious and other fevers, aided by RADWAY'S PINK PILLS, so quickly as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.  
Fifty Cents per Bottle. Sold by Druggists. RADWAY & CO., 55 Elm Street, New York.

We delight to do an early friend a good turn. The working parts of ANY AEROMOTOR EXCHANGED FOR A ROLLER BEARING. Supply running, ever-going, everlasting, power-doubling, UP-TO-DATE '98 MOTOR, 8 FT. FOR \$6; 12-ft. for \$12; 16-ft. for \$20. They run like a bicycle, and are made like a watch, every movable part on rollers. Double geared mill power. The Aeromotor ran when all other mills stood still, and made the steel windmill business. THE NEW BEATS THE OLD AS THE OLD BEAT THE WOODEN WHEEL. On receipt of amount, reversed motor (but not wheel or valve) will be sent to replace old one then to be returned. Offer subject to cancellation at any time. If your old wheel is not an Aeromotor, write for terms of swap—new for old—to go on old tower. You can put it on. Aeromotor Co., Chicago.

**7000 BICYCLES**  
carried over from 1897 must be sacrificed now. New High Speed, all styles, best equipment, guaranteed. \$3.75 to \$17.00. Used wheels, late models, all makes, \$3 to \$12. We ship on approval with 10% down and 10% per month for balance. Write for bargain list and our catalogue for small '98 models. BICYCLE FREE for season to advertise them. Send for one. Rider agents wanted. Learn how to Earn a Bicycle and make money.  
K. C. MEAD CYCLE CO., Chicago, Ill.

**PILES**  
"I suffered the tortures of the damned with protruding piles brought on by constipation with which I was afflicted for twenty years. I ran across your CASCARETS in the town of Newell, Ia., and never found anything to equal them. To-day I am entirely free from piles and feel like a new man."  
C. H. KRITZ, 1411 Jones St., Sioux City, Ia.

**CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets**  
TRADE MARK REGISTERED  
REGULATE THE BOWEL  
Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken, or Grip. 10c, 25c, 50c.  
... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...  
Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York, 312  
NO-TO-BAG Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE TOBACCO HABIT.

**WAGON** Something entirely new.  
A better Seale for less money than has ever been offered.  
Address: Jones of Binghamton, Binghamton, N. Y.  
**SCALES** FREIGHT PAID.

**CURE YOURSELF!**  
Use Big G for untarried discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations, in mucous membranes. Failure, and not astrin- THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO., sent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for \$1.00, or 3 bottles, \$2.00. Circular sent on request.

**FOR THE BEST LAND!**  
In the best county in the best State in the Union go to DAWSON COUNTY, NEBRASKA, the great Wheat, Corn and Alfalfa Country of the State. Apply to J. H. MAC COLL, Lexington, Neb.

**PENSIONS, PATENTS, CLAIMS.**  
JOHN W. MORRIS, WASHINGTON, D. C.  
Late Principal Examiner U. S. Pension Bureau. 3 yrs. in last war, 15 adjudicating claims, etc., since.  
FREE 12 Photos of yourself. Sample & particu ars. 2c stamp. Sunbeam Photo Co., Buffalo, N. Y.  
C. N. U. No. 18 98  
WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE SAY you saw the advertisement in this paper

**PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION**  
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

**TOWER'S FISH BRAND SLICKER**  
WILL KEEP YOU DRY.  
Don't be fooled with a mackintosh or rubber coat. If you want a coat that will keep you dry in the hardest storm buy the Fish Brand Slicker. If not for sale in your town, write for catalogue to A. J. TOWER, Boston, Mass.

## "IRONING MADE EASY"

**ELASTIC STARCH**  
LATEST IMPROVED  
A GREAT INVENTION REQUIRES NO COOKING  
MAKES COLLARS AND CUFFS STIFF AND NICE AS WHEN FIRST BOUGHT NEW  
PREPARED FOR LAUNDRY  
ONE POUND OF THIS STARCH WILL GO AS FAR AS A POUND AND A HALF OF ANY OTHER STARCH.  
MANUFACTURED ONLY BY  
**J. C. HUBINGER BROS. CO.**  
KEOKUK, IOWA, NEW HAVEN, CONN.  
COPYRIGHTED

This starch is prepared on scientific principles by men who have had years of practical experience in fancy laundering. It restores old linen and summer dresses to their natural whiteness and imparts a beautiful and lasting finish. It is the only starch manufactured that is perfectly harmless, containing neither arsenic, alum or any other substance injurious to linen and can be used even for a baby powder.

For sale by all wholesale and retail grocers.

**WE HAVE NO AGENTS**  
but have sold direct to the consumer for 25 years at wholesale prices, saving him the dealer's profit. Ship anywhere for examination. Everything warranted. 118 styles of Vehicles, 55 styles of Harness, Top Buggies, \$35 to \$70. Surreys, \$50 to \$125. Carriages, Phaetons, Traps, Wagons, etc., Spring-Road and Milk Wagons. Send for large, free Catalogue of all our styles. shade, apron and fenders, \$69. As good as sells for \$25.  
No. 77. Surrey Harness, Price, \$16.00.  
ELKHART CARRIAGE AND HARNESS MFG. CO. W. B. PRATT, Soc'y, ELKHART, IND.

Do You Know that There Is Science in Neatness? Be Wise and Use  
**SAPOLIO**

Entered at Culver Postoffice as Second-class Matter.

GEO. E. NEARPASS, Ed. and Pub.

ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION:

For One Year \$1.25
For Six Months .70
For Three Months .35

Obituary poetry 5 cents per line. Local advertisements 5 cents per line. Display advertising rates made known on application.

Cards of thanks will be published at 25 cts per inch.

TREASURER'S REPORT.

To the Common Council and Citizens of Culver:

Below is a correct report of all money received and disbursed by this office for the year ending April 25, 1898.

GENERAL FUND.

Receipts.

May 20, 1897. From D. B. Young, ex-treasurer, \$ 10 98
June 22, 1897. From J. K. Taylor, saloon license, 100 00
June 28, 1897. From county treasurer, 561 55
July 28, 1897. From C. C. Beaber, saloon license, 100 00
Aug. 4, 1897. From Oliver Morris, 1 00
Oct. 2, 1897. From R. F. Kreuzberger, saloon license, 100 00
Jan. 6, 1898. From county treasurer, 308 64
April 1, 1898. From Dr. O. A. Rea, 25 00
April 1, 1898. From A. Vorhees, saloon license, 100 00
\$1,397 17

Disbursements.

Orders issued by town clerk:
May 20, 1897. E. W. Gieseman, order No. 220, 3 00
E. B. Van Schoick, order No. 229, 3 75
Samuel Ulery, order No. 233, 3 00
June 17, 1897. Margaret Morris, order No. 215, 3 50
James Castleman, order No. 245, 2 00
Geo. Ulery, order No. 252, 1 50
Geo. Nearpass, order No. 254, 6 75
J. K. Mawhorter, order No. 256, 1 90
June 25, 1897. William Overman, order No. 228, 25 00
Amos Green, order No. 231, 7 31
Henry Overman, order No. 231, 13 12
Frank Eucocok, order No. 235, 6 60
James Castleman, order No. 235, 6 60
Abraham Hayes, order No. 241, 22 25
William Foss, order No. 250, 2 60
Alfred Byrd, order No. 251, 1 50
N. Gandy, order No. 239, 1 00
Henry Overman, order No. 222, 15 00
M. P. Mosler, order No. 237, 2 00
L. C. Wiseman, order No. 242, 3 00
June 28, 1897. William Overman, order No. 217, 15 00
Geo. Nearpass, order No. 222, 11 00
John Osborn, order No. 230, 2 50
John Osborn, order No. 230, 2 00
John Osborn, order No. 219, 2 50
John Osborn, order No. 246, 8 00
Vories & Rhodes, order No. 244, 25 00
Geo. Davis, order No. 237, 1 20
William Overman, order No. 255, 15 54
John Osborn, order No. 238, 1 75
D. H. Smith, order No. 258, 24 00
Vories & Rhodes, order No. 257, 2 50
Charles Zechiel, order No. 231, 2 50
June 20, 1897. Geo. W. Vories, order No. 253, 5 70
James L. Castleman, order No. 234, 3 00
D. G. Walter, order No. 226, 3 00
D. G. Walter, order No. 260, 2 50
July 6, 1897. Henry Overman, order No. 264, 1 25
July 8, 1897. Amos Green, order No. 265, 1 25
July 9, 1897. Samuel Ulery, order No. 267, 2 00
July 13, 1897. M. Menser, order No. 270, 3 50
July 19, 1897. Samuel Easterday, order No. 263, 62
D. H. Smith, order No. 268, 20 35
Richard Patsel, order No. 269, 5 00
July 26, 1897. Henry Zechiel, order No. 223, 5 00
Aug. 2, 1897. J. K. Mawhorter, order No. 266, 3 00
Aug. 4, 1897. F. L. Carl, order No. 289, 36 50
F. L. Carl, order No. 277, 3 00
F. L. Carl, order No. 286, 6 25
E. B. Van Schoick, order No. 281, 3 75
John Osborn, order No. 282, 2 50
T. E. Slattery, order No. 287, 3 00
James H. Castleman, order No. 276, 3 50
James H. Castleman, order No. 283, 3 00
Oliver Morris, order No. 273, 1 80
Urias Menser, order No. 278, 23 25
D. H. Smith, order No. 288, 25 00
Geo. Vories, order No. 272, 1 25

William Bucklew, order 274, 1 50
Charles Zechiel, order 280, 3 50
Aug. 15, " Albert A. Keen, order 284, 3 00
Abraham Hayes, order 285, 3 00
Aug. 25, " Eli Spencer, order 271, 3 00
Samuel Ulery, order 279, 3 00
J. K. Mawhorter, order 275, 1 50
W. H. Wilson, order 292, 3 35
Oct. 4, " F. L. Carl (Wm. B. Burford) order 296, 18 00
Oliver Morris, order 291, 60
J. K. Mawhorter, order 295, 3 00
Oct. 15, " Vories & Rhodes, order 294, 5 62
James H. Castleman, order 301, 60
Oct. 18, " T. E. Slattery, order 302, 1 25
Oct. 19, " D. H. Smith, order 297, 9 00
Schuyler Fairbanks, order 299, 1 00
Oct. 20, " T. E. Slattery, order 298, 70
Oct. 23, " Urias Menser, order 186, 20
D. H. Smith, order 290, 9 00
D. B. Young, order 303, 3 75
Nov. 3, " Geo. Vories, order T. B. Harris, order 212, 3 50
Nov. 4, " F. L. Carl, order 307, 6 25
F. L. Carl, order 314, 1 29
T. E. Slattery, order 315, 3 00
Albert A. Keen, order 305, 3 00
Nov. 5, " D. H. Smith, order 308, 25 00
Nov. 20, " Abraham Hayes, order 306, 3 00
Jan. 6, 1898. Charles Zechiel, order 310, 3 75
G. H. Smith, order 328, 19 50
D. H. Smith, order 318, 4 50
Thomas Medburn, order 324, 3 00
Jan. 7, " H. V. Shaw, order 323, 50
J. H. Crowley, order 327, 1 15

CONTINUED ON EIGHTH PAGE.

SPECIAL DISPLAY OF Easter Millinery At L. E. Dial's 219 MICHIGAN ST., Plymouth, Ind. The Largest Exclusive Millinery Store in the County. Each season it seems as if all possible styles had been shown, so great was the variety. Yet this season our display is more beautiful than ever. Our business is always on the increase as a result of giving our customers just what was advertised.



Our Original Pattern Hats and Bonnets... (not inferior copies) Are the latest production of the leading modistes. Special low prices on Patterns. We will be pleased to show you our immense stock of SPRING MILLINERY. No matter if you wish to buy or not. Our goods and work show for themselves wherever they go. We guarantee our prices as low as the lowest. You will find at all times the largest assortment of Up-to-Date Millinery, Latest Styles, Best Material and Prices the LOWEST.

FREAK OF NATURE IN FLORIDA Stretch of Land, 50,000 Acres in Extent Covered with Sink-Holes. Pavne's prairie, three miles south of Gainesville, Fla., covers an area of 50,000 acres. A large proportion of the prairie is now covered with water, and there are thousands of acres around the borders of the lake which has been formed on which horses and other cattle graze. There is no way of estimating the number of cattle, but there are many thousands, and they are in fine condition. The prairie, or savanna, which it really is, occasionally goes dry, the water passing out through a subterranean passage called the sink. Where the water goes has never been determined. When the sink is open the lake goes dry, and when the outlet becomes gorged or choked a lake from five to seven miles wide and about eighteen miles long is formed. When the waters of the lake suddenly leave it thousands of alligators, snakes, fish and turtles are left with nothing but mud for their places of abode. The fish and turtles perish, but the saurians and reptiles seek and find other quarters. For miles along the northern border of the lake there is a succession of sinks, averaging in depth all the way from twenty-five to 100 feet. Subterranean passages run in every direction, leaving the ground in the shape of a honeycomb. The ground is liable to give way at any time, creating a new sink. Scenery around the lake, especially on the north side, is unique and grand, and is an attractive feature to strangers who visit Gainesville. The sink has long been popular as a resort for citizens of Gainesville, who go there to fish, boat ride and in other ways enjoy themselves. It is said that this vast area of land could be drained at trifling expense, and were it drained it would be the largest as well as the richest tract of productive land in Florida. It is for the most part a bed of muck. The land is owned by various individuals.

For Sale, Cheap—second-hand furniture; come and see. Price to fit your purse. Avery's Restaurant.



All trains arrive at and depart from the Union Passenger Station, 100 North Main Street, Chicago. Buffet and colored Porters attend first and second class day coaches on through trains, insuring scrupulously clean cars enroute.

Table with columns: Eastward, Westward, and various train routes and times.

Drawings Room Showing Cars on Nos. 2, 4 and 6 through to Cleveland, Erie, Buffalo, New York and Boston; on Nos. 3 and 1 to Chicago. Meals are served at special Dining Stations and in Nickel Plate Dining Cars at opportune meal hours. Baggage checked to destination. On inquiry you will find our rates are always lower than in other lines, service considered. For rates and detailed information, call on J. W. Hunter, General Passenger Agent, Cleveland, O., or Local Ticket Agent.

For Mothers! The discomforts and dangers of child-birth can be almost entirely avoided. Wine of Cardui relieves expectant mothers. It gives tone to the genital organs, and puts them in condition to do their work perfectly. That makes pregnancy less painful, shortens labor and hastens recovery after child-birth. It helps a woman bear strong healthy children. Mrs. LOUISA HALE, of Jefferson, Ga., says: "When I first took Wine of Cardui we had been married three years, but could not have any children. Nine months later I had a fine girl baby."

Mammoth Fire Sale

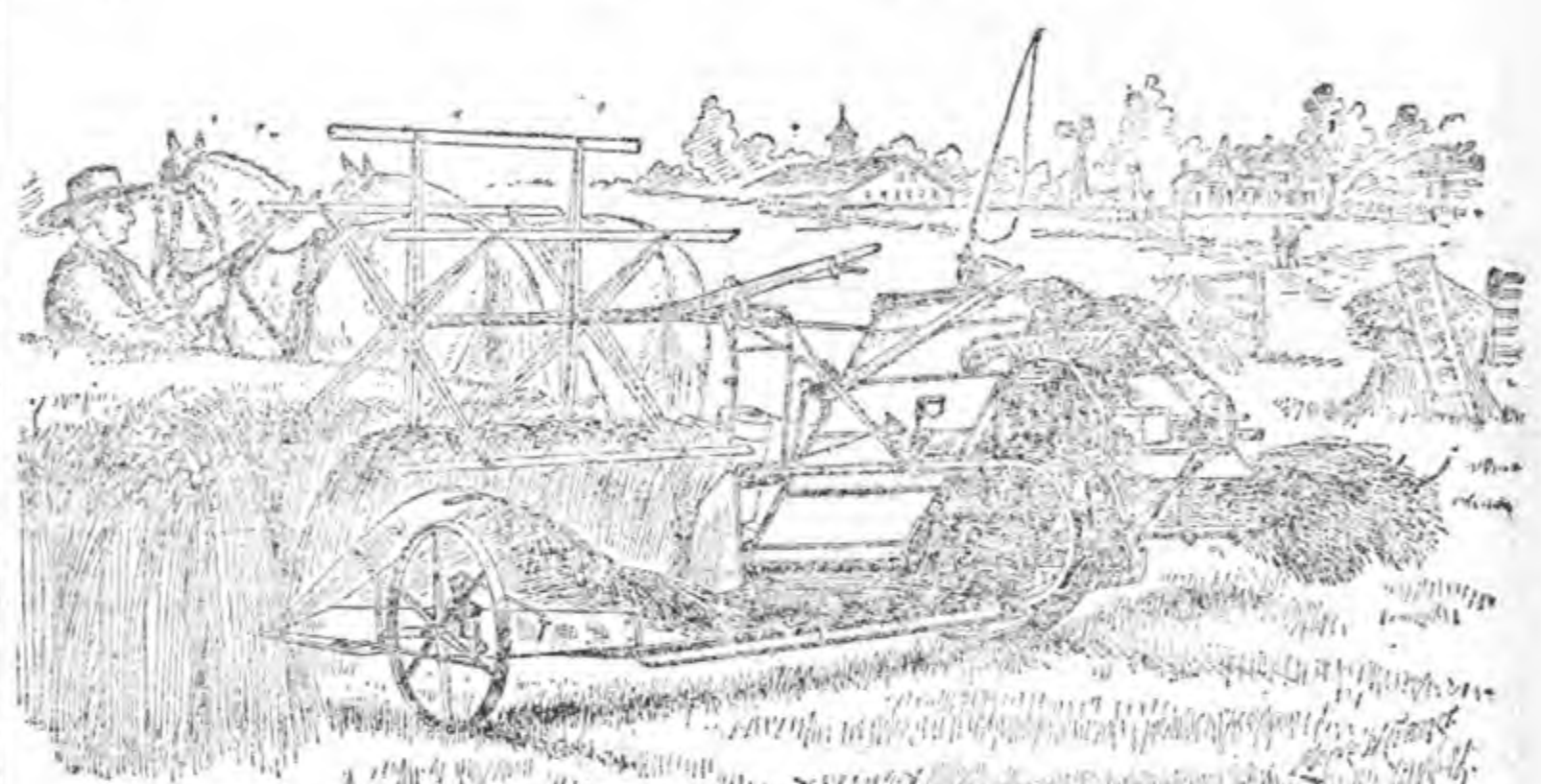
Will be continued for 15 days more and then every vestige of damaged goods will be closed out. Already out of the finest Men's, Boys and Children's...

CLOTHING, HATS AND FURNISHING GOODS

are coming in. The most complete line ever displayed and brought at prices that competition can't touch. For the right goods and right prices trade with...

M. Lauer & Son, PLYMOUTH. Favorite Clothiers.

Prosperity TO THE Buckeye REALIZED!



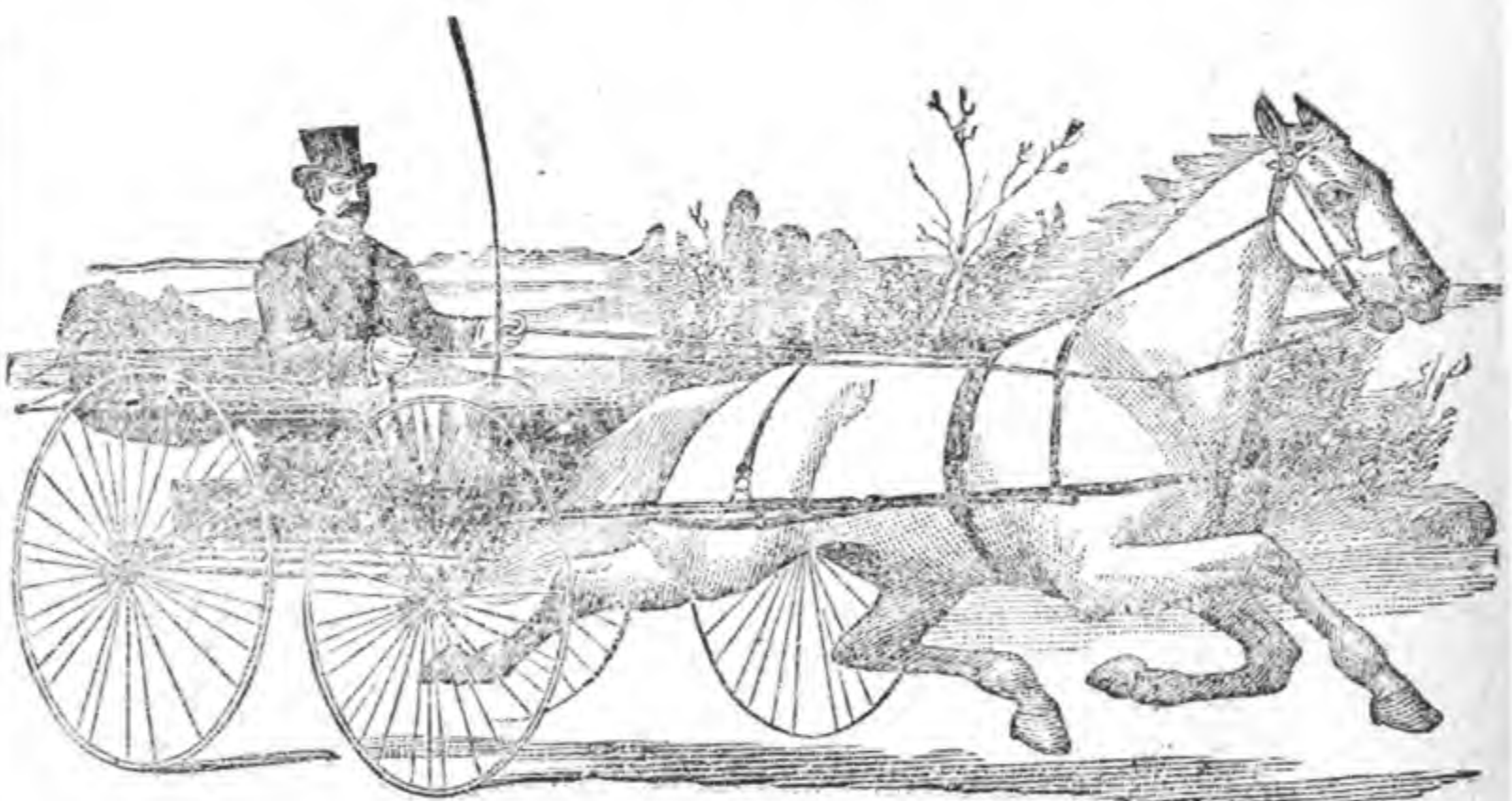
THE BUCKEYE IS A MARVEL! FOR DOMESTIC HAPPINESS

Buy the BUCKEYE FRAMELESS BINDER. For Simplicity, Durability, Lightness of Draft, Perfection of Construction, Convenience of Management, with all its latest and valuable devices, it has no equal in merit.

ON EXHIBITION AT CULVER, IND. THOS. MEDBOURN, Agent.

For bargains in building lots for summer resort purposes in or near Culver, address J. A. MOLTER, Plymouth, Ind.

GANDY'S



Livery, Feed and Sale Stable

First-class horses, new buggies and vehicles of all kinds. Accommodating traveling men one of the great specialties. Horses boarded by day or week. Terms reasonable.

Barra near Postoffice. Culver, Ind.

Subscribe for the HERALD NOW. Election Notice. Notice is hereby given to the electors of Culver City, Marshall county, Indiana, that an election will be held in said town on the 2d day of May, 1898, at the public school-house, for the purpose of electing trustees for the first and second wards, and a town clerk, treasurer and marshal. Witness my hand and official seal this 11th day of April, 1898. F. L. CARL, Town Clerk.

VANDALIA LINE TIME TABLE. In effect Dec. 5, 1897. trains will leave Culver City, Ind., as follows: For the North. No. 6, Ex. Sun. for St. Joseph, 11:46 a.m. No. 8, Ex. Sun. for St. Joseph, 9:49 p.m. For the South. No. 21, Ex. Sun. for Terre Haute, 5:55 a.m. No. 3, Ex. Sun. for Terre Haute, 1:06 p.m. For complete Time Card, giving all trains and stations, and for full information as to rate through cars, etc., address J. S. Spencer, agent, Culver, Ind., or E. A. Ford, general passenger agent, St. Louis, Mo.

## The Klondikers.

Two Hoosier Boys Start Out To Seek Their Fortune.

By Perry Pickwick in Tri-County Gazette. CONTINUED.

"All right," said the boy, "I can give you a lunch just as well a mother could. We have pie and cake and bread and butter and milk and pickles and jelly and peaches."

We told him that a dish of bread and milk would suit us as well as anything, but he insisted on setting the whole bill of fare before us.

We ate heartily and in the course of our conversation with the boy we learned that his name was Henry Silverton; that he and his mother lived together and raised and sold garden truck and that they were trying very hard to pay off a debt on their little piece of land. He said they only had about \$30 to pay yet, then he wanted to begin laying up money with which to pay his way in school. He was a bright, intelligent boy, wideawake and full of energy and we shall expect to hear from him in the future.

When we had finished our meal we asked the boy how much we should pay him.

"We gave him a dollar. He looked pleased and said he didn't expect that much and was afraid his mother wouldn't like it if he took so much. But we assured him he was welcome to it.

We were still about fifteen miles from Grand Rapids and we were quite anxious to get there as soon as possible. On arrival there we expected to get word from home, also we had some additions to our Klondike outfit under contemplation which we expected to get in the city.

On inquiry we learned that there were two different routes, either of which was the "best and shortest," according to who was telling it.

Jack proposed that we settle the question by each taking a different road and timing our speed to the city. There was a good argument in favor of such arrangement. We frequently passed by people in buggies with a single vacant seat, who might ask a single traveler to ride, but it is seldom that any one cares to add the weight to two men to his load. So we arranged to "go it alone" as an experiment. We divided our "baggage" and started, each fully determined to beat the other to Grand Rapids.

We agreed that on our arrival in the city we would report at the office of the evening Press every half hour until the other arrived.

Fortune seemed to favor my side, for I had not walked a mile until I was overtaken by a sportish looking young fellow, with a span of dashing black roadsters who halted and informed me that he needed more ballast to hold his buggy down to the track. My eagerness to take the offered seat was fully understood by him when I explained my partner's proposition for a race to the city.

"All right," said the fellow, as he gave an extra push on the lines, "if he beats Tom and Jerry he will be a good one, besides I am in something of a hurry myself to be there when the 11:30 a. m. train arrives on the G. R. & L. road from the north, as I am expecting my mother on that train and I have not seen her for two whole weeks."

I expressed my sympathy with him in his anticipations and as he seemed a royal, open-hearted fellow, I entertained him somewhat by talking of my anticipated visit to the Klondike country.

"Send me an 'original package' gold nugget for a shirt stud when you have supplied all your own wants," said he, and I assured him that his request should not be forgotten. His address, as I took it down, was Henry Walters, Zeeland, Mich.

We pulled into the city at 10:30 and I hastened to the Press office to register my call, when, what was my surprise, to run up against one of Jack Master's half-yard smiles as I met him just leaving the office.

"How did you get here so quick?" was my first question.

"Walked—a little faster than you did," said he, with a sly blink in his left eye. The truth came out later in the day.

When we presented our letter of introduction from the editor of the Benton Harbor News to the staff of the Press we were very cordially tendered the use of a private desk which we appreciated very much, as

You Cannot Afford to Miss Our . . . .

## Spring Dress Goods

We carry a larger line of trimmings this year than ever before. As to laces we can compare with any stock in the county.

PORTER & CO.

A. J. MEREDITH'S  
Cash Grocery.

No Grand Show.  
No Big Blow,  
Three years  
Steady gait,  
Clean, cheap  
Stock for 98.

CULVER, . IND.

we found a very large amount of mail matter at the postoffice awaiting our arrival. We found copies of the Wabash Tribune, the Akron News, the Mentone Gazette, the Warsaw Optic, the Milford Mail and the Benton Harbor News. These we stowed away for future reference, but we took time to carefully read a number of letters from home and from other friends. One of the most interesting was from the editor of the Benton Harbor News enclosing an order for two passes over the G. R. & L. road to Mackinaw City. This was better than he had proposed to do by us, but we mentally resolved to give him no cause to repent the favor which he was showing us.

We found that our train would leave about 10:45 p. m. and arrive at Mackinaw at 7:30 a. m. This would give us more than half a day in Grand Rapids and an all night ride on the train. A half day in the city would be none too long for the work we had marked out to do. We first took a bundle to a Chinese laundry with orders for it to be returned to our private office at six o'clock. We then purchased a good-sized canvas valise of the telescope pattern. Then we added to our outfit the following articles:

Two full suits of heavy duck, blanket-lined clothes for rough wear.  
Two suits each of heavy wool underwear.  
Two pairs of water-proof buckskin gloves.  
Two pairs of heaven-soled long-legged Klondike boots.  
Four pairs of long wool hose.  
Four heavy blue flannel shirts.  
Two heavy chinchilla mack caps.  
Two heavy duck, flannel-lined ulsters.

A few towels, handkerchiefs, needles, thread, pins, a pair of scissors, etc.  
A small medicine case, containing a dozen common remedies for the ills of life.

A large waterproof duck, flannel-lined robe.

A pair of heavy gray wool blankets.  
A hatchet, a saw and a few pounds of nails.

A dozen sperm candles, a box of matches and a few cakes of soap.

To our cooking outfit we added a

few simple articles such as a light frying pan, a small covered tin bucket, a stew pan, two small tin cups, a couple of spoons, knives and forks, a tin milk bottle and two aluminum plates.

A Winchester repeating rifle with 100 shells for same and a good hunting knife in sheath.

Two carrying straps for packing our luggage.

By careful buying we had added this material to our possessions for the modest sum of \$71.15 and by careful packing we had gotten it into two very respectable appearing packages. We congratulate ourselves on our smartness in knowing just exactly what would be needed by Klondikers, notwithstanding we were as yet nothing but tender-footed Hoosier boys.

We took our luggage to the depot early in the evening, got it checked, and secured our tickets, then returned to the office of the Press to rest. We had thus far stayed the cravings of our appetites by a light lunch at a restaurant, but now we concluded to indulge in a square meal before starting on our journey, so after resting about an hour we went out to find a restaurant and spent another hour at supper. As we started to return Jack stopped at a stationery store for some purpose while I went on to the Press office. As I entered the door I noticed a brass-buttoned officer in the building who seemed to keep an eye on the door as if watching for a victim. As I sat down, a reporter, whose friendship Jack had gained, slipped up to me and asked where my partner was. I told him, when he slipped out to look for him. In a few minutes he returned and told me that Jack had sent me word that he would next see me on the train going north. I asked him to explain, when he said that Jack had asked him not to tell but really it was too good a joke to keep, and as Jack had told him all about how he had beaten me in our race to the city he thought I was entitled to the opportunity to get even with him. The story was that shortly after we separated on the highway Jack left the wagon road and pursued his course on the railroad. He watched his opportunity and boarded a freight

## Sowing the Seeds



of comfort and health is what you are doing if you wear the sort of rightly made, right-fitting shoes we offer you this spring. The...

### Selz Shoes



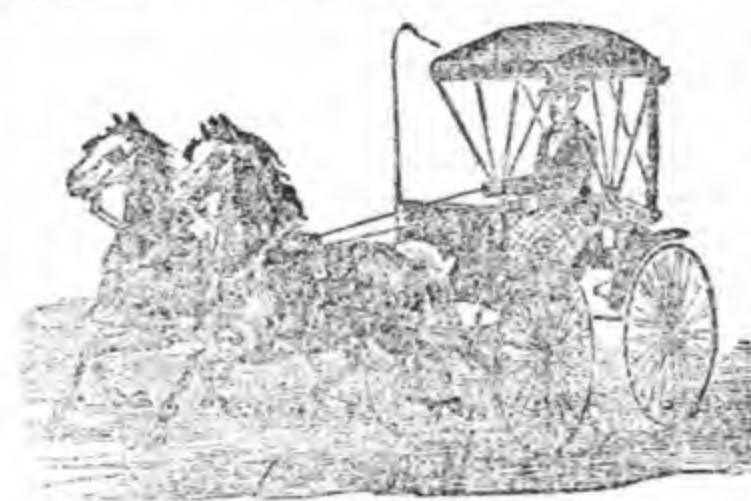
we've told you about before, are better than ever this season. The low cuts and tans are beauties and we are positive as to their wearing qualities. The experience of 25 years is in every pair. That's what makes them wear the best although they cost the least.

PORTER & COMPANY.

## HAYES & SON,

PROPRIETORS OF

→ Livery, Feed and Sale Stable. ←



First Class Horses, Buggies and Vehicles of every description. Can stable from 50 to 75 Horses and shelter a number of Buggies.

Culver,

Indiana.

## → ROSS \* HOUSE ←

PLYMOUTH, ND.

Only First-Class House in the City. Rates Reasonable

Special rates given to Marshall county citizens, who come in numbers. Hacks to and from all trains.

J. B. Bowell, Proprietor.

## House Cleaning' Time . . Is Here . . .

and with it comes the purchase of new Carpets, new Mattings, new Shades, new Lace Curtains, new Portiers. If you are looking for anything in these lines, do not fail to visit this department in our basement. Our lines in these articles are replete in every respect and prices absolutely the lowest. We cannot say too much regarding our

### Carpest, Shades, and Lace Curtains

These lines in particular are pre-excellent—the greatest care having been exercised in the selection of patterns and designs. Everything here is new and up to date; fresh Spring Goods for 1898 purchasers; the choicest designs in all qualities.

Carpets range in price, per yard, from 15c to . . . . . \$1.50  
Shades range in price, each, from 10c to . . . . . 1.25  
Lace Curtains, per pair—prices from 47c to . . . . . 5.00

We have the greatest and best assortment you ever saw. Call in and inspect them.

**BALL & CARABIN**  
COR. MICHIGAN AND LAPORTE STS.

train as it slowed up on an up grade. The train men made no objection to his riding and when he told them how he was trying to beat his fellow pedestrians to the city they joined with him in laughing at his good luck. But—maybe they were also thinking what fun they would get out of it when the train stopped. Jack didn't know that there was a very stringent law in Michigan against jumping on moving trains, but he learned it that day. There was no officer in sight when Jack got off the train but the crew gave a policeman a description of Jack and he had finally traced him to the Press office. His inquiry there put the friendly reporter onto the matter and he resolved to warn Jack. He seemed to be afraid to trust the matter to me for fear I would let Jack get arrested to pay him for his perfidy. He didn't seem to know how anxious we were to proceed on our journey toward the Klondike. I went to the station about fifteen

minutes before the train was due to start but couldn't see Jack anywhere, although I did considerable skimming around in hopes of finding him. The same officer that I had noticed in the newspaper office was there carefully watching everybody who came into the depot and everyone who went toward the train. I felt sure that my partner would be captured if he tried to board the train. Presently there came the cry "All aboard for train going north," and my heart beat fast. Where was Jack? The officer was still there with his eagle eye, watching everybody more closely than ever. I was anxious to see Jack and yet felt sure that if he made his appearance the officer would nab him, so I really felt a degree of relief when he did not appear and yet I was afraid his non-appearance might delay us in our journey.

TO BE CONTINUED.

We want wood. Who will respond?

MAY DISRUPT TRUST.

THE KNIT GOODS COMBINATION LOSES ITS PROMOTER.

Death of William H. Rowe May Prevent the Consummation of the Gigantic Project—Argentina Charged with Treachery by Chilean Officers.

Dies with Its Promoter.

William H. Rowe died at Atlantic City, N. J., and with him passed away, it is said, the recently organized \$30,000,000 knit goods trust.

DISASTROUS PRAIRIE FIRE.

Thousands of Cattle and Ponies Perish in the Flames.

Parties arriving at Chamberlain, S. D., from White river bring details of a disastrous prairie fire which swept over practically the whole of the Rosebud Indian reservation.

CHARGED WITH TREACHERY.

War Between Chili and Argentina Now Appears Imminent.

New and startling developments have arisen in the boundary dispute between Chili and Argentina and great excitement prevails in Valparaiso.

National League Standing.

Following is the standing of the clubs in the National Base-ball League:

Table with 2 columns: Club Name and Standing. Rows include Chicago, Baltimore, Cincinnati, Philadelphia, Cleveland, Pittsburgh, Boston, Washington, Brooklyn, Louisville, New York, St. Louis.

Following is the standing of the clubs in the Western League:

Table with 2 columns: Club Name and Standing. Rows include Indianapolis, Columbus, St. Paul, Omaha, Milwaukee, Detroit, Kansas City, Minneapolis.

Hold-Up in Arizona.

The stage between Geronimo and Globe, I. T., was held up about five miles north of Geronimo by two robbers.

Nicaragua vs. Costa Rica.

The peace negotiations between Nicaragua and Costa Rica have failed. War is probable.

Disaster on New York Central.

A freight wreck on the New York Central at Fairport, N. Y., resulted in the death of three men, one man being dangerously injured, and over \$10,000 worth of property destroyed.

French Aid for Spain.

A national subscription has been opened in Paris in behalf of the Spanish Government and is meeting with prompt and effective support.

Male Suffrage Granted.

At Christiania, the Storting, by a vote of 78 to 36, has adopted universal male suffrage.

Trade, Though Still Enormous in Volume, Awaits Congressional Action.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade takes the following view of the situation: "The meaning of Congress regarding Spain is not in doubt, but the form of declaration at this hour is in question."

KILLED IN A FRIENDLY BOUT.

Ohio Boy Receives a Blow on the Solar Plexus and Falls Dead.

The famous solar-plexus blow, with which Fitzsimmons knocked out Corbett, was duplicated at Chillicothe, Ohio, and as a result Roy Flack, 13 years old, was instantly killed by his 12-year-old cousin, Orville Groves.

Tobacco Combine at St. Louis.

A gigantic deal has been practically consummated in St. Louis, whereby the Continental Tobacco Company, with a capital stock of \$50,000,000, is being organized to absorb all of the plug tobacco factories in the United States.

Rooters in a Panic.

In the second inning of the St. Louis-Chicago game at St. Louis the other afternoon fire broke out in the grand stand at Sportsman's Park, and within five minutes the entire structure was destroyed.

Somers Smashes Her Stem.

The United States torpedo boat Somers, purchased for the American Government in Germany, which has twice had to make port while on her voyage to the United States, collided with the masonry at the entrance of the dock at Falmouth, England.

Butte Miner Attempts Murder.

Cyrus A. Bell, a miner of Butte, Mont., has been arrested charged with attempting to burn to death in their house Mrs. Marion Kelly and her two children.

George P. Lathrop Is Dead.

George Parsons Lathrop, essayist and novelist, of New London, Conn., died at Roosevelt Hospital, New York.

Supreme Court Judge to Quit.

Judge W. M. Williams of the Missouri Supreme Court, who was appointed by Gov. Stephens last January to succeed Judge Barclay, announces that he would not be a candidate to succeed himself at the November election.

THUNDERED THE BANKS.

G. B. WHITE DID THEM OUT OF \$302,000.

He Worked a Very Clever Scheme, Securing Several Loans of Large Amounts Upon the Same Security—Patriots' Day Celebrated.

White's Plan of Finance.

Twenty banks in New York and Boston have been victimized to the extent of \$302,000. The Central National Bank of New York, of which former Mayor Strong is president, is a loser to the amount of \$19,595.93.

SANTA FE IS HELD UP.

Engineer Killed and One Highwayman Fatally Wounded.

The Santa Fe overland No. 1, west bound, was held up at the Mojave river bridge, two miles west of Oro Grande, Cal. Engineer Gifford was killed by one of the robbers, the other of whom was mortally wounded by Gifford in an exchange of shots.

PATRIOTS' DAY CELEBRATED.

Massachusetts Recalls the Battle of Lexington in 1775.

Patriots' day was celebrated throughout Massachusetts. Old traditions were carried out to the letter. Paul Revere's ride was recalled by two lanterns hung from the belfry of the Old North Church, Boston.

Seized Under State Law.

The big clothing house of Browning, King & Co. in Kansas City, Mo., is in the hands of a deputy sheriff, representing the public administrator in the city of St. Louis.

His Mind a Wreck.

Confined in the alcoholic ward in Bellevue hospital, New York, is Francis J. Dwyer, the son of a millionaire and at one time possessed of millions in his own right, but now a pauper.

Ex-Banker Warner Found Guilty.

Col. Alexander Warner, president of the defunct Baxter Bank of Baxter Springs, Kan., has been found guilty of receiving deposits while the bank was in an insolvent condition.

Bram Convicted of Murder.

In the United States Circuit Court in Boston the jury in the Thomas Bram murder case returned a verdict of guilty, without capital punishment.

Capitol Contract Is Awarded.

The new Pennsylvania capitol commission awarded the contract for the erection of the new building to Allen B. Rorke of Philadelphia for \$325,000.

Two Hundred Killed.

A gunboat that has returned to Dakala from Shendy reports that it had an engagement near El Aliah, Egypt, with fugitives from Mahmud's army, killing 200 and capturing seventy.

House Passes the Army Bill.

The House has passed the army bill presented at the request of the administration. There was no division and action was unusually expeditious.

Eighteen Hundred Men Are Out in the Clearfield District.

Eighteen hundred coal miners in the Clearfield bituminous region have gone out on a strike, and the fear that many more will follow is felt everywhere.

TROOPS FOR ALASKA.

Military Form of Government to Be Established in the Yukon.

Captain P. H. Ray, Eighth United States infantry, who spent the winter in Alaska, has arrived at Portland, Ore., from the north and went immediately to Vancouver barracks.

Many Reindeer Died.

The complete failure of the Alaskan reindeer expedition has been announced to the War Department at Washington in a telegram from Brig. Gen. Merriam, commanding the military department of the Columbia.

Death Before Disgrace.

A. R. Reynolds of Paris, Tenn., shot himself through the brain in the Supreme Court room at Jackson, just after Justice McAlister had confirmed the opinion of the lower court sentencing him to six years in the penitentiary.

Stadling Going to Klondike.

Prof. Stadling of Stockholm, who has been appointed to conduct the search for Prof. Andree, the balloonist who started last year in an attempt to cross the arctic region in a balloon, has decided to proceed to the fact that geographers give credence to the report that Andree has been heard from in those latitudes.

Venezuelan Ex-President Dead.

A special cablegram from Caracas, Venezuela, to the New York World says that ex-President Joaquin Crespo of Venezuela was killed in battle with Hernandez, the leader of the rebel forces.

Troops Moving Southward.

Regiments of the regular army are being hurried to convenient points in the South for transport to Cuba.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Table with multiple columns listing market prices for various commodities like Chicago-Cattle, hogs, sheep, wheat, corn, etc.

RECORD OF EVENTS OF THE PAST WEEK.

Tipton Ditchers Came Near Lynching a Spaniard—Sad Romance of a Migrating Family—Anderson's Match-Eating Baby Is Dead

Ire of Patriots Aroused.

A riot occurred a few miles west of Tipton, in which one man came near being hanged. A ditch is being dug in Jefferson township, and about 100 men are employed on the job.

Wheels His Wife's Corpse.

A man giving the name of William Jones, late of Paulding County, Ohio, passed through Gaston and Eaton, pushing a hand-cart containing the dead body of his wife, with a 20-month-old child sitting in the cart beside the corpse and a 3-year-old walking with its father.

Poisoned by Matches.

Three-year-old Willie McCammack, Anderson's "match-eating boy," is no more. He succumbed to his diet after loading up on twenty parlor matches.

Dying Boy Accuses Another.

Joseph Miller, a Terre Haute boy of 12 years, who is dying from a wound inflicted by a youth named Clifford Gage with a rifle several weeks ago, has admitted it was not an accident, and a warrant has been issued for the arrest of Gage.

Dr. Griffith Shot in the Back.

A serious fight occurred at Cory, in which several unknown men played an active part. Dr. Griffith of that place got mixed up in the quarrel, and some one in the crowd opened fire on him with a revolver.

Fishermen Lost in the Lake.

Charles Lind, Henry Slatter and Chas. Harradon, Michigan City fishermen, went out to lift their nets. Their boat capsized, and, being heavily loaded, sank to the bottom.

Within Our Borders.

Thaddeus S. Rollins is dead at Indianapolis, aged 59.

Sherman Bartlow of Holton drove off a bridge. He and his horse were drowned.

A general store and the postoffice at Wall were looted by burglars the other night.

At Evansville, Grand Army Hall and Kohinor laundry were badly damaged by fire. Loss \$5,000, insured.

The Pope has approved the transfer of the see of Vincennes to Indianapolis, from which it will take its name.

James E. Watson has been nominated for Congress by the Republicans of the Sixth district, to succeed Henry U. Johnson.

The Republicans of South Bend have nominated Schuyler Colfax for Mayor. He is a son of the late ex-Vice-President, Schuyler Colfax, and is very popular.

Keltzer Brothers, engaged in the general merchandise business at Monterey, made an assignment for the benefit of their creditors. Assets estimated at \$9,000; liabilities, \$3,500.

Rev. A. J. Bowlin, the Indiana divine noted for his wonderful voice, considered by many the most remarkable in the country, died suddenly at Westfield, Ill. He was stricken with paralysis.

The Governor says that the gamblers must be driven out of Roly and any part of Indiana soil that they are polluting. He says that it is the fault of the officials if they allow it; that they have plenty of law on their side to drive the gamblers out, and if they do not do this they are liable to impeachment.

The Grote Chemical Company at Shirley has wholly repaired the damage caused by a recent fire and is again turning out the peculiar kind of high grade nitric acid. This is the only plant in this part of the country producing the kind of acid used in the high explosives that are now in great demand by the Government.

Fay Tucker, the little girl who narrowly escaped cremation at the hands of her insane mother at New London some weeks ago, still lingers between life and death, with little hope for recovery. An effort is being made to graft new skin on the burned portions of her body. The entire class of the high school to which she belonged volunteered contributions, and fifteen boys and girls bared their arms and submitted to the surgeon's knife for her benefit. Joseph Tucker, an uncle, also furnished twenty separate grafts.

# WAR

American Men-of-War Advance on Havana.

BLOCKADE IS DECLARED

White Squadron to Silence Guns of Morro Castle.

CALLS THE NATION TO ARMS

Proclamation Prepared Asking the Country for 100,000 Men.

FIRST SHOT IS FIRED AT SEA.

Cruiser Nashville Captures the Spanish Ship Buena Ventura.

Ultimatum of the United States Was Considered a Declaration of War by the Government at Madrid—Handing of Passports to Minister Woodford Definitely Put a Stop to All Peaceful Diplomatic Negotiations—McKinley Signs the Bill Asking for 100,000 Men—Those Willing to Serve Are to Take Up Arms at Once and Aid in Fighting the Spaniards.

Washington correspondence:

If any lingering doubts have remained as to the existence of a state of war between the United States and Spain they may be dismissed. Havana, the capital of the Island of Cuba, is in a state of siege, and our navy has commenced the capture of Spanish boats attempting to enter the harbor. The President Friday afternoon, in compliance with the law of nations, issued a proclamation declaring a blockade of Havana. This proclamation is a notice to the world and stops the vessels of neutral nations from entering the harbor of Havana with merchandise or supplies of any sort. The proclamation applies to all harbors on the north coast of the island and to Cienfuegos on the south.

Captain Sampson, in command of the squadron at Key West, was ordered to Havana Thursday.

On Wednesday, April 20, 1898, about 11 o'clock a. m., the Department of State served notice of the purposes of this Government by delivering to Minister Polo a copy of instructions to Minister Woodford, and also a copy of the resolutions passed by the Congress of the United States on the 19th inst. After the receipt of this notice the Spanish minister forwarded to the State Department a request for his passports, which were furnished to him the same afternoon. The United States minister at Madrid was at the same time instructed to make a like communication to the Government of Spain.

Thursday morning the department received from Gen. Woodford a telegram, showing that the Spanish Government had broken off diplomatic relations with this Government. The Spanish Government, having the text of the ultimatum of the United States from its own sources, did not wait for the United States minister to present the ultimatum, but sent him his passports. This course rendered unnecessary any further diplomatic action on the part of the United States, as Spain's action was considered a virtual declaration of war.

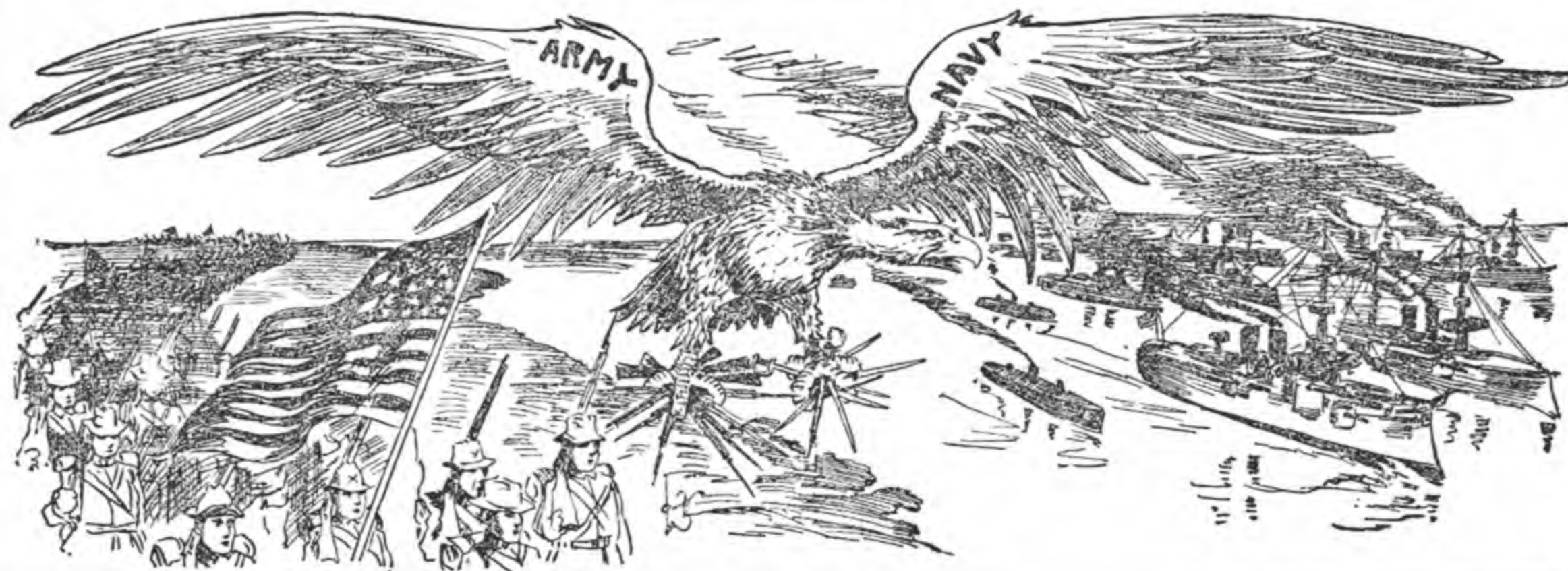
A semi-official note issued from Madrid Thursday afternoon says: "The Spanish Government, having received the ultimatum of the President of



CAPTAIN SAMPSON.

the United States, considers that the document constitutes a declaration of war against Spain and that the proper form to be adopted is not to make any further reply, but to await the expiration of the time mentioned in the ultimatum before opening hostilities. In the meantime the Spanish authorities have placed their possessions in a state of defense and their fleet is already on its way to meet that of the United States."

## ON TO HAVANA!



### CALLS UPON EVERY STATE.

President's Proclamation Asks Volunteers from All Sides.

The bill for the creation of a new regular and volunteer army passed both houses of Congress Friday afternoon. The measure was immediately signed by Vice-President Hobart and Speaker Reed and was then sent to the President. An official proclamation was prepared at the War Department calling for 100,000 men to serve in the war against Spain. This was approved by Secretary Alger and sent to the President for his signature. In many respects the proclamation follows the lines of the first call made by President Lincoln of April 15, 1861, when he asked for 75,000 men. Necessarily there are a number of changes, because of the different purpose for which volunteers are asked.

The Senate and House conferees reached an agreement in the morning before Congress convened. The measure was immediately reported and adopted. According to the agreement the Senate receded from its first amendment concerning the time in which the organized militia shall serve, but the time for which all volunteers are to be enlisted is reduced from three years to two. The Warren amendment, authorizing the President to organize independent troops, was retained, but the number was limited to 3,000. The Senate receded from its amendment, making it compulsory for the regiment and company militia officers to receive their commissions from the governors of their respective States, and leaving it optional, as fixed by the House.

The number of men required from each State is to be in the proportion that its population bears to that of the whole



ed by a shot from a six-pounder. The Buena Ventura then surrendered, with her crew of twenty men. The Nashville towed her prize into Key West harbor at 11 o'clock, and put a prize crew on board. The news of the capture of the Spaniard set the people of Key West frantic with enthusiasm. All work was suspended and the people crowded the docks in great numbers.

#### Second Ship Taken.

The Spanish freighter Pedro, from Antwerp for Pensacola, Fla., was captured by the U. S. cruiser New York Saturday morning. The steamer was sighted about ten miles off Havana by the flagship of Captain Sampson's fleet. The New York sent a shot across the Spaniard's bow. This did not stop her. Then Captain Sampson ordered all steam on, and a

### NOW THEY ARE OFF!



country. According to this ratio the several States are called on to furnish men as follows:

Alabama	2,000	New Hampshire	602
Arkansas	1,930	New Jersey	2,370
California	2,500	New York	10,011
Colorado	1,059	N. Carolina	2,067
Connecticut	1,286	N. Dakota	269
Delaware	273	Ohio	5,799
Florida	600	Oregon	663
Georgia	2,539	Pennsylvania	8,615
Idaho	186	Rhode Island	568
Illinois	6,439	South Dakota	1,480
Indiana	3,442	S. Carolina	708
Iowa	3,018	Tennessee	2,448
Kansas	2,230	Texas	3,383
Kentucky	2,726	Utah	340
Louisiana	1,552	Vermont	507
Maine	1,005	Virginia	2,230
Maryland	1,554	Washington	942
Massachusetts	3,777	W. Virginia	1,111
Michigan	3,495	Wisconsin	2,619
Minnesota	2,239	Wyoming	185
Mississippi	1,726	Arizona	145
Missouri	4,329	D. of Columbia	359
Montana	419	New Mexico	272
Nebraska	1,927	Oklahoma	114
Nevada	110		

### FIRST SEIZURE OF THE WAR.

Cruiser Nashville Captures a Spanish Merchant Steamer.

The first shot of the war was fired early Friday morning. About daylight the United States cruiser Nashville captured the Spanish ship Buena Ventura, 1,000 tons, having on board a cargo of lumber. She was taken seventeen miles south of Key West. The cruiser fired a six-pounder and the Spaniard surrendered. The Buena Ventura was bound from Pascagoula, Miss., for Rotterdam with lumber. The Nashville fired a blank shot, which the Spaniard ignored. This was follow-

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### RUSHED TO THE FRONT.

Infantry, Cavalry and Artillery Are Hurried Towards Cuba.

On to Chickamauga! On to Mobile! On to New Orleans! On to Tampa! and—On to Havana! For a week 18,000 men in Uncle Sam's army blue have been moving towards points of concentration from which they could be quickly hurled into action.

Not since the close of the civil war has there been such unanimous action among the troops. The startling events of the previous few days prepared the soldiers for the order issued and found every man ready for the march. The President hesitated till the last possible moment before sanctioning the order, for the expense of sending the army to the South has been enormous.

The four points to which the army has been moving are Chickamauga battlefield, Tampa, New Orleans and Mobile. As soon as reaching those places the troops go into camp. Advance agents of the department preceded the troops and made all necessary arrangements for their comfort and convenience. The soldiers carry thirty days' rations and a number of rounds of ammunition.

Orders were issued from the War Department Tuesday placing the light batteries of artillery on a strictly war footing. Telegrams were sent to the commanding officers of these batteries in all parts of the country, directing them to increase each battery from four to six guns and to increase the horses for each gun from four to six.

There is no lack of volunteers. Uncle Sam can have enough soldiers to eat up the Spaniards. The spirit of Paul Revere is riding through the land. It is knocking at the doors of the rich and the hovels of the poor. It is awaking alike the residents of the mansions in cities and the occupants of humble huts nestling in the valleys of the Shenandoah and Mississippi or perched far up in the white-bearded Rockies. Wherever it passes with its warning men are springing up; they are responding each in his own way, but the individual responses all blending into the one inspiring strain, "We are coming, Uncle Samuel, ten hundred thousand strong."

There is no diminution in offers of volunteers. They are falling upon the War Department like leaves from trees before the first strong wind of autumn. So great is the eagerness of patriots for the honor of defending the flag that during the past few days not a few letters have been received at the department from young men who state that, rather than not have a chance of going to the front when the war begins, they are willing to enlist in the regular army. Among men of all creeds, nationalities and politics there is an expressed intention and desire to uphold the honor and the integrity of the flag of the republic.

As far as practicable the State organizations entering the volunteer service will remain intact, the Governors of the various States being permitted, as they were in 1861, to designate the regimental officers, which will include those of the grades of second lieutenants to colonels. The President will reserve to himself the right to appoint the staff and field officers. The total strength of the National Guard as reported to the War Department is 113,764 men.

#### REFUSE WOMEN NURSES.

Under No Circumstances Will the Gentler Sex Take Part in War.

The Secretary of War and the surgeon general of the army issued an ultimatum which is calculated to create a sensation throughout the country. This is the unalterable decision not only not to employ trained or volunteer women nurses for the care of the sick and wounded in the war with Spain, but not to recognize them in any way whatever. No proffer of their services, however strongly backed by offi-

#### GARY LEAVES THE CABINET.

President McKinley's Postmaster-General Resigns His Portfolio. Postmaster General Gary resigned Thursday, and Charles Emory Smith was immediately nominated to succeed him. A Washington correspondent states that it is generally understood that Gary resigned because he opposed war and does not care to be connected with an administration that conducts it.

#### FROM THE FRONT.

"D-r-r-rum! D-r-r-rum! D-r-r-rum, d-r-r-rum, d-r-r-rum!"

Belongings of the victims of the Maine, recovered by divers from the wreck, are being held by the Navy Department subject to the disposition of the families of the dead men.

Secretary Long has purchased the first-class steamships Yorktown and Youmuri, and reopened negotiations for two warships and several torpedo boats from Chili and Argentina.

John Jacob Astor, president of the Findlay, Fort Wayne and Western Railway, has offered to place his road at the free disposition of the State government of Indiana for the movement of troops and supplies.

#### M'KINLEY'S ULTIMATUM IN FULL

Woodford, Minister, Madrid:

You have been furnished with the text of a joint resolution voted by the Congress of the United States on the 19th inst. (approved today) in relation to the pacification of the island of Cuba. In obedience to that act, the President directs you to immediately communicate to the government of Spain said resolution, with the formal demand of the government of the United States that the government of Spain at once relinquish its authority and government in the island of Cuba and withdraw its land and naval forces from Cuba and Cuban waters.

In taking this step the United States hereby disclaims any disposition or intention to exercise sovereignty, jurisdiction, or control over said island, except for the pacification thereof, and asserts its determination, when that is accomplished, to leave the government and control of the island to its people, under such free and independent government as they may establish.

If by the hour of noon on Saturday next, the 23d day of April, inst., there be not communicated to this government by that of Spain a full and satisfactory response to this demand and resolution, whereby the ends of peace in Cuba shall be assured, the President will proceed, without further notice, to use the power and authority enjoined and conferred upon him by the said joint resolution to such extent as may be necessary to carry the same into effect.

SHERMAN, Washington: Early this (Thursday) morning, immediately after the receipt of your open telegram, and before I had communicated same to Spanish government, Spanish Minister for Foreign Affairs notified me that diplomatic relations are broken between the two countries and that all official communication between their respective representatives has ceased. I accordingly asked for safe passports. Turn legation over to British embassy and leave for Paris this afternoon. Have notified consuls. WOODFORD.

#### DONS IN A PEN.

They Face Ships on One Side, Insurgents on the Other.

The blockade of Cuban ports is very significant when the map of Cuba is studied in connection with the President's proclamation. The President declares that he has "instituted and will maintain a blockade of the north coast of Cuba, including ports on said coast between Cardenas and Bahia Honda, and the port of Cienfuegos on the south coast of Cuba."

Cardenas is about twenty-five miles east of Matanzas, and Bahia Honda is about fifty miles west of Havana. The coast on the north blockaded is not more than 150



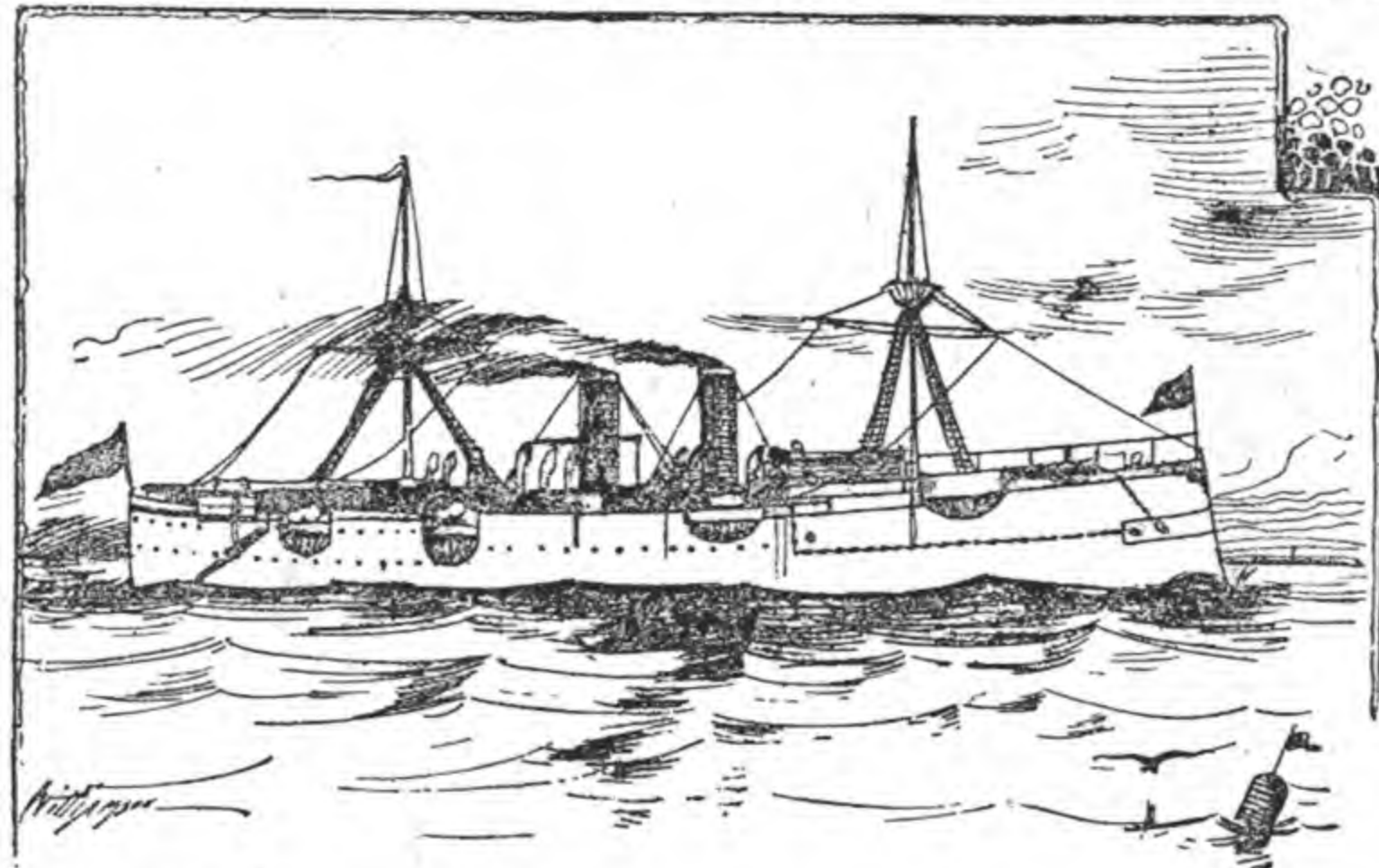
A LAST GOOD-BY.

miles in extent, and includes Havana, Matanzas and two or three smaller ports. These are, however, the principal ports controlled by the Spaniards, and defended by the Spanish army. In the two provinces of Havana and Matanzas the Spanish troops are concentrated. The port of Cienfuegos is on the south coast, in the province of Santa Clara, with a military road leading to Havana and Pinar del Rio. With these ports closed the Spaniards have no ports in Cuba which are properly defended by their troops.

With the North Atlantic squadron blockading the coast controlled by the Spanish troops and leaving open all the coast from Cardenas east and around to Cienfuegos, a coast line of at least 1,000 miles, with numerous ports held by only a few hundred Spanish soldiers, the way is clear for the insurgents to extend their control to the coast and communicate with the United States gunboats. If they control five-sixths of the island, as is claimed, and have an army of 50,000 men in the field, which can be increased to 75,000 men when they have arms and ammunition, they can drive Spain out of Cuba.

#### TRICKED BY SPAIN.

McKinley's Ultimatum to Woodford Held Until Discussion Is Had. In forestalling Gen. Woodford by



THE NASHVILLE, WHICH FIRED THE FIRST SHOT.

cial or other kind of influence, will avail in the slightest degree to alter this decision. Women as nurses are not wanted in this war.

The French northern squadron is to be fitted out and the Atlantic naval division be kept in constant proximity to the Attilas during hostilities.

breaking off diplomatic relations with the United States in advance of the presentation of the American ultimatum by the minister of the United States Spain resorted to one of her old devices. President McKinley's telegram to Gen. Woodford conveying the ultimatum was held by the Madrid telegraph authorities while a copy of it was sent to Premier Sagasta.

**TREASURER'S REPORT.**

CONTINUED.

Jan. 8, 1898. E. M. Geller, order 325	29 57
J. H. Koontz, order 311	2 50
Jan. 10, 1898. D. H. Smith, order 321	9 00
V. P. Kirk, order 320	8 75
Jan. 20, 1898. T. B. Harris, order 316	17 53
Geo. Vories, order 326	2 50
John Osborn, order 309	2 50
Geo. Nearpass, order 317	2 00
John Osborn, order 319	14 00
Jan. 21, 1898. Henry Zechiel, order 329	6 12
Feb. 1, 1898. Porter & Co., order 322	1 00
Feb. 4, 1898. T. E. Slattery, order 330	1 10
Feb. 5, 1898. D. H. Smith, order 313	7 50
Feb. 11, 1898. James H. Castleman, order 331	3 00
Feb. 12, 1898. Albert A. Keen, order 333	3 00
F. L. Carl, order 335	6 25
T. E. Slattery, order 336	3 00
Feb. 16, 1898. Charles Zechiel, order 339	3 75
D. H. Smith, order 334	25 00
Feb. 18, 1898. Henry Koontz, order 338	2 50
Feb. 21, 1898. Abraham Hayes, order 332	3 00
D. H. Smith, order 341	2 25
Feb. 23, 1898. V. P. Kirk, order 340	8 75
Feb. 26, 1898. O. R. Porter, order 300	4 00
Mch. 1, 1898. John Osborn, order 337	2 50
" 8, " Geo. Vories, order 342	1 50
D. H. Smith, order 344	2 25
Eli Spencer, order 343	1 50
Mch. 28, 1898. William Osborn, order 345	4 00
Apr. 5, 1898. D. H. Smith, order 347	9 75
Urian Menser, order 346	62 10
Apr. 6, 1898. Geo. Nearpass, order 349	5 00
Apr. 8, 1898. Thomas Medborn, order 354	3 00
Apr. 20, 1898. J. H. Born, order 352	1 40
Born & Werty, order 351	2 50
Apr. 21, 1898. Urian Menser, order 355	13 43
Apr. 23, 1898. E. M. Geller, order 354	21 32
June 28, 1897. Paid on note at National bank Plymouth	50 00
Paid interest on above note	34 80
Vouchers delivered by county clerk	251 67
June 6, 1898. Vouchers delivered by county clerk	25 83

**SPECIAL ROAD FUND.**

RECEIPTS.

Railroad tax received from Marshal D. H. Smith Nov. 20, 1897,	\$58 13
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DISBURSEMENTS.

Orders issued by marshal:	
Nov. 27. To Thos. Medbourn,	\$2 50
Dec. 15. Samuel Buswell,	2 50
17. L. Patsel,	3 00
18. Wallace DuPea,	3 50
18. Schuyler Fairbanks,	2 00
20. Charles Goldner,	1 00
20. E. Spencer,	3 00
21. Arthur Castleman,	3 00
21. Alfred Byrd,	4 00
Feb. 5. Adam Spangler,	1 25
5. E. Spencer,	2 50
28. E. Spencer,	1 00
Mch. 1. Geo. Vories,	1 25
3. Schuyler Fairbanks,	65
15. Wallace DuPea,	65
22. L. Patsel,	1 25
24. Geo. W. Garn,	7 77
25. Geo. Vories,	3 45

**SPECIAL HAT SALE.**

Soft and Stiff Hats in all shades and shapes - - - - \$1.48  
 Ladies' silk vesting top \$1.48  
 Tan Shoes - - - - = \$1.48  
 Men's nobby Brown or Black Shoes - - - - = \$1.25  
 Good Muslin, per yard - - - - = 3 1/2c  
 Two Spools Clark's Thread for - - - - = 5c

**Mayer Allman,**  
**PLYMOUTH.**

25. E Spencer,	6 06
25. Charles Goldner,	1 25
25. L. Patsel,	4 31
To balance,	1 34

Leaving a balance in the treasury in the general fund of \$74 49  
 And the special road fund of 1 34  
**Total, \$75 83**  
 The above is respectfully submitted for your consideration.  
**T. E. SLATTERY,**  
 Town Treasurer.

**WHEN YOU WANT A**

**Suit of Clothes**

Ready to wear or made to order call on . . . .

**CAMPBELL,**

The Jeweler.

**FIT GUARANTEED.**

Culver, Ind.

**J. H. CASTLEMAN,**

Dealer in  
 \*  
 Grain, Coal, Salt and Feed.

\*Live and Let live is My Motto.\*  
 Highest Prices Paid for all Kinds of Grain.  
 CULVER, IND.

**Grand Dress Skirts and Waist Sale**

Be sure to see our \$1 and \$1.50 Dress Skirts. They are the best ever offered for the money. Our \$1.50 Black Skirts are equal to our competitors' \$2 skirts.

Our new 50c, 75c and \$1 Shirt Waists are up to-date, made from the latest material and the newest styles, full in front and perfect fitting.

For the Best Dress Skirt or Waist for the least money be sure to call and see us.

Our Carpet and Lace Curtain Department is kept very busy just now, it being house-cleaning time.

Remember that we are by far the lowest of them all in the way of prices on Carpets, Curtains, Rugs, Mattings, Mosquitos made ready to lay on the floor at \$1.00 per yard. Buy your Carpets at

**Kloepfer's New York Store.**

**WE HAVE NO AGENTS**

but have sold direct to the consumer for 25 years at wholesale prices, saving him the dealer's profit. Ship anywhere for examination. Everything warranted. 112 styles of Vehicles, 55 styles of Harness. Top Barges \$25 to \$70. Carriages, Phaetons, Traps, Wagons, Sulkies, Spring-tops and Milk Wagons. Send for large free Catalogue of all our styles. No. 77. Surrey Harness. Price, \$16.00. As good as sells for \$25. No. 606 Surrey. Price, with curtains, lamps, rug shade, apron and sunders, \$60. As good as sells for \$70.  
**ELKHART CARRIAGE AND HARNESS MFG. CO. W. B. PRATT, Sec'y, ELKHART, IND.**

**"CRYENE" PUTS BABY TO SLEEP.**

IS NOT A SOOTHING SYRUP

BUT IS

THE IDEAL REMEDY FOR



CONTAINS NO OPIATES FOR SONS OR DELETERIOUS SUBSTANCES.

CRYENE lets pa-pa and ma-ma sleep. ABSOLUTELY HARMLESS  
 For sale at CULVERCITY DRUG STORE.

**W. H. SWIGERT, W. S. Easterday,**

Experienced Drayman.

Good delivered to any part of the city and around the Lake.

Prompt and quick service is our motto, and charges reasonable.

Hard and Soft COAL at rock-bottom prices for CASH (strictly).

**W. H. SWIGERT,**  
 CULVER CITY INDIANA.

**Furniture**

Of Every Description.

Picture Frames, Moldings, etc., kept constantly on hand.

**Undertaking and Embalming**

A Specialty.

Thanking you for your patronage in the past anything needed in my line please call and get prices.

STORE, MAIN STREET,  
 CULVER, IND.

**Culver City Harness Store**

Is the place for your HARNESS GOOD

A large stock to select from. Heavy and light Harness, Nets, Harness Oil, Axle Grease, Trunks, Satchel Dusters, Brushes, etc.

Live and Let Live, is my principle

Thanking you for your liberal patronage and desiring a continuance of same

HAYD N REA, Prop

**EXCHANGE**

**Barber Shop and Bath Room**

UNDER CULVER CITY DRUG STORE.

**Hot and Cold Water Bat**

ALSO AGENCY } St. Joe Steam Dye W }  
 FOR . . . . . } and Plymouth St }  
 Laundry.

Con. M. Bonaker, Prop.  
 CULVER, INDIA

**J. J. Cromley,**

DEALER IN

**Drugs, Medicine Groceries, Tobaccos & Cigar.**  
 also Christmas Novelties.

Give him a call, for choice candle etc.

Burr Oak, Indiana

Call at the

**ARGOS HOUSE**

When in Argos, I

First Class Accommodations

Very Reasonable

Menu First Class

ARGOS, - - IND

**J. K. MAWHORTER,**

**TINNER**

All kinds of Roofing and Eave Trapping promptly attended to.

Cleaning and Repairing Gasoline Stores a Specialty.

Terms Reasonable.  
 CULVER, CITY - - IN

**Kreuzberger's Park.**

(Lake Maxinkuckee.)

CULVER CITY, INDIANA

THE BEST

**Whiskies, Brandies, Cordials**

Rhine and Moselle Wines, French Claret.

Port and Sherry, Ales and Beers, Mineral Water

A fine stock of Domestic and Key West Cigars.

**One of Two Ways.**

The bladder was created for one purpose namely, a receptacle for the urine, and such it is not liable to any form of disease except by one of two ways. The first way is from imperfect action of the kidneys. The second way is from careless local treatment of other diseases.

**CHIEF CAUSE.**

Unhealthy urine from unhealthy kidney is the chief cause of bladder troubles. So, the womb, like the bladder, was created for one purpose, and if not doctored too much is not liable to weakness or disease, except in rare cases. It is situated back of and very close to the bladder, therefore any pain disease or inconvenience manifested in the kidneys, back, bladder or urinary passage is often, by mistake, attributed to female weakness or womb trouble of some. The error is easily made and may be as easily avoided. To find out correctly, set your urine aside for twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates kidney or bladder trouble. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Dr. Kilmor's Swamp-Root, the great kidney and bladder remedy is soon realized. If you need a medicine you should have the best. All druggists fifty cents and one dollar. You may have a sample bottle and pamphlet, both sent free by mail upon receipt of three two-cent stamps to cover postage on the bottle. Mention the CULVER CITY HERALD and send your address to Dr. Kilmor & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The proprietors of this paper guarantee the genuineness of this offer.



**Democratic Ticket.**

- For Trustee of 2d Ward, ALBERT A. KEEN.
- For Trustee of 3d Ward, CHARLES ZECHIEL.
- For Treasurer, THOMAS E. SLATTERY.
- For Clerk, TIMOTHY WOLFE.
- For Marshal, WILLIAM H. SWIGART.



**Republican Ticket.**

- For Trustee of 2d Ward, OLIVER A. REA.
- For Trustee of 3d Ward, SAMUEL E. MEDBOURN.
- For Treasurer, HENRY J. MEREDITH.
- For Clerk, FRED L. CARL.
- For Marshal, DAVID H. SMITH.