

THE CULVER CITY HERALD.

At Lake Maxenkuckee.

VOL. V.

CULVER CITY, INDIANA, FRIDAY, JAN. 20, 1899.

NO. 29.

Grand Clearance sale now in all departments. All winter goods must be closed out. We will give you Bargains in Heavy Suits and Overcoats Winter Caps Gloves & Underwear. We will not carry over any Heavy Goods if Prices will move them. Come in and Look the Line over.

JOHN C. KUHN & SON.

OSBORN BLOCK.

Culver.

105 MICHIGAN ST.

Plymouth.

DR. O. A. REA.
Physician and Surgeon.
Office over Exchange Bank.

Main Street. - - CULVER, IND.

DR. B. W. S. WISEMAN,
Physician and Surgeon.
Office Third Door North of Bank.

CALLS PROMPTLY ANSWERED DAY OR NIGHT.
Main Street. - - CULVER, IND.

DR. E. E. PARKER,
Physician and Surgeon.
Office at Residence, Maxenkuckee, Ind.
Calls answered day and night.
Graduate of Medical College of Indiana.

Dr. Stevens,
MAXENKUCKEE, I. D.,
Physician and Surgeon.
CALLS ANSWERED PROMPTLY NIGHT OR DAY.
OFFICE AT RESIDENCE.

Dr. Geo. H. Hollstier,
Physician & Surgeon,
CALLS ANSWERED PROMPTLY NIGHT OR DAY.
Office over Culver City Drug Store,
CULVER, IND.

Citizens, Attention!
You need Watches and Jewelry repaired. Do not be deceived, but call on
J. R. LOSEY
when in Plymouth, who guarantees first-class work at reasonable prices.
Testing eyes and furnishing glasses a specialty.

Culver City Tonsorial Parlor.
One door south of Meredith's Grocery.
HAIR CUTTING 15 CENTS.

To the Public.
We are authorized to guarantee every bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and if not satisfactory to refund the money to the purchaser. There is no better medicine made for la grippe, colds and whooping-cough. Price, 25 and 50c per bottle. Try it. For sale at Slattey's Drug Store. 27thm.

THEY SAY
That its a pity some young men have to part their hair in the middle to prevent their minds from becoming overbalanced.

That you'll miss a good thing if you don't attend the Farmer's Institute, at Rochester, Jan. 27th and 28th.

That a machine has been invented that will do the work of six telegraphers, and can be operated by a boy or girl.

That Henderson Bros., of Kewanee, have received inquiries, from the four corners of the earth concerning the Combination Sale, and that it is bound to be a hummer.

That there is no modern way of telling a girl that you love her. That love scorns change, and that just as silly things are said now, as were said a century ago.

That more miles of railroad were built in the United States during '98 than any year since '92.

That the opportunities for the investment of capital are indeed plentiful, but the opportunities for obtaining said capital are altogether different, don't you know.

That there is talk of the enactment of a measure by the legislature for an accurate history of Indiana's part in the war with Spain. The history will be placed in the public libraries of the state.

That merchants of Peru, La Porte, Wabash, and Logansport, have adopted the plan of closing their stores at six o'clock.

That the soldier boys ate embalmed beef during the late war, and that whoever fostered that scheme deserves speedy burial, minus embalming.

That the advance in the price of corn is a welcome event to the farmers, and handsomely rounds out a year of prosperity.

That although 1898 is past, it will always be a landmark in American history.

That one Jack the Kisser, was captured at South Bend, by two men attired as females.

Card of Thanks.
Mrs. Eli Parker and family wish to extend their sincere thanks to friends and neighbors who so kindly assisted them during the illness and death of Grandma Spangler, also hoping one and all will find sympathizing friends in time of need, we remain,
MRS. ELI PARKER & FAMILY.

Have you seen that ten cent glass assortment at Meredith's, it is a dandy.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

We want wood.
Iva Smith is slowly recovering.
Johnnie Keller is on the sick list.
Who will be the first to bring us wood.

Eli Spencer's family is suffering with the lagrippe.

Mrs. W. S. DuPea has been quite ill in the past week.

Miss Edith Scheuerman has been calling upon her sick pupils.

Mrs. Catharine Royer, of Argos, was visiting with the Smith and Spencer families last week.

Miss Rena Spencer, who has been visiting friends and relatives in Green township and Argos, returned to her home at Culver, Monday evening.

Wm. Hayes, owing to the affliction of the eyes, has been compelled to take a vacation from school for an indefinite period. He was attending the Valparaiso Normal.

A regular old la grippe epidemic struck the editor's home this week, and in consequence Homer Nearpass, Val Nearpass, and Mrs. Geo. Nearpass are all wrestling with said disease.

Lagrippe is getting in its work in this section and there are scores of cases reported.

The Marshall County Sunday School Convention, will be held in the United Brethren church, Plymouth, Ind., January 31st and February 1st, 1899.

Joseph Kimmel, who lived near Hibbard, and who has been very ill with the grip and other complication of diseases during the past week or ten days, is dead. Funeral services were conducted at Poplar Grove church, Thursday.

The contract was let at Anderson Saturday night by the Indiana Odd-Fellows to Phillip Jeckyle of that city for the construction of the Indiana Odd Fellows' home on plans submitted. It will be built on their 137 acre farm, near Greensburg. According to the plans it will cost \$35,000. The corner-stone will be laid on May 1.

D. C. Shellhamer, of Wabash, Ind., specialist, will again be at the Morris House, Culver, Ind., prepared to treat all chronic troubles. Call and see the Doctor, for consultations and examinations are free, and don't stop on account of having cash but call and consult him, as you will get your treatment.

Word was received last Saturday by James Castleman, that a relative of his by the name of Basil Castleman, of Palistine, Kosciusko county, had departed this life on Saturday, being one of the old residents, having lived there over fifty years. Mrs. Castleman and daughter Elta, left for Palestine Sunday evening, where they will attend the last sad rites, James being unable to leave owing to sickness.

A few weeks ago a paper was put in circulation here by G. W. Adamson, of Culver City, asking a donation of \$1,000 to erect a building for a grist mill. The name column is yet a blank. This is plain evidence that if a miller wants to go into business here he must do like the rest of us build his own building, buy his own machinery and go to work. If the milling business is a paying one it ought to pay its own investment. Among the best business we have in town has been built on its own merits.—Claypool Reporter.

We want wood.

Mrs. J. C. Zechiel who lives southwest of Culver, is very ill.

Sheriff Marshall was seen on our streets Thursday.

Attorney, Harley Logan, of Plymouth, was in Culver Wednesday.

Urias Menser is building a fine barn upon his farm south of town.

Flora, son of Peter Keller the farmer, is taking an extended trip through the southern part of the state.

Mrs. Barbary Romig, who lives near Ora, is in town visiting her daughter, Mrs. W. S. Easterday.

Chas. Flagg and Art Worthington, are guests at the Lake Side Hotel. They are trying this luck at fishing.

Rev. Newcomb is conducting revival meetings at the Evangelical church south of town, and great interest is being manifested.

Mr. Daniel Easterday, who lives south of the lake, is upon the sick list, from the effect of a sprained back.

David Garn fell from a wagon, loaded with hogs Tuesday, and was quite seriously injured about the shoulders and breast. Dr. Loring, of Burr Oak, examined him and found no bones broken.

Mr. Ellis Gibbons, traveling salesman for the Charleston, Ill., Broom Factory, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. W. S. DuPea.

The annual reunion of the 48th Indiana Veteran Volunteers will be held at Plymouth on Feb. 15th and 16th.

The report is current that a rich vein of coal has been discovered on the farm of Daniel Bingaman, a short distance from Royal Center. While drilling a well the discovery was made and Mr. Bingaman estimates that the vein is about fifteen feet deep.

S. F. Ault, architect of Rochester, was in town Wednesday. He drew the plans for the Hibbard school building and Liter's Ford. He is in town negotiating relative to draw the plans and specifications for the new church.

Prof. J. L. Frank will be in your town every Wednesday, and those wishing instruction in Music, will please leave orders at Slattey's drug store. The following branches will be taught: Piano, organ, voice culture, violin, mandolin, guitar, flute and cornet. Pianos tuned. 28t3

The bill for the encouragement of the sugar beet industry introduced in the house by Mr. Furness, of Porter county, provides that the state shall pay a bounty of one cent a pound on all beet sugar manufactured within the state until further notice. Men of capital, who are anxious to engage in the manufacture of beet sugar in the state, it is said are behind the bill. It is declared, in support of the bills, that if it be made a law, several factories will be established next year.

Elder Jacob Shively, of West township, died Sunday, January 15th 1899. He was afflicted with a severe case of the lagrippe which terminated in pneumonia. He was 78 years of age, and was the founder of the German Baptist church in this county, and through his efforts the Dunkard church was built in West township. He leaves an aged wife and several children to mourn their loss. He was a man who possessed an excellent character, and leaves behind a record of many noble deeds. He was buried near Bourbon Tuesday afternoon.

Mrs. Wm. Houghton is quite ill. Look out for some great sales in the near future.

Attorney J. A. Shunk, of Plymouth, was in town Tuesday.

E. W. and John Davis, are cooking in a restaurant at Logansport.

John Osborn has disposed of his restaurant at Logansport.

Col. and Mrs. Fleet are visiting in Virginia.

Mrs. L. C. Dillon was the guest of Mrs. E. H. Mow Tuesday.

Mrs. McFeely who lives near the Shaw school house, is upon the sick list.

Dr. Wiseman reports that Geo. Pettis has a little child quite sick with catharral fever.

Wm. Swigart has in his possession, almost all of Postlewaite's restaurant furniture which will be for sale.

Jacob and Isaac Casey left on the noon train Wednesday for the north, presumably for Plymouth.

The remains of Mrs. Samuel Parker, of Arkansas, arrived on the noon train Wednesday. She was a resident here years ago, and is a sister of Mr. Frank Chapman. She was interred Thursday.

Chas. Medbourn and Arthur Castleman, were employed by the Knickerbocker Ice Co. at the Cedar Lake plant last week.

An infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Williams, of Burr Oak, buried Sunday.

An exchange says the north pole is like a woman's pocket—we all know where it should be, but no one can find it.

For the first time since he was seven years old, James Castleman was compelled to go to bed on account of sickness. But old Mr. La-Grippe nailed him last week, and so disjointed his bones that Jamie had to succumb to the inevitable.

Miss Lillie Davis, who has been very ill for a number of months, was seen upon the streets Sunday.

Chas. Medbourn, Frank Baker, Wm. Houghton, W. W. Matthew, Joseph Medbourn and John Pop-ham were hauling stone Wednesday.

Mrs. W. H. Porter is now the owner of the piano formerly belonging to C. C. Postlewaite.

We learn that Mr. Paulissen, of Monterey, who was beaten to insensibility by an employe, is improving slowly, but his condition is yet critical.

Parties have already commenced to draw stone for the foundation of the M. E. church.

J. J. Cromley, of Burr Oak, made Plymouth a business trip Wednesday.

J. J. Cromley, of Burr Oak, is building a handsome horse barn.

The sick boys at the academy are convalescing.

The North Central Indiana Poultry Association, will hold their Sixth annual show in the Broadway rink, Logansport, Ind., Jan. 18th to 25th, 1899.

The next biennial meeting of the Indiana Association of the Mexican War Veterans, will be held at Indianapolis on February 22d.

Quite an interesting debate of the proposition 'Resolved that a bachelor should be taxed for school purposes' was held by the pupils of the 1st year high school class Tuesday. The argument made by Levi Osborn, as worthy of special notice.

DEATH FROM POISON.

STRANGE CASE REPORTED FROM ARKANSAS.

At Mountain Home Six Persons Die Suddenly—Said to Be the Work of an Enemy—Nebraska's Quick Divorce Record.

Fatal Drinks of Whisky.
News has been received from Mountain Home, Ark., of a poisoning case in which six men are already dead. Mountain Home is far from railroad or telegraphic communication. No less than six sturdy mountaineers in that vicinity have been suddenly stricken and died in great agony, while others who have been attacked in like manner have only been saved by prompt medical attention. James Wilkins, a farmer, died. His death was followed by three others in different places near Mountain Home, and one day E. L. Hayes, a prominent zinc-mine owner, died in almost the same manner as the others, while at nearly the same hour and only a short distance away John Fout died in the same sudden and mysterious way. Those who witnessed the death struggles were convinced that the men were the victims of some powerful poison. An investigation showed that in every case the men had been prostrated immediately after drinking what was supposed to be whisky procured at Mountain Home. As there is no saloon at that place the source from which the poisoned whisky came is not known, and many of the people believe that a deliberate attempt at wholesale poisoning has been made by some secret enemy of the victims. A flask from which one of the men drank has been found and the contents examined by a physician, who pronounces it a strong solution of wood alcohol and other poisonous liquids.

DIVORCED IN HALF AN HOUR.

Chadron, Neb., Claims a Record for Speedy Court Work.
Nebraska holds first place in point of speed in the granting of divorces, a decree being granted in Dawes County in exactly thirty-five minutes from the time the proceedings were started. W. B. Backus of Chadron was one of the attorneys in the case, the caption of which was Susie Ramage vs. William Ramage. The plaintiff alleged in her petition cruelty and non-support. It was just 2:15 when the petition was filed with Judge Fawcett in the Court of Equity, and five minutes later answer was filed by defendant's attorney. At 2:40 the case was on trial, and ten minutes later the decree was signed. Ramage is a prosperous contractor, living in Chicago, and was anxious for a quick divorce, owing to his desire to immediately venture again into matrimony. When this fact was mentioned to the plaintiff in the case by Attorney Backus, she remarked: "He hasn't much the start of me, for I'm engaged."

DOUBLE MURDER MYSTERY.

Couple Killed at Their Home in Missouri by Unknown Guest.
Authorities are unable to find a clew sufficient to justify arrest in the case of George W. Anderson and Lizzie Wisebach, who were found murdered in their home at Linn Creek, Mo. The murders were committed with an ax. Hogs had mutilated the body of the woman. The table indicated that the couple had entertained a third person at supper and it is supposed that the guest was the murderer. Anderson, aged 55, and the Wisebach woman, aged 18, had been living together for eighteen months, though the former's wife and several grown children lived in the neighborhood.

Philippine Investigation Committee.

President McKinley has appointed a special commission to investigate conditions in the Philippines and to keep him informed of the needs of the islands until Congress shall have made some disposition of them. The members of the commission are: Rear Admiral Dewey, Maj. Gen. Otis, Col. Charles Denby, Prof. J. G. Schurman of Cornell University and Dean C. Worcester of the University of Michigan.

Turkey Orders Krupp Guns.

An imperial irade has been issued at Constantinople ordering the purchase of 162 Krupp field guns and 30,000 shrapnel shells. This is undoubtedly the outcome of the act of Emperor William on his return from the Orient in presenting the Sultan of Turkey with a perfect model of the most modern Krupp field gun introduced into the German army.

Dies Rather than Face Failure.

Jacob N. Zook, who has been engaged in the grocery business at Lawrence, Kan., for many years, was found dead in a room at the Blossom House in Kansas City, having taken morphine with suicidal intent. He had failed to secure further time from Kansas City creditors, who were pressing for their money.

Attempts to Burn Hotel.

An attempt was made to burn Jerry Flynn's hotel, a noted hostelry, at Ontario Beach, N. Y. A few hours later John Curran, a one-armed constable of the village, was arrested on the charge of setting fire to the building. Curran admitted starting the fire. Revenge is said to have been Curran's motive.

Burns to Death in a Wreck.

In a collision between a freight train and a locomotive on the Philadelphia and Reading Railway at Glenside, Pa., several cars were overturned, and John Ruth, brakeman, was pinioned under the timbers and burned to death.

FOUR KILLED BY A TRAIN.

Accident Results Because the Express Ran on Wrong Track.
Four persons were run down the other morning and instantly killed by an express train near Larimer Station on the Pennsylvania Railroad, twenty-five miles east of Pittsburgh. The list of dead is as follows: Mary Miller, Thomas Miller, Albert Wilson, Walter Brown. The train dashed into the group of unfortunates at full speed and the bodies were terribly mangled. After being gathered up, the remains were taken in charge by friends. On account of a freight wreck near Larimer it was necessary to switch the west-bound passenger trains to the east-bound track. The express was running at full speed and the engineer blew the whistle, but the alarm was unheard, as the victims evidently thought the train would run on the west-bound track as usual. They were all residents of Larimer.

BISCUIT COMPANY SUBMITS.

Settlement of the Ouster Suit Recently Begun in Ohio Is Arranged.
The National Biscuit Company, through its president, B. F. Crawford, met Attorney General Monnett at Columbus, Ohio, and a settlement of the suit of ouster recently filed in the Supreme Court was arranged, under which the proceedings are expected to be dropped. The company complied with the first and second clauses in the action by paying into the State treasury a fee of \$1,100 for the privilege of doing business in the State. President Crawford assured the Attorney General that if the company's mode of doing business was in violation of the Ohio trust laws it would modify the system so as to comply. This will satisfy the remaining clause in Mr. Monnett's action.

BATTLES A HIGHWAYMAN.

Tailor Mortally Wounded on a Busy Street in St. Louis.
John J. Lahiv, a well-known tailor at St. Louis, was mortally wounded in a desperate street encounter with a man who, he says, attempted to hold him up. Lahiv fought a running fight with the highwayman for six blocks, each man shooting as fast as he was able. The police are inclined to look upon the affair as an assassination, and advance the theory that the tailor's assailant was a man who harbored a grudge. Lahiv is 35 years old, married and has one child. He was not robbed. His assailant escaped.

Lively Work of Robbers.

Two bandits kidnaped a policeman, took him a mile into the dark woods, bound him to a tree, gagged him and then returned to town and held up nine guests in a prominent hotel in the principal business street of Fort Scott, Kan., the other morning. A mob of railroad men has been seeking them to avenge an assault made upon Ed R. Meade, a locomotive engineer, whom the robbers robbed and shot. Two others were wounded during the pursuit of the outlaws. George Young was mistaken for one of the fugitives and was shot through the arm. He then fell over a dump and broke his shoulder. Later two men who had entered a box car of a south-bound freight were taken prisoners. The car was set out at Pawnee and guarded until officers arrived.

Jealousy Causes a Crime.

Robert Nelson, a wealthy Montana ranchman, killed Harry Bell on Pumpkin creek, sixty-five miles north of Miles City, Minn., the other afternoon. Bell and Mrs. Robert Nelson were riding on horseback along the creek, when they met Nelson, who, after riding past them a few rods, wheeled his horse and rode at a gallop back to the couple, firing at Bell as he came abreast. The ball pierced Bell's body near the heart, killing him instantly. Bell was a young man of considerable prominence in the neighborhood where he lived. Nelson had not lived with his wife for the past six months.

Russia's Big Debt Payment.

A well-known Russian diplomat, now in Stockholm, speaking of the endeavor on the part of his Government to place a loan on advantageous terms, said that the finances of the empire never were in better shape. The czar, he says, has just ordered M. de Witte, minister of finance, to pay off in full the debt of 75,000,000 rubles (\$36,750,000) contracted by a former issue of currency.

Cloak Company Fails.

Isaac S. Plant and Ralph Plant, formerly in business with Samuel Kahn as the Mercantile Cloak Company, filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy in New York City. Liabilities, \$155,341, incurred in 1890. Isaac C. Plant has individual liabilities of \$12,989. Petitioners have no assets.

California Crops Saved.

The worst storm in years raged recently on the California coast. Telegraph and telephone wires were prostrated in many sections, and railroad and steamboat travel interrupted. The rain was worth \$1,000,000 to the State, as it insured good crops of grain and fruits.

Another North Carolina Lynching.

Mrs. Nancy Welch, a widow with five children, near Harper's Cross Roads, N. C., was murdered by Henry Jones, a negro. Jones was found at his home near Richmond. He confessed his guilt, was carried back to the scene and hanged by a crowd of fifty men.

Whites and Blacks in Conflict.

In a fight between non-union white miners and negroes in the Springside mining district at Pana, Ill., several men on both sides are reported to have been badly injured. The fight originated over a white miner taking exceptions to a negro loitering around his home.

King Chosen in Samoa.

Mataafa has been elected King of Samoa to succeed Malietoa. Official information to this effect has been received at Washington. The election was held without trouble.

Big Mill Absorbed by Trust.

The Woodman linseed oil mill in Omaha, the largest of the kind in the world, formerly the property of the trust, has been transferred to the reorganized company.

MUST BURY HATCHET

GEN. GOMEZ IMPRESSES LESSONS ON CUBANS.

Declares He Made War on Spain, Not Against Spaniards—All Must Now Join in Establishing a Republic—Output of Precious Metals.

Gomez Accepts Spanish Invitation.
Both the Spanish and Cuban classes are giving great importance to the recent actions of Gen. Gomez. Particulars have been received in Havana of his recent utterances at Remedios and Caibarien. At the latter place he and his staff were invited to a breakfast given by the Spanish colony. This Spanish colony is an organization of Spaniards all over the island, which sprang up almost spontaneously a few weeks before the Spanish sovereignty ended. Gen. Gomez had a twofold purpose in accepting the invitation, as he wanted to reassure the Spanish residents in Cuba that his promises, made during the insurrection, would be kept, and also wanted to impress on his insurgent followers that they must bury their animosities. At this dinner of the Spanish colony Gen. Gomez repeated that he had made war against Spain and not against the Spaniards, and that all classes should work together to secure payment of insurgent troops and the establishment of a Cuban republic. The American officials stationed at Caibarien were invited by the Spanish colony to assist in the reception to Gomez and accepted. All the newspapers attach extraordinary significance to Gomez's utterances. The leading Cuban papers fell into line and radical sheets, which have been advising a boycott of the Spaniards, moderate their violence.

PRODUCTION OF GOLD.

Colorado and California Lead the Klondike in the Year's Output.
John J. Valentine, president of Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express, has issued a statement of the production of precious metals in the States and territories west of the Missouri river, including British Columbia and the Northwest territory, for 1898. The aggregate valuations are shown as follows: Gold, \$78,461,202; silver, \$39,016,565; copper, \$46,200,648; lead, \$13,344,251. Of this total gold product California furnished \$15,402,653; Alaska, \$3,253,991; Colorado, \$23,177,262; Dakota, \$6,575,220; British Columbia and Northwest territory, \$11,975,000. The year's combined product of the metals named is the greatest in the history of the United States, British Columbia and Northwest territory. The world's output of gold for 1898 is \$280,000,000, the most notable increases being in South Africa, \$25,000,000; the British possessions of the Northwest, \$6,000,000; Australasia, \$6,000,000, and the United States, \$3,000,000.

OFFICERS GET STOLEN GOODS.

Letter Written by a Prisoner Reveals Hiding Place of Booty.
A letter written by Delos Sargent, confined in the county jail at Toledo, Ohio, on charges of swindling Keith & Co., Gage Brothers' Company and other Chicago firms of large quantities of millinery, resulted in the finding of more than \$5,000 worth of goods and \$715. Sargent is the father of Charles Sargent and Mrs. Winlake, arrested on a swindling charge. He was taken in custody the day Mrs. Winlake escaped.

Minister's Son Killed.

Robert Baldwin, aged 26, the son of Rev. Jarney Baldwin, pastor of the Baptist Church at Kitts Hill, Ohio, was shot and killed by Salmon Farrel. Baldwin had trouble with Charles Webb, who had been reprimanded by Rev. Baldwin for disturbing a meeting. Webb and Farrel waited at the church door until young Baldwin came out, when they assaulted him, and Farrel shot him through the heart.

China Mobilizing Troops.

Hong Kong mail advices say the raising of large bodies of troops in China is taken to indicate that the empress dowager and her advisers are preparing some important movement next spring at the latest. So far, according to reliable statistics, there are some 130,000 men in and around Peking and Tien-Tsin.

Conductor Breaks His Neck.

Wilton P. Marchbank, a stenographer, was killed in a fight with Michael McGowan, a conductor on a Thirty-fourth street cross-town horse car in New York. Witnesses declare the conductor kicked him in the jaw, breaking his neck. The conductor says he pushed the man off and he fell, injuring himself.

Has Slept for Twenty Days.

An extraordinary case of lethargy, or catalepsy, is reported from St. Jean Baptiste ward, Montreal. It is that of Miss Eva Koch, a young lady of 20, the daughter of Antoine Koch, a corporation employe in the road department. She has been apparently asleep about twenty days.

Coal Miners Go Out.

At Leavenworth, Kan., three hundred miners in the Leavenworth Coal Company's shaft went on a strike. They demand a reduction of the amount of waste deducted, which has been twenty pounds to the 100. The operators refuse to accede to the demand.

Death of Nelson Dingley, Jr.

Nelson Dingley of Maine, chairman of the Committee on Ways and Means, and framer of the present tariff law, died at Washington, D. C. His death was due to heart failure following an attack of pneumonia.

Great Battle in Arabia.

A great battle has been fought in the Yemen division of Arabia. The Turkish troops stormed and captured the insurgent position at Shancl. About 4,000 insurgents and 2,000 Turks were killed or wounded.

TOBACCO SYNDICATE FORMED.

Bankers Combine to Buy the Year's Crop of Havana Tobacco.
Plans have been made to buy the whole of this year's crop of Havana tobacco. A syndicate of twenty-one bankers, including several that do an international business, has been formed in New York for the purpose. Its representatives have started for Cuba. The immediate scheme is to control the market for Havana tobacco, but the whole plan involves the purchase of every Cuban tobacco plantation that can be bought at reasonable figures. The large sum of money required for such an operation has been subscribed. The managers of the syndicate say that if they succeed in buying the lands as well as the crop they will make bids for several factories which manufacture cigars from Havana tobacco.

MEXICO'S CREDIT IS GOOD.

Eight Million Dollar Issue of Bonds Subscribed in Full Abroad.
Hugo Scherer & Co., bankers of Mexico City, have received a cablegram from Frankfurt-on-the-Main, Germany, announcing that the Deutsche Effecten und Wechsel Bank of Frankfurt has placed \$8,112,400 Mexican 5 per cent redeemable international bonds of the third series, the amount having been subscribed in full. Subscriptions had been opened simultaneously in Frankfurt, Hanover, Carlsruhe, Leipzig, Dresden, Munich, Strassburg and Stuttgart, and the fact that the larger portion of the issue has been taken for private investment by conservative German capitalists is interpreted as indicating an uncommonly strong confidence abroad in the financial stability of the Mexican Government.

Purchasers of the Alton.

One of Chicago's most prominent railroad men confirms the sale of the Chicago and Alton to a number of Western roads, to be used by all to secure an entrance to Chicago. According to this man, who refused to allow his name to be used, the roads which will use the Alton in common and control its destiny are the Missouri, Kansas and Texas, owned by the Rockefeller; the Missouri Pacific, controlled by the Goulds; the Union Pacific and the Illinois Central.

St. Louis Store Damaged.

Fire in the six-story brick building at St. Louis owned by the Ames estate and used by the Albert Acrumian Mercantile Company as a wholesale department goods store, caused heavy loss. The fire originated in the fifth story and burned up through the roof and down into the second story, badly damaging the building. The contents of the sixth story were nearly destroyed and those in the stories below badly damaged.

Wreck on the Lake Shore.

The fast eastern express over the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railway collided with the rear end of an east-bound freight that failed to reach the siding at Whiting, Ind., in time. The engine of the fast train plowed through the caboose of the freight and wrecked a number of box cars ahead. The engineer and fireman remained at their posts and came out unscathed.

Carnegie Offers a Library.

Andrew Carnegie has offered to give \$250,000 to erect a building for a public library for Washington provided Congress would furnish a site and provide suitable maintenance, not less than \$10,000 per annum.

Stay for Two Murderers.

Two negro murderers, Nolen and Bias, who had been sentenced to hang at Ardmore, I. T., have been granted a stay of execution until next June. The scaffold had been built.

Ohio Steel Mill Burns.

The continuous mill department of the Aetna Standard steel plant at Mingo Junction, near Steubenville, Ohio, burned, with a loss of \$50,000.

Suicide and Attempted Murder.

At Hamilton, Ohio, Henry Bante, grocer and saloonkeeper, shot his wife and killed himself. She may recover.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$3.00 to \$6.25; hogs, shipping grades, \$3.00 to \$4.00; sheep, fair to choice, \$2.50 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2 red, 67c to 68c; corn, No. 2, 37c to 38c; oats, No. 2, 27c to 29c; rye, No. 2, 56c to 57c; butter, choice creamery, 19c to 21c; eggs, fresh, 18c to 20c; potatoes, choice, 30c to 45c per bushel.
Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$5.75; hogs, choice light, \$2.75 to \$4.00; sheep, common to choice, \$2.50 to \$4.25; wheat, No. 2 red, 68c to 70c; corn, No. 2 white, 35c to 36c; oats, No. 2 white, 30c to 31c.
St. Louis—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$5.75; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.00; sheep, \$3.50 to \$4.25; wheat, No. 2, 73c to 75c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 35c to 36c; oats, No. 2, 28c to 30c rye, No. 2, 55c to 57c.
Cincinnati—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$5.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.00; sheep, \$2.50 to \$4.25; wheat, No. 2, 71c to 73c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 35c to 37c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 29c to 30c; rye, No. 2, 56c to 58c.
Detroit—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$5.75; hogs, \$2.50 to \$4.00; sheep, \$3.00 to \$4.25; wheat, No. 2, 71c to 72c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 37c to 38c; oats, No. 2 white, 31c to 32c; rye, 56c to 58c.
Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 mixed, 70c to 72c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 36c to 37c; oats, No. 2 white, 28c to 29c; rye, No. 2, 55c to 57c; clover seed, old, \$3.85 to \$3.95.
Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 spring, 67c to 69c; corn, No. 3, 33c to 35c; oats, No. 2 white, 28c to 30c; rye, No. 1, 56c to 58c; barley, No. 2, 44c to 53c; pork, mess, \$9.50 to \$10.00.
Buffalo—Cattle, good shipping steers, \$2.00 to \$5.75; hogs, common to choice, \$3.25 to \$4.00; sheep, fair to choice wethers, \$3.50 to \$4.50; lambs, common to extra, \$5.00 to \$5.50.
New York—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$6.00; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.25; sheep, \$3.00 to \$4.75; wheat, No. 2 red, 80c to 81c; corn, No. 2, 43c to 45c; oats, No. 2 white, 35c to 36c; butter, creamery, 15c to 22c; eggs, Western, 20c to 22c.



Senator Mason of Illinois occupied the attention of the Senate for nearly an hour and a half on Tuesday with a speech in support of his resolution declaring that the United States will never attempt to govern the people of any country without their consent. Mr. Turley was then recognized to speak on the Nicaragua canal bill. He announced himself as an advocate of the canal, but said he was opposed to the pending bill. At the conclusion of Mr. Turley's speech a bill was passed directing the President to appoint Paymaster General T. H. Stanton a major general and retire him at that grade. The House devoted its undivided attention to the bill for the codification of the criminal laws of Alaska, and when adjournment was had all but ten pages of the bill had been disposed of.

In the Senate on Wednesday a sharp debate was precipitated by Mr. Allen (Neb.) by some remarks he made upon a resolution he had introduced. Mr. Hoar (Mass.) and Mr. Gray (Del.) were drawn into it. The resolution stated that any aggressive action by army or navy on the part of the United States against the Philippines would be an act of war unwarranted on the part of the President and the exercise of constitutional powers vested exclusively in Congress. Mr. Foraker of Ohio was recognized after a short debate and proceeded to deliver his set speech on the general question of the power to extend our territory. At 3:10 p. m. the Senate, on motion of Mr. Davis, the chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee and in charge of the treaty of peace, went into executive session. Senator Davis reported the peace treaty and moved that the treaty and the proceedings of the peace commission be made public. This motion led to debate. The discussion was brief, however, and the motion to remove the injunction of secrecy prevailed without division. The House completed and passed the bill for the codification of the criminal laws of Alaska.

The supporters and opponents of the peace treaty in the Senate had their first contest over that document on Thursday in executive session. The debate was upon a motion by Senator Berry to consider the resolution of ratification in open session. The discussion continued for a few minutes past 1 o'clock until about 5, when the Senate adjourned for the day, without reaching a vote. There were no set speeches in the usual acceptance of that phrase. It was a running debate, in which Senators Berry, White, Hale, Hoar, Vest and others in opposition to the treaty met Senators Davis, Frye, Teller, Gray and others in advocacy of it. The House passed the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill without amendment. During the general debate two set speeches were made against imperialism by Messrs. Carmack and Gaines of Tennessee. The diplomatic and consular is the sixth of the regular appropriation bills to pass the House. The bill as passed carries \$1,705,533. A bill was passed authorizing the Little River Railroad Company to construct a railroad through the Choctaw and Chickasaw Indian reservations.

In the Senate on Friday Mr. McLaurin (Dem.) of South Carolina made a strong appeal in a carefully prepared speech against a policy of expansion by this nation. Mr. Sullivan (Dem.) of Mississippi and Mr. Pasco (Dem.) of Florida discussed the pending Nicaragua canal bill, the former supporting it and the latter opposing it. The Indian appropriation bill was taken up, but its consideration was not concluded before the hour of adjournment. The House entered upon the consideration of the naval personnel bill. The speeches on the bill were filled with glowing allusions to the glories of naval victories in the late war. The bill was supported by Messrs. Foss (Rep.) of Illinois, Dayton (Rep.) of West Virginia, Berry (Dem.) of Kentucky, Driggs (Dem.) of New York and Dinsmore (Dem.) of Arkansas, and was opposed by Messrs. Lowe (Rep.) of New York and Simpson (Pop.) of Kansas.

The session of the Senate was brief on Saturday, early adjournment being taken out of respect to the memory of Congressman Dingley. A resolution asking independence for the Philippine Islanders, introduced by Mr. Hoar of Massachusetts, was put over. The resolution of Mr. Allen for the appointment of a committee of five Senators to investigate the conduct of the late war was then laid before the Senate, and Mr. Allen made a speech in advocacy of it. The death of Mr. Dingley occupied the entire attention of the House.

A state funeral almost majestic in its impressiveness was given the late Representative Nelson Dingley at noon Monday in the House of Representatives. Speaker Reed called the House to order and immediately thereafter the Vice-President and the Senate entered the chamber in a body and were followed by the diplomatic corps, with whom came the members of the Anglo-American commission, of which Mr. Dingley had been a member. Then followed the chief justice and associate justices of the Supreme Court in their somber robes, and they in turn were followed by the President with his cabinet. The services were conducted by the Rev. S. M. Newman of the First Congregational Church of Washington, assisted by the Rev. Dr. Couden, chaplain of the House. As soon as the services were over the House adjourned. The Senate held no session for the transaction of business on Monday.

Kaiser as a Crusader.

Branze statuettes about two feet high of the Emperor William as a knight of one of the crusading orders are now being offered for sale at Berlin. They represent him looking toward heaven, with both hands resting on his sword, on the blade of which is the word "Credo."

MR. DINGLEY IS GONE.

PASSING OF THE REPUBLICAN LEADER.

Author of the Existing Tariff Law Dies at Washington of Heart Failure, Resulting from Pneumonia—Sketch of His Life and Services.

Nelson Dingley of Maine, leader of the Republican side on the floor of the House of Representatives and representing the Second congressional district of Maine in that body, died at Washington, D. C., of heart failure, resulting from extreme weakness due to pneumonia. He was unconscious for many hours, and death came quietly without consciousness being regained. There were present at the time Mrs. Dingley, Miss Edith Dingley, Messrs. E. N. and A. H. Dingley, sons of the deceased; James C. Hooc, an intimate friend of the family; Dr. Deale, one



NELSON DINGLEY.

of the physicians who had been attending him through his illness, and the two nurses.

To within a few hours before his death the family firmly believed, as it has throughout his illness, that Mr. Dingley would recover, and it was only when it became apparent that he was dying that his members gathered at his bedside.

Sketch of His Life.

Nelson Dingley, Jr., Governor of Maine 1874-5 and member of Congress from the Second congressional district of Maine since 1881, was born in Durham, Androscoggin County, Me., Feb. 15, 1832. Entering Waterville college (now Colby university) in 1851, he remained there a year and a half and then became a student at Dartmouth college, from which institution he was graduated in 1855 with high rank as a scholar, debater and writer.

After leaving college Mr. Dingley studied law in 1855-6 with Merrill & Fessenden, in Auburn, to which city his parents had removed while he was in college, and in the latter year he was admitted to the bar. Instead of entering upon the practice of law he decided to become a journalist, for which profession he always manifested a decided taste. In September, 1856, he purchased the Lewiston Journal, of which he had been practically the editor while studying law and to which in 1861 he added a daily edition. The paper rapidly increased in circulation and influence under his management.

In 1861, at the age of 29, he was elected Representative from Auburn to the State Legislature, in which body he at once took high rank; was re-elected in 1862 and chosen Speaker of the House at the session of 1863. In 1863 he removed to Lewiston, where a few months after he was elected to the Legislature, and with the opening of the legislative session of 1864 was unanimously re-elected Speaker.

In 1873 Mr. Dingley was nominated as the Republican candidate for Governor of Maine by a vote of two to one against two popular opponents and was elected by about 10,000 majority. In 1874 he was re-elected by over 11,000 majority, declining a third nomination in 1875. He was one of the delegates-at-large from Maine to the Republican national convention in 1876 and served on the committee on resolutions and was one of the sub-committee of five who drafted the platform.

He actively participated in the presidential campaign of 1876 and in the State conventions of 1877-8-9. In 1879-80 he was chairman of the Republican executive committee. In 1881 Mr. Dingley was nominated by the Republicans of the Second congressional district of Maine to fill the vacancy in Congress caused by the resignation of William P. Frye. He was elected by a majority of over 5,000, nearly twice as large as ever before given to any candidate in that district. During his early terms in the House Mr. Dingley was active in work for the revival of American shipping.

In June, 1886, Mr. Dingley was re-elected to the Fiftieth Congress and again elected to the Fifty-first Congress in 1888, to the Fifty-second in 1890, the Fifty-third in 1893, the Fifty-fourth in 1894 and the Fifty-fifth in 1896 by large and increased majorities. In the Fifty-second and Fifty-third Congresses he was an active member of the Committee on Appropriations.

In forming his cabinet prior to entering on the duties of chief executive March 4, 1897, President McKinley tendered the position of Secretary of the Treasury to Mr. Dingley, but he declined the offer, preferring to remain in his position as chairman of the Ways and Means Committee and floor leader of the Republican majority of the House.

Under his lead the House within sixteen days after the Fifty-fifth Congress was convened in extraordinary session on the 15th of March, 1897, by President McKinley, passed a bill revising the tariff. Mr. Dingley was a Congregationalist in religion. He was married June 11, 1857, to Miss Salome McKenney of Auburn, Me. They have had six children—Henry M., Charles L. (deceased), Edward N., Arthur H., Albert G. and Edith Dingley.

COST TO THE STATE.

Expense of Maintaining Charitable Institutions for a Year.

A statistical exhibit accompanies the December number of the Indiana Bulletin of Charities and Correction, showing the number of inmates enrolled in the charitable and correctional institutions, the cost of maintenance, administration, per capita cost of subsistence, etc., for the fiscal year ending Oct. 31, 1898. At the beginning of the year there were 3,219 inmates in the four hospitals for the insane; 1,001 were received during the year, making the total enrollment at its close 3,395. The total number received at the charitable institutions, insane hospitals, soldiers' homes, school for feeble-minded, etc., during the year was 1,616, making the enrollment at its close 5,566, the daily average being 5,047. During the year 1,237 persons were received at the correctional institutions, the total at its end being 2,658. The increase in the charitable institutions of the average number present daily was much greater than in the correctional institutions. The daily average in the hospitals for the insane increased from 2,901 to 3,088; in all the charitable institutions, including hospitals for insane and the Soldiers' Home, Soldiers' Orphans' Home, school for feeble-minded, etc., there was an increase from 4,887 to 5,047, while in the correctional institutions the increase was from 2,501 to 2,539.

Following is a recapitulation of expenditures in totals for the various groups of institutions:

	Charitable, including insane.	Correctional.
Maintenance, Administration, salaries and wages.....	\$321,277 98	\$101,185 25
Subsistence.....	256,737 59	87,513 83
Clothing.....	35,487 93	19,977 37
Office, domestic and outdoor departments.....	194,691 59	85,275 84
Ordered repairs and minor improvements.....	51,376 36	14,851 07
Total maintenance.....	\$859,571 45	\$308,803 34
Construction.....		
New buildings.....	3,608 69	\$19,399 32
Extraordinary repairs.....	37,829 52	3,027 98
Maintenance and construction.....	\$901,009 66	\$331,230 66
Receipts and earnings.....	14,607 67	99,886 91
Net total expenditures.....	\$886,401 99	\$231,343 75

Below is a comparative statement showing the grand net totals expended for maintenance and construction of charitable and correctional institutions for fiscal years ending Oct. 31, 1898, back to Oct. 31, 1894:

Oct. 31, 1898.....	\$1,117,745 74
Oct. 31, 1897.....	1,065,391 93
Oct. 31, 1896.....	1,001,974 54
Oct. 31, 1895.....	1,006,156 40
Oct. 31, 1894.....	1,000,979 08

The table of per capita expenditures on account of inmates of all the charitable and correctional institutions shows an encouraging condition as compared with previous years. The gross maintenance per capita of inmates of the hospitals for the insane was \$166.98, for the year ending Oct. 31, 1898, and for 1897 \$172.27; for the charitable institutions \$170.29 in 1898 and \$178.34 in 1897, and for the correctional institutions \$121.58 in 1898 and \$118.37 in 1897.

EXPENDITURES ON THE POOR.

Statistics from Counties Reported to State Bureau.

The several counties of the State report to the bureau of statistics the following items on account of relief and care of the poor for 1898, the total amount being \$1,059,614.97:

Relief by township trustees.....	\$553,500 03
Medical and other expenses.....	44,610 66
Poor asylums and superintendents' salaries.....	292,898 35
Orphans' homes and maintenance.....	123,975 09
Land and new buildings.....	26,214 47

The total cost per capita of each county varies between \$0.099 in Crawford County, being the lowest, to \$0.619 in Pulaski, the highest, the average being \$0.342 for the State. Pulaski, however, expended \$7,620 for lands and new buildings, while Crawford expended nothing for this purpose. The highest expenditure for poor relief aside from lands and buildings was in Warren, of \$0.569 per capita, and the next highest in Johnson, of \$0.561 per capita.

The expenditures for free gravel roads in the several counties of the State were for 1898:

Purchased and built.....	\$490,941 51
Repaired and improved.....	634,557 43

Twenty-seven counties are represented in the first item and forty-eight in the second item of expenditures. There are 8,683 miles of free gravel roads and 278 miles of toll roads in the several counties reporting these items, which embrace sixty-four counties. Of these only eleven report toll roads.

LIVE STOCK DISEASES.

Summary of the Conditions for the Year Just Ended.

"The veterinary department of the experiment station at Purdue University," said Prof. A. W. Bitting, "has been keeping careful observation upon the occurrence of the diseases of domestic animals in the State.

"Cattle were affected by an unusual number of diseases. Contagious sore eyes existed as an epidemic during the late summer. While it did not cause many fatalities, it resulted in much loss in delaying the fattening process and in a diminished flow of milk. A few weeks later an epidemic of sore foot and mouth disease occurred, also causing considerable loss. Within the past few weeks several hundred fatalities have resulted from eating spoiled corn and fodder.

"Tuberculosis has been found where it had not been supposed to exist, and requests for tuberculin tests are constantly being made. The station, however, is not prepared to conduct these tests. Symptomatic anthrax caused considerable alarm in some localities.

"Sheep escaped disease, as a rule, during the summer months, but late reports indicate some trouble may be expected this winter. Horses have been practically free from epidemics."

WILL CENSURE ALL.

ARMY CHIEFS BLAMED BY WAR INVESTIGATORS.

Commission's Report Takes a Rap at Everybody Concerned—Even Rebukes Congress for Failing to Provide Smokeless Powder—Beef Charges.

The New York Herald, in its Washington dispatches, outlines what it declares will be the findings of the commission to investigate the war. It will show that the primary trouble was due to lack of proper military organization and then proceed to distribute this blame upon Secretary Alger, Gen. Miles, Shafter, Brooke and Breckinridge, and upon Congress itself, the censure in the latter case being for its failure to make appropriations for smokeless powder. The Manila campaign alone, apparently, will escape criticism—a fact foreseen from the first.

Secretary Alger will be censured, it is said, for weakness, especially with Gen. Miles, while the commanding general will be blamed for several matters in his conduct "before, during and after the war, for his selection of certain army camps, for telling Secretary Alger he was in the habit of making out his own orders, and for bringing unfounded charges that bad beef was supplied to the troops in Porto Rico." Gen. Shafter, it is said, will be censured on points he admitted in his testimony and Gen. Breckinridge for leaving his department to take part in the Santiago campaign, while Gen. Brooke will be blamed for conditions at Camp Thomas, for lack of inspections and failure to carry out sanitary regulations. The blame, in short, will be pretty evenly distributed along the line.

Beef Charges Unfounded.

Coming down to the beef controversy, the commission will find that Gen. Miles' charges were unfounded, that the thirteen officers whose reports Gen. Miles submitted as showing the beef supplied for the Porto Rico army was unfit for use never served in Porto Rico, and that there was absolutely no criminality in any of the contracts made for supplies for the service.

So far as the Santiago campaign is concerned, the commission will report that Gen. Shafter conducted that movement as efficiently as could have been expected under the circumstances. No fault will be found with Gen. Shafter except as to the points which he in his testimony admitted.

The report will also show that Congress was responsible for the equipment of the soldiers with black powder, as the ordnance department did not get in time the necessary appropriations for smokeless powder. It has been found by the commission that a war has never been operated with such a small loss of life. Only 1 per cent of the army died from illness and in battle. Faults which existed at Santiago also existed in Porto Rico, there being a great deal of illness at that place. The Manila campaign was thoroughly satisfactory.

With respect to Montauk Point, the commission will find that it was the best point that could have been selected for bringing the troops home from Cuba; that it would have been better had the several thousand men and several thousand animals not been sent to that point from the South; but that there was no foundation for many of the complaints which were filed.

STONE THE SPANISH FLAG.

Havana Hotel-Keeper Makes Mistake in Running It Up.

In Havana, a company of the Tenth infantry was called out Sunday evening to quell an outbreak occasioned by a hotel keeper on the Calzada del Monte running up a Spanish flag. A crowd of Cubans gathered and stoned the flag and threatened the proprietor with violence. The officer in command of the soldiers explained to the proprietor that the flag ought to be lowered, because it was likely to produce further disorder. The proprietor, in reply, assured the officer that no offense had been intended, and that, having seen the English and German flags flying, he thought he would be at liberty to raise the flag of Spain. Two members of the company lowered the flag.

At Cienfuegos the Spanish troops, who are thickly quartered in the warehouses and along the wharves, swarm through the city day and night. Their officers crowd the hotels. The soldiers are poorly fed and have had no pay for months. They are quiet enough, but their presence makes impossible a proper cleaning of the town and prevents activity on the part of the American administration.

The plantations of the district are resuming grinding. The public buildings in Cienfuegos are still in possession of the Spaniards, and Gen. Bates and his staff are crowded into inadequate quarters.

FOURTH ON ITS WAY.

Chicago Regiment Begins Its Trip to the Philippines.

Bound for a trip more than half around the world to the east, officers and men of the Fourth United States infantry left Fort Sheridan Sunday morning. With few halts they are to hasten to the Philippines, where service in the tropics will claim them for indefinite months or years. The stops on the long journey of nearly 15,000 miles will be New York, Gibraltar, Port Said, Aden, Colombo and Singapore, all except one of which are practically British ports. Three days are to be spent at each halting place, but the troops are not to be debarked from the transport Mohawk.

For seven or eight weeks they will be cooped up in the ship, sometimes in the furnace-like heat of the Red Sea, where night brings no relief from the sizzle and men tell of boats that have to turn about in order to get a little breeze for stifling passengers. But the men reckon naught of these things. The ceremonies of departure from the fort were not elaborate. The regiment went to New York in three sections over the Pennsylvania road and numbered over 1,200 men.

STATE LAW MAKERS.

Albert J. Beveridge was nominated for United States Senator by the Republican caucus Tuesday night on the eleventh ballot. The "field" combined on him, and he received 48 of the 89 votes. J. Frank Hanly received 35 and Frank B. Posey 6. Roberts, Taylor and George W. Steele threw all their support to Beveridge.

In order to expedite business the House and Senate on Tuesday determined to hold only half-day sessions for the next fourteen days. The members are thus enabled to dispose of bills in committee more rapidly, and it is believed that all work will be advanced.

The controversy between the State and non-State schools was brought to the fore in a bill introduced on Tuesday for the reorganization of the State Board of Education. It provides that there shall be nine members, no more than four of whom shall be of one political party, the Governor and the superintendent of public instruction being ex-officio members.

Representative Kirkpatrick offered a bill which is designed still further to limit the liquor traffic. Section 1 makes it unlawful for county commissioners to grant licenses to sell liquor in the residence districts of any city or town. To make this binding it is provided that any license so granted shall be void. It also provided that county commissioners who violate the provisions of the act shall each be fined in any sum not exceeding \$100, to which may be added imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding thirty days. The bill went to the Committee on Temperance.

At Wednesday's session of the Legislature many bills were introduced. Representative Kerwood offered a bill making an appropriation of \$100 a month as a pension to Lucinda M. Morton, widow of Oliver P. Morton. The bill prepared by Gov. Mount, the State superintendent of public instruction and the State statistician providing for the study of agriculture in the common schools was introduced by Representative Barlow. In the Senate Mr. Nausbaum introduced a bill making it the duty of the Attorney General to visit every county in the State either personally or by deputy once each quarter and make an examination of the county books. It has been decided by the Republican majority that the State shall not be redistricted for congressional or legislative purposes at this session.

In order that some remedial legislation may be accomplished on county and township expenditures, Representative Roots introduced a bill on Thursday which is less extreme in its provisions than the measures framed by the State commission. The bill provides for a purchasing board in each county, composed of township trustees and the county superintendent, whose duty it will be to meet once each year and pass upon all proposed expenses for the term of twelve months. All expenditures not so passed upon are made illegal and uncollectable. All warrants must be signed by the president of the board, and another officer purchasing supplies outside of the authority of the board is subject to removal.

The promised campaign of the equal suffragists of the State took definite shape Friday in the form of resolutions introduced both in the House and the Senate asking for an amendment to the State constitution giving women the right of suffrage. The proposed amendment is to section 2 of article 2 of the organic law. The resolutions provide that there shall be no distinction as to sex in conferring the right to vote. Representative Furness of Porter County introduced a bill which provides that the State shall pay a bounty of 1 cent per pound on all beet sugar produced in the State. A committee representing the non-State colleges began an earnest canvass of the members of the Legislature in the interest of the bill for the reorganization of the State Board of Education. Both houses adjourned to Monday.

The first contest in the House came Monday afternoon over a bill that is designed to enable the executive to deal with the Roby racing people. The bill provides that in cases of repeated violation of the State statutes, places in which the violations occur may be declared a nuisance, and also that injunctions may be secured against them without giving bond. Representative Knotts of Lake County opposed the bill, but was beaten at all points, and it went to engrossment. While the bill is aimed directly at Roby, it is also designed to cover violations of the natural gas laws. Another temperance measure was introduced in a bill declaring that the possession of a Government license to sell liquor shall be prima facie evidence of such sales, and where the person holding it has not taken out local licenses his place may be declared a nuisance and abated as such. Bills for the appointment of a State boiler inspector, a State etymologist and a commission to prepare a general plan for redistricting the State for judicial purposes were introduced.

Edison's Plan for Removing Snow.

Edison's latest suggestion is that snow can be removed from city streets not by melting machines, but by portable steam power compressors, which will scoop up the snow in steel scoop buckets and squeeze it into cakes 12x12x12 inches in volume, which will be practically solid ice. Carts and men following the compressor can take up the cakes with tongs as they drop to the street, says Edison, and a market can be found for enough snow cubes to pay the interest on the cost of the machinery.

Curiosities of Lakes.

If lakes have no overflow to the sea the water always becomes salty, particularly if there is small rainfall and much evaporation. The Caspian Sea is properly a salt lake. So is the Dead Sea. There are several lakes of considerable size in Canada which have no visible inlets, being fed entirely from subterranean sources.



An examination of the Senate portion of the Congressional Record for the last, or second, session of the present Congress, which has appeared in bound form, shows there were 36,320 inches, or about 3,000 feet, of printed debate in columns three and one-half inches wide, set in minion type. At this rate each of the 89 Senators was entitled to about 400 inches, but six of the Senators occupied nearly one-fifth of the entire space, leaving four-fifths for 83 of their colleagues. Senator Allen of Nebraska is the champion long distance talker of the United States Senate, and occupied over five and one-half per cent of the entire time of that body during the last session. His remarks measured 2,035 inches. Senator Pettigrew occupied 1,397 inches, being the second in verbosity. Senator Teller was third. He occupied 1,321 inches, and Senator Butler 960 inches. These four Populists thus consumed nearly 6,000 inches of space, out of a total of 36,000, or one-sixth of the whole. Senator Morgan has had the reputation of being the most interminable talker in the Senate, but it will thus be seen that he has suffered great injustice. Allen, Pettigrew and Teller surpass him in both volume and loquacity. His inches numbered only 1,109, that is, only about 100 feet in solid minion type, three and one-half inches wide. But he still continues to lead the Democrats. Senator Chandler of New Hampshire is the "talky-talky" man of the Republican side. His wit and wisdom cover an area of 845 linear, or 2,958 square inches, which would make a large book.

No more interesting table of figures can be found than that in the annual report of the Secretary of the Treasury, which shows the net ordinary expenditures of the Government from 1791 to the present time. Not until the war of 1812 did the Government expenditures come anywhere near \$10,000,000 a year. In 1812 they were \$5,311,082, or about as much as our pension office now distributes in a fortnight. Expenditures gradually fell after the war of 1812 and for two years—1822 and 1823—they were below \$10,000,000. With some reverses they gradually increased from that until 1860, when the net ordinary expenditures had reached about \$60,000,000 a year. After the civil war they began to decrease, but the interest charges were then so great as to keep the total at a high figure. The net ordinary expenditures in 1878 were \$134,463,452. Ten years later the very same items aggregated \$214,938,951, while in 1897, before the war began, the same charge had reached \$327,983,049. In each of these years the interest on the public debt should be added. In 1867 the interest charge was \$142,000,000, or 70 per cent of the total of ordinary expenditures. In 1892 the interest on the public debt had fallen to \$23,000,000.

Politically, the two Dakotas present an interesting contrast. These States came into the Union together ten years ago. They went Republican from constable to Congressman, and when their Legislature met a few months later they sent four Republican Senators to Washington. Only one of the four has remained—Pettigrew of South Dakota. Moody, his colleague, was defeated for re-election and went back to his law practice at Deadwood. Gilbert A. Pierce was named for the short term, and had the unanimous vote of his Legislature, yet two years later he was overwhelmingly defeated. Lyman R. Casey was his colleague. After four years of senatorial life he was succeeded by W. N. Roach, a Democrat, who was elected by a Legislature that had a Republican majority of 13. The contest lasted thirty-seven days. Roach came to the Senate and Casey went back to his farm, which is of the "bonanza" order, and all reports agree that he has prospered.

Senator Cullom and Representative Connelly take pleasure in introducing in the two houses of Congress bills to grant a pension of \$100 a month to ex-Senator Palmer of Illinois. There are several precedents for it. Gen. James Shields was given a similar pension after serving a term in the Senate from Missouri. Gen. McClelland of Springfield and Gen. John C. Black of Chicago each draw \$100 a month, and Gen. Palmer is quite as much entitled to the distinction as they. Mrs. Logan gets \$2,500, Mrs. Grant \$5,000 a year, Mrs. Sheridan \$2,500, and there is a long list of beneficiaries of the bounty of the Government in which Gen. Palmer's name ought to appear.

The dramatic scene in the Legislature of Montana, when Senator Whiteside produced thirty \$1,000 bills, which he said he had received as a bribe to vote for W. A. Clark for the United States Senate, had a precedent in the Kansas Legislature twenty-five years ago. A member of the State Senate by the name of York laid \$10,000 on the presiding officer's table and declared that it had been given him as a bribe by Senator S. C. Pomeroy, who was a candidate for re-election. Pomeroy denied the charge and insisted it was a conspiracy of his opponents, but nevertheless it resulted in his defeat and the election of John J. Ingalls as his successor.

Comptroller of the Currency Dawes has started a little investigation with a view to finding out how much bank checks circulate as money. He intends to find, if possible, how many indorsements the ordinary check carries on the average. This will show, fairly accurately, the number of hands the check passes through before it is redeemed, and will indicate the amount of work done by the check as a "credit instrument."

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Cards of thanks will be published at 25 cts per inch.

They Gave Chas. Hayes and His Bonnie Bride a Belling.

Last Monday evening Chas. Hayes and his bride returned to Culver, after spending a week with friends and relatives in Illinois. Upon their arrival here they repaired to the home of the groom's parents, where no doubt received congratulations and best wishes. In the meantime, the rising generation and some of those who had seen the snows of several winters, collected tin pails, oyster cans, anvils, bells, etc., and gathered around Hayes' home and proceeded to make all the noise possible, which had the desired effect, as Charley responded by appearing and passing around the cigars, and after which the noisy crowd departed in goodly order, one and all wishing the happy couple a long and prosperous life.

Wired In.

Last Sunday evening, Jacob Vanderweele and a young man by the name of Burns, both belonging to the "upper crust" of Burr Oak, repaired to a farm house near said city, where they saw their best girls. In course of time, the boys thought it about time to return home, and when they arrived at the gate, which opened into a lane leading to the main road, they found that some one had wired the gate shut, using about 30 foot of wire in accomplishing the job. Now these boys are noted far and near as being very sedate and pious, hence, after a long delay, succeeded in opening the gate without letting angry passions rise. After passing through the gate they drove to the end of the lane where they went up against an obstruction with a vengeance, which proved to be an improvised rail fence, which loomed up like a mountain. It is said that at this point the boys lost their temper, and the way they heaped malediction upon the perpetrators of the foul deed would have put to shame any base Spaniard upon the gory main. Now, when they go to see those girls they will take a wire cutter and an outside guard.

On Saturday evening, the "Kankakee Poet," W. W. Pfrimmer, will entertain the people of Leiter's Ford and vicinity by recitations and readings from his own selections. The meeting will be under the auspices of the High School Library Committee. Our readers should not fail to hear Mr. Pfrimmer whose productions are recognized by critics to possess genuine merit. Writing in 1890, Mrs. Mont McRae, of Purdue University, says of him:

"Mr. Pfrimmer was born at Metropolis City, Ill., in 1856, his parents were both natives of Indiana, and he himself has lived in this state since he was four years old. His boyhood was spent on the farm, his education being obtained in the country schools. He has taught school and studied law, but poverty and a lack of clients drove him into the insurance business, which he followed for four years and is now serving as the superintendent of schools, of Newton county, and is one of the efficient ones of the state. Modest and content he says: "I have written, or rather made, poetry since my boy-

Exchange Bank

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Transac's a General Banking Business.

DRAFTS ISSUED.

Loans and Collections made at Reasonable Rates.

A Gift to Every Family

To the Value of One Dollar

IF YOU WILL RENEW or become a subscriber to THE HERALD for 1899, and send us call and pay \$1.25, we will send you THE HOUSEHOLD MAGAZINE from January 1899, to January 1900. This is a gift to your family worth fully one dollar.

THE HERALD FOR '899 . . . \$1.00
THE HOUSEHOLD FOR 1899 . . . \$1.00

WE WILL GIVE YOU these two publications for the price of only one, viz., \$1.25.

WE HAVE ASKED the publishers of The Household to send you a sample copy, that you may read for yourself its Stories of Home Life, its Facts and Incidents, its Editorial and Miscellaneous Articles, its Mothers' and Children's Pages, House Furnishing, Housekeeping, Cooking Articles, and many Recipes.

ONE EDITOR has said of The Household: "I believe it would be found in a million homes if only as many homes knew about it." Another editor says: "The Household has no superior of its class. Its stories are pure and elevating in tone. Its selections cover a wide field, and are both entertaining and instructive. It ranks among the best of Home Papers."

THIS IS THE PUBLICATION that is offered to you as a gift by us if you will renew or become a subscriber to THE HERALD for 1899. If you are already a subscriber to The Household, then your subscription must be paid to Dec. 31, 1898, at the regular rate of one dollar per year.

hood, but until the last ten years have put but little on the paper," and again "I have no cause for morbid fancies. If I write at all it must come as the robin sings." His volume "Driftwood" is his only publication.

His Life Was Saved.

Mr. J. E. Lilly, a prominent citizen of Hannibal, Mo., lately had a wonderful deliverance from a frightful death. In telling of it he says: "I was taken with Typhoid Fever, that ran into Pneumonia. My lungs became hardened. I was so weak I couldn't even sit up in bed. Nothing helped me. I expected to soon die of Consumption, when I heard of Dr. King's New Discovery. One bottle gave relief. I continued to use it, and am well and strong, I can't say too much in its praise." This marvellous medicine is the surest and the quickest cure in the world for all Throat and Lung Trouble. Regular sizes 50 cents and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at T. E. Slattery's Drug Store; every bottle guaranteed. 2711m

Volcanic Eruptions

Are grand, but Skin Eruptions rob life of joy. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, cures them; also Old, Running and Fever Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Felons, Corns, Warts, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Chapped Hands, Chilblains. Best Pile cure on earth. Drives out Pains and Aches. Only 25cts. a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by T. E. Slattery Druggist. 2711m

No Right to Ugliness.

The woman who is lovely in face, form and temper will always have friends, but one who would be attractive must keep her health. If she is weak, sickly and all run down, she will be nervous and irritable. If she has constipation or kidney trouble, her impure blood will cause pimples, blotches, skin eruptions and a wretched complexion. Electric Bitters is the best medicine in the world to regulate stomach, liver and kidneys and to purify the blood. It gives strong nerves, bright eyes, smooth, velvety skin, rich complexion. It will make a good looking, charming woman of a run-down invalid. Only 50 cents at T. E. Slattery's Drug Store. 2711m

Bismarck's Iron Nerve

Was the result of his splendid health. Indomitable will and tremendous energy are not found where Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels are out of order. If you want these qualities and the success they bring, use Dr. King's New Life Pills. They develop every power of brain and body. Only 25c at T. E. Slattery's Drug Store. 2711m

La Grippe Successfully Treated.

"I have just recovered from the second attack of la grippe this year," says Mr. Jas. A. Jones, publisher of the Leader, Mexia, Texas. "In the latter case I used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and I think with considerable success, only being in bed a little over two days against ten days for the former attack. The second attack I am satisfied would have been equally as bad as the first but for the use of this remedy as I had to go to bed in about six hours after being 'struck' with it, while in the first case I was able to attend to business about two days before getting 'down.'" For sale by Culver City Drug Store. 2711m.

How to Prevent Pneumonia.

You are perhaps aware that pneumonia always results from a cold or from an attack of la grippe. During the epidemic of la grippe a few years ago when so many cases resulted in pneumonia, it was observed that the attack was never followed by that disease when Chamberlain's Cough Remedy was used. It counteracts any tendency of a cold or la grippe to result in that dangerous disease. It is the best remedy in the world for bad colds and la grippe. Every bottle warranted. For sale by Culver City Drug Store. 2711m.

Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine.



Rotary Motion and Ball Bearings.



For sale by W. S. Easterday.

WAR A GAIN.

Not alone on high prices but on Cheap Goods. I handle the best goods obtainable and make prices as low as possible; quality considered.

A FEW OF MY SPECIALTIES.

Butterfly Flour, Butterfly Mocha and Java Coffee, Butterfly Canned Goods, Butterfly Dried Fruits, Gold Band Coffee, Pancake Flour, Buckwheat Flour, Oysters, Celery, Chickens, Hams, Green Fruits

HOLIDAY GOODS.

Come and see them, and endless variety. Candies of all prices from the cheapest to the best. Also nuts of all kinds. My guarantee goes with my goods. Quality and prices are all right.

Queensware a Speciality.

Yours for GOOD GOODS,

H. J. MEREDITH

195

Men's Fine Beautifully Trimmed Absolutely all Wool, Blue or Black Kersey Overcoats Silk Lined throughout at

\$7.85

That are, and by right should be \$12 and \$14 values. We are cleaning out all winter goods at Half Price.

M. LAUER & SON, Plymouth, Ind.

For bargains in building lots for summer resort purposes in or near Culver, address J. A. MOLTER, Plymouth, Ind.

MARBAUGH BROS.,

Monterey, Ind.

HEADQUARTERS for all kinds of Shelf Hardware, Agricultural Implements, Harness, Buggies and Birdsell Wagons.

STOVES of all kinds and prices, among them Air Tights and the Celebrated ROUND OAK HEATER. For a neat and serviceable stove, at a reasonable price, don't fail to see us.

It will be a pleasure for us to show goods and quote prices. Marbaugh Bros.

HENRY BORN, HORSESHOER

and BLACKSMITH.

Shop opposite Gandy's livery barn.

All kinds of repair work promptly attended to.

CULVER, INDIANA.

Culver City Harness Store

Is the place for your HARNESS GOODS.

A large stock to select from. Heavy and light Harness, Nets, Harness Oil, Axle Grease, Trunks, Satchels, Dusters, Brushes, etc.

Live and Let Live, is my principles.

Thanking you for your liberal patronage and desiring a continuance of same

HAYDEN REA, Prop.

Call at the ARGOS HOUSE

When in Argos, for First Class Accommodations. Prices Very Reasonable. Menu First Class.

ARGOS, - - IND.

Clemens & Wertz, Experienced Blacksmiths.

Horseshoeing a Specialty. Horses warranted not to interfere and work guaranteed. Prices to suit the times. Our Motto "Live and Let Live."

CULVER, INDIANA.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

Col. Fleet and wife returned from Virginia today.

Read what Kloefer has to say in another column.

Horrible agony is caused by Piles, Burns and Skin Diseases. These are immediately relieved and quickly cured by De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve. Beware of worthless imitations. For sale by Culver City Drug Store. 2711m.

Read Allman's add in another column.

Coughing injures and inflames sore lungs. One Minute Cough Cure loosens the cold, allays coughing and heals quickly. The best cough cure for children. For sale by Culver City Drug Store. 2711m.

The passenger train north this morning, was delayed thirty minutes between De-Long and Culver, owing to a broken side rod on the engine.

The smallest things may exert the greatest influence. De Witt's Little Early Risers are unequalled for overcoming constipation and liver troubles. Small pill, best pill, safe pill. For sale by Culver City Drug Store. 2711m.

A change of time on the Logansport and Terre Haute railroad, will take effect next week.

La Grippe is again epidemic. Every precaution should be taken to avoid it. Its specific cure is One Minute Cough Cure. A. J. Sheperd, Publisher Agricultural Journal and Advertiser, Eleden, Mo., says: "No one will be disappointed in using One Minute Cough Cure for La Grippe." Pleasant to take, quick to act. For sale at Slattery's Drug Store. 2711m.

Solid Business House, With a Lucrative Patronage.

Nearly four years ago, H. J. Meredith rented his farm southeast of this city, and having purchased the grocery stock of Daniel Zechiel, moved here and took charge of the same.

As Mr. Meredith knew nothing about the business, having farmed all his life, it was predicted by the wise and knowing ones that he would be short lived, when he came in contact with the sagacious business men of the city whose life had been spent in commercial pursuits. But our farmer boy took off his coat and with determination started in to master every detail of the business, and how well he has succeeded can best be judged by his large patronage which is increasing constantly as the years roll around. There is nothing in the grocery lines he does not keep on his shelves, and in the queensware line he cannot be excelled in this county. Everybody knows Meredith for miles around and his reputation for honest and upright dealing between man and man is so firmly established, that the smallest child receives the same courteous, and honest treatment that is accorded all of the numerous patrons of this up-to-date establishment. Buying all his goods for spot cash, enables him to compete with all competitors so far as prices goes, and the public has long since learned that they can secure the "paying end" of the bargain at Meredith's.

Combination Sale at Fairview Stock Farm.

There will be a combination sale at the Fairview Stock Farm, at Kewanee, Jan. 24th, and continue until all is sold. There will be 18 head of mares and geldings, weighing from 1200 to 1800 pounds, fat and in fine condition. A number of high class road horses, brood mares, and horses for all purposes; 10 jersey and durham cows, some are and will be fresh in the Spring; 15 head of 2 and 3 year old heifers, some will be fresh; 1 durham, 4 year old bull; 1 two year old durham Bull; 1 short-horn bull, coming 3 year old; 21 head of cattle, coming 2 year old; 148 head of ewes, bred and believed to be with lamb; 6 brood sows, well bred; 25 fall shoats. This is only a part of what will be offered for sale, as we have a promise of entries that will double this entire list. Come and help yourself. Highest bidder is the buyer.

HENDERSON BROS. Prop's.

Enoch Mow, Auctioneer.

Paul Perry of, Columbus, Ga., suffered agony for thirty years, and then cured his Piles by using DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It heals injuries and skin diseases like magic. For sale at Slattery's Drug Store. 2711m.

SPECIAL PRICES FOR THIS MONTH TO MAKE ROOM FOR SPRING STOCK.
PORTER & COMPANY.

Mr. S. A. Fackler, Editor of the Micanopy (Fla.) Hustler, with his wife and children, suffered terribly from La Grippe. One Minute Cough Cure was the only remedy that helped them. It acted quickly. Thousands of others use this remedy as a specific for La Grippe, and its exhausting after effects. For sale at Slattery's Drug Store. 2711m.

Millinery Bargains.

A Chance for a Life Time. We are Closing out our Entire Stock of FINE UP-TO-DATE MILLINERY at 1/2 to 1/3 the Regular Prices.



Trimmed Hats & Bonnets.
Patterns Included
\$3.00 for Hats that were cheap at \$9, \$10, \$12.
\$2.00 for Hats that would sell at \$5, \$6 and \$7.
\$1.00 for Hats that were made to sell at \$3, \$4.



Ronnd Hats, Walking Hats, Sailor, Roman Toques, Hoods, Tanis, Caps, Felt and Velvet Dress Shapes, Plumes Tips, Fancy Feathers, Ornaments, Silks, Velvets, Ribbons and all the Latest Millinery Trimmings. All this Seasons Stock. No Trash.

You will Find no Such Bargains Elsewhere.

Remember the Place, L. E. DIAL,
219 Mich. St.,
Plymouth, Ind.

These are dangerous times for the health. Croup, colds and throat troubles lead rapidly to Consumption. A bottle of One Minute Cough Cure used at the right time will preserve life, health and a large amount of money. Pleasant to take; children like it. For sale at Slattery's Drug Store. 2711m.

THREE DOCTORS IN CONSULTATION.
From Benjamin Franklin.
"When you are sick, what you like best is to be chosen for a medicine in the first place; what experience tells you is best, to be chosen in the second place; what reason (i. e., Theory) says is best is to be chosen in the last place. But if you can get Dr. Inclination, Dr. Experience and Dr. Reason to hold a consultation together, they will give you the best remedy that can be taken."

Many household is saddened by death because of the failure to keep on hand a safe and absolutely certain cure for croup such as One Minute Cough Cure.



Dr. Shellhamer,
SPECIALIST OF WABASH will be at the Morris House, Culver, Ind., on
Thursday, Jan. 26th, 1899.

prepared to treat all forms of Chronic Diseases. All are invited to call upon the Dr. as it will cost you nothing and might result in permanent and lasting good to you. The doctor has been located at Wabash for 30 years and is endorsed by all who know him. Remember the date, Thursday, January 26th. Examinations and consultation free.

Grip's Ravages Doomed.
So much misery and so many deaths have been caused by the Grip, that every one should know what a wonderful remedy for this malady is found in Dr. King's New Discovery. That distressing stubborn cough, that inflames your throat, robs you of sleep, weakens your system and paves the way for Consumption is quickly stopped by this matchless cure. If you have chills and fever, pain in the back of the head, soreness in bones and muscles, sore throat and that cough that grips your throat like a vice, you need Dr. King's New Discovery to cure your Grip, and prevent Pneumonia or Consumption. Price 50cts and \$1.00. Money back if not cured. A trial bottle free at Slattery's drug store. 2963.

We'll Stir Things Up

pretty lively this winter and we have prepared to keep things hot all the time in the shoe business.

Shoes for all kinds of weather. Shoes for all kinds of work. Shoes for Sunday and party wear. Shoes for school and play.

The shoes we'll offer are the sort that make your feet glad. And we wish to tell you right now, that although they come from the best makers we can save you money on all your shoe purchases.

SEE "Selz" on the Sole of the shoes that you buy.
Selz Shoes
make your feet glad.

PORTER & COMPANY.

HAYES & SON,
PROPRIETORS OF
Livery, Feed and Sale Stable.

First Class Horses, Buggies and Vehicles of every description. Can stable from 50 to 75 Horses and shelter.

Culver, Indiana.

ROSS HOUSE
PLYMOUTH, ND.
Only First-Class House in the City. Rates Reasonable
Special rates given to Marshall county citizens, who come in numbers.
Hacks to and from all trains.
J. B. Bowell, Proprietor.

Kloefer's New York Store!

Our Invoice is Taken, Results Very Satisfactory.
We are a little jubilant and will celebrate by inaugurating the Greatest
Muslin Unnerwear Sale Ever attempted in so small a city. It is a fact that in this sale we will sell Gowns, Drawers, Skirts, Corset Corus, Emphaticllay and Unmistakably at prices less than the material would cost. Gowns for 25c to 99c. Skirts from 39c to 99c. Corset Corus from 8c to 39c. Drawers from 25c to 75c. Children's Drawers, 8c.
KLOEPFER'S CULVER STORE.

A BABY'S LOOK.

Off I sit and try to conjure
Up the fancies.
The old memories that he
Must be heir to when he rests his
World-wise glances,
As he often does, on me,
Are there dim old recollections
Of another,
Of a fairer place than earth
That come trooping in upon him—
Of the mother
Who forsook him at his birth?

Who shall fathom the deep meaning
Of the look
That is often in his eyes?
Is his mind surcharged with wisdom
From some book
That he studied in the skies?
Does he have his dim old memories
Of a time
That is fair and far away,
As I've had them, as you've had them
In your time—
As we still do—who shall say?
S. E. Kiser, in Cleveland Leader.

The Surrender of Joshua

STORY WITH A MORAL.

When a widow puts a notice on her window to the effect that there is accommodations within for a respectable single man it usually means mischief. It is the old, old invitation of the spider to the fly. How on earth could a mere, ordinary, inexperienced, guileless single man be otherwise than clay in the hands of Mrs. Potter.

Originally a Whelks, she had married in the first place a Higson, and in the second the late, not unduly unlamented Potter.

The grass on the grave of the latter having now begun to grow quite luxuriantly, the relict considered that to remain a widow any longer would be sheer waste of time and opportunity. Hence the card—six inches by four—with the announcement referred to.

"The rest," said Mrs. Potter, "I leave to Providence."

And Providence, thus piously invoked, responded with Joshua Jebbings.

Mrs. Potter summed him up in one word. "Ginger," she commented complacently, "and I never knowed a ginger man or boy with what you could call a sperrit."

Indeed, so satisfactory was the general outlook that she began picking the craze tucks off her best merino without further delay.

During the first few weeks Joshua Jebbings rubbed his hands and felt he was in clover. His new landlady "did" for him as he had never been "done" for before. When he came in from work—he was a "wheelwright to his trade"—there was his dinner ready to the minute. As soon as he opened the door the savory smell of onions, or the cheerful sound of sausages, or some other dainty, frizzling in the frying pan, saluted him, while there was nearly always a lettuce fresh pulled for his tea.

He was an unassuming individual, was Joshua, and so was conscious at times of a vague presentiment that this was a condition of affairs too good to last. It was Joe Whibble who first opened his eyes to the snare that was being spread for him.

"Recon ye'll be for putting up the banns 'fore long," remarked this worthy, with a significant wink.

"Banns!" exclaimed Joshua. "I ain't got nothink to do with banns, I ain't."

Unabashed by the array of negatives Joe executed another wink of even deadlier significance, but contented himself with the skeptical monosyllable, "G'arn."

This was all that passed at that time, but Joshua went home with the ominous word "banns" rankling in his breast.

He was very silent over his tea, except when a bone went the wrong way. His landlady kept an intermittent watch on him out of the corner of her eye.

"It's about time I give 'im a 'int," she thought. "Time's getting on, and Whitsuntide'd do as well as not."

It was at this moment that Mr. Jebbings, looking up, caught her eye. But for the poison instilled into his mind by Joe Whibble, it was probable that he would have seen nothing particular in it. As it was, it seemed to look "banns" at him—which was worse than daggers. Mr. Jebbings choked again, partly from emotion and partly owing to another misdirected fish bone.

Mrs. Potter sighed a sigh of fond reminiscence.

"I declare, if you don't remind me for all the world of Higson. Wonderful one he were to choke. I've knowed him to go black in the face over a red herring. And more'n once he's brought my heart into my mouth with an apple core. But for all that, he lived to die in his bed."

As soon as supper was over Joshua slipped out and sought solace and security at the Ham and Chicken. Joe was there, and to him Mr. Jebbings—after the usual interchange of opinions on the weather, the crops and the prices of pigs—put in a poser.

"S'posin' a wid—that is a woman—least ways a female makes up her

mind to marry a man and he won't have her, what then?"

"As a general rule," responded the oracle, after seeking inspiration at the bottom of his blue and white earthenware pint mug, "as a general rule she marries him all the same."

Mr. Jebbings rasped his chin despondently with the back of his hand.

"Ain't there no way of choking her off?" he asked, desperately.

"Depends whether she's single or a widder," replied Joe with an expression of deep meaning.

"S'pose we allows, just for the sake o' argyment, as she is a widder."

"Then," said Joe, slowly and emphatically, "my advice is 'look it.'"

Joshua Jebbings quitted the Ham and Chicken strung up to the pitch of giving his landlady a week's notice. By the time he reached the corner of his road his resolution was oozing fast; there was hardly a vestige of it left as he raised the latch.

The first thing that met his too-conscious gaze was Mrs. Potter.

"If it's all the same to you," put in Mr. Jebbings, with considerable trepidation, "if it's all the same to you, I— I'm thinking of leaving you this day week if— if no objection," he concluded lamely.

"Bless us and save us all!" exclaimed Mrs. Potter.

"Goo—good night," answered Mr. Jebbings, executing a retrograde movement in the direction of the staircase; 'never mind about getting me a candle, and—I shan't be wanting any supper."

"Here, you come back—"

The words floated after him, and had the effect of making him quicken his steps.

"Thank goodness, that's over," he thought as he bolted himself in. "I wish next week was over and done with, too. Wonder whether she's taking on much?"

"Somebody's bin and put him up to this," reflected the lady. "Well, after all, I dunno's it matters much." * * *

It was a four-roomed house, two downstairs and two up. The one for which Mr. Jebbings paid a weekly rent was at the back, overlooking a patch of kitchen garden. There was a pigsty in the farthest left-hand corner, and some early fowls were clucking around after early worms. It was a fine morning, and Mr. Jebbings admired the limited but promising prospect in the intervals of his toilet.

"Them peas is coming on wonderful!" he mused. "Recon they'll soon be fit for picking, and with a biled gammon o' bacon there'd be a dinner for a lord mayor. Take her round and give her her doo, she's a fine figure of a woman, though a rife run to fat, and the best hand at a Yorkshire pudden I've come across since I lost pore mother. Wonder what she's got for breakfast? Hullo! What's up with the door?"

Then he remembered that he had bolted it over night. He drew back the bolt, but still the door refused to open, though he shook and shoved vigorously. He was glad to hear a substantial tread upon the stairs, and hailed its owner through the keyhole.

"Something's gone wrong with the door—it's stuck somehow so's I can't open it."

"No, 'tain't," was the answer. "It's locked, that's what's the matter with it."

"That's queer" said Mr. Jebbings. "I never locked it, not to my knowledge."

"But I did," was the startling reply. "I locked it, and the key's in my pocket, and there it's going to stop till you knows your own mind."

And with that she turned and creaked down stairs again.

"Here's a pretty howdy do," observed Mr. Jebbings, as soon as he grasped the situation. "Bin and locked me in."

"I'll take and kick that door down, blamed if I won't," he declared furiously.

So he kicked—kicked hard and recklessly—with the result that in less than half a minute later he was sitting on the floor nursing his foot and loudly anathematizing widows in general and Mrs. Potter in particular, so that the voice of the latter, speaking outside of the door, took him quite by surprise.

"Yes, you may kick Joshua Jebbings, only remember whatever damage you does you pay for. And you can cuss'n swear, too, if you finds it helps you any. Hungry, are you? Serves you right. S'pose you thought you was going to carry on jest as you liked, and sneak off with a week's notice. That's where you made a mistake. I ain't no worm to be trampled on, I ain't. So there you stops till you thinks better of it."

The morning wore away somehow, and the church clock struck 12. Half-past was Mr. Jebbings' dinner time. She was bound to let him out for dinner, he told himself repeatedly. She'd never dare to make him miss two meals. It would be altogether too— He could hear her setting the table. How many was she setting it for? Now the frying pan was on again. A few minutes Mr. Jebbings began to sniff the air like a war horse scenting the battle afar. But what he sniffed was not fire and carnage, but liver and bacon. His nostrils curled with rapture.

There was a step on the stairs, a substantial step, that made his heart beat and the stairs creak. It came on and on, and stopped outside his

door. Mr. Jebbings waited anxiously to hear the key inserted in the lock, but instead there came a thump, and a voice saluting him by name.

"Joshua Jebbings, you there?"

"Well, that's good," observed the captive, sotto voce, "how'n I to be anywhere else, I'd like to know, seeing she've bin and locked me in?" I only wish I wasn't."

"Howbeit," he answered meekly enough.

"Yes'm."

"Dinner's ready," was the announcement.

Mr. Jebbings licked his lips in anticipation.

"So'm I," he replied eagerly—"ready and waiting."

"Ready to have the banns put up Sunday?"

"Banns! Sunday!" in a muffled staccato. Then with a burst of decision, "No, I'm jiggered if I am."

"Very well, then."

And to his horror he heard the steps retreating from the door and down the stairs to the kitchen. Mr. Jebbings gave way to despair.

"So she means to keep me shut up yer til I give in! Weel," taking himself into his confidence, as it were, and speaking in a tone of despondency, mingled with reluctant admiration, "she's a one, that's what she is! I s'pose," he continued reflectively, "I s'pose she's a matter o' five or six years older'n me, and weighs, maybe, a couple o' stum more. Ought to be 't'other way round if a chap's to have any chance. Banns! Next Sunday! I should like to catch her at it. I'm sorry now I didn't take and marry Prisciller Potts matter o' ten year back. She was dreadful set on me at one time was Prisciller, and then I shouldn't never a-bin in this fix."

At 3 o'clock Mr. Jebbings gave up and took to his bed. At 4 o'clock the voice of his landlady drew him from between the sheets and lured him to the window. She was talking to a neighbor over the wall, and her words penetrated to his ear with bloodcurdling distinctness.

"Yes, Mrs. Kirby, you're right, that rain last week have made the peas come on wonderful. And my hens have been laying better'n regeler than I've ever knowed 'em, and I've got a beautiful side o' bacon left over from my last pig. Altogether, one way'n other, I've been pretty forch'nut this year, and I don't fancy all the luck's used up neither. Maybe you'll be hearing some news 'fore long that'll s'prise you. No, I ain't going to let it out yet, and 'tain't no use your trying to guess. Anyhow, I must run in now, for the kittle's on the bile, and I seem to fancy a rasher with my tea."

Mr. Jebbings shook his fist at her retreating figure.

"D'ye hear that now?" he demanded of an invisible second party. "Sausages for breakfast, and liver and bacon for dinner, and 'seems to fancy a rasher with her tea! Why, she's a puffed horsestretch! Come to that," with hungry sarcasm, "d'essay I could fancy one with mine. Blame it, I could fancy a whole pig! Look yer, now, I ain't going to stand this. Banns or no banns, I ain't going to starve upstairs while she gorges herself down. After all, she's a fust-rate cook, and that's more'n you could say of Prisciller. And you've got to consider your meals fust, and if she feeds me as well afterward as she's done up till now, maybe I won't have much to complain of."

A few minutes later, Mrs. Potter, coming to the door and making an announcement, via the keyhole, to the effect that tea was ready, received his submission in due form.

"If you've set your mind on them there banns, I dunno's I've anything to say agen 'em."

And this is how Mrs. Potter, late Higson, nee Whelks, came to change her name for the third time.—Belgravia.

Old Waverly Abbey.

Waverly—not the novel, but the famous abbey near Farnham—is occupying the attention of the Survey Archaeological Society, and excavations among the ruins executed under its supervision have resulted in some interesting discoveries. The foundations of the church and the outline of the monks' dormitories have been laid bare, as have also the kitchens and disciplinary cells. In the cloister, opposite the chapter house door, the coffin was found of William Manduit, the third Baron of Hanslope, and king's chamberlain, whose burial took place in 1154, as recorded in the annals of Waverly. Several others were also uncovered. These coffins were not of stone, as is usual in English abbeys, but of oak; and the wood was almost as sound as on the day it was laid in the earth. Many other objects of interest have been brought to light during the excavations, including some painted window glass, with portions of the lead casements in which they had been fixed; a large number of floor tiles, many of which had designs on them; besides a great store of fragments of mediæval pottery, of some considerable interest, and other objects illustrative of the domestic life of a monastery. The excavations so far have shown such good results that the council of the society has decided to continue the work next year if sufficient funds are forthcoming.—

INDIANA INCIDENTS.

RECORD OF EVENTS OF THE PAST WEEK.

Natural Gas Causes Fires—What Hog Cholera Has Cost the Farmers—Growth of Discovery by Railroad Men—Cruel Mode of Revenge.

Marion had six fires the other day. Some were caused by increased pressure of the natural gas when the families were absent from home. One fire was in an empty dwelling which had contained no fire for a week, and was the work of an incendiary. The Kelley chair factory was slightly damaged. The most disastrous fire was the Boller ice cream factory, which burned to the ground. The residence of Albert Boller, the proprietor of the factory, also burned, together with all its contents. The family was rescued by the neighbors, who broke the doors down and dragged them out of bed.

Hog Cholera Costs Millions.

A bulletin issued by the experiment station of Purdue University is to the effect that 900,000 hogs, valued at \$5,000,000, have died in the State from cholera. The disease has been general over the State, but has subsided somewhat at the present time. During the past two years the station used 4,300 pounds of "guaranteed cholera cure" without finding a practical remedy in any one of them.

Body in Box Sent as Freight.

A mysterious box of storage freight was opened at Evansville at the Louisville and Evansville and St. Louis freight house, and a dismembered body was found. The head, legs, arms and a portion of the trunk were found. The box containing the cadaver was shipped to "E. L. Thurman," from St. Louis. No such party can be found in Evansville.

Tie a Horse on the Tracks.

James Hannon went to a social function in Monroe township. When he went to get his buggy to go home he found it chopped to splinters. The leather parts were stripped and the horse was gone. He found it later tied in the center of the Lake Erie and Western Railroad tracks. A barb wire fence was constructed around it. The train was due in fifteen minutes.

Within Our Borders.

Elwood's new high school building cost \$53,000.

A loss of \$6,000 was entailed by a fire at Milford which burned the Cottage Hotel.

Charles Hunt, who escaped from jail at Delhi a few weeks ago, has been recaptured.

George A. Goodrich, prominent turfman, died at Shelbyville from paralysis of the heart.

Kittie Stephenson of Demotte, aged 10 years, was burned to death by fire from the kitchen stove.

Henry Hynes of Stewartville has probably the largest hog in Posey County. It weighs 800 pounds.

George D. Noise, aged 16, shot and probably fatally injured Ray Miller, a prominent citizen of Bluffton.

All the money necessary to construct an electric railway between Hartford City and Noblesville has been raised.

Charles J. Fink, a contractor, was found dead at the Hotel Arlington in Goshen, having been asphyxiated by gas.

At Marion, Miss Nellie Jacobs, 19 years old, while lighting a fire fell into the grate. She was seriously burned.

At Shelbyville, Ada Henry was burned to death from a lamp explosion. Mrs. Richard Thurber will lose both hands.

Van Patten & Kerr's dry goods and department store at Anderson was destroyed by fire. Loss \$40,000, insurance \$18,000.

At Indianapolis, a company with \$500,000 capital stock has been formed to develop the gold-bearing resources of Morgan County.

Joseph Buskirk wrote to a cousin that he would come to Martinsville, the home of his wife and children, and commit suicide. He kept his promise.

The William H. Noff washing machine factory at Cowan was damaged \$10,000 by fire, with but \$3,000 insurance. The fire started from an explosion in an asphalt vat and three men were slightly burned. Two buildings and the office were burned.

After one week's service as pastor of the First Baptist church of Crawfordsville, the Rev. W. W. Hicks has resigned his charge, stating as his reason that he has received a call to the Baptist Church of Flint, Mich., which pays him \$500 a year more than Crawfordsville.

At Brazil, F. O. Marshall of Sidney, Iowa, died from erysipelas, said to have been caused by nursing his son. Young Marshall was so overcome by his father's death that he will also die.

The body of Joseph P. Patton, whose home is in Chicago, was found floating in the river near the city limits of Marion. Patton was an inmate of the national soldiers' home there, and in November received back pension money to the amount of \$500. On election day he left the home to go out near the entrance to vote and had not been seen or heard from since.

While out hunting in the dismal swamp twelve miles west of Anderson, Frank Holbrook and others saw a man very coarsely clad and ill kept come out of the side of a hill. He saw them and attempted to cover his trail. They went to the place and found an opening. On entering they found three large apartments under ground. A few moments later while Holbrook was in the passage the wild man returned. They glared at each other a few minutes and then, reaching out his hand, the stranger said: "Let us be friends. You are the first man I have spoken to for twenty-six years." Later he said that his name was Spitzmeitzer and that he was an exile on account of a love affair, which he refused to discuss. He said he was able to get a good living in

Germany and Asia Minor.

It is inevitable that Asia Minor shall eventually pass from Mohammedanism, and whether Germany accomplishes the task or not, the Sultan must yield to a Christian nation. It is just as inevitable that diseases of the digestive organs must yield to Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which are usually called dyspepsia, constipation and biliousness.

New Fabric for Garments.

A fabric for garments that will keep the skin cool and prevent excessive perspiration has been produced by Dr. Ferd Linneborn of Hagen, Germany, after many experiments. It has an inner non-absorbent surface of threads of paraffined linen and an outer surface of wool threads whose power has been increased by removal of the natural oil.

In Winter Use Allen's Foot-Ease.

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. During winter your feet feel uncomfortable, nervous, and often cold and damp. If you have perspiring, smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It warms and rests the feet and makes walking easy. Cures swollen and sweating feet, blisters and callous spots. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and is a certain cure for chilblains and frost bites. Try it to-day. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25c. Trial package mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Capt. Peary speaks of the great distance that sounds can be heard during intense cold. Often, he says, in the arctic regions he heard people converse in a common voice at the distance of a mile.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury.

Mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the danger they do is tenfold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free. Sold by Druggists, 75c. per bottle.

The will of W. H. Winning, a well-known philanthropist of Woburn, Mass., established a large orphan asylum in East Cambridge, that State.

Lane's Family Medicine

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

The largest wrought-iron pillar is at Delhi, in India. It is sixty feet high and weighs seventeen tons.

I shall recommend Piso's Cure for Consumption far and wide.—Mrs. Mulligan, Plumstead, Kent, England, Nov. 8, 1895.

No work is so truly an art work, as that which was cast for love of art.

Warm Blood

Coursing through the veins feeds, nourishes and sustains all the organs, nerves, muscles and tissues of the body. Hood's Sarsaparilla makes warm, rich, pure blood. It is the best medicine you can take in winter. It tones, invigorates, strengthens and fortifies the whole body, preventing colds, fevers, pneumonia, grip.

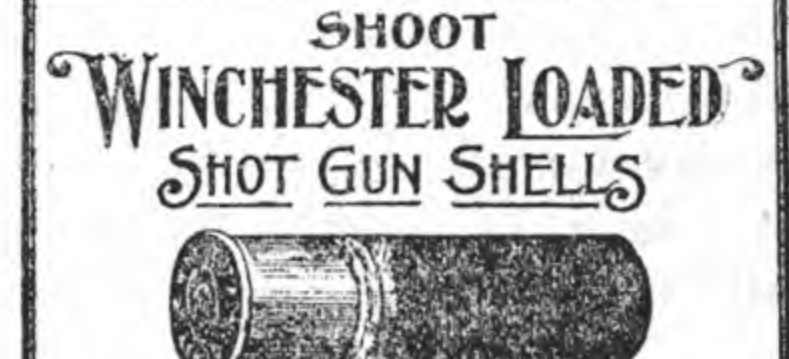
Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Medicine. Price \$1. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills cure sick headache. 25 cents.



It Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles 25 cents and 50 cents.



USED BY ALL THE CHAMPION SHOTS. FREE. SEND NAME ON A POSTAL CARD, FOR 152 PAGE ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE. WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS CO. 180 WINCHESTER AVE., NEW HAVEN, CONN.

WHEAT! WHEAT! WHEAT!

Nothing but wheat as far as the eye could reach on either side—what you might call a sea of wheat—was what a lecturer, speaking of Western Canada, said while referring to that country. For particulars as to routes, railway fares, etc., apply to C. J. Broughton, 1223 Monmouth Bldg., Chicago, Ill.; T. O. Currie, Stevens Point, Wis.; M. V. McInnes, No. 1 Merrill Bldg., Detroit, Mich.; D. Caven, Bad Axe, Mich.; or Jas. Grievie, R. 2 ed. (By. Mich.; N. Burlington, 306 3rd St., Des Moines, Iowa, Agents.

Sure Cure for Colds

When the children get their feet wet and take cold give them a hot foot bath, a bowl of hot drink, a dose of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and put them to bed. The chances are they will be all right in the morning. Continue the Cherry Pectoral a few days, until all cough has disappeared.

Old coughs are also cured; we mean the coughs of bronchitis, weak throats and irritable lungs. Even the hard coughs of consumption are always made easy and frequently cured by the continued use of

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Every doctor knows that wild cherry bark is the best remedy known to medical science for soothing and healing inflamed throats and lungs.

Put one of Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Plasters over your lungs

The Best Medical Advice Free!

We now have some of the most eminent physicians in the United States. Unusual opportunities and long experience eminently fit them for giving you medical advice. Write freely all the particulars in your case. Address, Dr. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

SYRUP OF FIGS



THE EXCELLENCE OF SYRUP OF FIGS is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guaranty of the excellence of its remedy. It is far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not gripe nor nauseate. In order to get its beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company—

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.

DYSPEPSIA.

Geo. S. Scully, of 75 Nassau street, New York, says: "For years I have been troubled with rheumatism and dyspepsia, and I came to the conclusion to try your pills. I immediately found great relief from their use. I feel like a new man since I commenced taking them, and would not now be without them. The drowsy sleep I used to have has entirely disappeared. The dyspepsia has left me and my rheumatism is gone entirely. I am satisfied if anyone so afflicted will give Radway's Pills a trial they will surely cure them, for I believe all comes from the system being out of order—the liver not doing its work."

RADWAY'S PILLS

Cure all Disorders of the Stomach, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Dizziness, Constipation, Piles, also

SICK HEADACHE, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, BILIOUSNESS, INDICATION, CONSTIPATION,

And all disorders of the Liver. 25c per box, at druggists or by mail. RADWAY & CO., 55 Elm St., N. Y. Be sure to get "RADWAY'S," and see that the name is on what you buy.

ASTHMA

POPHAM'S ASTHMA SPECIFIC Gives relief in FIVE minutes. Send for a FREE trial package. Sold by Druggists. One Box sent postpaid on receipt of \$1.00. Six boxes \$6.00. Address THOS. POPHAM, PHILA., PA.

JOSEPH CHOATE NOMINATED.

President Names Him as Ambassador to Great Britain.

The President on Wednesday sent to the Senate the nomination of Joseph H. Choate to be ambassador to Great Britain.

Joseph H. Choate stands at the head of the legal profession in this country as a practicing attorney. He has no peer as an after-dinner talker. Mr. Choate is a New Englander by birth and by reason of a long line of ancestors. He was born in 1832 and early in life started out to win a name independently of any virtue or renown which his father, the learned Dr. Choate, had won. He graduated at



JOSEPH H. CHOATE.

Harvard with high honors and immediately began the practice of law. Senator Evarts heard his first pleading and was so amazed by it that he prevailed upon the young barrister to form a partnership with him. Not many years after this partnership was formed Choate could sign his check for \$1,000,000 and still leave enough in the bank to make the ordinary lawyer rich the balance of his life.

Choate has appeared in many of the greatest cases of the past twenty years. He was instrumental in breaking up the Tweed ring, made the argument for Fitz-John Porter, defended Gen. Csesola in the famous criminal libel suit brought by Gaston Fenner, argued the Stokes will case, was a leading spirit in the Tilden will case, and his opinion was sought in the Behring sea controversy.

BEVERIDGE FOR SENATOR.

Indiana Republican Solons Nominate Him in Caucus.

The Indiana Republican caucus nominated Albert J. Beveridge of Indianapolis for United States Senator on the twelfth ballot.

Albert J. Beveridge was born on a farm in Highland County, Ohio, in 1863. He is a self-made man, having worked his way up. Great privations enabled him to attend Depauw University, from which he



ALBERT J. BEVERIDGE.

was graduated with distinction. On locating in Indianapolis Beveridge entered the law office of Senator McDonald.

Beveridge's career as a political speaker began during the Blaine campaign and he has since then stumped several States successfully. Since that time Beveridge has won national distinction, beginning with his address before the Union League Club of Chicago in 1895. He closed the Republican national campaign in 1896 in Chicago at the Auditorium.

URNS IN BRIBE MONEY.

Montana Senator Gives Investigating Committee \$30,000.

The managers of United States Senator Clark's campaign deny emphatically the charges made that they attempted to bribe members of the Montana State Legislature in the interest of their senatorial candidate.

The Senate and House met in joint session in Helena to hear a report of the committee appointed to investigate alleged attempts at bribing members. The committee produced and exhibited \$30,000 in \$1,000 bills, which Senator Whiteside of Flathead County claimed had been paid him and three colleagues to vote for W. A. Clark of Butte for United States Senator. The money was ordered deposited with the State treasurer, subject to the order of the Legislature.

Whiteside testified that he had induced Senator W. A. Clark of Madison County, Senator H. L. Myers of Navaho County and Representative Garr of Flathead County to see the Clark managers. According to the testimony, they had done so, and Clark received \$10,000, Myers \$10,000 and Garr \$5,000. They had given the money to Whiteside and he had turned the whole amount over to the investigating committee.

Miners' Cases Are Settled.

The seventy cases of Pana miners and citizens charged with participating in the riots of Sept. 1 and 28 last, were disposed of in the Circuit Court at Pana the other morning. State's Attorney Humphreys nolledd fifty-nine of the cases, while eleven pleaded guilty and were given sentences.

St. Jacobs Oil cures Rheumatism. St. Jacobs Oil " Neuralgia. St. Jacobs Oil " Lumbago. St. Jacobs Oil " Sciatica. St. Jacobs Oil " Sprains. St. Jacobs Oil " Bruises. St. Jacobs Oil " Soreness. St. Jacobs Oil " Stiffness. St. Jacobs Oil " Backache. St. Jacobs Oil " Muscular Aches.

His Politeness.

The young man arose from the car seat and the fat lady was in a twitter at once.

"Oh, dear me, sir, how very kind of you. I really don't feel as if I ought to take your seat. Gentlemen are so unselfish. Do you really insist?"

And she beamed at him archly. "No, ma'am," he said in a hollow voice, "I don't insist. I only got up 'cause I think th' darn steam heater under th' seat has busted!"—Cleveland Plaindealer.

A Remedy for the Grippe.

A remedy recommended for patients afflicted with the grippe is Kemp's Balsam, which is especially adapted to diseases of the throat and lungs. Do not wait for the first symptoms of the disease, but get a bottle to-day and keep it on hand for use the moment it is needed. If neglected the grippe has a tendency to bring on pneumonia. The Balsam prevents this by keeping the cough loose. All druggists sell the Balsam.

Clover sickness, a common disease that often ruins clover crops, has caused German scientists to make experiments. They now say that farmers will soon be able to inoculate their lands just as human beings may be treated.

Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!

Ask your Grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. 1/4 the price of coffee. 15c. and 25 cts. per package. Sold by all grocers.

The Oldest University.

The oldest university in the world is at Peking. It is called the "School for the Sons of the Empire." Its antiquity is very great, and a granite register consisting of stone columns, 320 in number, contains the names of 60,000 graduates.

Easy Chances.

A slip may sprain, a thump may bruise; easy chances for pain and trouble. An easy way to cure right off is to use St. Jacobs Oil. It takes no chances and knows what it can do.

In some parts of Italy the Government has to spend \$3,000 to collect \$2,000 worth of taxes.

Coughing Leads to Consumption. Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Sold in 25 and 50 cent bottles. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

Asheville.

Only Through Car Line is via Queen and Crescent Route and Southern Railway from Cincinnati.

Truth is like the sun; it may be obscured by mists, but it is, nevertheless.

24 Hours

To New Orleans or to Jacksonville via the Queen and Crescent Limited trains from Cincinnati, 54 hours through to Havana.

INCURABLE DISEASES

Many diseases considered incurable are catarrh under other names.



Simple catarrh in the head is called incurable. Consumption is catarrh of the lungs, and its victim is, no doubt, past help in the more advanced stages; but great numbers of people die of consumption needlessly. It is certain that every phase of catarrh, including many cases of consumption, are cured by the right treatment. Pe-ru-na, Dr. Hartman's great prescription, attacks catarrhal diseases scientifically and cures them. Dr. Hartman explains it fully in his books which are mailed on application. Here is a letter from Mrs. Harmering, Mazo Manie, Wis., who is one of many cured of consumption by Pe-ru-na. She says:

Pe-ru-na Medicine Co., Columbus, O.

DEAR SIRS:—"I cannot praise your remedy too highly. Last winter I had la grippe and hemorrhage of the lungs followed. All the doctors around here told me I had to die of consumption. Then I thought I would ask Dr. Hartman for advice, which I did. He prescribed Pe-ru-na for me, and I took it according to his directions and was cured. I advise everybody that is troubled with lung disease to take Dr. Hartman's treatment. I am sure they will not regret it if they do. I am now enjoying good health, and can thank Pe-ru-na for it."

35 CENTS PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION 35 CENTS

THANKFUL TO MRS. PINKHAM.

Earnest Words From Women Who Have Been Relieved of Backache—Mrs. Pinkham Warns Against Neglect.

DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have been thankful a thousand times, since I wrote you, for what your Vegetable Compound has done for me. I followed your advice carefully, and now I feel like a different person. My troubles were backache, headache, nervous tired feeling, painful menstruation and leucorrhoea.

I took four bottles of Vegetable Compound, one box of Liver Pills, and used one package of Sanative Wash, and am now well. I thank you again for the good you have done for me.—ELLA E. BRENNER, East Rochester, Ohio.

Great numbers of such letters as the above are constantly being received by Mrs. Pinkham from women who owe their health and happiness to her advice and medicine.

Mrs. Pinkham's address is Lynn, Mass. Her advice is offered free to all suffering women who are puzzled about themselves.

If you have backache don't neglect it or try heroically to "work it down," you must reach the root of the trouble, and nothing will do this so safely and surely as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Backache is accompanied by a lot of other aches and wearying sensations, but they nearly always come from the same source. Remove the cause of these distressing things, and you become well and strong. Mrs. S. J. SWANSON, of Gibson City, Ill., tells her experience in the following letter:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Before using your medicine I was troubled with headache and my back ached so that I could not rest. Your medicine is the best I have ever used; it has relieved me of my troubles, and I feel like myself again. Thanks to Lydia E. Pinkham.

"I would advise any one troubled with female weakness to take your medicine. I shall also recommend it wherever I can as a great reliever of pain."

A Million Women Have Been Benefited by Mrs. Pinkham's Advice and Medicine

"Thoughtless Folks Have the Hardest Work, but Quick Witted People Use

SAPOLIO

BAD BLOOD

"CASCARETS do all claimed for them and are a truly wonderful medicine. I have often wished for a medicine pleasant to take and at last have found it in Cascarets. Since taking them, my blood has been purified and my complexion has improved wonderfully and I feel much better in every way."—MRS. SALLIE E. SELLARS, Luttrell, Tenn.



Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken, or Grip. 10c, 25c, 50c. ... CURE CONSTIPATION. ... Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York, S. P.

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE TOBACCO HABIT.

The Success of the Season.

The Ledger Monthly

A \$1.00 MAGAZINE FOR 50 CENTS.

A Richly Illustrated and Beautiful Periodical, Covering the Whole Field of Popular Reading.

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the most wonderful production for its price. Simply to see a copy of THE LEDGER MONTHLY is to be firmly convinced that no such costly periodical has ever been offered to the public for so little money. Your sample copy will prove this to you.

Your Postmaster will show you a sample copy of THE LEDGER MONTHLY and also take your subscription for THE LEDGER MONTHLY for a whole year for only 50 cents.

Don't fail to ask your Postmaster to let you look at a sample copy, and you will be sure to give him your 50 cents for a year's subscription to THE LEDGER MONTHLY, the Great Family Magazine.

ROBERT BONNER'S SONS, Publishers, 158 Ledger Building, New York City.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. THEEVANS CHEMICAL CO. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for \$1.00, or 3 bottles, \$2.75. Circular sent on request.

PENSIONS, PATENTS, CLAIMS. JOHN W. MORRIS, WASHINGTON, D. C. Late Principal Examiner U. S. Patent Bureau. 3 yrs. in last war, 15 adjudicating claims, attorney.

Associated with SORE EYES DR. ISAAC THOMPSON'S EYE WATER. C. N. U. No 3-99

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE SAY

Turpie's Successor.
Beveridge is the winner.
The senatorial struggle is over, and the young and comparatively unknown lawyer from Indianapolis, will succeed David Turpie in the upper house of congress.

This turn of affairs was not altogether unexpected by those who had watched affairs closely during the long contest. It may be ascribed to two prime causes:

In the first place, the contest was too long and the lead taken from the start by ex-Congressman J. Frank Hanly, the most popular of the five aspirants, only resulted toward the last in intensifying and uniting the opposition to him.

THE END.

The end came on the 11th ballot. Steele and Taylor threw their strength to the young man from Indianapolis to shut out Hanly, and Beveridge had votes to spare.

The last ballot was as follows:

Beveridge 48,
Hanly 36,
Posey 5.

Albert J. Beveridge, was born on a farm in Highland county, O., in 1863. He is a self-made man, having worked his way up. Great privations enabled him to attend DePaw University, from which he graduated with distinction. While in college he won his spurs as an orator, and from that day forth his subsequent speeches and addresses have added to his fame as a brilliant and accomplished speaker. On coming to Indianapolis young Beveridge entered the law firm of Senator McDonald, where he rapidly proved his legal ability, and since then he has successfully prosecuted numerous heavy cases before the bar. His career as a political speaker began during the Blaine campaign, and he has since then stamped this and other states successfully. Since that time Mr. Beveridge has won national distinction, beginning with his address before the Union League Club, of Chicago, in 1895. He closed the republican national campaign in Chicago at the Auditorium.

The Deadly Grip

Is again abroad in the land. The air you breathe may be full of its fatal germs! Don't neglect the "Grip" or you will open the door to Pneumonia and Consumption and invite death. Its sure signs are chills with fever, headache, dull heavy pains, mucous discharges from the nose, sore throat and never-let-go cough. Don't waste precious time treating his cough with troches, tablets, or poor, cheap syrups. Cure it at once with Dr. King's New Discovery, the infallible remedy for bronchial troubles. It kills the disease germs, heals the lungs and prevents the dreaded after effects from the malady. Price 50cts and \$1.00. Money back if not cured. A trial bottle free at Slattery's Drug Store.

The PENNY MAGAZINE, New York, which is the lowest-priced magazine in America (20 cents a year,) and which is owned by Hon. Chauncey M. Depew, the eminent American orator, wants a representative in this vicinity. It is a good opportunity for one of our ambitious young men or young women. Applications should be addressed to the SUBSCRIPTION DEPARTMENT, THE PENNY MAGAZINE, Temple Court, New York City. 29t2.

The Ravages of Grip.

That modern scourge, the Grip, poisons the air with its fatal germs, so that no home is safe from its ravages, but multitudes have found a sure protection against this dangerous malady in Dr. King's New Discovery. When you feel a soreness in your bones and muscles, have chills and fever, with sore throat, pain in the back of the head, catarrhal symptoms and a stubborn cough you may know you have the Grip, and that you need Dr. King's New Discovery. It will promptly cure the worse cough, heal the inflamed membranes, kill the disease germs and prevent the dreaded after effects of the malady. Price 50 cts and \$1.00. Money back if not cured. A trial bottle free at Slattery's drug store. 29t3.

Attention.

It may not be generally known that I, the undersigned am located in the boot and shoe repair business, ready to repair boots and shoes upon short notice, and prices perfectly on par with the times. Be it further understood that I always guarantee my work, as I only use the best grade of leather, and as I have had years of experience at the business, I claim to be perfectly conversant with the same from start to finish. You will also please bear in mind that I am prepared to make boots and shoes to order. Rooms over Young & Keen's Novelty works. Call and see me,
WILLIAM FOSS.

**JANUARY 20,
TO FEBRUARY 20,**

**The date of our Mighty Clearing Sale in Clothing,
Shoes and Dry Goods.**

- Finest kind of Men's Dress Suits.....\$7 20
- Elegant Overcoats.....\$4 50
- High Grade Shoes.....\$1.90 & \$1.60
- Best Muslin at 3 1/2 cents per yard. Good Calico at 3 cents.
- Ladies Kid Shoes with patent tips.....88c
- Men's Extra Value \$1.25 Shoes.....88c
- Best Working Shirts on record.....39c
- Best Overalls on record.....39c
- Extra Good Suspenders.....10c
- Pair of Extra Good Blankets.....48c
- Boy's knee pants.....17c
- Men's Long pants.....59c
- Men's High Grade Hats.....90c and \$1.39
- Boy's Knee Suits.....50c to \$2.18

**Remember the date, beginning January 20th and
Ending February 20th.**

**M. ALLMAN, Plymouth, Ind.
Big Bargain Giver.**

To insure a happy New Year, keep the liver clear and the body vigorous by using Dr. Witt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills for constipation and liver troubles For sale at Slattery's Drug Store. 271m.

**Wheeler & Wilson
Sewing Machine.**



**Rotary Motion and
Ball Bearings.**



For sale by J. S. Easterday.

**ARTISTIC
TAILORING.**

You should see our work.
Nothing Finer or Better.
All work guaranteed to
Fit Perfectly. Cleaning
and Repairing a Specialty.
Prices to suit all from

\$15.00
UP FOR SUITS TO ORDER.

Remember to call and see The
Leader in Styles and Fashion.
E. A. MYER,
North Mich., St. Plymouth, Ind.

Farmers, * Attention

Why pay High Prices when you can get your Horse shod for Eighty Cents with New Shoes, and other work in proportion?
Call on the undersigned and get your work done in a workmanlike manner.
SHOP—Two doors south of the Hardware.
5-12 **W. H. Wilson.**

An Overcoat Sensation!

Unparalleled sacrifice. Entire stock marked Way, Way Down. Impending changes demand that the present stock must go.

Although the sales have been exceedingly good this fall and winter on all lines of overcoats, there yet remains a choice and fair assortment. Here are a few specials:

Boy's - Chinchilla - Overcoats, - in - blue, - double breasted. Carefully Tailored, well worth \$3.50, \$1.90.

Youth's Fine Cashmere Dress overcoats in blue or gray, stylishly made, regular price \$5.75 now \$3.50.

Men's all-wool Beaver overcoats, in brown or blue, velvet collars, finest and most stylish and up to date coat shown, for \$9.00 well worth \$15.00.

We have overcoats from \$1.25 and upward. Try us.

**Ball & Carabin.
Plymouth, Indiana.**

**W. S. Easterday, W. H. SWIGERT,
Experienced,
Drayman.**

Good delivered to any part of the city and around the Lake.
Prompt and quick service is our motto, and charges reasonable.

Hard and Soft COAL at rock bottom prices for CASH (strictly).

**W. H. SWIGERT,
CULVER CITY INDIANA.**

Thanking you for your patronage in the past anything needed in my line please call and get prices.

STORE, MAIN STREET,
CULVER, IND.

**J. H. CASTLEMAN,
Dealer in**

Grain, Coal, Salt and Feed.
Live and let live is My Motto.
Highest Prices Paid for all Kinds of Grain.

25 CENTS

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The Rand-McNally Official Guide and Hand Book of the Railway and Steam Navigation Lines of the United States, Dominion of Canada, and Mexico.
Devoted especially to transportation lines in the territory of the Ohio and Mississippi valleys, the lake region, including all lines governed by the time of the 90th meridian (Central Standard time), and west thereof; having also condensed and through timetables to all other sections.
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**H. A. DEEDS,
DENTIST**

From the office of F. M. Burk Plymouth, Ind., will be at Lakeside hotel, Culver City, each Monday. Remember the Date.

*** GULVER CITY *
MEAT MARKET**

D. G. WALTER, Proprietor.
First class, Fresh, Salt, Smoked Meats and Sausage can be found at this market. Also home rendered Lard. His Motto is to sell at "Live and Let Live Prices."

**J. K. MAWHORTER,
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All kinds of Roofing and Eave Trapping promptly attended to.
Cleaning and Repairing Gasoline Stoves a Specialty.
Terms Reasonable.
CULVER, CITY - IN

**Kreuzberger's Park.
(Lake Maxinkuckee.)**

THE BEST
Whiskies, Brandis, Cordials, Rhine and Moselle Wines, French Clarets, Port and Sherry, Ales and Beers, Mineral Water
A fine stock of Domestic and Key West Cigars.

**VANDALIA LINE
TIME TABLE**

In effect Dec. 5, 1897, trains will leave Culver City, Ind., as follows:
For the North.
No. 6, Ex. Sun. for St. Joseph, 11:46 a.m.
8, Ex. Sun. for St. Joseph, 9:49 p.m.
For the South.
No. 21, Ex. Sun. for Terre Haute, 5:55 a.m.
3, Ex. Sun. for Terre Haute, 1:06 p.m.

NICKEL RATE

All trains arrive at and depart from Van Buren Street Union Passenger Station, Chicago. Uniformed Colored Porters attend first and second class day coaches on through trains insuring scrupulously clean cars enroute.

East: read down.				All Nickel Plate Passenger Trains Daily.				West: read up.			
1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4
10 15	10 20	10 25	10 30	Chicago	9 15	7 20	4 40	11 00	12 02	1 04	2 06
11 45	12 15	1 15	2 15	So. Waukegan	9 30	7 35	4 55	11 15	12 17	1 19	2 21
7 25	12 52	1 45	2 31	Knox	6 48	4 37	1 58	7 25	12 52	1 45	2 31
8 45	1 15	2 05	2 55	Hibbard	4 13	1 33	1 2	8 45	1 27	2 17	3 07
9 35	1 27	2 17	3 07	Argos	4 00	1 20	1 9	10 41	1 48	2 38	3 28
10 41	1 48	2 38	3 28	Mentone	3 39	1 24	1 12	12 35	2 05	2 55	3 45
12 35	2 05	2 55	3 45	Claypool	3 21	1 25	1 11	2 19	2 28	2 18	2 28
4 50	3 15	3 05	3 15	Ft. Wayne	4 35	2 54	1 20	4 50	3 15	3 05	3 15
9 55	8 12	2 05	2 05	Cleveland	11 20	7 29	4 56	4 55	1 35	7 55	6 10
10 20	4 50	3 00	1 00	Buffalo	6 10	12 10	11 30	10 20	4 50	3 00	1 00
				Boston	3 00	17 00	19 30				

Local freight, eastbound between Stony Island and Knox only on Monday, Wednesday and Friday; westbound only on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
Light type A. M. Dark type P. M.
Daily except Sunday. f. Stop on signal.
Drawing Room Sleeping Cars on Nos. 2, 4 and 6 through to Cleveland, Erie, Buffalo, New York and Boston; on Nos. 5, 3 and 1 to Chicago. Meal and baggage checked to destination. On inquiry you will find our rates are always lower than via other lines, service considered.
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