

THE CULVER CITY HERALD.

At Lake Maxinkuckee.

VOL. VI.

CULVER CITY, INDIANA, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 1899.

NO. 12

Mid-Summer Clearance Sale.

We are clearing out all lines of summer wear very cheap. Buy yourself or your boy a suit now while you can save money.

We are showing a nice line of Negligee Shirts, Thin Underwear, Suspenders, Neckwear, and Hosiery. We sell the Brighton Hose Supporter, Best made. Get our prices on Clothing and Gent's Furnishing. We will save you money.

JOHN C. KUHN & SON.

OSBORN BLOCK, Culver. 105 MICHIGAN ST., Plymouth.

Time Table

VANDALIA LINE	
Terre Haute and Logansport R. R.	
For the North	
No. 10.....	8:12 A. M.
No. 14.....	12:09 P. M.
No. 8.....	9:41 P. M.
For the South	
No. 21.....	6:37 A. M.
No. 3.....	1:14 P. M.
No. 9.....	8:02 P. M.
J. Shugrue, Agt.	

DR. O. A. REA.
Physician and Surgeon.

Office over Exchange Bank.

Main Street, CULVER, IND.

DR. B. W. S. WISEMAN,
Physician and Surgeon.

Office Third Door North of Bank.
Calls promptly answered day or night.
Main Street, CULVER, IND.

Dr. Geo. S. Hollister,
Physician & Surgeon.

CALLS ANSWERED PROMPTLY NIGHT OR DAY.

Office over Culver City Drug Store, CULVER, IND.

Dr. Stevens,
MAXINKUCKEE, IND.,
Physician and Surgeon.

CALLS ANSWERED PROMPTLY NIGHT OR DAY.

OFFICE AT RESIDENCE.

DR. E. E. PARKER,
Physician and Surgeon.

Office at Residence, Maxinkuckee, Ind.
Calls answered day and night.
Graduate of Medical College of Indiana.

PARK CAFE,

One Block West Depot,
LAKE MAXINKUCKEE, CULVER, IND.
One Dollar Per Day.
Lunch at all Hours,
Ice Cream in Season.
Fruits, Gandies,
Tobacco and Cigars.
BOARD BY THE WEEK.
D. R. AVERY, PROP.

Gulver City

Tonsorial Parlor.

One door south of Meredith's Grocery.
HAIR CUTTING 15 CENTS.
Also Agent for Eagle Steam Laundry. A choice line of
Fine Cigars.

LOCAL NEWS.

Fresh oysters at Avery's.
Eighteen sticks of gum for a nickel at Avery's.

Thos. Medbourn is still engaged in driving wells in Starke county.

Mrs. Carl and Mrs. John Matthew were in Plymouth, Wednesday.

Mrs. Barton Evermann and son left for the north on the 12:09 Wednesday.

Remember that the new Evangelical church will be dedicated next Sunday morning.

Major L. R. Gignilliat, wife and son have returned from their summer vacation in the south.

Cadet Akers returned Wednesday to attend C. M. A. another year. He brought another student with him.

Mike Boland has been assigned to the Logansport section and will move his family and household effects Monday. William Quinn of LaPaz, will have charge of this section.

The last band concert for the season will be given at Argos, Tuesday evening September 19. These concerts have made the Argos band popular as a concert band and have been attended by large crowds during the entire season. "The Battle," a thrilling descriptive selection will be the feature of the program. A large crowd will probably attend from here.

Cora Colt of Roann, Ind., has proven herself a very ardent, zealous and enthusiastic worker in behalf of the Lady Maccabees, having effected an organization in Cople's hall, Maxinkuckee, Sept. 7th., 1899. After adjournment the ladies met with a happy surprise by the Sir Knights, who conveyed to their presence a goodly supply of delicious ice cream.

Everett, son of Elias Jones, accompanied Mr. D. W. Gardner, who has a cottage on the east side, to Terre Haute, where he will attend the State Normal, working for Mr. G. morning and evening for his board. Everett belongs to Union township graduating class of '99.

Reformed Sunday school next Sunday will be held at 9:30 sharp, on account of the dedication of the Evangelical church.

S. G. BESWELL, Supt.

Notice. The undersigned has opened an oyster depot in the lunch room in Wolford's building opposite depot. Oysters by dish, can or bulk.

ANDY VORHEES.

In another column we have the pleasure of publishing a letter from Oscar Scates, a former resident of this city, who is now with his regiment in the Philippines. Oscar belongs to the regulars, and was also engaged in all the battles around Santiago.

I am here for business and you should call and see me and get prices before going elsewhere, as I have an excellent stock to choose from.

W. S. DUPEA.

FOR SALE.—D. Porter has 20 head of sheep out of 35 choice ones, for sale. All ewes, nine yearlings and eleven lambs. Also a Shropshire buck, three years old, eligible for registry. Call at farm three miles south of Culver along Vandalia R. R.

Some scoundrels took rocks Thursday night and smashed holes in the bottom of a fine clinker boat belonging to John Hosmer, one of Culver's inoffensive and upright citizens. Such fellows should go to the pen for a hundred years for they are the most dangerous leeches society has to deal with.

The Sickman school house, south-west of Burr Oak, is being remodeled.

Grandpa Hand, who is nearly 80 years old, has cut over 100 shocks of corn this fall.

Edward Zechiel, who has been employed in Warsaw this summer, has returned to Culver, where he will attend High School the ensuing year.

Peter Keller and C. H. Stahl, who live south of town, were transacting business at Kewanna Thursday afternoon.

This year's corn crop in the United States is estimated at 2½ billion of bushels. This will break all past records.

The taking of the census in Cuba will begin October 16. This step is supposed to be preliminary to establishing an independent government.

The 46th Indiana regiment will hold its fourteenth annual reunion at Winamac on Wednesday and Thursday, Oct. 4th and 5th, and it is calculated to make this one of the best of all of them.

School commences at the Culver Military Academy next Tuesday. Every available room is taken. The management look forward to the best year in the history of the school.

The north bound through freight which passed through here Sunday afternoon had trouble ½ mile south of Delong. In the train were several air brake attachments, and for some inexplicable reason said air brakes were applied and six cars simultaneously dived. The cars were not merely dived—they were shattered—they were thoroughly annihilated. Excursionists were deprived of the privilege of returning to home and mother until three hours had dragged out their weary length. No fatalities.

Call at Keen Bros. photograph gallery opposite the P. O. for first class work.

John R. Frick and wife, and his niece, Miss Dukes, all of Illinois, visited with the former's sister, Mrs. J. K. Mawhorter, from Friday till Monday, when they left for Noble county, Indiana, to visit relatives in that vicinity.

The new U. B. church at Burr Oak will be dedicated Sunday, September 24. Presiding Elder G. W. Sickafosse, of Buchanan, Mich., will have charge of the services.

Harry M. Boyer and mother, of Lindsey, Ohio, are visiting with Stephen Smith and family, one mile west of Burr Oak.

Farmers should get my prices on harness, blankets, and all parts of harness fixtures. Axle grease, oils, and other supplies. W. S. DUPEA.

Russel D. Miller, who is a stenographer in the American National Bank at Chicago, is in town visiting relatives and friends.

Mrs. Libbie Overmyer, who lives one mile west of Burr Oak, will move to Plymouth shortly, where her granddaughter, Miss Ethel Burkett, will attend High School.

Miss Orpha McFarland will organize a singing class at the North Union church, three and one-half miles south-west of Burr Oak, one week from next Saturday evening.

Mrs. Geo. Nearpass, and Masters Val and Vance Nearpass, visited Chicago Saturday and upon the return trip laid over at Hobart and spent three pleasant days with friends in that city.

Evangelist J. V. Coombs will commence a protracted meeting at the Christian church of Maxinkuckee, one week from next Sunday.

Ed. Houghton of Plymouth, was transacting business in Culver Wednesday.

E. G. Mechel, of Bremen, is visiting friends in town.

B. F. Medbourn is now located at Leesburg.

Mrs. Dr. O. A. Rea and daughter Lucretia are visiting friends in Ohio.

Homer L. Nearpass visited over Sunday with friends at Warsaw.

D. A. Bowman, who has been clerking for Castleman & Co., this summer, left for his home in Leesburg, Ind., Monday. He leaves many warm friends in this city.

Dr. O. A. Rea and son William are in Chicago this week visiting with Robert Rea, who is attending the University of Chicago.

Wm. Foss and son Mont left for Benton Harbor, Mich., this (Friday) morning via wheels, to visit over Sunday with friends in that city.

My prices on harness and blankets excel all others in quality and quantity. W. S. DUPEA.

Those desiring to have their feathers renovated should attend to it at once, as the time is limited. W. N. Johnson, of Culver, guarantees his work. First door south of HERALD office.

Clarence Weaver and family, of Logansport, visited with J. O. Ferrer and family over Sunday.

Services at the New Evangelical Church.

Last Sunday morning quite a number of people gathered at the new Evangelical church for the first time for Sunday school and worship. The school was arranged into classes and a very interesting time was had during the Sunday school hour. Immediately after Sabbath school Rev. Newman delivered an able discourse on the way to the celebrated Canaan land.

At 7:30 in the evening a large audience greeted Rev. Newman again and for some length of time he portrayed to them how wonderful God protects his followers and how he gives them the victory over their enemies.

On Monday morning another large crowd gathered to hear the word again. Rev. Newman preached and showed how God bids his people not to fear, and how He loves and cares for them.

On Tuesday Rev. S. I. Zechiel of Elkhart, arrived and in the evening he was greeted with a very large audience of earnest listeners, whom he held almost spell bound for an hour in showing to them how much earnest laborers are needed in the vineyard of the Lord.

On Wednesday evening Rev. M. L. Scheidler of Rochester, in his calm, deliberate, and able manner spoke of the good old way, and urged all those that were not in this good old way to make haste to get in the way of safety and rest.

On Thursday evening Rev. S. H. Baumgartner, presiding elder of Elkhart district, delivered a very able discourse on our duties to Christ and the great danger in neglecting our salvation and our preparation for our eternal home.

The after meetings have been good, spiritual, interesting and beneficial.

This (Friday) evening, Rev. S. C. Cramer of Logansport, will preach. Rev. Shupp of Oregon, and Rev. Fisher of South Bend, are expected here today.

Sunday morning at 9:30 Sunday school will convene. After Sunday school Rev. Shupp will preach, and at the close of the forenoon services the church will be dedicated to God. Rev. Shupp will also preach on Sunday evening.

The Paths of Destiny.

Go your own way; let me go mine:
For us the differing day-stars shine
Across the shifting water-way
That links to-day with yesterday
And kisses with regretful lips
The sands and the departing ships,
Whose top-masts, sinking in the sea,
Return no more to you and me.

Go your own way; each has his own
For us the differing day-stars shone
Above the hills that hurry down
The valley from the inland town,
Where boyhood's changeful vows were
traced
In drifting sand, thus here effaced.

Go your way; let each man's soul
Maintain its purpose and its goal.
The times are dead that called us
friends;
Our lives have different aims and ends.
Careers which satisfy like thine
Were never made for hearts like mine
That ache, that break, yet still afar
Pursue fame's fair, elusive star,
Until, beyond the realms of night,
Toil rises, star-like, avatar.
A god incarnate from each line
Where pain makes human thought di-
vine.

Across the hollow-sounding lakes
Whose low, recurrent thunder shakes
The sand whereon our pathways part—
Mine to the height, yours to her heart—
For us the differing day-stars shine:
Go your own way; let me go mine.
—John Bennett, in the Criterion.

A BRIDE BY TELEGRAM.

By Mrs. Whitney.

"Send me down bride in full dress
for Friday evening. H. Smith, Walk-
ley Station."

That was the tenor of the telegram,
Miss Betsey Blythe knew, because she
read it over forty times, if she read it
once. She picked it up on the step of
the telegraph office, where the lucky
recipient thereof must have dropped it
—and, unluckily, the address was torn
off the northeast corner of the folded
paper.

But Miss Betsey Blythe had not been
engaged in looking after her neighbors'
business all her life to be foiled now.
She wiped the street mud off the tele-
gram with her pocket-handkerchief,
put it safely into her reticule and car-
ried it home to her sisters, Miss Are-
thusa and Miss Pamela Blythe.

"There," she said, "didn't I tell you
Harold Smith was going to be married
on the sly," me," said Arethusa.

"Goodness be possible," piped Pamela.

"But who can the bride be?"

"That's the question," declared Miss
Betsey, staring back at the poll-par-
rot's cage in the window. "And Fri-
day is to be the wedding day."

"Which Friday, I wonder?" said
Miss Arethusa.

"Why, this Friday, of course!" pro-
nounced Miss Pamela. "The day after
—tomorrow, of course; or it would have
been a deal easier and cheaper to write
instead of telegraphing. Don't you
see?"

"Friday's an unlucky day for a wed-
ding," groaned Miss Betsey.

"Just like Harold Smith to get mar-
ried on a Friday," said Miss Pamela.

"He's always making fun of what he
calls 'superstitious observances.'"

"Well, I never!" said Miss Arethusa.

"Who is the bride, anyhow?"

"If she's a girl of any spirit what-
ever," tartly observed Miss Betsey,
"she won't allow herself to be tele-
graphed around the country like a
package of dry goods."

"Some girls will do anything to get
married," said Arethusa, with vicious
emphasis.

"It's Jessie Mordaunt, of course," de-
cided Pamela. "She's been flirting on
and off with Harold Smith for these
three years, but I didn't suppose he
was foolish enough to fall into her
trap!"

"Or perhaps it's Marian Shelton,"
added Miss Betsey. "I know they've
been making up a new white silk dress
with tablier fronts and a trained skirt
at Shelton's. Miss Needlepoint told
me so herself. And I can believe any
amount of folly of the Shelton family
since they changed that girl's name
from Mary Ann to Marian."

"There's the three Misses MacKenzie,
every one of 'em crazy," suggested
Miss Arethusa.

"No," said Miss Pamela, decidedly.
"You may be quite certain it's Jessie!
Jessie's flighty enough for anything! I
think she'd rather enjoy an escapade
like that!"

"And I dare say," vindictively added
Miss Arethusa, who was the eldest sis-
ter of the three, and the least addicted
to favorable views of human nature,
"they think it's an unfathomable se-
cret!"

"Walkley Station is only three-quar-
ters of an hour from New York," said
Betsey. "Let's go to the wedding!"

"And," added Miss Pamela, in a
cluck, "let's notify all our friends to
go!"

For the three Misses Blythe were not
pleased that Harold Smith should pre-
sume to take so important a step as
that of matrimony without their con-
sent and advice. Hadn't they known
him as a curly-headed lad before he
ever went into college? Hadn't he
played many a practical joke upon
them, in his wild, rollicking way—and
didn't they know perfectly well that

he regarded them as three sour, ridicu-
lous, disappointed old spinsters?

And now that they had come into
possession of one of his choicest, dearest
secrets, it was scarcely in human
nature not to be revenged, fully and
entirely.

"Do you suppose she'll go out in the
cars?" asked Arethusa.

"In full dress! What nonsense," re-
torted Pamela. "She'll drive, of course,
in a carriage!"

"She'll get her death of cold," said
Miss Betsey, with a shiver. "Driving
fifteen miles in 'full dress!'"

"The idea of Harold Smith ordering
her around in that majestic fashion!"
cried Arethusa. "But, girls, I'll tell
you what we will do; we'll go and call
on the Mordaunts."

Mrs. Mordaunt, a pretty, full-blown
rose style of matron, was doing crewel-
work. Jessie, her daughter, who cor-
responded with the rosebud in the fam-
ily, was painting a vase of purple pans-
ies in watercolors. They did not ap-
pear in the least like custodians of an
important secret; looked surprised
when Miss Betsey alluded to the sub-
ject of impending marriages, and said
they had heard of no wedding in the
neighborhood; and they stared when
Miss Arethusa asked if they hadn't had
a dressmaker in the house lately.

"We always do our own sewing,"
said Mrs. Mordaunt. "Jessie can fit a
dress as well as Madam Mondini her-
self."

"But for such a very, very important
occasion as this," smirked Miss Are-
thusa.

"We never have any important occa-
sions," laughed Jessie. "Look, Miss
Blythe; do you think my pansy is as
deep a purple as the original?"

And when the three old maids had at
last taken their departure, Jessie
looked at her mother in amazement,
mingled with mirth.

"Mamma," said she, "what do those
old women mean?"

"I think, dear," said Mrs. Mordaunt,
"that they are the least bit unsettled
in their minds—just a little crazy, you
know."

And the Misses Blythe went away,
exchanging mysterious glances and
whispering to each other—

"They cannot deceive us!"

The Misses Blythe told everybody
they could think of—always in strict
confidence, of course. Everybody re-
peated it to everybody else, and by Fri-
day evening the train to Walkley Sta-
tion was full.

To Miss Betsey Blythe's infinite dis-
appointment, the Smith house, a pret-
ty, old-fashioned mansion with a pillared
front, a garden full of clipped box
monstrosities, was not lighted up after
any extraordinary fashion. Mrs. Smith,
Harold's mother, a dimpled old lady in
a white lace cap and gleaming gold
spectacle-glasses, was knitting, half
asleep, when the three Misses Blythe
were ushered in, followed by a crowd
of other acquaintances.

"Oh," said she, rubbing her eyes to
make sure that it was not a dream.
"This is a surprise party, is it? I'm
sure I'm delighted to see you! Only
it's a pity Harry isn't at home!"

"My good soul," said Miss Arethusa
Blythe, shaking her finger, "it's no use
trying to deceive us. We know all—
about it!"

"All about what?" said Mrs. Smith.

"About the wedding!" cried out the
company in chorus.

"Whose wedding?" demanded Mrs.
Smith.

"Why, Harold's, to be sure!" they re-
sponded.

"But Harold isn't going to be mar-
ried," said Mrs. Smith. "He isn't even
engaged! Good gracious! What can
have put such a thing into people's
heads?"

"It's the telegram," said Miss Pame-
la.

"I don't know what you are talking
about," said Mrs. Smith, in despair.

"Well, if you won't believe me, you
will, perhaps, believe your own eyes,"
said Miss Betsey Blythe with dignity
as she drew the telegram from her
pocket, and carefully straightening out
its creases, held it up before Mrs.
Smith's spectacle glasses.

"Dear me!" cried Mrs. Smith, at last
comprehending a little of this curious
network of cross-purposes. "It's Bella
Smith's big doll!"

"What!" cried Miss Arethusa, Miss
Pamela, and Miss Betsey, in chorus.

"What!" more wildly echoed the rest
of the assemblage, crowding eagerly
around.

"Mrs. Helena Smith's little daughter,
across the street," explained Mrs.
Smith. "It's her birth-night party, and
an immense doll dressed as a bride was
forwarded by express this afternoon.
I saw it myself—a perfect beauty, with
veil and wreath, white satin boots, but-
toned by knobs of pearl and long-wristed
white kid gloves, entirely complete! And
you thought—you really imagined
that my Harold was going to be mar-
ried secretly, and had telegraphed to
New York for his bride!"

The old lady broke out into a fit of
soft, sweet-sounding laughter, which
shook her as if she had been a mould
of jelly. Everybody else laughed, ex-
cept the three Misses Blythe. They
only looked blank.

"But, now that you're here," added
hospitable Mrs. Smith, "you'll stay to
tea, all of you? But you must! The
down train don't leave until ten, and
you'll be half starved now that there is
no wedding feast for you. Oh, I insist
upon your staying to tea."

The biggest teakettle in the house

was put over to boil, at once; seven
pounds of coffee were put into the pot,
and the maids ran, one to the muffin-
and-crummet store and cake bakery,
the other to the oyster stand, which,
luckily, was not yet shut up for the
night. And kind Mrs. Smith entertain-
ed her guests with fracions politeness.

But there was no wedding and no
bride, except little Nelly Smith's wax
bride across the street; and the three
Misses Blythe went back to New York,
sadder and wiser women.

And that was, perhaps, the most de-
sirable result; they resolved to adhere
thenceforth, to the eleventh command-
ment.

TWO INHABITANTS ONLY.

How a Paper Kept a Town Alive Af-
ter a Mining Bubble Burst.

"I had some experience running a
newspaper which had never been dupli-
cated by any other man in the world,"
said Charles Pattison, of Abilene,
Kan., Western agent for the Spitzer &
Co. bond house, at the Midland House
recently. "For three months I ran a
weekly paper in a town with two in-
habitants—the postmaster and myself.
It was at Congress, Col. That was a
boom mining camp in 1883 and miners
flocked in there by the hundreds on ac-
count of a 'strike.' Claims were gob-
bled up like hot cakes.

"Under the mining law, after \$500
worth of work is done on a claim, it
is necessary to insert a legal notice in
a newspaper of general circulation for a
period of three months. My father
held an office in San Juan county, and
while out visiting him I saw an oppor-
tunity to lease a newspaper plant and
make a lot of money running legal no-
tices. I did so. For several months I
did a land office business. It was a
thriving little town.

"The business of the town enabled
the postmaster to make about \$1,500 a
year. A few months before there was
to be another readjustment of the post-
master's salary things began to drag
at Congress. The mines were not pan-
ning out very well. There was a strike
made at Telluride and all of the miners
picked up and went to that place. They
were followed by the merchants, sal-
oon men, gamblers, dance hall people
and all. Within a week there was no
one left there but the postmaster, Jas.
Edwards, and myself. Edwards did
not care to give up his postoffice as
long as it paid so well. He was from
Ohio.

"I was tied up with a lot of legal
publications. I was certain to get my
money for the notices as soon as they
had run the required length of time, so
I could leave. We had everything our
own way. I would help run his Post
Office and he would help me write hot
stuff, set it up and pull the lever to an
old Washington hand press. The Post
Office business was confined almost
wholly to handling the circulation of
my paper—The Red Mountain Pilot—
about fifty copies.

"The day that the legal notices last
appeared I told Edwards that I was
going to pull up stakes and leave. His
big salary ran another month, and he
wanted me to stay, offering to divide
up, but that was no inducement. When
he found that I was determined to
leave he said, 'I'll lock up the Post
Office and go, too.' He turned the key
in the door to the Post Office and I
locked the door to the newspaper office,
and we walked out of town."—Kansas
City Journal.

Plea for the Codfish.

"If codfish cost a dollar a pound,"
said the chef, "it would be more uni-
versally beloved. I tell you, it is the
best dinner fish known. I have tried
the whitefish all over the world, but
the codfish is king of them all and is
not appreciated at his real worth.
Cook him in any way you like and he
is delicious. Even the dried codfish,
picked up and served in cream for
breakfast, is a fine dish. Put him in
a bag, sew him up tightly and let him
boil, or bake him carefully, well
stuffed, and he is delicious.

"Let me tell you that when you make
fishcakes you should not drown out the
fish with potato. Put a little potato
or other substance in the cakes as pos-
sible, and, if you want them as fine as
they can be made, wrap them in a
blanket of eggs and do not be sparing
of the egg. You can make a tasty dish
of codfish cakes if you will follow my
advice. Fish cakes are considered a
very democratic dish, of course, but
my patron, who pays me a large sal-
ary, is as democratic as he used to be
in his younger days. When he sends
down to me an order for fish cakes,
for the next morning's breakfast, he
says he wants Meschutt's fish cakes,
with eggs. That is the order and he is
thinking of his younger life, when, as
he once told me, in a basement on
Broadway, he used to get the finest
butter cakes he ever tasted, 'except
yours, chef,' he adds always. But I
know that times in those days, were
as thousand-dollar bills are to him
now, and his appetite was keener and
more appreciative."—New York Sun.

Delusions Unloaded.

"I told him that he wasn't my ideal
man, and he told me I wasn't his ideal
girl."

"And then?"

"Then we felt perfectly safe to go
ahead and get married."—Chicago
Record.

GREAT CROP OF CORN.

PRESENT INDICATIONS DENOTE
A BIG YIELD.

Should conditions prove favorable the
crop may reach the enormous total
of 2,350,000,000 bushels, far in ex-
cess of the mark set in 1896.

	Bushels.
Commercial estimate of corn crop	2,350,000,000
Government August estimate	2,148,000,000
Record corn crop (1896)	2,285,000,000
Kansas State estimate	400,000,000
Kansas record crop (1894)	247,000,000
Nebraska State estimate	350,000,000
Nebraska record crop (1896)	238,000,000

Will this year's be a record corn crop,
is about the only doubtful point now left
as to the great American harvest. It is
assumed that it is to be a 2,000,000,000
bushel crop, but there have been four
such already; in 1896, when the total was
2,283,000,000 bushels; in 1895, when it
was 2,151,000,000; in 1891, when the fig-
ures reached 2,060,000,000, and in 1889,
when the crop was 2,112,000,000.

It has been dry and hot in the West
for a fortnight, and it kept getting hot-
ter and dryer each day until the corn
people began at the close of last week to
fear that the prospect of a record breaker
in their line was to be lost. The weather
interest in the West just now centers
around this.

Has there been drought damage enough
to the tasseled maize to spoil the prospect
of a new figure, a new mark on the West-
ern possibilities in the greatest feed crop
of the world, the one which last year
brought the farmers of the West over
\$550,000,000, which always greatly ex-
ceeds in value the wheat crop, and which
is the one crop America raises for the
world and in which it has no competitor?
Of the 2,350,000,000 bushels of corn raised
last year the world over, the United
States gathered about 2,000,000,000 bush-
els.

The Kansas authorities figure that the
Sunflower State is this year to have about
400,000,000 bushels, and the Kansas corn
is made, has been in large part cut. Noth-
ing can now spoil the Kansas figure. The
Government officials, always conserva-

VIEWED BY M'KINLEY.

President Watches Thirty Thousand
Veterans Marching.

Tuesday was the big day of the Grand
Army encampment at Philadelphia and
the city was alive at an early hour. The
presence of President McKinley increas-
ed the interest, and his drive over the
route of the parade aroused the greatest
enthusiasm among the throngs in the
streets.

The head of the procession moved at
10 o'clock. The distance covered was five
miles. Independence Hall was passed
during the march, and caps were lifted
and colors dipped by the veterans. The
chorus of 3,000 school children occupied a
portion of the grand stand on the north
side of the city hall and sung patriotic
airs as the veterans passed. Post No.
1 from Rockford, Ill., the oldest post in
the Grand Army, headed the line.

Disabled veterans rode in carriages, fol-
lowing the department of Pennsylvania
at the end of the line. In order came the
departments of Illinois, Wisconsin, Ohio,
New York, Connecticut, Massachusetts,
New Jersey, Maine, Rhode Island, New
Hampshire, Vermont, Potomac, Virginia,
North Carolina, Maryland, Nebraska,
Michigan, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri,
Kentucky, West Virginia, Washington,
Alaska and South Dakota. Thirty-five
thousand men were in line.

At no celebration since the centennial
has this city seen the crowds which lined
the streets along which the veterans pass-
ed. The Avenue of Fame, with its snow-
white columns and festoons of bunting
and laurel, was the favorite viewpoint.

One of the most interesting features of
the encampment was Camp Sexton at
the Belmont mansion in Fairmount park,
where 8,000 veterans occupied tents.
Standing upon the top of Belmont looking
toward Philadelphia the best view of the
camp could be secured. Down below
stretched the great field of tents. Behind
them rolled the Schuylkill—picturesque
there, perhaps, more than at any other
spot, and beyond the banks rose the city
of Philadelphia framed between the two
walls of green as in some giant picture.
The veterans had everything that could
possibly be conducive to comfort at their
disposal. There was no question of
roughing it, the ordinary vicissitude of
camp life having been eliminated as a

THE CORN CROP.



—Chicago Record.

live in their estimates, put the Kansas
yield at 346,000,000 bushels. Its record
up to the present was made in 1896, when
there was a harvest of 247,000,000 bush-
els.

Nebraska is pretty nearly as far along
as Kansas, some of its corn being cut in
the south. Besides Nebraska has been
well favored with rain, even while some
of the other States have been suffering.

The hugeness of this year's corn prom-
ise is best shown by the official Wash-
ington estimates in bushels on the seven
great corn States, compared with the two
previous years:

	1899.	1898.	1897.
Ohio	90,000,000	103,000,000	92,000,000
Ind.	120,000,000	129,000,000	110,000,000
Ill.	219,000,000	200,000,000	233,000,000
Mo.	179,000,000	155,000,000	172,000,000
Kan.	346,000,000	133,000,000	162,000,000
Iowa	219,000,000	255,000,000	220,000,000
Neb.	300,000,000	153,000,000	241,000,000

Tot. 1,473,000,000 1,134,000,000 1,230,000,000

It is a risk of only a few days, a fort-
night at the outside. Already half the
corn area is beyond the danger point. In
another week three-quarters of the whole
will be made, and in a fortnight the entire
crop will be secure.

result of the elaborate efforts of the local
veterans. Eighteen water lines ran
through the camp, with sunken barrels
placed at short intervals for the thirsty
visitors. Two mess tents, 160x60 feet in
size; ice cream and sutlers' tents were
situated at the western extremity of the
camp. Telephone and telegraph wires
ran overhead to the exact center of the
camp, where the instruments were situ-
ated, and where the postoffice was. Near
by was the bureau of information tent,
with headquarters and officers' mess tents
above on the brow of the hill. Ten tents
for the medical corps and five large hos-
pital tents were at the eastern edge of
the camp, sheltered from the sun by a
clump of spreading trees. Incandescent
lights were suspended up and down the
lines of tents, while at the intersections
of the streets or passageways were plac-
ed the blazing camp fires, where the old
veterans gathered before turning in at
night and fought their battles over again.
An arch was at the west of the camp
surmounted by flag poles forty-five feet
high and the entire structure, built to re-
semble stone work, was covered with
flags and G. A. E. insignia.

PERU-NA




FOR WOMEN

The debilitating drains and discharges which weaken so many women are caused by Catarrh of the distinctly feminine organs. The sufferer may call her trouble Leucorrhoea, or Weakness, or Female Disease or some other name, but the real trouble is catarrh of the female organs and nothing else.

Peru-na radically and permanently cures this and all other forms of Catarrh. It is a positive specific for female troubles caused by catarrh of the delicate lining of the organs peculiar to women. It always cures if used persistently. It is prompt and certain.

The microbes that cause chills and fever and malaria enter the system through mucous membranes made porous by catarrh. Peru-na heals the mucous membranes and prevents the entrance of malarial germs, thus preventing and curing these affections.

SYRUP OF FIGS



ACTS GENTLY ON THE KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS

CLEANSSES THE SYSTEM EFFECTUALLY,

DISPELS COLDS, HEADACHES, & FEVERS

OVERCOMES HABITUAL CONSTIPATION PERMANENTLY

TO GET ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS.

BUY THE GENUINE—MAN'D BY CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

LOUISVILLE, KY. SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF. NEW YORK, N.Y.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. PRICE 50¢ PER BOTTLE.

TOWER'S FISH BRAND SLICKER

WILL KEEP YOU DRY.

Don't be fooled with a mackintosh or rubber coat. If you want a coat that will keep you dry in the hardest storm buy the Fish Brand Slicker. If not for sale in your town, write for catalogue to A. J. TOWER, Boston, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 & \$3.50 SHOES UNION MADE.

Worth \$4 to \$6 compared with other makes.

Indorsed by over 1,000,000 wearers. ALL LEATHERS. ALL STYLES THE GENUINE have W. L. Douglas' name and price stamped on bottom.

Take no substitute claimed to be as good. Largest makers of \$3 and \$3.50 shoes in the world. Your dealer should keep them—if not, we will send you them—free of charge. Give kind of leather, size and width, plain or cap toe. Catalogue D Free.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOE CO., Brockton, Mass.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

THE PUBLICITY




W. W. Stone, known throughout the United States as the "blind address" reader of the New York postoffice, is dead from heart failure. His success in supplying deficiencies in addresses was wonderful. His memory was remarkable. Given the name of a small country postoffice in the United States he could name the State in which it was located or how many of a similar name there were in the United States. He was originally appointed to a clerkship in the postoffice on June 13, 1855, and served continuously up to the time of his death.

Webb C. Hayes of Cleveland, lieutenant colonel of the Thirty-first United States volunteers, and son of the late President Hayes, was for years a member of the famous Cleveland Troop A. He served in the Cuban campaign. At the close of the war he was brevetted lieutenant colonel of volunteers for gallantry at the battle of Santiago. At the battle of San Juan Hill he was wounded and his horse shot from under him. He also served in the Porto Rican campaign. Col. Hayes bears a striking resemblance to Col. Teddy Roosevelt.




COL. HAYES.

Brig. Gen. Cole, who died recently at St. Louis, fought during the war of the rebellion in a Missouri regiment. He took part in most of the battles which occurred within the limits of the State and won promotion first as lieutenant colonel and later as colonel. After the close of the rebellion Col. Cole was sent to the Northwest to fight the Indians. He was appointed brigadier general during the Spanish-American war, without solicitation on his part, the promotion being recommended by Gen. Schofield.




GEN. COLE.

Irvin James Maston is the well-known band leader of Cleveland, Ohio, selected among fifty competitors as the band leader for the Thirty-first United States volunteer infantry. Maston was bandmaster of the Fifth Ohio volunteer infantry during the Spanish-American war, and after being discharged from the service with that organization, he re-enlisted as bandmaster of the Tenth Ohio volunteer infantry, serving until mustered out. The Thirty-first regiment will go to the Philippines.




I. J. MASTON.

Gen. Jacob S. Coxey, who led the tramp army to Washington five years ago, has become a zinc mining magnate. Last year he organized a mining company among some of his friends at Massillon, O., and took a lease on the Shoal Creek Mining Company property, three miles south of Joplin. The company began operating last spring, and has just struck a vein of lead ore ten feet thick. It is taking out ore in great quantities, and Coxey's fortune is made.




J. S. COXEY.

S. P. Stroud, the pioneer undertaker of Mason, Mich., is 75 years old, and went to Mason forty-five years ago. Up to the time he retired from business, a couple of years ago, Mr. Stroud was a familiar figure at funerals. He was the only undertaker in the vicinity for years, and during the period he was engaged in business buried 2,150 persons, or 350 more than the present population of his town.



S. P. STROUD.

Lieut. Thomas Mason Brumby, Dewey's flag officer, is a native of Marietta, Ga. It was he who planned the battle of Manila Bay, and who, from the bridge, signaled all the orders that sent the Spanish fleet to the bottom. It was Brumby who raised the Stars and Stripes over Manila. He was practically Dewey's chief of staff. Nobody can see Dewey without first seeing Brumby. They are constant companions.



LIEUT. BRUMBY.

Mrs. Col. Richardson SAVED BY MRS. PINKHAM.

[LETTER TO MRS. PINKHAM NO. 72,896]

"You have saved my life, snatched me from the brink of the grave almost, and I wish to thank you. About eighteen months ago I was a total wreck, physically. I had been troubled with leucorrhoea for some time, but had given hardly any attention to the trouble.

"At last inflammation of the womb and ovaries resulted and then I suffered agonies, had to give up my profession (musician and piano player), was confined to my bed and life became a terrible cross. My husband summoned the best physicians, but their benefit was but temporary at best. I believe I should have contracted the morphine habit under their care, if my common sense had not intervened.

"One day my husband noticed the advertisement of your remedies and immediately bought me a full trial. Soon the pain in my ovaries was gone. I am now well, strong and robust, walk, ride a wheel, and feel like a girl in her teens. I would not be without Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; it is like water of life to me. I am very grateful and sincerely your well-wisher, and I heartily recommend your remedies. I hope some poor creature may be helped to health by reading my story."—MRS. COL. E. P. RICHARDSON, RHINELANDER, WIS.

Germ Killers.

It has been shown by Koch and others that soap is a microbicide, or germ killer, and, according to Prof. Serafini, soda or potash soap is quite a good disinfectant, not only because of the alkalis, but the combination itself. Heating the water favors the effect. Resinous soaps are not the best disinfectant. Marseilles soap is very good. A solution of 3 or 4 per cent. kills the most resisting microbes.

What Paper Costs.

Ladies who go shopping have little idea of the cost of their trip, even in such a minor detail as the cost of paper for the packages they have sent home. A Baltimorean has recently compared the weight of paper with the food supplied to the purchaser. In one day's purchases it is said that the paper wrapping amounted to about 10 per cent. of the total. In a list of supplies costing about \$1.40 he found that the paper which was weighed with the provisions cost 14 1/2 cents.

Stealing a Postoffice.

When the postoffice authorities at Washington refused to establish a postoffice at Mountain View, because of there being one at Oakdale, Md., only a mile and a half away, the people of the former place went in a body to the latter, stole the postoffice building, and planted it in their own town.

Important Information for Men and Women.

For those who are accustomed to sending away from home for their goods it is of the greatest importance to know the character and reliability of the establishments selling goods to families from catalogues. The great emporium of the John M. Smyth Co., located at 150 to 166 West Madison street, Chicago, has been established for a third of a century, and has furnished over a half a million homes in Chicago and vicinity alone. This firm enjoys the confidence of the public by its many years of fair dealing. It issues an immense illustrated catalogue that should be in every family, as it describes and gives the price of every article required for household use. A sample of the extraordinary values offered by this firm is shown in the illustration of the gentlemen's overcoats in another column of this paper. These garments are indeed wonderful values, and yet they are but a sample of the thousand and one useful articles illustrated and described in the beautiful catalogue of the John M. Smyth Company.

An Unreasonable Demand.

"Haven't you made a mistake?" he asked, rushing up to the desk of the summer hotel.

"How?" inquired the clerk.

"You've given me a closet to hang my clothes in, but where's the room that goes with it?"

Shake Into Your Shoes

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It cures painful, swollen, smarting, nervous feet and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight-fitting or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it to-day. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 25c, in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Two streets in Pinar del Rio, Cuba, which have heretofore borne the names of two saints, will hereafter be called Gomez and McKinley.

Hall's Catarrh Cure.

Is a constitutional cure. Price 75 cents.

It is the mind that maketh good or ill, that maketh wretchedness or happiness, rich or poor.—Spenser.

I know that my life was saved by PISO'S Cure for Consumption.—John A. Miller, Au Sable, Mich., April 21, 1895.

Tea in China sells for 6 cents a pound.

KISSING BUG—More fun than a box of monkeys; send three 2-cent stamps for a Kissing Bug to Kissing Bug Mfg. Co., 1211 Pine St., St. Louis, Mo.

Where Candles Are Made.

Paraffin wax candles and the extreme northeastern frontier of the Indian empire appear on first reflection to have but little connection with each other. The Digboi oil wells, however, situated in a remote corner of Assam turn out, with their present small refinery and plant, 1,200 of these candles daily, and should in the course of a few years be capable of meeting any demand for oil and wax that is likely to arise. Recent drilling operations, indeed, afford conclusive evidence that the territory may be made to yield at least 500,000 gallons a month of petroleum of excellent quality. There are now four wells at Digboi, and the sight of four jets spouting black oil to a height of seventy feet supplies a striking picture of the resources of these wells. The oil falls into a natural reservoir, one end of which is artificially dammed up, and the supply is considerably in excess of the capacity of the existing refinery to work off; a suitable refinery on a larger scale is already in contemplation. The enterprise has been pushed forward in the face of great expense. Now that these difficulties have at last been successfully overcome, the prosperity of the Assam wells is assured, and the pioneers of the undertaking have every likelihood of reaping a rich harvest for their arduous struggle against malaria and jungle.

Heavy Applause.

Roland Rantt—Roxey came down from Alaska with plenty of yellow stuff in his pockets.

Soubrette—There must be some pretty good throwers up there that can throw eggs in a man's pockets.

Discovery of Life Plant.

So full of vigor that if one of its leaves be pinned to a warm wall another plant will grow. It is these same principles which enable Hostetter's Stomach Bitters to arouse to life and duty the overworked stomach. The sufferer from dyspepsia or any stomach trouble needs it. A private revenue stamp covers the neck of the bottle.

Asparagus is so plentiful on the Russian steppes that the cattle eat it like grass. The seeds are sometimes dried, and used as a substitute for coffee.

"Circumstances Alter Cases."

In cases of scrofula, salt rheum, dyspepsia, nervousness, catarrh, rheumatism, eruptions, etc., the circumstances may be altered by purifying and enriching the blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla. It is the great remedy for all ages and both sexes. Be sure to get Hood's, because

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Never Disappoints

John M. Smyth Co.

MAMMOTH MAIL ORDER HOUSE

150-152-154
156-158-160
162-164-166
W-MADISON-ST
CHICAGO.

QUALITY THE STARTING POINT: PRICE THE CLIMAX.



The wearer of one of these elegant Overcoats will enjoy the distinction of being dressed in the latest fashion. There's a sense of satisfaction in wearing perfect-fitting garments.

Our No. 55. The illustration represents a high grade all wool Kersey Cloth Overcoat—in quality and price without a peer. It is made with double stitched overlapped seams, raw edges, heavy fine velvet collar, lined throughout with highly finished extra fine quality farmers' satin, deep facing of own goods, two outside pockets and ticket pocket with flaps, two inside breast pockets, tailored in the correct fashion for autumn and winter dress wear. There is a great deal of clothing being advertised mostly made in eastern tenement factories at starvation wages, which means dishonestly made. It is our policy to serve the public honestly and give them just what they should have at the lowest living cost. No underpaid labor is employed in making our clothing; the result is we get the highest class work. We want your business and offer you goods and prices that in justice to yourself you cannot afford to pass without at least investigating. It costs you nothing to try us. We'll send you one of these special value coats on receipt of \$1.00, balance C. O. D., or if cash in full accompanies the order and the coat is found not as represented or satisfactory, send it back to us and your money will be refunded by next mail after the coat reaches us. Ask your banker, any express company or mercantile agency regarding our responsibility. Colors are navy blue, seal brown or black. Sizes 34 to 44 chest measure. Price.....

\$7.90


Sizes larger than 44 inches chest measure will cost \$1.00 extra. Send for our special clothing booklet of samples. It is free.

OUR MAMMOTH CATALOGUE in which is listed at low wholesale prices everything to eat, wear and use, is furnished on receipt of only 10c. to partly pay postage or expressage, and as evidence of good faith—the 10c. is allowed on first purchase amounting to \$1.00 or above.

YOU WILL REALIZE THAT "THEY LIVE WELL WHO LIVE CLEANLY," IF YOU USE

SAPOLIO

Ayer's Pills



Dizzy? Then your liver isn't acting well. You suffer from biliousness, constipation. Ayer's Pills act directly on the liver. For 60 years the Standard Family Pill. Small doses cure. 25c. All druggists.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Then use

BUCKINGHAM'S DYE for Whiskers

50 CTS. OF DRUGGISTS, OR R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.

PILES

"I suffered the tortures of the damned with protruding piles brought on by constipation with which I was afflicted for twenty years. I ran across your CASCARETS in the town of Newell, Ia., and never found anything to equal them. To-day I am entirely free from piles and feel like a new man."

C. H. KRITZ, 1411 Jones St., Slouir City, Ia.

CANDY CATHARTIC

Cascarets

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Grip. 10c. 25c. 50c.

CURE CONSTIPATION.

Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York, S.D.

NO-TO-BAG

Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE TOBACCO HABIT.

Ely's Cream Balm

WILL CURE HAY FEVER

Druggists, 50 Cts.

Apply Balm into each nostril. ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., N. Y.



CARTER'S INK

Too Good and Too Cheap to be without it.

Get Your Pension DOUBLE QUICK!

PENSIONS

Write Capt. O'FARRELL, Pension Agent, Washington, D. C.

LADIES: The Periodical Monthly Regulator never fails; convince yourself; write for free box. NEW YORK CHEMICAL CO., Box 70, Milwaukee, Wis.

SOLE AGENTS: DR. J. A. THOMPSON'S EYE WATER

C. N. U. No. 37-99

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE SAY you saw the advertisement in this paper.

CULVER CITY HERALD.

Entered at Culver Postoffice as Second-class Matter.

GEO. E. NEARPASS, Ed. and Pub.
HOMER L. NEARPASS, Local Editor.

ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION:

For One Year \$1.25
For Six Months .70
For Three Months .35
If paid promptly in advance a discount of 25 cents will be given on the year.

THE HORSE COLORER.

In Race Track Parlance He Is a "Ringer Preparer."

"See that man who just went out?" asked a blacksmith, referring to a middle aged man who had left the shop a moment before.

"Well, he's the greatest horse colorer in the country and the only man who has got the business down to perfection."

"A horse colorer? What kind of a profession is that? Never heard of it before."

"Well, the business ain't generally known to the public, but nowadays the horse colorer is the whole thing in racing circles. For some time there has been an opening for a clever horse colorer, and the man who just went out has made a good many thousand dollars during the past few years working around race tracks.

"Of course, you know that the outlawing rules on the race track are pretty strict, and it has become very difficult to start a 'ringer' on any track. A 'ringer,' you know, is a good horse made to appear like an old skate, so that he can be entered in the slower races.

"This professional colorer is nothing more nor less than a 'ringer preparer,' and he's got the slickest methods you can imagine. He can take a bay mare into his barn and within 24 hours bring her out as white as snow or jet black, just as you please. The old fashioned way of coloring horses was done by a liberal use of paint, but I've known it to go pretty hard with owners when their colored horses happened to be caught in a shower.

"The new method is fully known only to this one man, but he says that he uses some kind of chemicals and can give any color to any horse. He can give a black horse white feet and turn a sorrel into a dapple gray on very short notice. In another 24 hours he can bring back the original color of the horse. He charges \$25 a transformation."—Chicago Democrat.

COOKING VERSUS MORALS.

Perfect Meals Are a Saving Grace to Many Men.

When a man does not get the stimulating nourishment which his nature craves, he resorts to liquor to supply the want. With this fact staring one in the face, is it not wise to teach that unflinching good food, with all the elements that stimulate and nourish the body and the brain, has its moral as well as its physical benefits?

There are cases on record proving the benefits of public school cooking, where the domestic sky has been perfectly cleared of clouds because good food was offered where before it had been badly cooked, and consequently did not properly nourish. In one home the substitution of a well cooked cup of cocoa for the sloppy, herby tea that had become a component part of every morning meal, and a nice Indian cake or plate of muffins for the dry baker's loaf, began a work of reform. The father was proud of the daughter's skill as a cook; the mother, who had grown careless and shiftless and indifferent, was shamed by it. The consequence was better provision on the part of one or more care in preparation on the part of the other.

The mother was by no means above turning to account some of the practical knowledge the daughter had acquired under such competent training, and she began also to brush up her own knowledge that she had carelessly allowed to fall into disuse. The result is a happy home, a united family, a cheerful, contented, busy wife, and a man who puts into the family larder what formerly went to the saloon.—Baltimore News.

PHYSICIANS

We want you to prescribe Beggs Little Giant Pill, a most pleasant Cathartic, they will cure old Chronic cases of Liver troubles. For sale by T. E. Slattery.

Call at Keen Bros. photograph gallery opposite the P. O. for first class work.

As usually treated a sprain will disable the injured person for three or four weeks, but if Chamberlain's Pain Balm is freely applied a complete cure may be effected in a very few days. Pain Balm also cures rheumatism, cuts, bruises and burns. For sale by T. E. Slattery, druggist.

ALLMAN'S

BIG STORE

PLYMOUTH, IND.

The biggest Store and the Lowest Prices on Clothing for men, for boys and children. If you want good goods at Reasonable prices, and want to see the biggest assortment, call at my BIG STORE.

Also the biggest stock of shoes of every description; Dry Goods, Hats, Notions,

Best muslin, unbleached, 3 1/2 cents, 100 pairs. Boys wool pants, 19 cents. Men's Fine Dress Suits, worth \$12 to \$14, \$7.20. Biggest assortment in the county. Twenty-five dozen Good Work Shirts at 19c. Call early and get Bargains at

M. ALLMAN,

THE BIG STORE.

East Side Michigan St.

CULVER CITY

MEAT * MARKET.

D. G. WALTER, Proprietor.

First Class Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats can be found at this market. Also home rendered Lard. His Motto is to sell at "Live and Let Live Prices."

Give it a Trial.

It will surprise you. It will restore her lize and beauty to your hair, stops dandruff and the hair from falling out. Eggers' Hair Renewer. Sold by T. E. Slattery, Druggist.

Spent a Good Farm Doctoring.

Mr. A. N. Noell of Asherville, Kansas, says he spent a good farm doctoring himself for chronic diarrhoea but got no relief and was afraid that he must die. He chanced to get hold of a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and was permanently cured by it. For sale by T. E. Slattery.

An Epidemic of Diarrhoea.

Mr. A. Sanders, writing from Cocanut Grove, Fla., says there has been quite an epidemic of diarrhoea there. He had a severe attack and was cured by four doses of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. He says he also recommended it to others and they say it is the best medicine they ever used. For sale by T. E. Slattery.

Summer Complaint

Is easily cured by the use of Beggs' Diarrhoea Balsam it is safe and sure. For sale by T. E. Slattery, Druggist.

Do not forget that A. E. Barnes of Maxenkuckee keeps everything to be found in a first class general store. He sells as cheap as the cheapest.

Bring \$10.00 and shorts \$12.00 per ton at Maxenkuckee Lake Mills, Culver. JOEL BAUMGARTNER, Prop.

Dr. C. H. Metsker with Dr. Durr, Dentists, will be at the Lakeside Hotel at Culver every Wednesday, 43rd.

Humbugs

Are they who tell you other cough syrups are just as good as Beggs' Cherry Cough Syrup. If you can not get it from your druggist notify us at once and on receipt of 25c. we will send you a bottle. Guaranteed. For sale by T. E. Slattery, Druggist.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat. It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps, and all other results of imperfect digestion. Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago.

A MIGHTY ENDING SALE

of Men' Stylishly Made

CLOTHING

We can pay no better tribute to a successful season's business than to have a Grand Bona Fide Clearance Sale of every Summer Suit in our store at

HALF PRICE

Our Policy is: "Not carry over any of this season's stock for next season's selling. Every suit must go."

Take advantage of the BIG CLOTHING SALE, as you can more than save your car fare your time and select your goods where they have an assortment equal to any east of Chicago. N. B. New fall suits and overcoats now ready.

M. Lauer & Son, One-Price-Outfitters,

PLYMOUTH,

INDIANA.

Exchange Bank

CULVER, Ind.

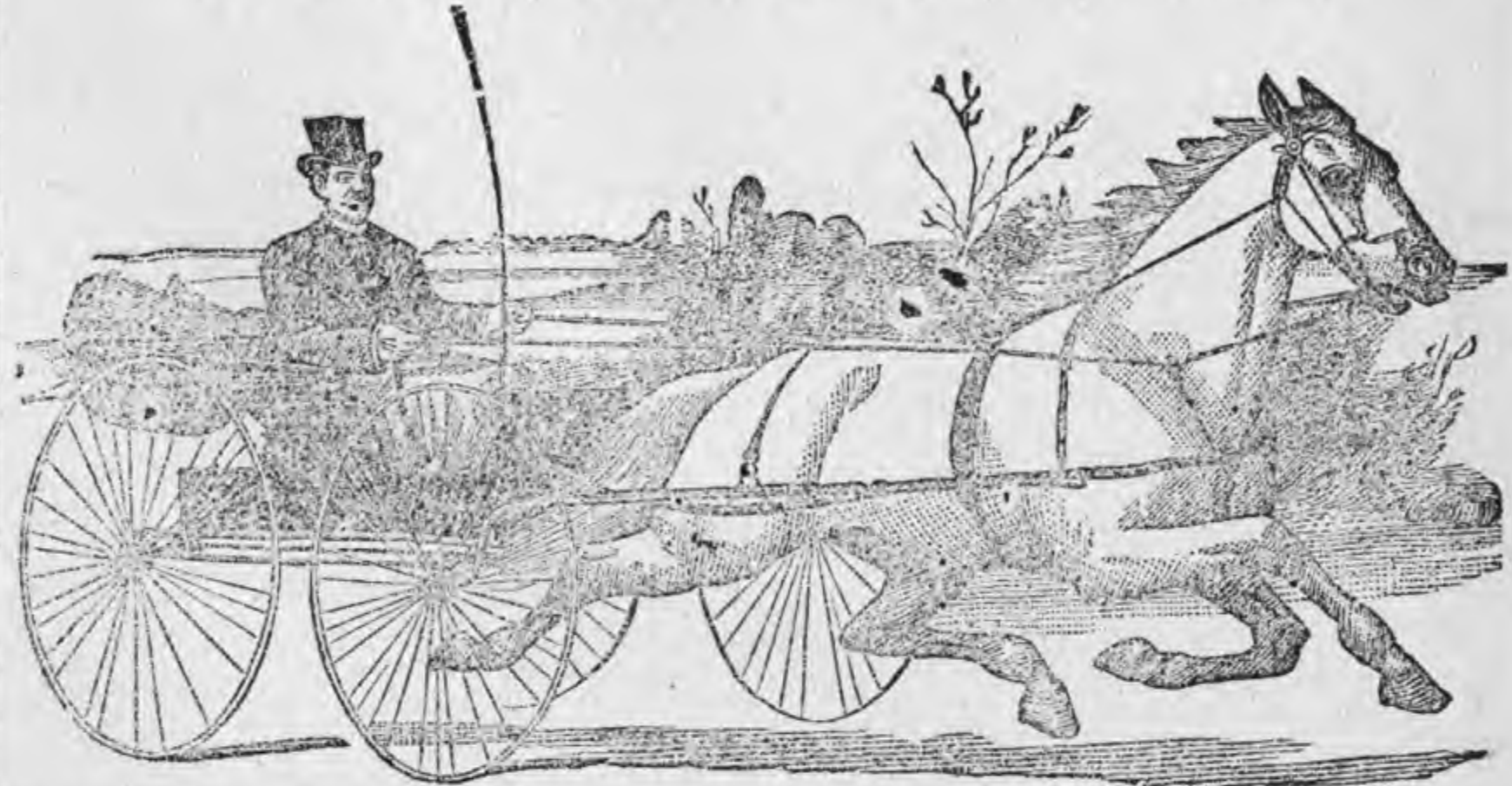
Transacts a General Banking Business.

DRAFTS ISSUED.

Loans and Collections made at Reasonable Rates.

Livery, Feed and Sale Stable,

McLANE & COMPANY, Proprietors.



Room for 100 horses. Special attention paid to Traveling men. Terms reasonable. Barn near Postoffice, Culver, Indiana.

Kreuzberger's Park.

(Lake Maxenkuckee.)

CULVER CITY.

THE BEST

Whiskies, Brandis, Cordials,

Rhine and Moselle Wines, French Clarets.

Port and Sherry.

Ales and Beers.

Mineral Water.

A fine stock of Domestic and Key West Cigars.

FOR SALE.

Fine lot—lake front, South-east end of lake, 120x160 feet. cheap. Inquire of G. A. Schmitt, Indianapolis, Ind.

Akron, Fulton county, suffered a severe loss by fire last week, nearly half of the business portion being burned. It consisted of shoe, drug and grocery stores, and a meat market. Cause of fire unknown.

J. Clemens

Experienced

Blacksmith.

Horseshoeing a Specialty. Horses warranted not to interfere with work guaranteed. Prices to suit the times. My Motto "Live and Let Live."

CULVER, INDIANA.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

W. S. Esterday,

Dealer in

Furniture

Of Every Description.

Picture Frames, Moldings, etc., kept constantly on hand.

Undertaking

and Embalming

A Specialty.

Thanking you for your patronage in the past anything needed in my line please call and get prices.

STORE, MAIN STREET,

CULVER, IND.

Bismark's Iron Nerve

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East: read down.				All Nickel Plate Passenger Trains Daily.				West: read up.			
1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4
11:00	12:00	1:00	2:00	Chicago	9:15	7:20	4:40	1:00	11:30	10:30	9:40
11:45	12:15	1:15	2:15	Valparaiso	9:50	8:00	5:30	2:00	12:15	11:15	10:25
6:30	12:50	1:50	2:50	So. Wabash	9:40	7:50	5:20	2:10	12:25	11:25	10:35
7:40	1:15	2:15	3:15	Knox	10:20	8:30	6:00	2:40	1:00	12:40	11:50
8:35	1:25	2:25	3:25	Bloomington	10:30	8:40	6:10	2:50	1:10	12:50	12:00
9:40	1:35	2:35	3:35	Monticello	10:40	8:50	6:20	3:00	1:20	1:00	12:10
10:45	1:45	2:45	3:45	Claypool	10:50	9:00	6:30	3:10	1:30	1:10	12:20
11:50	1:55	2:55	3:55	Wilder	11:00	9:10	6:40	3:20	1:40	1:20	12:30
12:55	2:00	3:00	4:00	Pl. Wayne	11:10	9:20	6:50	3:30	1:50	1:30	12:40
1:00	2:05	3:05	4:05	Cleveland	11:20	9:30	7:00	3:40	2:00	1:40	12:50
2:05	2:10	3:10	4:10	Buffalo	11:30	9:40	7:10	3:50	2:10	1:50	1:00
2:10	2:15	3:15	4:15	New York	11:40	9:50	7:20	4:00	2:20	2:00	1:10
2:15	2:20	3:20	4:20	Boston	11:50	10:00	7:30	4:10	2:30	2:10	1:20
2:20	2:25	3:25	4:25		12:00	10:10	7:40	4:20	2:40	2:20	1:30

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Light type A. M. Dark type P. M. Daily except Sunday. I. Stop on signal.

Drawing Room Sleeping Cars on Nos. 2, 4 and 6 through to Cleveland, Erie, Buffalo, New York and Boston; on Nos. 3, 5 and 1 to Chicago. Meals are served at "up-to-date" Dining Stations and in Nickel Plate Dining Cars at opportune meal hours. Baggage checked to destination. On inquiry you will find our rates are always lower than via other lines, service considered. For rates and detailed information, address B. F. Horner, General Passenger Agent, Cleveland, O., or Local Ticket Agent.

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CULVER CITY INDIANA.

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Why Pay High Prices when you can get your Horse shod for One Dollar with New Shoes, and other work in proportion?

Call on the undersigned and get your work done in a workmanlike manner. SHOP—Two doors south of the Hardware.

W. H. Wilson.

AN UNCANNY STORY.

ORIGIN OF THE "SOULLESS MONSTER OF FRANKENSTEIN."

The Interesting History of an Old Time Novel That is Often Alluded to in Literature and at Times Quoted Incorrectly.

Everybody, or nearly everybody, has heard of the novel of "Frankenstein," though it is not probable that many persons read it nowadays. There are so many allusions to it in our literature, however, that one absorbs some sort of a notion of it so that he cannot help knowing that it is a weird and ghastly story about a monster, but whether or not Frankenstein is the monster even well informed people do not always know, showing that they never read the story.

Sometimes we hear allusions to "Frankenstein's monster," as in one of Charles Sumner's orations, where he speaks of the "soulless monster of Frankenstein, the wretched creation of mortal science without God," and sometimes the reference is to Frankenstein only, as if he were the monster. Of course Sumner, who was very particular in his use of figures of speech, was right. When Mrs. Deland, in her fine novel of "Sidney," makes Major Lee say that "Christianity is a Frankenstein," she suffers the major to talk nonsense.

The story of this weird novel and the circumstances under which it came to be written are decidedly interesting and may be told in a few words. The facts are as follows:

In 1816 Mary Godwin, afterward Mrs. Shelley, eloped with Shelley, and they took up their residence near Geneva, in Switzerland. They had Lord Byron for a neighbor, and the three passed much time together. Their conversation frequently ran on the occult and the mysterious, and Byron one day proposed that each should write a ghost story. All agreed and went to work, but it was not long before the two poets gave it up as a hopeless task. They could write poetry, but they could not write stories.

Mary persevered and completed her tale in the spring of 1817. When Byron and Shelley heard it read, they were surprised and delighted. It was found to be the novel of the century! The name of it was "Frankenstein; or, The Modern Prometheus." It was immediately sent to London for publication and met with a great success.

Frankenstein is a Swiss youth, a student at the University of Ingolstadt, deeply interested in the study of reanatomy and natural philosophy. He life and death and wrest from nature the secret of creation. After prolonged study he succeeds and discovers how to impart movement and animation to lifeless matter.

He then resolves to mold a colossal man, making him beautiful in form and feature and imbue him with life. He carries on his work in a studio far from the habitations of man, labors long and secretly, and at last the work is completed. There in the great room lies the form and semblance of a human being, perfect in all his proportions. Frankenstein relates the story:

"It was on a dreary night in November that I beheld the accomplishment of my toils. With an anxiety that almost amounted to agony I collected the instruments of life around me that I might infuse a spark of being into the lifeless thing that lay at my feet.

"It was already 1 o'clock in the morning. The rain pattered dismally against the window panes, and my candle was nearly burned out, when, by the glimmer of the half-extinguished light, I saw the dull yellow eye of the creature open. It breathed hard, and a convulsive motion agitated its limbs."

Slowly the immense creature arose, and the artist, frightened at his own work, fled away. Then he returns to find his creation possessed of life and every attribute of humanity except a soul. Nowhere can it find human sympathy. It is out of harmony with all things about it, and after searching the world in pursuit of happiness it returns again to Frankenstein and demands that he make a companion with whom it can live in sympathy and love.

Frankenstein declines, and thereforth the monster pursues him with hatred and revenge. It slays his brothers and sister, his friend and his bride. It follows him to Russia, to Siberia and into the Arctic ocean, and there creature and artist perish together. It is a most uncanny story to read o' nights.

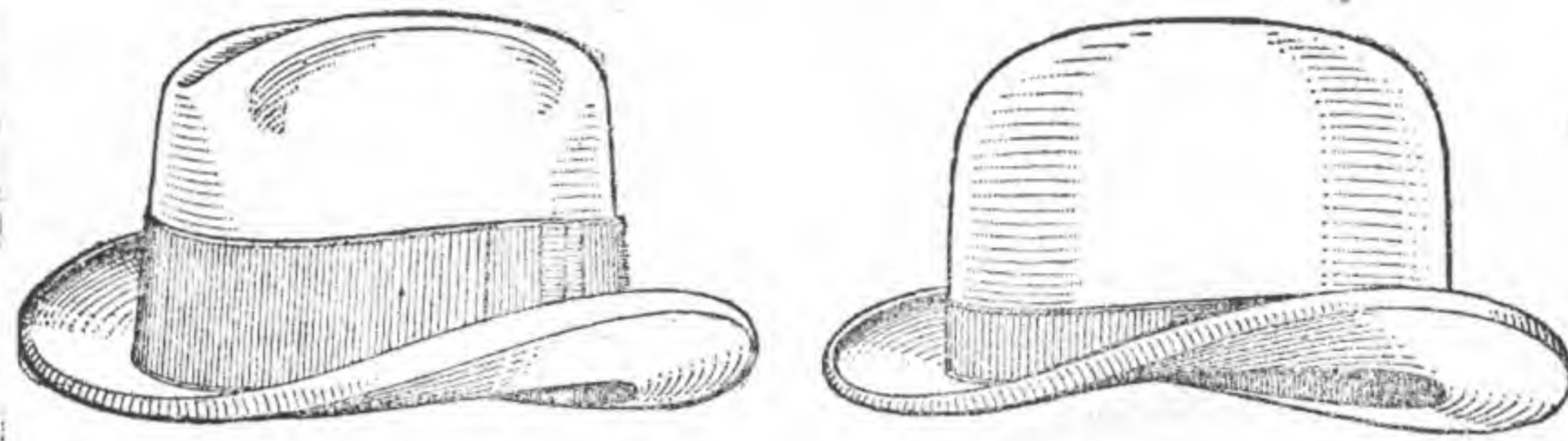
Sir Walter Scott reviewed the novel in The Quarterly, but while admitting its power confessed he did not like it. "Our taste and our judgment revolt at this kind of writing." All the critics agreed as to its daring originality.—Chicago Post.

Volcanic Eruptions
Are grand, but skin eruptions rob life of joy. Bucklen's Arnica Salve cures them; also old, running and fever sores, ulcers, boils, felons, corns, warts, cuts, bruises, burns, scalds, chapped hands, chilblains. Best pile cure on earth. Drives out pains and aches. Only 25 cents a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by T. E. Slattery, druggist.

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Where everything is fresh and clean. Always the best the market affords, that's what people say who buy their

Dry Goods, Groceries, Etc., Etc., OF PORTER & CO.



We also have in stock "The Longley Hat," the latest and most stylish hat on the market.

Hon. Geo. P. Bemis
Omaha's most popular Mayor.

"TO WHOM THIS COMES, GREETING: We take pleasure in commending the virtues of the most popular remedy for the cure of the most prevalent disease of the human system, Dr. E. J. Kay's Lung Balm, to the attention of the public. At this season, your system needs purifying. The internal organs are inactive. The waste matter is not eliminated but absorbed, thus contaminating the blood and debilitating the entire system. The nerve force is not replenished, consequently you are tired and have no energy. These symptoms are present in the Spring and after an epidemic of La-Grippe. To remove all had effects of La-Grippe or Spring Lassitude use Dr. Kay's Renovator. It certainly has no equal. Send for proof of it. It is a perfect restorative and regulator of all internal organs, curing the very worst cases of stomach troubles, constipation and obscure liver and kidney complaints. Try it and you will wonder at its marvelous effects. Write us describing your case carefully and we will give you valuable advice free and send you a 116-page illustrated book of receipts etc. If druggists do not have it, don't take any substitute they say is "just as good" for it has no equal. I can be had by return mail from us. Price 25 cts. and \$1. Dr. E. J. Kay Medical Co., Sanatoga Springs, N. Y., and Omaha, Neb."

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Consequently you have to buy what you eat. It is human nature to buy where you can get first class goods at Rock-Bottom Prices.

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STOVES of all kinds and prices, among them Air rights and the Celebrated ROUND OAK HEATER. For a neat and serviceable Stove, at a reasonable price, don't fail to see us.

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In the Swim—

is said of people who are up-to-date and are recognized wherever they go for their correct knowledge of life and living. People in the swim are the people who wear SELZ SHOES, because they are posted on what is best for their feet. There are lots of such people for 2,559,817 pairs of SELZ shoes were made last year alone. In offering you these shoes we declare them the best in the world for the money, no matter whether the price is \$1.50 or \$5.00.

SEE SELZ SHOES at the stores first and buy SELZ SHOES make your feet glad.

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SPECIAL Bargains at

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New York Store,

PLYMOUTH, IND.

3000 Yards, 30-inch Percale, Good Dark Styles for Fall Wear the 10c quality, for a short time only 8c per yard at the best trading place in the county.

All White Goods at Greatly Reduced Prices.

Wash Suit at One-half Former Prices.

Summer Wash Skirts at half price.

BUTTERICK PATTERNS.

HAYES & SON,

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First Class Horses, Buggies and Vehicles of every description. Can stable from 50 to 75 Horses and shelter.

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PLYMOUTH, ND.

Only First-Class House in the City. Rates Reasonable

Special rates given to Marshall county citizens, who come in numbers. Hacks to and from all trains.

J. B. Bowell, Proprietor.

BURGLAR IS KILLED.

RECEIVES A FATAL WOUND IN BATTLE WITH OFFICERS.

Detective and Patrolman Bear Testimony of Convict's Marksmanship—Choctaw Brides in Great Demand by Impetuous White Men.

A desperate fight took place at Columbus, Ohio, between Charles Dumont, an ex-convict, and Detective Abe Kleeman and Patrolman George Gaston. All three were wounded, Dumont fatally. Dumont was wanted for burglary and the officers were watching for him on Harrison avenue, when he came along on a bicycle. They called upon him to stop, but he kept on, at the same time drawing a revolver and shooting at his pursuers. Patrolman Gaston was the first to go down with a bullet in his head and another in the arm. Dumont lost his balance and fell from his wheel, but sought refuge behind a telegraph pole and continued firing at Detective Kleeman. Dumont received three wounds in the body. Dumont is 25 years of age. He was recently released from the penitentiary and was known as a desperate man.

CHOCTAW BRIDES IN DEMAND.

Whites Wed in Haste Before Intermarriage Law Takes Effect.

Tams Bixby of the Dawes commission, who is in Kansas City, says that there has been a great rush among white men to secure Choctaw brides in consequence of a ruling by the commission that intermarriage after Sept. 10 would not entitle intermarried whites to participate in the allotment. The price for a Choctaw license for an intermarriage is \$100, but the thrifty whites who wed Choctaws will receive 550 acres of land apiece as the dividends of their investments. It is estimated that every one of the 16,000 Indians of that tribe will get that amount of ground, so that impetuous whites have no trouble in borrowing the price of a marriage license by pledging their prospective allotments.

RACE FOR THE PENNANT.

Standing of the Clubs in the National and Western Leagues.

The standing of the clubs in the National League race is as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Club Name, Wins/Losses. Includes Brooklyn, Philadelphia, Boston, Baltimore, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Cleveland.

Following is the standing of the clubs in the Western League:

Table with 2 columns: Club Name, Wins/Losses. Includes Indianapolis, Minneapolis, Detroit, Grand Rapids, Buffalo.

VALUABLE DAIRY COWS DIE.

Death Caused by Lung Apoplexy at Toronto Exhibition.

The directors of the Toronto, Canada, industrial exhibition have been engaged on a peculiar case. A dozen valuable dairy cows exhibited died early in the week, and it was suspected that they had been poisoned. On investigation it was found that the cows had died of lung apoplexy. Now it is believed that death was caused by milk being pumped into their udders in order to inflate them, after they had been milked out clean by the exhibition officers on the evening before judging. No one charges the owners of the cows with fraud, but the exhibition directors showed their disapproval of the practice by canceling all prizes awarded to the cows in question.

TWO FIREMEN ARE SUFFOCATED.

Lose Their Lives While Trying to Save a Child from Death.

Two members of the fire department and a child of 4 years were killed by gases in a vault in Cincinnati. Monroe Dent, aged 4, fell into a vault and the fire department was appealed to for aid. Thomas Bland and Harry Heinsheimer responded with a ladder and, descending, were suffocated by the gases. Their bodies and that of the child were recovered.

May Unite Textile Unions.

Twelve prominent labor men, delegates from the six big textile unions of this country, in Boston formulated a plan for the federation of the several textile organizations, with the ostensible object of organizing 500,000 mill operatives. All signed the agreement recommending a general federation, which will be reported to the big unions.

An Unsuccessful Search.

The steamer Antarctic, which left Helsingborg, Sweden, on May 25 last, with an expedition under Prof. A. G. Nathorst, was spoken off The Skaw, the northern extremity of Jutland, Denmark, on her return from her search along the northeast coast of Greenland for Prof. Andree. She reported that she had found no trace of the missing aeronaut.

Cod Fisheries Are a Failure.

Fishermen who have returned from the cod fishing grounds on the Labrador coast report a serious condition of affairs. The cod fishery has been almost an absolute failure and all vessels are returning with small fares.

James B. Eustis Is Dead.

James B. Eustis of New York, formerly of New Orleans, ex-United States Senator and ambassador to France, died at Newport, R. I., of pneumonia.

CLASH OVER THE TAX CLAIMS.

St. Louis County and the State of Minnesota at Loggerheads.

St. Louis County, Minn., of which Duluth is the county seat and in which nearly all the great ore deposits are found, is threatened with a suit from the State, and when it comes up will raise two important questions in a counter claim. A few days ago the county, in sending the State the amount of its apportionment of its taxes, took out \$17,300.24, the State's share of the county's losses in dead banks. The State has disregarded this and drawn for the full amount and will sue if it is not paid, which it will not be. The county will put in a large counter claim on two points. The first is on the iron ore tonnage, which was declared unconstitutional. Under it the State took half the tax and the county will sue for the difference between that and what it should have had, one-tenth. Another point is the railroad's gross earnings tax. The county will claim that it should have been apportioned among the counties in which the railroad property is situated instead of the State using it, and will sue for its share. The amounts involved will be several times the State's claim.

ORGANIZING A BRASS TRUST.

New York Concerns Start Movement for a \$5,000,000 Combine.

President Hewitt of the Brady Metal Company of New York and the Buffalo Brass Company of Buffalo, N. Y., are said to be interested in a plan to form the leading brass works as far west as Chicago into a \$5,000,000 trust. L. Miller of the Galena Oil Company is also said to be in the deal. Options have been obtained on fifteen of the largest plants, embracing all the principal concerns except the Atlantic Brass Company of Jersey City. The following plants will be included: Brady Metal Company of New York, Buffalo Brass Company, Buffalo; Ajax Metal Company, Philadelphia; Hewitt Manufacturing Company, Chicago; Moore, Jones & Co., St. Louis; Damascus Bronze Company, Pittsburg; United States Bronze Company, Cleveland, and the Fulton Brass Company, Detroit.

TO COVER MISSISSIPPI VALLEY.

New Long-Distance Telephone Enterprise Projected.

Hopkins J. Hanford, general manager of the Kinloch Telephone Company, went to St. Louis from Minneapolis, Minn., recently to arrange maps and profiles for a gigantic new long-distance telephone enterprise which will cover all important points in the Mississippi valley. The proposed company will be incorporated Oct. 1, with a capital stock of \$1,000,000, paid up. It will be known as the Kinloch Long-Distance Telephone Company, and will extend many miles to the north, east, south and west of St. Louis. The company is the outgrowth of the Kinloch Telephone Company of St. Louis, which organization has recently made a large extension in its local service, involving an additional expenditure of \$212,000 on its switchboard facilities.

STREET CARS ARE BOMBARDED.

Cleveland Strike the Cause of a Riot in Which Pistols Are Used.

A street railroad strike riot occurred in South Brooklyn, a Cleveland suburb. A meeting of strike sympathizers was held early in the evening. When it broke up the crowd collected on Pearl street, and the first car that came along was thrown off the track by an iron catch basin cover placed on one of the rails. Stones and clubs were thrown at the car and the crew hit. Another car soon appeared, and it also was derailed and bombarded. Word of the trouble was received at the Holmden avenue car barns near by, and a force of street railroad men was armed and sent to the rescue. When the reinforcements arrived they began to shoot their revolvers into the air and the crowd broke and ran.

SPANISH OFFICERS TO GO FREE.

Captain of Cristobol Colon and General Parede Acquitted.

The trial of Captain Diaz Morou, who commanded the Spanish cruiser Cristobal Colon at the battle of Santiago de Cuba, and Gen. Parede, who was on board the Colon, on charges arising from the destruction of the Spanish fleet off Santiago July 3 of last year, was concluded at Madrid, both the accused officers being acquitted.

Lightning in a Crowd.

Lightning struck among a gang of men on the grounds of the fair association at Camargo, Ill., while the fair was in progress, and ten were thrown to the ground, two being instantly killed and two fatally hurt. Many women were shocked and stunned. The bolt struck on the north end of the grand stand, which was filled, just a short time previous. Nearly all of the killed and injured were young men and they were seated at supper when the bolt came.

Wreck Blocks Lake Traffic.

The steel steamer Douglas Houghton, the largest ship on the lakes, was sunk across the channel of St. Mary's river at the sailors' encampment and effectually blocked the passage of all Lake Superior commerce for several days. The Houghton came into collision with her tow, the Fritz. Both were loaded with iron ore.

Rockefeller Gives to Brown.

John D. Rockefeller has given \$250,000 to Brown University, Providence, R. I. This is the first substantial gift toward the \$2,000,000 endowment fund which the corporation of Brown University has been trying to raise for the last five years.

Makes a New Record.

The North German Lloyd steamer Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse arrived at New York from Bremen, Southampton and Cherbourg after a record passage of five days eighteen hours and fifteen minutes, beating her own westward record.

Long Island Hotel Burns.

The Garden City Hotel at Garden City, L. I., owned by the A. T. Stewart estate, was burned. Loss \$155,000.

ESTIMATE FOR NAVY.

TOTAL AMOUNT IS FIFTY MILLION DOLLARS.

Expenditures for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 1901, Are Expected to Be Large—Terrible Deed of an Insane Man in Mexico.

The naval estimates for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901, will aggregate about \$50,000,000. This considerable increase in the cost of the navy is due in great part to the expenditures which will have to be made during the present and coming fiscal year for the construction of fifty-four vessels building, and the three battleships and three armored cruisers which will be contracted for as soon as Congress takes action enabling the department to place contracts for armor. Admirals Hiebhorn and Melville have estimated that \$18,000,000 will be required to meet bills of ship builders. In addition to this sum, Admiral Hiebhorn estimates that \$5,000,000, instead of \$3,000,000, will be required for repairs of ships. Admiral O'Neill's estimates for the armor for the vessels under construction and proposed are very high. His estimate for the present fiscal year amounted to \$4,000,000, which was appropriated. The estimates for the coming year will exceed this amount.

LUNATIC KILLS CELLMATES.

Terrible Deed of an Insane Man at Chihuahua, Mexico.

News comes from Chihuahua, Mexico, of the terrible deed of a lunatic there. A crazy man created a disturbance among the people in the plaza. He attacked an American with a heavy billet of wood, but the American knocked down his assailant with a walking cane. The police arrived quickly and soon overpowered the lunatic and took him off to jail. They locked him in a large cell where fifteen other prisoners were confined and neglected to search for weapons. It soon developed that the lunatic had a long knife concealed and began slashing right and left at his unarmed cell mates. Two of them were killed and a third fatally wounded before the guards could rush in and disarm the lunatic.

Killed on His Front Porch.

Frank W. Pape, the assistant park commissioner, was murdered on his front porch in the presence of his son William at St. Louis. Henry Fry, the assassin, fled from the scene, pursued by the victim's son. After a flight of two blocks Fry turned the weapon on himself and expired almost instantly. Fry was a huckster, who became infuriated because Pape could not obtain a city license for him free.

For a Great Railway System.

There is a plan arranged to form a gigantic railway system which will create a trunk line consolidation greater than any now in existence in this country, and it will embrace the Baltimore and Ohio, Pittsburg and Western, Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburg, Philadelphia and Reading, West Virginia and Pittsburg and several smaller roads in as many States.

Illinois Convent Burns.

St. Xavier's Girls' Academy and Convent of Mercy of St. Columba Deanery, at Ottawa, Ill., together with a new \$13,000 addition under construction, were destroyed by fire. Forty Sisters of Mercy and twenty boarding pupils escaped in their night clothes without accident. The loss on the buildings is \$50,000 and on contents \$25,000.

Heavy Loss by Fire.

Fire was discovered in the rolling mills at the Shelby Tube Works at Shelby, Ohio. The fire originated from an overheated oven. The rolling mill is a total loss, as is also the piercing machine room, engine room and boiler room. The loss cannot at present be estimated.

St. Louis-New York Line.

The Hollander Line will soon open its service between New York and St. Louis. The steamship Catania will sail from New York to Mobile, whence the Mobile and Ohio Railroad will be used to St. Louis.

Three Miners Are Killed.

Three miners, Fred Hamilton, Clarence Hardesty and Eliza Powers, lost their lives in Highland mines, near Fairmount, W. Va., the result of a powder explosion, followed by a fire started by the falling of a lamp in a keg of powder.

Six Passengers Injured.

As a result of a collision between two electric street cars on Ontario street, Cleveland, six persons were seriously injured. Wet rails caused the accident. Both cars were badly wrecked.

Death at a Banquet Table.

Richard B. Leech of Brooklyn, N. Y., died suddenly just as he finished his address at a banquet of the Forty-eighth New York volunteers at a Brighton Beach hotel. He was 54 years old.

Takes Charge at Tuskegee.

Mrs. B. K. Bruce of Mississippi, widow of the late United States Senator Bruce, has accepted the position of lady principal of the Tuskegee Normal and Industrial Institute at Tuskegee, Ala.

Memphis Man Fatally Hurt.

Attorney General George B. Peters of Memphis, Tenn., was injured while making a tour of inspection of the Chicago stock yards. He fell through a shaft and fractured his skull.

Costly Blaze in Brooklyn.

Five vessels were burned and a loss of \$250,000 was entailed by a fire which destroyed one of the largest buildings of the Brooklyn Storage and Warehouse Company at pier 47, South Brooklyn, N. Y.

Children Are Fatally Hurt.

In St. Louis, an electric street car collided with a wagon load of school children, fatally injuring two and badly hurting four others.

NO TROUBLE OVER TREATY.

Salisbury Expected to Abrogate Clayton-Bulwer Agreement.

Administration officials do not expect to experience trouble in securing the consent of Lord Salisbury to the abrogation of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty. The report that the Colombian Government proposes to inaugurate a movement in England with a view to continuing the Clayton-Bulwer treaty is not viewed with any alarm at Washington. It is said at the State Department that there is a boundary dispute between Colombia and Nicaragua over a strip of territory which is said to take in the Atlantic terminus of the proposed waterway, but Nicaragua holds that there can be no doubt of her right to the territory. Besides, it is pointed out that Lord Salisbury agreed last December to abrogate the Clayton-Bulwer treaty, and that the negotiations for such abrogation were practically completed when Great Britain presented her demands in the Alaskan boundary controversy and declared that this dispute would have to be settled before she would conclude the Clayton-Bulwer negotiations.

STEAMER RESCUES SAILORS.

Survivors of the Lost Schooner Lisgar Drift on Lake Huron.

After drifting around Lake Huron for ninety-one hours in a yawl boat two survivors of the lost Canadian schooner Lisgar were picked up by the steamer Case. They are Captain Freeman and Nelson Altire, a sailor. Captain Freeman is of the opinion that the other five members of the crew, including his wife, were all lost. The Lisgar had a cargo of coal for Parry sound and with the schooner Grimsby formed the tow of the steamer Clinton. In a gale of wind on Lake Huron the Lisgar foundered. The Clinton and her other consort put into Goderich after much difficulty. Captain Freeman and Altire managed to get into the boat, but they drifted nearly four days before they were sighted by a passing boat. In that time they had gone nearly the length of Lake Huron.

AMERICAN APPLES IN DEMAND.

Shipments to Germany Commence a Month Earlier than Usual.

American apples are in such great demand in Germany this year that shipments have commenced one month earlier than usual. The first consignment left on the steamship Lahn, and was from the Hudson river district. Last year 22,851 barrels were sent abroad. This year it is expected the shipment will reach 100,000 barrels.

Bad Baltimore and Ohio Wreck.

Probably fifty persons were injured in a rear-end collision on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad at Conneville station, Pa. The presence of mind of Engineer John Haggerty saved the lives of many. The first section of train No. 5, an emigrant special of eight sleepers, ran into the rear end of the Cumberland accommodation. Engineer Murray of the emigrant train lost control of his engine, the air brake refusing to work.

Probable Murder at Cleveland.

The body of a man supposed to be William Kendall of 3843 College street, St. Louis, was found in the river at Cleveland. Numerous wounds were on the body, and the police believe the man was murdered.

Rules on Mother-in-Law.

It costs \$8.50 to beat a mother-in-law, according to a finding of Judge Kinsey in the first district police court at St. Louis, if the beating is not too severe. The severity of the beating is decided by the number of visible cuts and bruises.

Found Dead, the Gas Turned On.

Herman Groth of Chicago was found dead in his room. Gas was escaping from a jet turned partly on. It is supposed he committed suicide. Groth was 56 years old and had been ill for some time.

Name Lowndes for Governor.

The Republican State convention at Baltimore, Md., nominated Lloyd Lowndes for Governor.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$3.00 to \$7.00; hogs, shipping grades, \$3.00 to \$4.75; sheep, fair to choice, \$3.00 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2 red, 70c to 71c; corn, No. 2, 31c to 32c; oats, No. 2, 21c to 22c; rye, No. 2, 55c to 57c; butter, choice creamery, 20c to 22c; eggs, fresh, 14c to 15c; potatoes, choice, 40c to 45c per bushel. Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$6.25; hogs, choice light, \$2.75 to \$4.75; sheep, common to prime, \$3.25 to \$4.25; wheat, No. 2 red, 66c to 68c; corn, No. 2 white, 32c to 34c; oats, No. 2 white, 23c to 25c. St. Louis—Cattle, \$3.25 to \$7.00; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.75; sheep, \$3.00 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2, 68c to 70c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 31c to 33c; oats, No. 2, 22c to 24c; rye, No. 2, 52c to 54c. Cincinnati—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$6.25; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.75; sheep, \$2.50 to \$4.25; wheat, No. 2, 69c to 70c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 34c to 35c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 23c to 25c; rye, No. 2, 58c to 60c. Detroit—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$6.25; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.75; sheep, \$2.50 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2, 70c to 72c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 33c to 34c; oats, No. 2 white, 23c to 25c; rye, 58c to 60c. Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 mixed, 69c to 70c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 33c to 35c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 21c to 22c; rye, No. 2, 56c to 57c; clover seed, new, \$4.80 to \$4.90. Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 spring, 67c to 69c; corn, No. 3, 32c to 33c; oats, No. 2 white, 22c to 24c; rye, No. 1, 55c to 57c; barley, No. 2, 42c to 44c; pork, mess, \$7.75 to \$8.25. Buffalo—Cattle, good shipping steers, \$3.00 to \$6.25; hogs, common to choice, \$3.25 to \$4.75; sheep, fair to choice wethers, \$3.50 to \$4.75; lambs, common to extra, \$4.50 to \$6.75. New York—Cattle, \$3.25 to \$6.25; hogs, \$3.00 to \$5.00; sheep, \$3.00 to \$4.75; wheat, No. 2 red, 74c to 76c; corn, No. 2, 39c to 40c; oats, No. 2 white, 27c to 28c; butter, creamery, 17c to 23c; eggs, western, 13c to 17c.

DREYFUS IS GUILTY

This is the Verdict of the Rennes Court-Martial.

FAMOUS TRIAL ENDS.

Judges Uphold the French Army at the Expense of Justice.

Closing Scenes in the World's Most Famous Military Trial—M. Demange Pleads Emphatically for the Prisoner—Accused Dramatically Declares His Innocence—Verdict Was Not Unexpected—Precautions Taken to Prevent an Outbreak.

The court martial in the case of Capt. Alfred Dreyfus having deliberated for three hours came into court at 3 o'clock Saturday afternoon, and after the usual impressive formalities pronounced the prisoner guilty of the charge of treason. A wild scene followed, but the presence of a strong force of gendarmes prevented serious results. Dreyfus dramatically proclaimed his innocence.

The morning of the day which was to decide the fate of Capt. Dreyfus broke dull and cheerless at Rennes, and the court room was filled with a cold, unsympathetic light, which lent sadness to the



CAPT. DREYFUS.

proceedings. This was enhanced by the grave aspect of the audience. The faces of the judges also reflected the solemnity of the occasion.

The last session of the court martial opened at 7:30 a. m. The prisoner looked flushed and in ill health, apparently suffering from the great strain. M. Demange resumed his speech for the defense, which was interrupted Friday by the adjournment of the court. The audience listened to his remarks with the most serious attention and he was also closely followed by the judges. The peroration of M. Demange was a splendid piece of oratory. His voice thundered through the court and echoed outside. The officers and troopers stationed in the court yard crowded around the entrance of the hall, standing on tiptoe to catch a glimpse of the speaker, while inside the hall many of the audience were moved to tears. After Maitre Demange had spoken Maitre Labori arose and formally renounced his right to plead.

The court then adjourned its session until 3 p. m., the judges retiring to deliberate on the verdict, which was announced in open court at the hour of its reconvening.

Chronology of the Dreyfus Case.

- 1894. April 1—Esterhazy writes the bordereau and sends it to Schwartzkoppen. September—Bordereau brought to Colonel Sandherr. Oct. 15—Dreyfus arrested on charge of treason. Dec. 19—Dreyfus court martial begins. 1895. Jan. 5—Dreyfus publicly degraded. Feb. 9—Law passed sending Dreyfus to Devil's Island. June 1—Picquart placed at head of Intelligence bureau. 1896. May 1—Picquart discovers the petit bleu. Sept. 14—Eclair exposes the fact that Dreyfus was convicted by secret evidence. Nov. 1—Henry's forgeries used to convince Chamber of Dreyfus' guilt. 1897. Nov. 15—Mathieu Dreyfus denounces Esterhazy as the real author of the bordereau. 1898. Jan. 11—Esterhazy acquitted of charge of writing the bordereau. Jan. 12—Colonel Picquart arrested. Jan. 13—Zola writes the "I accuse" letter. Feb. 24—Picquart expelled from the army. July 18—Zola flees from France. Aug. 31—Henry confesses to forgery and commits suicide. Sept. 26—Dreyfus verdict referred to Court of Cassation. 1899. June 3—Court of Cassation decides Dreyfus shall have a new trial. June 7—Dreyfus ordered home on cruise at Sfax. June 30—Dreyfus lands in France. Aug. 7—Trial opens at Rennes. Sept. 9—Dreyfus is found guilty.

TEN YEARS IN PRISON.

THIS IS THE SENTENCE IMPOSED UPON DREYFUS.

Captain Is Confident of Release Despite the Judgment—New Degradation of Condemned Man Is Not Possible—World to Boycott Paris Fair.

All France is perplexed over the effect of the verdict in the Dreyfus court martial, which sentences the unfortunate officer to ten years' imprisonment in a fortress. Even the men most familiar with the nation's law differ in opinion as to whether or not the condemned man will have to suffer the ten years' detention imposed by the judges. Dreyfus himself holds that the five years' solitary imprisonment will offset the new sentence and many prominent lawyers hold the same view.

Attorney Demange of counsel for the defense, Col. Jouanet, president of the court martial, and Clerk Coupois of the military tribunal declare that the imprisonment on Devil's Island will count for nothing and that the new term must be served by the captain. The theory that the sentence was fixed at ten years by the judges, that the punishment would be exactly equal that already undergone, seems baseless. It was shown that the vote of the court martial—5 to 2—made such verdict obligatory and the question of the accused man's early release was not considered by the tribunal.

A second degradation will not be possible, as Dreyfus' sword was not returned to him and he has no epaulettes on the undress uniform which he now wears. Formal application for revision will be made as soon as the necessary papers can be prepared.

Dreyfus bore the terrible shock with marvelous fortitude, one might almost say with unnatural calm. He seemed stupefied when Attorney Labori communicated to him the verdict, but he afterward rallied.

Mme. Dreyfus and Mathieu Dreyfus, his brother, visited the prisoner during the course of the afternoon, his brother subsequently leaving for Paris. The application to the court of revision was taken to him by M. Labori's assistant and he signed it. Sunday he spoke but little, although he seemed in better spirits than



MME. DREYFUS.

might have been anticipated. The meeting with his wife was naturally very affecting, but both held up as well as possible. He said to her:

"I am not uneasy regarding myself, as I shall soon be free, but I think of you and my poor children. They will be branded as the children of a traitor."

Dreyfus is convinced that the ten years' imprisonment to which he is sentenced will be wiped out by the five years of solitary seclusion he underwent on Devil's Island, and he expects to be released by Oct. 15, which will be five years from the date of his former condemnation.

TO BOYCOTT PARIS EXPOSITION

Reports from All Parts of Civilization Would Indicate This Result.

Reports from all parts of the world indicate a general boycotting of the Paris exposition because of the verdict in the Dreyfus case. Germany will doubtless lead in this effective condemnation of the nation which bears the Dreyfus scandal.

Although the various governments have already been allotted space for exhibits and their buildings are under way, it is



DREYFUS' TWO CHILDREN.

probable that many of the powers will decide to abandon their plans for the big fair. Where it will be impossible for the governments to cancel arrangements individual exhibitors will refuse to participate and they predict utter failure for what was to have been the crowning event of the century.

The London press is open in denouncing the judgment of the Rennes court. Leading papers of Russia, Germany, Austria, Italy, Hungary and other nations unite in advocating a boycott of the exposition. In the United States, from which France expected to draw thousands of visitors, a similar movement is said to be on foot.

From many New York pulpits Sunday the verdict of the Dreyfus court martial was denounced in unmeasured terms. Everywhere in the city, where the result of the court martial was discussed, the judges who rendered the verdict of guilty were severely criticised. In Chicago this feeling has been noticed everywhere.

LATEST PICTURE OF CAPTAIN DREYFUS.



BUSINESS SITUATION.

Chicago Correspondence:

The developments of the last week have all been in the direction of improvement. Reports of railroad earnings have shown further gains, the bank clearings are again well ahead of those for the corresponding week last year and from every section comes the news of steadily increasing activity in trade and manufacturing lines. Prices are being well maintained for the reason that the production, great as it has been in the last few months, is still considerably below the demand. Collections are uniformly reported to be good and wholesalers say that the proportion of each transaction is showing a gratifying increase.

In the security markets there has been some uneasiness with regard to the Transvaal situation and money rates have also shown a tendency to harden. The result of this has been that during the latter part of the week prices for stocks showed a considerable decline. On all the recessions, however, good buying has made its appearance in the standard stocks. Trading sentiment at the moment is somewhat mixed, but the best opinion is that as soon as money again eases up the stock market will again develop into a bull affair. Meantime, it is expected to continue to have two sides, with fluctuations covering a range of two or three points.

Business on the Board of Trade suffered to some extent from the state of the weather. The volume of speculative transactions was thereby curtailed, and the lack of activity gave to the markets an appearance of weakness which was more apparent than real. Holders of wheat had to battle with increasing receipts, but were sustained in their efforts by the liberal outflow toward foreign ports and the fact that, notwithstanding almost daily claims of no demand from abroad, the weekly shipments from this country to Europe exceeded by about 40 per cent the combined efforts of all the other exporting countries of the world.

Corn closed Saturday without any appreciable change in price from that ruling at the close of the previous week. Reports from the country very generally claimed damage more or less from the extremely dry, hot weather, but the speculative appreciation of the amount of injury is displayed in the immobility of the grain's value, notwithstanding the excellence of the shipping demand. It is true that freight rates are hardening, and that would have a natural tendency to depress prices west, but they could not be kept down on that account if there was any doubt of a large crop being practically assured, although it may not be so overwhelmingly heavy as promised two weeks ago.

The dry term has come to an end, and farm work in preparation for another season, temporarily suspended by the lack of moisture, can now be resumed, so that the flourishing condition of things agricultural continues in undiminished degree.

OTIS PLANS CAMPAIGN.

Commander in Philippines Lays Out Work for Army and Navy.

Considerable progress has been made by Maj. Gen. Otis upon the plan of campaign he will open immediately upon the beginning of the dry season. Gen. Otis proposes to divide the army of 64,649 combatants and the mountain batteries and dynamite guns which he will have in December into two divisions, commanded by MacArthur and Lawton. One of these will operate to the north of Manila and the other to the west and south. Each division will operate in two military provinces to be defined by Gen. Otis, but there will be effective and prompt cooperation when it is desirable.

DEWEY SAILS FOR HOME.

Olympia Leaves Gibraltar on Its Way to New York.

With the inspiring air of "Hail Columbia," being played by the band of the British guardship Devastation, Admiral Dewey's flagship, the Olympia, steamed out of Gibraltar bay Sunday morning on her way to New York. Just as the Olympia finished turning to run out the narrow entrance to the mole the sun burst through the clouds, making the cruiser stand out like a picture against the background of gray brown rocks, and across the water floated the music of the Olympia's band as it played "God Save the Queen," which was followed by "The Star-Spangled Banner" and "Home, Sweet Home."

United States Consul Sprague and Captain Littlefield of the British navy were the last visitors on board and just before



LATEST PORTRAIT OF ADMIRAL DEWEY.

they left the admiral expressed satisfaction in being at last on the final run for home.

The New York World prints an extended interview with Admiral Dewey, which was obtained on the eve of the admiral's departure from Gibraltar by a staff correspondent. The admiral feels it his duty to refuse the invitations that have been extended to him from Chicago and the West. After his reception in Washington, he will go to Montpelier. From Montpelier the admiral expects to return to Washington for the sessions of the Philippine commission. Speaking of the proper policy to pursue in the Philippines the admiral said: "I've little to say until the recommendations of the commission, of which I am a member, are laid before President McKinley."

BRINGS TIDINGS OF PEARY.

Steamer Windward Returns from the Far Frozen North.

After having wintered in the far northern polar regions Explorer Peary's steamer has arrived at Brigus, N. F., from West Greenland. Peary penetrated into the "land of the midnight sun," fifty miles farther north than Sverdrup went with the Fram. Jan. 6, while pushing toward Cape Columbia, on the northern extremity of Grinnell Land, Peary had both his feet frozen. He was hauled 100 miles on a sledge to the Windward, where Dr. Diedrick amputated the frozen member. His expedition was fruitful of good results. Besides finding that Buchanan Strait was really a closed bay the party came across the last camp of the lost Greely expedition.

At Fort Conger, Greely's old headquarters, in Lady Franklin bay, Peary found a Greely house and its contents just as it was left by his predecessor fifteen years ago. Peary will remain at Etah this fall and winter, and next February, when the light serves, he will start north, the whole tribe of Arctic Highlanders supporting him.

CAPTAIN CARTER'S CASE.

Is This Army Officer a Thief or an American Dreyfus?

The Dreyfus case has a parallel in our own country, if the charges of counsel for Capt. Oberlin M. Carter are true.

They assert that this disgraced army officer, who was found guilty of embezzlement to the extent of several million dollars by a court martial appointed to investigate charges preferred against him in connection with the improvements in Savannah harbor, is really the victim of injustice and intrigue which rivals French military justice and that he will be vindicated if given a fair trial. Carter was declared guilty by the court martial over a year ago, but the President had ex-Senator Edmunds review the evidence and directed Attorney General Griggs to hear oral arguments by the counsel on both sides and render an opinion. Meanwhile the opponents of Carter charge that political influence has been exerted to save a guilty man from the punishment he merits, viz., dismissal from the army and imprisonment. As a sensational denouement, Gen. Elwell S. Otis, now in the Philippines, who presided over the court martial, is accused of perjury and subornation of perjury in this connection.

Of all the scandals concerning the honor and integrity of the army none has been so serious as that affecting the reputation of Capt. Oberlin M. Carter, late Government engineer in charge of the works at Savannah, Ga. In the winter of 1898 it was whispered that extensive frauds had been committed in connection with the Government work in Savannah harbor. Capt. Carter had been in charge of this work for a number of years, and it was his successor, Capt. Cassius E. Gillette, who first intimated that the work at Savannah was suspicious. Following an investigation by Col. Gillespie, Maj. Raymond and Maj. Adams of the engineer corps of the Savannah works, the charges were formulated against Capt. Carter, then military attaché to the American embassy at London, to the effect that he conspired with contractors to defraud the United States and obtain allowance for fraudulent claims amounting to two and a half million dollars; that he indorsed a false pay roll and did divers other criminal acts, including embezzlement.

A court martial was ordered, with Gen. Otis as president, and Col. Thomas H. Barr as judge advocate. The proceedings of the court martial were no sooner begun than intimations were heard that through the operations of a hostile clique in the engineering corps of the army the court had been packed against Carter and that he was to be condemned to a certainty. On the other hand, it was charged by Carter's enemies that political influence and wealth were being used to secure his escape from punishment. However this may be, he was tried, found guilty in May, 1898, and the findings of the court sent to the President.

OYSTER SEASON IS ON.

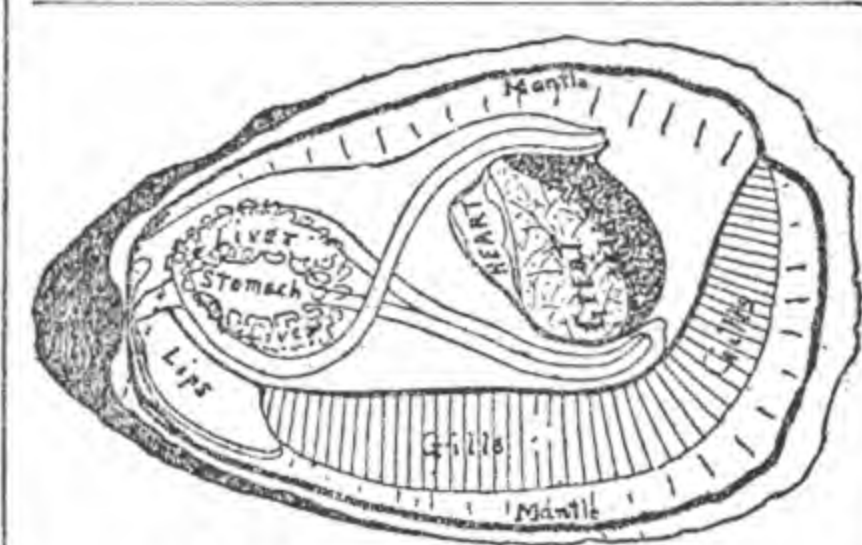
The Supply This Year Will Be Unusually Abundant.

The oyster season is on. From now until the last day of April—during which time the spelling of all the months will contain an "r"—it will be proper to eat oysters. The first dredgings this year, dealers say, indicate that the supply for the season will be unusually abundant. All of the Eastern oystermen are reported as having increased their facilities for dredging, extended their beds, and provided more boats. Western dealers also

ANATOMY OF THE OYSTER.

declare that better transportation facilities have been obtained.

Last year it took 250,000 oysters a week to supply Chicago. In previous years the average was considerably less. With the increased supply the dealers are preparing for a sale that will come nearer the 500,000 mark. New York consumes 1,000,000 oysters a week, half of which are sold at the wharves at low prices, and it is estimated that 150,000 are consumed each week in St. Louis.



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TWENTY YEARS AGO.

"Pinafore" was raging.
Telephones were a novelty.
"Baby Mine" was prevalent.
Denis Kearney was rampant.
Sitting Bull was a "big Injun."
Campanini was the great tenor.
Adelaide Neilson was playing Juliet.
Six-day walking matches were a craze.
Prince Louis Napoleon was slain by Zulus.
England was fighting Afghans and Zulus.
Kaiser William celebrated his golden wedding.
Gen. Grant was finishing a tour of the world.
"Wot d'yer soy?" was the slang phrase of the day.
The great Brooklyn bridge was nearing completion.
The United States army was fighting with Ute Indians.

INDIANA INCIDENTS.

RECORD OF EVENTS OF THE PAST WEEK.

Temperance People Outwitted at Daleville—Farmer Digs Up His Wife's Corpse—Air-Ship Inventor Has a Close Call—Tragedy at a Charivari.

Daleville temperance people are about to be outwitted in their fight of long standing to prevent saloons from entering their town as a result of a trick. Richard Reynolds made the regulation application for a license and the publication, as was expected by him, brought the customary majority remonstrances signed by 234 taxpayers. In the meantime James Brubaker applied for a license to serve drinks in the Reynolds room, making the advertisement required by law in a Muncie trade journal. The publication was overlooked by Daleville people until it is now too late to remonstrate before the meeting of the commissioners' court.

Insane Farmer's Weird Act.

George Hendrixon, a prominent farmer of Osgood, created a ghoulish scene on a recent night by going to the grave of his wife, who died a few months ago, disintering her remains, and embracing the corpse. After getting the body out of the casket Hendrixon went into a maniacal state. The man was almost unmanageable, when several friends attempted to take him away. The body was again buried and Hendrixon was turned over to the sheriff of the county a raving lunatic.

Flying Machine Is Wrecked.

Aridas Farmer of Evansville had a close call for his life at the Spencer County fair at Chrisney. He gave an exhibition of his flying machine, which was successful. In making his descent the machine struck a church steeple and was demolished. The inventor clung to the steeple and was saved.

Charivari Ends in a Tragedy.

While a party of young men were giving a charivari serenade for John W. Cannady and his bride, Miss Lettie Boyd, at Odon, Floyd Kinman was fatally shot. The noise of drums and tin pans was not enough for some one in the party, who fired a revolver. The bullet entered Kinman's abdomen.

Brazil Coal Miners Strike.

At Brazil, 300 miners employed by the Keeler Coal Company went out on a strike because the boss at the mine refused to allow them to use powder purchased at a store that did not belong to the coal company. The miners say they bought the powder 50 cents cheaper on the keg than sold by the company.

Within Our Borders.

Ex-Chief of Police George W. Newitt, Evansville, is dead.

Terre Haute car works, in the trust, is decreasing its force.

Sixty acres of timber burned near Union City. Origin unknown.

Knightstown officials are visiting other towns, studying municipal ownership.

Seventeen persons have gone crazy in Cass County since the first of the year.

Frank Blue, Delhi, accidentally shot his son, J.S., through the forehead. Fatal.

William Casidy, Lodi, found ground to pieces on the Big Four track, near Brazil.

Fairmount academy, friends' institution, will be placed under a new management.

Mrs. Alonzo Miller, Kokomo, in drawing a shotgun from under the bed, fatally shot herself.

Joseph R. Padgett, 68, fell asleep on the B. & O. S. W. tracks near Mitchell and was killed.

William McKenzie, Terre Haute, lineman, who fell twenty-five feet and was given up for dead, may recover.

The plant of the sand mill at Rosedale was destroyed by fire. Loss \$22,000, slight insurance. The mill ground sand rock for a Muncie glass manufactory.

The large stock and storage barn owned by Lou Evers, one mile south of Franklin, was fired by some unknown person. Loss estimated at \$5,000, partially insured.

The experts who have recently completed an examination into the affairs of the clerk, recorder and sheriff of Marion County find that the ex-recorders and sheriff owe the county nearly \$10,000, the amount being made up of fees illegally withheld.

John Cragner and Wayman Adams, a boy artist, who ran away from Muncie a short time ago, were seriously hurt at Decatur, Ill. Pipes in a box car in which they were riding rolled on them.

Albert Piety, Terre Haute, fired a blank cartridge in the face of Benjamin Adams during the Red Men's pow-wow, putting his eye out. Adams has now brought suit against Piety for mayhem.

Ex-Street Commissioner John Knauff, aged 60 years and married, committed suicide at Vincennes, shooting himself through the heart with a revolver. The cause is believed to be protracted ill health.

Graham Earle, manager of a theatrical troupe playing in Decatur, met his sister, the wife of Rev. J. Q. Cline, whom he had not seen for twenty years, and a banquet followed, where pulpit and stage talent mingled.

The fourth attempt of Miss Lizzie Harris, a pretty 16-year-old girl, to wed Harry Moore, resulted in her apprehension and arrest by the authorities at Elwood. The girl achieved considerable notoriety some time ago by being disappointed at the altar three times by Moore, who would always fail to materialize. The parents of Miss Harris then resolved that their daughter should not marry the man of whom she was enamored. She ran away with Moore, but was arrested on her arrival at Elwood.

A Letter From Oscar Scates.
BIGAA, Philippine Islands, Aug. 7, '99
Mr. Editor.—

I will take the pleasure this afternoon to write you a few lines. I have been feeling fine the last few days. I just came out of the hospital a few days ago, after being in there 24 days with dysentery. I was only here eight days till I took sick. We left Jefferson Barracks, Missouri, on the evening of May 23, at 6:00 o'clock. The battalion was formed of Companies I, G, F, and M. We marched to the depot, and boarded the train for San Francisco. We arrived there on the 27th at 2:00 o'clock. We were marched down where the transport Grant was awaiting our arrival to take us on our long voyage to Manila. We were put on board the ship and it took us two days to get all the regiment's storage loaded. On the 30th day of May everything was loaded, and just before we pulled out for sea we were all paid two month's pay.

At 4:00 o'clock we were off for our far-off home. The Grant is a very large ship. It is 550 feet long, and is nicely fitted for carrying troops across to Manila. When we got out of the bay at San Francisco, the sea was very rough, but the Grant being such a large ship, it stood the storm well, and went slipping over the billows like a duck. This is where the fun began. Of course it made some of the boys feel like they were under the influence of salt water. It made some of them very sick. Some were sick for a week. I stood the trip fine. I was not sick a day on the trip. There were 1725 men on board the ship, but still we were not crowded. Everybody had plenty of room. After a six day's run we arrived at Honolulu. We stopped there two days to take on coal. This is one of the most beautiful places I ever saw. We were all allowed to go ashore while there, and of course the boys all had a fine time. The people there all treated us fine. The natives there look very much like the natives here in the Philippines. They are a kind of copper color, with long black hair.

When we got ready to leave Honolulu, the whistle blew, and soon everybody was on board, and we were soon on our way to Manila again. It is a 21 day's run from there to Manila. That was the only place we stopped on the trip. It was a very tiresome trip being on the ship 21 days without seeing land. One night about 10:00 o'clock we passed a small island that had a volcano on it. It was a curiosity for us to see. It was burning and it lit up the sky so we could see it for a long time before we got to it. We passed within about a quarter of a mile of it. On the night of June 27, at about 10:00 o'clock, we anchored in Manila Bay. We were all very anxious to get off of the ship to plant our feet on a foreign island again, but they kept us on the boat for five days. On the 1st day of July we went ashore. We occupied the old bamboo barracks which were used by the Spanish soldiers. We stayed there seven days, then we marched to Calocan. This place we guarded until the 4th of August, then we were moved down to this place called Bigaa. The regiment is scattered all along the railroad, guarding bridges and small towns. This was a small place where we are. It was all burned by the insurgents except one house. We occupy it. They burned the wagon bridge that crossed the river, and they tried to burn the railroad bridge, but the 20th Kansas regiment arrived in time to save it.

The friendly natives are busy plowing and planting rice. This is a great rice country. When the ground is plowed they build small dikes all around in the fields so that

the heavy rains we are having now keep the ground overflowed. The rice is planted in rows about five inches apart. The plants are stuck in the ground like the people at home plant onions, only the rice is planted in the water. I have seen a good deal of sugar cane here and bananas are plentiful, but they are not as good as the ones we get in the states.

We are about 15 miles from San Fernando. There is where the next fight will take place. Our troops hold the town now, but the insurgents have it nearly surrounded. They are heavily entrenched. That, I think, will be about the last fight they will make. Our troops are getting ready to make an advance on them. General Wheeler will be here in a couple of weeks, then I guess the ball will open for a hard fight. I don't know whether we will get to take a hand in it or not, but I expect we will. We showed a good record in the battle of Santiago, a year ago. Little did I think when we went to Cuba, that in a year from then we would be in the Philippine Islands. It isn't as hot here now as it is in the U. S. A., but after the rainy season is over it will be a good deal hotter.

I will close for the present, hoping that the people are all among the living around Culver. Give my friends my best regards.

Your friend,
OSCAR SCATES,

Company I, 18th Infantry, Manila, Philippine Islands. P. S. I will write again later on.

Indiana Conference.

Rev. Fraley has just returned from the annual M. E. conference which was held at Frankfort this year, and we are pleased to announce that the Reverend gentleman has been returned to Culver for another year. Since his advent into Culver a year ago, marvelous changes have been made at this place so far as church work goes. The new M. E. church will soon be ready for dedication, and when that auspicious time arrives our citizens will have the pleasure of attending the dedicatory services of one of the handsomest and most up-to-date churches in the state, which will be an ornament to the city and a lasting monument to its builders. Rev. Fraley has been one of the large spokes in the wheel that has brought this most desired church edifice. His labor has been hard and effective, and during the ensuing year he should receive the hearty support of all those desiring the advancement of christianity and morality in the town. Rev. Fraley reports a glorious conference and kindly furnishes us with the following appointments for the South Bend district:

SOUTH BEND DISTRICT.

Isaac Dale, presiding elder, South Bend, Ind. Argos, W. R. Mikels; Bringham and Flora, W. H. Broomfield; Burnettville, to be supplied; Camden, F. G. Howard; Culver, F. O. Fraley; Delphi, L. S. Smith; Door Village, U. M. Creath; Hamlet, Forest C. Taylor; Idaville, George E. Mason; Kewanna, John A. Maxwell; Knox, Robert J. Reed; LaPorte, A. H. Orlong; LaPorte Circuit, N. E. Tinkham; Leiters, to be supplied; Lucerne, A. M. Hagenbook; Monticello, A. T. Briggs; New Carlisle, A. L. Miller; North Judson, to be supplied; North Liberty, G. W. Alley; Plymouth, W. E. McKeuzie; Richard Center, W. L. Sononson; Rochester, L. C. Buckles; Rolling Prairie, William Davis; South Bend, First church, E. P. Bennett; Grace, J. W. Walker; Milburn Memorial, J. G. Campbell; South Bend Circuit, Lynn Bates; Union Mills, to be supplied; Walkerton, W. A. Smith; Yeoman, J. N. Thompson.

The next conference will be held in the St. Paul M. E. church at Lafayette.

JOTTINGS BY THE WAYSIDE.

A Letter of Interest From Al Porter.

We will now try and give you a description of the most important towns and cities along our line of travel, also a brief description of the country and people. The first town we make note of is Kewanna, which is very neatly located. We notice a great many peaches all along the line to our present location.

From Kewanna to Lucerne the country is quite nice and productive. At Lucerne we found our old friend Hagenbook, and stopped over Sunday with him and family and a very pleasant time we had; attended church with him and heard two very interesting sermons. We found Al, the same jolly fellow that worked for Nussbaum, Mayer & Co. Logan sport, the next town, is quite a noted place, and the hill north of the city should be more noted to travelers than the city. The next town we speak of is Rockfield, in Carroll county. This is one of the prettiest towns along the whole trip. Before entering the town we passed over a beautiful creek, the banks of which are mostly solid rock and the fences around some of the yards are carved out of the solid rock as nature has made it. We next came to Delphi, at which place we crossed Deer Creek. This also is a nice hustling town. We now come to Lafayette. This is a large place but not as neatly constructed as we expected to find it. Attica, the next town of note, is a beautiful place and the streets and houses are very neat and clean. Covington is a nice place. At this place we find a coal mine, the first along the line. Perrysville is a lovely little place. I could stop at this place and be content. The town has a neatly constructed stove works, and in fact the whole town is a picture in itself. We now come to a town by the name of New Port. This is the county seat of Vermillion county. This town reminds me of the town of Knox, back in the time when Negro Jesse delivered a greenback speech, and the time when the first band of Marmont sat up all night and practiced the air called Fort Mifflin in order to have something new for the occasion. We are now on the banks of the little Vermillion Creek four miles south of New Port, at which place we are spending Sunday and the horses are enjoying a rest.

We found good accommodations all along the line with the exception of one place about seven miles south of LaFayette. Here we found very wealthy farmers, who would not allow you shelter even in a time of a most threatening storm and late in the evening too, but after perseverance and hard coaxing we managed to get into a corn crib shed and for this convenience alone charged a quarter.

The roads are fine so far with the exception of a few miles south of Attica. At this place we were caught in a very heavy shower but managed to keep ourselves dry. We are all well and enjoying ourselves at this writing. Will try and give a more complete description of our next weeks' travel. Good bye.

ALVA L. PORTER.

"They are simply perfect," writes Robt. Moore, of Lafayette, Ind., of DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the "famous little pills" for constipation and all liver ailments. Never gripe.—T. E. Slattery.

Mr. John Wolf of Chicago, has just placed on sale at W. S. Easterday's furniture store, one of the Arion celebrated pianos. It is an upright instrument with a mandolin attachment, and the very latest improved pattern and will be sold very reasonable. Call at the store and examine the instrument and learn the price.

E. E. Turner, Compton, Mo., was cured of piles by DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve after suffering seventeen years and trying over twenty remedies. Physicians and surgeons endorse it. Beware of dangerous counterfeits.—T. E. Slattery.

RUN OVER BY A TRAIN

Four Persons Injured to Their Death on the Panhandle.

Last Tuesday morning, a passenger train upon the Panhandle near Anoka, east of Logansport, ran into a carriage containing four people, killing three of them instantly while the mother lived until the train conveyed her and her dead children to Logansport. The dead are Carrie McVety, aged 22 years. May McVety, aged 16 years. Arthur McVety, aged 12. Mrs. Harrison McVety aged 50, who died shortly after reaching Logansport.

The remains of the victims of the disastrous accident were taken in an ambulance to Wolf & Barnett's morgue and prepared for burial. In addition to the numerous bruises which were apparent to the inexperienced eye, the undertakers found that even if the victims had escaped these, that other injuries they received would have caused death to be instantaneous and probably painless.

The oldest girl had bruises on her left cheek, left shoulder and left arm. The left pelvis was mashed and other abrasions and shoves plainly on her left limb, right side, and both hands were badly cut.

The younger girl sustained large cuts on her head and her right shoulder was broken. The right forearm and all the ribs were broken in the lumbar region, besides a fractured right foreleg and left femur. The boy met his death from a blow over the right temple and a gash in his left chest.

Harrison McVety, the husband, was notified by telephone of the fatal accident. He lives south of Anoka and is a farmer who has never been in very prosperous circumstances.

Wm. Wilson of Culver was upon the train and saw the unfortunate people.

PHYSICIANS

We want you to prescribe Beggs Little Giant Pill, a most pleasant Cathartic, they will cure old Chronic cases of Liver troubles. For sale by T. E. Slattery.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers permanently cure chronic constipation, biliousness, nervousness, and worn out feeling; cleanse and regulate the entire system. Small, pleasant, never gripe or sicken—"famous little pills."—T. E. Slattery.

CLOVER LEAF DAIRY.

The undersigned having established a milk route around the lake, very kindly solicit your patronage. We deliver bottled milk right off the ice and will guarantee satisfaction in every respect.

W. E. HAND & SON,

46-1m Proprietors.

Chester H. Brown, Kalamazoo, Mich., says: "Kodol Dyspepsia Cure cured me of a severe case of indigestion; can strongly recommend it to all dyspeptics." Digests what you eat without aid from the stomach, and cures dyspepsia.—T. E. Slattery.

BEGGS BLOOD PURIFIER

will cure any case of Catarrh of head or nose, no matter of how long standing. It is the great Blood Maker. For sale by T. E. Slattery.

"Best on the market for coughs and colds and all bronchial troubles; for croup it has no equal," writes Henry R. Whitford, South Canaan, Conn., of One Minute Cough Cure.—T. E. Slattery.

On September 10, 17, and 24 the Vandalia R. R. will run excursions to St. Joseph, Mich., for \$1.25 for the round trip from Culver.

For wounds, burns, scalds, sores, skin diseases and all irritating eruptions, nothing so soothing and healing as DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Mrs. Emma Bolles, Matron Englewood Nursery, Chicago, says of it: "When all else fails in healing our babies, it will cure."

The Vandalia—Pennsylvania R. R. will run an excursion to Ohio from Lakeville, Thursday, September 28, '99, good returning thirty days, for \$3.00.

There's always hope while there's One Minute Cough Cure. "An attack of pneumonia left my lungs in bad shape and I was near the first stages of consumption. One Minute Cough Cure completely cured me," writes Helen McHenry, Biemark, N. D. Gives instant relief.—T. E. Slattery.

No Right to Ugliness.

The woman who is lovely in face, form and temper will always have friends, but one who would be attractive must keep her health. If she is weak, sickly and all run down, she will be nervous and irritable. If she has constipation or kidney trouble, her impure blood will cause pimples, blotches, skin eruptions and a wretched complexion. Electric Bitters is the best medicine in the world to regulate stomach, liver and kidneys and to purify the blood. It gives strong nerves, bright eyes, smooth, velvety skin, rich complexion. It will make a good-looking, charming woman of a run-down invalid. Only 50 cents at T. E. Slattery's drug store.

A WONDERFUL CURE

Of diarrhoea. A prominent Virginia editor had almost given up, but was brought back to perfect health by Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. Read his editorial.

From the Times, Hillside, Va.—I suffered with diarrhoea for a long time and thought I was past being cured. I had spent much time and money and suffered so much misery that I had almost decided to give up all hopes of recovery and await the result, but noticing the advertisement of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and some also testimonials stating how some wonderful cures had been wrought by this remedy, I decided to try it. After taking a few doses I was entirely well of that trouble, and I wish to say further to my readers and fellow-sufferers that I am a hale and hearty man today and feel as well as I ever did in my life.—O. R. MOORE. Sold by T. E. Slattery, druggist.

A Word to Mothers.

Mothers of children affected with croup or a severe cold need not hesitate to administer Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It contains no opiate nor narcotic in any form and may be given as confidently to babe as to an adult. The great success that has attended its use in the treatment of colds and croup has won for it the approval and praise it has received throughout the United States and in many foreign lands. For sale by T. E. Slattery, druggist.

CAUTION

Should be used in buying a Colic and Diarrhoea Medicine. Very hot preparations are injurious to the stomach and are absolutely dangerous for children to take. Beggs Diarrhoea Balsam is guaranteed to cure Colic, Cholera Infantum and Flux. It is harmless. For sale by T. E. Slattery.

His Life Was Saved.

Mr. J. E. Lilly, a prominent citizen of Hannibal, Mo., lately had a wonderful deliverance from a frightful death. In telling of it he says: "I was taken with typhoid fever, that ran into pneumonia. My lungs became hardened. I was so weak I couldn't get up in bed. Nothing helped me. I expected to soon die of consumption, when I heard of Dr. King's New Discovery. One bottle gave great relief. I continued to use it, and now am well and strong. I can't say too much in its praise." This marvellous medicine is the sorest and quickest cure in the world for all Throat and Lung Trouble. Regular sizes 50 cents and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at T. E. Slattery's drug store, every bottle guaranteed.

The great success of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in the treatment of bowel complaints has made it standard over the greater part of the civilized world. For sale by T. E. Slattery, druggist.

The Nickel Plate Road

offers the low rate of one cent per mile round trip to all Military Companies and Uniformed Bands in parties of 50 or more, desiring to participate in the celebration of the arrival of Admiral Dewey at New York City September 29th and 30th. Tickets on sale September 26th, 27th and 28th, good returning until October 2nd inclusive. A rate of a fare and a third for the round trip will be made to individuals. Tickets available same dates as above and returning until October 4th inclusive. Inquire Agents for further particulars.

Notice—I ship work for the Eagle Steam Laundry, of Rochester, on Tuesday night. Those wishing to send, please leave bundles at Con Bonaker's barber shop, and he will give them his prompt attention.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is a scientific compound having the endorsement of eminent physicians and the medical press. It "digests what you eat" and positively cures dyspepsia. M. A. Ketrin, Bloomington, Tenn., says it cured him of indigestion of ten years standing.—T. E. Slattery.

FARMERS,

Are you in debt? If so, call and see J. A. Molter, at Plymouth, Indiana, he has from \$5,000 to \$30,000 to buy equities on Marshall and Starke counties farms. Call on A. Moulter, Plymouth, Ind.