

THE CULVER CITY HERALD

At Lake Maxinkuckee.

VOL. VII.

CULVER CITY INDIANA, FRIDAY, AUGUST 3, 1900.

NO. 5.

Time Table

VANDALIA LINE

Terre Haute and Logansport R. R.

For the North

No. 10.....	8:12 A. M.
No. 14.....	12:09 P. M.
No. 8.....	9:41 P. M.
No. 12 (Sunday Only).....	9:08 A. M.

For the South.

No. 21.....	6:37 A. M.
No. 3.....	1:14 P. M.
No. 9.....	7:59 P. M.
No. 11 (Sunday Only).....	7:00 P. M.

J. Shugrue, Agt.

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PARK CAFE.

ONE BLOCK WEST DEPOT

Lake Maxinkuckee, Culver, Ind.

One Dollar per day.

Lunch at all hours.

Ice cream in season.

Fruits, Candies, Cigars, Tobacco.

Board by the week.

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Physician and Surgeon.

Office over Exchange Bank.

Main Street, - - - CULVER, IND.

DR. B. W. S. WISEMAN,

Physician and Surgeon.

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Physician & Surgeon,

OFFICE

CALLS ANSWERED PROMPTLY NIGHT OR DAY.

Office Over Culver City Drug Store, CULVER, IND.

Dr. Stevens,

MAXINKUCKEE, I. D.,

Physician and Surgeon.

CALLS ANSWERED PROMPTLY NIGHT OR DAY.

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Doctor of Optics

Spectacles and Eye Glasses

He will be at Lake Side hotel the first Monday forenoon of every month. Permanent office at Plymouth.

Farmers, * Attention

Why Pay High Prices when you can get your Horse shod for One Dollar with New Shoes, and other work in proportion?

W. H. WILSON, Culver.

Culver City

Tonsorial Parlor.

Three doors south of Postoffice.

HAIR CUTTING 15 CENTS.

Also Agent for Troy Steam

Laundry. A choice line of

Fine Cigars.

Fish Planted in Lake Maxinkuckee.

So far as known the first planting of fish in Lake Maxinkuckee was made in 1889. In September of that year Dr. B. W. Evermann, then of the State Normal School, transplanted 150 adult black bass from the overflow ponds near Terre Haute to this lake. In August of 1890 he made two other shipments of black bass from the same place. This was done purely as a labor of love and to save fish which would otherwise have perished.

In his investigations about Terre Haute Dr. Evermann noticed that, during high water in the spring, many fishes, including both the large-mouthed black bass and the small-mouthed black bass, run out into the overflow ponds and bayous along the Wabash river, and, as the water recedes, become caught there. And in the fall the majority of these ponds dry up and the fish in them perish. He conceived the idea of seining out these fish and transplanting them into the Wabash river and Lake Maxinkuckee. Large tin transportation cans were borrowed from the U. S. Fish Commission, and with the assistance of his students Dr. Evermann saved several hundred valuable fish which would certainly have perished had they been left in the ponds. Mr. George E. Farrington, general agent of the Vandalia, with the true public spirit and a keen appreciation of the advantages of keeping Lake Maxinkuckee an attractive fishing resort, kindly arranged for the free transportation of the fish to the lake, and the three plants were made from the pier at Knapp's hotel. The three plants aggregated a total of 750 fish and consisted chiefly of large-mouthed black bass (*micropterus salmoides*), though there were many of the small-mouthed species (*micropterus dolomieu*) among them.

Since then the U. S. Fish Commission has planted a great many fish in Lake Maxinkuckee, as may be seen from the following tabular statement. It is doubtful if any lake in the country has been more liberally supplied with fish by the government, and this is chiefly due (1) to the personal interest taken in Lake Maxinkuckee by Dr. Evermann, who has been connected with the U. S. Fish Commission since 1891; (2) to the liberality of the Vandalia railroad, through Mr. Farrington, in furnishing free transportation to the cars of the commission over its line to and from the lake; and (3) to the active interest of the Maxinkuckee Association in behalf of keeping the lake well stocked.

Plants of fish made by U. S. Fish Commission in Lake Maxinkuckee, Ind.:

1890.		
Feb. 15, lake trout, yearling, - - -	1,900	
1891,		
Jan. 14, lake trout, yearling, - - -	3250	
June 13, pike perch, or salmon, fry	800,000	
1892.		
Feb. 1, lake trout, yearling, - - -	2,531	
Nov. 10, black bass, yearling, - - -	1,190	
" 10, Warmouth bass, yearling	400	
" 10, crappie, yearling, - - -	50	
" 10, yellow perch, yearling, - - -	385	
1894.		
Mar. 10, lake trout, yearling, - - -	2,956	
May 4, pike perch, fry, - - -	2,000,000	
1896.		
Dec. 29, black bass, yearling, - - -	2,200	
" 29, crappie, yearling, - - -	1,900	
" 29, crappie, adult, - - -	300	
1898.		
Oct. 20, black bass, yearling, - - -	800	
" 29, crappie, yearling, - - -	500	
1899.		
Aug. 23, large-mouthed black bass, adult, - - -	5,198	
1900.		
May 16, pike perch, fry, - - -	800,000	

Black bass planted in 1889-90, - - - 750

3,623,050

From this it is seen that a total of nearly four million fish have been planted in Lake Maxinkuckee. These represent seven different species, as follows:

Lake trout, - - - - -	9,677
Pike perch, - - - - -	3,600,050
Black bass, both species, - - -	10,138
Warmouth bass, - - - - -	400
Crappie, - - - - -	2,450
Yellow perch, - - - - -	385

3,623,050

All of these species do well in Lake Maxinkuckee except the lake trout. It is not certain that any of that species have ever been seen in the lake after the plants were made. But all the others do well and fishing this year is unusually good.

In Mexico.

W. I. Overstreet, of Terre Haute, and one of the directors and a member of the executive committee of the Mexican Coffee and Rubber Co., of which W. D. Owen, ex-secretary of state of Indiana is president, is a guest at the Norris hotel, situated on the southeast end of the lake. The company has several thousand acres of land in Mexico, located 500 miles south of the capital city. They have a half million dollars capital, and have about 3,000 acres covered with rubber, pine apple and coffee trees, which mature and bear in about five years. The company plant 10,000 rubber, 15,000 pine apple and 15,000 coffee trees on every 100 acres, and when all are planted will have about 5,000 acres under cultivation.

Mr. Overstreet gave a reporter for the HERALD some very interesting facts concerning the country and its inhabitants. He said that all the work on the plantations was performed by the old original Aztec Indians. Every six months they have a feast day, and upon such occasions the planters hire their help under contract for the ensuing six months, paying three months in advance to each man, but the law is so stringent that if a man should fail to fulfill his part of the contract, he would be imprisoned from one to five years. He says that Mexico is a free trade country, and that although there is actually more silver in the Mexican dollar than in the American, yet they exchange \$2.08 for one dollar of American money, or \$12 for \$5.00 in American gold. The planters pay their help \$16 per month in Mexican money. He says that under this system of finance the country has made no progression. The old primitive wooden plow is still used, which is drawn by ropes attached to the oxen's horns, and thresh their wheat by the old system of having oxen walk upon the heads, or by the flail. He says that all agitators of 16 to 1 would call a sudden halt to their arguments were they to live in Mexico a short time. He says it is a great country, and wherever the subjects of Uncle Sam plant their feet on Mexican soil, just so soon do you see the country develop and progress.

The following guests are registered at the Norris Hotel on the southeast side of the lake: Mrs. J. H. Martens and family, Mrs. Dawson, Karl and Arthur Mossinger, Mr. Kimball and wife, Mrs. McElwee and two daughters, and Mr. Metzger, an artist, Indianapolis; Mrs. Klue and baby, New York City; Mrs. J. H. Black and family, Terre Haute; Mr. Frank O'Hair, attorney, Paris, Ill.

Lake Maxinkuckee Association.

Meeting of the Association This Week,

Officers Elected and Other Business Transacted.

On the afternoon of the 29th of July, at 3:30, there met at the Culver Academy, by adjournment from the Palmer House, the Lake Maxinkuckee Association, now in its fourth year of organized effort for improvement and protection of lake interests.

In the absence of Mr. Otto Steebhan, who for three years has been the efficient president of the Association, but who was detained by illness in his family, Mr. A. Herz presided over the meeting.

Reports from the executive committee and from the officers were presented, parts of which are published elsewhere. The work of the Association was shown to be having a healthy growth and its finances to be in a safe condition, a small balance being reported in the treasury. A vote of thanks was tendered the retiring officers.

The Association has about sixty members and has for its object the improvement of the sanitary conditions and all the property interests about the lake and protection of the same from damage. Good roads, good drains, cleanliness, protection to the fish and culture of the fish life, protection to houses and trees and the cultivation of the attractive features of the lake are some of its aims. A patrolman is employed who acts as health officer, inspecting garbage and other refuse, and keeping good order, being armed with police powers by the sheriff of the county.

The objects of the Association are such as every lover of our beautiful lake should seek, and the HERALD recommends that all good citizens give it their co-operation. There should be not less than 300 members.

The Association is open to all residents of Culver and vicinity and its work will benefit all who live near the lake.

For the ensuing year the following officers and committees were appointed:

President—W T Wilson.
Vice President—A. Herz.
Secretary—John C Capron.
Treasurer—J George Mueller.

Executive Committee (with the above officers)—Edward Morris, H M Speyer and Albert N Bogardus.

Board of Health—Franklin Vonnegut, chairman; H H Culver, John M Judah, W H Albrecht and H J McSheehy.

Committee on Steamers, Boats and Piers—Capt Edward Morris, chairman; Capts. A J Knapp and Oliver Crook, Messrs. Joseph Strong, R A Edwards, D W Marmon and A N Bogardus.

Amusements, Yachts and Regattas—Otto Steebhan, chairman; W F Kuhn, Milton Shirk, H C Adams, A M Ogle, H J McSheehy, Cemens Vonnegut, Jos C Schaff, H H Culver, W H Snider, H O Bliss.

Fish and Fish Culture—Prof. Evermann, chairman; Dr J T Scoville, F M Rice, W W Simons, Chas J Kiefer, A F Jenks, D W Gardner.

Roads and Shade Trees—Chas H Brownell, chairman; J M Julah, H C Adams, Frank Lampson, Geo. Peeples, Peter Spangler.

Law, Order and Patrolman—H M Speyer, chairman; S P Sheerin, Jos C Schaff, W H Albrecht, Edward Morris and J O Ferriest.

Membership—A Herz, chairman; F R New, W H Fultou, J C Capron, Frank Lampson, M C McCormick, George E Neapass.

Advisory Committee—Judge John Mitchell, chairman; A J Murdock, J H Vajen, L B Martin, Jno E Barnes, F M Harwood, L M Brackett.

The Committee on Amusements were authorized to arrange for a regatta if the expenses thereof could be provided for.

The next meeting of the association will be held on the last Sunday in August, 1900, of which due notice will be given.

Prof. Evermann addressed the meeting and exhibited some of the apparatus used by himself and assistants. The work being done by these gentlemen is too little understood by our people. A map of the lake, its bottom and the depth at different points is being prepared and a thorough study of the fish life and food made. Forty-seven different varieties of fish have been found with abundant food for all. The temperature of the waters at all depths and of the springs have been observed and recorded.

Already 3,623,050 fish have been deposited in the lake under Prof. Evermann's supervision, and application has been made this season for a new deposit which Prof. Evermann expects to obtain.

Dr. J. T. Scoville addressed the meeting showing the various vegetation in the lake waters.

The waters are not suited to all kinds of fish. A deposit of trout made by the Government has entirely disappeared.

The thanks of the association were tendered to Prof. Evermann and his assistants for their efforts to study and better the lake and its fish life.

The attendance at the meeting was not so large as desired. Every one in this vicinity should attend the next meeting in August and co-operate in the work of the association.

The reports of the officers are in part as follows:

Indianapolis, Ind., July 29, 1900.
To the members of the Maxinkuckee Association, Gentlemen:

The very exhaustive report of your executive committee makes it unnecessary for me to touch upon matters relative to the work accomplished during the past year.

It is gratifying to know that the system of patrolling our property has proven satisfactory and we have good reasons to believe that we will not be troubled in the future as we have before we adopted present measures to prevent the depredations which we were subject to so extensively.

There is a vast field of usefulness before us in matters relating to the object of our association, if we would but embrace the opportunity, and show the spirit and the enterprise which both our investment and the pleasure which we eventually get out of it, will warrant.

The beautifying of our surroundings generally, is a matter we should never lose sight of, and consider it to be one of the features to which our best efforts should be directed.

A first class road around the lake, which is passable at all times of the year, is a matter of the greatest importance, and we should not fail to exert ourselves in that direction. We annually pay a large amount of road tax which has for years been misapplied, which if the proper efforts are made can be directed in the proper channels according to a plan already adopted by some of our members.

[CONTINUED ON FOURTH PAGE]

FEMALE FARM HANDS.

YOUNG WOMEN OF KANSAS AT WORK IN THE FIELDS.

Many of Them Earned Goodly Sums During Harvest, and Others Are Plowing—Men Imprisoned in a Burning Mine in Mexico.

Hundreds of Kansas girls now have a pocketbook full of new, crisp money as a result of three weeks' work in the harvest fields this summer.

MINE HORROR IN MEXICO.

Probably Thirty Men Are Entombed and Burned Alive.

Fire broke out in one of the chambers of the La Paz mines at Matehuala, state of San Luis Potosi, Mexico, and it spread so rapidly that many miners were entombed and perished.

SOCIETY WOMAN WOULD DIE.

Wife of a St. Louis Attorney Shoots Herself in the Breast.

Mrs. Alice O'Day, wife of Colonel John O'Day, a prominent railroad attorney at Springfield, Mo., attempted to commit suicide in the bathroom adjoining her apartments in the Lindell hotel in St. Louis by shooting herself in the left breast with a revolver.

Contests on the Diamond.

Table with 2 columns: City and Score. Rows include Brooklyn, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Chicago, Boston, Cincinnati, St. Louis, New York.

Following is the standing in the American League:

Table with 2 columns: City and Score. Rows include Chicago, Indianapolis, Milwaukee, Cleveland, Detroit, Buffalo, Kansas City, Minneapolis.

Sad Accident in Wichita.

Four women driving in the park at Wichita, Kan., whipped their horse while crossing a bridge. He ran away, overturned the carriage and threw the occupants to the ground.

Prayer for Rain Answered.

The people of Ulysses, Kan., believe that Rev. Mr. Johnson stands very near to God. The other night he prayed fervently for rain for the farmers' crops.

Show Train in a Wreck.

Section 1 of the Buffalo Bill Wild West show's train suffered a severe collision near Milwaukee Junction, Detroit, resulting in the smashing of a show employes' sleeping car containing forty persons.

Gas Wells to Be Drilled.

The Kansas Oil and Gas Company has let the contract for ten gas wells to be drilled in the vicinity of Coffeyville at once. The company expects to have twenty wells drilled by Oct. 1.

Mexican Troops Defeated.

There has been a desperate battle between the Mexican troops and the Yucatan Indians in which the government troops were badly routed and lost heavily.

KING OF ITALY SHOT

Humbert Dies at the Hands of an Assassin.

THREE SHOTS FIRED.

Victim Is Entering His Carriage After a Distribution of Prizes.

Cheers of the Great Crowd Are Stilled Suddenly by the Report of the Pistol—Regicide Is Arrested and with Difficulty Saved from Fury of Populace—Gives His Name as Angelo Bressi, of Prato, in Tuscany.

King Humbert of Italy has been assassinated. He was shot at Monza Sunday evening by Angelo Bressi of Prato and expired in a few minutes.

The king had been attending a distribution of prizes in connection with a gymnastic competition. He had just entered his carriage with his aid-de-camp amid the cheers of the crowd when he was struck by three revolver shots, fired in quick succession.

The assassin was immediately arrested and with some difficulty saved from the fury of the populace. He gave his name as Angelo Bressi, describing himself as of Prato, in Tuscany.

Died Without a Word.

The King had distributed the prizes, saying a few complimentary words to each of the recipients, had made a brief speech encouraging the practice of ath-



KING HUMBERT.

letics and had entered his carriage, accompanied by his aid-de-camp. The street was crowded with people, who were vociferously cheering the King when a shot startled everybody as it rang out.

The King was seated. At the first shot he arose and turned toward the direction from which the bullet came. At the second shot Humbert raised his hands and started to say something.

The assassin was less than thirty feet from the King and used a steady aim in his handling of the revolver with which he killed the King. He tried to fire a fourth shot, but the surrounding crowd had recovered from its stupefaction and he was seized and disarmed.

The assassin gave his name as Angelo Bressi, and declared that he was a native of Tuscany. He admitted, in fact looked, that he was an anarchist and a member of the International Society, the same association to which Caserio, who assassinated President Carnot, of France, and Luccheni, who assassinated the Empress of Austria, belonged.

Bressi Cannot Be Executed.

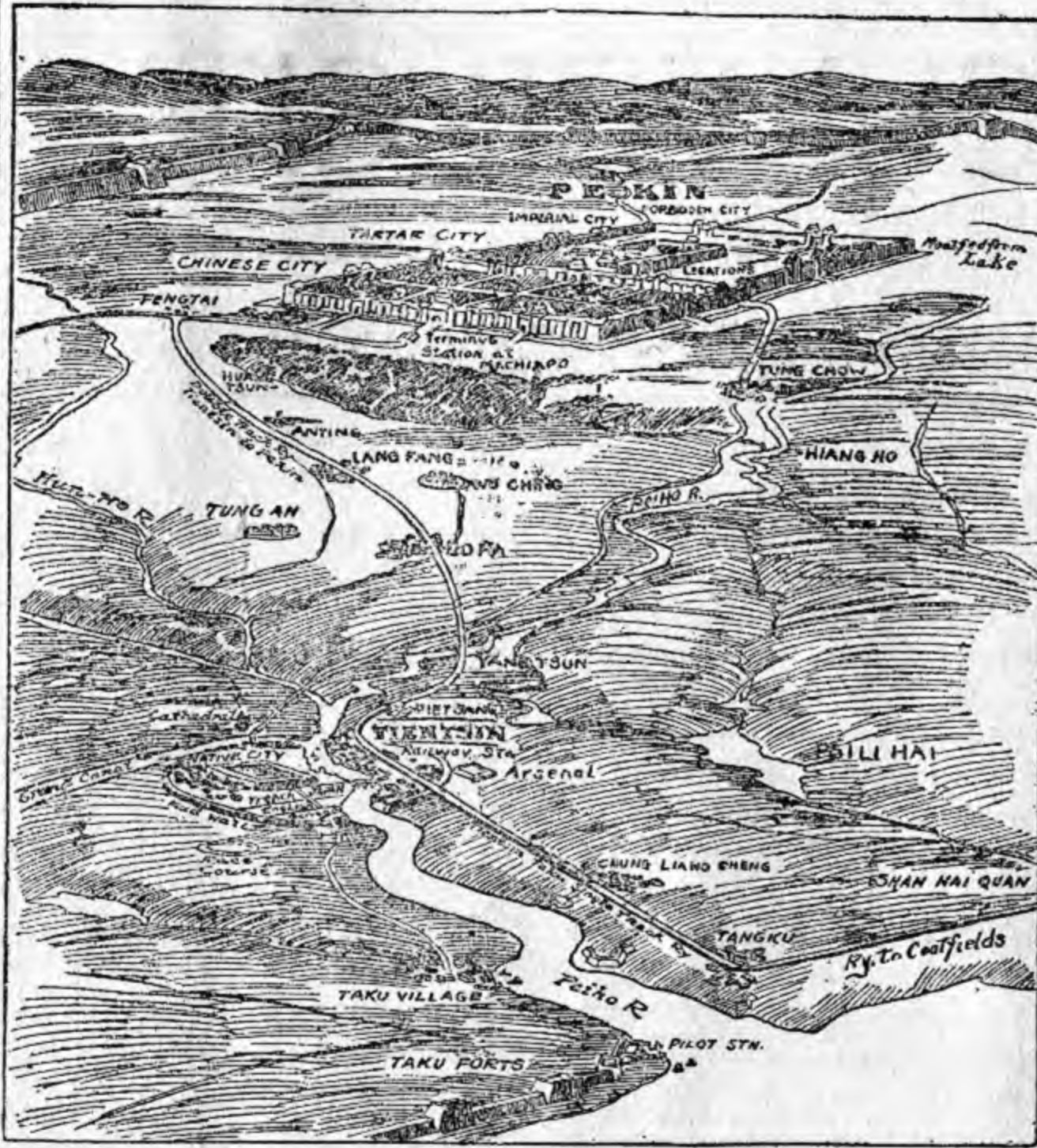
Unless an especial punishment of King Humbert's assassin is ordered either by legislation or by a royal decree, his sen-



QUEEN MARGHERITA

tence can be no worse than that of Luigi Luccheni, the assassin of the Empress of Austria. Like that of Switzerland, the Italian code does not permit of capital punishment for any crime, no matter how heinous and horrible it may be.

SCENE OF THE MILITARY OPERATIONS IN CHINA.



LIFE OF KING HUMBERT I.

Eventful Career of the Late Ruler of Italy.

Humbert I., King of Italy, was third ruler in the line of monarchs of that country belonging to the house of Savoy-Carignan, a younger branch of the first reigning house of Savoy.

When the house of Savoy-Carignan came into power in 1831, on the failure of the older branch, the house of Savoy, and Charles Albert became King of Sardinia, his realm included the principality of Piedmont with the territory of Genoa and the hereditary Duchy of Savoy, besides the Island of Sardinia.

On the accession of Humbert to the throne, Italy had a population of nearly 27,000,000, a revenue of over \$250,000,000 annually, and a national debt of \$2,000,000,000, so that, though the youngest

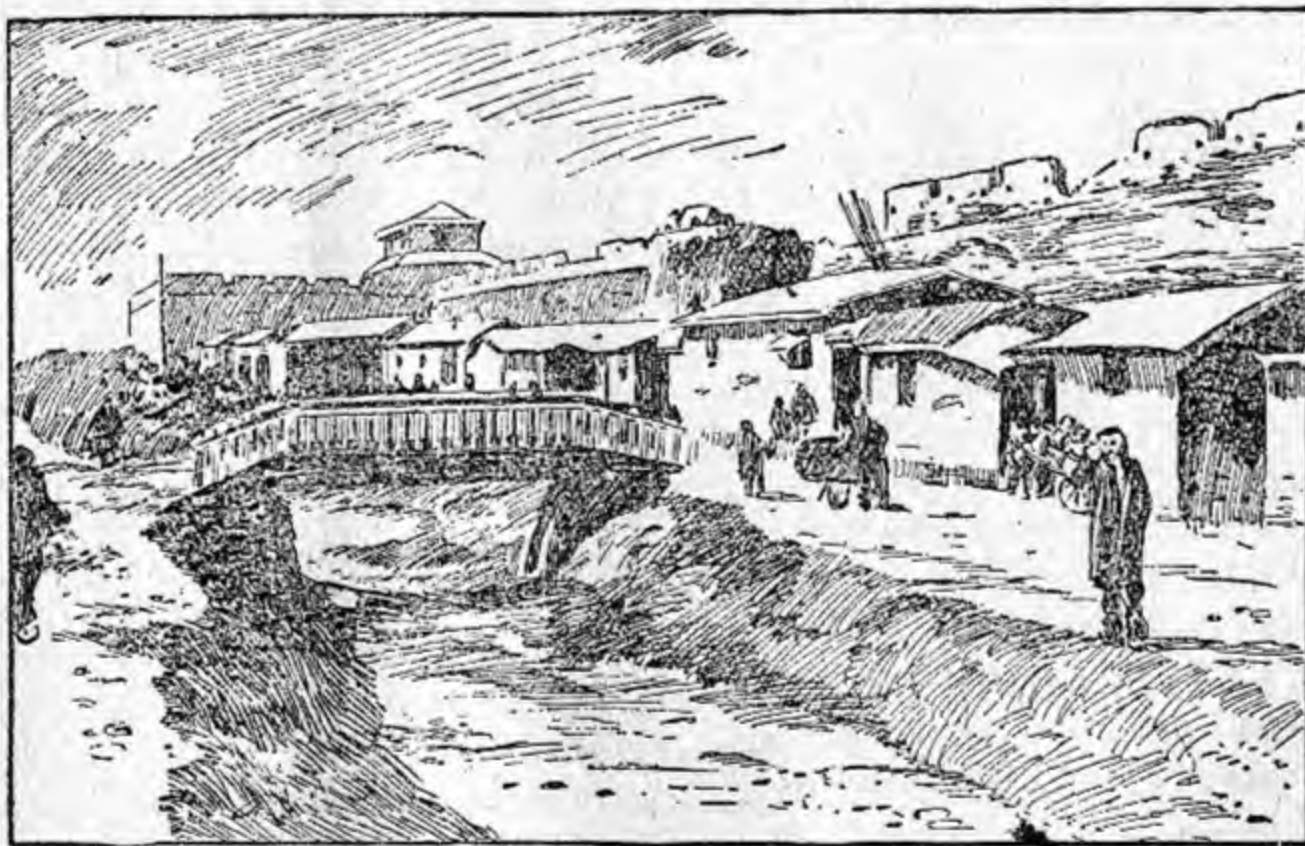
DEFIED BY CHINA.

European Ministers Detained in Peking Pending Negotiations with Nations.

An imperial edict saying that the European ministers at Peking are held as hostages to deter the allies' advance on the capital leaves no room to doubt that China has been deceiving the powers.

A Washington correspondent in summarizing the Chinese situation Saturday says that this government, while continuing to maintain the theory that the imperial government is in no way implicated in the anti-foreign uprisings in China, is prepared at any moment to abandon this position and regard the Chinese empire as an enemy.

Secretary Hay returned from his conference with the President in Canton and called a conference of the cabinet. In this conference the whole situation was gone over in the light of dispatches received from Consul General Goodnow and Rear Admiral Remy.



OUTSIDE THE SOUTH GATE OF TIEN-TSIN.

kingdom in Europe, it ranked fifth of the great powers. Humbert, like his father, was a soldier whose personal courage had been proved on the battlefield before he was made King.

On Nov. 17, 1878, shortly after he had been crowned, an attempt was made on Humbert's life while he was entering the city of Naples. Giovanni Passanante, a cook, waving a flag, approached the royal carriage and stabbed the King in the arm.

On the day after this attempt at assassination demonstrations of loyalty to the King in Florence and Pisa were the occasion of riots and the throwing of Orsini bombs. The Government thereupon decided to act with more rigor against political organizations that threatened the peace of the kingdom.

In the following year, 1879, when political agitation and demonstrations in favor of a republican form of government still were rife in Italy, Giovanni Passanante, for his attempt to assassinate the King, was sentenced to death. Humbert here evinced his policy of leniency, and at his instance a decree, signed by the ministry, was issued commuting the sentence of death to one of imprisonment for life.

The Oregon's hull and machinery cost \$3,222,810. Fitted out for service this great ship represented an outlay of \$6,575,032.

Members of the administration are reluctant to discuss the possibility of a general declaration of war by the powers against China, but, at the same time, it cannot be concealed that matters are drifting in that direction.

It was admitted at the State Department that there was a missing copy of the department's copy of the code and that copy was in the possession of the Chinese government. This has led the officials to think that the proposition of the viceroy, Li Hung Chang, to deliver the ministers from their supposed danger in Peking is merely a craftily concocted scheme to lay the basis for another story.

Convinced that this is the scheme, the administration has refused to sanction any such proceedings. Its position is simply this: Should the ministers still live, which they doubt, any such journey would mean their death, and to consent to such an undertaking would be to connive at their death.

STARVED



Slow growth of hair comes from lack of hair food. The hair has no life.

HAIR

It is starved. It keeps coming out, gets thinner and thinner, bald spots appear, then actual baldness.

The only good hair

food you can buy is—



It feeds

the roots, stops starvation, and the hair grows thick and long. It cures dandruff also. Keep a bottle of it on your dressing table.

It always restores color to faded or gray hair. Mind, we say "always."

\$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

"I have found your Hair Vigor to be the best remedy I have ever tried for the hair. My hair was falling out very bad, so I thought I would try a bottle of it. I had used only one bottle, and my hair stopped falling out, and it is now real thick and long."

NANCY J. MOUNTCASTLE, July 28, 1888. Yonkers, N. Y.

Write the Doctor.

He will send you his book on The Hair and Scalp. Ask him any question you wish about your hair. You will receive a prompt answer free. Address, Dr. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of



See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

Advertisement for Carter's Little Liver Pills listing ailments like headache, dizziness, and constipation.

Price 25 Cents. GENUINE MUST BE SIGNATURE. Purely Vegetable. Beware of cheap imitations.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.



The University of Notre Dame, NOTRE DAME, INDIANA.

FULL COURSES in Classics, Letters, Economics and History, Journalism, Art, Science, Pharmacy, Law, Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering, Architecture.

Rooms Free to all students who have completed the studies required for admission into the Junior or Senior Year, of any of the Collegiate Courses.

Rooms to Rent; moderate charge to students over seventeen preparing for Collegiate Courses. A limited number of Candidates for the Ecclesiastical state will be received at special rates.

St. Edward's Hall, for boys under 13 years, is unique in the completeness of its equipment. The 57th Year will open September 4th, 1900. Catalogues Free. Address

REV. A. MORRISSEY, C. S. C., President.

\$10 Will pay for a 5-LINE advertisement four weeks in 100 high grade Illinois newspapers—100,000 circulation per week guaranteed. Send for catalogue, Standard-Union, 93 S. Jefferson St., Chicago.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

Advertisement for PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION, listing ailments like cough and phlegm.

INDIANA INCIDENTS.

RECORD OF EVENTS OF THE PAST WEEK.

Plague of Grasshoppers at South Bend Land Owners Will Hunt Up Oom Paul—Dr. Casto Declared Not Guilty—Big Oil and Gas Deal.

The swarms of grasshoppers that swooped down on South Bend recently are causing merchants much trouble. In clothing stores they are particularly troublesome. They seem to possess an appetite for fabrics of almost any sort and in several places have damaged suits of clothes displayed. Merchants who have had experience with the many pests common in the business say the grasshoppers are far more destructive than moths or any other insect they have encountered. They work holes in cloth and are very ambitious. As yet no one has appeared who can advance a probable theory to account for the presence of the grasshoppers in such great numbers. There is nothing to attract them to the barren pavements of the city and yet the business district is alive with them. A few nights ago one merchant swept over a quart of dead insects from the vestibule of his store.

Land Owners Send Agents to Africa.

Land owners in the Kankakee region will unite in sending a representative to the Transvaal to encourage emigration and settlement of colonies upon the immense tracts of land which have been reclaimed in the immense waste of swamp land which stretches across northern Indiana. The representatives who will visit the Boer republics will hunt out President Kruger with a view of obtaining his co-operation in the enterprise. The movement is well organized and has the backing of men with almost unlimited capital.

Gas Plant Changes Hands.

One of the largest oil and gas deals ever made in the Indiana field is about to be closed at Marion. The Mississinewa Mining Company that owns the local gas plant and 20,000 acres of gas and oil leases, is to be sold for \$800,000. The promoter of the deal is John R. Pierson, president of the Indianapolis Gas Company. It is not thought, however, that the transfer will be made to the Indianapolis company, but that the Standard Oil Company is the real purchaser.

Doctor Guiltless of Arson.

After being out forty-eight hours the jury in the trial of Dr. Casto at Terre Haute, accused of trying to burn his three stores to collect \$22,000 insurance, returned a verdict of not guilty. There was a sentiment with all that the circumstantial evidence perhaps did not prove beyond a reasonable doubt that it was the doctor who had honeycombed his stores with trains of powder, oil and paint.

Ransom Hill, 16, near Brief, was Drowned at a Gravel Pit. Windfall.

Indiana retail liquor dealers will ask Congress to repeal the war beer tax.

The President has appointed Gen. Geo. Maginnis postmaster at Indianapolis.

Richard McClure sold 6,000 bushels of corn in the Elwood market in a week.

Two men in the Muncie workhouse escaped through a hole eight inches square.

Grant County Board of Education will oil school house floors as a sanitary measure.

William Lawson, aged 58 years, was killed by a Vandalia passenger train at Brazil.

A temple of the Knights of Khorassan was instituted at Muncie, with 400 charter members.

A vicious dog tore away half the lower lip of the little daughter of Richard Bartholomew, Lagro.

Merchants in South Bend will close at 6 p. m. Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, the year around.

James M. Templer, Jr., Muncie, has been appointed a cadet at West Point, and Walter E. Prosser, New Albany, alternate.

John Hill, a prominent farmer, aged 65 years, accidentally shot himself while hunting near Pierceton. Both loads of the gun lodged in the abdomen, causing instant death.

Clyde Jones, who was sentenced indeterminate to from one to twenty-one years' confinement in the Jeffersonville reformatory for the abduction of and assault upon Nellie Berger, is refused a new trial.

Mrs. Catherine Kirkwood, aged 99 years, the oldest resident in eastern Indiana, died at Muncie of old age. She was the widow of James H. Kirkwood and the mother of fourteen children, twelve of whom survive.

Howard Ellis, 19 years old, was killed in a Crawfordsville saloon, being struck on the head with a beer faucet by Jim Osborn. Ellis' body was hidden in weeds. There were several persons in the fight. Osborn was arrested.

William Schoepflin, a popular young man of Osceola, had a tooth extracted, the dentist applying a preparation to make the operation painless. Blood poisoning developed and Schoepflin's death followed, after continual agony.

Joseph D. Keith at Boothville was held without bail to answer to the charge of murdering Miss Nora Kifer, whose body was found in Pigeon creek some weeks ago. Keith's son gave some damaging testimony against the father.

Experiments in producing gas by a new process for the manufacture of glass, which have been in progress at a factory in Terre Haute, have proved a success. The cost of producing gas by the new process is claimed to be less than half the cost of natural gas, and even cheaper than natural gas in the boom days of the Indiana gas belt.

HOT WORDS IN POWERS CASE.

Judge Accuses Gov. Brown of Making Political Speeches in Court.

The Powers trial at Georgetown, Ky., developed several new features Monday. In addition to the testimony, which was interesting, there was a spat between ex-Gov. John Young Brown, senior counsel for Powers, and Judge Cantrell, in which the attorney and the judge exchanged a hot passage of words.

R. E. Combs of Glasgow was on the stand, and Gov. Brown asked him if there was any drunkenness among others than Republicans, or any threats made by Democrats. The question was considered too general by the court and was ruled out. Gov. Brown said the defense expected to show a plainly expressed intention on the part of Senator Goebel and his associates to oust the Republicans regardless of the merits of the case. "We will show your honor," he said, "that one of the counsel in this case said Goebel would be Governor if every white Republican in Kentucky had to be killed."

Judge Cantrell accused Gov. Brown of making political speeches to the audience and not arguing a point of law. Only the arrival of the noon hour and recess prevented a serious breach.

The first witness called by the prosecution was John Ricketts of Knox County. He said that during the excitement at Frankfort Henry Youtsey told him the best way to settle the contest was to put Goebel out of the way; that Goebel could be killed from the executive building and that whoever did it could escape through the basement and barber shop. He said his job depended on the Republicans winning the contest. Youtsey said: "I've got \$100 and there are twelve others with a like amount to pay for the work." Witness admitted, on cross-examination, that Powers had always counseled sobriety and no violence.

During the afternoon Adjt. Gen. Murray was on the stand and produced several letters written by Powers. They were of no material value. W. P. Reeder of Knox County said that Charles Finley told him there would be trouble at Frankfort and that he would not be surprised if Goebel was killed.

BOERS' BOLD STROKE.

Dewet Cuts Roberts' Communications and Captures 100 Highlanders.

Gen. Dewet succeeded in cutting Lord Roberts' communications, both by railway and telegraph, and captured 100 of the Highlanders. The story of the Federal commander's bold raid reached London in the form of a telegram from Gen. Forestier-Walker, dated at Cape Town, forwarding a dispatch from Gen. Knox, as 'Have followed commando since July 16. Hard, sharp fighting at Palmietfontein, July 19. Prevented from pursuing laager by darkness; 800 Boers found. Our casualties five killed and seventy-six wounded. Enemy doubled back through the Paardekral in the darkness. I believe the commando consists of 2,000 men and four guns and is accompanied by President Steyn and both the Dewets.' Gen. Knox continued: "The wire and main line of the railway north of Honingspruit have been cut and also the telegraph to Pretoria and Pochebstrum. According to my information, Dewet has crossed the railway and going north."

Gen. Kelly-Kenny telegraphs from Bloemfontein: "The railway has been cut north of Honingspruit and a supply train and 100 Highlanders captured by the enemy. A report was received this morning that a large force of the enemy is moving on Honingspruit. All communication with Pretoria is cut off."

The British war office received a telegram from Lord Roberts which repeats the news contained in the telegram from Gen. Forestier-Walker, given above, and continues: "Methuen continued his march after the occupation of Heckport, and engaged the enemy's rear guard at Zindfontein. Casualties, one killed and one wounded. Early Saturday he attacked the enemy at Oliphant's nek and completely dispersed them, inflicting heavy loss. Our casualties were slight. By these successes Rustenburg has been relieved, and Methuen and Baden-Powell have joined hands. Hunter reports that Bruce Hamilton secured a strong position on the Spitzray, with a battery and the Cameron Highlanders and 500 mounted men. Our casualties were three of the Camerons killed."

DID NOT KILL HIS WOUNDED.

Statement that Seymour Had Done So Evidently a Fabrication.

There is nothing in the extensive report of Admiral Seymour received in San Francisco by the American Maru to prove the sensational story that was circulated the earlier part of this month to the effect that Admiral Seymour, who commanded the Pekin relief expedition, killed his wounded to save them from the Chinese.

Commander S. W. Very, U. S. N., who returned from the Orient on the steamer and others who were at Hong Kong when Admiral Seymour returned from Tien-Tsin did not hear the story, and the admiral's report, which is an elaboration of the cablegram published on the 30th of June, makes not the slightest mention of the affair, but, on the contrary, goes into particulars of the bravery of the allies in guarding the wounded, who were placed in flatboats and towed down the river by details of soldiers and marines while the main body of the troops fought the Chinese off with rifles and Maxims.

The Chinese minister in Washington received a dispatch Tuesday morning from Sheng, the director of railroads and telegraphs at Shanghai, stating that the foreign ministers are to be sent from Pekin to Tien-Tsin under escort; also that the imperial government has not only been protecting them, but has supplied them with food.



CALEB POWERS.

WORK OF ANGRY MOB.

RACE WAR AT NEW ORLEANS CAUSES MANY DEATHS.

Negro Murderer Smoked Out of His Refuge and Slain After Making a Fiendish Resistance—Five White Men Killed—Negro School Burned.

Robert Charles, the negro desperado, who had killed Captain Day and Patrolman Lamb and badly wounded Officer Mora, was smoked out of his hiding place in the heart of the residence section of New Orleans Friday afternoon and shot to pieces. In a desperate battle lasting several hours he shot nine persons, killing five of them and seriously wounding the others.

Charles was discovered in a little frame building at Clio and Saratoga streets. His body was cut to a thousand pieces, but he sold his life at a terrible cost. Before his body was riddled with bullets before 20,000 persons, Charles shot and killed Sergeant Gabriel Porteus, Alfred J. Bloomfield, a boy, and Andy Van Kuren, a deputy keeper of the workhouse. Corporal John R. Lally was shot in the abdomen and died. Frank H. Evans, an ex-policeman, received a fatal wound in the right side of the abdomen. A. S. Leclerc, proprietor of Manne-sieur's confectionery at St. Peter and Royal streets, was shot fatally in the right hand and the right groin. George Lyons, son of I. L. Lyons, was shot mortally.

It was found necessary to burn the building in which the murderer had sought refuge and from which he poured a deadly fire at policemen and citizens who were seeking to take his life. Never before was such desperate courage witnessed in the city.

Charles knew that he would be killed the minute he tried to get away, so he stayed in a room on the second floor of a house and fired on anyone who came within range. But the fire finally drove him out and the moment he was exposed a dozen rifles and pistols cracked at him and soon his body was filled with lead.

Great excitement prevailed. Hundreds of persons armed with rifles and revolvers were on the scene. Policemen ran about as if insane. Many held revolvers in their hands, which they never used. To add to the excitement the fire department was summoned to the scene and many firemen exhibited great courage.

After midnight a mob which had evaded the militia and the citizens' police attacked the Thomy Lafon schoolhouse, 8th and Rampart streets, upon the supposition that negroes had stored arms and ammunition in the building. Unopposed they had no difficulty in gaining possession and, firing the structure, destroyed it completely. The school building was erected a few years ago by the city and being devoted exclusively to the education of negro children it was named for the well-known colored philanthropist. No negroes were found in the school, but a number who emerged from houses in the vicinity were pursued for quite a distance. A strong force was dispatched to the scene as soon as the alarm was given, but too late to save the school. The mob was quickly dispersed.

The Mayor, Paul Capdevielle, has issued a proclamation imploring all good citizens to aid in suppressing the lawlessness.

TUAN REPORTED SLAIN.

Rebel Leader Said to Have Been Killed in a Battle.

The Shanghai correspondent of the London Daily Express says that it is reported there that a large section of the "Boxers" has revolted against Prince Tuan, alleging that he is making tools of



PRINCE TUAN.

them for his own ends. A desperate conflict took place outside Pekin. Prince Tuan personally led his followers, two of his generals having deserted him. The battle lasted several hours and Prince Tuan was defeated and killed.

CONGRER MESSAGE A FORGERY.

State Department Convicted that Famous Dispatch Is Not Genuine.

A Washington special says: "The cipher dispatch signed 'Conger,' which was supposed to have been dated July 18 and was received through Wu Ting Fang, the Chinese minister here, is a forgery. The State Department, which has regarded the dispatch as genuine, has received absolute proof that it is a fraud."

Kill Boxers on Sight.

Fugitives from the interior report at Shanghai that the Imperial Chinese troops are killing all Boxers on sight, saying that the Boxers deceived them into embarking in a hopeless struggle.

News of Minor Note.

There is promise in Oregon of the largest fruit crop ever harvested.

A Frenchman named Dufour claims to have found a way of melting and molding quartz like glass.

MOB RULE IN NEW ORLEANS.

Four Negroes Killed and Many Others Are Shot.

A mob took possession of the streets of New Orleans Wednesday night and before it dispersed of its own accord had killed four negroes and wounded a dozen men, three of whom were white. The lawlessness grew out of the murder the day before of two policemen by Robert Charles, a negro.

The mob, several thousand strong, formed at Lee Circle and marched on Charles avenue in a body. It was reported that the mob would march upon the parish prison and demand the negro Pierce, who was with Charles when the police officers were killed. The police accordingly sent strong reinforcements to the prison, and when the mob made its appearance the leaders were told that an effort to secure the prisoner would be resisted to the end. The members of the mob slowly dispersed, small bands of men and boys forming and scattering to several parts of the city. Many negroes who were on the streets and riding in cars were fired on.

Just before midnight Acting Mayor Mehle issued a proclamation calling on all good citizens to aid the authorities in preserving the peace and to let justice take its course. As a result of the night's lawlessness four men are dead, a score severely wounded, a hundred bruised.

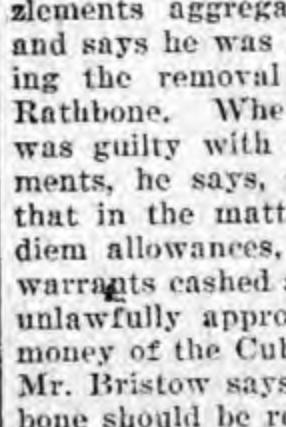
Not since the lynching of the Italians several years ago has there been such excitement in New Orleans. The funerals of Captain Day and Patrolman Lamb took place Wednesday afternoon, and this served to intensify the feeling of their friends.

CUBA FRAUD REPORT.

Bristow Says Rathbone Is Only Less Guilty than Neely.

Official investigation of the Cuban postal frauds, made by Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Bristow has resulted in the declaration that Director General Rathbone is guilty of gross official neglect and also of fraudulent practices; that his guilt is only less than that of Charles F. W. Neely and the latter's subordinate accomplices, and that deposed Postmaster Thompson of Havana is involved in the network of fraud. These findings are made public in the report of Mr. Bristow.

Mr. Bristow finds that Neely's embezzlements aggregated at least \$131,713, and says he was justified in recommending the removal of Director General Rathbone. Whether or not the latter was guilty with Neely in the embezzlements, he says, there can be no doubt that in the matter of unauthorized per diem allowances, personal expenses and warrants cashed and unaccounted for, he unlawfully appropriated to his own use money of the Cuban revenues. For this, Mr. Bristow says, he believes Mr. Rathbone should be required to answer.



E. G. RATHBONE.

"VANDERBILT OF CHINA."

Prince Sheng, One of the Leaders of the Celestial Empire.

A Celestial who is playing a somewhat conspicuous part in the present troubles in China is Prince Sheng, the director of telegraphs of the empire, and who is said to be one of the most capable, intelligent and broad-minded of men in China. He has had charge not only of the telegraphs, but of the railways also. He is the head of the imperial bank, a position akin to the secretaryship of the treasury, and he is the principal director of the China Merchant Steamship Company and the leader of a dozen private enterprises. Sheng has shown a remarkable capacity for the absorption of the western business spirit and has been quick to realize the wealth that is to be created out of the undeveloped conditions and resources of China. He was first brought out by Li Hung Chang, who became his patron, but Sheng soon displayed talents which promised to enable him to surpass his eminent friend in modern enterprise if not in statecraft. He has been called the "Vanderbilt of China."



PRINCE SHENG.



CHINA AT A GLANCE

A writer in the New York Evening World presents the following paragraphic encyclopedia of facts, figures, names and places to keep handy for the next few weeks. It tells you all about the country which promises to be the seat of one of the world's greatest wars:

Rulers and Generals.

Tze Hsi, the Dowager Empress. Kang-Yu-Kei, exiled leader of the Reform party. Kwangsung, the present Emperor, son of Prince Chun. Yung Lu, the Empress' factotum, generalissimo of the army. Kang-Yi, a Manchú, anti-foreign, president of the board of war. Gens. Tung Fu, Nieh and Kang Su, anti-foreign leaders in revolt. Tsung-Li-Yamen, council of ten members acting on foreign affairs. Liu-Kun-Yi, viceroy at Nankin, trusted ally of the Dowager Empress. Prince Li, senior member of the cabinet, much trusted in imperial family. Li-Hung-Chang, acting viceroy of Canton, trusted friend of the Dowager Empress. Prince Tuan, father of Pu Chun, heir apparent, and now leading the anti-foreign revolt. Prince Ching, reported dead, was Lord Chamberlain of the Court and commander of Pekin field force. Chang-Chi-Tung, viceroy of Hankow, a man of much influence with the people, and a believer in China for the Chinese. Hsu-Ching-Chien, vice-president of board of works, ex-minister to Russia and Germany, president of Chinese Eastern Railway. Chang-Yi, director of mines and assistant director of northern railways. Favorite of the Dowager Empress. A rising man, much in touch with foreigners.

Cities, Ports and Rivers.

Port Arthur, leased to Russia in 1898 for a naval base in the far East. Hoang-Ho, river of northern China, emptying into Gulf of Pe-Chi-Li. Tien-Tsin is a treaty port on the River Pei-Ho, seventy miles from Pekin. Yang-Tse, river, in the Kiang-Su province, on which the port of Nankin is situated. Taku forts, now destroyed, were three in number, at the mouth of the Pei-Ho river. Pekin, the capital of China, has a population of more than a million. Canton, 1,600,000. Che-Foo, on the Shan-Tung peninsula. A treaty port, with the best climate for Europeans. New-Chang is a treaty port of the British concession in Manchuria, 190 miles north of Port Arthur. Wei-Hai-Wei (Liu-Kun-Taos), British base of operations. A garrisoned port with a large, safe anchorage. Shanghai is the largest and most important treaty port. Twelve miles from the mouth of the Yang-Tse-Kiang river. Population, 400,000. Pei-Ho (North River) rises beyond the Great Wall, flows past Pekin and Tien-Tsin to Gulf of Liao-Tung. Navigable from month to Pekin, 100 miles.

Resources.

Good newspapers are printed at the treaty ports of China. The Chinese have thirty field batteries, with 180 Krupp and Armstrong guns. The Chinese navy consists of four cruisers and a few useless fighting vessels. The Chinese possess Mauser rifles and Nordenfeldt, Hotchkiss and Maxim guns. There is no properly organized medical corps, transport service or commissariat in China. A favorite Chinese weapon is a native-made rifle of one-inch caliber, requiring two men to handle it. China could raise an army of 1,700,000 men; but it would be undisciplined and only one-third equipped. Eight million cartridges were taken to Pekin two years ago, and constant additions have been made. China has new colleges in engineering, navigation, military tactics, electric science and medicine, with European professors.

Everyday Names.

Fu, a prefecture. Yamen, an official residence. Kiang, or ho, a river; hu, a lake. Futal, the governor of a province. Godown, a place for storing goods. Squeeze, general term of extortion. Haikwan, Chinese maritime customs. Pei, north; nan, south; tung, east; si, west. Li, a Chinese mile, one-third of a British mile. Tael, a coin of silver, worth from 64 to 71.8 cents, according to province. Shan, a mountain; sheng, a province; cheng, a town; hsiang, a village; hsien, a district; ling, a hill, peak or pass.

The People.

Chinese soldiers range from sixteen to sixty years of age. English bankers in China give native commercial men a name for strict business honesty. The population of China is nearly 400,000,000—more than the combined population of Great Britain, France, Russia, Germany and Japan. If a Chinese criminal is a fugitive, the police arrest his father, grandfather, mother, uncle or aunt. Family affection speedily brings the man wanted to the relief of his relative.

Lake Maxinkuckee Association.

A concerted action in the direction of getting the benefit of this tax should be taken, either in the nature of a petition coming from our association to the County Commissioners or by personal appeal through a committee.

Considering the great advantages our lake has over all other lakes of the state, everything taken into account, we have certainly been very slow in establishing this fact in the minds of the general public, for we have utterly failed to take cognizance of the advantages which we possess.

There is nothing which would so readily and so easily bring Maxinkuckee to the front as the establishment of an annual regatta day, which considering the large number of good yachts already on the lake could readily be accomplished. The exceptionally fine course, second to none anywhere, free from obstructions of any character whatever, which has the further advantage that a race can be viewed in its entirety from any point, makes Maxinkuckee an ideal place for displays of the character suggested, and we are not appreciating our opportunities if we fail to take advantage of this grand feature, of which others would envy us, not so fortunately situated.

In order to accomplish this purpose it would only be necessary to establish a trophy, suitable for the occasion, same to be purchased either by the association or through a subscription. This would be a stimulus for placing all of our yachts in the very best shape, and also to add to our already large fleet.

If this is considered favorably I would suggest further that the matter be referred to a permanent committee for action with instruction to formulate a programme for this or next season, also with authority to purchase the trophy.

The erection of a suitable pier for row and sail boats at the railroad station should also be given attention, as a feature of this character will not alone prove an additional attraction but will also add to the comfort and convenience of our members as well.

The social features at the lake have so far been of a private nature principally, and in view of the fact that it is essential that our members and their families become better acquainted, it will be necessary to inaugurate some character of entertainment which will accomplish this purpose, and I would recommend that a committee on amusement be created for this feature as well. The feeling of solidarity of a common interest, now entirely wanting, would in this manner be promoted and the benefit derived from a closer relationship and better acquaintance would soon be in evidence.

The efforts of Prof. Evermann who has explored our lake so systematically and has shown his special interest in our beautiful water, is entitled to the unbounded gratitude and thanks of our association.

I am in possession of a document furnished by the gentleman, wherein the fish commissioner is petitioned to again restock our lake with game fish. I will forward this document to our Senators for their consideration. This illustrates that Prof. Evermann is unceasing in his efforts to make Maxinkuckee the Mecca to which all lovers of the beautiful will make their pilgrimage in the future.

Thanking you for your kind indulgence and regretting my inability to aid you in your deliberations, I remain yours very truly,
OTTO STECHMAN,
President Maxinkuckee Association.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

The committee earnestly recommend that all efforts for the care of property be made through the association. This will add the co-operative force of numbers and will give unity to anything which is done. While perfect success cannot be promised by any one, the committee believe that success is more probable through some general plan than several independent efforts which may interfere with one another.

The committee wish to commend heartily the conduct of Mr. L. C. Wiseman, the patrolman selected, and to recommend him to the confidence of all the members and the community. We believe that anything entrusted to his care will be as thoroughly executed as can be expected of any one.

No serious disorder has been reported. The posts upon the porch of one of the members and the water conductors were hacked with a dull instrument and some vines and trees cut, but as yet the responsibility for this has not been located.

The patrolman has closed many windows blown open by the storms, and reported to property owners minor happenings injurious to their property. He has buried fish upon the shore which were going to decay, and warned off tramps so as to create the impression that some one was watching the property in this neighborhood and we believe has prevented much damage that would otherwise have resulted. The committee recommends his appointment for another year or such part of the season as the association may decide.

In the way of fish culture as promised at our last meeting by Dr. Evermann, the U. S. Government has made large plants of young fish and Dr. Evermann and his assistants have made patient study of the fish life and food in Lake Maxinkuckee and are still pursuing their investigations. Dr. Evermann promises to further enrich the fish life by contributions from the National Fish Nurseries and at his suggestion your committee has already made application for such supplies from the National Government.

As far as in their power the committee has cooperated with the efforts of the National and State Fish Commissions for the protection of the fish life and improvement both for sport and food producing facilities at this place, for the purpose of preventing the destruction of the fish in the lake by unlawful methods with nets and dynamite forbidden by law. Some efforts have been made by the State Fish Commissioner looking to the apprehension of guilty parties and to this effort such aid as could be extended by the association has been given.

The committee, for the Association, hopes that their efforts in this direction will not be misunderstood. It is not the intention of the Association to interfere with the taking of fish by any of our citizens for the purpose of family food or for sport, but where fish are destroyed or are caught for market in large quantities by methods forbidden by our State law, it has detracted from the privileges of all those citizens wishing to take fish in moderation, and in a small lake like ours would soon destroy the fishing ground entirely. For this reason the Association has sought to aid the officers of the law in its enforcement. The effort has not been entirely successful. Much unlawful fishing was done last winter. The committee trusts that better success will attend the future efforts of the officers, and that all good citizens who wish to see the fishing grounds at the lake preserved and improved will lend their aid to such efforts. It is to build up the fishing ground for all and not to take it from any that the law was passed by the legislature, and the efforts to execute it by the Commissioner are attempted. Only those who are seeking to take to themselves something which will deprive their neighbors of their proper share can properly complain of what they have done. * * *

A Committee on Roads is recommended. The Executive Committee has done what they could to get the road tax paid by properties in the neighborhood of the lake applied to the highways about the lake. It is very desirable that a good highway all around the lake, or particularly to the depot at Culver, be made. This would facilitate not only the hauling of freight and baggage, but also carriage driving and bicycling, and would encourage the bringing of vehicles of all kinds to the community, thus improving the market for the feeding of animals and the business of keeping vehicles in repair for the community and adding to the enjoyment and profit of residents in this neighborhood.

A committee on fish and fish culture is recommended to co-operate with the Fish Commissioner and to educate all our people in the proper care and culture of fish.

A committee on boats and piers is recommended. Steamers should be examined as to the condition of their hulls and boilers so as to assure passengers of safety, and piers should be less numerous and more useful than they are.

COMMITTEE.

The subjects discussed in these reports are worthy the study of our people. All should see the membership committee and enroll themselves with the Association.

ATTENTION, COMRADES!

The Nickel Plate road will sell tickets to Chicago for the 34th Annual Encampment of the G. A. R. Tickets on sale Aug. 25 to 29, inclusive, good returning until Aug. 31, inclusive, or by deposit until Sept. 30, inclusive. Write, wire, 'phone or call on nearest agent, C. A. Asterlin, T. P. A., Ft. Wayne, Ind., or R. J. Hamilton, Agent, Ft. Wayne, Ind. 154-4-td

Maxinkuckee Assembly.

The Maxinkuckee Assembly was formally opened last Saturday evening, but Saturday afternoon the Democrats had the day and about 500 people assembled at the grounds to listen to the speeches of Geo. Fred Williams of Boston, Hon. C. P. Drummonds of Plymouth, candidate for attorney general, and Dr. Bower of Elkhart, candidate for congress. Imperialism, trusts, etc., were freely discussed. Music was furnished by the Culver City Cornet band. Saturday evening was given over to a musical concert by Harrington's Orchestra of South Bend; songs by the Assembly chorus, composed of about 65 of Culver's sweet singers, vocal solo by Prof. Smith, violin solo by Miss Emma Herrington, a song by the Culver quartet, and an interesting lecture by J. V. Coombs entitled, "A Flight Across the Continent."

Sunday morning at 10:30, Ex-Gov. Cumbach delivered the dedicatory address on "This Present Life." Sunday afternoon Sam M. Jones, Mayor of Toledo, O., addressed a large and appreciative audience on "Non-Partisan Politics." Mr. Jones is the originator of a new kind of politics in which a man is not bound to any party but is free to vote his convictions, irrespective of parties, political bosses, etc. He is a very interesting speaker and held the undivided attention of his audience for over two hours.

Sunday evening the usual musical concert was given, followed by a short sermon by J. V. Coombs and an address on "Art in Social Life" by Sam Jones.

The County Prohibition convention met at the Assembly grounds Wednesday afternoon and nominated the following county ticket:
Treasurer—Thomas Tribby, Center.

Sheriff—P. A. Barnes, Walnut.
Recorder—J. S. Scheurman, Union.
Assessor—A. Ruple, West.
Surveyor—J. M. Schroeder, Polk.
Commissioner 1st district—Martin Stickle, German.
Commissioner 2d district—Wm. Alleman, Walnut.

Councilmen at large—E. P. Conway, Walnut; Noble Bell, Bourbon; Peter Cummins, Center.
Councilman 1st district—George Keller, Bourbon; 2d district, Hiram Hom, Tippecanoe; 3d district, Lewis Shatford, West; 4th district, Jesse Williams, Center.

The encampment at the Assembly was a grand success, especially in the respect of having good speakers. Evening sessions were well attended. Oliver W. Stewart, National Chairman of the Prohibition party, gave an excellent and powerful address Wednesday evening at the Assembly grounds. Quincy Lee Morrow, State Prohibition Evangelist, also gave several fine addresses during the encampment.

The Republicans will meet at the Assembly grounds next Saturday. It is expected that there will be a full attendance. Addresses will be made by Hon. J. Frank Hanley, of Lafayette, Ex Gov. Wm. S. Taylor, of Kentucky, Hon. H. G. Thayer, of Plymouth, and Hon. Fred Landis, of Logansport. Admission free.

Services at the M. E. church next Sunday will be as follows: Sunday school at 10 a. m., preaching 11 a. m., Junior League 2:30 p. m., Epworth League 6:30 p. m. There will be no preaching at night. Rev. Frank Takasugi, of Hiroaki, Japan, a graduate of DePauw University, will preach in the morning service. All are cordially invited.

F. O. FRALEY.

THE NICKEL PLATE ROAD
Will sell excursion tickets to Chicago for the 34th annual encampment of the G. A. R. at one cent a mile traveled, good going from Aug. 25th to 29th, inclusive, and returning until Aug. 31, inclusive, or by deposit until Sept. 30, inclusive, on any one of our Peerless Trio of Daily Express trains where scheduled to stop. Write, wire, 'phone or call on nearest agent, C. A. Asterlin, T. P. A., Ft. Wayne, Ind., or R. J. Hamilton, Agent, Ft. Wayne. 154-4-td

It Saved His Leg.

P. A. Danforth, of LaGrange, Ga., suffered intensely for six months with a frightful running sore on his leg, but writes that Backley's Arnica Salve wholly cured it in ten days. For Ulcers, Wounds, Burns, Boils, Pain or Piles it's the best salve in the world. Cure guaranteed. Only 25 cents. Sold by T. E. Slattery, druggist.

LOCAL BREVETIES.

See Wiler & Wise's ad. in another column.

Norih, east, south and west, "Town Clock" cigar always the best.

The reduction sale prices on summer dress goods at Porter & Co's are fast reducing said stock. There are some very fine bargains left yet. Call at once.

There will be an excursion from Terre Haute and intermediate points to Culver, Sunday August 12.

Porter & Co. are paying 15 cents per pound for good butter.

J. H. Zechiel, Justice of the Peace, now has his office over Young & Keen's Novelty Works.

Take a look at Porter & Co's walking shoes. They cannot be beat.

A man was arrested for improper conduct on the streets Sunday, and fined \$4.00 and costs, amounting to \$7.00, by Justice Zechiel.

Have you purchased any 36 inch percales? Now on sale at Porter & Co's.

The Bowell & Co. store at Plymouth is closing out at 50 cents on the dollar. Only 30 days of this sale. Everything at half price.

36 inch percale is going at Porter & Co's for 7 cents per yard, worth 10 cents.

Remember that Barne's the Maxinkuckee groceryman, is still on deck with a larger stock than ever, and that he especially caters to the lake trade.

The first new wheat of the season arrived at the Culver City grist mill Tuesday. The berry was plump and good. Good old wheat is bringing 75 cents per bushel, corn 35c and oats 18c.

Chinese are dangerous enemies, for they are treacherous. That's why all counterfeits of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve are dangerous: They look like Dewitt's, but instead of the all-healing witch hazel they all contain ingredients liable to irritate the skin and cause blood poisoning. For piles, injuries and skin diseases use the original and genuine DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. T. E. Slattery.

It will pay you well to go to Plymouth for dry goods. Bowell & Co. are closing out. Everything goes at 50 cents on the dollar and less.

Services at the Grace Reformed church Sunday August 5: Sunday school at 10 a. m., preaching at 11 a. m. Rev. A. H. Zechiel, of Bellevue, Ohio, will preach. No teacher's meeting or Christian Endeavor meeting this week.

It Saved a Leg.

I have used Dr. C. D. Warner's Compound of Seven Cures with such good results that I recommended it to Geo. Chipp, who was taken with typhoid fever about two years ago. The disease settled in one of his legs, causing enlargement of the entire limb, which resulted in a fever running sore, rendering the leg entirely useless. The doctors tried to cure it, but had no success, and they advised him that his leg would have to be amputated. Then I urged him to give the Seven cures a fair trial and accordingly he commenced taking it and continued to use it for six months. He is well and hearty to-day and his leg is just as sound as ever.
Michael Gearheart.
Detroit, Mich., Jan. 8, 1900.

The Nickel Plate

offers special low rates to Chautauqua Lake on July 27th, tickets good returning until Aug. 28th, inclusive. Our trains have elegant equipment, superb dining car service and palace sleepers. Write, wire, 'phone or call on nearest agent, C. A. Asterlin, T. P. A., Ft. Wayne, Ind., or R. J. Hamilton, Agent, Ft. Wayne, Ind. 128 2t3

Story of a Slave.

To be bound hand and foot for years by the chains of disease is the worst form of slavery. George D. Williams, of Manchester Mich., tells how such a slave was made free. He says: "My wife has been so helpless for five years that she could not turn over in bed alone. After using two bottles of Electric Bitters, she is wonderfully improved and able to do her own work." This supreme remedy for female diseases quickly cures nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, headache, backache, fainting and dizzy spells. This miracle-working medicine is a godsend to weak, sickly, run down people. Every bottle guaranteed. Only 50 cents. Sold by T. E. Slattery, druggist.

It Saved His Baby.
"My baby was terribly sick with the diarrhoea, we were unable to cure him with the doctor's assistance, and as a last resort we tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy," says Mr. J. H. Doa, of Williams, Ore. "I am happy to say it gave immediate relief and a complete cure." For sale by T. E. Slattery.

Bismarck's Iron Nerve
Was the result of his splendid health. Indomitable will and tremendous energy are not found where Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels are out of order. If you want these qualities and the success they bring, use Dr. King's New Life Pills. They develop every power of brain and body. Only 25c at T. E. Slattery's drug store.

THE NICKEL PLATE ROAD
Offers the low rate of one cent a mile traveled to Chicago for the Annual Encampment of the G. A. R. Tickets on sale Aug. 25 to 29, inclusive, good returning until Aug. 31, inclusive, or by deposit until Sept. 30, inclusive. Write, wire, 'phone or call on nearest agent, C. A. Asterlin, T. P. A., Ft. Wayne, Ind., or R. J. Hamilton, Agent, Ft. Wayne, Ind. 154-4-td

If you have a baby in the house you will wish to know the best way to check any unusual looseness of the bowels, or diarrhoea so common to small children. O. P. M. Holliday, of Deming, Ind., who has an eleven months' old child, says: "Through the months of June and July our baby was teething and took a running off the bowels and sickness of the stomach. His bowels would move from five to eight times a day. I had a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in the house and gave him four drops in a teaspoonful of water and he got better at once." For sale by T. E. Slattery.

Niagara Falls, Toronto and Thousand Islands

on Tuesday, Aug. 14th. The Nickel Plate Road will run its 18th annual excursion to Niagara Falls. Usual stop-off at Chautauqua Lake without extra charge. In connection with this excursion tickets to Toronto will be sold at 1.00 extra. Thousand Islands \$6.50 extra. Tickets good returning within 12 days on any one of our Peerless Trio of Daily Express trains where scheduled to stop. Secure sleeping car reservations early. Write, wire, 'phone or call on nearest agent, C. A. Asterlin, T. P. A., Ft. Wayne, Ind., or R. J. Hamilton, Agent, Ft. Wayne, Ind. 139 3t4

THE 34TH ANNUAL ENCAMPMENT
Of the G. A. R. at Chicago. For this occasion the Nickel Plate Road will sell tickets at one cent a mile traveled on Aug. 25 to 29, inclusive, good returning until Aug. 31, inclusive, or by deposit until Sept. 30, inclusive, on any one of our Peerless Trio of daily express trains where schedule to stop. Write, wire, 'phone or call on nearest agent, C. A. Asterlin, T. P. A., Ft. Wayne, Ind., or R. J. Hamilton, Agent, Ft. Wayne, Ind. 150-4-t

*** CULVER CITY ***
MEAT MARKET.
D. G. WALTER, Proprietor.
First Class Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats, and our own Strictly Pure Lard.



All trains arrive at and depart from Van Buren Street Union Passenger Station, Chicago.

East: read down.				All Nickel Plate Passenger Trains Daily.				West: read up.			
Lo.	6	2	4	Lo.	6	2	4	Lo.	6	2	4
11 00	10 30	10 35	2 30	Chicago	9 15	7 40	5 25	1	1	1	1
11 00	10 30	10 35	4 15	Valparaiso	5 52	3 35	8 40	1	1	1	1
11 50	12 27	12 30	4 35	So. Waukegan	6 25	4 10	7 00	1	1	1	1
6 30	12 50	12 55	5 07	Knox	6 48	5 03	2 48	7 15	1	1	1
7 40	1 21	1 17	5 31	Hibbard	6 27	4 42	2 25	2 05	1	1	1
8 35	1 54	1 50	5 55	Arnosburg	6 50	5 05	2 48	1 35	1	1	1
9 40	1 54	1 50	6 10	Newton	7 05	5 20	3 02	1 15	1	1	1
10 45	2 10	2 06	6 30	Claypool	7 30	5 45	3 27	1 20	1	1	1
12 25	2 34	2 29	6 57	So. Whitley	8 17	6 32	4 04	9 40	1	1	1
2 35	3 50	3 45	7 45	Ft. Wayne	9 45	8 00	5 30	12 10	1	1	1
9 50	8 20	1 31	1 31	Cleveland	11 25	9 40	7 15	1 00	1	1	1
4 45	3 05	7 00	7 00	Buffalo	6 10	4 25	1 00	1 00	1	1	1
7 05	5 30	7 30	7 30	New York	8 30	6 45	4 20	1 00	1	1	1
10 05	8 20	10 20	10 20	Boston	9 30	7 45	5 20	1 00	1	1	1

Local freight, eastbound between Stony Island and Knox only on Monday, Wednesday and Friday; westbound only on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
Light type A. M. Dark type P. M.
* Daily except Sunday. † Stop on signal.
Drawing Room Sleeping Cars on Nos. 2, 4 and 6 thru to Cleveland, Erie, Buffalo, New York and Boston; on Nos. 5, 3 and 1 to Chicago. Meals are served at "up-to-date" Dining Stations and in Nickel Plate Dining Cars at opportune meal hours. Baggage checked to destination. On inquiry you will find our rates are always lower than via other lines, service considered.
For rates and detailed information, address B. F. Horner, General Passenger Agent, Cleveland, O., C. A. Asterlin, T. P. A., Ft. Wayne, Ind., or Local Ticket Agent.

Kodol

Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

It artificially digests the food and aids nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps, and all other results of imperfect digestion.
Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mrs. Geo. Gross, of Terre Haute, is visiting relatives in Calves.

Mrs. L. C. Wiseman is visiting her son, Mrs. Geo. Marsh, at Plymouth this week.

F. M. Hill, who occupied the Wheeler cottage, returned to his home in Indianapolis Tuesday.

Mr. Allen, who has been occupying the Pierce cottage, returned to his home in Indianapolis Tuesday.

Prof. Hugo Knebel, of Indianapolis, is in town and has organized a swimming class. His charges are reasonable.

Chas. Green, of Keokuk, Wisconsin, returned to his home last week after spending a few days at the grand old Steamboiler's.

Miss Dorr, of Plymouth, will give an entertainment at the Poplar Grove church Friday evening, August 10. Admission 10 cents. All are invited.

The following are registered at Hotel de Bradley: Jas. Becker and wife, Burlington, Ind.; Boyd McCoy, Gosfield, Ind.; and M. S. Baldwin.

Prof. W. P. Ellis and wife, P. U. Babin and wife, and Ben. Covensan and wife, all of Bremen, are visiting T. S. Hahn, and attending Prohibition convention.

Miss Jessie Shumaker, who has been visiting her mother a few days, returned to Chicago last week. She was accompanied by her mother, who returned to Culter Monday.

Mrs. E. A. Peck and son, of Mexico, Ind., are in town, and are guests at the Madison Hotel and will remain a week or ten days. She is the wife of one of Colyer's recent sensational articles, whose place of business is near the depot.

The following were the winners of the prizes offered by Hollister & Co., August 1: Kober's cigar, Mrs. Alva Gandy, cigarette, G. Rollins, set of dishes, John Housner; suit of clothes, Ed Houston; pair of shoes, Gus M. Bausher.

Miss Genevieve Barnes and Helen Bussard of Franklin; Harry Matthews, of Logansport, H. P. Low of Jersey City, N. J., and J. Clinton Barrethorpe of Franklin are spending their week on Long Point, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. J. McSherry.

The following people are occupying the Kober cottage on the west side: Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Bender, Herbert J. Bauser, Harlan G. Bauser, Louise Bauser, Babes Bauser, Ida S. Hines, Ella Hines, Margaret Moore, Emma Bauser and Lynn Gilman, all of Indianapolis.

Travellers in Longfellow could take a worthless sheet of paper, write a poem on it, and make it worth \$10,000. That's Groves. Rockledge can write a few words on a sheet of paper and make it worth \$5,000,000. That's capital. The United States can take an ounce of gold and stamp upon it an "eagle" and it is worth \$20. That's money. A medicine can take material worth \$5 and make it into water springs worth \$1,000. That's skill. Our business is showing a constant and steady increase. That's enterprise (as well as a fact). A merchant can take an article worth 75 cents and sell it for \$1. That's business. A lawyer can purchase a \$1.75 hat but prefer one that cost \$17. That's indolence. A dirt digger works ten hours a day and makes several lines of dirt for \$1.25. That's labor. We, by a combination of push, enterprise and persistence efforts combined, have got together as nice a line of groceries, shoes and general merchandise as can be shown, and the beauty of it is, we offer them at the same low and fair live prices. That's good judgment. Call and inspect our goods and ask prices.

Holl. very & Co.

Prevented a Tragedy. Truly sensational news. Mrs. James Low, of New Brunswick, has conceived a dreadfully painful and great eye. A specialist could not help her. Her eyes were so bad. She had tried many medicines and doctors but nothing would help. She was taken to Dr. John W. Henshaw, who had already cured her and she never had any more trouble. She had a severe attack of pneumonia. With this in position part of the medicine, which she had already had, she recovered and was healthy. Only one more and she was cured. Dr. Henshaw's drug store, 3099 North Columbus.

THE GREAT Closing Out Sale Is On.

The general verdict of the immense crowds that have thronged our store is enough to satisfy us that our prices please the people.

Not one article in our store is shelf worn, everything is up to date and everything goes at 50 cents on the dollar. Our patrons say that our prices are the lowest by far.

Prices Talk! Sale Lasts But Three Weeks More.

DARBY & PATTERSON, Successors to BOWELL & CO. Plymouth, Ind.

20 Cases of MILL ENDS

To be Opened

For Friday's and Saturday's Selling.

There's merit in this Great MILL END Sale of ours, or people wouldn't flock after the advertised bargains. As long as we can get the Genuine Mill Ends, just that long do we expect the crowds to continue to come for them. Your friends and neighbors will tell you of the great values she got here. Why not try yourself? Read these items for Friday's and Saturday's Sale.

Table with 2 columns: Item description and Price. Items include 20 inch Herringtons, Light and duck Oiling Flannel, Up to \$1 Builders, 20 inch Union Towing, Genuine Sapsin, Turkey Red Damm, Apron check gingham, Mill End price, Outfield 25c Dress Shields, Ladies' handkerchiefs, Simpson's best prints, Light faced hark towels, Simpson's fancy art linings, Fancy figured Upholstering vels, Silica dress linings.

WILER & WISE, Bee Hive, Logansport, Ind.

G. A. U. ENCAMPMENT At Chicago. Excursion tickets via the Nickel Plate road on sale Aug 25 to Sep 29, inclusive, good returning until Aug. 31, inclusive, or by deposit until Sept. 30, inclusive, at one cent a mile traveled. Write, wire, please or call on assistant agent, C. A. Astorin, T. P. A., Ft. Wayne, Ind., or R. J. Hamilton, Agent, Ft. Wayne, Ind. 102-10-4. This road people take to mountain resort and resorts, more in need of a picnic. Many families of Western and Eastern States will go on this. For sale by T. E. Satterly. The level of health requires that the travel over one each day and use of the position for reaching the law is being, they give away a paper by taking a dose of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets three times a day and give will come, have had serious pain (called upon June 1, 1900) now. Use by T. E. Satterly.

To the Public. WE WILL CLOSE OUT ALL OUR WASH GOODS at and below cost. We have quite an assortment of this laundry and Dainties that we will close at the present. They are wonderfully cheap at these prices. Our 12 1/2c and 15c Dainties will be sold at 10c to 11c. All our 20c and 25c Wash Goods are now marked 15c—dirty cheap, less than first cost of manufacture. All our Wash Shirts and Suits will be sold at very old prices. If interested, call and price them. Do you need a Shirt? What? If so, now is the best time to get one if low prices will suit them. All our 50c, 60c, 70c, 80c, 90c, 1.00, 1.10, 1.20, 1.30, 1.40, 1.50, 1.60, 1.70, 1.80, 1.90, 2.00, 2.10, 2.20, 2.30, 2.40, 2.50, 2.60, 2.70, 2.80, 2.90, 3.00, 3.10, 3.20, 3.30, 3.40, 3.50, 3.60, 3.70, 3.80, 3.90, 4.00, 4.10, 4.20, 4.30, 4.40, 4.50, 4.60, 4.70, 4.80, 4.90, 5.00, 5.10, 5.20, 5.30, 5.40, 5.50, 5.60, 5.70, 5.80, 5.90, 6.00, 6.10, 6.20, 6.30, 6.40, 6.50, 6.60, 6.70, 6.80, 6.90, 7.00, 7.10, 7.20, 7.30, 7.40, 7.50, 7.60, 7.70, 7.80, 7.90, 8.00, 8.10, 8.20, 8.30, 8.40, 8.50, 8.60, 8.70, 8.80, 8.90, 9.00, 9.10, 9.20, 9.30, 9.40, 9.50, 9.60, 9.70, 9.80, 9.90, 10.00, 10.10, 10.20, 10.30, 10.40, 10.50, 10.60, 10.70, 10.80, 10.90, 11.00, 11.10, 11.20, 11.30, 11.40, 11.50, 11.60, 11.70, 11.80, 11.90, 12.00, 12.10, 12.20, 12.30, 12.40, 12.50, 12.60, 12.70, 12.80, 12.90, 13.00, 13.10, 13.20, 13.30, 13.40, 13.50, 13.60, 13.70, 13.80, 13.90, 14.00, 14.10, 14.20, 14.30, 14.40, 14.50, 14.60, 14.70, 14.80, 14.90, 15.00, 15.10, 15.20, 15.30, 15.40, 15.50, 15.60, 15.70, 15.80, 15.90, 16.00, 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HAYES & SON, PROPRIETORS OF Livery, Feed and Sale Stable.



First class Horses, Buggies and Vehicles of every description. Can stable from 50 to 75 horses.

Culver, Indiana.

Extraordinary Values in Hot Weather Clothing.

Immense Line of Mens' and Boys' Blue Serge Suits!

Ranging in price from \$5.00 to \$12.00

Great Line of Straw Hats, Duck Pants, crash suits, and Summer Underwear, DON'T SUFFER from Heat wheu a little money will make you comfortable.

M. Lauer & Son, One-Price-Outfitters.

PLYMOUTH, INDIANA.

FOR SALE—One horse and lot of wood lake shere, near Assembly grounds. Beautiful location, and good well, opposite of Jacob H. Zoskiel, Culver, Ind., or address D. E. Zoskiel, Berne, Ind. Kreuzberger's Park. (Lake Marquette). CULVER CITY. THE BEST Whiskies, Brandis, Cordials, Hike and Mouth-Wines, French Cigars, Port and Perry, Ale and Beers, Mineral water. A Fine stock of Domestic and Big West Cigars.

TEMPTATION.

Songs of the summer sea
Are sounding now in the air;
They whisper of waves and winds so
free.
And holidays golden fair.
The joy of ocean is in their tune
That laughs with the billows' glee,
And it's hard to work while the echoes
croon
Songs of the summer sea!
Songs of the mountain peak
Are drifting down to the plain;
Of gypsy idleness they speak,
And summer's restful reign.
Far from the heights so clear
The listener's heart they seek.
And work is a curse to those who hear
Songs of the mountain peak!

The Mystery of a Mutiny.

A RUSSIAN NAVAL TRAGEDY.

"In the fall of 1867," said the old seaman "I was one of the crew of a New York merchantman, which put in at Fayal, in the Azores. When we ran in we found a Russian man-of-war already at anchor. She was a brig called the Czar, and if I remember correctly was there to see about a Russian craft which has been wrecked in that vicinity. It may not be news to the average reader to be told that the discipline in the Russian army is the strictest in the world. If anything can be more strict it is Russian naval discipline. The commander of a Russian man-of-war on a cruise has more power than the czar at home. The latter must have at least some excuse for sending a citizen to death. The former has only to report him dead and the details are never asked for.

"Several of the crew of the Czar were triced up and flogged in plain view of us on the first day of our arrival, and it wasn't long before we learned that the brig was a floating hell. She had a veteran captain, but most of her crew were new to the service. They were a fine body of men, but the captain was continually nagging at them and seeking an opportunity to inflict punishment. In one day thirteen of them were flogged in quick succession, and a dozen others had other forms of punishment meted out to them. Men were flogged because they moved too fast or too slow—because they had a certain look or didn't have it—because the captain thought they thought so and so. There were several among them who could speak English, and when we learned just how they were being used we expressed our indignation and encouraged them to resistance. It wasn't the right thing to do, as I admit, but we were in the merchant service, and felt that we had certain rights which no commander dared trample on.

"One dark and rainy night, while I was standing anchor-watch on our craft, one of the Russian sailors swam off to us. He was about thirty years of age. He had been degraded from the petty office he held and given twenty-one lashes to boot because he accidentally upset a lamp. He had come for a talk. He knew nothing whatever of geography, and could not tell in which direction any coast lay. He asked particularly about the coast of Brazil, the distance, the people, the rivers, etc. He finally told me that the crew of the brig to a man had decided to mutiny, kill the officers and run for the coast of Brazil. There they would run the craft ashore and each man would shift for himself until the excitement had blown over. I told him all he wanted to know so far as I was able, and he returned as he had come. He had not told me when the uprising would take place. There was an English man-of-war in the harbor then, and, of course, no movement could be made.

"The days went by. There was the usual routine of flogging aboard the Czar, and a sailor who sprang overboard rather than be lashed was coolly shot down alongside the brig without having been ordered to return. At noon of the second day the Englishman left, and at 5 o'clock in the afternoon the mutiny suddenly burst forth. There were six merchantmen in the harbor, but had the Russian commander called for assistance it would not have been afforded. At least fifty of us saw the Russian captain shot and flung overboard and after him went the first lieutenant. Then followed the quartermaster and two others, and the crew had the boat to themselves. Before going out of the harbor men were sent to every vessel to show their raw backs and tell how they had been wronged, and as the brig turned her head to sea she was cheered. The sailor fully believes in the old saying that turn about is fair play. Treat him half way decent and no peril is great enough for him to encounter, no hardship severe enough to make him complain. Use him like a dog and he will submit to a certain limit. Go beyond that and he becomes recklessly desperate and savage. Not a sailor man in port blamed these men, and all hoped that they would get safely out

of it. I was one of the three men from our bark who picked up the captain's dead body as it floated in the bay that evening and towed it ashore for burial.

"It was a week later when we got ready for sea, bound for Rio Janeiro. We had no idea of hearing from the Russians again, but when four days out we ran across a New Bedford whaler named Scott, which gave us some exciting news. Two days before she had been brought to by the Czar in mid-ocean. An armed boat's crew had come aboard and robbed the whaler of whatever they fancied. The captain had \$700, which he was obliged to deliver up, and they took a share of his water and provisions, and all his spare sails. The Russians were not ugly, but determined, and it was plain that all had been drinking, and that great confusion existed aboard the brig. From what the crew of the whaler overheard they were led to believe that the men had abandoned the idea of making the coast of Brazil, and had decided to turn pirate.

"On the next day we spoke an English brig named the Empress. She, too, had suffered an overhauling at the hands of the Russians. When they had attempted to take what they wanted the captain resisted, and he was shot down in his own cabin. The two crafts were then brought together, the sea being smooth, and much of the Englishman's cargo was removed into the Russian. When the latter finally left she was headed to the south, and so we saw that the idea of going to Brazil had been dismissed from their minds.

"The next news came to us two days later. A gale sprang up from the southwest, and before it was four hours old we were compelled to lie to. It struck us about 4 o'clock in the afternoon and did not reach its height until about 7 next morning. Everything was boiling and blowing when we caught sight of the Russian down in the southwest. She must have run before the gale longer than we did, for she was not in sight when it broke upon us. Being higher out of water and more heavily sparred, she was also drifting faster. About 9 o'clock she drove slowly past us at not more than a cable's length away, and we saw many evidences that things were not ship-shape aboard of her. Since the crew had decided on a roving life they would naturally shake off all discipline. We could see plainly enough that they had done so, although the brig was lying to on the same tack as ourselves and making equally good weather of it. By 3 in the afternoon she was out of sight, and about that time the gale settled down into a fair sailing breeze. We got off on our course again, but an hour before sundown we saw the Czar coming down upon us from the north.

"Our captain had no idea of being plundered by the fellows, and we cracked on sail until it seemed that a yard more would take the masts overboard. Had the Russian been astern of us we should have certainly held our own, if not walked away from her, but she was coming down at right angles, and everybody realized that she was certain to cut us off. I had not told any of our officers or men of the talk I had had with the Russian sailor that night during anchor-watch. I knew he would be elected to some office by the mutineers, and I believed he would intercede to save our bark from being despoiled. Therefore, while all others were much excited I was so cool about it as to attract attention.

"Just at sunset the brig fired a gun for us to heave to. There was an ugly cross sea running now, and we doubted if they could lower a boat. We obeyed the command to luff up. The slovenly way the brig was handled as she made ready to take a position on our starboard quarter proved that everything aboard was at sixes and sevens. There was a fight on her decks before the boat was lowered, and after pulling halfway to us the yawl, which had eight men in it, returned. It was lying alongside the brig when a solid shot was fired at us. Owing to the heavy sea the aim was bad, and it flew above the topmasts. This action startled us all, and the captain had determined to put the bark on her course and try to run away, when there came a sudden and awful explosion. For a moment I thought the clear heavens had been rent in twain and every man of us was knocked about over the decks.

"We soon realized what had occurred. The Czar had blown up. She was to windward of us and about a half mile away. There was a dark cloud and awful shock, and she seemed to be lifted bodily up to a height of 100 feet and then to dissolve. Some of the fragments fell upon our decks, and the sea was littered far around.

"One man escaped—just one solitary man. He was one of the eight men in the boat. Perhaps the other seven had left the boat when the explosion came. The boat was not injured, and it came floating down upon us with the man sitting bolt upright on a thwart. He wasn't cut or bruised, but the shock had acted altogether on his mental faculties. He had become an idiot and was deaf and dumb on top of that. His face took on a childish grin, which never left it, and he conducted

himself just as idiots do. Although a man of forty-five and an old sailor, he acted as if he had never seen a ship of any sort before.

"We couldn't get any news from the man, nor did we pick up any of the wreckage except the boat. Man and boat were turned over to a Russian man-of-war at Rio, and it may be that the poor fellow suffered death for his share in the mutiny. Every pains was taken to hush the matter up, but the news got abroad and was touched upon by various correspondents. I have seen three or four accounts of it, but none were half way correct, being colored in the interests of the officers of the brig. I have since then met plenty of Russian petty officers and sailors who had never heard of the disaster, all news of it being suppressed in Russia. It was doubtless deemed unwise to let the Russian sailor know that a Russian could be driven to a point where he would mutiny."—New York Commercial Advertiser.

WHAT A CLOUDBURST IS.

No Such Thing as a Bursting Cloud—Simply a Heavy Rain.

"The most destructive form of mountain storm is the so-called cloudburst, when the rippling brook suddenly becomes a roaring river, carrying death and destruction in its path. The noise made by a cloudburst has no parallel. Above the rumble and roar of masses of rushing water is heard a grinding, groaning sound of falling trees, of slipping earth and rolling bowlders, while the banks of the stream far above the danger line tremble as if in an earthquake. The senses are numbed by the awful cataclysm, and it seems to the spectator, although he is on the high banks and out of actual danger, as if the very foundations of the earth had burst and judgment day was come. The flood tosses about mighty trees and rocks as if they were straws, the banks of the stream seem to dissolve before his eyes and a feeling of awe at the irresistible power of nature steals over the observer. Once witnessed, a cloudburst is never forgotten," says a writer in *Ainslee's Magazine*.

"In point of fact, however, there is no such thing as the bursting of a cloud. The term 'cloudburst' is a convenient expression by which the result of a very heavy rain is designated. Nearly all the surface of the earth in the mountain region is made up either of rocks or adobe soil. The latter, in most cases, has never been broken to cultivation, and is almost impervious to a sudden heavy downpour of rain. The consequence is that the mountains are cut up with arroyos, gullies, and watercourses, and in the course of unnumbered ages into mighty canons which astound the tourist. In an unusually heavy rainfall the great mass of water spread over a large area, instead of sinking into the ground, is quickly accumulated in the beds of the streams, which rise many feet in a short time. When this accumulation is rapid enough and the 'lay of the land' is just right the water rushes down the bed of the stream in a solid wall and is called a cloudburst. The same precipitation in an open country or in one in which the soil has been broken up by cultivation would be called a heavy rainfall, and would do no damage unless continued long enough for the streams to rise out of their banks and flood the country.

"One of the most destructive storms of this nature, so far as manifold consequences are concerned, took place in the spring of 1864, when a cloudburst occurred at the headwaters of Cherry creek. This is a small stream, dry most of the year, but notorious for its eccentricities. It flows through Denver and empties into the Platte River, within the confines of the city. Just at nightfall the water swept down this dry creek in a wall said to have been ten feet in height, carrying everything before it. Many people were drowned and many buildings were washed away. All night long the creek flowed bankful of water that was thick with wreckage. People were rescued during the night on rafts and improvised boats. The most serious loss was the City Hall, which was swept away by the water, together with all the records on file there. These records included not only those of the state and city, but also the United States land filings. The flood was followed by an era of land-jumping, and a good many of the present fortunes in Denver date from that event. The safe of the City Hall was never found, although some relics of the flood, including a portion of the press of the Rocky Mountain News are now in the rooms of the State Historical society."

Not One of the Famed Ones.

"You say he has adopted art as a profession?"
"Yes; he has adopted it, but he treats it like a cruel stepfather in a story book."—Washington Star.

Messages Sent Through Walls.

Signals have been sent by wireless telegraph through a suit of seven rooms, the doors of which were closed,

APPEALS FOR HELP.

BELETED MESSAGE FROM CON-
GER IS RECEIVED.

He Writes from Pekin July 4 that a
General Massacre Was Imminent—
Besieged in British Legation and
Shelled by Chinese.

A written message, signed Conger and dated July 4, was received at Tien-Tsin on the 21st. It was cabled to the Navy Department in Washington Tuesday by Captain Charles Thomas, commander of the Brooklyn. The Conger note says:

Been besieged two weeks in British legation. Grave danger of general massacre by Chinese soldiers, who are shelling the legation daily. Relief soon, if at all. City without government, except by Chinese army. Determined to massacre all foreigners at Pekin. Entry of relief forces into city will probably be hotly contested.

A Washington correspondent, writing Wednesday, says that the letter from Minister Conger in his own handwriting, under date of July 4, reported to the State Department contains no encouragement for the officials who have been confident of the safety of the foreigners, and have accepted the message of July 18 as genuine. More than anything heretofore received this message casts a gloom over the capital. The statement that Pekin was in control of imperial troops has no significance further than to indicate the helplessness of the Government at the time the letter was written.

The serious position of the foreigners as reported by Mr. Conger has aroused apprehension and revived skepticism in official circles where the developments of the last few days have had the effect of



CHINESE MINISTER WU TING FANG.

arousing hope that Chinese reports were sincere. The accuracy of the conditions reported in Mr. Conger's letter cannot be questioned and unless the Chinese Government has regained control of the imperial troops and has taken foreigners under its protection there is reason to fear the worst and question the sincerity of Chinese officials.

Li Hung Chang's prediction that the march of international forces upon Pekin would result in massacre of foreigners is now accepted in connection with Mr. Conger's report as indicating purpose to prepare the world for the announcement of the death of the foreigners.

Up to Wednesday no information has been received from the Chinese legation or Chinese Government in response to President McKinley's reply to the Emperor, and no answer had been received from the second dispatch sent to Minister Conger through Minister Wu.

TIEN-TSIN IN HORRIBLE STATE

Native City Ruined and Many Bodies
Lying Unburied.

Tien-Tsin advices via Shanghai say that the native city presents an appalling spectacle of war and desolation. Scarcely a dozen houses are intact on the side facing the settlements. Inside the city damage is terrific. Many of the buildings nearest the wall were literally blown to pieces.

Among the residences charred corpses are everywhere. Dogs and pigs are feeding on them. The allies are busy removing the dead. Owing to their great number, many have not yet been buried. The Chinese, it is said, have lost altogether about 11,000 since the trouble started. Most of them have been killed by Boxers and soldiers.

The streets throughout the city are strewn with all kinds of articles, and dozens of Chinese are digging in the ruins for money and other valuables. Most of the houses which are intact or little damaged display the flags of one or the other of the allied forces, the Japanese and French flags predominating.

BIG INCREASE IN PATENTS.

Five Thousand Increase in Applications
Over Preceding Year.

The report of Commissioner of Patents Duell for the fiscal year ended June 30 last shows a total of 26,540 patents granted, including reissues and designs. There were 1,660 trade marks, 682 labels and 33 prints registered. Patents that expired numbered 19,988. Allowed applications forfeited for non-payment of the final fees were 4,052. Of the total of 39,815 applications received 2,263 were for designs, 90 for reissues, 1,759 for caveats, 2,105 for trade marks, 872 for labels and 127 for prints.

The total receipts of the patent office were \$1,358,228; total expenditures, \$1,247,828; surplus turned into treasury, \$110,401. On July 1 thirty out of the thirty-six examiners had their new work within one month from the date of filing and three of the remaining six overran that time by only one day. The amended work is nearly all of the divisions was acted on within fifteen days after filing.

DANCER IN GASOLINE.

Nearly One-Half the Fires in Chicago
Are Caused by It.

Nearly one-half of the fires which occur in Chicago, says the Chronicle, are caused by the explosion of gasoline. The large majority of these explosions are, of course, in connection with gasoline stoves, although there are many in which stoves cut no figure whatever. It used to be said, some years ago, that every day in the year there was a fire in Chicago resulting from a gasoline explosion, and that in nearly every instance the fire was accompanied by at least one death. It is said by the authorities that in nearly every instance the gasoline explosion is the result of pure ignorance or carelessness, or the two combined.

In the last few years, however, there has been a marked improvement in the handling of gasoline, as shown by the records of the fire department. The diminution in the number of conflagrations and casualties is attributable to the increase of intelligence and care exhibited in the handling of this most dangerous of all fluids in common use. No stove is so common in the family kitchen as the gasoline stove and there is no danger to which many people are so constantly exposed as that caused by the use of gasoline. The carelessness with which people are always toy-



A GASOLINE EXPLOSION.

ing with this danger is often nothing less than criminal. Those who decline to exercise care in handling the fluid not only endanger their own lives, but those of all others who are living under the same roof with them. And even where no carelessness is shown human intelligence is often no match for the eccentricities of the deadly gasoline stove.

Explosions, aside from those occurring in connection with stoves, are less frequent, but often no less deadly than those of the stove variety. Barrels of the fluid have sometimes exploded with no apparent sufficient cause, but the explosions aside from the stove take place most frequently when the fluid is being used for cleaning purposes. On one or two occasions when gasoline was being used for cleaning woodwork explosions have taken place which resulted disastrously. On one occasion a man threw a burning match into a sink where some gasoline which had been used for cleaning had been emptied. The result was only what might have been expected. Explosions have also frequently resulted when lace curtains and dress goods were being cleaned with the fluid.

Always there is a flame far away which the careless user of the fluid says he did not know of or which he had forgotten about. The gas, which is constantly rising from the unconfined oil sooner or later reaches the flame and the explosion is almost the invariable result. If the explosion should take place in the open air, on a back porch or some similarly exposed place little damage is apt to result, but when the accident takes place in any confined room or apartment then it is almost sure to be attended by more or less destructive results.

Cat Resisted Deep Water Baptism.

"A little boy I knew of in the West," writes Rev. Cyrus Townsend Brady, in the Ladies' Home Journal, "belonged to a family who had trained him to believe in the deep-water form of baptism, and was experimenting with the household cat and a bucket of water. The animal evidently did not believe in immersion, for she resisted, bit and scratched and used bad language—in the cat tongue, of course. Finally, the little boy, with his hands covered with scratches and with tears in his eyes, gave up the effort to effect the regeneration of the cat. 'Dog-gone you!' he cried—notice the choice of epithets in the use of the word dog—'go and be an Episcopal cat if you want to!'"

For a Wasp Sting.

It does not appear to be generally known that in case of a sting by a wasp, if that wasp or any other wasp be at once caught, the sting cut off, and the body of the wasp crushed and rubbed over the place stung, it affords not only instantaneous relief and freedom from pain, but any swelling is at once reduced. With bees, as they always leave their sting in the wound, it is necessary to do nothing more than crush and rub the bee on the wound. This is a certain remedy in every case.

BOER ARMY IS TAKEN.

GENERAL PRINSLOO, WITH 5,000 MEN, SURRENDERS.

British Grant Him No Terms—Roberts Declares the Captured Burglers Must Be Treated as Prisoners of War—Transvaal Struggle Nears Its End.

Cape Town advices say that Gen. Prinsloo, with 5,000 men, has surrendered unconditionally to the British. An official dispatch from Lord Roberts reads:

"On July 26 MacDonald fought a rear guard action with the enemy from early morning until dark, nine miles outside of Naanupoort, in the Bethlehem hills, resulting in his effectually blocking Naanupoort nek to the Boer wagons.

"Hunter reports that the enemy twice checked his advance by holding strong positions on two necks, one of which was taken before dark by the Scots, the Royal Irish, the Wiltshire and the Leinster regiments. Our casualties were only five or six. The second neck was taken during the fight by the Scots and guards, without opposition, the enemy retiring closely to Naanupoort.

"Prisoners taken stated that 1,200 burglers would surrender if guaranteed that they would be treated as prisoners of war and not as rebels. To this I had assented. As a result of these operations Prinsloo, commanding the Boers, asked, under a flag of truce, a four days' armistice for peace negotiations.

"Hunter replied the only terms he could accept were unconditional surrender, and, until these were complied with, hostilities could not cease. I expressed my approval and told Hunter on no account to enter into negotiations.

"As I am writing a telegram has come from Hunter saying that Prinsloo had written a second letter expressing willingness to hand over himself, with his men, rifles, ammunition and other firearms, upon condition that the horses, saddles, bridles and other possessions of the burglers be guaranteed them and they be free to return to their homes.

"I have replied that the surrender must be absolutely unconditional; that all rifles, ammunition, horses and other possessions must be given up, and that the burglers will be considered prisoners of war. I added that Prinsloo's overtures will not be allowed in any way to interfere with Hunter's operations, which must be continued until the enemy is defeated or has surrendered."

A HORNY-HANDED SON OF TOIL.

This Time the Phrase Turned Out to Be a Boomerang.

"I never hear anybody speaking of a 'horny-handed son of toil,'" said a Kentucky colonel, "that I don't think of a race for the Legislature which took place in my State a number of years ago between Tom Stuart, then editor of the Winchester Democrat, and I. N. Boone, a descendant of the great Daniel, and at that time holding the office for which Stuart was making the race. Stuart was a young man, very progressive and quick of mind, while Boone was well along in years, slow of thought and action, and especially proud of the fact that he was a representative of the farmers. So zealous was he in this regard that he carried it to the excess of almost total abstinence from water for washing purposes, and he would let his hands and face go unwashed for several days at a time.

"Stuart was quite the reverse in his ideas of cleanliness, and at one of their joint discussions he gave his opponent a blow that fairly knocked him out. Boone was making his regular speech, and at the proper place in it he referred to the matter of his relation to the toiling masses.

"My friends," he said, holding up a pair of hands that looked as if they hadn't been washed in a week, "to let you see for yourselves that I am a horny-handed son of toil I ask you to look at these hands, and," turning to Stuart, "I would ask my pale-faced young friend from the city what he thinks of them?"

"Stuart was on his feet in a minute. 'I do not desire to embarrass my distinguished opponent, ladies and gentleman,' he said with a bow, 'but I would say that I think they need soap and water.'

"It was such an apparent case that the crowd took hold at once with a shout and Boone was completely floored, and later Stuart was elected."—Washington Star.

O-I-O

When a preparation has an advertised reputation that is world-wide, it means that preparation is meritorious. If you go into a store to buy an article that has achieved universal popularity like CASCARETS CANDY CATHARTIC for example, you feel it has the indorsement of the world. The judgment of the people is infallible because it is impersonal. The retailer who wants to sell you "something else" in place of the article you ask for, has an ax to grind. Don't it stand to reason? He's trying to sell something that is not what he represents it to be. Why? Because he expects to derive an extra profit out of your credulity. Are you easy? Don't you see through his little game? The man who will try and sell you a substitute for CASCARETS is a fraud. Beware of him! He is trying to steal the honestly earned benefits of a reputation which another business man has paid for, and if his conscience will allow him to go so far, he will go farther. If he cheats his customer in one way, he will in another and it is not safe to do business with him. Beware of the CASCARETS substitute! Remember CASCARETS are never sold in bulk, but in metal boxes with the long-tailed "C" on every box and each tablet stamped C. C. C.

One Who Is.

Aunt Jane—Do you think men are really capable of loving with a deep and sincere affection?
Aunt Hannah—Are they? You ought to see my husband gloating over the rare old bindings in his library!—Chicago Tribune.

Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!
Ask your Grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. 1/4 the price of coffee. 15c and 25c per package. Sold by all grocers.

The value of Transvaal mining machinery is about \$47,000,000.

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For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *W. D. Hoagland*

A Skin of Beauty Is a Joy Forever.
DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL OREAM OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFICE.
Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rash, and Skin Diseases, and every blemish on the face. It has the effect of a beauty and detaches the old skin, and in 30 days, and in so harmless we make it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit, of the same name. Dr. L. A. G. said to a lady of the hospital (a patient): "As you ladies will use them, I recommend Gouraud's Oream" as the best and most harmless of all the skin preparations." For sale by all Druggists and Fancy-Goods Dealers in the U. S., Canada, and Europe. FRED. T. HOPKINS, Prop'r., 57 Great Jones St., N. Y.

SEND 47 cts.
SPECIAL OFFER: Cut this ad. out and send to us and we will send you this Violin Outfit by Express, C. O. D., subject to examination. Examine it at your expense and if not exactly as represented, and the most wonderful bargain you ever saw or heard of, pay the express agent our SPECIAL OFFER PRICE, \$2.57—less 40c or \$2.10 and 25c charges. This is a regular \$5.00 Stradivarius model Violin—richly colored, highly polished, powerful and sweet in tone, complete with fine bow, one extra set of strings, violin case, rosin and one of the best instruction books ever published. Write for musical instrument and organ and piano and jewelry catalogue \$1.25, free, containing 240 pages. T. M. ROBERTS' SUPPLY HOUSE, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Boys' Appetite in Old Time.

"My boys are too well bred to hang around the kitchen and break into pantries," said Sophia in reply to Old Chimes, as reported by the Boston Journal.

"How times are changed!" mused the old man. "Why, when I was a boy I was hungry all the time, I hid food in my room so that I could always be sure of some in case of flood, fire or murder. Carlo, the dog, used to wink at me when he sneaked off behind the barn with a bone. And all my playmates were as hungry as I was. I asked Eustacia if she thought all modern boys were like her wretched little cousins, and she said, 'I am afraid so; we girls, I know had better appetites when we were of that age.' I suppose, however, there is a reasonable explanation. Boys to-day are fed as infants on all sorts of sterilized things. There are no hungry microbes in the poor fellows; therefore they themselves are not hungry. We boys must have been chock-full of microbes all the time, and we were much happier."

World to End This Year.

This is the recent decision of one of the societies of the world, and while there are few people who believe this prediction, there are thousands of others who not only believe, but know that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters will cure dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation or liver and kidney troubles. A trial will certainly convince.

A Trunkless Body.

An explorer, lately returned from his travels, was relating his adventures. "I peered," said he, "into the thicket, and there before me lay a trunkless body."

"Nonsense!" remarked an interfering critic; "who ever heard of a trunkless body?"

"My friend," replied the traveler, quietly, "the body was that of an elephant." He then resumed his story.—London Globe.

Homeseekers' Excursions Via Chicago and Eastern Illinois Railroad.

On the first and third Tuesdays of June, July and August the Chicago and Eastern Illinois Railroad will place on sale Homeseekers' Excursion tickets to various points in Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Indian Territory, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee and Texas.

One fare (plus \$2.00) for the round trip. Tickets are limited on going trip fifteen days from date of sale, with stop-over privileges in Homeseekers' Territory. Returning, tickets are limited twenty-one days from date of sale.

Remember that we now have in service a new wide-vestibled train between Chicago and Waco and Fort Worth, Texas, leaving Chicago daily at 1:50 p. m. Through Pullman sleeping cars and free reclining chair cars. For further particulars call on or address any agent Chicago and Eastern Illinois Railroad, or C. L. Stone, G. P. & T. A., Chicago.

Progressive Orientals.

The orientals of the diplomatic corps are much more progressive than the Europeans in adopting American customs. The Chinese minister was the first among his colleagues to acquire the bicycle habit, the first to own an automobile, and his enterprise is shared by Turkey's representative, who is quick to take up the fads of the day and ably conducts an automobile over the fashionable drives of an afternoon.

Crops in Nebraska.

There is a broad smile on the face of nearly every farmer in Nebraska, because of the satisfactory crop conditions in that remarkable State. In the Northwest, drouth has seriously injured the wheat yield. In the South again there has been more or less damage, but in Nebraska they have had seasonable, heavy rains, and not too much of them.

A full crop of oats and wheat will, from present indications, be followed by a bumper crop of corn. During the past week heavy rains all over the State have put this crop in fine condition, and it may break the record.

The expectation is that great numbers of people will go to Nebraska this fall, when the cheap harvest excursion rates are in effect, to investigate the country and confirm by actual experience the stories of prosperity so often heard. The tendency is on the part of renters, everywhere in the East, to seek homes beyond the Missouri River, where land is cheap and so very productive.

Anxious to Know.

First Boarder (a doctor)—Yes; this bed of mine is rather hard, but it's unhealthy to sleep on feathers.

Second Boarder—Then how do you account for the long life of that chicken the landlady served for dinner?—Puck.

Lane's Family Medicine

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

Poor Showing from This Country.
During the year 1898 52,361 vessels, of 34,233,580 tons, entered and cleared Chinese ports. Of these vessels 743, of 239,152 tons, were American.

Dropsy treated free by Dr. H. H. Green's Sons of Atlanta, Ga. The greatest dropsy specialists in the world. Read their ad. in another column of this paper.

Of the total track mileage in England one-third is owned by the public.

Too Late with His Heart.

"Unless you promise to be mine," he passionately declared, "I shall enlist in the army."

Pointing toward the door, she replied:

"Go! If you had said those words while the war was in progress they might have moved me. Now it would be just as heroic of you to say that unless I promised to be yours you would go out and drink a pint of buttermilk."—Cleveland Leader.

What Do the Children Drink?

Don't give them tea or coffee. Have you tried the new food drink called GRAIN-O? It is delicious and nourishing, and takes the place of coffee. The more Grain-O you give the children the more health you distribute through their systems. Grain-O is made of pure grains, and when properly prepared tastes like the choice grades of coffee, but costs about 1/4 as much. All grocers sell it. 15c and 25c.

In Rural Districts.

The telephone has proved very successful in the West in places where different farm houses are connected by wire, as it enables them to give each other timely warning of the approach of tramps. It is also useful in cases of fire and sickness. The possibilities of the telephone in rural districts are very great.

BEST FOR THE BOWELS.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. CASCARETS Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

Chinese News Bearers.

According to the ancient practice of oriental monarchs the Chinese Emperor rewards those who bring him good news, and punishes those who bring bad news.

Do Your Feet Ache and Burn?

Shake into your shoes Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It makes tight or new shoes feel easy. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Hot and Sweating Feet. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Cheap Postage, More Letters.

A reduction of postage in Egypt from 1 plaster to a quarter of a plaster resulted in doubling the number of letters posted.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—Mrs. Thos. Robbins, Maple street, Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

Among the Chileans a belief prevails that the juice of onions is a sure cure for typhoid fever if given in its early stages.

Hall's Catarrh Cure.

Is a constitutional cure. Price 75 cents.

The French government has liberated in Madagascar during the last four years above 1,000,000 slaves.

Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP for Children teething: softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 3 cents a bottle.

Advantage is a better soldier than rashness.—Shakespeare.

Painful Periods

are overcome by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Fifty thousand happy women testify to this in grateful letters to Mrs. Pinkham.

Menstruation is a severe strain on a woman's vitality. If it is painful something is wrong which

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

will promptly set right; if excessive or irregular write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for advice.

Evidence abounds that Mrs. Pinkham's advice and medicine have for many years been helping women to be strong. No other advice is so unvaryingly accurate, no other medicine has such a record of cure.

Like the Deadly Under-Current



which grasps one without warning, the mucous membrane which lines the entire body suddenly becomes weakened in some spot and disease is established. It may be of the lungs, the head, throat, stomach, bowels, or any other organ. Wherever it is, and whatever it seems, it all springs from the same cause—

CATARRH

or inflammation of this delicate pink membrane.

The system is weakened in winter. The delicate lining is more susceptible to irritation or inflammation, and thus we have pneumonia, grip, colds, coughs, fevers, etc., all catarrhal conditions which may easily be checked by one catarrh cure—Pe-ru-na.

That's the only way out of it. You may dose forever—you will not be well until you try the true cure and that is Pe-ru-na. You may think your trouble is some other disease and not catarrh. Call it what you will, one thing is sure, your system is affected and must be treated, and Pe-ru-na is the only remedy which reaches the right place and does cure.

We take our choice corned beef, cook it and season it—all done by experts, better than is possible at home. When it is just right we can't keep it right until you want it. That is

LIBBY'S COTTAGE CORNED BEEF

Keep it in the house for emergencies, for suppers, for sandwiches—for any time when you want something good and want it quick. Ask your grocer. Libby, McNeill & Libby, Chicago

Faster Time via the WABASH

CONTINENTAL The Continental Limited leaves Chicago at 12:40 noon, and arrives New York 3:15 and Boston 5:20 the following afternoon. Through sleepers both points.

WABASH Spend the evening at home or at the theater
MIDNIGHT FLYER—leave Chicago at 11:30 p. m. and be in St. Louis before 8:00 o'clock next morning. Try this popular train.

City Ticket Office, 95 Adams St., Chicago.

PATENTS Secure our terms and system for placing inventions FREE OSCAR A. MICHELI, REGISTERED ATTORNEY, No. 302 Broadway, New York City, Department 43, Branch, No. 639 F Street, N. W., Washington, D. C.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY: gives quick relief & cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 DAYS' treatment FREE. Dr. E. H. Green's Sons, Box 8, Atlanta, Ga.

AMERICAN WIDOWER Middle-aged, independent, will marry woman who will be mother to his little girl. Address MR. GRANT, 117 East 23rd Street, New York.

C. N. U. No. 31-1900

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE SAY you saw the advertisement in this paper.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL

New York—Trade reports are in the main more encouraging. Business, however, seems to be confined largely to purchases of goods for quick delivery, and there is little evidence of any buying for future wants. A leading trade journal recently made a thorough canvass of the dry goods situation and found almost a general agreement among the jobbing houses that the season is undoubtedly backward. The conditions existing outside of the markets are, it is claimed, favorable to a good fall business. There has been no important change in the speculative situation. Trading in stocks has again been on a small scale, and the movement of prices confined, except in the case of a few specialties, to narrow limits. There is no demand for stocks, but on the other hand there is no pressure to sell. The prevailing opinion in trading circles is that on the basis of intrinsic values the better class of securities are worth all they are selling for now.

Chicago—Trade in speculative branches of the grain business during the week was governed chiefly by the prospects for the still unharvested crops. Fluctuations obeyed for the most part the changing views of speculators, according as opinion veered from the acceptance of one and the rejection of another of the numerous estimates of crops of this and other countries of the world that raise wheat or corn to any considerable extent. Even the Northwest varies from day to day in its estimate of its probable production—from scant sufficiency for bread and seed within its own borders to a comparatively generous yield of 140,000,000 bushels. Only a rough approximation at best can be reached of either the home or foreign production of wheat, and not that until much later in the season, so that more groping in the dark will have to be submitted to for some time yet. Corn lost a little of its value as it stood at the end of the previous week because of the almost ideal weather that has since then favored the growing crop, which is now conceded to promise as large if not a larger yield than was ever before harvested.

PLANS TO BUY TWO ISLANDS.

United States May Pay Spain \$100,000 for New Islands.
Arrangements have practically been completed by the United States government for the purchase from Spain of the islands of Cibiti and Cagayen, which were left in Spanish possession by the treaty of Paris. Although they are a part of the Philippine archipelago, they were not included in the treaty through the adoption of specific boundary lines, rather than describing the islands in a lump as the archipelago. The oversight was not discovered until a year later. The two islands are insignificant in area and thinly populated, probably containing from 6,000 to 8,000 people in all. Both the islands are said to be mainly valuable for their pearl and shell fisheries.

PERSONAL MENTION.

George Garn was on the sick list this week.

Mrs. George Earpass, who has been quite ill, is able to be out again.

Louis Bowman and wife, of South Bend, are visiting Geo. Voreis and family.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Louis, of St. Louis, are visiting the Culvers at the Lake View.

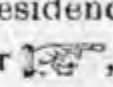
Walter Williams, who has been stationed with his regiment at Manila, is now in China.

Hertert Garn, who has been attending Hiram college, is home visiting his parents.

Delbert A. Porter and a friend from Chicago visited W. H. Porter and family the fore part of this week.

Mrs. Sarah M. Peley, of Dora, Ind., accompanied by her husband's parents, are visiting relatives in this section.

The Misses Emma and Fredia Metzger, instructors in German in the Indianapolis schools, are guests at the W. J. Wood cottage.

John Campbell, the jeweler, steps high now. It's a 12-pound girl, and appeared at his residence Friday evening. Here's our , John.

S. G. Buswell has just completed one of the most extensive and artistic jobs of calcimining ever accomplished in this section. He calcimined the academy buildings throughout, being 30 days at the job.

Emery Scates, who has been absent from Culver the past year, was seen on our streets Sunday. He is now a resident of Plymouth. He reports that his brother Oscar is now at Manila and is well, and says that his soldier brother, if he lives, will return to the states next spring.

Thomas Harris, who formerly operated a saw mill at this place, and who moved from here to Benton Harbor, Mich., has been in the Southern States the past two years foreman of a large saw mill. He has returned to Benton Harbor, owing to the fact that the saw mill burned to the ground recently. Fate seems to be after Harris, as this makes three or four mills that he has been connected with that has went up in smoke. He is a prince of good fellows, and we hope he will yet have better luck.

J. B. Bowell again took possession of the Ross House, Plymouth, on July 6. Since that time he has made remarkable changes in that famous hostelry. A magnificent porch has been built on the front, the dining room has been enlarged, and in fact the house is being thoroughly overhauled, cleaned and refurnished. The traveling public are rejoiced to know that John is at its head again, as it means practically the only hotel in Plymouth. John knows just how to please his patrons. Don't forget to call at the Ross House.

Rev. Barber and family moved to Fulton, Mich., the fore part of this week, where Mr. Barber accepted a call to the Reformed church society of said place. He says it is a thriving little village, situated near Kalamazoo, and is surrounded by a rich farming community. He took charge of the work last Sunday. The work will not be near as severe as at Culver, as he only preaches at two places there while he had to fill four here, and the best of it all is, he receives an increased salary. Every man, woman and child will wish Rev. Barber success in his new field of labor.

18th Annual Excursion, Tuesday, August 14th.

via the Nickel Plate Road to Niagara Falls at low rates. Toronto \$1.00 extra. Thousand Islands \$6.50 extra. No extra charge for stop off at Lake Chautauqua. Tickets good returning for 12 days. Write, wire, phone or call on nearest agent. C. A. Asterlin, T. P. A., Ft. Wayne, Ind., or R. J. Hamilton, Agent, Ft. Wayne, Ind. 139-344

LOCAL BREVETIES.

Smoke Reed's 205. 45tf.

Call and pay your subscription. It is now due.

Indigo Blue calico 5c per yard at Porter & Co's.

Farmers have commenced to thresh their oats.

"Town Clock" "Town Clock."

Green corn is being taken from the cob.

Totan Reds 5c per yard at Porter & Co's.

Good weather this for the ice cream man.

Culver merchants handle "Town Clock."

Our meat market men are hustling these days.

Call and see Porter & Co's 4 and 5c calicos.

The hay crop was secured in good shape in this section.

Big bargains in white bed spreads this week at Porter & Co's.

Nearly all of the Democratic "big guns" of Plymouth were in Culver Saturday.

You smoke and I smoke the only smoke the best, "Town Clock."

Buffalo Bill's show will appear in South Bend August 4, and in Logansport August 10.

Buy John a 50c night gown at Porter & Co's and save your fingers and eyes.

Don't forget that at Barce's store Maxinkuckee, you can find anything that the market affords at very reasonable prices.

A very enjoyable party was given at the Shirk cottage on the east side Friday evening.

You will never find any other pills so prompt and so pleasant as DeWitt's Little Early Risers. T. E. Slattery.

Those Filipinos who are making bogus silver dollars by the thousand take the free coinage idea too seriously.

Mothers endorse it, children like it, old folks use it. We refer to One Minute Cough Cure. It will quickly cure all throat and lung troubles. T. E. Slattery.

A good easy shave and a clean towel for each customer at the U R Next barber shop, next to Hollister's grocery.

It will surprise you to experience the benefit obtained by using the dainty and famous little pills known as DeWitt's Little Early Risers. T. E. Slattery.

About three hundred Valparaiso Normal students, and others, were here Saturday for a day's outing. They reported a most enjoyable day.

The quicker you stop a cough or cold the less danger there will be of fatal lung trouble. One Minute Cough Cure is the only harmless remedy that gives immediate results. You will like it. T. E. Slattery.

The total number of deaths in Indiana in June was 2,255, which is 303 less than in May. The annual rate per 1,000 for May was 11.4 and for June 10.4. The deaths from preventable diseases were as follows: Tuberculosis, 368; typhoid fever, 34; diphtheria, 7; scarlet fever, 10; measles, 8; whooping cough, 28; pneumonia, 202; diarrheal diseases, 108; cerebro-spinal meningitis, 52; influenza, 18; puerperal fever, 5; smallpox, 2. The deaths from cancer numbered 82, a decrease compared with May of 23.

In India, the land of famine, thousands die because they cannot obtain food. In America, the land of plenty, many suffer and die because they cannot digest the food they eat. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat. It instantly relieves and radically cures all stomach troubles. T. E. Slattery.

There were in the neighborhood of 1,500 people in Culver Sunday looking at the sights and otherwise amusing themselves at our beautiful resort. The country people were well represented at the assembly grounds, with a fair number from Plymouth and elsewhere. The excursion train from Indianapolis brought about 800 from said city and intermediate

points. The train from the north brought a large number of people from South Bend and Plymouth. With few exceptions the crowd was very orderly. One or two were lodged in Hotel de Overman to cool off, which emphasizes the fact that it will not do to get "too fresh."

Millions will be spent in politics this year. We can't keep the campaign going without money any more than we can keep the body vigorous without food. Dyspeptics used to starve themselves. Now Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat all the good food you want. It radically cures stomach troubles. T. E. Slattery.

The editor of an exchange gives vent to his feelings, because old age is creeping fast upon him, in the following language: "We ain't kicking, of course, but we do feel that we were born too soon when we think of the advantages the young men have who do their courting on an automobile—no lines, no bother, and nothing to do but keep the dear sweet things from falling out. Backward, turn backward, oh time in your flight, and give us a chance again, just for one night; make us to realize, oh time, if you can, that we are a boy again, and not a man. Pick out those gray locks, erase wrinkles now so deep, while we in an 'auto' lull angels to sleep."

The wolf in the fable put on sheep's clothing because if he traveled on his own reputation he couldn't accomplish his purpose. Counterfeiters of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve couldn't sell their worthless salves on their merits, so they put them in boxes and wrappers like DeWitt's. Look out for them. Take only DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It cures piles and all skin diseases. T. E. Slattery.

Are you hungry? If so, call at John Osborn's store and be supplied with groceries, meats, breads and everything in the line of eatables.

Preliminary Announcement.
The Vandalia and Pennsylvania annual Ohio excursion will leave Lakeville, Ind., at 9:00 p. m., Thursday, Sept. 27, 1900. For further information call on or address,

C. M. WHEELER,
Trav. Pass. Agent, Terre Haute, Ind.,
Or
W. F. SCHALLHORN,
Agent Vandalia Line, Lakeville, Ind.
E. A. FORD,
G. P. A., St. Louis, Mo.
J. M. CHESBROUGH,
2td A. G. P. A.

Lot for Sale.
100x160, south-east side, between Edwards' and Mitchell's cottages. Inquire of H. A. Wheeler, Shady Bluff, east side. 2nd

Try Dykeman's bread, cakes and buns at John Osborn's grocery. Received every morning fresh from the Logansport bakery. The largest loaves in the state. Full weight guaranteed.

Notice.
On and after Monday, July 16, I will make two trips around the lake every week with my laundry wagon.
CON. M. BONAKER.

A lame shoulder is usually caused by rheumatism of the muscles, and may be cured by a few applications of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. For sale by T. E. Slattery.

8c and 10c summer dress goods for 5c, and 12c and 15c goods for 10c at Porter & Co's.

At the U R Next Barber shop you get a good easy shave and a clean towel is used upon each customer.
4tf WM. M. MILLER.

A Minister's Good Work.
"I had a severe attack of bilious colic, got a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, took two doses and was entirely cured," says Rev. A. A. Powers of Emporia, Kan. "My neighbor across the street was sick for over a week, had two or three bottles of medicine from the doctor. He used them for three or four days without relief, then called in another doctor who treated him for some days and gave him no relief, so discharged him. I went over to see him the next morning. He said his bowels were in a terrible fix, that they had been running off so long that it was almost bloody flux. I asked him if he had tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and he said, 'No.' I went home and brought him my bottle and gave him one dose. Told him to take another dose in fifteen or twenty minutes if he did not find relief, but he took no more and was entirely cured. I think it the best medicine I have ever tried. For sale by T. E. Slattery."

Easterday & Overmyer,

DEALERS IN

Furniture, buggies, wagons and all kinds of farming implements. Picture frames and Mouldings kept constantly on hand.

Undertaking and Embalming a Specialty.

CULVER, INDIANA.

Marbaugh Bros.,

Have a full line of all kinds of

Shelf Hardware, Heating Stoves, Also the Celebrated Peninsular Cook,

Which is fully guaranteed as a good HEATER and PERFECT Baker. It is a stove which has no Equal

We have a full line of Farm Implements and harness goods. Give us a call Monterey, Ind.

The Weekly Largest Circulation of all Political Papers in the West.

Always American. ALWAYS REPUBLICAN. **INTER OCEAN.**

The Weekly Inter Ocean Supplies all the News and Best Current Literature.

The Inter Ocean's Telegraphic service is exclusive. Every Column is Bright, Clean and packed with News. **\$1** Literature of it is equal to that of the best magazines. It is interesting to the Children as well as parents.

The Inter Ocean is a Western Paper. And while it brings to the family THE NEWS OF THE WORLD and gives its readers the best and ablest discussion of all questions of the day, it is in full sympathy with the ideas and aspirations of Western people and discusses literature and politics from the Western standpoint.

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Price of Daily by mail.....\$1.00 per year.
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Daily and Sunday, by mail.....\$6.00 per year.
The Daily and Sunday Editions of The Inter Ocean are the Best in the West.

CULVER CITY Construction Company,

Iron and Wood Workers. All machinery promptly repaired. Repairing Boilers and Engines a Specialty. Shop opposite M. E. Church.

ROSS HOUSE

PLYMOUTH, IND.

Only First-Class House in the City. Rates Reasonable
Special rates given to Marshall county citizens, who come in numbers.
Backs to and from all trains

J. K. MAWHORTER & SON,
Tinners and Furnace Dealers,
All kinds of Roofing and Eave Troughing promptly attended to.
Cleaning and Repairing Gasoline Stoves a Specialty.
Terms Reasonable.
CULVER, INDIANA.

J. Baumgartner,
Experienced Drayman.
Good delivered to any part of the city and around the Lake.
Prompt and quick service is our motto, and charges reasonable.
CULVER CITY INDIANA.