

# THE CULVER CITY HERALD.

At Lake Maxinkuckee.

VOL. VII.

CULVER CITY INDIANA, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1900.

NO. 10.

## Time Table

### VANDALIA LINE

Terre Haute and Logansport R. R.	
For the North	
No. 10.....	8:12 A. M.
No. 14.....	12:09 P. M.
No. 8.....	9:41 P. M.
No. 12 (Sunday Only).....	9:08 A. M.
For the South.	
No. 21.....	6:37 A. M.
No. 3.....	1:14 P. M.
No. 9.....	7:59 P. M.
No. 11 (Sunday Only).....	7:00 P. M.
J. Shugrue, Agt.	

## KEEN BROS.,

### PHOTOGRAPHERS

Opposite Postoffice, - CULVER, IND.  
Call or Telephone for us when you want a Group or Scenery Photographed. Portraits in up-to-date styles.  
Fine line of Lake Views for sale, including Stereoscopic Views and Scenes around the Lake.

## PARK CAFE,

ONE BLOCK WEST DEPOT  
Lake Maxinkuckee, Culver, Ind.  
One Dollar per day.  
Lunch at all hours.  
Ice cream in season.  
Fruits, Candies, Cigars, Tobacco.  
Board by the week.  
D. R. AVERY, Prop.

**Robert C. O'Brien,**  
Attorney at Law and Notary Public.  
Also Deputy Prosecutor, Office in Pick-  
erel block, Argos, Ind.

**DR. O. A. REA,**  
Physician and Surgeon.

Office over Exchange Bank.  
Main Street, - CULVER, IND.

**DR. B. W. S. WISEMAN,**  
Physician and Surgeon.

Office hours 11 to 12 a. m., and 4 to 6 p. m.  
Office Third Door North of Bank.  
Calls promptly answered day or night.  
Main Street, - CULVER, IND.

**Dr. Geo. S. Hollister,**  
Physician & Surgeon,

CALLS ANSWERED PROMPTLY NIGHT  
OR DAY.  
Office Over Culver City Drug Store.  
CULVER, IND.

**Dr. Stevens,**  
MAXINKUCKEE, I. D.,  
Physician and Surgeon.  
CALLS ANSWERED PROMPTLY NIGHT  
OR DAY.  
OFFICE AT RESIDENCE.

## Farmers, \* Attention

Why Pay High Prices when you can get your Horse shod for One Dollar with New Shoes, and other work in proportion?

W. H. WILSON, Culver.

## Culver City Tonsorial Parlor.

Three doors south of Postoffice.  
HAIR CUTTING 15 CENTS.  
Also Agent for Troy Steam Laundry. A choice line of  
Fine Cigars.

\* CULVER CITY \*  
MEAT \* MARKET.  
D. G. WALTER, Proprietor.  
First Class Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats,  
and our own Strictly Pure Lard.

## LOCAL BREVETIES.

Smoke Reed's 205. 454L.  
Street Fair at Knox next week.  
Smallpox is raging in Logansport.  
Two of Aaron Jones' children are quite ill.

If you want to purchase a good bicycle call at this office.  
Knox Street Fair next week, September 12, 13, 14, and 15.

Mrs. Henry Romig and two daughters are quite sick with typhoid fever.

Mrs. Lizzie Atkinson and son of Chicago are visiting Wm. Wilson and family.

The republicans of Union township will meet in convention at Culver Saturday September 22.

Remember the great horse sale at Burr Oak next Saturday afternoon. The horses are all first class.

Rev. Geo. Smith returned Monday from Remington, Indiana, where he has been holding a series of meetings.

Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Bradley left for Chicago Thursday, where they will take in the sights in the windy city for a week.

Order your Xmas jewelry now and get forty per cent. off the catalogue price at Campbell's. This offer good during September only.

James Black and wife, and Mrs. Lydia Graut, returned to their home in Stout, Ind., Wednesday, after a 10 day's visit with Wm. Wilson and family.

Schuyler Burket is building a new house on his lot of one acre of ground recently purchased of Benjamin Easterday in the corner of the grove near the outlet.

Mr. Clemons who lives on the Porter place south-west of town has purchased a half acre of ground just south of Grandpa Brenner's, and will build a house on the same in the near future.

The Epworth League will give a literary and musical entertainment at the residence of Mrs. Miriam Korp this (Friday) evening. An excellent program consisting of vocal and instrumental music, recitations, dialogues, etc. will be rendered, and a silver offering taken for the benefit of the church. Everybody cordially invited.

A contract will soon be let for the building of an up to date brick school house in what is known as the Kaley district. This will be the fourth brick school house in Union township.—LATER. The contract for building the above school house has been let to D. H. Smith & Co., of Culver. This company has erected a number of school houses in this township and has given perfect satisfaction.

Rev. Fraley left Tuesday for Lafayette, where he will attend the annual M. E. conference. There is a strong desire on the part of the membership for his return to Culver. He is a young man of marked ability, and better still, he has the confidence and respect of the entire community. He has accomplished a great work for this charge, and if he is compelled to go elsewhere, he will leave a great monument to his memory, as it is mainly through his untiring efforts that Culver can boast of having one of the most modern church buildings in Northern Indiana.

Knox Big Free Street Fair next week.

Mrs. John Banks of Hibbard is upon the sick list.

For dying, cleaning and pressing, call on C. M. Bonaker, Agent.

Roy Alexander, of Frankfort, visited Miss Alice Shultz Sunday.

Mrs. F. O. Fraley is visiting friends at Poplar Grove this week.

Mrs. C. M. Bonaker visited friends in south Bend the fore part of this week.

J. Longnecker and C. Lawson of Broadway Steam Laundry, were in town Sunday.

Mrs. Carrie Hauk visited friends at South Bend and Mishawaka this week.

Ira McLane and family of Wabash county, visited his brother Frank in this city last week.

Master Georgie Nearpass is in Kewanna visiting friends and will be absent about a week.

The Reformed church social held at the residence of A. Hays, Friday evening was a grand success.

Mrs. James Castleman and children are visiting friends and relatives in South Bend this week.

Pennsylvania seed wheat \$1.10 per bushel from the car this week. Forbe's Feed Store, Plymouth.

Mrs. C. H. Prestoe and son of Florida, have been guests at the McGilliard cottage on the east side the past week.

J. G. Mueller, C. Vonnegut, George Vonnegut, H. R. Bliss and H. M. Morman of Indianapolis, close their cottages this week.

Ouida Gerard, who recently left this city for Gypsum, Colorado, where her parents reside, writes that she arrived safely and that all are well.

A. Curtis and family, who have been occupying their cottage on the east side the past three months, left for their home at Carthage, Ohio, Tuesday.

C. M. Bonaker has a new laundry sign which was painted by John Campbell, the celebrated artist. If you need anything in this line, give him a call.

J. R. Elder who occupied the W. C. Vajen cottage for the summer, closed the same this week, also Walter M. Knapp and Wm. Kuhn closed their cottages.

Jefferson Kaley of Freeport, Kansas, is here visiting his father, Ruben Kaley and other relatives. He says that the wheat crop is just immense in Kansas, and that the railroads are utterly unable to supply cars enough to move the wheat, hence, the elevators are full to overflowing. He says there is enough wheat raised in Kansas this year to supply the United States.

The path of the reformer is not strewn with roses. Henry S. Bonsib, Prohibition candidate for state statistician, and evangelist in the 10th district, held a meeting the other night on the street at Talbot, Benton county. The saloon sympathizers were enraged by his speech, and followed him to the house where he was stopping and as he was about to enter showered him with eggs. This is the first personal violence a Prohibition speaker has met with this campaign, but as politics are getting warmer more trouble of the kind may be expected.

See the new styles of felt hats at K. Edward's.

Remember the great horse sale at Burr Oak Saturday afternoon.

Miss Jessie Shumaker of Chicago, is in town visiting her mother.

Best laundry work at Broadway steam Laundry. C. M. Bonaker is Agent.

Knight Culver of St. Louis, is a guest at his mother's cottage on the east side.

Henry Speyer is in Chicago this week buying fall and winter goods for Porter & Co.

Frank Taylor, brother of G. B. Taylor, is in town and will spend a few weeks at the lake.

Robert Rea returned home from the University of Chicago last Sunday evening for about a month's vacation.

Dr. Jaeger, of Cincinnati, Ohio, formerly of the faculty of Culver Military Academy, is spending a few days at the lake.

John Green left for Gypsum, Colorado, Tuesday morning, where he will join his brother David, and remain indefinitely.

Daniel Wolf and George Garn caught 25 very large black bass last Friday, which denotes that they are somewhat of champions themselves.

Joe Myers, the western horse dealer, has placed in the McLane & Co's yards, about 50 fine western horses, not broncos, but genuine draft and roadsters which he will sell at a bargain. Horses all sound and warranted first class. Call immediately and see them if you desire bargains.

Capt. Oliver Crook, who returned from Ann Arbor Mich., Medical Hospital Saturday, reports that Mrs. R. K. Lord is very much improved in health and that her eye sight is being restored, as she can see to read a little at a time. She will remain however, about three weeks longer at the hospital, before being pronounced permanently cured.

EDITOR HERALD.—In justice to myself and Tony Young, I wish to say that the parties who told Mr. Young that I said he never knew how to make, or could not make a clock escapement, are contemptible liars, for I never made any such statement that could be construed to mean that. Yours truly,  
JOHN A. CAMPBELL.

The Galbraith's are holding a family reunion at the assembly grounds. The following is a partial list of those in attendance: Alax Galbraith of Burnettsville, Dr. Galbraith of Rockville, Ind., and John Galbraith of Burnettsville, Cass county, Mrs. Sadie Dillon of Terre Haute, Jacob Galbraith of near Argos, Wm. Myers and wife, Rutland, and Dr. Oyler and family, Argos. They will remain until Monday.

The Junior Epworth League gave a very interesting entertainment at the M. E. church Sunday evening, consisting of songs, recitations, etc. One of the most interesting features of the program, was the opening of the mite boxes, which contained money which the little ones had saved. Miss Ethel Clark took the lead with a donation of \$2.40. The Juniors signed one hundred dollars toward paying for the new church, and we are pleased to chronicle, have met their payments promptly thus far.

Miss Alma Overman is on the sick list.

S. P. Sheerin will close his cottage Saturday.

All the cottages near the Lake View Hotel have closed.

If you want a school suit for your boy, call on Lauer & son Plymouth.

Miss Gladys Smith of Rochester is in Culver visiting her father D. H. Smith.

A. Herz and family will close their cottage and return to Terre Haute Monday.

Major Gignilliat and wife have returned from their visit in the southern states.

Miss Isabella Doreas Fulton, leaves Friday for a nine month's visit at Indianapolis.

The democrats of Union township will meet in convention at Culver next Saturday.

D. H. Smith & Co. are laying the foundation for a new addition to Chas. Hay's residence.

See change in Lauer's advertisement this issue. He is offering great bargains in school suits.

The Poplar Grove and Culver M. E. Sunday schools will hold a picnic at the assembly grounds next Wednesday.

Bryan was in South Bend last Saturday, and Roosevelt will be in said city next Saturday afternoon and deliver an address.

M. F. Harwood has treated his cottage to a new coat of paint and for neatness and beauty it stands second to none around the lake.

Mrs. Statney Staley and Mrs. Gordon of Indianapolis, accompanied by two lady friends spent Sunday at the home of Mrs. Wm. Swigert.

Attorney M. J. Winfield of Logansport, called at the HERALD office Thursday and renewed his subscription for the ensuing year. May his shadow never grow less.

Recently Miss Jesse Shumaker sent two little girls to Culver from Chicago with her sister Blanche. One was about twelve years of age and the other seven. They had never been in the country, and when they first saw the green fields and waving corn, their young hearts were filled with wonder at the sublime works of nature. Their mother, who is over 50 years of age, has never been out of the corporate limits of Chicago, and there are hundreds of others who have never breathed pure country air.

## DIED.

Alice, the one year and 8 month's old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. S. P. Sheerin, died Aug. 31 at their cottage near the Palmer House. After the body was prepared by Undertaker Easterday, it was shipped to Indianapolis for burial. The family has the sympathy of a large circle of friends at the lake.

Died at her home in Ora, Ind., Tuesday, August 28, Mrs. John French, aged 57 years, being afflicted with malarial fever. Deceased was born and raised in this vicinity, and spent her young life on the shores of the lake. She was formerly Miss Lizzie Robbins, and was a sister of Mrs. Aaron Jones, who lives southwest of Culver. She leaves a husband, two sons, two daughters, and numerous other relatives and friends to mourn over her demise. Funeral services were held last Friday.

# PARADE OF HEROES.

## CIVIL WAR VETERANS TREAD CHICAGO'S STREETS.

Thirty Thousand Old Soldiers in Line and Fully Half a Million Onlookers Crowd Along the Line of March—An Imposing Spectacle.

Chicago Correspondence:  
Off with your hats as they go by,  
Cheer for the patriots who wear the blue!

Crippled and scarred and out of breath,  
These were the heroes of '62!

They swung down Michigan boulevard—those steel men of the Grand Army—in a martial review more impressive than any of the century's military spectacles. Their steps a trifle halting, their eyes a trifle dim, but their wrinkled cheeks aflame with never-dying patriotism, a great host of the soldiers who choked secession in an awful war marched under battle flags with bloody histories behind commanders who led them into revels of death and carnage, and between banks of uncounted humanity who looked and learned a lesson. There were men scarred and maimed, in that parade; there were men bent with age. But they trudged along under the August sun as full of fire and enthusiasm as when they stormed ramparts and charged redoubts a third of a century ago.

Soon after the sunrise gun was fired Tuesday bands began to play and the post commanders began to lead their companies to the rendezvous at Randolph street and Michigan avenue. Around the Illinois Central station and in the thoroughfares adjacent thereto were thousands and thousands of blue-coated veterans. There was much wheeling and countermarching in response to commands, much cavorting of spirited horses and much brassy blare from scores of bands. Finally a troop of mounted policemen formed a line clear across the



FROM THE REVIEWING STAND.  
Gen. W. Kiefer, Gen. Miles, Mayor Harrison,  
Col. D. B. Henderson, Commander Shaw,  
Senator Cullom.

street, Col. James H. Wood, chief marshal, and his aids cantered in behind them and the procession was under way. A shout all along the line of march heralded the approach of the column's head.

The white banner of peace and the Stars and Stripes led the column, as heralded by twelve trumpeters, it marched south through the army arch and into the Court of Honor. First there was the "Pageant of Patriotism," Gen. Daniel E. Sickles of New York commanding. Escorting him was the famous Lafayette Post of New York, and then came the Old Guard Post of Washington, whose members lost limbs in the civil war.

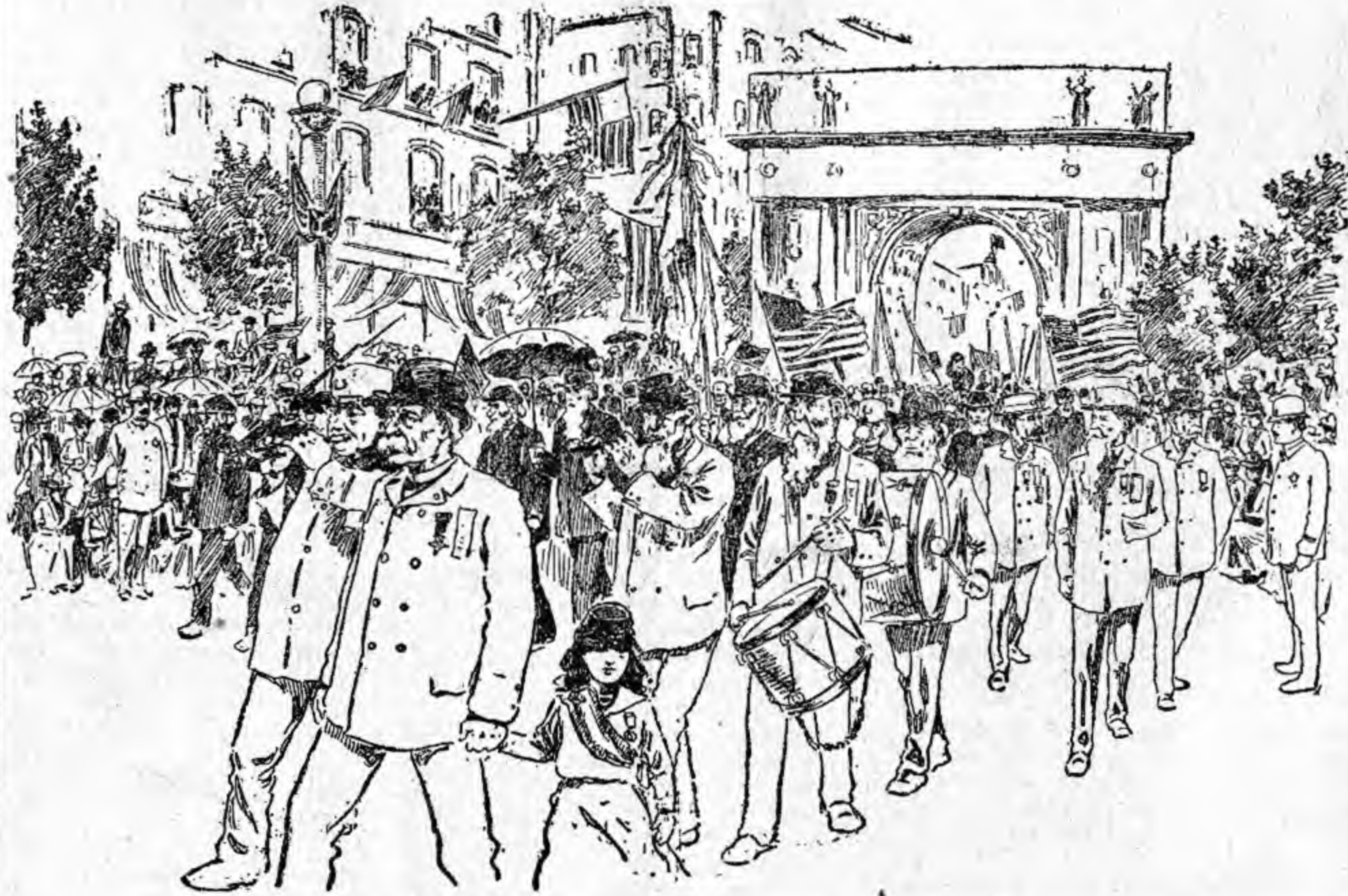
The guests of honor were next, among them being Gen. Nelson A. Miles, the Duke and Duchess de Arcos and the presidents of the Woman's Relief Corps, the Ladies of the G. A. R. and the Army Nurses' Association. Thus the column approached the reviewing stand. There was a brief stop to allow the noted guests to take their seats. Then the flag of the G. A. R. was hung out, the Stars and Stripes and the banner of peace moved forward again, and the long, tedious march was fairly under way.

Col. Joseph H. Wood, grand marshal of the day, led the column, escorted by the citizens' committee, mounted, 100 strong, and then came Wisconsin, leading the veterans of the Grand Army. The bands played "Tramp, Tramp, Tramp, the Boys Are Marching," and there was a swelling of hearts in the breasts of the thousands of onlookers as the little handful of survivors of the famous Iron Brigade marched by, led by Gen. Edward S. Bragg.

The veterans of the Badger State were followed by those from Pennsylvania, their old battle flags attracting much attention. Ohio made a magnificent showing in the second division, and was followed by New York, the Bidwell-Wilkinson Post of Buffalo having the honor of escorting the commander-in-chief. Next came posts from Massachusetts, Connecticut, New Jersey, Maine, California, Nevada, Rhode Island, New Hampshire, Vermont, Virginia, North Carolina, Maryland, Michigan, Nebraska, Iowa and Indiana. Indiana had the honor of having more men in line than any other of the visiting States. Following it were the veterans from Colorado and Wyoming, Kansas, Delaware, Minnesota, Missouri, Oregon, Kentucky, West Virginia, South Dakota, Washington, Arkansas, Tennessee, Mississippi, Texas, Idaho, Arizona and other States, Illinois, with the battle flags of the State, bringing up the rear of the parade.

The veterans marched twelve abreast. There were no divisions in the parade and it moved as a compact mass, the States and posts being distinguished by guidons and banners. Because of its simplicity, the ranks were formed and moved away with little difficulty. Only 126 posts in the United States were unrepresented in the procession.

# SCENE IN THE STREET PAGEANT OF THE GRAND ARMY REUNION AT CHICAGO.



## ADJUTANT GENERAL'S REPORT.

Total Membership of the Grand Army of the Republic is 287,981.

The report of Adj. Gen. Thomas J. Stewart stated that the total membership of the Grand Army of the Republic in good standing June 30, 1899, was 6,905 posts, with a membership of 287,981, while on June 30, 1900, it was 6,778 posts, with a membership of 276,662. The gain and losses for the twelve months ending June 30, 1900, were as follows:

Members in good standing June 30, 1899	287,981
Gain by muster in	8,901
Gain by transfer	4,123
Gain by reinstatement	11,937
Gain from delinquent reports	6,315
Total gain	31,476
Aggregate	319,457
Loss by death	7,799
Loss by honorable discharge	3,983
Loss by transfer	3,958
Loss by suspension	18,189
Loss by dishonorable discharge	174
Loss by delinquent reports	10,956
Loss by surrender of charter	745
Total loss	42,795

Members in good standing June 30, 1900
 276,662 || Members remaining suspended June 30, 1900 | 29,474 |
| Total borne on rolls | 306,136 |

Reports received from the various departments show 9,669 members were dropped from the rolls, having been previously suspended. The percentage of loss by death in the year ending June 30, 1900, was 2.8 per cent. This is the largest per cent of any year in the history of the organization, excepting 1896, when it was 2.91 per cent.

The report of the Adjutant General shows that the four largest departments are as follows:

New York	32,766
Pennsylvania	29,819
Ohio	23,807
Illinois	23,037

The high-water mark of membership was reached in 1890, with 409,489 members. The present members number 276,662. During the last year \$129,279.26 was expended for the relief of veterans.

## SIZE OF THE PARADE.

Estimates Place the Number of Men in Line at Fully 30,000.

The total size of the parade was placed at 30,000 men, not only by careful counting of the sections and estimates based upon it, but also by Maj. Gen. Miles and by Commander-in-chief Shaw, whose experience in conducting and reviewing parades makes their estimates much more than guess work. The following estimate was made of the length of time which it took for the biggest departments to pass a given point and of the number of men in those departments:

Department	Number of men	Minutes
Wisconsin	1,500	15
Pennsylvania	3,500	35
Ohio	3,500	35
New York	3,500	35
Michigan	1,700	17
Iowa	1,700	17
Indiana	2,100	21
Missouri	1,000	10
Illinois	7,000	70

Col. Samuel Moody, Adjutant General of Pennsylvania, who has attended every Grand Army reunion, made the following statement of the time the parades have taken to pass a given point:

Location	Hrs.	Min.
Chicago, 1900	4	24
Philadelphia, 1899	4	15
Washington, 1892	4	19
Pittsburg, 1894	3	45

## VAST THROGS IN CHICAGO.

Railroads Entering the City Worked to Their Utmost Capacity.

Conservative estimates made by passenger officials of all the railroads terminating in Chicago show that nearly 300,000 people came from a distance, on account of the G. A. R. encampment, during the three days. This total does not include suburban passengers during that time. More people came to Chicago during the three days than in any three consecutive days during the World's Fair.

Between 1,400 and 1,500 veterans were unable to find beds Monday night, although nearly 5,000 cots, provided by those in charge of the encampment, were unoccupied. At the Second regiment armory, Washington boulevard and Curtis street, no less than 405 of the 1,000 cots provided free of charge, with breakfast included, were unoccupied, and, with a few exceptions, the beds in the school houses in every portion of the city which had been intended for the use of the veterans were without occupants.

## CHOOSE RASSIEUR AS CHIEF.

Grand Army Selects St. Louis Man for Commander.

Maj. Leo Rassieur of St. Louis will be in command of the Grand Army of the Republic during the coming year. At the session Thursday of the thirty-fourth annual encampment in Studebaker Hall his name was presented and received the unanimous support of the delegates. The election of officers was made a special order of business for 9 o'clock. Post Commander-in-chief Maj. William Warner of Kansas City presented the name of the Missourian, and Adj. Gen. Stewart of Pennsylvania seconded the nomination.



JUDGE LEO RASSIEUR,  
The New Commander-in-Chief of the Grand Army.

E. C. Minniken of Maine was elected senior vice-commander, Frank Seaman of Tennessee was chosen junior vice-commander, John A. Wilkins of Ohio was elected surgeon general. A. Drahus of California is the newly chosen chaplain-in-chief. It is a respected custom not to re-elect any to these national offices. The offices pass around in rotation. The appointive national offices are usually filled by reappointment.

## COMMANDER SHAW'S ADDRESS.

Reviews Many Subjects of Importance to Old Soldiers.

In his address the commander-in-chief reviewed the work of the organization since his election, called attention to the pension question, giving data from the pension office and discussing the necessity for a pension court of appeals. In speaking of the trouble between the veterans and H. Clay Evans, commissioner of pensions, Gen. Shaw referred to it as "an unhappy irritation," and, continuing his reference to the proposed pension court of appeals, he concluded: "With it peace and concord and full justice in pension cases would be secured; without it no end of heartburnings and irritations will continue."

The commander-in-chief's reference to Memorial Day was an urging that Sunday be the date hereafter, as it would largely tend to preserve it from the desecrations which now pervert the tender associations of this unique memory day from its original significance. He spoke of the Woman's Relief Corps, the Ladies of the Grand Army and mentioned the Sons of Veterans as the nearest approach to privileged sons of the soil. His recommendation, a practical consolidation of the sons and the fathers, was approved later, when a committee was appointed to consider the subject of closer affiliation. In conclusion he quoted from the report of the Adjutant General, showing that the membership June 30, 1900, was 276,662. The net loss for the year from all causes is 11,319, including 7,790 comrades who died since the last encampment.

## Oldest Veteran in Line.

The oldest veteran who marched in the parade was William Taylor of La Crosse, Wis. He was a member of the Fourteenth Wisconsin infantry and marched over the entire route without feeling any ill effects from the exercise. He is 95 years old and a veteran of three wars, having taken part in the war with the Blackfoot Indians, the Mexican war, and the civil war.

## McKinley Not Present.

President McKinley announced Saturday afternoon that he would be unable to attend the G. A. R. reunion at Chicago on account of the continued pressure of public business of immediate importance.

## RESOURCES OF THE ORDER.

Figures as to Strength and Resources of the Various Departments.

Figures as to the strength and resources of the departments in the various States were given in the report of Inspector General M. J. Cummings. The essential facts are contained in the following summary:

Departments	Number of posts	Members in good standing	Money in relief fund
Alabama	8	103	.....
Arizona	9	187	.....
Arkansas	22	817	\$25.89
California, Nevada	90	5,113	11,217.51
Colorado, Wyoming	79	1,893	1,416.38
Connecticut	68	4,850	42,478.19
Delaware	22	637	31.21
Florida	26	274	98.59
Georgia	16	502	21.25
Idaho	11	579	25.00
Illinois	522	22,811	12,647.87
Indiana	358	16,615	3,775.28
Indian Territory	13	374	46.75
Iowa	351	11,529	4,069.65
Kansas	235	10,481	881.87
Kentucky	84	2,022	131.12
Louisiana & Miss.	33	1,025	63.00
Maine	154	6,996	5,231.25
Maryland	56	2,675	829.80
Massachusetts	211	19,734	136,740.94
Michigan	278	12,393	1,821.76
Minnesota	155	6,862	1,350.95
Missouri	295	8,482	10,692.37
Montana	13	318	55.72
Nebraska	159	4,424	293.81
New Hampshire	90	3,685	9,275.00
New Jersey	108	5,875	27,828.32
New Mexico	5	147	10.00
New York	629	33,619	\$4,852.86
North Dakota	26	567	653.18
Ohio	580	28,575	7,401.47
Oklahoma	28	1,163	151.78
Oregon	42	1,488	891.22
Pennsylvania	565	39,235	24,327.82
Potomac	18	2,806	1,829.69
Rhode Island	26	1,961	8,437.96
South Dakota	93	2,118	264.00
Tennessee	33	910	108.11
Texas	28	769	94.90
Utah	5	298	332.46
Vermont	199	1,969	2,825.28
Virginia and N. C.	45	1,051	165.95
Wash., Alaska	71	2,339	.....
West Virginia	39	1,423	292.69
Wisconsin	261	19,576	616.57
Totals	6,945	276,277	\$403,733.88

The report of Surgeon General William H. Baker contained a number of interesting statistics showing the rate at which the old soldiers are being gathered to the great majority of their comrades. During the past year 7,857 deaths occurred, 363 of them from wounds received while in service, and 2,269 from disease contracted in service. The equivalent of \$36,198.09 was spent in medical attention and supplies for free treatment of veterans, 1,677 cases being attended.



Earnings of the Wisconsin Central for the second week in August were \$103,404.

The Lake Chautauque business of the Erie road is heavier this summer than for many seasons past.

Nearly all roads terminating in Kansas City are now borrowing freight cars to handle the traffic offered.

A new through sleeping car service between Chicago and Mason City, Iowa, has been inaugurated by the Northwestern line.

A clever little booklet has recently been issued by the passenger department of the Chicago and Eastern Illinois road. It is entitled "En Route to the Southland."

Eight miles of rails were laid on the Grand Trunk road on a recent Sunday without the least interruption to traffic. This is believed to be the world's record for relaying track.

Officers of the Chicago and Northwestern road are of the opinion that their roundhouse in Clinton, Iowa, is the largest in the world. It accommodates fifty locomotives at one time.

The Northern Pacific has terminated its traffic agreement with the Oregon Railway and Navigation Company, under which the formed used the tracks of the latter into Portland, Ore.

President Norton of the Toledo, St. Louis and Western road says he proposes to bring the system up among the first-class lines. He is now figuring on the purchase of several new vestibule trains.

## KILLED WHILE FEASTING.

Chinese Viceroy Invites 2,000 Boxers to a Banquet and Massacres Them.

An intercepted letter written by the viceroy at Pao-Ting-Fu, who commanded at Tien-tsin during the fighting there, says that the traitor of the city of Tsang-Chow, on the canal, invited 2,000 Boxers to a feast, and that while the Boxers were eating and their weapons were stacked the imperial soldiers, by his orders, fell upon them and slaughtered all of them.

The viceroy complains that the Boxers are overrunning the country southwest of Tien-tsin, particularly the cities on the grand canal, defying the officials, who at first countenanced them, and looting and killing the enemies of their organization and fighting the imperial troops. The gates of Pao-Ting-Fu are kept closed and the people inside are suffering, the Boxers practically besieging the place.

There is much recrimination between the foreigners besieged in Peking and the members of the relieving force. Officers say that the besieged sent out alarmist reports and that the condition of the foreigners was never one of such extremities as the official dispatches represented. The foreigners, they assert, could have resisted indefinitely. The besieged accuse the general of timidity and of exaggerating the Chinese opposition. They think a much smaller army might have made the march and relieved them much sooner.

The looting of Peking proceeds industriously and openly. The officers of every nation except the Americans ignore the repressive order, and all the allies ridicule the Americans for their abstention.

## ANOTHER HUDSON BRIDGE.

It Will Cost \$60,000,000 and Take Five Years to Build.

Secretary Root has signed an official document approving the plans for the new \$60,000,000 double-deck Hudson river bridge. This great public improvement, which has been long needed in the effort to rehabilitate the commerce of the port of New York, will preclude any fur-



NEW HUDSON RIVER BRIDGE.

ther delay. The structure will run from West New York across the Hudson. It will have six tracks for steam railroads on the main level and four trolley tracks, a roadway and pedestrian and cycle paths on the upper deck, constituting the most complete bridge structure ever planned. This bridge is a combination of the suspension and cantilever principles.

The cost of construction is estimated at more than \$1,000,000 per mile. This, of course, does not include the ornamentation of the boulevard and the carriage approaches and stairways for pedestrians and bicyclists, all of which are matters of detail to be considered later, and which may be elaborated according to the generosity of the city.

## Few-Line Interviews.

Secretary of Agriculture Wilson has been making a study of the domestic and foreign demand for wheat this year, and in view of crop estimates which experts have made looks for rising prices. When asked for a statement of the crop prospects and the probable prices of agricultural products during the present year, the Secretary said: "The outlook for good prices was never better. We have a shortage in the American wheat crop this year which will probably amount to 100,000,000 bushels. This alone would serve to make the present yield more valuable. There are additional reasons, however, which incline me to believe that wheat will make a marked advance before the end of the present year. The primary cause for an advance is the condition and outlook of the home market. Our home market is and will continue to be the greatest wheat market in the world. This year the demand for the great bulk of our crop is at home. The consumption of wheat and wheat flour in this country in 1894 fell to 3.41 bushels per inhabitant. In 1896 it increased to 4.78, and in 1898 it was 5.21, while last year it increased to 5.95 bushels per capita. This year the consumption of wheat per capita will go above last year and probably will be nearer seven than six bushels."

E. M. Jackson of Chicago said to a Washington Post reporter: "The desire among young men to go west and grow up with the country is not so strong as it once was. In fact, western young men show a decided inclination to travel eastward. This is probably due to a belief that larger prizes are to be gained in the more thickly populated eastern States. New York City, with its supposed multitudinous opportunities for acquiring wealth and fame, offers especially strong temptation for ambitious western men who feel well equipped for the race. Chicago attracts men, it is true, from every part of the Union, but it lacks that fascination the eastern metropolis has."

Baron Fava, Italian ambassador to the United States, says of the new king: "King Victor Emmanuel III. is popular, especially in Naples, his birthplace. His accession to the throne will have the immediate effect of putting down any revolutionary spirit that may exist."

# BALD



Without help, a bald spot never grows smaller. It keeps spreading, until at last your friends say, "How bald he is getting."

Not easy to cure an old baldness, but easy to stop the first thinning, easy to check the first falling out. Used in time, baldness is made impossible with—



It stops falling, promotes growth, and takes out all dandruff. It always restores color to faded or gray hair, all the dark, rich color of early life. You may depend upon it every time. It brings health to the hair.

**\$1.00 a bottle. All Druggists.**  
 "I have used your Hair Vigor and am greatly pleased with it. I have only used one bottle of it, and yet my hair has stopped falling out and has started to grow again nicely."  
 J. L. WITT, Canova, S. Dak.  
 Write the Doctor.  
 If you do not obtain all the benefits you expected from the use of the Vigor, write the Doctor about it.  
 Address, Dr. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

# ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine **Carter's Little Liver Pills.**

Must Bear Signature of *Dr. J. C. Carter*

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

**CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.**

FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION.

Price 25 Cents. Purely Vegetable. *Dr. J. C. Carter*

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

# \$3.00 W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES \$3.50

The modern, easy-fitting, economical shoes for progressive men are the W. L. Douglas \$3 and \$3.50 shoes. Perfect shoes that hold their shape and fit until worn out. Over 1,000,000 satisfied wearers.



Why do you pay \$4 to \$5 for shoes when you can buy W. L. Douglas shoes for \$3 and \$3.50 which are just as good.

A TRIAL WILL CONVINCE YOU.

A \$5 SHOE FOR \$3.50. A \$4 SHOE FOR \$3.

The real worth of our \$3 and \$3.50 shoes compared with other makes is \$2 to \$5. We are the largest makers and retailers of men's \$3 and \$3.50 shoes in the world. We make and sell more \$3 and \$3.50 shoes than any other two manufacturers in the United States.

Having the largest \$3 and \$3.50 shoe factory in the world, and a perfect system of manufacturing, enables us to produce higher grade \$3 and \$3.50 shoes than can be had elsewhere.

THE REASON more W. L. Douglas \$3 and \$3.50 shoes are sold than any other make is because **THEY ARE THE BEST.** Your dealer should keep them. We give our dealer exclusive sale in each town. Take no substitute! Insist on having W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom. If your dealer will not get them for you, send direct to factory, enclosing price and \$1.00 extra for carriage. State kind of leather, size, and width, plain or cap toe. Our shoes will reach you anywhere. Catalogue Free.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOE CO., Brockton, Mass.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

# MOB RULE IN AKRON.

## ATTEMPT TO LYNCH A NEGRO IN AN OHIO TOWN.

Lockup, County Jail and City Building Successively Stormed by the Crowd—Scenes of Riot and Bloodshed in Which Two Persons Are Killed.

A mob of several thousand frenzied persons in Akron, Ohio, infuriated over an assault upon the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Maas by Louis Peck, a colored man, searched the city prison, the county jail and the old court house for the negro, engaged in a battle of bullets with officers of the law, set fire to Columbia Hall, adjoining the city building, and threatened to destroy the latter structure.

Peck was arrested Wednesday and murmurs of gathering trouble caused the sheriff secretly to transfer the prisoner to Cleveland. The report that he had confessed spread rapidly and the mob gathered soon after dark.

It was about 8:30 o'clock when the mob surged down the street to the city prison. With a shout from the leaders the doors were battered down and a rush made for the prisoner. The officers offered no resistance and to satisfy the mob that Peck had been removed piloted a committee in a search of the cells and building.

The search was fruitless and with a yell, "Now for the county jail; give us the nigger and we will deal with him!" a rush was made for the latter building and it was soon in the hands of the frenzied crowd. After a thorough search of the private apartments the mob started to batter down the big iron doors. Deputy Sheriff Stone mounted a chair in front of the prison doors and implored the crowd to disperse, giving his word that Peck was not within. He offered to allow a committee to make a search from top to bottom, and this satisfied the crowd that the negro had been smuggled away.

Then the mob rushed across the street and forced open the doors of the county court house. The building was soon packed and all rooms searched except those of the treasury department. A start was made to tear off the iron doors of the latter department, but this was soon abandoned and the mob rushed back to the city prison, crying for the blood of Peck.

Hundreds forced their way into the jail for the second time, insisting that the negro was there somewhere.

Mayor W. E. Young hastened to the building, and mounting the steps called upon the crowd to disperse, pledging his word that the prisoner had been escorted out of town. Cries of indignation greeted the executive's announcement and he was denounced on all sides for allowing the colored man to escape the clutches of the mob.

At 10 o'clock the mob began to attack the city prison for the third time. In the excitement someone fired a shot, which was followed by a fusillade. The officers in the building appeared at the windows and began to shoot over the heads of the people. A man armed with a shotgun leveled his weapon at the officers and they were soon made the target for the mob's fire. An indescribable scene followed. Several of the policemen fell wounded, others were struck by bricks and other missiles hurled by the mob and the return fire of the law's officers wrought havoc in the ranks of the mob. It is certain that thirty or forty persons were wounded in the melee and two are known to be dead.

Following the shooting, Columbia Hall was set on fire and within a short time had burned to the ground. This building adjoined the city prison and the flames were soon communicated to the jail. Not content with firing the buildings, the mob determined to prevent the firemen from attempting to stay the progress of the flames. The hose was cut at every opportunity and one fireman was shot.

## CONGER INDICTS CHINA.

Says Imperial Cavalry Bombarded the Legations.

A long dispatch from Minister Conger was received at the State Department in Washington Monday night giving a detailed report of the condition of affairs in Peking since June 20. Mr. Conger said that a few days after the fall of Taku forts the Tsung-li-Yamen broke off communication with the foreign ministers and gave orders that the diplomats leave the city. Believing that to do this meant certain massacre, Mr. Conger goes on to state, the ministers refused to vacate, thereupon the imperial government ordered the imperial forces to attack in force the legations.

He says that failing to take the legations by infantry attack the Chinese troops brought artillery into play, and for over three weeks the legations were subjected to continued heavy bombardment. The Peking imperial army made repeated and determined attacks and attempted to carry the legation defenses and it was only through the gallant and heroic stand of the marine guards that the Chinese failed to capture the legations. The portion of the message outlined above was suppressed by the department.

The Government has been anxiously waiting to hear from Mr. Conger and, while the revelation he makes is startling, the officials were prepared for just what they got. Mr. Conger's statement that the Chinese made a desperate attempt to exterminate the foreigners the night before the relief army arrived indicates that the Chinese knew the foreign army would take the city in a few hours and that they wanted to destroy all evidence of their duplicity by killing the foreigners. As the imperial government directed the attacks on the legation which constituted a declaration of war, it is said that no peace overtures will be accepted which do not embody a complete surrender.

# ALLIES NOW IN PEKIN.

## CONGER SAYS HELP ARRIVED JUST IN TIME.

Americans and British Were First to Enter the Chinese Capital—Trouble Spreading to Southern China—Americans at Swatow Ask for Warship.

By cable via Shanghai a Peking correspondent tells of the entrance of the allies into the Chinese capital. Contrary to the agreement of the allied commanders, the Russians advanced and occupied the first door of the east gate early in the morning of the 14th, but failed to force the second door. At 2 o'clock on the afternoon of the 14th the British and Americans entered the gate near the legations and met with only slight resistance. The Japanese met more serious opposition at the upper east gate all day. At midnight on the 14th they blew up the gate and entered the city. Many Chinese were killed.

The people in the legation were well, but somewhat started. Minister Conger said: "They tried to annihilate us the day before you got in. Prince Ching, president of the Tsung-li-Yamen, sent word that his officers had received orders to cease firing on us under pain of death. At 7 o'clock in the evening of the same day the Chinese opened fire, and this continued all day. If the relieving column had not arrived when it did we should probably have succumbed. The Americans lost seven marines killed and fifteen wounded, and one child died. The whole movement is purely a governmental one. The Boxers are only a pretense, having no guns. The confidential adviser of the Empress was the leader of the imperial troops here. In eleven days over 200 shells fell among us. The American marines, under Captain Meyers, held a position on the wall throughout the siege. Upon the allies passing the wall the Chinese retreated. The imperial family left four days ago for Shan-si province. It is estimated that the strength of the Peking garrison was 10,000 men. The legation was urged to leave the city under an escort of Chinese troops, but refused, fearing treachery. The Chinese in the imperial city made a stout resistance. After shelling them the allies succeeded in forcing the gate and entering the city about noon on the 15th. The American loss in this action was the greatest. Captain Reilly of the Fifth artillery was killed."

In an interview Sir Claude MacDonald, the British minister, states: "The Chinese broke every engagement with the foreign ministers. There is no truth in the story that the imperial palace supplied the legations with food. They sent vegetables, which were refused. The total casualties during the siege of the legations were sixty-seven killed and 120 wounded."

Serious trouble is now threatened in the neighborhood of Canton. The Americans at Swatow, according to the London Chronicle's Shanghai correspondent, applied for a warship in consequence of serious rioting. It is believed that if the inner city is satisfactorily reduced it is probable that the powers will agree not to push military operations further than is necessary to effect the punishment of those directly responsible for the disorders, to secure indemnity for injury to the persons and property of their subjects, and to re-establish a stable government.

The Yokohama correspondent of the London Mail says there is elation there over the relief of the legations, which is ascribed chiefly to the Japanese contingent, but there is also a keen anxiety regarding the final settlement. The Japanese distrust Germany, and Russia is equally suspected of ulterior designs.

The newspapers urge that Japan, having borne the chief burden in the operations, must see that the future of China is not determined merely by the pleasure of the western continental powers. A contemplated loan of \$100,000,000 and other facts show that the Government is preparing for emergencies. There is generally a pessimistic feeling, but it is the opinion of the Japanese generally that Great Britain, the United States and Japan will avert the danger arising from the ambition of continental Europe.

Peking comprises four cities in one. In an area the size of New York, four segments of it are the Chinese city, the Tartar city, the Imperial city and the Forbidden city. The last "inner" city mentioned in Admiral Remey's dispatch is the residence of the Emperor and the seat of the imperial court. Nobody is allowed within its massive walls except by special permission of the Emperor or Empress Dowager. Foreigners who have entered its gates are comparatively few.

The cabinet on Tuesday decided to reject the appeal from Li-Hung-Chang for a cessation of hostilities. The reply was communicated to the Chinese Government with a statement of the reasons for the action of this Government. The rejection is based on the non-compliance of the Chinese Government with the specific provisions of the declaration of the United States under date of Aug. 12.

The following are the important features of the Chinese note: When the prevailing trouble began the several powers landed troops and officially declared that the purpose of such action was to accomplish the liberation of the ministers. The allied troops having entered Peking and found the ministers safe, it is proper to request the powers to direct that hostilities cease and commence negotiations for the restoration of peace. So therefore Li-Hung-Chang requested the United States Government to appoint an envoy, with full powers, or to designate the minister now in Peking, who is well acquainted with the question at issue between China and the powers, to conduct the negotiations.

Li-Hung-Chang's note did not ask for the intervention of the United States, but merely that it appoint a representative to confer with him.

# THE DEWEY HOMESTEAD.



The above picture shows the house where George Dewey was born December 26th, 1837. It was occupied by the Dewey family until after the death of the Admiral's father. It then came into the possession of Captain Edward Dewey, who sold it to its present owner and occupant, T. R. Gordon, Esq., in the summer of 1888. Mr. Gordon moved it to its present site in the following February, 1890, and has occupied it until the present time. Mr. and Mrs. Gordon are unfailing in their courtesy to the thousands who visit this shrine, the birthplace of Admiral Dewey.

A recent letter from T. R. Gordon to the Peruna Drug Mfg Co., Columbus, O., reads as follows:  
 "It is with great satisfaction that I find myself able, after an extended trial to write you in this emphatic manner of the good your Peruna has done my wife.  
 "She has been troubled with catarrh from childhood, and whenever she has a cold, or any unusual condition of the weather it was worse than usual, and seemed more than she could bear. The dropping in her throat at night prevented refreshing sleep. In fact, we had come to look upon it as incurable, and from the many remedies used in vain, we had reason to  
 "We are thankful and happy to say that your "Peruna" has been of great benefit to her, and confidently look for a complete and entire cure. High praise is not too much to bestow upon your remedy."  
 T. R. Gordon.  
 Address The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O., for free book on catarrh.

## The Maid and the Handkerchief.

A touching and poetical custom prevails in the Welsh-Tyrol, says the London News. When a young maiden is about to be married, immediately before she steps across the threshold of her old home, on her way to the church, her mother solemnly gives her a new pocket-handkerchief. The bride holds it in her hand throughout the marriage ceremony, using it to wipe away her tears. So soon as the marriage festivities are ended the young wife lays the handkerchief aside in her linen closet, and there it remains as long as she lives.

Nothing would induce a Tyrolean wife to use this sacred handkerchief. It may be half a century or longer before it is taken from its place to fulfill the second and last part of its mission. When the wife dies, perhaps a gray old grandmother, the loving hands of the next of kin place the bridal handkerchief over the face of the dead and it is buried with her in the grave.

## London's Army of Policemen.

London has 13,564 policemen, or nineteen to the square mile. Sixty per cent. of them are on night duty.

## Hall's Catarrh Cure.

Is a constitutional cure. Price 75 cents.

There are times when a man feels that the weakest excuse, if he could think of one, would be a mighty good thing.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYE produces the fastest and brightest colors of any known dye stuff.

If people lamented their own faults as much as those of others the millennium would soon arrive.

Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP for Children teething; softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

Wine and recklessness mean wine and regret later on.

# Ten Years Pain

"I am a school teacher, have suffered agony monthly for ten years.

"My nervous system was a wreck. I suffered with pain in my side and had almost every ill known. I had taken treatment from a number of physicians who gave me no relief.

"One specialist said no medicine could help me, I must submit to an operation.

"I wrote to Mrs. Pinkham, stating my case, and received a prompt reply. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and followed the advice given me and now I suffer no more. If any one cares to know more about my case, I will cheerfully answer all letters."  
 MISS EDNA ELLIS, Higginson, Ohio.

**TOWER'S FISH BRAND SLICKER**  
 WILL KEEP YOU DRY.

Don't be fooled with a mackintosh or rubber coat. If you want a coat that will keep you dry in the hardest storm, buy the Fish Brand Slicker. If not for sale in your town, write for catalogue to A. J. TOWER, Boston, Mass.

We take the finest dried beef and slice it as none can do by hand. Then we seal the wafer slices in key-opening cans. They come to you with all their tempting freshness marked

# LIBBY'S PEERLESS WAFER SLICED DRIED BEEF

That's but one of Libby's thirty varieties of canned luncheons that your grocer should have for you. He will get them if you ask. There are no others like them.  
 Libby, McNeill & Libby, Chicago.  
 Write for our free booklet, "How to Make Good Things to Eat."

# ELECTROTYPING AND STEREOTYPING

THE attention of Advertisers, Printers and Manufacturers is called to our superior facilities for turning out first-class Electrotyping and Stereotyping. We guarantee satisfactory and prompt service in all cases.

Advertisers desiring a large or small lot of Electrotype should get our prices before placing their order. The best of work in the shortest possible time.

Manufacturers who wish first-class Electrotype for Catalogue Illustrations will find it to their interest to communicate with us. We make a specialty of producing Electrotypes from Half-Tones, Engravings, etc.

Printers who have long runs of presswork, and thereby save the wear of type, will make money by having their pages electrotyped or stereotyped. We can return forms in six hours after receipt at our office, accompanied by plates of the same.

Newspaper Headings. Our line of Reading Type is the largest to be found in the West and we make a specialty of furnishing headings for all classes of publications. Special Book, showing the largest assortment of Newspaper Headings ever exhibited, sent to printers and publishers on application.

CHICAGO NEWSPAPER UNION, 87 to 95 South Wabash St., Chicago.

# AGENTS WANTED

in every city, town or village. No special experience is required. The Cosmopolitan, in starting out for the fall subscription season of 1900, is prepared to pay handsomely for work. Arrangements are being made to give every possible aid to agents, and any person with a little perseverance can largely increase his income by this work, even if spare moments only are utilized. Write today for Special Fall Offer. Address:

THE COSMOPOLITAN MAGAZINE, Agents Department, Irvington-on-Hudson, N. Y.

**DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY**; gives quick relief & cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 1 to 300,000 treatment FREE. Dr. H. B. Green's Sons, 250 N. 3rd St., Atlanta, Ga.

C. N. U. No. 35-1900  
 WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE SAY you saw the advertisement in this paper.

**PISO'S CURE FOR CURS WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.** Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Do in time. Sold by druggists.

**HE CAME AND SAW.**

**His Opinion Freely Expressed. He Departed on the Excursion Train Sunday Evening.**

A large excursion from the Illinois State line arrived in Culver Sunday, and including the people that arrived on the regular trains, about 1,500 were here, and taking the people that were already here, there must have been at least 3000 perambulating up and down the lake shores, boat-riding, fishing, etc. The visitors, as usual, were highly delighted with beautiful Lake Maxinkuckee and its surroundings, and all those that visited Culver Park were more than delighted with the beautiful scenery, the magnificent school buildings, flowing wells, etc.

One gentleman by the name of J. P. Jenkins, of Rochester, N. Y., was here for the first time Sunday, and left for South Bend via the Vandalia, and intends visiting several resorts in Michigan. He said that he was absolutely astounded at the beauty of our lake and its surroundings. He had visited all the great resorts of the the east, where millions of dollars had been expended to beautify them, but nature has done for Maxinkuckee what money and hard work have to do at other places.

He thought this was the clearest lake that he ever saw, that its waters were the purest, and that the simple fact that it was fed by flowing wells and nature's springs is prima facie evidence that this is destined to be one of the greatest resorts in the world. He said that all this place needed was an east and west rail road line to make it the greatest resort of the age, and for the life of him, could not see what the Nickel Plate officials were thinking about. He said that if said company would run a spur to Culver, that it would be the greatest bonanza that road ever had, as thousands of people would come to the lake daily, and that in a short time, hundreds of more cottages would be built. Chicago, Ft. Wayne, and other cities on the line would make this lake headquarters for their summer outing. This would of a necessity compel larger hotels to be erected, large club houses to be built, in fact it would transform the place into one grand amphitheater of improvements. He also wondered what our citizens were doing. He said that they should work unceasingly for this, as it meant untold benefits, not only to Culver citizens, but to the whole community.

Next Sunday morning at the M. E. church, the pastor will preach on the subject "Finding things that are Lost." In the evening at 7:30 there will be a special service by the Junior League, consisting of recitations, songs, and opening of mite boxes. Let us all encourage the Juniors by our presence. Epworth League at 6:30.

F. O. FRALEY.

**Preliminary Announcement.**

The Vandalia and Pennsylvania annual Ohio excursion will leave Lakeville, Ind., at 9:00 p. m., Thursday, Sept. 27, 1900. For further information call on or address,

C. M. WHEELER,  
Trav. Pass. Agent, Terre Haute, Ind.,  
Or W. F. SCHALLORN,  
Agent Vandalia Line, Lakeville, Ind.  
E. A. FORD,  
G. P. A., St. Louis, Mo.  
J. M. CHEBROUGH,  
2nd A. G. P. A.

The wolf in the fable put on sheep's clothing because if he traveled on his own reputation he couldn't accomplish his purpose. Counterfeiters of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve couldn't sell their worthless salves on their merits, so they put them in boxes and wrappers like DeWitt's. Look out for them. Take only DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It cures piles and all skin diseases. T. E. Slattery.

**Educational Department.**

When the Culver and township schools commence the ensuing year's work, it is the Herald's earnest desire to establish an educational department. The primary object of this department of the Herald, will be to deepen the interest of the parents and teachers in school work. In this day of rapid advancement it is impossible for anyone to become well informed in all the phases of educational work. The consequence is, parents and many young teachers are discouraged with the new methods and doctrines that are constantly pressed into our schools. They do not study them close enough to become acquainted with the fundamental principles that underlie them. There is a misapplication on the part of the teachers and a misunderstanding on the part of the parents. Hence we often have an "irrepressible conflict" between our greatest educational forces.

We need to get a broader view of education. It should mean far more than mere book knowledge. "Education is life," is a truth we must fully realize before we can hope for a more complete co-operation of all educational forces.

Parents, teachers, superintendents, and school officers must all work in harmony if we would have the best results from any system of education. We must exchange ideas, and there is no better place for such exchange than in the columns of a paper whose editor is interested in educational affairs.

This department will be open to all teachers and educators of Union township who wish to avail themselves of it. Reviews of magazine articles, historical incidents of both local and general nature and accounts of school room work will be in order.

Young high school graduates who have entered the profession are especially urged to contribute to this department. Their training in English will enable them to become a perceptible force in shaping educational doctrines. If every teacher would contribute something, this department can be made a potent factor for the unity and advancement of the educational interests of the township.

One of the hopeful signs of the times is the preference trustees are giving to high school graduates over those who have barely completed the grades and taken two or three terms of work in some normal school. This is right. While the high school graduate may not be able to make any higher grade of license than the normal student, he is nevertheless far better qualified than the latter. His three or four years of training have given him a broader view of education and brought him in contact with the best thought of the age. Best of all he has had most of the egotism knocked out of him.

**The Nickel Plate Road**

Will sell excursion tickets to Fort Wayne, Ind., on Sept. 9th to 12th, inclusive, account the National Encampment of the Union Peer-Veteran Legion at one fare for the round trip, good returning until the 16th inclusive on any one of our less Trio of Daily Express Trains where scheduled to stop. Write, wire, phone or call on nearest agent. C. A. Asterlin, T. P. A., Ft. Wayne, Ind., or R. J. Hamilton, Agent, Ft. Wayne, Ind. 189

Chinese are dangerous enemies, for they are treacherous. That's why all counterfeits of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve are dangerous. They look like DeWitt's, but instead of the all-healing witch hazel they all contain ingredients liable to irritate the skin and cause blood poisoning. For piles, injuries and skin diseases use the original (and genuine) DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. T. E. Slattery.

**MAXINKUCKEE ASSOCIATION**

Holds an interesting meeting at the Palmer House.

Sunday, August 26, the Lake Maxinkuckee Association met at the Palmer House, a goodly number of the members being present. The meeting was called to order by A. Herz, who was permanent chairman of the meeting in the place of President Wilson, of Logansport, who was absent. The various committees made their reports, and several important questions were discussed.

The question of membership fee without the use of the watchman was one of the most thoroughly discussed subjects at the meeting, and it was finally decided to make the social membership fee \$2.00, cottage owners fee without watchman \$4.00, and with watchman \$10.00.

There were a number of cottage owners from Long Point that were present who do not belong to the Association, who were respectfully invited to join after they had thoroughly become acquainted with the object of the Association.

The question as to the disposition of the money paid by cottage owners as road taxes, was ably discussed by different members, and it was finally decided that the committee on roads collect the tax and apply the same directly upon the road running around the lake shore, viz: that instead of employing Tom, Dick, and Harry to work individual taxes, to be worked at any old time and, at any old place, the work will be controlled by a competent party and done where it will do those interested the most good. The committee on boats had nothing particular to report, and then a discussion arose as to how those who own and run steamboats on the lake could be compelled to have the boilers in the same inspected, so as to guarantee those patronizing them against danger of being blown into the middle of Lake Maxinkuckee. Of course there have not been any serious accidents but as there has to be a first time, it is well enough to be sure that there is no danger from inferior boilers or machinery. It was finally decided that the committee on boats should lay the matter before the State Legislature at its next session, in order to see that a suitable law is passed relative to boat inspection. Said committee was also instructed to confer with other resorts in view of seeking their assistance in the matter. Other questions were discussed, and the meeting finally adjourned to meet again in 1901.

8c and 10c summer dress goods for 5c, and 12c and 15c goods for 10c at Porter & Co's.

Attend the Reformed Church social this Friday evening at the residence of A. Hayes. Ice cream will be served; and a very interesting program rendered.

Millions will be spent in politics this year. We can't keep the campaign going without money any more than we can keep the body vigorous without food. Dyspeptics used to starve themselves. Now Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat all the good food you want. It radically cures stomach troubles. T. E. Slattery.

Don't forget that at Barae's store Maxinkuckee, you can find anything that the market affords at very reasonable prices.

**Lot for Sale.**

100x160, southeast side, between Edwards' and Mitchell's cottages. Inquire of H. A. Wheeler, Shady Bluff, east side. 2m2

Try Dykeman's bread, cakes and buns at John Osborn's grocery. Received every morning fresh from the Logansport bakery. The largest loaves in the state. Full weight guaranteed.

You will never find any other pills so prompt and so pleasant as DeWitt's Little Early Risers. T. E. Slattery.

**Marbaugh Bros.,**

have a full line of all kinds of shelf Hardware, Heating Stoves,

Also the Celebrated Peninsular Cook, which is fully guaranteed as a good Heater and Perfect Baker, It is a stove which has no equal.

We have a full line of Farm Implements and harness goods. Give us a call. Monterey, Indiana.

**CULVER CITY Construction Company,**

Iron and Wool Workers. All machinery promptly repaired. Repairing Boilers and Engines a Specialty. Shop opposite M. E. Church.

**ROSS HOUSE**

PLYMOUTH, IND. Only First-Class House in the City. Rates Reasonable. Special rates given to Marshall county citizens, who come in numbers.

Has cks to and from all trains

**J. K. MAWHORTER & SON,**  
Tiners and Furnace Dealers,  
All kinds of Roofing and Eave Troughing promptly attended to.  
Cleaning and Repairing Gasoline Stoves a Specialty.  
Terms Reasonable.  
CULVER. - - - IND.

**Prevented a Tragedy.**  
Timely information given Mrs. George Long, of New Straitsville, Ohio, prevented a dreadful tragedy and saved two lives. A frightful cough had long kept her awake every night. She had tried many remedies and doctors but steadily grew worse until urged to try Dr. King's New Discovery. One bottle wholly cured her, and she writes this marvellous medicine also cured Mr. Long of a severe attack of pneumonia. Such cures are positive proof of the matchless merit of this grand remedy for curing all throat, chest and lung troubles. Only 50 cents and \$1.00 at T. E. Slatery's drug store. Every bottle guaranteed.

**A Minister's Good Work.**  
"I had a severe attack of bilious colic, got a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, took two doses and was entirely cured," says Rev. A. A. Powers of Emporia, Kan. "My neighbor across the street was sick for over a week, had two or three bottles of medicine from the doctor. He used them for three or four days without relief, then called in another doctor who treated him for some days and gave him no relief, so discharged him. I went over to see him the next morning. He said his bowels were in a terrible fix, that they had been running off so long that it was almost bloody flux. I asked him if he had tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and he said, 'No.' I went home and brought him my bottle and gave him one dose. Told him to take another dose in fifteen or twenty minutes if he did not find relief, but he took no more and was entirely cured. I think it the best medicine I have ever tried. For sale by T. E. Slatery."

**Toronto Industrial Fair,**  
Via the Nickel Plate Road. One fare for the round trip. Tickets on sale Aug. 25th to 28th inclusive, good returning until Sept. 10th on any one of our Peerless Trio of Daily Express Trains where scheduled to stop. Write, wire, phone or call on nearest agent. C. A. Asterlin, T. P. A., Ft. Wayne, Ind., or R. J. Hamilton, Agent, Ft. Wayne, Ind. 185

**J. Baumgartner,**  
Experienced Drayman.  
Good delivered to any part of the city and around the Lake.  
Prompt and quick service is our motto, and charges reasonable.  
CULVER CITY INDIANA.

**50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE**  
**PATENTS**  
TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS & C. COPYRIGHTS & C.  
Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Mann & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the Scientific American.  
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 a year; four months, \$1. Sold by all newspapers.  
**MANN & CO. 38 Broadway, New York**  
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

**FREE BLOOD AND SKIN CURE.**  
AN OFFER PROVING FAITH.  
Eloers, Faking Sores, Cancer, Scrofula, Itching Skin, Scabs and scales of Eczema, Aches and Pains in bones, back or joints, Syphilitic Blood Poison, Rotten Gums and Chronic Rheumatism, and all obstinate, deep-seated Blood troubles, are quickly cured by taking a few large bottles of Botanic Blood Balm. We challenge the world for a case of Blood Disease that Botanic Blood Balm will not cure. The cures are permanent and not a patching up. Is your blood thin? Skin pale? All run down? As tired in the morning as when you went to bed? Pimples? Boils? Swollen Glands or Joints? Curable? Mouth or Throat? If so, your blood is bad. Blood Balm will make it a blood pure and rich, heal every sore, stop the aches and pains, build up the broken down body, and invigorate the old and weak. Botanic Blood Balm, the only perfect blood purifier made. Sold at drug stores, \$1 per large bottle, including complete directions. To prove our faith in Blood Balm a trial bottle given away to sufferers. For free trial bottle, address Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga. Don't hesitate, but write at once describing trouble, and free personal medical advice given. Blood Balm cures when all else fails. Thoroughly tested for 30 years.

### HORRIBLE SCENES IN PEKIN.

Newspaper Correspondent Tells of Chinese Brutalities.

The Chicago Record prints the following copyright cable from Robert Colman, Jr., its staff correspondent in Pekin: Pekin, Aug. 21 (via Shanghai, Aug. 30).—I visited to-day the hole in the street from which the body of the late German minister, Baron von Ketteler, was recovered, and in which it had lain half buried ever since the murder, being inclosed in a huge, clumsy Chinese coffin. Corpses lie unburied in every street, making a sickening sight.

All during the siege both the Boxers and the regular Chinese troops wantonly looted the official residences and shot women and children. The terrorized populace fled on the arrival of the foreign troops, only the poverty-stricken remaining behind. The thieving, however, has not come to an end with the capture of the city. Looting parties are seen everywhere laden with silks, silver and bullion. The Japanese have got hold of tons and tons of silver and have deposited it in the Japanese legation.

The Chinese troops have either all fled or have discarded their uniforms and mixed with the populace. The Japanese entered the forbidden city last night, after helping the French troops to relieve the Pei-tang cathedral north of the capital.

When almost exhausted, after the hottest night of rifle fire during the siege, we heard early on the morning of the 14th the distant cannon announcing the coming of relief. The treacherous Tsung-li-Yamen informed us on the 13th that we would not again be attacked. Then, when it was expected that we would be off guard, we were attacked from all sides, and the onslaught was continued until the relieving column was actually in Legation street.

The allied forces endured tremendous heat en route, but courageously pressed forward and defeated the majority of the Chinese army at Yang-tsun, twenty miles north of Tien-tsin. Thereafter they engaged only in skirmishes. The Chinese, fleeing before them, entered Pekin and once more attacked us. It was marvelous how our 600 men withstood the thousands of Chinese and Kansu ruffians.

During the eight weeks' siege our loss was sixty-five killed and 140 wounded, and only the arrival of the relief column on the afternoon of the 14th prevented our massacre that night.

### BOTHA'S BRAVE STAND.

Boers Have Been Making a Gallant if Unavailing Resistance.

For reasons not difficult to understand public interest in the Transvaal war seems to have waned since the fall of Pretoria and the overrunning of the two little republics by the big British armies. In reality, however, says a correspondent, the Boers were never worthier of sympathy and admiration than they have shown themselves the last eight or ten weeks. It has been difficult to follow reports, great length as in the earlier stages of the war, but it is evident that a gallant, determined, and in the end probably unavailing, resistance has been kept up by the Boers under Dewet and Botha, and at times these able generals have been able to secure considerable victories over their foe.

Gen. Botha's stand Saturday was the most determined one recently made. On Sunday Lord Roberts' lieutenants, Gens. Buller, French and Pole-Carew, attacked in force Gen. Botha's strongly entrenched position. The Boer front covered a chain of hill country and the line of defense was one of great natural strength. The Boers were defeated with great loss and at last accounts were falling back. The British losses were also reported to be considerable.

London is hoping that this is the end of the war, and it may be. It is taking no chances, however, and British reinforcements are on the way to Africa. How much longer the Boers will be able to keep up their fight at such immense disadvantage it is difficult, in the absence of any exact information, to hazard even a reasonable guess. Should the present complications in China involve England in a war with any of the great powers it would make the Boers' opportunity. It is probably this hope that is now sustaining them in their struggle.

### CUBAN SCHOOL TEACHERS.



Over 1,000 Cuban school teachers have been brought to this country on four army transports to study American methods of education. They made a profound impression in Boston and the beautiful señoritas are said to have left many dislocated hearts. They will be shown around New York in groups of fifty.

### British Apply the Torch.

A Cape Town dispatch says that Field Marshal Lord Roberts issued a proclamation ordering the burning of upward of thirty farms as a punishment for the destruction of railway tracks. By the same decree fifty farmers are fined for the same offense one-eighth of the value of the land on which the fine is levied.

### G. CLEVELAND'S WAY.

How He Discouraged the Petition-Signing Habit in Washington.

"I had an interesting and unexpected experience with former President Cleveland during his last term," said a naval officer of high rank to a Washington Star man, "which taught me a lesson I ought to have known before and illustrated how he sometimes went behind the record when he wished to inform himself as to the accuracy of official documents.

"I was at the time chief of a division in the Navy Department. A woman used to annoy me greatly by soliciting my aid to secure her a place as charwoman in the War, State and Navy building. She would come to my office every day until her presence became exceedingly distasteful to me.

"One day she produced a petition for a pension of \$30 a month for disabilities alleged to have been incurred in an explosion in the old arsenal building in the reservation on the Potomac during the war and where she had been employed in some capacity. The petition was headed by the name of an officer superior in rank to myself and bore half a dozen names of other persons of comparative prominence in the capital. To get rid of her I affixed my signature.

"Her private pension bill was finally taken up and passed by Congress. It was vetoed by Mr. Cleveland. Before the veto message was sent up to the capitol I was visited by a polite young man, who said that he represented the President. He desired to know whether I was personally acquainted with the applicant. I said that I was not. He asked if I knew anything of her antecedents, the nature of her wounds, her past and present moral character, all of which I had vouched for to the President by my signature to her petition. I was forced to confess to my great chagrin, as I was personally acquainted with the President, that I knew nothing about her beyond what I had seen of her in my office.

"My polite inquirer then informed me that private inquiries made at the instance of the President had proved the falsity of her petition in all respects save that she had been employed by the Government at the time of the explosion. Nothing in the papers showed that she had been in the building at the time of the explosion, and she was otherwise unworthy of governmental assistance.

"In his veto message Mr. Cleveland made those in the War, State and Navy building feel uncomfortable by his sarcastic remarks about officers and gentlemen who testified to the character and worthiness of those of whom they knew nothing, and scored Congress for passing a bill with the proof of injuries absent from the record.

"In Washington the petition-signing habit, formerly much in vogue, has fallen into disfavor, and officials are very cautious upon whose petitions they place their signatures."

### Nothing New.

Nature has foreshadowed almost all of man's inventions. The hypodermic syringe with which the physician injects morphine into a patient's arm has its counterpart in the sting of a bee. The tunnel-borer is an adaptation of the work of the teredo, or ship worm. The principle of the balloon is found in certain fishes. The paper-making industry is paralleled in the building of a wasp's nest. In the mechanism of a man's body there are joints and levers similar to those used in engines. The automatic oiling of surfaces which rub together in an engine is on the same plan as the lubrication of joints in our bodies. Man's nervous system resembles the telegraph in its workings. The ball bearings of a bicycle or automobile are not so very dissimilar to the ball joints of human hips and shoulders. The principle of the lever was foreshadowed in the long bones of the human body.

### The One He Hadn't Seen.

"I have a wife and six children in Australia, and I never saw one of them," said one gentleman to another. "Were you ever blind?" "Oh, no," replied the other. There was a brief lapse of time, and then the interrogator resumed the subject. "Did I understand you to say that you had a wife and six children living in Australia, and that you had never seen one of them?" "Yes, such is the fact." A still longer pause in the conversation followed, when the interrogator, fairly puzzled, said: "How can it be that you never saw one of them?" "Why," was the answer, "one of them was born after I left."

If wishes were horses the pound master would be kept busy with those their owners couldn't feed.

Courtship is a transport which three passengers greatly overcrowd.

### Suicide Neither Sensible Nor Moral.

A short time ago attention was publicly called to an epidemic of suicides, which appeared to be raging in various parts of England. In this connection Count Leo Tolstoi, Russia's high-minded humanitarian, has uttered a notable warning for the benefit of those who are tempted to commit this form of stupid iniquity.

"To take one's life," says Count Tolstoi, "is neither sensible nor moral. Life in reality is indestructible. As to life's abbreviation in this world, what guarantee have I that its spiritual resurrection in the hereafter will be more pleasant and congenial?"

"Most bestial is the idea that life has been vouchsafed to us only and alone for worldly and mental enjoyment and pleasure. Life is given us for our self-perfection and in order that we may be enabled to serve mankind collectively.

"All work, everything we undertake, appears disagreeable, sometimes mountain high. Obstacles abash us, dangers inspire fear, disappointments discourage us, misfortunes bring despair. Nevertheless, suicide is foolish and immoral, because only a coward lays down his weapons in battle and flees, rusing perhaps into greater peril.

"As long as we live we can perfect our own selves and serve one another, and we only serve others by perfecting ourselves in this world and in the world to come."

### The Finest.

"Uncle John," remarked Dick, "is the finest after-dinner speaker I ever knew of."

"Why," said his friend, with some astonishment, "I never heard he had any ability in that direction at all."

"Well, he has. I've dined with him several times at various places, and after dinner he always says, 'That's all right, my boy; I'll pay for it.'—Collier's Weekly.

### Russia's New Calendar.

It is said that Russia is about to adopt a new calendar. Each year contains 13 months of twenty-eight days each. The main feature is its apparent stability, and in this it resembles the sovereign remedy, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Try it for dyspepsia, constipation, nervousness or insomnia. Be sure you get the genuine.

### Big Increase in Coinage.

Last year there were coined 32,000,000 more pennies than in the year before, and the coinage of nickels, dimes, quarters and halves increased largely. In dollars and cents the increase in minor coinage for the fiscal year is about \$3,700,000.

### BEST FOR THE BOWELS.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARET'S help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. CASCARET'S Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

### Guide to the Key-Hole.

To assist a person in finding the key-hole a V-shaped guide is being made which is attached to the door, with its apex at the top of the keyhole, the key sliding up either side of the guide until it reaches the top, when it can be pushed into position.

### Homeseekers' Excursions.

On the first and third Tuesdays in each month the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway will sell round-trip excursion tickets to many points in Iowa, Minnesota, Michigan Peninsula, the Dakotas and other Western and Southwestern States at about one fare for the round trip. Further information as to rates, routes, etc., may be obtained at ticket office, 95 Adams street.

### Electric Heat in Dentistry.

Electricity is used to heat a new dental appliance, which is formed of an insulated hand-piece, carrying a resistance coil, and heats a flexible wire for use in drying the canals in the roots of the teeth.

### What Do the Children Drink?

Don't give them tea or coffee. Have you tried the new food drink called GRAIN-O? It is delicious and nourishing, and takes the place of coffee. The more Grain-O you give the children the more health you distribute through their systems. Grain-O is made of pure grains, and when properly prepared tastes like the choice grades of coffee, but costs about 1/4 as much. All grocers sell it. 15c and 25c.

### Its Peculiarity.

"That is the sunset my daughter painted. She studied painting abroad, you know." Friend—Ah, that explains it. I never saw a sunset like that in this country.

Lane's Family Medicine Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

### Army Service.

Compulsory army service has just been established in Holland for all males over 19 years of age, except priests, ministers and divinity students.

### Differentiating Synonyms.

Examining a young clergyman, Archbishop Whately mystified him by asking: "What is the difference between a form and a ceremony? The meaning seems nearly the same, yet there is a very nice distinction." A number of answers having been given, the witty cleric explained the difference thus: "You sit upon a form, but you stand upon ceremony."

### Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!

Ask your Grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. 1/4 the price of coffee. 15c and 25c per package. Sold by all grocers.

### Closing Time.

"Clarissa," he said, gently, "your presence intoxicates me."

"Yes," she answered, "and the law says that any person who sells, disposes of or gives away that which intoxicates shall close at 11 p. m. You must go, now, dear.—Indianapolis Sun.

### Hall's Catarrh Cure.

Is taken internally. Price 75 cents.

### Female Suffrage in New Jersey.

New Jersey was the first State permitting the right of suffrage to women; this was done nearly 100 years ago.

### TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

In New York City there is a maximum density of 1,000 residents to the acre, and this is more than double that of the most congested cities of Europe.

We refund 10c for every package of PUTNAM FADELESS DYE that fails to give satisfaction. Monroe Drug Co., Unionville, Mo. Sold by druggists.

Queensland is being converted into a large orange orchard. The Australian orange ripens at a time when other countries cannot provide the fruit.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—Mrs. Thos. Robbins, Maple street, Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

Solomon might have had a very heavy attorney's bill if the divorce courts had had full swing in those days.

Carter's Ink is Scientifically compounded of the best materials. If your dealer does not keep it he can get it for you.

The blunt person should not get into the habit of saying only unpleasant things.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething: softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 2c a bottle.

A little polish won't hurt a man, however bright he may be.

## MALARIA

CHILLS AND FEVER, FEVER AND AGUE CONQUERED.

### Radway's Ready Relief

Not only cures the patient seized with this terrible foe to settlers in newly-settled districts, where the Malaria or Ague exists, but if people exposed to it will, every morning on getting out of bed, take twenty or thirty drops of the Ready Relief in a glass of water, and eat, say, a cracker, they will escape attacks. This must be done before going out.

There is not a remedial agent in the world that will cure Fever and Ague and all other malarial, bilious and other fevers, aided by Radway's Pills, so quickly as Radway's.



SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

## CHICAGO TO OMAHA



Double Daily Service

New line via Rockford, Dubuque, Waterloo, Fort Dodge and Council Bluffs. Buffet-library-smoking-cars, sleeping cars, free reclining chair cars, dining cars. Send to the undersigned for a free copy of Pictures and Notes En-Route illustrating this new line as seen from the car window. Tickets of agents of I. C. R. R. and connecting lines. A. H. HANSON, G. P. A., Chicago.

## FREE WINCHESTER

Our 160 page illustrated catalogue. FREE WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS CO. 180 WINCHESTER AVE., NEW HAVEN, CONN.

Factory loaded shotgun shells, "NEW RIVAL," "LEADER," and "REPEATER." A trial will prove their superiority.

the winning combination in the field or at the trap. All dealers sell them.

## KIDNEY TROUBLES OF WOMEN

Miss Frederick's Letters Show How She Relied on Mrs. Pinkham and Was Cured.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have a yellow, muddy complexion, feel tired and have bearing down pains. Meneses have not appeared for three months; sometimes am troubled with a white discharge. Also have kidney and bladder trouble.

I have been this way for a long time, and feel so miserable I thought I would write to you and see if you could do me any good."—MISS EDNA FREDERICK, Troy, Ohio, Aug. 6, 1899.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound according to directions, and can say I have not felt so well for years as I do at present. Before taking your medicine a more miserable person you never saw. I could not eat or sleep, and did not care to talk with any one. Now I feel so well I cannot be grateful enough to you for what you have done for me."—MISS EDNA FREDERICK, Troy, Ohio, Sept. 10, 1899.

### Backache Cured

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I write to thank you for the good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done me. It is the only medicine I have found that helped me. I doctored with one of the best physicians in the city of New York, but received no benefit. I had been ailing for about sixteen years, was so weak and nervous that I could hardly walk; had continued pain in my back and was troubled with leucorrhoea. Meneses were irregular and painful. Words cannot express the benefit I have derived from the use of your medicine. I heartily recommend it to all suffering women."—MRS. MARY BARSHINGER, Windsor, Pa.

Advertisement for Tower's Fish Brand Pommel Slicker, featuring an illustration of a fish and text describing the product's benefits for riders and saddle wear.

## "Home, Sweet Home" Excursion

OHIO, INDIANA and KENTUCKY

Tuesday, September 11th, 1900. LOW RATES

Table listing excursion rates from Peoria, Ill. to various cities: Indianapolis and Return \$5.00, Cincinnati and Return \$7.00, Louisville and Return \$7.00, Dayton and Return \$7.00, Springfield and Return \$7.00, Sandusky and Return \$7.50, Columbus and Return \$7.50.

Corresponding Rates to Intermediate Points. Return Limit 30 Days

"Come Home" For tickets and full information call on agents Big Four Route.

WARREN J. LYNCH, W. P. DEPPE, Genl. Pass. & Ticket Agt. A. G. P. & T. Agt. CINCINNATI, O.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief & cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 D. A. T. (treatment) FREE. Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Box 8, Atlanta, Ga.

C. N. U. No. 36-1900

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE SAY you saw the advertisement in this paper.

Advertisement for PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION, featuring a graphic of a person and text describing the cure's effectiveness.

Advertisement for T. M. Roberts' Supply House, featuring an illustration of a sewing machine and text offering a 'SEND NO MONEY' trial for a new sewing machine.

Advertisement for Robert's Best Patent Flour, featuring an illustration of a flour sack and text describing the flour's quality and availability.

Entered at Culver Postoffice as Second class Matter.

GEO. E. NEARPASS, Ed. and Pub.

HUBER L. NEARPASS, Local Editor.

ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION:

For One Year \$1.25
For Six Months .70
For Three Months .35
If paid promptly in advance a discount of 25 cents will be given on the year.

HE WORKED DESTRUCTION.

A Sample of What a Fairly Healthy Cockatoo Can Do.

A light chain—securely fastened on the cockatoo's leg promised safety, but he contrived to get within reach of my...

I consulted a bird doctor, but as Cockie's health was perfectly good and his diet all that could be recommended, it was supposed he only plucked himself...

At one time he went on a visit for some weeks and ate up everything within his reach in that friendly establishment. His "bag" for one afternoon consisted of a venerable fern and a large palm, some library books, newspapers, a pack of cards and an armchair.

IRISH TURNS AND TWISTS.

The Unconscious Humor That Crops Out in the Green Isle.

The author of "Irish Life and Character" says truly that one has only to mix with an Irish crowd to hear many a laughable expression, quite innocently uttered.

"Well, Tim," said one, "thim tar-cintinaries does a dale for the thrade of Dublin, and no mistake."

"Oh, fair they do!" said the other "And whin, with the blessin of God, we get home rule, sure we can have as many of thim as we please."

"Sure," said a laborer to a young lady who was urging him to send his children to school, "I'd do anything for such a sweet, gentlemanly lady as yourself."

Again, the laborers on a large estate decided that it would be more convenient for them if they could be paid every week instead of every fortnight.

"If you please, sir, it's me desire, and it is also every other man's desire, that we resave out fortnight's pay every week."

An exasperated sergeant, drilling a squad of recruits, called to them at last:

"Halt! Just come over here, all of ye, and look at yourselves. It's a fine line ye're keepin, isn't it?"

Municipal Ownership.

Municipal ownership long ago passed out of the stage of theory and experiment. If, in fact, it ever belonged there, centuries before America was discovered public ownership of public utilities was highly developed.

No wonder they call it roasting a man to rake him over the coals.—Philadelphia Record.

WHERE ACROBATS LEARN.

Most of them become proficient in the sawmills of the Northwest.

Where do all the acrobats and tumblers come from? Where do they learn their trade? There is no school, as such, for the training of men who imperil their lives for a living.

In the "sawdust towns" the small boys have exceptional facilities for learning to turn somersaults and hand-springs in the great beds of sawdust that surround the mills.

One day along comes a circus and the best boy tumbler applies for a job and shows what he can do. Perhaps he is given a chance as a "top mounter," or the top man in a pyramid act.

Saying Good-By.

The Turk will solemnly cross hands upon his breast and make a profound obeisance when he bids you farewell.

The genial Jap will take his slipper off as you depart and say, with a smile: "You are going to leave my despicable house in your honorable journeying—I regard thee!"

In the Philippines the parting benediction is bestowed in the form of rubbing one's friend's face with one's hand.

The German "Gute Nacht" is not particularly sympathetic in its sound, but it is less embarrassing to those it speed than the Hindoo's performance, who when you go from him falls in the dust at your feet.

The Fiji Islanders cross two red feathers. The natives of New Guinea exchange chocolate.

The Burmese bend low and say "Hui Hui." The "Auf wiedersehen" of the Austrians is the most feeling expression of farewell.

The Cuban would consider his good bye anything but a cordial one unless he was given a good cigar. The South Sea Islanders rattle each other's whale teeth necklace.

The Sioux and Blackfeet will, at parting, dig their spears in the earth as a sign of confidence and mutual esteem. This is the origin of the term "burying the tomahawk."

In the islands in the straits of the sound the natives at your going will stoop down and clasp your feet.

The Russian form of parting salutation is brief, consisting of the single word "prashal," said to sound like a sneeze.

The Otaheite Islander will twist the end of the departing guest's robe, and then solemnly shake his own hands three times.

The Sex of Diamonds.

Perhaps it is not generally known that sex extends to diamonds. A Parisian jeweler while recently showing some beautiful gems to a party of tourists and explaining the varying colors and peculiar characteristics of the precious stones, placed a white stone of a couple of carats under a strong magnifying glass.

"The male gem never gathers these little buds," said the jeweler. "This is called the female, or multiplying diamond. And the female stone is not only more brilliant, but of greater size and less prone to be flawed. The largest and best-known diamonds in history and collections are all female jewels. Strange, isn't it?"

Theaters Free in India.

In India the theaters are all free. The curtain rolls up at 9 o'clock at night and never comes down until 5 the next morning. It usually requires seven nights to present a drama. People generally take their beds with them and go to sleep between the acts. The favorite play in India is the presentation of the exploits of some god.

ODDS AND ENDS.

Statistics show that women marry later in life than they used to.

The credit of the city of New York is second only to that of the Federal Government.

Portland is the largest prison in England. Nearly 2,000 convicts are located there.

Germany is putting a tax on imported beer to help in covering the cost of the new warships.

In the private schools of China a teacher is paid about one halfpenny a day for each pupil.

No picture is hung on the walls of the Louvre, in Paris, until ten years after the artist has died.

London has 13,564 policemen, or 19 to every square mile. Sixty per cent. of them are on night duty.

It is estimated that the number of Germans and their descendants in the United States is 15,000,000.

The aging of timber, which formerly required long storage, is now completed by electricity in a few hours.

In 1870 there were 9,000 Shakers in the United States. At present they do not number more than 1,000.

Under British rule the cotton crop of Egypt has doubled, and now amounts to over 500,000,000 pounds a year.

Rain falls more frequently between 3 o'clock and 8 o'clock in the morning than at any other time during the day.

A scientific person asserts that bagpipe-playing in the vicinity of a cowshed causes the cows to yield more milk.

A reduction of postage in Egypt from one plaster to a quarter of a plaster resulted in doubling the number of letters posted.

There are more beautiful and costly illustrated trade catalogues issued in this country than in any other section of the globe.

Australia is the greatest in the way of jewels with her opals, to-day outdoing even Hungary and Mexico in those lovely stones.

Nutmegs are slight stimulants, and when administered in warm water they make a gentle nervous sedative and a fair stomachic.

In Germany one man in 213 goes to college, in Scotland one in 250, in the United States one in 2,000, and in England one in 5,000.

A curious ceremony took place recently in the Hooghly district of India, when a baby 8 months old was married to a man 28 years of age.

In the gold sand of the sea mining eight miles from Port Arthur, a gold nugget weighing one-fourth of a pound was found by three Chinese workmen.

The expense of New York last year for local purposes, exclusive of bond issues, amounted to \$19.56 per capita of an estimated population of 3,500,000.

Uses of borax are extending year by year. The meat purchasers of the country are the largest consumers, absorbing 6,000,000 pounds and over annually.

The Chinese never wear wool—not even in the depth of winter; and, generally speaking, the entire population clothe themselves in cotton all the year round.

A New York girl became a victim of the bargain-hunting habit to a fatal degree. She bought six quarts of strawberries for 25 cents, ate the entire lot and died.

In the province of Smolensk, Russia there is held every three months a lottery in husbands and wives, who are chosen by the chance drawing of a lottery ticket.

The German art journal Kunstwerk is waging war against the monotonous appearance of city houses. It wants them painted in the divers colors of old villages.

The new survey of the city of Natchez shows that City Attorney T. Otis Baker lives outside the city limits. He has been paying city taxes for twenty years.

APHORISMS.

The noblest motive is the public good.—Virgil.

Beauty is the creator of the universe.—Emerson.

Memory is the treasurer and guardian of all things.—Cicero.

The foundation of every state is the education of its youth.—Dionysius.

They are never alone that are accompanied by noble thoughts.—Sidney.

Without faith a man can do nothing. But faith can stifle all science.—Amlcl.

We want not time, but diligence, for great performances.—Samuel Johnson.

There is but one temple in the universe, and that is the body of man.—Novallis.

The first creation of God was the light of sense; the last was the light of reason.—Bacon.

Happiness grows at our own firesides and is not to be picked in strangers' gardens.—Douglas Jerrold.

A little learning is a dangerous thing. Drink deep or taste not the Pierian spring.—Pope.

LOCAL BREVETIES.

Take a look at Porter & Co's walking shoes. They cannot be beat.

A good easy shave and a clean towel for each customer at the U. R. Next barber shop.

It will surprise you to experience the benefit obtained by using the dainty and famous little pills known as DeWitt's Little Early Risers. T. E. Slattery.

Miss Edith Rickenbaugh returned to Culver this (Friday) morning after about a seven week's visit with relatives in Forest City, Ill.

A lame shoulder is usually caused by rheumatism of the muscles, and may be cured by a few applications of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. For sale by T. E. Slattery.

The South Bend Sunday train to Culver will continue to run during September.

The laws of health require that the bowels move once each day and one of the penalties for violating this law is piles. Keep your bowels regular by taking a dose of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets when necessary and you will never have that severe punishment inflicted upon you. Price 25 cents. For sale by T. E. Slattery.

The Rector Dray line is now prepared to do all kinds of draying on short notice. Telephone Rector Hotel. Satisfaction guaranteed.

What most people want is something mild and gentle, when in need of a physic, Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets fill the bill to a dot. For sale by T. E. Slattery.

Basket Picnic.

The M. E. Sabbath Schools of Culver and Poplar Grove will hold a picnic at the Assembly grounds next Wednesday. There will be music by the schools and an address by Rev. E. R. Wood of Liter's Ford. Every Sabbath School in union town-ship invited, and all others interested in Sabbath School work.

FOR SALE.—One house and lot on west lake shore, near Assembly grounds. Beautiful location, and good well. Inquire of Jacob H. Zechiel, Culver, Ind., or address D. E. Zechiel Berne, Ind.

The Nickel Plate Road

will sell excursion tickets to Ft. Wayne, Ind., on September 17th to 21st, inclusive, account the Grand Circuit Race Meet, at one fare for the round trip between Bellevue and Valparaiso. Tickets good returning until Sept. 22nd. Write wire, phone or call on nearest agent, or C. A. Asterlin, T. P. A., Ft. Wayne, Ind. 199-10c3.

A Night of Terror.

"Awful anxiety was felt for the widow of the brave General Burnham of Machias, Me., when the doctors said she could not live till morning" writes Mr. S. H. Lincoln, who attended her that fearful night. "All thought she must soon die from pneumonia, but she begged for Dr. King's New Discovery, saying it had more than once saved her life, and had cured her of consumption. After three small doses she slept easily all night, and its further use completely cured her." This marvelous medicine is guaranteed to cure all throat, chest and lung diseases for only 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at T. E. Slattery's drug store.

It Saved His Baby.

"My baby was terribly sick with the diarrhoea, we were unable to cure him with the doctor's assistance, and as a last resort we tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy," says Mr. J. H. Doan, of Williams, Ore. "I am happy to say it gave immediate relief and a complete cure." For sale by T. E. Slattery.

It Saved His Leg.

P. A. Danforth, of LaGrange, Ga., suffered intensely for six months with a frightful running sore on his leg, but writes that Bucklen's Arnica Salve wholly cured it in ten days. For Ulcers, Wounds, Burns, Boils, Pain or Piles it's the best salve in the world. Cure guaranteed. Only 25 cents. Sold by T. E. Slattery, druggist.

FARMERS?

Are you in debt? If so, call and see J. A. Moller, at Plymouth, Indiana, he has from \$5,000 to \$30,000 to buy equities on arshall and Starke counties farms. A. Moulter, Plymouth, Ind.

Gulver Market

Table listing market prices for Wheat, Rye, Corn, Flour, and various types of Eggs and Poultry.

The quicker you stop a cough or cold less danger there will be of fatal trouble. One Minute Cough Cure only harmless remedy that gives immediate results. You will like it. T. E. Slattery.

Bismarck's Iron Nerve

Was the result of his splendid health donitable will and tremendous energy not found where Stomach, Liver, Kidney and Bowels are out of order. If you have these qualities and the success they use Dr. King's New Life Pills. They do every power of brain and body. On at T. E. Slattery's drug store.

Mothers endorse it, children like it, folks use it. We refer to One Minute Cough Cure. It will quickly cure all throat lung troubles. T. E. Slattery.

It Saved a Leg.

I have used Dr. C. D. Warner's Compound of Seven Cures with such good results recommended it to Geo. Chipp, who was taken with typhoid fever about two years ago. The disease settled in one of his legs, causing enlargement of the entire limb, resulting in a fever running sore, rent the leg entirely useless. The doctors to cure it, but had no success, and then advised him that his leg would have to be amputated. Then I urged him to give them a fair trial and accordingly he commenced taking it and continued to use six months. He is well and hearty and his leg is just as sound as ever. Michael Gearh, Detroit, Mich., Jan. 8, 1900.

The wolf in the fable put on sheep's clothing because if he traveled on his own station he couldn't accomplish his purpose. Counterfeiters of DeWitt's Hazel Salve couldn't sell their wares unless they put on the boxes and wrappers like DeWitt's. out for them. Take only DeWitt's Hazel Salve. It cures piles and all diseases. T. E. Slattery.

Remember that Barne's the Maxinko groceryman, is still on deck with a great stock than ever, and that he expects customers to the lake trade.

In India, the land of famine, thousands die because they cannot obtain food. In America, the land of plenty, many suffer and die because they cannot digest the food they eat. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure gets what you eat. It instantly relieves and radically cures, all stomach troubles. T. E. Slattery.



All trains arrive at and depart from Van Buren Street Union Passenger Station, Chicago. Uniformed Colored Porters attend passengers holding first or second class tickets in coaches on thru trains, insuring scrupulous clean cars enroute.

Table showing train schedules with columns for East, West, and various train types like Nickel Plate Passenger and Union Pacific.

Local through connections between Story Island and Kenosha on Monday, Wednesday and Friday; westbound on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

Light type A. M. Dark type P. M. Daily except Sunday. Stop on signal.

Drawing Room Sleeping Cars on Nos. 2, 4, 6 thru to Cleveland, Erie, Buffalo, New York and Boston; on Nos. 5, 3 and 1 to Chicago. Meals are served at "up-to-date" Dining Stations in Nickel Plate Dining Cars at opportune hours. Passage checked to destination. Inquiry you will find our rates are always lower than via other lines, service considered. For rates and detailed information, address E. Homer, General Passenger Agent, Cleveland, O. C. A. Asterlin, T. P. A., Ft. Wayne, Ind., Local Ticket Agent.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat. It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps, and all other results of imperfect digestion. Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago.

forces in the realm  
of their use. Who talks  
of sickness, but sets rife  
elements to mar his fate.  
love, health, happiness and  
scently hear  
names repeated over day by  
day,  
wing their way like answering  
fairies near,  
Then nestle down within our homes  
to stay.

Who talks of evil conjures into shape  
That formless thing, and gives it life  
and scope.  
This is the law; then let no word  
escape  
That does not breathe of everlasting  
hope.  
—Ella Wheeler Wilcox in the Woman's Home Companion.

**Bridget's Blueing Bottle.**

BY MARGARET JOHNSTON MERRILL.

"Dear Jim:—Cousin Clara has another bad spell, and I have been sent for this morning, so I must go to her. We had all our arrangements made to return to the city tomorrow, but this changes our plans. Fred was obliged to go last week to attend to business, and cannot be back here this season. Can't you manage to spend your nights here until I return, which will be in two weeks? Little Mabel asked if I would get Uncle Jim to stay in the house at nights. Bridget is a capable, intelligent girl; and is quite willing to stay alone with Mabel; and Mabel wished to stay with her rather than go with me; so, you see, my Bridget is a jewel. Do not give her any trouble if you come. I believe she does not care to have young men in the house. Please answer as soon as possible.  
"Your loving sister,  
"FLORENCE."

"Dear Florence:—I will try to give your paragon, Bridget, no trouble. But how about me? If she wakes me up at 4 o'clock, thumping up and down stairs, I suppose I am to consider it no trouble. Where did you pick up the jewel? But I will not tease you—I shall spend every night at your house until your return, and I shall keep out of Bridget's sight. Don't overwork taking care of Clara.  
"BROTHER JIM."

"How good Jim is!" mused Mrs. Campbell, upon reading this letter. "Now I leave the house without anxiety."  
"Will Uncle Jim stay here nights, mamma?" asked a little girl of seven.  
"Yes, dear. It may be you won't often see him, as he will probably come late. But Bridget will allow you to wait up tonight till he comes. Tell him that many things were packed up and sent to town, so he must excuse the condition of the place. I forgot to speak of this in my letter to him. Now, good-by, darling. I must go to poor Clara."  
That evening, as Jim Hamilton entered his sister's summer cottage, his name was joyfully called by Mabel. As he passed into the sitting-room, he was conscious of a retreating figure at another door.  
"Say, Uncle Jim, mamma says to tell you she's sorry so many things are sent to town; but I like to live this way. Bridget is so good and funny, I don't get lonesome."  
"I dare say she's funny. I knew an old woman named Bridget, who was very funny, and she wore the funniest caps—"  
"Oh, our Bridget isn't like that! She's as pretty as mamma. And now, Uncle Jim, won't you write the words of that song for me? You promised to. Bridget can play it, but she hasn't the words."  
Jim laughed.  
"It's good that you are not a musical critic; probably anything in the shape of noise suits you for a tune."  
"No; it does not. Bridget can play better than you," was the answer.  
"Well, get me pen and ink, and I'll write the words," he said.  
"The ink is gone, and I used the last pencil all up this afternoon; there's only the little one Bridget has on the string to mark the account book. I can get that."  
"No. I don't want a greasy kitchen pencil. I'll see if I can find any kind of a marker in my pocket."  
He found nothing, as he had lent his pencil to a boy on the car who failed to return it.  
"Better go to bed, Mabel. If I find one anywhere tonight, I'll come in early in the morning and write out your song. Good-night, dearie."  
Jim found no pencil; but before going out next morning he went into the sitting-room to take another look. A blueing bottle was on the table and a part of its contents poured out into

a small glass. A note addressed to himself lay beside it. He read:  
"I have before now used liquid blueing as a substitute for ink, and found it very good. BRIDGET."  
"That writing does not remind me of my old Bridget. Yet this girl is probably fresh from the old country, and these Irish are uncommonly fine writers," thought he.  
The blueing answered his purpose admirably. On the bottom of Bridget's note he wrote:  
"I thank you very much for your suggestion. J. E. HAMILTON."  
In the evening he managed to get in somewhat earlier than before. The same vanishing shadow was seen as he came into the sitting-room. For six consecutive evenings this was repeated, and his curiosity was aroused. He could no longer doubt Bridget's musical ability. Mabel could already play the air of the song under her instructions; and he at length expressed a desire to see her.  
"Can't you ask Bridget to stay in the sitting-room until I come in tomorrow evening?" he asked.  
"I don't believe she would stay. She doesn't care about men—I mean not as much as she does about little ones. If she knew you, I'm sure she would like you. Can't you come in for supper? Then she would have to see you."  
"No, no! I do not want to give her any trouble. I owe her my thanks for not pounding up and down stairs at 4 o'clock, as my Bridget did."  
"Uncle Jim, I do wish you'd stop talking like that. You must see Bridget," said Mabel, excitedly.  
"Thank you. I can live if I do not see her, but it would be interesting to hear her talk. Immigrants are always amusing."  
Mabel did not know what immigrants were, but felt that Uncle Jim would not mention them if they were not nice, so she was satisfied that he meant nothing really disrespectful toward her Bridget.  
Next evening he came earlier than ever, but the figure was gone before he had crossed the threshold.  
"Mabel," he asked, "do you and Miss Bridget ever go to the lake after supper?"  
"Yes, sometimes. We are to go soon again and bring our supper with us. You see, Cousin Clara is better, so mamma will be home in three days, and we shall go to town."  
"Then I'll tell you what I can do. I will meet you at the lake after supper. Do not tell Bridget of this. I can carry your lunch basket home. Is that satisfactory?"  
"Yes, it's grand! I shan't say a word to Bridget, and I'll introduce you to her myself."  
As Jim Hamilton approached the lake shore next evening he saw a graceful figure seated upon the rustic bench. Mabel was playing near and immediately went toward the lady.  
"Where's Bridget?" he whispered.  
"Here," answered Mabel, taking him by the hand. "This is Uncle Jim, Miss Bridget Loftus," she said breathlessly, fearing that Bridget might escape. "Uncle Jim will carry the basket and the stones and shells I picked up," she added in a coaxing tone to Bridget.  
Mr. James Edwin Hamilton was not a conceited man, neither was he self-conscious. Yet at this moment he felt more foolish than a school boy in the presence of a new teacher. He stood hat in hand, bowing politely, scarcely knowing what to say, and wondering if she had heard his rejection of the greasy kitchen leadpencil. At length he stammered:  
"It was very kind of you to give me the writing fluid, Miss Loftus."  
He could not bring himself to say "blueing bottle" to this refined, lady-like woman.  
"I had found the blueing good in more ways than one, so it was only right that I should recommend it when I had allowed Mabel to waste the pencils," she replied.  
They returned to the house. Jim did not intrude further upon Bridget then, but asked permission to come early the following evening to sit with her and Mabel.  
"I am going away in a few days. Tomorrow will be my last visit here this year," he explained.  
Bridget did not disappear as he entered the room next evening. He brought a new book for Mabel, in which she was soon engrossed.  
"Miss Loftus," he said, "will you pardon my asking a question? Why do you insist upon calling yourself Bridget?"  
"It is my name. I was named for my Aunt Bridget, one of the best women I ever knew, and I would not exchange for any other name."  
"You are right," was the hearty answer. There was a mystery about this cultivated woman, and he would try to have it solved. "Does your aunt live near you?"  
"She is not living now. Our home was in Rochester. My parents died when I was very young, and Aunt Bridget took me. She was a member of the Society of Friends (or Quakers).

She did not object to her name; neither do I mine."  
"You have no need, Miss Loftus. But I did not understand before. And now let me ask one question more: Why do you choose this kind of life when you can command a very different position? Excuse my plainness."  
"Certainly," she answered. "My reason is this: While my aunt lived I had the hope of making music my means of living; so in school I did not take up all the branches necessary for those who make school teaching their profession. Aunt died suddenly, before my musical course was completed. With her died the income, and I was left with about two thousand dollars on hand. I knew I must do something, and my knowledge of house-keeping was good. I took a house-keeper's place, and have more time to prepare for teaching than I could have had if I had begun giving lessons to beginners. I want to be as nearly perfect as I can before attempting to teach music. My aunt conscientiously taught me to work and I am thankful to be able. In another year I shall be legally qualified for school teaching. Then I can go on with my music and finally make it my life work."  
A year from that time Bridget Loftus was duly enrolled upon the teaching staff of her native city. Mrs. Campbell rejoiced in her success, and told her brother than Bridget was the bravest woman she had ever known, "and I said so a year ago," she added. Jim smiled. He was not given to speech when Bridget was the subject. This year the Campbells are again in their summer home, expecting company.  
"Here they are, mamma!" calls Mabel. Uncle Jim, and dear Aunt Bridget! And listen, Aunt Bridget! I've kept the blueing bottle all this time, just because it made you and Uncle Jim first know about each other."—Waverley Magazine.

**Forgot Her Wedding Day.**  
The married man was hurrying down the steps from the elevated station; the other man, the friend who had stood by him as best man six years before, was hurrying up the same steps. Necessarily they met.  
"You're just the one I wanted to see," said he, who was going down. "We are going to have a few friends in to dinner on our anniversary evening and we want you to come. You will, won't you?"  
"Of course I will," and the one rushed on up to his train and the other hurried down to the street.  
But on the evening when the two or three friends came in to celebrate, the best man who was didn't put in an appearance.  
"It's very strange. You are quite sure you told him to come?" asked the wife of the married man.  
But he was so sure on that score that the mystery remained unexplained.  
"I never knew him to forget an engagement," sighed the woman, as she looked at the vacant chair, and thought how nicely she might have filled it had she but known in time that he was not coming.  
The next evening, however, found her resentful. "It seems to me," she said, "that he might have let us know by this time if anything detained him."  
Just then the bell rang and then in came the delinquent. "What was the matter, and why didn't you come?" were the remarks that greeted him.  
"Come? Why, I have come."  
"O, but last night was the anniversary night."  
"No such thing, it's to-night."  
And it was. This is the first case on record of a woman forgetting the day on which she was married.—New York Sun.

**A Peculiar Girl.**  
"That Miss Bradish is one of the most peculiar girls I ever saw. She and I met in Florida last winter, and we've been very good friends ever since—until a couple of weeks ago. Now she barely speaks to me. I can't account for it. We were talking one evening about clever women. We both agreed that talented women are seldom beautiful."  
"You probably made some break that she didn't like."  
"No, I was careful about that, and she showed no sign of her unaccountable coldness until I asked her whether, if she could have her choice, she would prefer to be talented or beautiful. She never answered the question, and has been different toward me ever since. Most peculiar girl I ever saw."—Chicago Times-Herald.

**When a Person Reaches Fifty.**  
A statistician has estimated that a man fifty years old has worked 6,500 days, has slept 6,000, has amused himself 4,000, has walked 12,000 miles, has been ill 500 days, has partaken of 36,000 meals, eaten 15,000 pounds of meat and 4,000 of fish, eggs and vegetables, and drunk 7,000 gallons of fluids.

**CALVIN TITUS.**

**The Young Soldier Who Planted Old Glory on Pekin's Walls.**

The residents of Vinton, Iowa, are proud to claim Calvin P. Titus as a townsman, writes a correspondent of the Chicago Times-Herald. When he scaled the walls of the city of Pekin and hoisted the Stars and Stripes as the first alien flag to float above the Chinese capital, young Titus did no more than his Iowa friends might expect from him. He is a



BUGLER CALVIN TITUS.

native son of Vinton. His father was Calvin Titus, a blacksmith in that town. There young Calvin was educated and there he spent his youth. The family removed to Wichita, Kan., and were living there at the time the United States declared war on Spain. Young Titus, who was paying a visit to Vermont, enlisted in Company K, First Vermont volunteer infantry, and was discharged from the service on Nov. 2, 1898. In April, 1890, he enlisted in Company E, Fourteenth United States infantry, and was sent with that regiment to the Philippines. There he remained until last month, when he was transferred with his regiment to China. Pekin's hero is not yet 20 years old.



Germany's refusal to proceed with peace negotiations in China until the leaders of the anti-foreign mobs responsible for the recent atrocities have been delivered to the powers for trial and punishment, is one of the notable events of the week. The Kaiser's attitude is in strong contrast with the Czar's, who expressed a willingness to withdraw his troops from Pekin and begin negotiations for a settlement with Li Hung Chang and Prince Ching. The United States rejected the German proposal. It has been the general impression that Japan would stand with the United States in accepting the Russian proposals; but this impression lacks the basis of official announcement. Russia is suspected by England of a desire to retain Pekin. England is distrusted by Russia and France because of her interest in the Yang-tze Province. All the powers distrust Germany because of her seeming purpose to make war on China. Russia, France, the United States, and Japan have intimated a willingness to open negotiations for peace with Prince Ching and Li Hung Chang. Germany and Great Britain up to the present writing have declined to accept either the Viceroy or the Prince as representative of China. The Dowager and the Emperor have signified their willingness to return to Pekin if the allies will guarantee them protection. This the allies, so far, are unable to promise.

The Filipino insurgents have shown renewed activity within the last week, especially in the districts south and east of Manila, in the vicinity of Laguna de Bay, where Lawton encountered his hardest fighting when he first went to the islands. Last Monday two companies of the Fifteenth and Thirty-seventh Infantry encountered a strong force of insurgents at the east end of Laguna de Bay. The insurgents were entrenched, and the American troops were compelled to advance waist deep in water. As a result of the engagement twenty-four Americans were killed and twenty-six wounded. In the meantime, however, the Philippine commission reports gratifying progress in the work of civil government in the cities and towns. Courts and schools are being established, order restored, and municipal government established at many points.

The Cuban election for delegates to the constitutional convention has attracted little interest in the United States. The returns indicate a total of 186,240. The convention will be made up of Nationalists and Republicans in about equal strength, but will be strongly pro-Cuban. As far as can be ascertained the delegates elected are strongly opposed to even a discussion of annexation to the United States.

President Kruger of the Transvaal Republic will seek an asylum in the Netherlands, a Dutch warship having gone to Lourenzo Marquez to carry him to The Hague. The British government gave assurances that it would in no way interfere with President Kruger's journey. The war is practically over. The two Boer republics have been formally annexed to the British Empire, and the people of England, regardless of political affiliation, endorse the absorption of the new territory.

**INDIANA INCIDENTS.**

**RECORD OF EVENTS OF THE PAST WEEK.**

**Lafayette Musician Attempts Suicide—Killed in Saloon Row at Montgomery—Washing Causes Woman's Insanity—Falls in Front of a Corn Cutter.**

Harvey Scott, a Lafayette musician, tried to kill himself by cutting his throat. He became known several months ago, when he fell heir to \$10,000 cash and 210 acres of land, left by Mrs. Malinda Johnson, Anderson, Ohio, whom he had saved from drowning several years ago. The case was fought by the woman's children, who compromised with Scott by giving him \$4,000, which he presented to his mother.

**His Neck Broken in a Fight.**  
Because one man in the crowd had not been asked to drink with the others, seven coal miners got into a free-for-all fight in James Conroy's saloon at Montgomery. Lawrence Allen was struck in the face during the fight and he fell to the floor with a broken neck. Death resulted instantly. One Tincole is in jail charged with having delivered the fatal blow.

**Washerwoman Goes Insane.**  
Mrs. Mary Evans, Hoagland, a washerwoman, who washed the blood-stained clothing of a neighbor that killed himself, has gone insane from brooding over it, and spends the time washing imaginary blood from her hands. One day she was detected putting paris green into coffee to kill her two children.

**Killed by a Corn Cutter.**  
John F. Lightner, a young man living about three miles southeast of Dublin, was cutting corn with a riding corn cutter and fell from the machine, the knives lacerating his leg. He died in a short time from loss of blood.

**Quick Work with This Marriage.**  
At Marion Fred L. Brodt and Addie McKibben, aged 30 and 19, respectively, met at noon the other day, and in half an hour were engaged. They were married the next day.

**State News in Brief.**  
Mayor Golding, Marion, is dead.  
Muncie may have a manual training department in one of her new schools.  
Pickpockets stole a \$1,000 check from George Crozier, Muncie, while he was on a train.

Hartford City dog owners will organize to protect their canines from dog killers.  
The Evansville Grays is to be the name of a crack new military organization in the river city.

William Sweeney, Columbus, died from blood poisoning, resulting from having a tooth extracted.  
Grand jury of Hancock County indicted Marcellus Gant for the murder of Charles Gordon.

Crawfordsville police have decreed that grocers shall not obstruct the sidewalk with display stands.  
Capt. S. B. J. Caster, founder of West Lafayette, and a veteran of the Mexican and Civil wars, is dead.

Fred Harrison of Washington, D. C., and Miss Caroling Fansler of Muncie, deaf mutes, will be married.  
In a test the Crawfordsville fire department harnessed the horses and were on the street in twelve seconds.

It is now denied that Moses Fowler Chase, the young millionaire, is insane and confined in a French asylum.  
The artificial gas mains at Martinsville are choked and the City Council had to make a tax levy in semi-darkness.

Oliver Thomasson and John Gaines were indicted by the grand jury at Bedford for the murder of Frank Lentz.  
Fishermen are complaining that the fish are not taking the bait as they usually do this month. They can't understand why.

The Anderson plant of the American Wire and Steel Company will be started soon, after an illness of fifteen months, due to a strike.  
Three skeletons were found in a small mound on a farm near Whitestown. They are much larger than skeletons of the present day.

During the Democratic county convention at Evansville a nest of bumble bees was stirred up by some boys and the delegates left their seats in a rush. Several of the candidates were stung.  
L. W. Huyck, a blacksmith of Stillwell, who was confined in the county asylum on account of insanity, had to be removed to the jail, owing to his efforts to demolish the asylum. When crazy, he becomes as strong as a giant, twists iron bars, etc.

Master McDonald, youngest son of Jas. McDonald, Kendallville, was walking barefoot on the Lake Shore tracks near the target house. Targetman Voss threw the target for an east-bound freight, pinning the lad's toes between the rails. His screams brought the section men and he was rescued.  
A bulldog belonging to Lyman Alcorn pulled a drowning boy out of the water at Elkhart, and when he laid the little fellow down on dry land stood over him, wagging his tail as if to apologize for lacerating the youngster's arm in the struggle to save his life. The lad was Thomas Wilson, aged 8.

Retta Burkhardt, whose body was found on the hill north of Martinsville, was murdered and the murderer, Louis Baker, a worthless character, is now in jail. He has signed a statement saying that he accompanied the woman from her home to the scene of the crime, where they quarreled. He choked her and pummeled her head upon the ground until life was extinct.

**YOUTH'S DEPARTMENT.**

The Young Men of the District—The  
 Club of the District—The  
 Club of the District—The

The business of the district is  
 found there are many in the  
 of the district to which it belongs.

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the  
 duty of the district is to

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

The business of the district is  
 found there are many in the  
 of the district to which it belongs.

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

The business of the district is  
 found there are many in the  
 of the district to which it belongs.

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

It was the purpose of a district  
 on an order of the other of the  
 duty, we do not make a single  
 and a single word of the

**We Furnish the Goods.** **Hollister & Co.**  
 STILL LEAD  
 All Competitors  
 IN THE  
**Grocery Line.**

No stale goods. Everything fresh and staple. Our

**QUICK SALES and SMALL PROFITS.**

is what draws our tremendous patronage. We also take the lead in Women, Children and Men's Fine Shoes. Call and see.

**HOLLISTER & CO.**

We are very busy opening up the largest stock of

**... DRY GOODS...**

Ever brought to Plymouth and placed under one roof.

WE WILL SHOW ALL THE LATEST NEW IN

Dress Goods, Silks, Worsteds, Flannels, Draperies, Blankets, Yarns, Prints, Outings, Flannelettes,

DOMESTIC SHAWLS, CLOAKS, CAPES, JACKETS, HOSIERY, FURKIN, US, FANCY GOODS AND THE LARGEST STOCK OF NOTIONS AND SMALL WARES THAT HAS EVER BEEN SHOWN IN PLYMOUTH.

When you find repacking, marking and arranging our two stacks you will find from us again through those columns as to prices. Sooner to say that our store will raise the lowest prices on everything we sell. We don't follow the leaders but we lead the followers. Our best advertisements is never printed. The stock and prices thereof have made our trade so enormous. Being so believing. Come in and let us show you our immense stock. We want your trade and will try to please you. No trouble to show goods. Our merchandise are paid every week by showing the stock and they do it willingly, as they know what they are paid for. It would be considered a favor in the average if any neighbor on the part of any of our wife family would be reported directly to him.

**KLOEPPER'S New York Store**

**HAYES & SON,** PROPRIETORS OF  
 Livery, Feed and Sale Stable.



First class Horses, Buggies and Vehicles of every description. Can stable from 50 to 75 horses. Culver, Indiana.

**MUSICAL Instruments**  
 of Highest Quality  
 at Lowest Prices  
**WASHBURN**  
 Randolph, Guitars and Banjos.

**FARMERS?**  
 \$2000 to \$5000  
 to \$10000  
 to \$15000  
 to \$20000  
 to \$25000  
 to \$30000  
 to \$35000  
 to \$40000  
 to \$45000  
 to \$50000

**Kodol**  
 Dyspepsia Cure  
 Digests what you eat.

**WATER**

**WATER**

**Kreuzberger's Park.**  
 COLUMBIAN CITY

**Whiskies, Brandis, Cordials**  
 Finest Quality  
 Purest  
 Most Excellent

**Dr. U. B. Shantz**  
 DENTIST  
 At Dr. HOLLISTER'S Office  
**Every Monday.**  
 Done all kinds of Dental Work