

THE CULVER CITY HERALD.

At Lake Maxinkuckee.

VOL. VII.

CULVER CITY INDIANA, FRIDAY, JULY 26, 1901.

NO. 52

LAKE MAXINKUCKEE.

News Captured Around the Lake by Our Special Reporter.

The Maple Grove Hotel is full of guests.

Mrs. J. S. Bush of Sheldon, Ill., is camping on the east side.

Mary March of Logansport, is spending a few days at the Maple Grove Hotel.

W. H. Fulton is having a fine porch built on the west and south side of his cottage.

Harry Matzke of Indianapolis, called upon his best girl at Maple Grove Hotel, Sunday.

Mr. Wm. Churchman, wife and daughter were guests of Mrs. J. A. Pattison over Sunday.

Miss Eileen Mitchell of Indianapolis, is a guest at the Heywood cottage near the Norris pier.

A. Boughton of Chicago and Otto Kohler of Indianapolis were guests at the Fulton cottage Sunday.

Mr. Owen Mothershead and Geo. Pattison of Indianapolis, are guests for a week at the Pattison cottage.

Mrs. Edgar Brown and two daughters of Indianapolis are guests of Mrs. J. George Mueller on the east side.

W. H. Moore and family of Rushville, Ind., are camping on the east side. They will remain for a month.

Mrs. E. B. McQuat and son Burford of Indianapolis are here for the season at their cottage on the east side.

Miss Sanna Wallace of Indianapolis, returned home Saturday morning after a week's visit at the Fulton cottage.

John V. Coynea, ex-surveyor of Marion county, arrived at the lake Wednesday and is a guest at the "Willow Lane Hotel."

A number of guests are quartered at the "Willow Lane Hotel." This popular house is owned and conducted by S. Edwards.

Mrs. B. L. Stevens and family of Rochester and Mrs. C. C. Beery of Chicago, are occupying the Maxwell cottage for the season.

A number of fine sail boats are owned by parties at the lake. Why not have a regatta? There is no finer lake in the world for such sport.

The Misses Lena and Esther Armstrong, will have a card party tonight, (Friday) in honor of their guests, the Misses Gordon and Osborn, and Mr. Smith, all of Frankfort.

During the first week of August, several ladies connected with the Chicago Record-Herald and the Chronicle, will be the guests of Mrs. A. J. Knapp. Also two artists of some note from Detroit.

The following are visiting W. J. Wood and family on the east side: Mrs. J. T. Wood and daughter, Bellmore, Ind., Mrs. Johnson and son, Terre Haute; Miss Mary Allerdice and Miss Helen Brown, Indianapolis.

Mr. Harry B. Heywood, the famous insurance man of Indianapolis, was recently the recipient of a magnificent Turkish pipe. It is finished in a most artistic manner and is highly prized. It is said that the Sultan of Turkey used it in one of his harems for several years.

Nearly all the cottages around the lake are occupied.

T. Demming of Indianapolis, is a guest at the Christian cottage on the east side.

Mrs. C. O. Curtis, of Cincinnati, is visiting at the Curtis cottage on the east side.

Dr. Benepe and wife, of Indianapolis, occupy their cottage on the east side.

Master John Vajen Wilson is at Crawfordsville this week visiting his grandmother.

Lloyd Muggs, a Poland-China Hog raiser of near Indianapolis, is at the Rector House.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Adams, of Indianapolis, are now occupying their cottage on the east side.

Mrs. S. J. Pattison and family of Indianapolis, are occupying their cottage on the east side.

Mr. and Mrs. C. B. McCrea, of College Hill, Ohio, are guests at the Curtis cottage on the east side.

John M. Ferguson, of the Pickering Hardware Co., Cincinnati, is here spending a short vacation.

All of the hotels are full and overflowing with guests. Surely the hot weather is bringing the people.

A 42-foot extension has been added to the Vonnegut pier, and now steamboats can safely make a landing.

John M. Mitchell and family, of Peru, are enjoying their summer vacation at their cottage on the east side.

Mrs. B. G. Neher and daughters, of Logansport, are visiting C. E. Holbruner and family at their cottage on Long Point.

Chas. Kiefer, the celebrated jeweler of Indianapolis, who has been spending a few days at the lake, returned home Wednesday.

Otis Wickizer and wife, of Argos, are at the Palmer House, and will remain for a week or ten days. The latter was formerly Miss Mabel Garn.

There will be preaching services at the Ketcham cottage on the north-east side of the lake next Sunday at 11 o'clock a. m., by an Episcopalian minister.

Mr. Joe Cunningham and wife, of Peru, are spending a few days outing at the Rector House. The former is a celebrated Poland-China hog raiser.

C. H. Brownell and family of Peru, are now taking in the sights at the lake. They are occupying their beautiful summer home on the north-east side of the lake.

Miss Hattie E. Edna Williams, Ft. Wayne, and the Misses Anna and Elizabeth Baggs of Indianapolis, who are guests at the Arlington, are nieces of the deceased Frederick Baggs, once owner of the Bay View.

The Lake Maxinkuckee Association will meet at the Palmer House at half-past two next Sunday afternoon. This will be an important session, as new officers will be elected and other important matters attended to. All members should be present and all others who are interested in progression at the lake.

Wm. C. Ketcham lies at his mother's cottage on the east side, suffering from a badly sprained leg, caused by falling upon a spring board while in bathing recently. Dr. Rea was summoned, who attended the case. Also a physician from Indianapolis arrived Monday evening to consult upon the case.

LOCAL BREVETIES.

Items Gathered Here and There and Put in Shape for the Herald.

Toilet soap for everybody at John Osborn's.

A large number of Monterey citizens were in Culver Sunday.

Amon and Lizzie Smith of Chicago are here visiting their parents and friends for a few days.

Miss Dessie Baker, of Huntington, Ind., is visiting her uncle and aunt. Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Hoover.

The ice-cream supper given by the Epworth League Wednesday evening was a financial and social success.

Oscar Myers of Flora, is now employed in Con Bonaker's barber shop. He comes well recommended as an artist of ability.

Robert Voll, a veteran of the Spanish American war, and who saw hot old times at Santiago and other places, is tending bar at Kreuzberger's.

The bicycle excursion from Rochester to this place Sunday did not prove to be a very mammoth affair, as only about 50 wheelmen were in line.

This number of the "HERALD" closes volume seven. You are earnestly requested to renew your subscription for the ensuing year immediately.

Henry Haag of Kewanna, the official tinner of the Vandalia R. R., has been in town the past week making improvements at the Lake View Hotel etc.

As the notorious Carrie Nation has just recently been sentenced to 30 days in jail and to pay a \$100 fine, it looks as though the old lady would not materialize at this place August 4th.

Mr. Morris, Secretary of the Central Poland-China Hog Recording Association, visited Myers & Son, of Rutland, last Monday and inspected their herd. He reports the stock in excellent condition.

A large number of friends gathered at the residence of Isaac and Jacob Casey, three miles south of Argos and enjoyed a splendid dinner, after which they gathered in the shade and helped to consume eight gallons of delicious ice-cream. All enjoyed a splendid time.

Mrs. Harvey Overmyer, of near Richland Center died Sunday morning. Funeral services were held Tuesday, at 11 a. m., at Richland Center M. E. church. Heart trouble and rheumatism the cause of death. She was born near Maxinkuckee, June 19th, 1863. The deceased came from a large family, who have passed on before except three brothers and three sisters.

E. A. Poor, the tonsorial artist at this place, received word the fore part of the week from Marion, Ind., that his son Earl had enlisted in the regular army. Mrs. Poor who was visiting her husband in Culver, immediately returned to Marion, and found her boy already clothed in Uncle Sam's uniform, and ready to depart for Ft. Mead, South Dakota, where he will be stationed and initiated in army life. His parents were greatly grieved over the matter as they were strongly opposed to Earl entering the army.

O. R. Porter, of Plymouth, was in town Thursday.

Mrs. Dr. Hollister is visiting relatives in Cleveland, O.

Hon. H. G. Thayer, of Plymouth, was a Culver visitor last Sunday.

Dr. Loring has employed Wm. Loudon to paint his office building.

A. N. Bogardus was in Barr Oak on business last Saturday evening.

J. B. Burns, of Chesterton, visited his family the fore part of the week.

Ollie and Arthur Porter, of Plymouth, visited Culver relatives this week.

Miss Trella Logan, of Plymouth, visited Mrs. Elsie Curtis, the fore part of the week.

Floyd Listenberger, of Bremen, was visiting relatives in this vicinity the fore part of the week.

Peter Biddinger a prominent real estate agent of Rochester, is visiting S. E. Medbourn and family.

The Misses Zora Rea and Zora Bolen, of Ober, visited their cousin, Miss Lucretia Rea, last Sunday.

"Grandfather" Caple, father of Dr. Caple, of Maxinkuckee, died at his home west of Rochester Monday, July 22.

Seadon Fleet, who has been attending the University of Virginia, arrived home this week looking hale and hearty.

Edward F. Sullivan, who has been visiting Miss Josephine Overman for the past three weeks, left Thursday for Faribault, Minn., where he will assume the leadership of a large Cornet Band.

The annual race meeting of the Logansport Driving Club will be held next week from Tuesday to Friday. The purses amount to \$5,800 and a large number of good horses are entered.

Frank Cromley, who has been manager of the Heinz pickle factory since its erection in '97, was transferred last week to Donaldson. His many friends regretted to see him leave.—Monterey Sun.

Myers & Son of Rutland, have shipped five thoroughbred Poland-China hogs within the past week. Four head went to Rocklane, in the southern part of the state, to a gentleman who is just starting out in the thoroughbred hog-raising business.

A wedding occurred at the residence of Sam Rearick last Sunday, it being the happy occasion when his daughter Lizzie was united in marriage to Mr. Mel Leighty, of Starke county, Rev. Ruff officiating. W. S. Easterday and wife of this city were present and participated in the festivities.

A. B. White, of Twin Lakes, and Mr. and Mrs. Frank Travis, of Port Huron, Mich., were here visiting the former's brother, Henry White, and wife. The visiting gentleman were officers in the 45th Volunteers, and have but recently returned from active service in the Philippines.

Sunday July 28, at the M. E. church, Sunday school 10 a. m. Preaching 11 a. m. by Quincy Lee Morrow, and DeLoss Smith will sing a solo. Junior League at the usual hour. Union services on the lawn at the Reformed church at 7 p. m. This meeting will close in time for those who desire to attend the assembly.

FOUND HER MOTHER.

A True Story That Reads Like a Romance.

About 12 years ago a car load of orphan children landed in Plymouth from the Home of the Friendless at Boston, Mass., and the most of them found homes among strangers in Marshall county. Among the number was a bright and handsome five year old girl by the name of Lillian Rhodes, who was taken into the home of John Overmyer, who lives near Hibbard, where she remained one and one-half years, when owing to circumstances, she was taken into the home of Harvey Norris, who is proprietor of the Maple Grove Place on the east side of the lake, where she has lived contented and happy ever since. The girl, who is now 17 years of age, could not give a very distinct account of her ancestors, or as to whether her parents were alive or not. But she stated that for some time she had lived with a woman she called "Aunt" in Revere, Vermont, and out of curiosity, Prof. Allen Norris wrote to this lady, and in a few days received a letter stating that Miss Rhode's mother is alive and lives at Arlington Heights, Mass. To confirm the really romantic affair, the mother has written to her long lost daughter, and it is expected that a reunion will take place in the by and by. In the meantime Miss Rhodes, who is a beautiful and charming young lady, is waiting with great anxiety for that important meeting.

A Close Call.

Last Saturday afternoon, a six year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Sturgeon, who live about one-half mile north of the academy, met with an accident which came near costing her her life. A gentleman was visiting at Sturgeon's, and left a 32 calibre revolver in his buggy, which stood in the barayard. The little girl climbed into the vehicle, and finding the shooting-iron, commenced to play with it, when it was accidentally discharged, the ball cutting a furrow along the left side about the tenth part of an inch deep. This was both fortunate and unfortunate, as the parents can thank providence that it is no worse.

Those Sunday Excursions.

Sunday was the banner day thus far this season for excursions. About 5000 people were here, who enjoyed boat riding fishing etc. It was also the hottest day thus far this year, as "Old Sol" raised the thermometer to 108. It was in many respects the tighest crowd that ever visited the lake, as both men and woman had "jags on" and whooped and yelled to their heart's content. But then, Culver is supposed to be composed of civilized people, who may at some future time take steps to take care of peace-disturbers, and make them add to the school fund by walking up to the captain's office, and pay a fine. A few heavy doses of the law might prove a beneficial measure, and lessen drunkenness and foul, blasphemous language constantly used in the presence of ladies on such occasions.

Noland Huntington, of Decatur, Ill., is visiting his grandfather, Mr. J. S. Hussey, who lives three miles east of the lake.

RAIN-RAIN WHEN WILL THE PRAYERS FOR RAIN BE ANSWERED?

AWFUL HEAT IN THE WEST.

Temperature Over 100 Degrees in Most Cities.

For two weeks past from throughout the West have come reports of prayer meetings held for the especial purpose of praying for rain and a cooler temperature. At no place has it been reported at this writing that the prayer service has been followed by relief. At the same time, while the number of prostrations was immense, the deaths were few compared to the awful records made during the hot spell in the East early in the month. New heat records made on Saturday in many cities were curled up and burned to nothing by the still never records of Sunday. The corn belt has about given up hoping for relief, and now the farmers are looking to their vegetables and fruit, some of which may be saved, but most of which is simply burning up for want of water. Many towns report outdoor prayer services in the evenings, where the churches were too hot to permit of their use.

A hot wave, fiercer than any of its predecessors, swept over the scorched plains of the Central West from the mountains to the lakes Sunday, adding woes to the already heavy burden of the farmers, causing prostrations and misery in the cities. The heat wave extends from the gulf into the upper peninsula of Michigan, and almost every town in Kansas, Missouri, Iowa, Nebraska, North Dakota, Wisconsin, Minnesota, and even as far west as Colorado, reports temperature of over 100 degrees, accompanied by burning winds.

Reports of ruined corn, burned up pastures, and blasted oat fields come from all parts of the Central West, adding terror to the situation for the farmers. The drought in the Central West has been almost unprecedented, and the reports say the corn crop has already been damaged to the extent of 50 per cent.

Kansas City announces the most remarkable heated term in its history. For thirty-one days the temperature has risen above 90 degrees every afternoon, and for the last twelve days the mercury has gone above 100 regularly. Since April 5 there has been but one heavy shower.

The thermometers in the street registered 112 degrees of heat Sunday.

Much suffering is reported among the farm laborers, and in many districts it is almost impossible to get the wheat crop harvested because men will not go into the harvest field during the hot weather. The railroads of the Northwest are also experiencing much difficulty with laborers, the section gangs being unable to carry on their work. Several of the roads have put on relief gangs and given their forces shorter hours. The heat wave prevailed over all the drought-stricken region of the Southwest—Kansas, Western Missouri, Indian Territory, and Oklahoma. Prayers for rain were offered in nearly all the churches in Missouri and Kansas—in the former State in obedience to the Governor's proclamation.

The following is Sunday's heat record of different cities:

Sioux City, Ia.103	St. Paul, Minn.101
Des Moines, Ia.103.2	Minneapolis102
Davenport, Ia.101	Pierre, S. D.108
Keokuk, Ia.103	Lincoln, Neb.102.4
Milwaukee, Wis.105	Cumberland, Wis.104
Marshalltown105	Ramsay, Ill.108
Kansas City, Mo.102	Springfield, Ill.102

Chicago's Hottest Day.

With a temperature of 103 at 5 o'clock in the afternoon and of 99 at 7 o'clock in the evening Sunday broke all records in the weather history of Chicago. At its highest point the temperature was one degree higher than that on July 10, which was itself a record-breaker for high temperatures. Still more striking evidence of the prevalence of the present unbreakable "heat wave" is that as evening approached there was little if any relief. In the sun-baked streets of the downtown district the reflected heat from walls and pavements caused the thermometer to register an even higher temperature than that at the weather bureau. The spectacle of coatless men moving languidly along the streets in a blistering temperature at sunset was only one of the outward signs of a remarkable incident in Chicago-weather annals.

If any proof had been needed to show the importance of the lake breeze to Chicago it was afforded by the record of temperatures at the different hours of the day. The heat became oppressive at 1 o'clock, the thermometer rising con-

stantly until 2 o'clock, when it recorded 102 degrees. At that hour the lake breeze appeared on the scene and proceeded to the performance of its professional duties. The temperature fell in an hour to 84 degrees and the city enjoyed comparative comfort. Had the breeze continued the rest of the day would have been pleasantly cool, but between 3 and 4 o'clock, the breeze again shifted and the thermometer straightway rose until at 5 o'clock it reached 103. It is the lake breeze—and that alone, apparently—which makes Chicago's summer climate so much more tolerable than that of the other inland cities of the Middle West. Were it not for the lake, the great heat wave overlying the entire country would rest upon Chicago just as oppressively as it does upon the suffering residents of Kansas and Missouri.

Practically the entire country was covered by the hot wave Sunday, except the immediate Pacific coast, and in the States of Iowa, Missouri, and Illinois, nearly all previous high records were exceeded. The maximum temperature line of 100 degrees encircles the entire corn belt. At Davenport and Dubuque, Iowa, and at Springfield, Ill., the maximum temperatures of 106 degrees were two degrees above the highest previous record, while at St. Louis the maximum of 106 degrees has been equaled but once before, on Aug. 12, 1881.

In the States of Iowa, Missouri and Kansas the duration of the present heated term is without precedent, there having been practically no interruption to temperature of 90 degrees or over for a period of thirty-four days. On eighteen days of this period the maximum temperature at Kansas City was 100 degrees or more.

Fatal heat prostrations are reported from the following places: Omaha, 3; Kansas City, Kas., 4; Springfield, Ill., 1; Lincoln, Neb., 3; Louisville, Ky., 3; Bowling Green, Ky., 1; St. Louis, Mo., 2.

At Indianapolis, Ind., it was 110 degrees on the drill ground of the Indiana National Guard, in camp at the State fair grounds. During brigade drill Sunday evening fifteen men fell from the heat and were carried from the field by the ambulance corps.

CONDITION OF CROPS.

HIGH TEMPERATURE THROUGHOUT THE MIDDLE WEST.

The Drought Is General—Early Rains Will Insure a Fair Yield of Corn—Outlook in Spring Wheat Region Favorable—Conditions Reviewed.

The weekly crop report issued by the climate and crop division of the weather bureau says that the week was intensely warm in the Missouri and Mississippi valleys, the eastern portion of the upper Michigan peninsula, over the central Rocky Mountain region and the northern portion of the west gulf States, where the average daily excess amounted to 6 degrees per day, and ranged from 6 to 12 degrees in the Missouri valley.

The general summary of the crop condition is given as follows:

The States of the middle Rocky Mountain region and Missouri and Mississippi valleys have experienced another, the third consecutive, week of intense heat, the maximum temperatures over a large part of these districts ranging above 100 degrees daily during the week, many stations reporting from 100 degrees to 107 degrees. With an almost entire absence of rain, the crops in the region named have been subjected to most unfavorable conditions. In the States lying immediately to the eastward of the Mississippi river very high temperatures have also prevailed, but the heat has been less intense and its effects not so serious as in the districts to the westward. On the Atlantic coast very favorable temperature conditions have prevailed, with abundant rains, excessive and damaging in portions in the middle and south Atlantic States. On the Pacific coast it has been cool and dry, with frost in Washington on the 12th.

The corn crop as a whole in the great corn States of the central valleys has materially deteriorated and has sustained serious injury over the western portion of the corn belt, especially in Missouri, Nebraska, Kansas and Oklahoma. A very large part of the crop is late, however, and this has withstood the trying conditions of the drought and heat remarkably well, and with early rains will still make a fair crop. This is particularly applicable to Iowa, Nebraska and portions of Kansas and northern Missouri.

The early corn in central and southern Missouri, portions of eastern Kansas, Arkansas and in the central and western gulf States has been irreparably injured. In the upper Ohio valley corn, while needing rain, has improved, and in the Atlantic coast districts the crop has made excellent progress.

Winter wheat harvest is about finished, except in the more northerly portion of the Atlantic coast districts, where in some sections it has been retarded by rain. Harvesting has begun in the north Pacific coast region under very favorable conditions. Over the southern portion of the spring wheat region spring wheat has ripened prematurely and the general prospect is less promising than previously reported.

Report by States.

Missouri—Another week of extreme heat and drought; late corn in northern counties would make fair yield with rain; early corn greatly damaged and in central and southern sections almost entire crop beyond help; cotton generally holding its own, but some complaint of shedding; hay nearly finished, very light yield; stock being fed; water scarce; apples and peaches drying up and falling.

Illinois—Dry, hot weather damaged vegetation considerably; good wheat yields reported; oats injured somewhat by heat and some ripened prematurely, harvest in progress; corn injured considerably, but generally not beyond recovery if rain comes soon; hay crop light, but harvested in good condition; pastures, gardens, and potatoes suffering from drought and heat; fruit injured by heat, especially apples and blackberries.

Indiana—Warm weather; no rain; corn growing rapidly in clean fields, but unless rain comes soon the prospect for a heavy crop will diminish; potatoes are drying; tobacco growing well, but needs rain; fair crop of early apples ripening; peaches abundant; shipments commenced; wheat, rye and barley thrashing continues, yield good; oat harvest and haying continue.

Ohio—Splendid harvesting weather and time well improved; wheat mostly harvested and threshed; yield light to fair, some shriveled grain; haying well under way; crop good; corn improved, some damage by chinch bugs and drought in southwest; tobacco needing rain; potato crop light to fair; peaches ripening, large crop; apples not good.

Michigan—Weather generally favorable for haying and for wheat, rye and barley harvest, but too dry for best growth of corn, potatoes and pastures; corn beginning to tassle and in need of cultivation; beans and sugar beets continue promising; oats maturing on short straw; wheat thrashers report generally light yields.

Wisconsin—No rain; crops in southern counties damaged to some extent by heat and lack of moisture; corn in central and northern sections growing rapidly; winter wheat and rye harvested; large amount of hay put up in good condition; yield better than anticipated except in southern counties; tobacco making little progress on account of drought.

Iowa—Very high temperature with slight relief in eastern districts by scattered showers; harvesting progressing rapidly under best condition for securing hay and grain; reports indicate some damage to corn in limited areas of sandy or hardpan soils, but bulk of crop is stoutly holding its own with fair prospects if relief comes soon; late berry crop and apples suffering badly.

South Dakota—Dry and hot; some hot winds; spring wheat heads especially late; partly blighted, in some localities seriously, general prospective yield and quality of wheat and oats apparently considerably reduced; barley and spring rye ripening prematurely; flax, potatoes and grass somewhat injured; rain generally needed and in a number of localities badly.

Minnesota—Dry and very hot, temperature over 100 degrees on 13th and 14th; some damage to spring wheat by blight, chinch bugs and premature ripening in south, but in all grain on uplands are good; early barley and some oats being out; spring wheat harvest expected to begin by 15th; corn and flax growing rapidly.

Nebraska—Winter wheat being thrashed, yield and quality good; spring wheat and oats have ripened too rapidly in northern counties and yield will be somewhat reduced; early planted corn beginning to tassle in southern counties and is considerably damaged; late planted corn is standing drought well, but all corn has deteriorated in condition; apples dropping badly; hay prospects poorer.



John G. A. Leishman, United States minister to Turkey, who collected the long-outstanding debt of the Sublime Porte to the American government, was recently transferred from his post of minister to Switzerland to the mission at Constantinople. He is a native of Pennsylvania and a resident of Pittsburg. His wealth, which is very great, was accumulated in the iron and steel industry, from which he retired a few years ago. This successful diplomat was reared in an orphan asylum at Allegheny. He began his business career as an office boy with the Shoenberger Steel Company. In twelve years he was cashier of the company and later formed a connection with the Carnegie company and remained with that concern until 1897.



"Elijah" Dowie and the healing hosts of Zion have a formidable rival in "Bishop" Eastman and the "Holy Rollers," who are now causing great excitement in central New York. The "Holy Rollers" are so called from their practice of rolling upon the ground in spasms of religious ecstasy. Often the "saints" of the church, after so rolling, become apparently lifeless and lie for hours in a cataleptic state. "Bishop" Eastman, the head of the "Holy Rollers," was a country teacher when, ten years ago, he became a religious devotee and organized the strange church which now has several thousand members. Their services are usually held out of doors, and preferably on a hill top, and are marked by much shouting, leaping, and kissing among the men. They practice "divine healing," and claim to have made most remarkable cures.



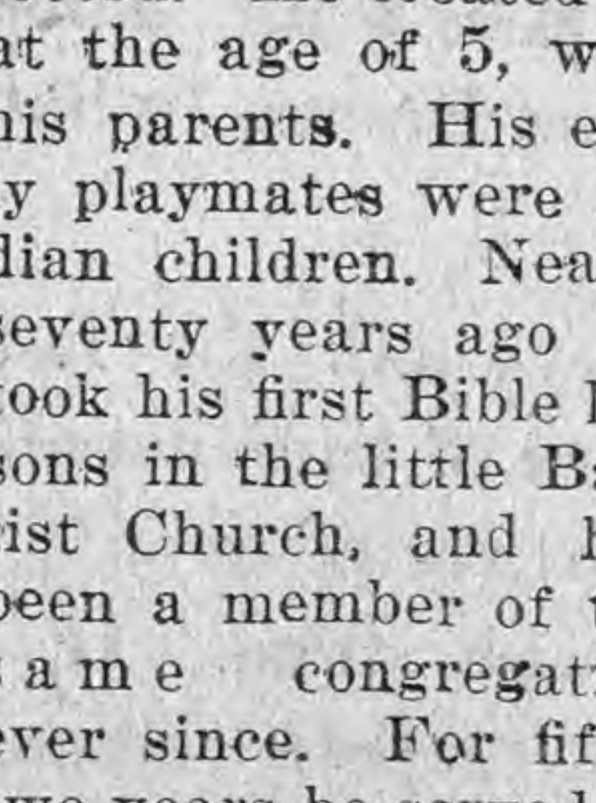
Alfred B. Kittredge, a prominent attorney of Sioux Falls and ex-national committeeman for South Dakota, has been appointed to fill the unexpired term of the late United States Senator Kyle. He is a native of Cheshire County, New Hampshire, and was born March 23, 1861. In 1886 he located in Sioux Falls and engaged in the practice of law. He was elected State Senator from Minnehaha County in 1880, and in 1891 was re-elected. At the Republican national conventions of 1892 and 1896 he was elected as South Dakota member of the Republican national committee. He is the local attorney of the Great Northern and Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad companies.



Myron T. Herrick, who has been selected for the post of ambassador to Italy in succession to George V. L. Meyer of Massachusetts, is best known for his connection with the Society for Savings, of which he has been president since 1894, and which has deposits aggregating upward of \$35,000,000. The prospective ambassador was educated at Oberlin and Delaware colleges. In 1875 he located in Cleveland with the intention of reading law, and three years thereafter he was admitted to the bar.



One of the most remarkable of this year's crop of college graduates is W. Duff Piercey, the valedictorian of the class of 1901 at McKendree College at Lebanon, Ill. Mr. Piercey graduated from the classical department after five years' study, during which time he has earned enough money to pay not only his own expenses but those of his wife as well. Mrs. Piercey will graduate in the class of 1902. Mr. Piercey has made his money as a newspaper correspondent and as a school teacher.



Mr. Alexander Anderick, 78, of Sandoval, Ill., has a wonderful church-going record. He located at Sandoval in 1828, at the age of 5, with his parents. His early playmates were Indian children. Nearly seventy years ago he took his first Bible lessons in the little Baptist Church, and has been a member of the same congregation ever since. For fifty-two years he served as ALEX. ANDERICK treasurer of the Centralia Baptist Association, retired from that office, and was elected honorary treasurer for 46.



STATES AND CITIES MOST AFFECTED BY STEEL WORKERS' STRIKE.



The great strike of iron, steel and tin workers sweeps over a stretch of country from the western boundary of New Jersey to the Mississippi River and beyond. It takes in the States of Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, with offshoots in Wisconsin, Minnesota, Michigan and Maryland. Already the strike is on at plants in thirty-nine towns, and all of the plants of the United States Steel Corporation in these various States will, it is believed, be seriously affected before the end of the trouble. The leaders of the Amalgamated Association are going slowly, but threaten to call a strike on every combination controlled by the United States Steel Corporation before they are done. The mass of the men and women out now in Pennsylvania is 21,000, in Ohio 23,000, in Indiana 10,000, and in Illinois 2,000. As many more may be involved later.

CORN BELT IS PERISHING.

Rich Scope of Country Being Devastated by the Terrible Drought. The corn belt is being devastated by drought. A corn crop with a money value of \$546,000,000 is withering away. A general rain would be worth \$100,000,000. But if no rain come and the high temperature continue, there will be a loss of millions. The great corn-growing States are Indiana, Illinois, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, and Iowa. These States produced last year 1,278,238,072 bushels of corn, valued at \$394,642,883. All these States are in the grip of a destroyer as paralyzing as the shifting sands of the desert. Within the limits of the stricken district are seven other corn-growing States—Ohio, Texas, South Dakota, Minnesota, Michigan, Wisconsin, and Kentucky. These States produced last year 441,000,000 bushels of corn, valued at \$151,000,000. Outside of these thirteen States there was grown in the United States 386,000,000 bushels of corn. All of the corn States are more or less affected by the drought, but in the thirteen States the bulk of the world's corn crop, representing \$546,000,000, is being scorched off the earth. The destruction of the corn crop would be a menace to all the commercial interests of the West. The loss of the corn crop would mean loss to the railroads, to the great manufacturing plants, to the ocean steamship lines, and to European interests that last year paid us \$72,000,000 for corn. There have been times when the eyes of the world were turned to Chicago in ruins, to Galveston overwhelmed by a flood. Now they are turned to the perishing corn belt of the United States. A rain sweeping from the gulf northward, or from the mountains eastward, or from the lakes westward would bring firmness to the markets the world over and would give hope to millions of despairing farmers.



Business men have tried in vain to bring sufficient influence to bear upon the opposing leaders in the steel strike to effect a settlement. It is clear that no compromise is thought of now. The steel corporation announces that it will grant no concessions, and the strikers hopefully say that they will win in the end. If each side lives up to its word a long contest may be expected. But the interests at stake are so vast that disappointment will be felt if some of the great financial interests of the country are not strong enough to restore harmony between labor and the largest aggregation of capital in the world. Anxiety is caused to more people by the unsatisfactory outlook for corn. Railroad men in the West insist that the traffic of the roads is so diversified that they will not suffer materially from the loss of the corn, but individual communities will. Fortunately the crops have been abundant for so long that farmers have been able to save against such an experience as this. The destruction of the corn and oats crops will decrease somewhat the purchasing power of the West. A few merchants have hesitated on this account to commit themselves to large orders, but the great majority have not shown timidity. Labor disturbances other than in the steel plants are no longer possibilities for trouble. The passing of the machinists' strike will be followed, events indicate, by an end of the strike of the stationary engineers in the anthracite coal mines.

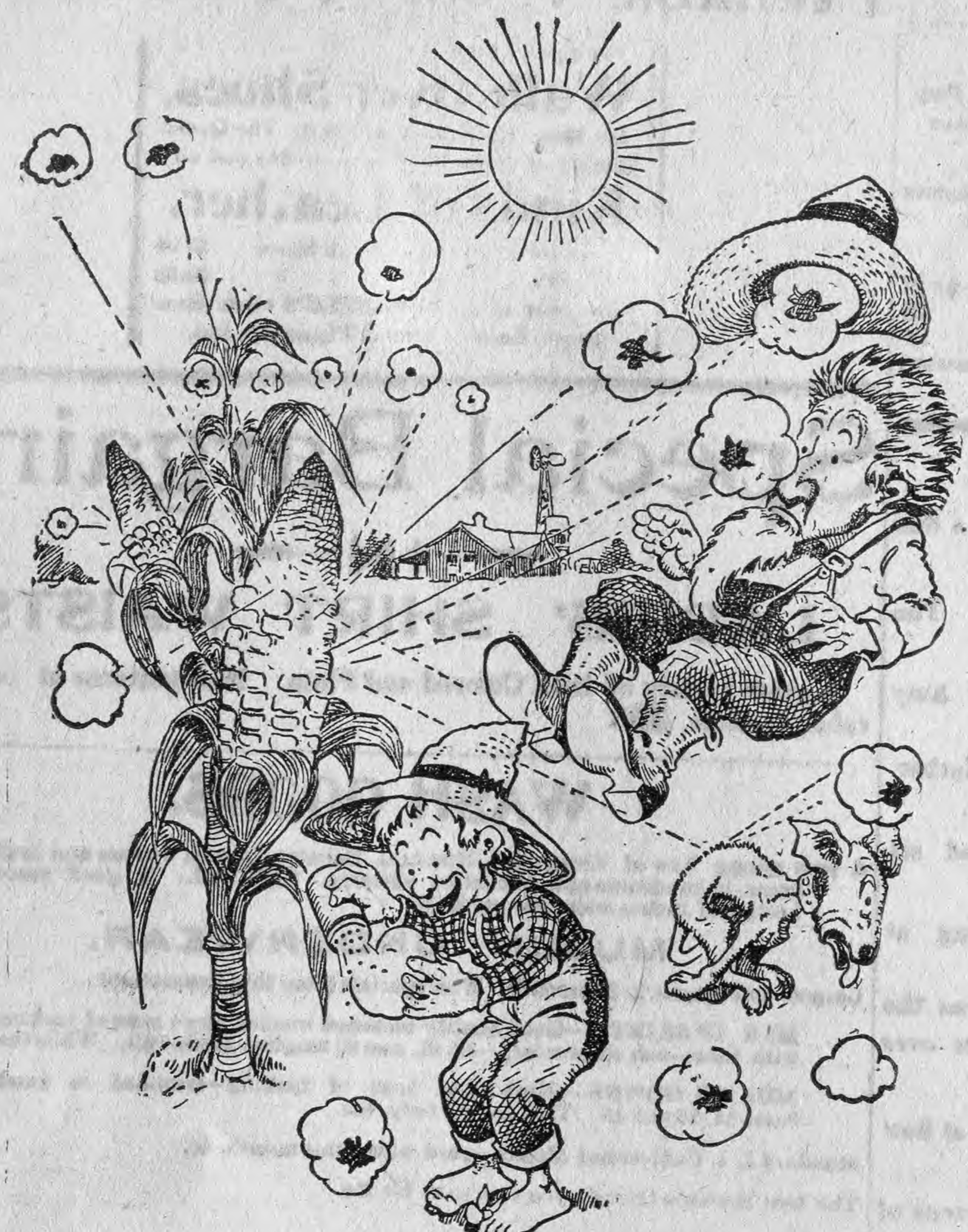
CROP NEWS HELPS PRICES.

Chicago Board of Trade Brokers Bid Up Cereals Amid Great Excitement. With crops burning to destruction came a scene of wild tumult on the Chicago Board of Trade Monday morning. Prices went skyward. Corn advanced 4 cents; September wheat went up 2 cents and there was a rise of 25 cents in oats. The excitement began at the sound of the gong, when corn went to 57 and then to 59. At the flash September wheat went into the rising market at from 69 1/4 to 70%. Oats were quoted at 36 1/4 to 37%.

At each pit, according to dispatches, was a pushing, eager throng, and as the advances were reported along the line the place became a bedlam of sounds. Brokers dripping with perspiration, with collars melted and in the throes of heat were crowding for places at the fore. The advance had plainly been anticipated, for it began early. The weather reports and private reports received by brokers were warning signals. The terrific heat wave Sunday was regarded as almost the limit for the crops. Reports Monday morning told of thousands of acres blistered. At present, it is said, not more than half a crop can be harvested on the average. In some States one-fourth is the more probable figure.

DEATH OF MRS. KRUGER.

Boer President's Wife Succumbs to Pneumonia at Pretoria. Mrs. Kruger, wife of former President Kruger of the South African Republic, died at Pretoria Saturday afternoon of pneumonia, after an illness of three days. She was 67 years old. Mrs. Kruger's long separation from her husband, combined with the recent death of her favorite daughter, Mrs. Smith, had completely broken her spirit. Mr. Eloff and many other members of the Kruger family were at her bedside when she passed away.



It's said to be so hot in Kansas that the corn is actually popping on the stalks.
—St. Paul Pioneer Press.

FARM EXPORTS OF 1900.

Agricultural Department Issues Some Interesting Figures.

The foreign market section of the Agricultural Department has compiled statistics showing the distribution of the agricultural exports of the United States for the years from 1896 to 1900. The report shows that there were a dozen countries in 1900 to each of which the United States exported over \$10,000,000 worth of domestic farm produce. The United Kingdom purchased \$408,000,000 and Germany \$134,000,000 worth. The agricultural exports to the United Kingdom were the largest on record excepting those of the extraordinary year of 1898, when a value of \$439,000,000 was attained. In trade with Germany the exports for 1900 were decidedly in excess of any previously reported, and show an increase of nearly 100 per cent in the five years' period.

Next in order to the above named countries in 1900 were the following: The Netherlands, \$52,000,000, these figures being exceeded only in 1899 by less than \$1,000,000; France, \$45,000,000; Belgium, \$33,000,000, as against \$31,000,000 in 1896 to France and \$18,000,000 to Belgium during the same year; Italy, \$24,000,000; Canada, \$21,000,000; Japan, over \$15,000,000; Denmark, nearly \$15,000,000; Cuba, \$14,000,000, as against \$4,000,000 in 1896; Spain, \$10,500,000, as against a trifle less than \$10,000,000 in 1896; British Africa, \$10,300,000.

Exports ranging in value from \$5,515,000 down went to more than a dozen other different countries.

The total exports of domestic farm produce to Cuba, Porto Rico, Hawaii, and the Philippine Islands in 1900 had an aggregate value of over \$20,000,000, as compared with only \$6,200,000 in 1896.

South America was the only contingent to which United States agricultural exports for the last five years show a decline—from \$11,236,000 in 1896 to \$9,452,000 in 1900. The most striking gain was in our exports to Asia, rising from \$5,735,000 in 1896 to nearly \$23,000,000 in 1900. The principal part of American agricultural exports in 1900 found a market in Europe, sales to European countries having an aggregate value of \$739,000,000.

With the exception of the phenomenal year 1898, when they reached \$762,000,000, these figures are the largest on record. In 1896 they were \$503,000,000. To the various North American countries the exports in 1900 were \$55,000,000 in 1896 \$58,000,000, and in 1896 \$44,000,000.

The ten principal items in our agricultural export trade for 1900 were:

Breadstuffs	\$262,744,078
Cotton	242,988,978
Meat products	173,751,471
Live animals	43,585,031
Tobacco	29,422,371
Oil cake and cake meal	16,806,302
Vegetable oils	16,345,056
Fruits and nuts	11,642,602
Dairy products	9,226,520
Seeds	7,036,982
Others	31,067,079

Total \$844,616,530
Of meat products \$107,621,000 went to the United Kingdom and \$32,708,000 of live animals to the same country.

STARVING IN THE KLONDIKE.

Joseph Davidowich Tells of Food Famine on Kobuk River.

Joseph Davidowich, a Russian, arrived at Nome a few days before the sailing of the steamship Kimball with a story to the effect that there are 200 miners in the Kobuk river district, in the Kotzebue Sound country, hard pressed for food. Though there is plenty of gold in the camp, mined from the Kobuk and its tributaries, according to his story, the supply of provisions is extremely limited. Davidowich said a man and a woman, natives, died of starvation a few days before he left the district.

**CARTER HARRISON
A SHIRT-WAIST MAN.**



Mayor Carter Harrison of Chicago has joined the cohorts of the capless and appears at his office in shirtwaist garb. He created quite a sensation among the city hall attaches, but nearly all of the officials are preparing to follow the chief executive's example. One haberdasher is known to have already started upon a dozen pink and green shirtwaists for a Chicago public officer.

BOERS AS HOMESTEADERS.

Transvaal Republicans Go to Lawson, O. T., to Find Peace.

Three hundred and fifty Boers, despairing of retaining freedom in their native land, trekked into Lawson, O. T., and registered for homesteads in the new country being opened for settlement. They arrived at New Orleans three weeks ago and declared their intention of becoming citizens. Those who are unlucky in the drawing will buy of other settlers, and a Transvaal in Oklahoma will be the result.

Their head is Capt. Joubert, a nephew of the famous fighting Piet. He speaks English fluently. Relative to their intentions he said: "We came to Alabama on an early transport that had made its last trip to South Africa with mules. Its captain was under no further obligation to the British and we easily made a deal with him. Only a few women came with us. The rest will come as soon as we locate. We believe our native country will be unable to wrest freedom from England. If we succeed in securing good lands, thousands of others who followed the fortunes of President Kruger will also locate here. We have received the kindest of treatment, and know we will love our new land."

FOSBURGH TRIAL IS BEGUN.

Massachusetts Man Accused of Killing His Own Sister.

The trial of Robert Stuart Fosburgh, charged with killing his own sister, May L. Fosburgh, last August, was begun at Pittsfield, Mass., Thursday. The arrest of Fosburgh caused a wave of excitement all over New England. The members of the Fosburgh family contended that robbers entered the house and attacked Robert and his father and that the young woman was killed by a bullet fired by a burglar.

The prosecution is based on the theory that the shooting was the result of a bitter family quarrel in which young Fosburgh, using his own revolver, shot his sister, although intending the bullet for another member of the family. A jury was secured within thirty minutes from the time the first name on the panel was called.

The Colonel's Answer.

Lieutenant Colonel Hugh L. Scott of the United States Volunteers, formerly Captain of the Seventh Cavalry, is known in the army as an officer who probably knows more about Indian sign language than any other living man. At one time Col. Scott made a standing offer of \$1 to any redskin who could show him a sign used by any tribe which he did not know. The Colonel is also peculiarly absent-minded, a fact which was emphasized at his marriage a few years ago.

As he stood at the altar with his bride, the officiating clergyman asked him the usual question as to taking the woman beside him to be his wife. The Colonel placed two fingers upon his left eyebrow. After an embarrassing pause the clergyman repeated the question, and again the two fingers went solemnly to the left eyebrow. It was not until the best man poked the bridegroom in the ribs that he came back to earth and articulated "Yes."—New York Evening Sun.

Keeping Up Appearances.

Excited man (to reporter)—Now, in writing up the story of the burglary of my house, you must say that they over-looked \$4,000 in the cupboard.

Reporter (incredulously)—Really?
Excited Man—Yes. You see, I don't want the public to know that they could go through my house and only find \$32 worth of silver and stuff worth stealing.—Boston Herald.

Johnson at Work Again.

Racine, Wis., July 22.—John Johnson, of No. 924 Hamilton street, this city, is a happy man.

For years he has suffered with Kidney and Urinary trouble. He was so broken down that he was forced to quit work. Everything he tried failed, till a friend of his recommended a new remedy—Dodd's Kidney Pills. Mr. Johnson used them, and the result surprised him. He is well as ever he was, completely cured, and working away every day.

His case is regarded by those who knew how very bad he was, as almost a miracle, and Dodd's Kidney Pills are a much talked of medicine.

The Joys of House Cleaning.

Hubby—Ah, my dear, you see I have come home from the office an hour earlier than usual!

Wife—Oh, you dear, good man! I was just wondering who I could get to take up these carpets!—Brooklyn Life.

Do Your Feet Ache and Burn?

Shake into your shoes, Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It makes tight or New Shoes feel Easy. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Hot and Sweating Feet. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Great men are very apt to have great faults; and the faults appear the greater by their contrast with their excellencies.—C. Simmons.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. Samuel, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

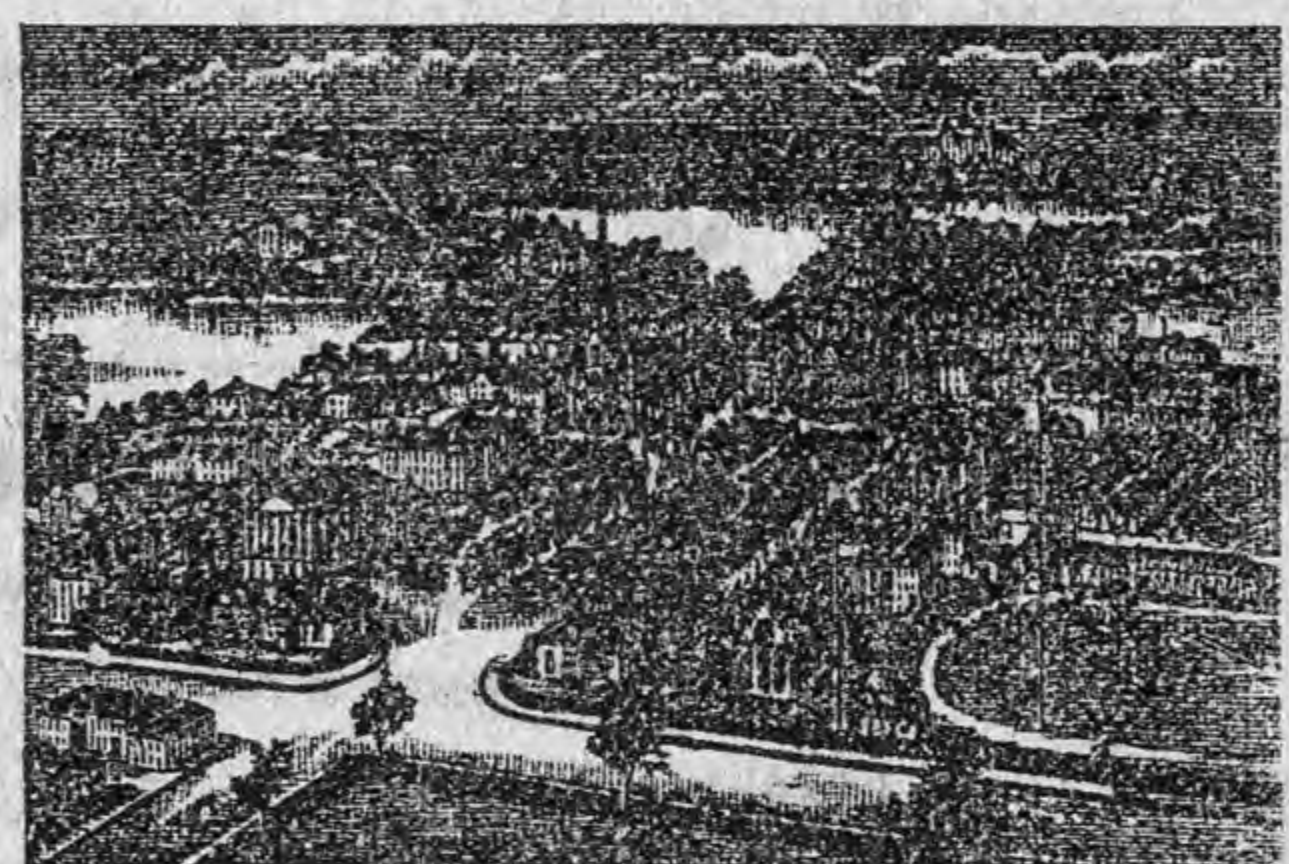
Gibbon's mother was passionately fond of reading, and encouraged her son to follow her example.

FITS Permanently Cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE \$2.00 trial bottle and treatise. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Sidney Smith's mother was a clever conversationalist and very quick at repartee.

Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP for Children teething; softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

After crosses and losses men grow humbler and wiser.—Franklin.



**The University of Notre Dame,
NOTRE DAME, INDIANA.**

FULL COURSES in Classics, Letters, Economics and History, Journalism, Art, Science, Pharmacy, Law, Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering, Architecture.

Rooms Free to all students who have completed the studies required for admission into the Junior or Senior Year, of any of the Collegiate Courses.

Rooms to Rent; moderate charge to students over seventeen preparing for Collegiate Courses. A limited number of Candidates for the Ecological state will be received at special rates.

St. Edward's Hall, for boys under 13 years, is unique in the completeness of its equipments.

The 58th Year will open September 10th, 1901. Catalogues Free. Address

REV. A. MORRISSEY, C. S. C., President.

A Skin of Beauty is a Joy Forever;

DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM, OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER.



Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rash, and skin diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of 44 years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. Dr. L. A. Sayre said to a lady of the hospital (a patient): "As you ladies will use them, I recommend Gouraud's Cream as the least harmful of all the skin preparations." For sale by all Druggists and Fancy-Goods Dealers in the U. S., Canada and Europe. FERD. T. HOPKINS, Prop'r., 37 Great Jones St., N. Y.

SCALE AUCTION
BIDS BY MAIL. YOUR OWN PRICE.
Jones, He Pays the Freight, Binghamton, N. Y.

A JUDGE'S WIFE CURED OF PELVIC CATARRH.

She Suffered for Years and felt Her Case Was Hopeless—Cured by Pe-ru-na.



MRS. JUDGE McALLISTER.

Mrs. Judge McAllister writes from 1217 West 33rd st., Minneapolis, Minn., as follows:

"I suffered for years with a pain in the small of my back and right side. It interfered often with my domestic and social duties and I never supposed that I would be cured, as the doctor's medicine did not seem to help me any."

"Fortunately a member of our Order advised me to try Peruna and gave it such high praise that I decided to try it. Although I started in with little faith, I felt so much better in a week that I felt encouraged."

"I took it faithfully for seven weeks and am happy indeed to be able to say that I am entirely cured. Words fail to express my gratitude. Perfect health once more is the best thing I could wish for, and thanks to Peruna I enjoy that now."—Minnie E. McAllister.

The great popularity of Peruna as a catarrh remedy has tempted many people to imitate Peruna. A great many so-called catarrh remedies and catarrh tonics are to be found in many drug-stores. These remedies can be procured by the druggist much cheaper than Peruna. Peruna can only be obtained at a uniform price, and no druggist can get it a cent cheaper.

Thus it is that druggists are tempted to substitute the cheap imitations of Peruna for Peruna. It is done every day without a doubt. We would therefore caution all people

against accepting these substitutes. Insist upon having Peruna. There is no other internal remedy for catarrh that will take the place of Peruna. Allow no one to persuade you to the contrary.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

Prevent Baldness

And Cleanse the Scalp of Crusts, Scales, and Dandruff by Shampoos with



And light dressings with CUTICURA, purest of emollients and greatest of skin cures. This treatment at once stops falling hair, removes crusts, scales, and dandruff, soothes irritated, itching surfaces, stimulates the hair follicles, supplies the roots with energy and nourishment, and makes the hair grow upon a sweet, wholesome, healthy scalp when all else fails.

Millions of Women

USE CUTICURA SOAP, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, the great skin cure, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, for baby rashes, itches, and chafings, in the form of baths for annoying irritations and inflammations, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women and mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used these great skin purifiers and beautifiers to use any others. CUTICURA SOAP combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, the BEST skin and complexion soap, the BEST toilet and baby soap in the world.

Cuticura THE SET
Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humour. Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA OINTMENT, to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, and humiliating skin, scalp, and blood humours. With loss of hair, when all else fails. Sold throughout the world. British Depot: F. NEWBERRY & SONS, 27-28, Charterhouse Sq., London. PORTER DRUG AND CHEM. COFF., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

\$10 Will pay for a 5-LINE advertisement four weeks in 100 high grade Illinois newspapers—100,000 circulation pay week guaranteed. Send for catalogue, Standard-Union, 88 S. Jefferson St., Chicago.
C. N. U. No. 30-1901
WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE SAY you saw the advertisement in this paper.

MR. GEO. S. HOLLISTER'S

UP-TO-DATE STORE.

Stunning Reductions

Underwear, Boots, Ahoes, Etc. . . .

We do not care to carry over our winter stock, so have decided to give some EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS.

Our goods are new and clean, and our GROCERY DEPARTMENT teems with the best selection the land affords.

In TOBACCOS and CIGARS we are unsurpassed.

Remember the "Old Stand."

WE HAVE A FEW

Wash Suits and Skirts

to close out about one-fourth of what they have been. We have white Duck Skirts that were \$1.29, and now only 49c; Wash Suits that were \$2.89, \$3.89, and \$5.00, choice now only 98c; a few odd Linen Jackets to close at 25c. We want to sell all of our worsted tailor-made suits and put prices on them that ought to make them go:

- Lot 1. Used to sell from \$6.00 to \$7.50, now \$3.98.
- Lot 2. Used to sell from 8.50 to 11.00 now 6.98.
- Lot 3. Used to sell from 9.00 to 15.00, now 7.98.

We have white Shirt Waists, 1901 makes, at 49c, 69 and 98c, away below value. We have a lot of colored Shirt Waists from 39 to 98c any one of them 25 per cent below value.

We offer a lot of dimity Wash Goods at 5c. We offer a good dark Calico at 3c per yard. We offer 20 pieces double fold dark Percales, worth 8c, at 6 1/4c.

Kloepfer's New York Store, Plymouth, Ind.

Culver Market.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat. It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps and all other results of imperfect digestion. Price 50c, and \$1. Large size contains 24 times small size. Book all about dyspepsia mailed free. Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago.

Oats	31
Wheat	67
Eye	47
Corn	50
Flour, per hundred, selling at	\$2.15
POULTRY AND EGGS.	
Eggs, fresh	10
Hens	06
Springs	10
Ducks, per pound	05
Geese, per pound	05
Old Cocks, per pound	03
Butter, per pound	12

Chautauqua Lake Excursions. July 5th and 26th via the Nickel Plate Road at reduced rates. Tickets good and returning until August 6th and 27th respectively. Write, wire, phone or call on nearest agent or C. A. Asterlin, T. P. A., Ft. Wayne, Ind., or R. J. Hamilton, agent, Ft. Wayne, Ind.

Eczema, salt rheum, tetter, chafing, ivy poisoning and all skin tortures are quickly cured by DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. The certain pile cure. T. E. Slattery.

The bilious, tired man cannot successfully compete with his healthy rival. DeWitt's Little Early Riser the famous pills for constipation will remove the cause of your troubles. T. E. Slattery.

CULVER CITY HERALD

Entered at Culver Postoffice as Second class matter.

GEO. E. NEARPASS, Ed. and Pub. HOMER L. NEARPASS, Local Editor.

ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY. Obituaries and poetry pertaining thereto charged at the rate of 20 cents per inch.

SUBSCRIPTION: For One Year \$1.25 For Six Months .70 For Three Months .35 If paid promptly in advance a discount of 25 cents will be given on the year.

Maxinkuckee.

Wm. Norris has purchased a fine team of bays.

Sarber's bargain counter. The county's talk.

Miss Edna Peeples visited Amy Barnes Sunday.

When in Argos call on Sarber. The Red Tag sale is now on.

One of the cottagers landed six fine bass one day last week.

Get your meat for thrashing at John Osborn's.

Miss Smith of Rochester was the guest of Mrs. Fred Thompson over Sunday.

Those 20, 15 and 10c laces at Sarber's for 5c.

Our hotels are full, with dozens of applications for board and rooms at any price.

Ask Sarber to see those novelty dishes at 10c.

Peter Spangler had a yield of 370 bushels of wheat from 10 acres.

The I. O. O. F. lodge here installed the following officers Saturday evening: E. Wickizer, N. G.; C. C. Vermillion, V. G.; E. A. Wilson, Rec. Sec.; D. W. Marks, Sec.; A. L. Wilson, Prelate; M. L. Lake, Warden; A. E. Barnes, R. S. N. G.; G. M. Spangler, L. S. N. G.; Wm. Shanes, R. S. S.; D. R. Thomas, L. S. S.

On Sunday, July 28, there will be a Union open air meeting, on the lawn between the parsonage and the Reformed church. The service will last 35 minutes and begin promptly at 7 p. m. Mr. Herbert Garn will address the meeting.

"The doctors told me my cough was incurable. One Minute Cough Cure made me a well man." Norris Silver, North Stratford, N. H.—Because you've not found relief from a stubborn cough, don't despair. One Minute Cough Cure has cured thousands and it will cure you. Safe and sure. T. E. Slattery.

* CULVER CITY *

MEAT MARKET.

D. G. WALTER, Proprietor.

First Class Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats and our own Strictly Pure Lard.

Robert C. O'Brien,

Attorney at Law and Notary Public. Also Deputy Prosecutor, Office in Pickrel block, Argos, Ind.

J. K. MAWHORTER,

Tinners and Furnace Dealers,

All kinds of Roofing and Eave Troughing promptly attended to.

Cleaning and Repairing Gasoline Stoves a Specialty.

Terms Reasonable.

CULVER, - - - IND.

A Rat in the coffee bin—not a pleasant thought, yet when coffees are kept open in bulk who knows what different "things" come climbing and floating in?

Lion Coffee put up in sealed packages insures cleanliness, uniform quality, freshness and delicious flavor.

Reliable Foot-Wear.

Try a pair of the **Walk Over Shoes**, for Men, Price \$3.50 and \$4.00. The Queen Quality of Shoes for Women in any and all **Kinds of Leather.**

Price for choice of all High Shoes - \$3.00 Oxford's - \$2.50 Sold only at J. F. HARTLE'S Cash Shoe Store, Kendall block, Plymouth, Ind.

Special Bargains

LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS.

A great variety of both Colored and Plain. New patterns at one third value, to close, 39c.

WASH GOODS.

A very strong line of Organdies, Dimities, Batistes, Lawns, Tissues and Zephyr Ginghams, in handsome and attractive patterns. SPECIAL: A good assortment of Lawns, 27 inches wide, per yard, 3c.

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.

Largest assortment in Plymouth. Two specials from this department:

MUS IN SKIRTS.—Good quality bleached muslin, three rows of tucking, trimmed with three-inch embroidery—40, 41, and 52 lengths. Made well. While they last, 59c.

MUS IN GOWNS.—High neck, yoke of tucking—trimmed in finished braid. Sizes 14, 15 and 16. This month only, 43c.

Standard L L Unbleached Muslin—yard wide—this month, 4c.

The best Brownie Overall you ever saw, for 25c.

BALL & CO, Plymouth Ind.

HAYES & SON,

PROPRIETORS OF

Livery, Feed and Sale Stable.

First class Horses, Buggies and Vehicles of every description. Can stable 300 horses.

THE ROSS HOUSE

Plymouth, Ind.

Newly furnished and-rebuilt, with all modern improvements. Hot and cold water in every room and all bathing appliances. Best supplied tables in northern Indiana. Absolutely loaded with all the delicacies of the season.

TERMS, \$2.00 PER DAY.

Rates for permanent board and lodging made known on application.

JOHN BOWELL, Prop.

EASTERDAY & OVERMYER,

DEALERS IN

Furniture, Buggies, Wagons,

and all kinds of farming implements. Picture frames and mouldings kept constantly on hand.

Undertaking and Embalming a Specialty.

CULVER, - - INDIANA

CULVER CITY

Construction Company,

Iron and wood workers. All machinery promptly repaired. Repairing Engines and Boilers a Specialty. Shop opposite M. E. church.

Culver,

Indiana.

LOCAL BREVETIES.

Major Anderson was in Huntington Tuesday evening and attended a meeting of the Common Council, being a member of that body, and was a red hot session relative to street improvement, etc., and it was evident by the report that the Major was in the thickest of the fight, and carried all his points.

Fresh Pork at John Osborn's 10 cents per pound.

Tomatoes, cucumbers, celery, parsley, cantelopes, and water melons at John Osborn's.

A new steam pump has been placed in the Vandalia pump house at this place.

On Sunday July 21 Mrs. Nathan Young was buried at the Zion's church by Rev. Smith. She lived for many years on the county line road, and this spring moved to the O'Keefe farm beyond De Long. She was 74 years of age.

Those fine cakes at John Osborn's. Get your home rendered lard at John Osborn's.

Full cream cheese at John Osborn's. The best ever shipped to Culver.

Several of the Vandalia trains have been in town the past week looking after railroad matters at this place.

Evangelical church July 28: Sunday school at 10 a. m. Preaching at 11 a. m. by a minister supplied by the assembly. At 7 p. m. Y. P. A. A cordial invitation is extended to all to attend these services.

P. L. BROWN, Pastor.

All kinds of Wafers at John Osborn's.

Take your wheat to the elevator and receive the highest market price. Tinware at a price to suit all comers at John Osborn's.

The Culver Military Academy Catalogue has been issued and one of the copies is before us. Although all previous catalogues have been a magnificent work of art, this year it is simply a wonderful production of artistic skill and beauty of design. The illustrations are very numerous, and all of them represent the highest possible development in the printing and photographic art, and as a whole, reflects the highest encomiums upon the management.

Take your grain to the elevator.

Sell your veal calves and get the highest market price to John Osborn's.

J. H. Castleman is ready to buy your grain. He pays the highest market price for wheat, oats and rye. Haul your grain to the elevator.

ARLINGTON HOTEL.

Following are guests at the Arlington:

- Mrs. W. L. Gilkey, Crawfordsville.
- Mr. F. C. Goldsmith and wife, Terre Haute.
- Carr Goldsmith, and Mrs. W. C. Carr.
- Frederick Gates, T. P. Herrod, Miss Bertha Pennington, Miss Baggs, Miss Elizabeth Baggs and H. H. Ward, Indianapolis.

A wonderful new discovery for the cure of Rheumatism, Gout, Sciatica, Lumbago, etc., is being introduced in this vicinity by the manufacturer, the Swift Pharmacy Co., 154 East 23d Street, New York City. People who have suffered for thirty and forty years, and declared incurable by doctors, have been cured by the new discovery. The company also prepare fourteen other standard remedies for home use, and are looking for a local agent to whom great inducements are offered. Every rheumatic sufferer should write for a free bottle of Dr. Swift's Rheumatic & Gout Cure without delay. It will be sent free by mail.



The above represents Hayes & Son's livery barn; which is undoubtedly the largest and most modern in Marshall county. The main barn and its annex will stable 300 horses, and put under shelter at least 50 buggies and carriages. In connection the proprietors have a fine line of driving horses and carriages. Prompt and close attention to business, has built up a tremendous trade. Their prices are reasonable.

When Travelling Northwest, see that your ticket reads, via Wis. Central Ry. for St. Paul, Minneapolis, Ashland and Duluth. Convenient trains leave Chicago daily from Central Station, 12th St. & Park Row (Lake Front.)

Ask nearest ticket agent for further information.
23 JAS. C. POND,
Gen. Pass. Agt., Milwaukee, Wis.

For Loss of Time.

I have sold Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for years, and would rather be out of coffee and sugar than it. I sold five bottles of it yesterday to threshers that could go no farther, and they are at work again this morning. H. R. Rhelphs, Plymouth, Okla. will be seen by the above the threshers were able to keep on with their work without losing a single day's time. You should keep a bottle of this remedy in your home. For sale by T. E. Slattery.

Read It in His Newspaper.

George Schaub, a well known German citizen of New Lebanon, O., is a constant reader of the Dayton Volkszeitung. He knows that this paper aims to advertise only the best in its columns, and when he saw Chamberlain's Pain Balm advertised therein for lame back, he did not hesitate in buying a bottle of it for his wife, who for eight weeks had suffered the most terrible pains in her back and could get no relief. He says: "After using the Pain Balm for a few days my wife said to me, 'I feel as though I were born anew,' and before using the entire contents of the bottle the unbearable pains had entirely vanished and she could again take up her household duties." He is very thankful and hopes that all suffering likewise will hear of her wonderful recovery. This valuable liniment is for sale by T. E. Slattery.

Sciatic Rheumatism Cured After Fourteen Years of Suffering.

"I have been afflicted with sciatic rheumatism for fourteen years," says J. Edgar, of Germantown, Cal. "I was able to be around but constantly suffered. I tried everything I could hear of and at last was told to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm, which I did and was immediately relieved and in a short time cured, and I am happy to say it has not since returned." Why not use this liniment and get well? For sale by T. E. Slattery.

Whooping Cough.

Woman - who has had experience with this disease, tells how to prevent any dangerous consequences from it. She says: Our three children took whooping cough last summer, our baby boy being only three months old, and owing to our giving them Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, they lost none of their pumpness and came out in much better health than other children whose parents did not use this remedy. Our oldest little girl would call lustily for cough syrup between whoops. - Jessie P. Hall, Springfield, Ala. For sale by T. E. Slattery.

SMYTHE,
THE
Maxinkuckee
Groceryman
INVITES YOU
To Call and
SEE HIS
UP TO DATE
Line of
GROGERIES.
we Guarantee
Satisfaction.
Main Store at
Maxinkuckee.
Branch Store Near
Indianapolis Pier.

Great Closing Out Sale.

Porter & Compny are now closing out Ladies' Shirt Waists at the following prices:

- 50 and 35c at 25c.
- 65 to \$1.00 at 50c.
- 1.25 to \$1.50 at \$1.00.

In Boots and Shoes, Dry Goods, Notions, Groceries Etc., we have a great variety.

PORTER & Co.

Culver, - - - - - Indiana.

Are you aware that **A. E. BARNES**

Maxinkuckee - - Indiana.

Has just unpacked a beautiful line of Spring Goods, and can show you an endless variety of

Dry Goods, Etc.

He also has a complete line of **Hats, Caps and Spring Underwear.**

A new and select stock of **BOOTS and SHOES** just placed on the shelves. Prices away down to Rockbottom.

Our Great Harvest Sale

still continues. It is not a question of price with us. It is a question of room. We need the room for our New Fall Stock now coming in and will

Sacrifice on Every Dollar's worth of Spring and Summer Goods now in our store.

Examine a few of these Items.

50 men's strictly all wool cashmere suits former price \$7.50, 8.50 and 9.00. Your choice at \$5.00.

60 Mens Imported clay worsted suits in black, gray, tan, former price \$9.00, 10.00, 12.00. Choice \$7.50.

Men's Best Overalls, 25, 35, 39c a " " work shirts 25, 35 and 39c.

We want you to come and see us, as we will positively save you money during this great sale.

M. Lauer & Son,
One - Price Outfitters.
Plymouth, ind.

DR. B. W. S. WISEMAN,
Physician and Surgeon.
Office hours 11 to 12 a. m., and 4 to 6 p. m.
Office Second Door North of Bank.
Calls promptly answered day or night.
Main Street. - - - CULVER, IND.

Dr. U. B. Shantz,
DENTIST.
Second floor of Dr. Rea's Office.
Phone at Dr. Rea's.
Every Monday.
Does all kinds of Dental Work very Satisfactory.

DR. O. A. REA,
Physician and Surgeon.
Office Opposite Post Office.
Main Street. - - - CULVER, IND.

DR DEEDS,
DENTIST
Plymouth, - - - Indiana.
ROOMS OVER LEONARD'S FURNITURE STORE.

Dr. Geo. S. Hollister,
Physician & Surgeon,
CALLS ANSWERED PROMPTLY NIGHT OR DAY.
Office Over Culver City Drug Store
CULVER, IND.

Fred Hollister,
Attorney at Law.
Practice in all Courts in State of Indiana.
NOTARY PUBLIC. - Conveyancing and collections.
CULVER, - - - - - IND.

Dr. Stevens,
MAXINKUCKEE, IND.,
Physician and Surgeon.
CALLS ANSWERED PROMPTLY NIGHT OR DAY.
OFFICE AT RESIDENCE.

Mr. James Brown of Portsmouth, Va. over 90 years of age suffered for years with a bad sore on his face. Physicians could not help him. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cured him permanently. T. E. Slattery.

We Know

That in order to make people come IN and goods go OUT prices must go DOWN.

RUBBER - MONEY.

You will be surprised at the way your dollars will stretch the moment you invest in our **HARDWARE and TOOLS.** Everything for the Kitchen, Garden and Barn.



John H. Ashley & Son
COPPER-CASED WELL POINTS

SIX FROZEN TO DEATH

PROSPECTORS' CORPSES FOUND NEAR CAPE ROMANOFF.

Position of Bodies Tells Sad Tale of Sickness, Exposure and Starvation—Woman and Three Children Burned to Death in Tenement House Fire.

A tragic story comes from St. Michael. A party of men on the way to Nome recently found the bodies of six men at a point near Cape Romanoff. It is presumed they all froze to death during some one of the terrible blizzards that prevailed last winter.

FOUR PERSONS BURNED ALIVE.

Woman and Three Children Perish in Blazing Tenement. A whole family was burned in a Penn avenue tenement fire, in Pittsburg. The mother and three children are dead and the husband is badly burned and is now at the hospital.

PROGRESS OF THE RACE.

Table with 2 columns: Club Name and Standing. Rows include Pittsburgh, St. Louis, Philadelphia, Brooklyn, Washington, Boston, Cleveland, Milwaukee, etc.

Table with 2 columns: Club Name and Standings. Rows include Chicago, Boston, Baltimore, Detroit, Washington, Philadelphia, Cleveland, Milwaukee, etc.

Finest for Tobacco Fraud.

Edwin T. Hickey, a Rochester, N. Y., tobacco merchant, pleaded guilty in the federal court to conspiracy to rob the government of customs duties on Sumatra tobacco and was fined \$4,000.

Kansas City Concern Fails.

The Traders' Grain Company of Kansas City stopped payment, and it is said the liabilities amount to \$150,000. The company operated on a capital of \$20,000.

Mixed Paint Trust.

It is reported that negotiations are on foot looking to a consolidation of large mixed paint concerns. One report has it that the company will engage in all branches of the paint business, including pigments, oils, turpentine, varnishes, chemicals, brushes and glass, and that a \$100,000,000 company will be organized.

Robert Folger Westcott Dead.

Robert Folger Westcott, founder of the express company that bears his name and one of New York's well-known commercial men for the last quarter of a century, died at his summer home at Richfield Springs.

Negro Lynched for His Crime.

Jesse Phillips, a negro preacher, labor agitator and lodge organizer, was lynched at Cleveland, Miss., for the murder of Lucius Reed. Two other negroes were subsequently shot by the lynchers for making threats.

Holder of Island Dispossessed.

Jake Skin, the St. Regis Indian who, backed by chiefs of the Iroquois tribe, held Calquhoun Island in the St. Lawrence river nearly six months in defiance of the dominion government, has been dispossessed and arrested.

She Called the Judge a Liar.

Mrs. Annie Blehr of Cincinnati, in open court at Batavia, Ohio, called Judge Parrot a liar, and was sent to jail until she retracts the statement. This she says she will never do.

Fix on Chinese Indemnity.

Representatives of the powers at Peking have agreed upon a plan for the payment of the 450,000,000 taels of indemnity and China has accepted it.

FROM THE FOUR QUARTERS OF THE EARTH

HE SAYS HE CAN'T LOSE HER.

Anton Praeger Is Pursued by a Woman Who Fell in Love with Him. Anton Praeger of East St. Louis, Ill., says he is the most pursued man in the world. There is a woman, Miss Lise Merto, who wants him to marry her, and she wants him badly.

FROG BLOWS UP HAPPY HOME.

House of Newspaper Correspondent Wrecked Because of Story Sent Out. The home of Hillman, a newspaper correspondent at Albany, Mo., was wrecked by dynamite. Hillman is charged with being the correspondent who wrote the story telling of a frog that ate dynamite, exploded and killed or seriously injured the three children of George McCurry.

FOUND DYING BESIDE TRACK.

Indianapolis Man Robbed and Thrown from Express Train. James Shea is believed to have been robbed and thrown from a Big Four express train between Indianapolis and Cincinnati. He died at midnight in the city hospital in the former city.

Charitable Man Dies.

Charles A. Spring, associate of the late Cyrus H. McCormick and manager of the McCormick Harvesting Machine Company from 1858 to 1889, died at his home in Chicago. He was 75 years old.

Eminent Frenchman Shot At.

In Paris, while Baudin, the Minister of Public Works, was proceeding through the Avenue Marigny, a woman fired a shot from a revolver at him, under the impression that he was Delcasse, the Minister of Foreign Affairs.

Two Die in Missouri Wreck.

A head-end collision between a north-bound St. Joseph and Grand Island passenger train and a Santa Fe freight, two miles west of Gower, Mo., killed Engineer Baker of the Santa Fe train and Express Messenger Floyd of the passenger train, injured fourteen others, and demolished the Santa Fe engine and several freight cars.

Amie Leslie Weds Bell Boy.

Surprise was aroused in theatrical circles through the announcement that Miss Amie Leslie, the Chicago dramatic writer, had married Frank H. Buck, chief bell boy at the Virginia Hotel in that city. The ceremony was performed at St. Joseph, Mich. Mr. Buck is 23 years old and his bride 42.

Drops Dead After Being Robbed.

After being robbed on a Choctaw train returning from El Reno F. R. Smith, an aged man from Bonham, Texas, dropped dead in a crowded coach. The body was placed in a seat and taken to Oklahoma City.

Tower, Minn., Swept by Fire.

Advices from Tower, Minn., report a serious fire there that destroyed ten buildings, including a hotel, butcher shop and saloon; other buildings were dwellings.

THE MARKETS

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$3.00 to \$5.95; hogs, shipping grades, \$3.00 to \$6.12; sheep, fair to choice, \$3.00 to \$3.50; wheat, No. 2 red, 66c to 67c; corn, No. 2, 51c to 52c; oats, No. 2, 34c to 35c; rye, No. 2, 52c to 53c; butter, choice creamery, 18c to 19c; eggs, fresh, 11c to 12c; potatoes, new, 50c to 75c per bushel.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$5.75; hogs, choice light, \$4.00 to \$6.00; sheep, common to prime, \$3.00 to \$3.50; wheat, No. 2, 63c to 64c; corn, No. 2 white, 50c to 51c; oats, No. 2 white, 34c to 35c.

St. Louis—Cattle, \$3.25 to \$5.85; hogs, \$3.00 to \$6.00; sheep, \$3.00 to \$3.50; wheat, No. 2, 63c to 64c; corn, No. 2, 53c to 54c; oats, No. 2, 35c to 36c; rye, No. 2, 55c to 56c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$5.25; hogs, \$3.00 to \$6.10; sheep, \$3.00 to \$3.50; wheat, No. 2, 65c to 66c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 50c to 52c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 36c to 37c; rye, No. 2, 49c to 50c.

Detroit—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$5.10; hogs, \$3.00 to \$5.85; sheep, \$2.50 to \$3.75; wheat, No. 2, 68c to 69c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 49c to 50c; oats, No. 2 white, 35c to 36c; rye, 51c to 52c.

Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 mixed, 67c to 69c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 51c to 52c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 33c to 34c; rye, No. 2, 49c to 51c; clover seed, prime, \$6.50.

Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 northern, 67c to 68c; corn, No. 3, 49c to 50c; oats, No. 2 white, 35c to 36c; rye, No. 1, 50c to 52c; barley, No. 2, 54c to 55c; pork, mess, \$14.07.

Buffalo—Cattle, choice shipping steers, \$3.00 to \$5.90; hogs, fair to prime, \$3.00 to \$6.15; sheep, fair to choice, \$3.50 to \$4.25; lambs, common to extra, \$4.50 to \$5.50.

New York—Cattle, \$3.75 to \$5.90; hogs, \$3.00 to \$6.50; sheep, \$3.00 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2 red, 74c to 75c; corn, No. 2, 55c to 56c; oats, No. 2 white, 39c to 40c; butter, creamery, 18c to 19c; eggs, western, 13c to 15c.

Amount in San Francisco Establishment, \$47,149,000, Found Intact. The work of counting the gold coin in the San Francisco mint has been completed by the experts in charge. The amount inspected and weighed was \$47,140,000.

Shot Through the Heart. Night Policeman Richard B. Fairchild of Ravenna, Ohio, discovered two burglars at work in a millinery store. The officer entered the store and called upon the burglars to surrender.

Big Fire in Minnesota Town. A fire at Cambridge, Minn., caused a total loss of \$88,000, the principal losers being the Merchants' Hotel, P. O. Peterson, Presley's drug store, the general stores of Alfred Smith and H. J. Johnson, Chouard's saloon, Satterlind's jewelry store and C. L. Johnson & Co., clothiers. Insurance \$50,000.

Boats Unset and Five Die. Five persons were drowned in Long Island Sound by the capsizing of the yawl-rigged yacht Venitzia of Philadelphia at a point five miles east of Sand's Point, near the New York and Connecticut line. Two only of those on board the yacht were rescued.

Killed by Lightning Bolt. Martin Harding, a boy, was struck by lightning while working in a hay field near Gambier, Ohio. A hole the size of a walnut was torn in the back of his head and his clothing and shoes were rent from his body.

Chinese in the United States. According to a preliminary statement of the census bureau there are approximately 89,800 Chinese in the United States proper, as against 107,475 in 1840.

BANK ROBBERS FOILED.

Desperate Attempt Is Made by a Gang at Alexandria, Ohio. A gang of six or seven robbers wrecked the Ressler & Ashbrooke Bank at Alexandria, Ohio, about 1 o'clock the other morning. The strong box resisted their efforts and they overlooked a package of \$1,500 in the outer vault, which they blew almost to pieces.

BIG BUILDING COLLAPSES.

Grand Rapids Business Structure Falls—Damage Is \$250,000. With a crash that roused residents for blocks around, the four-story Luce building at Monroe and Ottawa streets, Grand Rapids, Mich., collapsed at 2 o'clock Thursday morning, doing damage estimated at \$250,000.

ATTACK ON GIRL A MYSTERY.

Estelle Neidel of St. Louis Is Found Wounded and Nude in a Field. Estelle Neidel, 19 years old, was found lying wounded, nude and unconscious in a weed-covered field at Tyler and Oak Hill avenues, St. Louis. There was a frightful wound in the back of her head.

Will Keep Old Morro.

In addition to the other bases of supplies demanded in the Platt amendment, it is the intention of the administration to permanently retain Morro Castle, overlooking the harbor of Havana. This is announced upon the highest authority.

N. S. Boynton Loses Office.

N. S. Boynton, founder of the order, was deposed as supreme adviser by the Supreme Tent, Knights of Maccabees, at Port Huron, Mich., the law creating the position being repealed. The office was especially created for Maj. Boynton and this action is the result of the fight made against him since he sought two years ago to wrest the chief executiveship from D. P. Markey.

Admits Fraud in Pension Claim.

Thomas Carr, aged 72, of Edina, Mo., was arraigned before United States Commissioner Mitchell on a charge of making false affidavits for the purpose of being restored to the pension rolls. It was discovered Carr had been drawing a pension of \$8 a month for three years under the name of James Carr. He pleaded guilty and was sent to the Hannibal jail.

Girl Is Whipped in Court.

Justice George L. Walls, known as the "whipping post judge," caused a young girl to be given twenty lashes in his court room in Kansas City. The girl, Lillie Thomas, had been convicted of stealing a purse containing \$3, which she spent for soda water and candy. Her mother applied the lash.

Dr. Alston Ellis Elected.

Dr. Alston Ellis of Hamilton, Ohio, has been elected president of the Ohio University. He at once assumed his duties. The election was necessitated by the refusal of Rev. S. D. Hutsinpillar of San Francisco to accept the position after he had been elected.

General Butterfield Dead.

Gen. Daniel Butterfield, former assistant United States Treasurer at New York, died at his country home, Craigside, near Cold Springs, N. Y. He had been suffering from partial paralysis. A widow survives him.

THE EPWORTH HOSTS.

OPENING OF THE CONVENTION IN SAN FRANCISCO.

Annual Convention of Methodist Society Begins in the Pacific Coast City—Mechanics Pavilion Crowded to Its Capacity—Welcoming Addresses Made.

The Epworth League convention of 1901 was formally opened at Mechanics' Pavilion, San Francisco, Thursday. For a week the tide of travel had been toward San Francisco, until the Epworth hosts, 25,000 strong, had been poured into the city ready for the opening services.

The vast auditorium of the pavilion, with seats for 10,000 and additional facilities for a chorus of 2,000, which was to give special concerts, presented a pleasing sight. The entire auditorium was canopied by American flags, while around the gallery railing red and white bunting was draped gracefully, with here and there the shields of America and Great Britain and their respective flags crossed above them.

The throng began assembling early for the opening ceremonies, which began at 2:30 p. m., everyone enthusiastic and happy. From the torrid temperature of the East to the cool breezes of the Pacific and a temperature of 60 degrees was a welcome and exhilarating change to the pilgrims.

At 1:30 p. m. a missionary conference was held at the headquarters on Larkin street. At the same time a business meeting of presiding elders and league officials assembled at the pavilion in order to prepare for the day's activities. When Chairman Fibert ascended the platform and rapped for order at 2:30 o'clock every seat in the building had an occupant, while many sought standing room.

The song service was led by Robert Husband and devotions by the Rev. Judson Hill. Addresses of welcome were given by Gov. Gage, Mayor Phelan, Bishop Hamilton and the Rev. J. C. Symonds of Woodland; responses on behalf of the Methodist Episcopal Church by Bishop I. W. Joyce, Minneapolis; on behalf of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, the Rev. H. M. Du Bose, Nashville, Tenn.; on behalf of the Methodist Episcopal Church of Canada, the Rev. James Henderson, Toronto; on behalf of the colored Methodist Episcopal Church, A. A. Carter, Atlanta, Ga.

MRS. BONINE INDICTED.



Mrs. Ida Bonine has been indicted in Washington for the murder of James Seymour Ayres, the young medical student. The indictment was something of a surprise. The police have been unable to break the confession of Mrs. Bonine, in which she declared she killed Ayres in her own defense, and it was generally believed she would never be tried on the charge of first degree murder.

PULPIT AND PREACHER

The corner stone of a new Catholic church was recently laid in Caledonia, Wis. The Rev. W. H. W. Reese has assumed the pastorate of Smithfield Methodist Episcopal Church, Pittsburg. The Rev. F. A. Beryl of the divinity school of the University of Chicago has accepted a call to the Baptist Church of Mason City, Ill. Dr. R. Marshall Harrison, who for nearly three years has been the senior curate of St. Ann's Church on the Heights, Brooklyn, has accepted a call to the vicarship of Holy Trinity Memorial Chapel, Philadelphia.

RED TAG! RED TAG!

This will be the Greatest Mid-Summer Clearance Sale ever instituted in Marshall County. We are Determined to surpass all former efforts, and

Give Bargains During JULY.

and August that will surprise the closest Buyers. To convince the People we quote a few prices in some departments, and the Red Tags will do the rest of the talking and all others can have a rest.

Dry Goods Department.
 500 yards Good Prints worth 6 cents, Red Tag price, 4 cents.
 500 yards 10c and 15c Dimities, Red Tag price, 5c.
 500 yards 8c and 5c Dimities and Lawns, 3 1/2 cents.
 20c India Linens, Red Tag price, 12 1/2c.
 20c White Dimities, Red Tag price, 14c.
 Goods way below values.
 Same can be said of our silks.
 All We Ask is an Investigation.

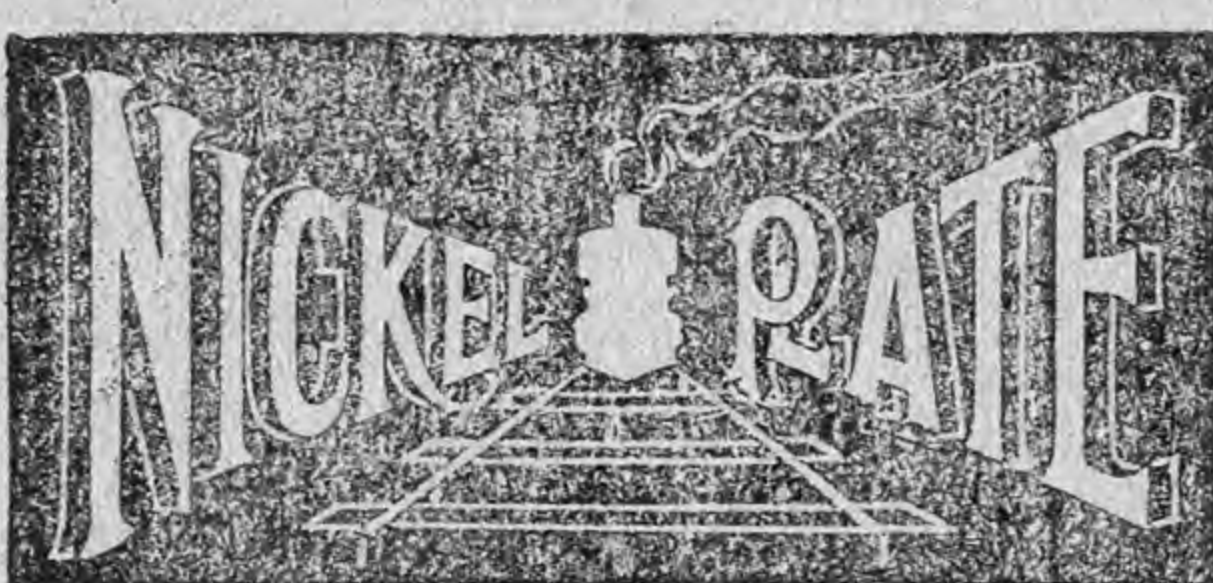
Clothing Department.
 Just received \$1,000 of up to date Clothing, bought at 65c on the dollar.
 Come and get our prices.
500 pair Men's \$1.25 and \$1.00 Pants, your choice, 65c.
 The Red Tag does the talking.
 Call for Green Trading Stamps.

Shoes and Notions.
 Our Shoe and Notion Department is the county talk.
 In Men and Women's Underwear we lead with the Red Tag 20 to 25 per cent below our neighbors, and in Shoes those marked at 19c, 29c and 67c only represent the Red Tag price in the entire line.
500 sets 7 inch Red Tag Plates, 25 cts., worth 50 cts.

W. L. SARBER, ARGOS, INDIANA.

Time Table.
VADALIA LINE
 Terre Haute and Logansport R. R.
 In Effect June 2, 1901.
 For the North
 No. 10. Daily Except Sunday. 8:03 A. M.
 No. 14. Daily Except Sunday. 11:40 "
 No. 8. Daily Except Sunday. 9:43 P. M.
 No. 12. Sunday Only. 9:24 A. M.
 For the South.
 No. 21. Daily Except Sunday. 6:07 A. M.
 No. 3. Daily Except Sunday. 12:50 P. M.
 No. 9. Daily Except Sunday. 7:52 "
 No. 11. Sunday Only. 6:26 "
 Sunday Trains.
 Arrives..... 9
 Leaves..... 9
 J. Snugrue, Agt.

The Argos House.
 A. J. BOWELL, Proprietor.
 Newly furnished throughout and up-to-date in every particular.
 TERMS REASONABLE.
 Only first-class hotel in the city.
 ARGOS, INDIANA.



All trains arrive at and depart from Van Buren Street Union Passenger Station, Chicago.
 Uniformed Colored Porters attend passengers holding first or second class tickets in day coaches on thru trains, insuring scrupulously clean cars enroute.

East: read down.				All Nickel Plate Passenger Trains Daily.				West: read up.					
Le.	6	10	35	2	4	9	15	7	40	5	25	1	40
11:00	11:15	11:30	11:45	12:00	12:15	12:30	12:45	1:00	1:15	1:30	1:45	2:00	2:15
11:50	12:05	12:20	12:35	12:50	1:05	1:20	1:35	1:50	2:05	2:20	2:35	2:50	3:05
12:40	12:55	1:10	1:25	1:40	1:55	2:10	2:25	2:40	2:55	3:10	3:25	3:40	3:55
1:30	1:45	2:00	2:15	2:30	2:45	3:00	3:15	3:30	3:45	4:00	4:15	4:30	4:45
2:20	2:35	2:50	3:05	3:20	3:35	3:50	4:05	4:20	4:35	4:50	5:05	5:20	5:35
3:10	3:25	3:40	3:55	4:10	4:25	4:40	4:55	5:10	5:25	5:40	5:55	6:10	6:25
4:00	4:15	4:30	4:45	5:00	5:15	5:30	5:45	6:00	6:15	6:30	6:45	7:00	7:15
4:50	5:05	5:20	5:35	5:50	6:05	6:20	6:35	6:50	7:05	7:20	7:35	7:50	8:05
5:40	5:55	6:10	6:25	6:40	6:55	7:10	7:25	7:40	7:55	8:10	8:25	8:40	8:55
6:30	6:45	7:00	7:15	7:30	7:45	8:00	8:15	8:30	8:45	9:00	9:15	9:30	9:45
7:20	7:35	7:50	8:05	8:20	8:35	8:50	9:05	9:20	9:35	9:50	10:05	10:20	10:35
8:10	8:25	8:40	8:55	9:10	9:25	9:40	9:55	10:10	10:25	10:40	10:55	11:10	11:25
9:00	9:15	9:30	9:45	10:00	10:15	10:30	10:45	11:00	11:15	11:30	11:45	12:00	12:15
9:50	10:05	10:20	10:35	10:50	11:05	11:20	11:35	11:50	12:05	12:20	12:35	12:50	1:05
10:40	10:55	11:10	11:25	11:40	11:55	12:10	12:25	12:40	12:55	1:10	1:25	1:40	1:55

Local freight, eastbound between St. Louis and Knox, only on Monday, Wednesday and Friday; westbound only on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
 *Night type A. M. Dark type P. M.
 †Daily except Sunday.
 Drawing Room Sleeping Cars on Nos. 2, 4 and 6 thru to Cleveland, Erie, Buffalo, New York and Boston; on Nos. 3, 5 and 10 to Chicago. Meals are served at "up-to-date" Dining Stations and in Nickel Plate Dining Cars at appropriate meal hours. Baggage checked to destination. On inquiry you will find our rates are always lower than via other lines, service considered.
 For rates and detailed information, address B. F. Borner, General Passenger Agent, Cleveland, O.; C. A. Asterlin, T. P. A., Ft. Wayne, Ind.; or Local Ticket Agent.

ATTENTION EVERYBODY!
E. F. HOOVER
 Has purchased the Clemmen's Blacksmith shop where he is prepared to do all kinds of Repairing and Horseshoeing, but makes **HORSESHOEING** his SPECIALTY.
 Guarantees to cure all knee-kickers, interferences, forgors, paddlers, quarter cracks, toe cracks, corns, and hoof-bound horses.
 M. C. BROWN still occupies the wood-work department. All work done on short notice and at reasonable prices.
 Call and see them.

Farmers, * Attention
 Why Pay High Prices when you can get your Horse shod for One Dollar with New Shoes, and other work in proportion?
W. H. WILSON, Culver.

J. K. MAWHCRTER,
 Tanners and Furnace Dealers,
 All kinds of Roofing and Eave Troughing promptly attended to.

Cleaning and Repairing Gasoline Stoves a Specialty.
 Terms Reasonable.
CULVER, INDIANA.

*** CULVER CITY ***
MEAT * MKKET.
D. G. WALTER, Proprietor.
 First Class Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats and our own Strictly Pure Lard.

Robert C. O'Brien,
 Attorney at Law and Notary Public.
 Also Deputy Prosecutor. Office in Pickel block, Argos, Ind.

Local Notes.
 Dyspeptics cannot be long lived because to live requires nourishment. Food is not nourishing until it is digested. A disordered stomach cannot digest food, it must have assistance. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests all kinds of food without aid from the stomach, allowing it to rest and regain its natural functions. Its elements are exactly the same as the natural digestive fluids and it simply can't help but do you good. T. E. Slattery.
 Prices the lowest at Mrs. C. A. Francisco's, Plymouth, Ind., on everything in the millinery line.
 "A few months ago, food which I ate for breakfast would not remain on my stomach for half an hour. I used one bottle of your Kodol Dyspepsia Cure and can now eat my breakfast and other meals with a relish and my food is thoroughly digested. Nothing equals Kodol Dyspepsia Cure for stomach troubles." H. S. Pitts, Arlington Tex. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat. T. E. Slattery.

Daily Trains To St. Paul,
 Minneapolis, Ashland, Duluth and the Northwest, leave Chicago from Central Station, 12th St. and Park Row, Lake Front) via Wisconsin Central Ry. Nearest ticket agent can give you complete information.
 231f JAS. C. POND,
 Gen. Pass. Agt., Milwaukee, Wis.

In many instances attacks of cholera morbus terminate fatally before medicine can be procured or a physician summoned. The safe way is to keep at hand a reliable medicine for use in such cases. For this purpose there is nothing so sure as Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. W. E. Bosworth, of LaFayette, Fla., says: "In June, 1900, I had a serious attack of cholera morbus and one dose of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy gave me relief in 15 minutes. For sale by T. E. Slattery."

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 offers low excursion rates to Denver Colorado Springs, Glenwood Springs Col; Ogden and Salt Lake City, Utah, Hot Springs S. D. St. Paul and Duluth, Minn. Tickets on sale from June 18th to Sept. 10th, good to return until Oct. 31st. Write, wire, phone or call on nearest agent or R. J. Hamilton, agent, Ft. Wayne, Ind.

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 One Dollar per day.
 Lunch at all hours.
 Ice cream in season.
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PALMER HOUSE
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Vanished away to another world—
Afar, who knows, if a league or a
mile?
The pages which his patient life unfurled
Left scrolled about with a genial smile.

Off down the road, and without a sign,
If the dawn he met or a darkness
drear;
But the wind brings back—in pledge
divine—
His cheery step, and his whistle clear.
—Chicago Record-Herald.

A Battle With King-Cobras.

BY RAYMOND LEE DITMARS.

We wanted a pair of king-cobras for the reptile-house, but not a specimen was to be purchased anywhere. "Too dangerous, never import them," came the reply from numerous dealers. So the Zoological Park began to despair of procuring the creatures.

The *Ophophagus claps*, as the reptile is technically called, holds undisputed sway among the beasts of the jungle. With the exception of the mongoos, a plucky little animal which delights in killing the deadly snakes, the wild beasts fly in terror from the king-cobra, as it glides through swamp and thicket in search of other snakes, for it inclines toward cannibalism. Most snakes, no matter how venomous, are shy, but this terrible reptile which calmly kills and eats the dreaded cobra-de-capello, is very aggressive.

It was after long waiting for the king that the Zoo received tidings that three specimens were in New York. Two of them are now in the reptile-house, and the incidents of their installation will linger long in the memories of those who have charge of that building.

With Snyder, the head keeper of the reptile department, I started for the dealer's establishment to bag the reptiles and bring them to the park—they were too formidable to be trusted to any express company. If one of them should break loose in transit, dire things might happen.

To take the cobras from their crate, place them in sacks, and finally in a telescope bag especially constructed for the purpose, we brought a simple apparatus—a "snake-stick," without which the handling of poisonous snakes is more risky than juggling with nitroglycerine.

To make a snake-stick is easy. Take a stout pole, a long, narrow strip of chamois and two staples; fasten the chamois strip tightly to the end of the pole by one of the staples on one side, where it runs through a staple but partially driven into the pole.

The operator holds the pole in one hand, and the end of the chamois strip in the other. When he starts to capture a snake he lets out the chamois strip until it forms a loop at the end of the pole. This loop is slipped over the snake's head and pulled tight.

Besides the snake-stick the big telescope bag and two gunny-sacks, we carried two vials of antitoxic serum and a hypodermic syringe, both of which would be needed in case the kingly fangs should strike any of us.

At the dealer's we were met by his clerk, who looked worried. "I'm afraid you won't be able to get the snakes today," he said. "They have been pretty quiet lately, but last night there was trouble. Somehow the cobras managed to get out of their cage. What's more, a couple of big pythons got out, too."

"My friend," said one of us, "the enthusiasm of an animal man is not to be daunted by such incidents. Here is a written order for the snakes. Please hand me the key of the snake-room."

"What?" cried the clerk. "You're going into the room with those demons?" "Two of those snakes belong to us," I replied, "and we won't go back without them."

"All right, all right! Here's the key," responded the clerk. "I guess I'll send for the ambulance while you're on the picnic up-stairs."

With these sarcastic remarks in our ears we started for the snake-room. Two of the dealer's men accompanied us to the door. One of them turned the key in the lock and departed. The other came into the room, taking his post by the door, in order that escape might be easy.

The room was about twenty feet long and fifteen wide. A number of large, glass-fronted snake-boxes lay here and there, but except a couple of boas piled quietly in the corner of one of the boxes, no snakes were visible. This was perplexing enough; and the fact that the two pythons, each about fifteen feet long, were somewhere at liberty, was especially discomfiting, for pythons are enthusiastic in biting and well fitted for it with teeth about half an inch long.

I carried the snake-stick. Snyder had opened the big telescope-bag and spread the gunny-sacks upon the floor. He had picked of a blanket in one hand, and carried a heavy slat in the other. In a moment we saw a python coiled in a corner, seemingly sleepy and harmless.

"Look out!" shouted Snyder, and his warning came just in time. A pale green body had quickly risen from behind one of the boxes, and stood gracefully in the pose of the cobra. With its "hood" spread widely, its mouth partially open,

and its little yellow eyes sparkling wickedly, the reptile looked majestic.

"King-cobra's a mighty good name for you, my snaky friend!" muttered Snyder as he glared at the reptile.

Then, true to its hostile reputation, the snake rose higher, with the whistling hiss peculiar to the *Elapidæ*, and started to glide from behind the box. The situation was almost too interesting.

I had swung around at Snyder's warning and faced the snake, which had risen to my left. At the same time I made ready the snake-oose, but before it could be used the king stood up higher, making the length of its reach almost as long as the snake-stick. To use this, under these conditions, would be more than dangerous, for these large colubrine snakes strike fully half their length; and as this particular reptile was fully thirteen feet long, it could lunge nearly seven feet, a dangerous thrust to dodge or parry in close quarters. The reptile made for Snyder, who backed off slowly, flourishing his stick.

At the same time another shrill hiss sounded from behind, and another cobra rose into view. The snakes had given us no chance to ascertain their whereabouts before beginning hostilities.

Hearing the warning of the second snake in his ear, Snyder prepared to act at once. Taking deliberate aim, he hurled the blanket at number one, and faced about to engage number two. Struck squarely by the blanket, the reptile backed off with alacrity, lowering its body. This was my opportunity. I slipped the noose of the snake-stick over its head, making it a prisoner, although it thrashed the floor in a mad effort to escape. Hand over hand the snake was hauled, tail first, into one of the gunny-sacks, while its companion did nothing more, fortunately, than direct a glassy stare at the proceeding.

As the bag was being fastened, something occurred which might shake the nerves of even those long familiar with snakes. The box beside us rocked suddenly back and forth, a head which glittered and scintillated with prismatic colors shot past us, and with a sound like the sudden escaping of steam, the second big python disclosed his whereabouts, but missed his aim. I am not ashamed to acknowledge that cold shivers went up and down my back. From the expression on Snyder's face, I believe he had similar sensations. But he threw the blanket at the python, and it slunk back, as if quelled.

After the bagging of cobra number one we felt somewhat elated and relieved. Thoughts of what might have happened if things had gone wrong flashed across my mind. The king-cobra bites to kill. It does not merely stab with its poison-fangs and instantly draw back for another blow, like the rattlesnake or moccasin. Should the king-cobra's aim prove true, its fangs are ground savagely into the flesh, and retain their hold for a substantial part of a minute. All this time the venomous secretion is flowing. Drop by drop it is taken into the circulation. A fraction of a drop will kill a man, and this creature can eject about ten drops from either fang.

As we maneuvered to get the second cobra at a disadvantage, the big python again unlimbered on our flank and became so energetic that it again required attention. This time the blanket was thrown over it, reducing its demonstrations to a steady blowing, the huge body rising and falling as the air was inhaled with a dull roar, and exhaled with a sound like that of a distressed safety-valve. Meanwhile cobra number two showed plainly that it didn't intend to be noosed.

Now, much to our relief, we discovered the third cobra—in which, although we did not desire it for the Zoo, we were compelled to take an interest. It was peeping round the corner of a big crate, about eight feet from us, and its forked tongue danced and quivered at every movement that we made.

Number two was getting impatient, and slid forward a few feet. Without warning, it aimed a savage blow at Snyder, who executed a backward broad-jump of admirable energy. The momentum of the snake's blow brought the body forward, and as it reared once more, we found ourselves face to face with a king-cobra at close quarters. Moreover, it was between us and the door. And the third cobra was becoming impatient.

With a jump, I landed on the case beside the big python, which snorted loudly at such a liberty. Snyder, who was nearest cobra number two, backed off toward the window, holding a gunny-sack in front of him. There he was brought to a halt and could go no farther. Now I must act or never. A miscalculation must have consequences too disagreeable to contemplate.

Reaching the noose over the top of the case, I got it almost over the head of the nearest cobra, when it drew back like a flash and caught the end of the stick. On this it chewed until the yellow poison flowed freely, and casually spattered the floor. A desperate plan suggested itself. This was to release the snake-stick, if the reptile continued to hold the same, seize the blanket that covered the big python and throw it over the cobra, which could then be captured by hand.

I dropped the stick and the cobra continued to bite it, as before. Suddenly I half-covered it with the blanket. From its movements I judged that it at once released the stick and tried to get into position to bite at me; but Snyder sprang forward, and doubling the blanket over

the cobra's head, held the reptile firmly to the ground.

Anticipating that it would seize a fold of the blanket in its teeth, we pushed blanket, snake and all into the remaining gunny-sack, which we dragged past the third cobra with a stick.

Flushed with victory, we then executed a veritable war-dance before the third cobra, which backed off in astonishment and gave us an opportunity of reaching the door with our treasures. We had our two cobras, and were quite willing to let the third dispute possession of the room with the pythons.

Up to an elevated train, crowded with people returning from business, we carried our burden, which weighed fully seventy pounds. The bag looked most harmless, although to our apprehensive eyes its sides sometimes slowly bulged out, and then fell again, as the cobras shifted about.

We arrived at the reptile-house without further excitement, and easily placed the snakes in their big, glass-fronted cage.

At first the cobras would dash furiously at spectators, but in a few days they quieted down, and now merely stare with hostility at visitors. Curious to relate, the keeper who has charge of the king-cobras not only takes the greatest pride in them, but entertains a real affection for them. The lover of animals admires courage and audacity among wild beasts, and these bold, fierce monarchs of the jungle appeal to the sympathy we feel for the great, reduced to captivity.—*Youth's Companion.*

RED CLOUD'S WAYS.

Makes Bows and Arrows and Trinkets and Has an Original Selling Method.

Red Cloud of the Cayugas is a unique character. He does not live in a tepee, however, and refuses to communicate in the language of the pale face, but answers the curious queries of visitors with great dignity and reserve, as well as with Spartan brevity. To the suggestion that he had "lived a good many years," the old Indian said, "83," but to the observation that he "didn't look as old as that," he declined to give any reply whatever. This interesting old Indian occupies the western log cabin in the Six Nations' exhibit at the Pan-American Exposition. He sits in a rocking chair and works away on various ornaments such as are to be seen about the walls of the cabin.

The old man wears a pair of blue jeans held up by a belt, and his flannel shirt is covered by a waistcoat, attached to which is a large leather chain that secures his watch.

When asked for his name or card, the old man indicates a picture of a brave in war paint and feathers underneath which is printed—RED CLOUD, CAYUGA.

An inquisitive visitor sometimes asks the Indian if he often appears in the dress of the picture—what the matinee young woman would doubtless refer to as "glad attire." "Humph!" says Red Cloud, "Spouse I want to dress up in paint and feathers all the time, just 'cause I'm an Injun!"

Red Cloud's methods of selling goods are peculiar. A small boy stood by him for some time watching him work, and making the comment that it was "slow working." "Boy," said the old man, "have you got ten cents?" The youth snickered. "Cause if yer got ten cents I'll sell you a little bow and arrows," added the chief. The rather suspicious maternal parent, reversing the proverb of one Simon, called Simple in nursery lore, suggested that he show them first his bow and arrows. They were immediately produced, and the youthful archer dove into his clothes for the required silver disc. The old salesman of original method then went back to his work—whittling the back of a picture frame.

The interior of the cabin is a very interesting place. One side is hung with war bonnets, and a bench is covered with beaded and carved work, pictures and many interesting trinkets. A large fire place occupies one end of the cabin. All about the walls are skins and furs, some of the skins showing fine work in burnt designs.

Gas Heating.

A question of every-day interest is as to the quantity of gas required to be consumed in an ordinary gas stove to heat a given-sized room. On this subject the *English Journal of Gas Lighting* recently published some data based on an experience extending over eight or nine years and covering rooms of every description. According to this journal, to heat a room 14 by 14 by 10, requires on an average not more than 60 cubic feet per day per hour. This is on the basis of reasonable care being taken not to waste the gas and to light the heater only when it is required. At ten cents per hundred cubic feet, the local rate, this represents a cost of six cents per day. Rooms, of course, vary in the amount of heat required to keep them warm, depending on their exposure, the character of the walls, amount of glass, etc. The most difficult task encountered during the author's experience, was to heat a room 21 feet square and 17 feet 6 inches high, which had three outside walls and very large windows. In this case an annual-consumption of 50,000 cubic feet was necessary.

A medical man gives it out that the high collars now worn by men and women produce cancer of the throat.

RECORD OF THE WEEK

INDIANA INCIDENTS TERSELY TOLD.

Peru Bank Weathers a Heavy Run—
A Remarkable Reunion of Brothers
After Long Separation—Farm Hands'
Union—Judge Commits Suicide.

Peru was all excitement the other day over a lively run which kept up during business hours at the bank of the Miami City Loan and Savings Association. No real cause can be ascertained for the run, but it is positive that it was nothing but the merest idle rumor. The bank has thousands of depositors in accounts ranging from a few hundred to thousands of dollars, and the deposits reach the sum of nearly \$400,000. An examination showed nearly \$75,000 in actual cash on hand. This sum and the knowledge that the First National and the Citizens' National of Peru were ready at any time to make advances, gave the managers of the institution a feeling of security from the start. E. L. Miller, secretary, said from the very first that the association would manage the run on its own resources to show the stability of the institution. In all \$33,000 was paid out in about six hours' time, and a whole tableful of money awaited other applicants.

Each Thought the Other Dead.
A remarkable reunion has been effected between two brothers in Henry County after a separation of nearly half a century, during which time each thought the other dead. Barton and Jabez Guyer lived with their parents in North Carolina. In 1852 Barton left home to make his way in the world. He went to Texas, thence to Mexico, finally returning to Texas, where he located. He wrote his brother repeatedly, but receiving no reply to his letters, gave him up for dead. Jabez, never receiving any information from Barton, lost all trace of him and likewise mourned him as dead. Barton enlisted in the Confederate army and served until peace was declared. Jabez later on moved with his family to Henry County, Indiana. Recently a relative of the family learned through conversation with a traveling salesman of a man named Barton Guyer in Harrisburg, Texas. Correspondence developed the fact that he was the long-lost brother.

Farm Hands Form Union.
The farm laborers in Knox County and of Lawrence County, Ill., have organized, and immediately secured an advance in wages. William H. Brevoort & Son, who cultivate over 5,000 acres, were the first to feel the effect of the new organization, which is chartered as the "Farm Laborers' Union No. 9247, Vincennes, Ind., branch of the American Federation of Labor." This is the first farmers' union ever organized in the State. Mr. Brevoort employs about 150 men. Since the union was formed an increase has been granted the men from 90 cents to \$1.10 for married men and from 75 to 95 cents per day for single men. The farmers are said to be viewing the outlook with great concern.

Woman Beaten and May Die.
Mrs. Mary Albertson of Michigan City, who in a divorce suit some months ago charged her husband with selling her for \$2 to William Denny, for whom she has kept house since, is in a serious condition as the result of a mysterious attack. She was found in bed on a recent morning unconscious, having been beaten with some blunt instrument. Her recovery is doubtful. Denny was arrested on suspicion, but denies knowledge of the affair. The husband also is suspected.

Judge Sellers Ends Life.
Judge James H. Sellers, candidate for the Democratic nomination for Governor, killed himself in his law office at Crawfordsville by taking morphine. He left a letter saying that his life was a failure and that his debts were large. His letter was full of praise for his wife. He served on the bench and in the State Legislature with distinction.

Within Our Borders.
Mount Vernon, with 2,500 people, has contracted for two miles of asphalt streets.
Homer Reed, 18, was found dead, with his neck broken in Lost river, near Orleans. Mystery.
A 40-acre field of shocked wheat belonging to Jesse Murphy, near Glenwood, was burned a few days ago.

Merchants at Montmorenci are putting up a band stand and will have a band concert every Saturday evening.
At Terre Haute fire totally destroyed the plant of the Wabash Coopers Company on the river front. The loss is \$40,000, partly insured.

John Gosma, near Lafayette, bought the patent right for a tire device for \$4,000 and has seen neither papers nor stranger who sold it since.
Farmer Amos Reece, near Anderson, was attacked by cats, whose concert he interrupted, and his face was so lacerated it had to be sewed up.

G. W. Drollett, principal in an Evansville business college, has received word that Minister Conger, China, has appointed him private secretary.

Benjamin Landen, aged about 60 years, was struck and instantly killed just south of Milford Junction by a north-bound Big Four passenger train.

Roy Jones, 12 years old, and Bryan Jones, his brother, 4 years old, were burned to death in a fire which consumed their parents' home at Broad Ripple. They tried to start a fire with coal oil.

Benjamin Brune, aged 45, of Tell City, died in the southern Indiana insane asylum. A week before he lost a finger and thumb in a factory and through fear of losing his entire arm he went insane. Since then his oldest daughter, through brooding, has lost her mind.



In proportion to its size the United States military establishment is the most expensive in the world. According to the official notes of military interest prepared by Lieut. Col. Simpson it is shown that the cost of maintaining one soldier in the American army for one year is \$1,104. The nearest approach to this is Germany with \$201, while Russia pays less than any other government with \$155 for each man. A comparative statement is made which shows the effectiveness of the different armies, the cost of maintaining them for a year, and the cost of one soldier for the same period. It is as follows:

	Effectives.	Cost one soldier	Cost a year.
Italy	221,388	\$ 45,640,664	\$ 192
Austria	350,637	78,717,800	194
Germany	562,187	142,077,225	201
France	589,215	124,491,500	197
Russia	732,005	141,892,825	195
United States	76,200	114,220,000	1,014

An analysis of this table shows that the American army, which is conceded by military authorities to be the best in the world for its size, costs \$114,220,000 for 76,000 men, while the military establishment of France costs a little over \$10,000,000 more, or \$12,491,500, for maintaining an army of 589,215, or nearly eight times as large as that of the United States. For only \$27,072,800 more than is paid by the United States Russia maintains an army nearly ten times larger than the American establishment, the number of men being 732,005, costing \$141,392,825. For a great deal less than half its costs to maintain the American army Italy has an establishment nearly three times as large, and for a little more than half of the expenses of keeping the United States army in fighting shape Austria has an establishment more than four times larger.

Postmaster General Smith's long deferred executive order, intended to abolish the abuses of the second-class mail matter system, has at last been issued, and it undoubtedly makes sweeping changes in the entire system. Summed up, the order of the Postmaster General bars from the mails at the pound rate paper backed novels and similar publications; secondly, it deprives of the pound rates newspapers and periodicals which have no bona fide subscription lists, but which are merely thrown in to the purchaser of some more or less attractive premium. Finally, the order prescribes that unsold copies of newspapers cannot be returned at the pound rate, either to the publishers or to central news agencies. The order is believed to be sufficiently sweeping to effect a saving of many millions of dollars in the expenditures of the Postoffice Department, while at the same time it is claimed that it will not do any injustice to legitimate newspapers and periodicals, for whose benefit alone the law was passed originally. With the large increase in the postal revenues, which will come as the result of the execution of this order, it is believed that the first step will be taken toward the establishment of penny postage.

During the fiscal year just ended the foreign trade of the United States aggregated in value \$2,310,413,077, being an increase of \$65,988,811, compared with that of the previous year. Of this the exports amounted to \$1,487,656,544, which exceeded those of the previous year by \$95,173,462, and the imports aggregated \$822,756,533, being \$27,184,631 less than those for the fiscal year 1900. The balance of trade in favor of the United States for that period reached a total of \$664,900,011, being an increase of \$120,359,113 over the balance for the previous year. Of the principal articles of domestic export breadstuffs showed an increase of \$14,032,536, provisions an increase of \$18,487,458, and cotton, \$71,617,413, while mineral oils fell off \$4,448,971. The imports of gold during the year aggregated \$64,571,653, an increase of \$19,998,668, and the exports, \$53,239,520, an increase of \$4,962,761, leaving a balance in favor of the United States of \$11,342,332. For the month of June the imports, with a total of \$67,987,895, showed an increase of \$5,986,588, compared with the same month last year, and the exports, which aggregated \$102,664,357, showed a falling off of \$5,987,600.

The United States and Italy again have become seriously involved over an incident somewhat similar to the lynching of the Mafia assassins at New Orleans during President Harrison's administration, which resulted in the withdrawal of Baron Fava, the Italian minister, from Washington. The Italian embassy, for its government, has filed with the State Department a formal protest against the lynching of two Italians and the serious wounding of another by a mob at Erwin, Miss., recently, and asked for redress. The State Department has communicated with the Governor of Mississippi on the subject, asking him to report the facts and take measures to punish the lynchers.

Secretary Long admitted he did not believe Admiral Schley issued the order for the loop executed by the Brooklyn at the battle of Santiago. While the Secretary is not willing to give Admiral Schley credit for the victory, he does him the justice to exonerate the naval officer from the charge of cowardice which has hung over him for three years, on account of being accused by Sampson's friends of issuing the order for the loop to avoid being run down by one of Cervera's ships.