

THE CULVER CITY HERALD.

At Lake Maxinkuckee.

VOL. VIII.

CULVER CITY INDIANA, FRIDAY OCT. 4, 1901.

NO. 10

Military Academy.

NEWS FOR THE HERALD,

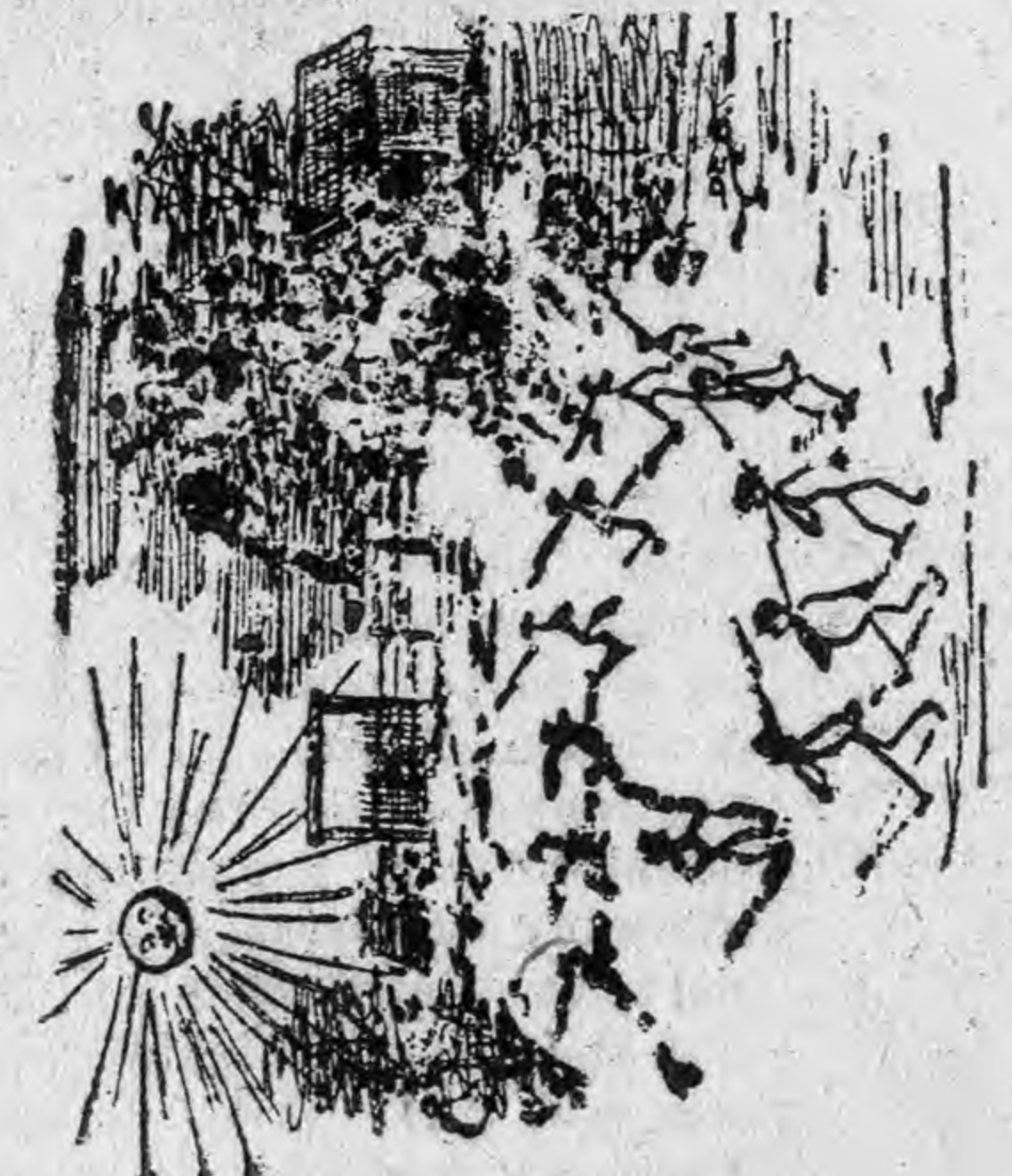
Written by Our Special Reporter.



Culver won her first foot ball game of the season with the South Division High School of Chicago, and though displaying at times a lack of experience, the almost new team showed up very well indeed, winning by a score 10 to 0. In Woodward, McQuaid, and Morse, the only members of last year's team who have not graduated, we have three men who are almost a team in themselves, and around these three Capt. Brookfield will have to build his almost new team. McQuaid did all the scoring, making a drop kick from the 35 yard line in the first half and a touch down in the last five minutes of the game. Owing largely to the heat the game was slow, a South Division player going out almost every other down. Woodward, McQuaid, Morse, Van Ryp and Wood did most of the playing. Line up:

Swigart, - C. - - Campbell.
Buck, - R. G. - - Bays.
Wallace, - L. G. - - Baucus.
Cooper, - R. T. - - Morse.
Henderson, L. T. - - Winter.
Lewis, - R. E. - - Wood.
Dickey, - L. E. - - Masters.
Willits, - L. B. (Capt) Woodward.
McKillib, - R. H. B. VanRyper.
Snyder, - L. H. B. - McQuaid.
Erb, - F. B. - - Koontz.

The team will face the strong Englewood High School team, next Saturday, in what seems to be a pretty badly crippled condition. McQuaid has received word from home forbidding him to play any more this season. Morse is out of the game for a time, which leaves Woodward the only veteran.



It is rumored that we shall have a minstrel show, Thanksgiving. Surely, this is a good thing. Let the old members of the dramatic club gird up their loins and organize, for verily now is the season to begin rehearsals.

Mrs. B. H. Greiner and son are located in Mr. Kubn's cottage.

Mr. J. Sholem of Paris Ill. spent Tuesday at the lake, and entered his son in the Academy.

Mr. P. J. Pattu of Palatine Ill., who was a cadet in '99, visited friends at the Academy Sunday, and enters the University of Chicago this semester.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Campbell of Hartford City spent Tuesday with their son at the Academy.

Mr. J. E. Callender of Chicago entered his son Hewitt Monday. The young man has just returned from a six month's sojourn in Europe with his mother.

Captain J. Q. Adams, U. S. A., (retired,) of Newark, Ohio, who for the past five years has been Professor of Military Science in the Academy, tendered his resignation Monday, to accept the position of treasurer of the Soldiers' Home at Marion, Ind. In an address to the cadets in chapel, he announced to them the deep regret he felt that he had made his last inspection of their excellent battalion, and his last "official" visit to them, that he hoped the high standard of excellence which the corps had always maintained would be kept up, and that he should always feel the deepest interest in the school, and the warmest friendship for the officers and cadets. Colonel Fleet, in behalf of the cadets and everyone connected with the school, expressed their deep regret at losing him, and extended a cordial invitation for as many "unofficial" visits as he could make. The Captain is extremely popular with the cadets, as was evinced by the whole company gathering on the company parade ground, and giving "Nine Raes for Captain Adams."

Services at Grace Reformed church October 6th, 1901: Sunday school, 10 a. m.; Communion service, 11 a. m. Preparatory services, Saturday, 3 p. m. Dr. A. E. Baichley of the Seminary at Tiffin, Ohio, will be present, and preach at Zion in the afternoon and Culver in the evening. Dr. Baichley is a pleasant, forcible speaker, and you should not fail to hear him.

M. E. Garn, formerly of this city now of Paulding, Ohio, was calling upon his relatives and friends last week. He is in the saloon business, and reports a rushing trade. He also said that his family is well and likes their present home very much.

Our readers will please excuse lack of local news in this issue, as we have been moving our household effects back to Culver, which has taken considerable of our time.

M. A. Mawhorter has purchased the tin shop owned by J. K. Mawhorter, and has already taken possession of the business. The new proprietor will expect the patronage of the public, and in return, will give them value received, by the way of good work at reasonable prices. J. K. Mawhorter, the former owner will remain in the shop for an indefinite period.

If you want good stove pipe, hand made, rivet in both ends, call on M. A. Mawhorter's tin shop.

LOCAL BREVETIES.

Items Gathered Here and There and Put in Shape for the Herald.

Stove pipe and elbows at all prices at M. A. Mawhorter's.

The Knox fire company has ordered a 1,100 pound bell.

It is stated that the Porter county fair association cleared \$600.

President McKinley carried life insurance to the amount of \$65,000.

L. C. Dillon shipped two carloads of fine sheep from Burr Oak Tuesday.

Anybody that has a stove to line or repair, bring it to M. A. Mawhorter.

Banker Shilling was in Knox last Friday, and while there sold his handsome driving team. He says that corn will be an immense crop in Starke county.

You had better get your roofs repaired before winter sets in.

M. A. MAWHORTER.

The Studebakers will make automobiles, using the Edison storage battery. The price will be about \$250, as cheap as a horse and buggy.

Employees of the Pennsylvania road of the western division will not be allowed annual passes after January 1st, 1902. They will be sold tickets at one-third or one-half rates.

Wm. R. Hearst, proprietor of the New York Journal, Chicago American and the Washington Intelligencer, was hanged in effigy twice in New York City last week.

Rev. T. J. Mawhorter, G. W. Poppy, and A. J. Copeland, of Wawaka, Ind., arrived in Culver Monday evening, and made Mr. J. K. Mawhorter and family a short visit, returning to Wawaka, Tuesday. The gentleman had been attending a minister's conference at Badger, a town situated near Lafayette.

M. E. Church, Culver, Ind., Sunday, Oct. 6th, 1901: 10 a. m., Sunday school; 11 a. m., Sermon. Rev. E. H. Edwards; 2:30 p. m., Junior Epworth League; 6:30 p. m., Senior Epworth League; 7:30 p. m., Sermon, Rev. E. H. Edwards Prayer meeting, Thursday, 7:30 p. m.

FORREST C. TAYLOR, Pastor.

Thursday night, two gentlemen from Rochester were guests at the Bradley Hotel. They were here in the interests of an electrical line which is to run from Rochester to Culver, and they claimed that they had secured the right of way from Rochester to the Marshall county line. This line will connect with the main line at Rochester which connects with various lines throughout the state. We hope it will materialize, and will give our readers more particulars later on.

Amasa Johnson was born in Putnam county, Indiana, died at his home on North Michigan street, Plymouth, last Friday afternoon, after an illness of three months of liver trouble. He leaves a wife and four children. Funeral services were held at the residence Sunday at 2 p. m. by Rev. W. W. McKinzie, and under the direction of the G. A. R. post of which he was a member. The Marshall county bar met in the court room and attended the funeral services in a body. Interment in Oak Hill cemetery.

Circuit court convenes Oct. 14th.

Commissioner's court convenes next Monday.

The amount of school fund on hand Oct. 1st, 1901, was \$8,187.78.

Mr. Delap and wife of the Lakeside Hotel made Plymouth a visit this week.

Isaac Esterly and wife of Columbiana, Ohio, are guests at Bradley's Hotel.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Peter Doll, last Friday a bouncing boy. Dr. Rea was in attendance.

The ministerial meeting of the South Bend district north-west Indiana conference will be held at New Carlisle, Ind., October 21-22.

The Rev. Edward H. Edwards of Hamlet, Ind. will preach in the Culver M. E. Church, next Sunday morning and evening.

Out of the thirty-one cases filed with the county clerk during the summer vacation for the ensuing term of court, twelve are for divorces.

Mr. Frank Armstrong has rented Mrs. R. C. Lord's farm south of town for three years, and has moved upon the same. Frank is a hustler and no doubt will meet with success.

Dr. Rea reports that a girl was born to Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Dinsmore Tuesday, and that mother and child are doing well.

Robert Rea, who is attending the Rush Medical College, Chicago, has been in town a few days visiting his parents, returning to school Thursday. We are pleased to note that Robert is making rapid strides in the mysteries of the profession, and ranks high as a student who aims to get all there is in it, out of it.

James Castleman was in Indianapolis this week representing the order of K. of P. at this place in the grand lodge. About 700 delegates were present and a right royal time reported.

Frank McLean, Chas. Medbourn, Al. Keen and Geo. Garn took in the Bourbon fair Thursday.

Mrs. Pearl Starkey and child who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Ben. Starkey during the summer returned to their home in Mulberry, Ind. Monday.

Mr. I. W. Smoke, who has been sojourning in Ohio the past month, brought home with him a piece of wood which he took from a walnut post that he hewed 62 years ago. The wood is in a fine state of preservation. Mr. Smoke will have a foot rule made out of the wood and keep it as a relic.

Major Anderson and family have moved back to Huntington. The Major conducted the Park Cafe during the summer months, which was well patronized. We understand that the Major will not return to Culver. During his stay here, he and his amiable wife made a large circle of friends who will miss their genial presence. It is hoped that a way will open so they will return next summer.

The following marriage licenses have been issued during the past week:

Edwin J. Bradley and Lulu M. Baker.
John A. Martin and Cordelia Colvin.
Orin L. Hand and Sarah E. Long.
Perry O. King and Vida Jordan.
Robert Calway and Ellen N. Bachman.

Chas. Ray of Lafayette was at the Bradley Hotel this week. He has a son attending the C. M. A.

They Are Married.

For a long time, Edwin J. Bradley, has acted mysteriously—and had a far away look upon his face which denoted that something unusual was agitating his mind. Some attributed it to the fact that Edward contemplated taking a leave of absence, while others said he was in love, and that the little Cupid darts had pierced his heart, and that nothing but matrimony would ease his mind, and relieve his friends of their terrible anxiety. He has been making South Bend visits of late, and last Saturday he came from South Bend to Plymouth, accompanied by Mrs. Ida Clark and a charming girl by the name of Lula Baker, whose parents live south of Culver. They were met at the train in Plymouth by D. A. Bradley and wife, and all proceeded to the Reformed Church parsonage, where Edwin J. Bradley and Lulu M. Baker were made man and wife by the pastor of said church.

The newly wedded couple will reside in South Bend, Edwin having rented a flat containing 25 rooms, and will keep lodgers. The groom has lived in Culver for many years, and is a young business man of integrity, and no doubt will meet with success, as he has had a large experience in the hotel business.

The bride is well known as a young lady of an exceptionally bright and sunny disposition, and will make Edwin a worthy helpmeet. The HERALD hopes that Ed. has lost that far away look.

Keen Bros. have commenced work at the Academy again, making pictures that will be used in the 1902 catalogue. The last catalogue, all pictures, except five which were made from some negatives made a few years ago, were made by Keen Bros. This catalogue has excited the admiration of all who see it, and is acknowledged to be superior to that of any school in the U. S.

J. O. Ferrier has received a carload of paving brick, which are in fine shape. We understand that work will be commenced upon the brick walks at once.

Married, at the home of the bride's parents at Paulding, Ohio, Howard Stayton and Miss Bertha Garn. Mr. Stayton is a member of the firm of Stayton and Landis, draymen in this city, and the bride is a daughter of M. E. Garn, a former resident of Culver. The happy couple are well known here, and have the best wishes of a large circle of friends.

Miss Josephine Overman, who has been dangerously ill the past week, with strong symptoms of typhoid fever, we are pleased to announce is slowly improving.

Maxinkuckee.

A number of our citizens are attending the Bourbon fair.

James Wilson made Plymouth and South Bend a visit this week.

Dr. and Mrs. A. Z. Cable, Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Spangler, John W. Wilson, William and Amy Barnes, Mr. and Mrs. Bradford Krause attended the Rochester fair last week.

Jonas Voreis and family of Hibbard, Mr. and Mrs. William Miles, New Salem, and Grandpa Miles and wife, of this place, spent Sunday with Mrs. Sarah Hissong east of town.

Mrs. Fred Thompson entertained her mother Mrs. Fear and Mr. and Mrs. Homer Holman and daughter, Glen, of Bremen, last week. Mr. Holman pronounces the Bremen gas well a reality.

SHOOT A PRISONER.

MILITARY GUARD TAKES LIFE IN PREVENTING ESCAPE.

Daring Dash for Freedom on North River Pier Has Fatal Consequences—Michigan Jurist Wounded on Train by an Unknown Person.

The desperate attempt of a military prisoner to escape and his fall after being pierced by a bullet from a guard's revolver created intense excitement at pier 26, North river, New York. It was 2 o'clock in the afternoon when Lieut. Louis J. Bishop of the marine corps reached the pier at the head of a detachment guarding sixteen prisoners en route from the Brooklyn navy yard to the military prison at Norfolk, Va.

EX-JUDGE SHOT BY UNKNOWN.

Bullet Fired Through Train Window and Source Cannot Be Found. Ex-Judge H. D. Smith of Cassopolis, Mich., was shot in the throat by an unknown person. Mr. Smith had been in Chicago on legal business and was returning on the Grand Trunk train.

Fatally Hurt at Funeral.

A dramatic incident occurred at Capon bridge, W. Va., at the funeral of Morris Freeman. Miss Lulu Carpenter, his sweetheart, a girl of 17 years, was at the funeral, and just as the coffin was borne out of the house she threw both hands up and fell in a faint.

In Arms Against Negroes.

At Hallville, Texas, a party of white men, whipped a negro so severely that he died. They then attempted to break into the house of another negro, who shot and instantly killed Julian Atwood.

Society Forced to Assign.

At Fort Scott, Kan., Judge Simons has appointed City Attorney Hudson receiver of the Select Knights and Ladies of America lodges in Kansas. The head offices are in St. Louis, and members of the Fort Scott lodge received circulars from the general officers, notifying them that the directors had been forced to make an assignment.

Miss Hanna Christens Cruiser.

Miss Ruth Hanna, daughter of the Ohio Senator, christened the cruiser Cleveland at the Bath iron works at Bath, Me. With a daintily mounted silver hatchet she cut the cords releasing the keyshores and broke a bottle of American champagne over the bows as the big craft slid into her element.

Denver Lad Confesses Murder.

Two months ago James Reahard of North Manchester, Ind., was notified that his son Homer had been found on the outskirts of Denver, Colo., with two revolver wounds, which later caused death. Ray Poole, a 14-year-old boy now in custody at Denver, has confessed to having fired the shots.

Race for the Pennant.

Following is the standing of the clubs in the National League: W. L. Pittsburgh . . . 86 48 Boston . . . 68 67 Philadelphia 79 56 New York . . . 52 84 Brooklyn . . . 77 58 Cincinnati . . . 51 82 St. Louis . . . 75 61 Chicago . . . 52 85

Schoolhouse Trunk by Lightning.

A school house in a Finnish settlement near Fergus Falls, Minn., was struck by lightning and one girl was killed and a child severely injured. There were twenty-five persons in the building at the time.

Strike on Chicago Road.

Two hundred conductors and guards of the South Side Elevated road in Chicago struck for higher wages. The line was operated with unexpected success with new men.

Boers and British in Pattle.

Gen. Botha, with 1,500 Boers, attacked Fort Itala, on the border of Zululand, the fight lasting all day. The assaults were finally repulsed, but losses were heavy on both sides.

Allow Women Representation.

The Minnesota conference of the Methodist Church has voted, 90 to 12, in favor of the new constitution allowing women representation in the general conference.

FROM THE FOUR QUARTERS OF THE EARTH



KIDNAPED FOR RANSOM.

Story of Capture of Miss Stone, American Missionary in Turkey. The American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions is in receipt of information concerning the capture of Miss Stone, the American missionary, and one of her helpers by brigands in Turkey. The capture was made on the afternoon of Sept. 4, while Miss Stone and Mrs. Tsilka, the wife of an Albanian preacher, were traveling with friends from Basko to Djumao.

RACE RIOT IN TEXAS TOWN.

Negro Killed and Two Men Wounded at Somerville, Texas. A race riot started at Somerville, Tex., Monday night about 10 o'clock and several hundred shots were fired before the negroes finally broke and fled. One negro, name unknown, is dead, and two men are seriously wounded. B. W. Long was hit in the left side and will probably die. J. O'Brien is wounded in the thigh.

THREATEN TRAIN FOR GAIN.

Blackmailers Arrested by Burlington Officials at Meeting Place. A few days ago Superintendent Hohl of the Burlington route at Platte City, Mo., received a letter, unsigned, mailed at Waldron, Mo., demanding of the Burlington that \$4,000 be deposited by a light on the public road below Waldron or the tracks would be blown up with dynamite.

Admits Plot, but Is Not Believed.

Edward Saftig, who was arrested at St. Louis on a charge of petit larceny, told Chief of Detectives Desmond a circumstantial story of a plot to kill President McKinley, in which he, Leon Czolgosz and Frank Harrigan, who is described as a New York anarchist, were the principals. Saftig said he was in Buffalo at the time of the assassination and aided Czolgosz in his preparations for the crime. Saftig's story is discredited.

Shoots His Wife; Cuts His Throat.

In a fashionable resort in Omaha R. P. Sleeper surprised his young bride and shot her three times while she reclined upon a couch. Then, as if to add a fitting climax, Sleeper emptied the remaining chambers of his six-shooter in a frenzied fusillade evidently without specific aim, and tossing his empty pistol aside, he gashed his own throat with a knife. The woman's wounds are fatal.

Catch Illinois Bank Thief.

James Boyd, one of the two men arrested at Hamilton, Ohio, for an alleged attempt to rob the county treasury, admitted that he is John Ryan of Chicago, wanted for robbing the Bluffs, Ill., bank of \$2,100 last October. He served six years in the Nebraska penitentiary for shooting an officer in 1892.

Big Horn Stage Robbed.

A man supposed to be Neils Lippcott held up and robbed the Sheridan-Big Horn stage near Big Horn, Wyo. Sheriff Neilson of Sheridan took the trail with a posse and captured Lippcott in the eastern part of Sheridan County.

Dakota Has Small Tornado.

A small tornado of wind, rain and snow passed through the western portion of Deuel County, S. D., doing great damage. A school house and numerous farm dwellings were blown down and grain stacks were scattered and destroyed. Over two inches of rain fell.

Fatal Explosion in Newark.

Six men, and possibly seven, were killed and seven injured by the explosion of an oil tank of the Essex and Hudson Gas Company at Newark, N. J.

Death of Kirk B. Armour.

Kirk B. Armour, aged 47 years, head of the Armour house in Kansas City, died after a long illness of acute inflammation of the kidneys.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$3.00 to \$6.00; hogs, shipping grades, \$4.25 to \$7.20; sheep, fair to choice, \$3.00 to \$3.50; wheat, No. 2 red, 69c to 70c; corn, No. 2, 56c to 57c; oats, No. 2, 34c to 35c; rye, No. 2, 54c to 55c; butter, choice creamery, 19c to 21c; eggs, fresh, 15c to 17c; potatoes, 50c to 60c per bushel. Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$6.00; hogs, choice light, \$4.00 to \$7.00; sheep, common to prime, \$3.00 to \$3.50; wheat, No. 2, 69c to 70c; corn, No. 2, 57c to 58c; oats, No. 2, 36c to 37c; rye, No. 2, 57c to 58c. St. Louis—Cattle, \$3.25 to \$6.20; hogs, \$3.00 to \$6.00; sheep, \$3.00 to \$3.50; wheat, No. 2, 69c to 70c; corn, No. 2, 57c to 58c; oats, No. 2, 36c to 37c; rye, No. 2, 57c to 58c. Cincinnati—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$5.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$7.15; sheep, \$3.00 to \$3.25; wheat, No. 2, 71c to 72c; corn, No. 2, 57c to 58c; oats, No. 2, 36c to 37c; rye, No. 2, 57c to 58c. Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 mixed, 70c to 72c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 57c to 58c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 36c to 37c; rye, No. 2, 52c to 54c; clover seed, prime, \$5.20. Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 northern, 68c to 69c; corn, No. 3, 56c to 57c; oats, No. 2 white, 38c to 39c; rye, No. 1, 54c to 55c; barley, No. 2, 59c to 60c; pork, mess, \$14.65. Buffalo—Cattle, choice shipping steers, \$3.00 to \$5.90; hogs, fair to prime, \$3.00 to \$7.10; sheep, fair to choice, \$3.00 to \$3.90; lambs, common to choice, \$4.50 to \$5.35. New York—Cattle, \$3.75 to \$6.00; hogs, \$3.00 to \$7.25; sheep, \$2.50 to \$3.75; wheat, No. 2 red, 74c to 75c; corn, No. 2, 61c to 62c; oats, No. 2 white, 38c to 40c; butter, creamery, 18c to 22c; eggs, western, 19c to 21c.

SHOT AND KILLED ON TRAIN.

Edwin De Priest Threatens E. A. Woody and the Latter Uses His Revolver. Edwin De Priest of Eminence was shot and instantly killed on an excursion train just as the latter was entering Mountain Grove, Mo., bound for Springfield. The shooting was done by E. A. Woody, an employe of the Cordz-Fisher Lumber Company of Birch Tree. De Priest accosted Woody, it is said, calling him vile names, and made a threatening gesture, whereupon Woody shot him through the brain. De Priest was pardoned from the penitentiary by Gov. Stephens a few days before Dockery's inauguration. He had served three years' time for the murder of Tom Woody, brother to the man who killed him.

HARD TO INVADE NATAL.

Rivers Flooded and Lyttleton's Troops Ready to Meet Botha. The moment for a serious invasion of Natal, if such a plan has been in Commandant General Botha's mind, has passed. Both the Buffalo and Tugela rivers are in flood, while Gen. Lyttleton's troops are sufficient to deal with the enemy should he elect to cross the border. It is thought probable that Botha's plan of seeming to threaten Natal was adopted to keep the minds of the burghers occupied, and so divert attention from the expiration of the term of grace allowed by Lord Kitchener's latest proclamation.

Diedrick Not Marooned.

Mrs. Peary, wife of Lieut. Peary, denies the report that Dr. Diedrick was marooned. He positively refused to go back, and said he would stay with a party of natives. It was not considered proper to attempt to compel him to return to the Windward because of his peculiar mental state.

Death in Fire Crash.

In a fire which destroyed the plant of Freund Brothers, varnish manufacturers, of Chicago, one fireman gave up his life for duty's sake, another is expected to die from injuries received, and several others were so badly injured that they will carry the scars for many months, if not always.

Big Loss in Guayaquil Fire.

At Guayaquil, Ecuador, fire destroyed eleven blocks in the south end of the city, involving a loss of about 1,000,000 sucres, and has caused great distress among the poor people who inhabited that quarter. The commercial part of the city was not damaged.

Water System for Hawaii.

Chicago capitalists are negotiating for a 99-year license to build a water system on the Island of Hawaii and sell the water for irrigation, domestic and power uses.

New Packing Plant for Omaha.

Agents of the Schwartzchild & Sulzberger Packing Company of Kansas City announce that the concern will locate a \$1,000,000 packing plant in Omaha in the near future.

Suicide of a Traveling Man.

J. E. Love, a prominent traveling man from Lawrenceburg, Pa., aged 55 years, committed suicide at Winona, Minn., with morphine.

BIG STEAMER IN PERIL.

With Rudder Gone, and Storm Raging, Passenger Trust in Providence. The steamship Oregon is safe, but its improvised rudder, broken propeller and careworn passengers tell the story of ten days' floundering around in the trough of the sea at the mercy of a gale, frequently so severe that it seemed as if nothing less than a miracle could save the boat and its 500 passengers. The efforts of Captain Sealey and crew were finally rewarded, with the construction of an emergency rudder, which did its work, and then came a voyage of 1,700 miles at a snail's pace. Short rations were ordered, and it was not until the entrance of Puget Sound became almost a certainty that regular meals were restored. The Oregon sailed from Nome with a full passenger list and \$750,000 in treasure. Three days out it ran into a gale. The rudder post and rudder were carried away and then one blade of the propeller was broken. Five days later the steamship Empress of China was signaled and transferred a supply of food to the Oregon. The Oregon finally reached Port Townsend and was towed to Seattle.

SELLS FARMER MA-SONIC TEMPLE.

Wisconsin Man Gives 'President's Cousin' \$400 to Binl Bargain. Rudolph von Hagerstein, said to be a well-to-do farmer of Lodi, Wis., is reported to have bought the Masonic Temple in Chicago from a stranger for \$12,000 and paid down \$400 to bind the bargain. The stranger promised to meet him the next day at the Grand Pacific Hotel and give him a clear title to the property, but he did not keep the engagement. It is said Mr. Von Hagerstein was on hand to close the deal. The stranger gave the name of Martin Roosevelt, said he was a cousin of the President and had to go to Washington to help his relative run the government. He needed the money and would sell the building at a sacrifice. Mr. Von Hagerstein it is alleged, thought "Roosevelt" must own the temple, judging from the way he ordered the elevator men to let him off at the various floors as he was showing the purchaser over the structure.

CONTEST OF 870 THIRD COUSINS.

Peculiar Will of a New York Man Leads to Fight Over Estate. A remarkable case is on trial in a special term of the Supreme Court in Herkimer, N. Y. Menzo Shaul died and left \$21,000 to be divided between those related to him as third cousins. In his will he wrote: "By the term third cousins I mean the children of those persons who are related to me as cousins." At least 870 persons from all parts of the United States are asking for shares in the estate. They are represented by forty-three attorneys. The cousins are divided into four classes, and the court will be called upon to decide which class is entitled to the portion of the estate remaining after costs are paid.

Good Turn by Slot Machine.

F. Leaman of Coffeyville, Kan., after searching for his wife since last March, when she left his home, has found her through seeing her picture displayed in a slot machine. After seeing the picture Leaman went to Chicago and found out from the photographer where the picture was taken. He traced his wife to Cripple Creek, where she appeared on the variety stage, and then went to Denver to ask the aid of the police. His wife recognized him on the street and the pair became reconciled.

Passenger Train Derailed.

Nearly half of the 100 passengers on the through train from St. Louis to Omaha on the Wabash road were injured, and all had a narrow escape from death, when the train jumped the track and pitched down an 18-foot embankment, landing bottom side up within a few feet of Indian Creek, near Council Bluffs. Three of the injured probably will die.

Czolgosz Found Guilty.

Assassin Czolgosz has been declared guilty of murder in the first degree and sentenced to death in the electric chair. The trial at Buffalo ended with the second day's proceedings. The jury was out thirty-six minutes, but most of this time was allowed to elapse simply for the sake of appearances.

President McKinley's Will.

The will of President McKinley has been filed for probate at Canton. Estate is valued at from \$225,000 to \$250,000. The widow receives an income during life, property to be divided at her death among testator's brothers and sisters equally.

Banker Is Indicted.

The grand jury at Ovid, N. Y., handed in nine indictments against James B. Thomas, cashier of the Leroy C. Partidge Bank of Ovid, which failed several months ago with liabilities of \$750,000. He pleaded not guilty and was released in \$2,200 bail, his wife going on his bond.

First Trial a Fluke.

First trial between Columbia and Shamrock for America's cup, on Thursday, was a fluke owing to neither yacht being able to finish within the time limit. The Columbia finished ahead.

SEE FACE OF LINCOLN.

Casket Is Opened for the Last Time at Springfield.

Abraham Lincoln's casket was opened Thursday and the face of the great emancipator was seen for the last time before the body was finally laid to rest beneath the Lincoln monument in Oak Ridge cemetery, near Springfield. Eighteen persons were present when the casket was opened.

The identification of the remains was positive. The features are said to have been extremely pallid, and it is said that this condition was due to a film that has crept over the face. The beard could be plainly seen and the chin was prominent, while the hair had begun to fall out. The headrest had decayed, letting the head fall back.

The shirt front was well preserved, as was also the black silk stock that Lin-



WHERE LINCOLN'S BODY RESTS.

coln wore about his neck. The rest of the clothing had commenced to fall to pieces.

Six laborers carried the box containing the casket from the north side of the monument to the memorial hall on the south side. An hour later, after identification had been made, the casket was taken back to the north side of the monument and then lowered to the vault beneath. Workmen then began the task of securing the casket under the mass of masonry.

The casket, surrounded by an iron cage, is now imbedded in and made a part of a solid concrete block eight by eight feet and thirteen feet long. This makes the twelfth removal of the body.

FIRST OF THE CUP RACES.

It Is Ended by a Fluky Wind, with the Columbia Far Ahead.

After having tried for five and one-half hours to complete the first race between Shamrock II. and Columbia for the America's cup, the regatta committee fired a gun and set the signal declaring the race off. The time limit agreed upon had expired, with the lightship barely in sight. The breeze that had promised calm and the racers were art had died, sails looking like a washday on a man of war. At this time Columbia, the old faithful, was something more than a mile ahead of the "burnished bronze challenger."

Although the first of the season's races for the America's cup could not be finished within the time limit, the showing made by the Columbia was such as to strengthen confidence considerably in its ability to win. That the Shamrock II. is a remarkably fast craft and a dangerous competitor has been demonstrated.

A new boat embodying the best skill of its experienced designer, built without regard to cost, trimmed into perfect shape and carrying a spread of sail considerably larger than that of the Columbia, there was ground for the apprehension that the Shamrock II. would not only win, but win easily. The failure of the Constitution and the necessity of resorting to the old cup defender further tended to weaken confidence. It is when these facts are considered that the significance of the defender's achievement is appreciated. In the windward work to the outer mark it gained a considerable lead and on the trip home it seems to have held its own, if it did not actually make further gains. Thus the Columbia was about seven minutes in the lead when the race was called off. With the short distance which it had to cover, it undoubtedly would have crossed the line first had the contest continued.

TO BAR OUT ANARCHISTS.

President Roosevelt Will Deal with the Question in His Message.

A Washington correspondent says it is quite certain that one of the most important points in President Roosevelt's coming message to Congress will deal with the suppression and prevention of anarchy and that he will urge upon Congress a revision of the immigration laws so as to provide for the exclusion from this country of anarchists, nihilists and others of that creed.

He may also urge the enactment of a federal statute penalizing an assault upon the President, and punishing with death, no matter where committed, such crime, if the assault should prove fatal. Such legislation might be broadened so as to stamp out anarchy by proclaiming the creed a conspiracy against the government and providing punishment for the preaching and practicing of it.

President Roosevelt talked the other day with Commissioner of Immigration Powderly on the subject of keeping anarchists out of this country and is gathering information about the different plans for revising the immigration laws, so as to prevent the landing of the undesirable classes. His recommendation to Congress will undoubtedly take the usual form of suggesting legislation and allowing Congress and the executive department interested to draft the laws, but the bill that is introduced this winter will have the full approval of the President before it is brought to the attention of Congress.

LIFE AND DEATH GO FORTH EACH DAY.

Life and Death go forth each day;
Which one would you meet?
Death is grim, but Life is gay;
Hey, but Life is sweet!

Yet, when Fate hath adverse mind,
Many cry with heat:
"Life is cruel, and Death is kind;
Hey, but Death is sweet!"

Life or Death—what need to care
Which it is you meet!
Death is kind and Life is fair;
Hey, but both are sweet!
Geraldine Meyrick, in "New" Lippincott.

In the Supreme Court.

Everything conspired. It wouldn't have happened if poor little Bobbie's first discipline had not taken place early that morning, and if Frances Wylie had not been "on the rain-page" again when school opened. Bobbie was the principal's only and idolized son, and still in kilts. Frances Wylie was the mischief brewer of Miss Virginia Trapp's room, Number Seven.

"It was awful!" groaned the principal under his breath. He spread his hands out on the green baize of his table and regarded them with horror, as if there were blood on them. Could it be they had punished Bobbie—Bobbie? He had looked so bewitching and inky and naughty! His little crisp, sun-yellow curls had stood up round his reproachful face so becomingly?

"Awful! Awful!" the principal groaned. He was in no mood to begin the day's work in his "Supreme Court," on the ground floor of the Maltbie High School. There would be punishing to do, of course, and to think he had punished Bobbie—little sunny-haired Bobbie!

"It's going to be a bad day. I see it in Frances Wylie's eyes!" groaned little Miss Trapp, inwardly. Frances from her back seat gazed about with studied, innocent wonder. She was almost half again as big as little Miss Trapp.

Frances was "on probation." She had been warned that one more misdemeanor would send her to the Supreme Court.

"I'm not afraid," she thought, serenely. "She's so little. I could put her in my pocket and run away with her." But tiny, gentle-faced Virginia Trapp came of Puritan stock, and was endowed with courage. She might twist her small white fingers nervously, but she would not draw back. Let Frances Wylie beware!

So the day began in the Maltbie High School, with a sore-hearted, self-reproachful father in the Supreme Court, and in Room Number Seven a mischief-loving girl and a tiny, troubled teacher. So the day went forward until the Vergil class was called. Then—

"Miss Wylie!"
"Good morning," he said, absently. The two figures edged a little way into the room. For an instant there was embarrassing silence, while the principal from behind his desk observed vaguely the tall dignity of Frances and the curly brown head of the tiny teacher. There was no question as to identity. Even to unsuspecting eyes it was plain enough which was which.

Under the stress of excitement Virginia Trapp's tongue sometimes played her false. Now as she opened her lips to speak, she found herself incapable of uttering a syllable. Her tongue fluttered soundlessly.

"Well?"
The principal gazed dimly at Frances waiting. He would give her time. It was a source of grief to him that he was held in such awe by his teachers. This tall, stately woman must be the new teacher in Room Nine.

"You have brought the young lady to me? She has been—er—transgressing, I see," he said, gravely, turning his near-sighted eyes with grave disapproval upon the tongue-tied little teacher. And before little Miss Trapp had time to gasp with astonishment, he had waved her peremptorily toward the "Prisoner's Dock" and turned back to Frances.

"You may leave her with me. I prefer to have the story directly from her," he said, gravely.

It had all happened in the briefest possible time. While the little teacher was still flushed and speechless, Frances had realized the principal's mistake and the rich possibilities for fun in it. She had taken in all the things that conspired—the absence of the all-important spectacles from the principal's nose, the presence of the far-away, preoccupied look in his pleasant gray eyes, and the ridiculous contrast between herself and the tiny, cropped-haired teacher. A reckless spirit seized the girl. The end of the world was at hand, in any event; why not make the most of this last opportunity?

Frances drew herself up and bowed with dignity.

"I will leave her here, then, with you—and her own conscience," she added, in little Miss Trapp's best manner.

Then she closed the door behind her and sped down the hall, stifling her laughter. Straight into Room Seven she walked, and then she dropped into

the chair behind the teacher's desk. There was dead silence in the room, while from one girl to another travelled a look of mystification: Then Frances rose to her feet. She had recovered her breath and was quite calm and serious. "Young ladies, our beloved teacher has unfortunately been arraigned before the Supreme Court, and I have been put in charge of Room Seven, in her place," she said, impressively. "I need not ask you to remember that it is study hour. The class in Vergil may recite."

A ripple of merriment ruffled the calm surface of the room, but Frances arrested it with a sharp tap of little Miss Trapp's ruler.

"Be quiet!" she commanded. "There aren't but fifteen minutes left before the noon hour. Don't any of you dare to make a disturbance till then! I shall report every living, breathing soul that does! Now somebody recite."

Frances Wylie and little Miss Trapp will not soon forget those fifteen minutes. In Room Number Seven they passed with fearful slowness. Frances watched the hands of the great clock in momentary expectation of avenging doom. That it did not come filled her with amazement. Where was the scandalized principal, with Miss Trapp, white and gray, at his heels? Why didn't they come?

"Call this fun!" thought Frances in disgust. "I never enjoyed myself so little in my life! I—I guess I'm getting scared."

In the Supreme Court the fifteen minutes dragged their length out monotonously. The principal had turned back to his desk and resumed his writing quietly. It was his way to leave malefactors to their own thoughts for a season. The thoughts of this particular one, sitting still and flushed in the Prisoner's Dock, were gradually straightening out from paralyzed bewilderment and anger into steady reasoning.

Miss Trapp had not succeeded in uttering a word. As the door snapped behind Frances she had stepped forward and cleared her throat desperately. But the principal had waved his hand deprecatingly.

"Not yet; we will talk later on," he had said calmly. In his mind he had determined to wait until the beginning of the afternoon session, and then settle this trouble.

Miss Trapp consulted her watch. It was cool and still in the Supreme Court, and she folded her hands on the cover of her Vergil and rested, with a smile in the corners of her mouth.

"A hardened case," reflected the principal, dimly aware of the smile. "But we will practice patience—yet, yes, certainly, patience." It was what he was sorely afraid he had not practised that morning with Bobbie, and his conscience was sensitive on the point.

"If I tell him about it now, he will dismiss her anyway. What hope would there be after an escapade like this?" the little teacher mused. "He would never let her come back—never! And that would break her mother's heart. I don't know but it would break Frances', too. She's really a dear girl, mischief and all. I can't do it! I'm going to give her a chance to take it all back."

There was just the one chance—Frances should have it.

"You may go now, young lady, but you will return at the opening of the afternoon session. We will talk then." The principal's voice was kind and, although he did not look up from his work, it was certain there were friendly lights in his eyes. Miss Trapp's heart warmed to him.

Room Seven was emptying itself into the corridor in its usual orderly fashion. Frances stood soberly at the door. The little teacher touched her arm and beckoned her aside. There was a suspicion of a laugh in Miss Trapp's eyes, but her lips were grave.

"Judgment is suspended. I am to go back this afternoon for it," she said. "I thought I would tell you, and if you cared to go, instead—it is a chance."

"Miss Trapp!" cried Frances, breathlessly, catching at both the small white hands. "Do you mean he doesn't know yet? That—that there is some chance, after all, for me? You haven't told?"

"I haven't told," the little teacher said, gently. "There was a chance to wait, and I did. I thought you might want to take my place this afternoon."

"I do! I will! I'm going to!" sobbed Frances, in a tempest of tears. "I'll tell every single thing—I'll get down on my knees! O Miss Trapp, I didn't think of mother then, or you, or anything in the living, breathing world but fun!"

Bobbie, in his little blue kilt, met his father on the way home with a glad cry of welcome. It augured well for Frances.—*Youth's Companion.*

Graciousness of Royalty.

Benjamin Constant has been giving his impressions of Queen Alexandra as a sifter. "Your queen," he told an interviewer, "can never grow old; she has perennial youth and perpetual beauty. Ah, what a sovereign!" And then, with a quaint laugh, he added: "Sometimes, when I visited Buckingham Palace, she kept me waiting for a quarter of an hour, and I was glad of it, for her apology was so charming and her manner so delightful that I could never have had the heart even to look cross."

Bamboo pens have been in use in India for over a thousand years, and are still preferred to steel or quill pens.

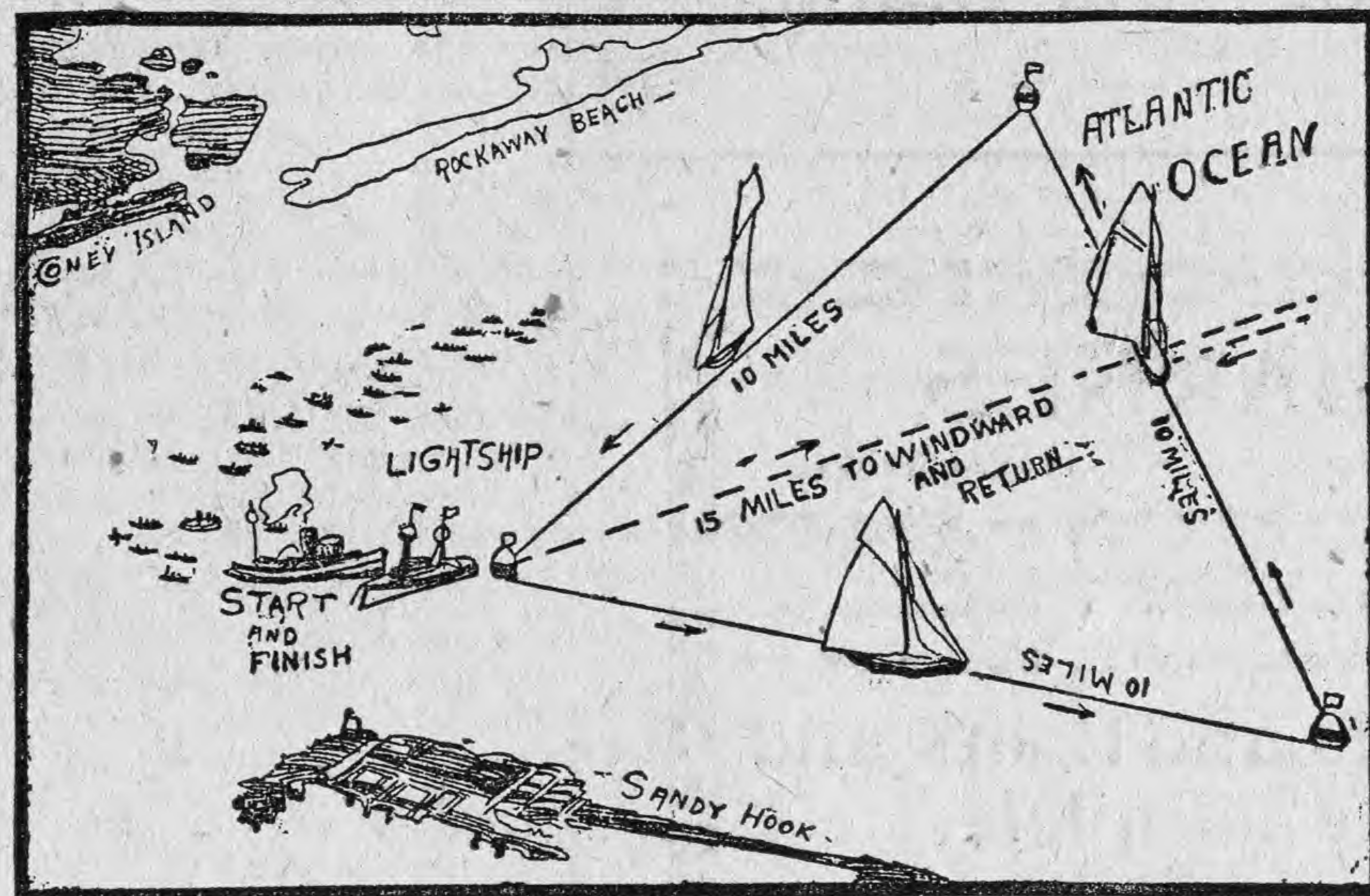
COLUMBIA WINS RACE

FIRST OF THE SERIES GOES TO AMERICAN YACHT.

Shamrock Is Beaten by a Very Close Margin, After an Exciting Struggle—Forty-eight American Soldiers Are Slain in Filipino Trap.

After sailing thirty miles so closely together that the result was always uncertain, Columbia and Shamrock crossed the finish line Saturday afternoon in such a hair-raising finish that for some time there was uncertainty as to which boat had won. The official time shows that Columbia was less than half a minute in the lead, which, with its time allowance of forty-three seconds, gives it the first race by a fraction over a minute. Probably never before in the history of international yachting has there been so close and so exciting a race.

Shamrock got a few seconds the best of the start, and for a time maintained its slight advantage. Then Captain Barr's boat crept up, the two great racers flying along like a pair of twin sea gulls, their wings almost touching. At several times on the journey out to sea it was noted that they were not more than a hundred yards apart. Shamrock got around the outer mark less than a minute in the lead, and the race home began on practically even terms. The two yachts, with their



COURSE OF THE YACHT RACES.

towering white sails, swept down the home stretch like evenly matched race horses, and the heart of every sportsman was in his mouth. First one and then the other of the boats seemed to get a tiny lead as they caught the first breath of passing puffs of wind, and two miles out from the line the excited experts could only say, "It is still anybody's race."

The result of the first race in the series was quite sufficient to demonstrate that a challenger and a defender were never so evenly matched before. The fact that the two yachts were seemingly so closely matched has, of course, added greatly to the public interest in the remaining races of the series.

ATTACK GUARD AT TOMB.

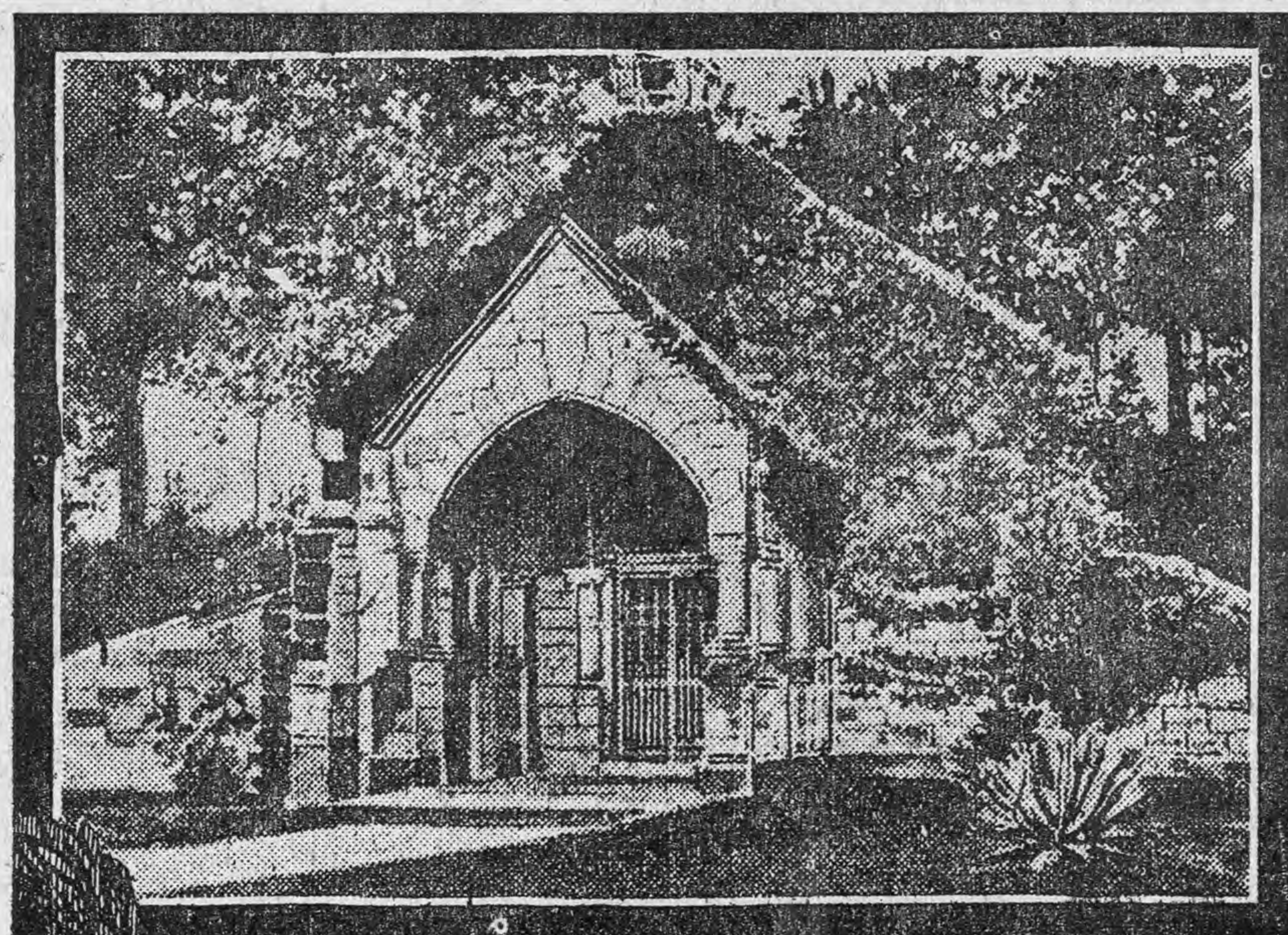
Mysterious Incident at Vault Contains McKinley's Body.

Military men guarding the McKinley vault report an attack upon the guard early Sunday night by armed and masked men, carrying packages supposed to contain explosives. It is thought an attempt was made to blow up the vault.

Guard De Prend, a private in the company of regulars from Fort Wayne, Mich., while on duty at the rear of the vault, about 7:45 o'clock, noticed a man peering from behind a tree about forty feet from the vault. He watched it for twenty minutes and then challenged the intruder, who made no response, but dodged back of the tree. The soldier then advanced, challenging a second time, and the man came out and ran toward De Prend, sheltering himself behind a second tree twelve feet nearer the vault.

De Prend, noticing that the fellow was carrying a package in one hand and a glinting instrument in the other, took no further chances, but brought down his rifle and fired. Just as he did so, another man, approaching from behind, and whom he had not seen, struck up the rifle and at the same moment dealt De Prend a terrific blow on the body with some instrument.

Meanwhile the shot had aroused other members of the guard but owing to the fact that they had to climb a steep hill the marauders had disappeared before they arrived. The man who attacked De Prend was masked. The other, he says, he could easily recognize.



TOMB WHERE THE BODY OF MCKINLEY RESTS.

YACHT RACE RULES.

Here are the rules governing the sailing of the international yacht races:

- Courses—Thirty nautical miles from Sandy Hook Lightship.
- First race—Fifteen miles to windward or leeward and return.
- Second race—Equilateral triangle, 10 miles to a leg.
- Third, fourth, fifth and subsequent races to alternate as above.
- Time of start—11 a. m., if possible, but no race to be started after 1 p. m.
- Signals for start—Preparatory signal 15 minutes before starting signal, and warning signal five minutes before starting signal.
- Timing the starters—If a yacht crosses the line within two minutes after the signal her actual time of crossing is taken; otherwise two minutes after the signal is counted as the time of her start.
- Time limit—Five and a half hours, exclusive of time allowances.
- Accidents—No resailing of race because of breakage of either boat.

FILIPINOS SLAY MANY.

Kill Forty-eight Members of Company C, Ninth Infantry.

Forty-eight soldiers belonging to the Ninth regiment of the United States infantry were killed and eleven were wounded during a sudden attack by Filipino insurgents while at breakfast Saturday morning. Adj. Gen. Corbin expresses the opinion that the company's officers must have been negligent in the

RECORD OF THE WEEK

INDIANA INCIDENTS TERSELY TOLD.

Most Active Prosecutor Gets Convict Out of Prison—Closely Contested Race Brings About Law Suit—Kentucky Man Shoots Wife—Boy Shot in Play.

Thirty-five years ago John H. Terhune, a wealthy citizen of Anderson, aided in the capture, trial and conviction of James McCullough on the charge of murder. McCullough was given a life sentence. The other day Terhune took to the Michigan City prison a pardon for the aged convict. Terhune became convinced as the result of developments that McCullough was innocent and his zealous work to prove him guiltless was continued till executive clemency was exercised. McCullough is now 70 years of age.

Shoots Wife for Taking Children.
Percy Nathan of Henderson, Ky., murdered his wife at Evansville by shooting her. Some time ago the woman came to Evansville with two of her children because of domestic differences, while two others remained with their father. The children finally decided to join their mother, and this angered Nathan so that he arrived from Henderson the other morning, and, visiting his wife, shot her to death. He then surrendered to the police.

Rorse Race Results in \$10,000 Suit.
Suit for \$10,000 damages has been filed by James Carver, a jockey, against John Bronnenberg, a horseman, for injuries sustained in a race at the Middletown fair. Bronnenberg's son rode his horse, and his father is alleged to have ordered him to "Win this heat if you have to kill somebody." Carver says he was entitled to the pole, but young Bronnenberg crowded him, causing him to fall, sustaining injuries for life.

Shot Posing as McKinley.
Omer Peelee, aged 10, was fatally shot at Winchester while posing as President McKinley at Buffalo for Emil Miller of the same age, who was playing the anarchist in the case. The lads were playmates and decided to go through the Buffalo tragedy. Miller secured his brother's Flobert rifle for the work. The ball passed almost through the child's stomach, inflicting fatal injuries.

Criminal Is Captured.
George Brown, the negro who attempted to kill his wife, her aunt, Mrs. William Reed, and subsequently cut his own throat and severed his windpipe, and who broke jail at Washington, was captured at Odin, Ill.

State News in Brief.
Elwood plants of the American Tin Plate Company have resumed work.

Levi Miller, 76, near Kokomo, fell from a cider wagon and was dead when found.

A Butler man has made himself popular by giving a party and cooking all the eatables himself.

A big bean dinner at Nashville given by the Jackson Wood Post, G. A. R., drew 3,000 people.

Fred Cook, Elwood machinist, was caught in shafting at the Pittsburg plate glass factory and killed.

Warner Titus has sold the Lindell Hotel, the second largest in Kokomo, to R. A. Brown for \$17,000.

Robert Walsh, Evansville, was sentenced to three months for desecration of President McKinley's pictures.

A splendid monument will be erected next spring over the grave of ex-Gov. James A. Mount at Crawfordsville.

Frank Beatty, Covington, raised a peach as big as an ordinary muskmelon and weighing eleven ounces. He has 5,000 trees.

The body of a man, supposed to be J. Manderson of Chicago, was found on the Baltimore and Ohio tracks at Miller's Station.

Isaac Barekman, his wife, Lucy, and his daughter, Helen, were acquitted at Vincennes, where they were charged with burning Barekman Chapel last March 1.

The famous campaign horse, Dollie, owned by ex-Recorder Joseph E. Vaile, Kokomo, is dead, aged 39. Dollie had marched in every political parade since 1869.

Fifteen Big Four cars were derailed in a rear-end collision near Greencastle. The two crews jumped and escaped, but some tramps in an empty box car had a narrow escape.

A double-header extra freight on the Wabash Railway met a local freight at a curve three miles north of Peru, resulting in three engines being badly wrecked and nine cars ditched.

The American Straw Board Company brought suit against the Chicago and Eastern Illinois Railway Company for \$150,000 for the loss of a mill at Terre Haute in April, 1897, by fire alleged to have been due to the faulty condition of the locomotive's spark arrester.

Dr. Z. H. Stamets, Auburn, narrowly escaped lynching because he is alleged to have said that President McKinley was only suffering what he had been instrumental in causing others to suffer, and that Roosevelt would probably meet the same fate. As it was he was badly beaten.

Considerable excitement prevails in Bremen over the striking of a strong flow of natural gas at a depth of 700 feet. Drilling had been in progress for ten days at the second experimental oil well located one-half mile south of the city in the fair grounds. The pressure of gas was so strong that drilling had to be suspended. Prices of real estate have rapidly advanced and are still going up by bounds. Speculators are already on the ground, offering fabulous prices for leases on the surrounding ground.

ADAMS & COMPANY'S

UP-TO-DATE STORE.

Stunning Reductions

Underwear, Boots, Shoes, Etc. . . .

Also a full and Select Line of Dry Goods.

A Complete Line of Groceries

Remember the "Old Stand."

A. E. BARNES
Maxinkuckee - - Indiana.

At the present time, the above named gentleman has one of the largest and most Select Stock of Goods on the Shores of Lake Maxinkuckee.

His Dry Goods and Boots and Shoes are complete.

His Grocery and Notion Department are simply Unsurpassed in the county. Branch Store near Maxinkuckee Pier

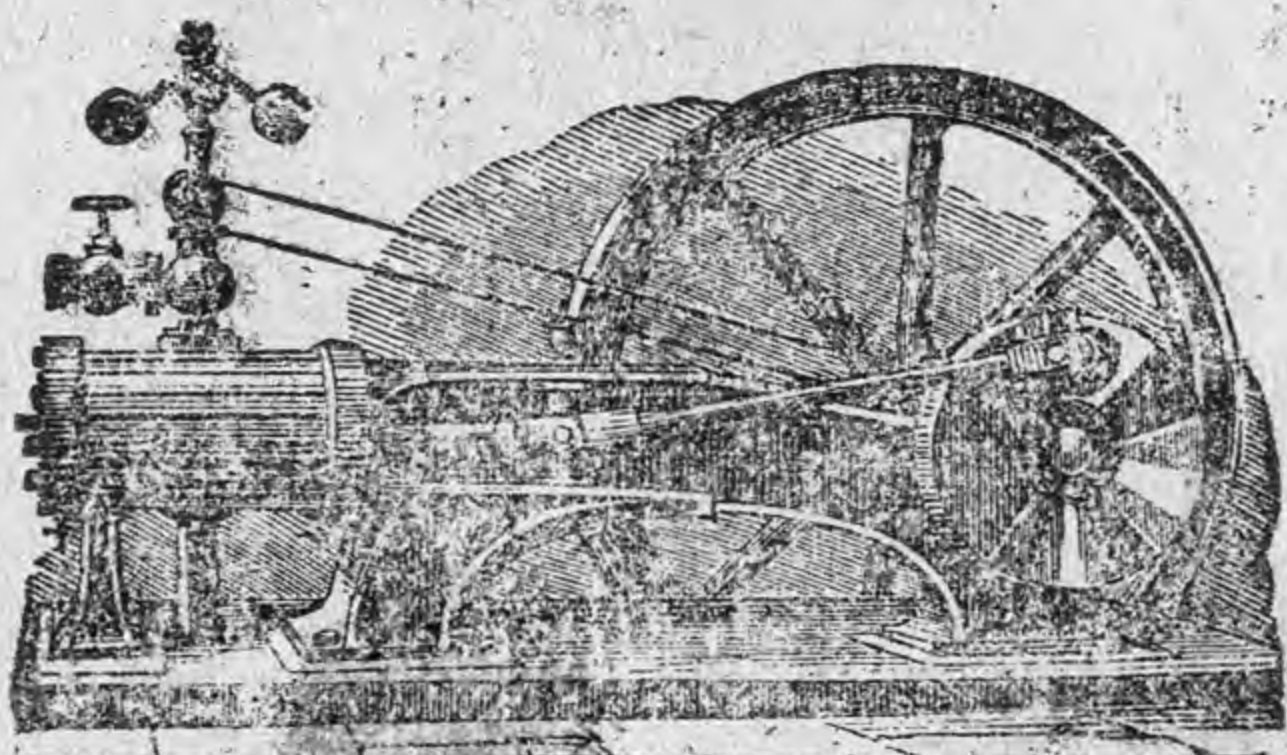
Fall and Winter Stock of Dry Goods, Etc., are now

On Exhibition at our store, direct From New York. Goods have are purchased for cash at the Lowest Market price and will be sold Accordingly. See our prices on Jackets and Cloaks.

- Lot No. 1. Ladies and Misses Jackets, 1900 prices from \$2.98 to \$4, to close at \$1.98.
- Lot No. 2. Ladies and Misses Jackets, 1900 prices from \$4.50 to \$8, to close at \$2.98.
- Lot No. 3. All of Best Jackets left over from 1900 used to sell from \$9 to \$15, now \$3.98.

Kloepfer's New York Store, Plymouth, Ind.

CULVER CITY Construction Company,



Iron and wood workers. All machinery promptly repaired. Repairing Engines and Boilers a Specialty. Shop opposite M. E. church.

Culver,

Indiana.

CULVER CITY HERALD

Entered at Culver Postoffice as Second class matter.

GEO. E. NEARPASS, Ed. and Pub. HOMER L. NEARPASS, Local Editor. ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY.

Obituaries and poetry pertaining thereto charged at the rate of 20 cents per inch.

SUBSCRIPTION: For One Year \$1.25 For Six Months .70 For Three Months .35 If paid promptly in advance a discount of 25 cents will be given on the year.

Sheep Scab.

Among the acts of the last session of the Indiana legislature was one making it compulsory to dip all scabby sheep. The object is to stamp out this expensive but unnecessary disease. The reports of the state statistician for the past few years have shown that there has been a considerable number of sheep affected. The forth-coming report will show more than 8,000 head reported to be affected for the year ending June 30. There is no question but there have been many errors in reporting but deducting these there still remains a large number of affected sheep.

Scab is produced by an itch mite that causes itching, rubbing, pulling and shedding the wool, causing a bare and scabby skin. The parasite can not live for any length of time off the skin and does not thrive on any other animal. It is therefore possible to stamp out the disease by killing all the mites by dipping. Solutions of tobacco, lime sulphur and arsenic are effective for this purpose. The tobacco solutions have preference. They may be made by taking from 20 to 25 lbs of tobacco leaves and stems and soaking for one day in sufficient water to cover. Then boil for an hour and draw off after six hours. Dilute to 100 gallons. Add 20 pounds of sulphur and use while warm. The lime and sulphur dip may be made by slacking eight lbs of lime in some water, adding 24 lbs of sulphur and diluting to 100 gallons. It is troublesome to prepare the tobacco solution and it is about as cheap to buy the extract ready for use. The lime and sulphur dip is injurious to the wool. It requires on an average of one and one-half gallons of dip solution per head for more than 25 head. The second dipping is necessary at the tenth day so that the cost for material must be reckoned at about five to seven cents per head. The coal tar or creolin dips are excellent for ticks but not as effective as they should be for scab. As far as known nearly all affected sheep have been dipped but any person knowing of such disease should report the same to the State Veterinarian, Lafayette, Ind., at once, as efforts will be made to complete the work before cold weather.—Purdue University Experiment Station.

ALL ROADS LEADS TO BUFFALO, But all shrewd Buyers come to my store if they wish the best of Everything

for the least money. Our General Line of Merchandise is complete in every particular.

F. SMYTHE,

Maxinkuckee, Ind.

J. K. MAWHORTER,

Tinners and Furnace Dealers,

All kinds of Roofing and Eave Troughing promptly attended to.

Cleaning and Repairing Gasoline Stoves a Specialty.

Terms Reasonable.

CULVER, - - - IND.

EASTERDAY & OVERMYER,

DEALERS IN

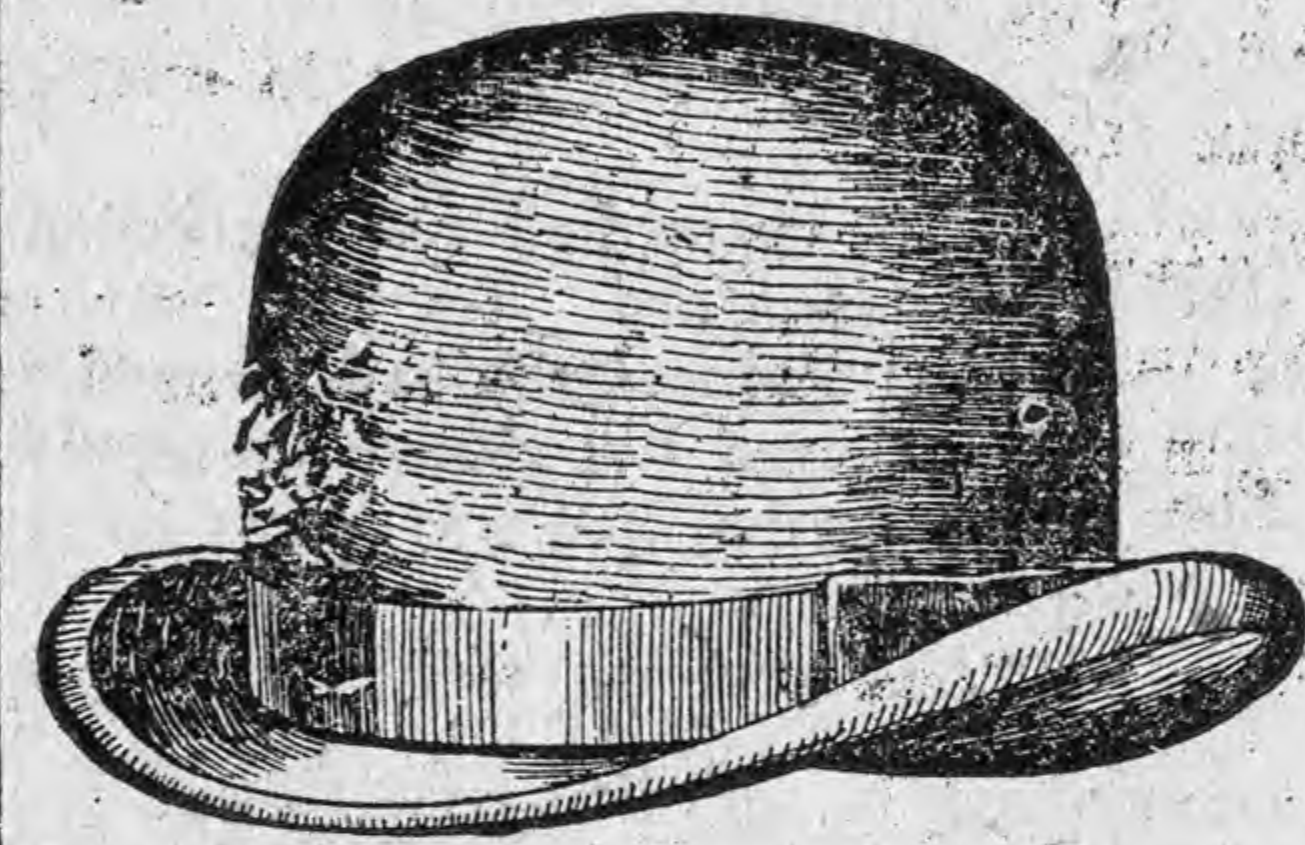
Furniture, Baggies, Wagons



CULVER, - INDIANA

BALL AND COMPANY

LONGLY HATS



are satisfactory Hats. The only test for the material in a hat is the wearing. This is conceded by experts. The hats we sell are renowned for the service which they give, and you need have no hesitancy in purchasing one with every assurance that it will outwear any hat you have

ever had of another make. The LONGLY HATS are produced in one grade only. ONE PRICE \$3.00. Other grades of hats in new styles much cheaper. Come in and see them.

NEW FALL SHIRTS.

A very complete line in both 50c and \$1 grades. Fancy and plain stripe Percales with cuffs to match. Don't forget our KNEE PANTS advertised at 39c. You save 11c on every pair.

BALL & CO, Plymouth Ind

THE ROSS HOUSE Plymouth, Ind.

Newly furnished and rebuilt, with all modern improvements. Hot and cold water in every room and all bathing appliances. Best supplied tables in northern Indiana. Absolutely loaded with all the delicacies of the season.

TERMS, \$2.00 PER DAY.

Rates for permanent board and lodging made known on application.

JOHN BOWELL, Prop.

John C. Bannell,

Telephone--Residence, 33 Undertaking, Rooms 112.

Furniture Dealer

and Undertaker

Lowest Prices.

Michigan Street, Plymouth, Indiana.

LOCALS.

Men's ready-made clothing at Adams and Co.

Great Cloak, Opening Sale at Kloeffer's New York Store, Plymouth, Wednesday, Oct. 9, rain or shine. On said day the ladies will see the great and only Beifeld Cloaks the name itself meaning that you will see the correct styles for 2901-2.

Ladies' and gents' underwear at Adams & Co.

Dr. Wagner of LaPaz was found dead in his office Friday evening. Heart failure probably caused his death.

Gladys Houghton, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ora Houghton, was born Nov. 9th, 1900, and died at the home of her parents, south of Culver, Sept. 26, 1901, at the age of ten months and 17 days. Funeral services were conducted by Rev. Hutchinson at Mt. Hope church, Sept. 28, with interment in the Leiter's Ford cemetery.

We have been getting in new dry goods—all this week.

ADAMS & Co.

John Osborn shipped a car-load of cattle to Buffalo last week.

A new stock of Hats, Caps, Gloves, and Mittens at Adams & Co.

One thing our state legislature should do, and that is to pass a law, making it a hundred dollars fine the first offense, and five hundred the second offense for any person or persons, to allow a sand-burr to go to seed upon his premises. This country is cursed with a great stock of sand-burrs which are a distressing nuisance.

An immense stock of groceries at Rock-bottom prices at Adams & Co.

E. E. Shedd, who represents the Valparaiso Seed Co., was a caller at this office, Thursday.

No necessity of going out of town to buy anything in the general Merchandise line. We are in a position to meet all competition. Keep your money in Culver. ADAMS & Co.

Burr Oak.

Dr. Loring was in South Bend Tuesday.

Mrs. Jane Welter of Argos visited friends here Monday.

There will be quarterly meeting services Saturday and Sunday at the U. B. Church.

Having sold his farm Louis Pero will move to Ohio.

Myrtle and Effie Emig are visiting friends at North Liberty and Walkerton.

A Mrs. Murphy lectured at the U. B. church Monday evening, subject, Japan.

Wm. Garver of Walnut called on friends here Friday and Saturday of last week.

Rev. George Mattox has been returned to Burr Oak by the U. B. conference. He is an able man and his return is heartily endorsed by a large circle of friends.

The date for the dedication of the Church of God at Burr Oak has been fixed for Oct. 20th. Rev. L. E. Conner, of Danville, Ill. will be present to preach the dedicatory sermon at 10:30 a. m.

Prayer meeting at the Church of God every Thursday evening.

Trustee Bogardus was transacting business at Burr Oak Monday.

Lower Rates to Buffalo.

Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, beginning Oct. 5th, the Nickel Plate Road will sell round trip tickets at one half of the one way, first class limited fare. Return limit 5 days after date of sale. Inquire of nearest agent of the Nickel Plate Road or C. A. Asterlin, T. P. A., Ft. Wayne, Ind., or R. J. Hamilton, Agent, Ft. Wayne, Ind. 210 10-30 10

Fresh oysters served by the dish or furnished at retail by the quart, quart or gallon, guaranteed first-class at Bill's place, opposite depot. 3mo9

Attention Everybody!

We offer a lot of Dress Goods this coming week at

8 to 15c Per yard, worth

12 to 25c.

PORTER & Co.

Culver, - - - - - Indiana

GRAND CORN EXHIBITION. AT ALLMAN'S BIG STORE. Commencing Saturday September 28th Closing Monday December 2nd.

TEN Big Prizes will be awarded Dec. 2nd for the TEN biggest and best ears of corn raised in Marshall County

THE PRIZES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

- | | |
|---|-----------------------------|
| 1. \$10 Black Dress Suit—Choice of our \$10 guaranteed Suits. | 6. Fine cloth or plush Cap. |
| 2. Fine Dress Pattern. | 7. Fine Shirt. |
| 3. Finest \$3. 50 black Shoes. For Lady or Gentleman. | 8. Fine Gloves. |
| 4. Fine Black stiff or felt hat. | 9. Fine Silk Kerchief. |
| 5. Fine Black Umbrella. | 10. Fine Silk Tie. |

You are invited to call at the great corn display, and visit Plymouth's great clothing shoe and dry goods store. Bring your specimens along.

M. ALLMAN, Plymouth, Indiana,

STAYTON & LANDIN,

General Draymen Goods = delivered promptly to any part of the city, or = around = the Lake. Reasonable Prices.

Time Table. VANDALIA LINE

Terre Haute and Logansport R. R. In Effect June 2, 1901.

For the North	
No. 10. Daily Except Sunday..	8:03 A. M.
No. 14. Daily Except Sunday..	11:40 ..
No. 8. Daily Except Sunday..	9:45 P. M.
No. 12. Sunday Only.....	9:24 A. M.
For the South.	
No. 21. Daily Except Sunday..	6:07 A. M.
No. 3. Daily Except Sunday..	12:56 P. M.
No. 9. Daily Except Sunday..	7:52 ..
No. 11. Sunday Only.....	6:26 ..
Sunday Trains.	
Arrives.....	9
Leaves.....	9

J Shugrue, Agt.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat. It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps and all other results of imperfect digestion. Price 50c. and \$1. Large size contains 2 1/2 times small size. Book all about dyspepsia mailed free. Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago.

Attention, Everybody.

Why pay more for your laundry when you can receive just as good work for less money by leaving our orders with Peter Keller, barber, who represents the Plymouth Steam Laundry at Culver, Ind. Give him a trial. Work warranted. Collars 2 cents each; cuffs 4 cents per pair.

Stricken With Paralysis.

Henderson Grimett, of this place, was stricken with partial paralysis and completely lost the use of one arm and side. After being treated by an eminent physician for quite a while without relief, my wife recommended Chamberlain's Pain Balm, and after using two bottles of it he is almost entirely cured.—George R. McDonald, Man, Logan county, West Va. Several other very remarkable cures of partial paralysis have been effected by the use of this liniment. It is most widely known, however, as a cure for rheumatism, sprains and bruises. For sale by T. E. Slattery, druggist. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy Saved His

A Typical South African Store.

O. R. Larson, of Bay Villa, Sundays River, Cape Colony, conducts a store typical of South Africa, at which can be purchased anything from the proverbial "needle to an anchor." This store is situated in a valley nine miles from the nearest railway station and about twenty-five miles from the nearest town. Mr. Larson says: "I am favored with the custom of farmers within a radius of thirty miles, to many of whom I have supplied Chamberlain's remedies. All testify to their value in a household where a doctor's advice is almost out of the question. Within one mile of my store the population is perhaps sixty. Of these, within the past twelve months, no less than fourteen have been absolutely cured by Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. This must surely be a record." For sale by T. E. Slattery, druggist.

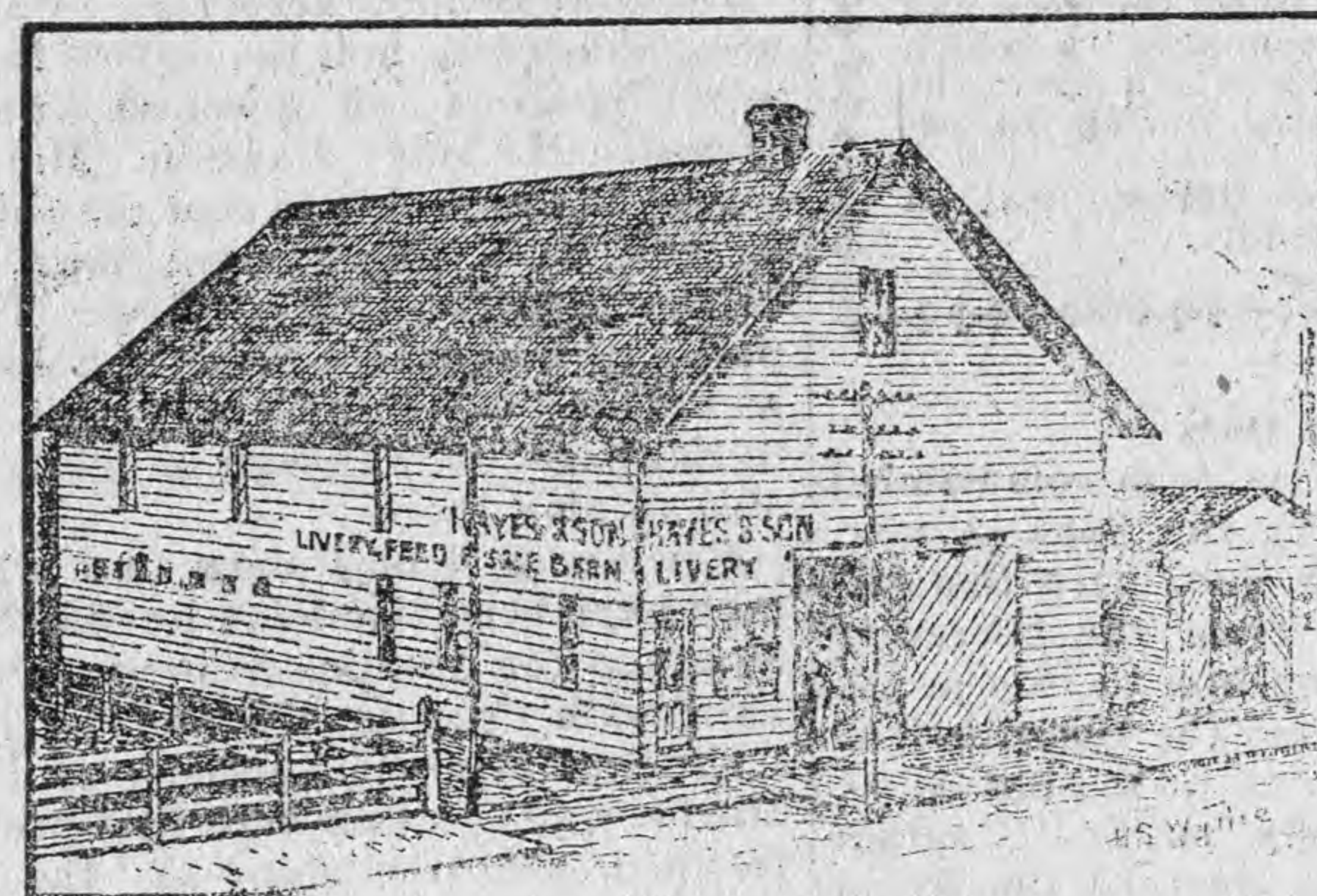
ANNUAL OHIO EXCURSION,

Via Vandalia Pennsylvania Lines. Will leave Lakeville, Ind., Oct. 3 1901. For rates and particulars, call on or address W. T. Schallhorn, Agent Vandalia Line, Lakeville, Ind., or C. M. Wheeler, T. P. A., Terre Haute, Ind. 3 f.

The Rector Hotel, near Maxinkuckee landing, has a first class livery stable in connection. Terms reasonable.

America's Best Republican Paper.
Editorially Fearless.
Consistently Republican—Always.
News from all parts of the world—Well written, original stories—Answers to queries on all subjects—Articles on Health, the Home, New Books, and on Work About the Farm and Garden.
THE WEEKLY INTER OCEAN
The INTER OCEAN is a member of the Associated Press and is the only Western newspaper receiving the complete telegraphic and cable news matter of both the New York Sun and New York World respectively—besides daily reports from over 2,000 special correspondents throughout the country. No pen can tell more fully why it is the best on earth.
ONE DOLLAR YEAR. 52 Twelvepage papers—52 Brim full of news from every where, and a perfect feast of special matter. ONE DOLLAR YEAR.

HAYES & SON, PROPRIETORS OF



Livery, Feed and Sale Stable.

First class Horses, Buggies and Vehicles of every description. Can stable 300 horses.

The Biggest of Fall and Winter Suits

Overcoats to be found in Northern Indiana. Special Sale for the next 15 days. It will pay you to call and see the bargains at

M. Lauer & Son
One-Price Outfitters.
Plymouth, Ind.

We Know

That in order to make people come IN and goods go OUT prices must go DOWN.

RUBBER - MONEY.

You will be surprised at the way your dollars will stretch the moment you invest in our **HARDWARE and TOOLS.** Everything for the Kitchen, Garden and Barn.



John H. Aslley & Son

COPPER CASED WELL POINTS



SCHLEY

Court of Inquiry

NAUTICAL TERMS.

The definitions below will explain much of the testimony given in the Schley court of inquiry:

Cable's length—203 yards.

Cross Sea—Waves that come from divers directions.

Starboard—Now obsolete, meaning the left side. "Port" as a distinctive sound was introduced in place of starboard.

Quarter Deck—The deck abaft (behind) the mainmast, where members of a crew are never allowed unless their duty calls them there.

Side Lights—The red (port) and green (starboard) lights carried by vessels at night.

Starboard—The right-hand side; the opposite of port.

Draft—The depth of a vessel to the extreme underside of the keel, measured from the load water line.

Trough—The hollow between wave crests.

Leeward—The side of the ship opposite to that which is exposed to the wind or storm.

Windward—The direction from which the wind is blowing.

Sheer Off—To remove to a greater distance.

Logbook—A journal in which is entered the position of the ship, the winds, currents, state of the sea and all matters of importance in relation to the vessel and its movements.

Combing Tower—A small, strong steel house raised above the deck and furnished with portholes, in which the commanding officer can direct the movement of a ship during an engagement.

Executive Officer—Officer next in rank to the commander.

Fifth Day.

Captain W. C. Wise, who commanded the scout Yale during the Spanish war, admitted under oath that, notwithstanding positive orders from the Secretary of the Navy directing him to inform the "flying squadron" that the Spanish fleet was in Santiago harbor, he did not do so. Captain Wise merely notified Captain Philip of the Texas, just as the flying squadron was starting for Key West to coal, and, so far as was developed, this important fact was not communicated to Commodore Schley. Slowly but surely it is brought out that important papers have been suppressed and that official charts and reports have been altered.

A sensational development of the day was the introduction, as evidence, of the suppressed letter written by Sampson to Schley, directing the latter to remain off Cienfuegos. This and another dispatch relating to the belief that the Spanish fleet was in Santiago were the only dispatches received by Schley until May 31, when the flying squadron was off Santiago.

The correct version of Schley's dispatch, in which he informed the Secretary of the Navy that it would be impossible to obey orders with regard to coaling the "flying squadron," was introduced as evidence. It was shown by this copy that a number of changes had been made in Schley's dispatch as it appears in the official records.

Rear Admiral Cotton, who commanded the Harvard during the war, upon direct examination, said positively he had delivered dispatches to Commodore Schley on May 27 from Secretary Long and Acting Admiral Sampson, informing Schley that the Spanish fleet was in Santiago harbor. By referring to the official records and after refreshing the memory of Rear Admiral Cotton, Attorney Rayner demonstrated that one of these dispatches, which Cotton claimed to have delivered to Schley on the afternoon of May 27 was not sent from Washington until that day. It was impossible, therefore, to deliver this dispatch to the commander-in-chief of the flying squadron at the time as first sworn to by Cotton.

Sixth Day.

Only one session was held Thursday, the court adjourning at 1 o'clock out of respect to the late Judge Wilson, whose funeral was held during the afternoon. Two new witnesses were examined. Spencer S. Wood who commanded the torpedo boat Dupont during the Santiago campaign told of delivering dispatches from Sampson to Schley at Cienfuegos May 22 and informed the court that after reading them Schley appeared to be laboring under excitement. The other new witness was William C. Gray, an engineer of the Texas, who rather dismayed the department counsel by saying the engines of that ship were reversed after she had passed the Brooklyn, indicating that at that time at least there was no danger of a collision on account of the flagship's loop. Gray was dropped in short order and not asked for further testimony.

The testimony of Captain Wise of the Yale revealed the fact that Schley contemplated entering the harbor and engaging the Spanish fleet May 31, three days before the battle.

Machinist Claxton of the Texas was recalled and was on the stand only long enough to state that his testimony as printed was correct. Then Captain Wise of the Yale took the stand for cross-examination by the Schley counsel.

Wise had sworn that he had word from the Navy Department that the Spanish fleet was at Santiago May 27 and the attorneys for the applicant were successful in obtaining from him the admission that he did not communicate that information to Commodore Schley. The witness said he informed Captain Sigbee and he considered it certain the latter

would notify Schley. The cross-examination revealed the fact that Wise exchanged a number of signals with Schley's flagship afterward, but did not inform the commodore of the reported presence of the enemy.

At the suggestion of Admiral Dewey, Judge Advocate Lemly asked the witness who was the senior officer at that time. Captain Wise said he himself was until Captain Cotton arrived. He also admitted that he did not direct Captain Sigbee to communicate to Schley the information he had received about the Spanish fleet.

Seventh Day.

Captain Bowman H. McCalla, who commanded the Marblehead during the war with Spain, was an important witness before the court of inquiry, and his testimony, more than any heretofore presented, seemed to be unfavorable to the cause of Rear Admiral Schley.

Captain McCalla testified that on the morning of May 24 he delivered dispatches to Admiral Schley off Cienfuegos and told him of his plans to communicate with the Cubans by secret signals. He had some supplies to deliver to the insurgents, and after visiting the shore he returned to the Brooklyn and assured Schley the Spanish fleet was not at Cienfuegos.

Admiral Schley, according to the witness, showed to him the orders from Admiral Sampson and appeared deeply perplexed. He told Captain McCalla it would be impossible to coal the ships, but he felt he would be court-martialed if he should return to Key West. The witness said he advised Admiral Schley that he believed it would be best to go at once to Santiago, even though he might be unable to stay there.

Friends of Schley show that whatever may have been the delay he did start for Santiago the evening following his interview with Captain McCalla.

Captain McCalla testified, as Captain Harber and Captain Wise had previously testified, that the ships of the flying squadron could have been coaled off Santiago. In any event he was quite certain that he could have coaled the Marblehead. Captain McCalla was not at Santiago because his ship, with the Massachusetts and others, happened at the time Cervera attempted to escape to be at Guantanamo taking coal.

The conflicting orders which were causing Admiral Schley's distress at the time of McCalla's visit to the Brooklyn were explained by an earlier witness, Lieut. John Hood, who commanded the dispatch boat Hawk and who delivered dispatches to Admiral Schley from Admiral Sampson off Cienfuegos on the morning of May 23. The written dispatches were the same that have already been discussed. The principal one was the so-called order No. 8, in which Sampson said to Schley that if he was satisfied the enemy was not in Cienfuegos to proceed to Santiago. The verbal orders translated by Lieut. Hood were of a wholly different character. According to the lieutenant Sampson expressed a conviction with great positiveness that Cervera was at Santiago, that he wanted Schley to start for that port without delay after the arrival of the Hawk and that he would be grievously disappointed if the commodore failed to carry out his instructions.

Lieut. Hood's conversation with Admiral Schley covered the entire scope of the difficulties that confronted the flying squadron, the short coal supply of the ships, their inability to take on coal from the collier and the prospect of having to conduct a blockade under conditions that were far from reassuring. Again the department's attorney sought to make that mysterious point which has frequently been brought up about Admiral Schley's conduct during that interview. Lieut. Hood promptly disposed of this subject by stating that the admiral sat in a chair all the time he was talking to him and that while he was perplexed he was very calm and dignified.

A feature of the day's proceedings was the appearance of W. H. Stayton of New York, who some time ago was retained by Admiral Sampson, Captain Chadwick and Admiral Crowninshield to look after the interests of themselves and other officers of the department who might be assailed during the court's session. Admiral Dewey ruled that Mr. Stayton had no standing in court, because Admiral Sampson was in no manner a party to the proceedings.

Eighth Day.

The eighth day's proceedings furnished cumulative evidence that the naval campaign in the West India Islands was conducted in a very loose manner. It was shown conclusively that an exceptional opportunity to place Rear Admiral Schley in possession of information that would have made him the master of the unfortunate situation at Cienfuegos the moment he reached that point was either lost or neglected.

It was shown, moreover, that Sampson was placed in possession of absolute information very early on May 20 that the Spanish fleet was not in Cienfuegos. This was communicated to the commander in chief of the North Atlantic fleet by Captain Bowman H. McCalla who had just returned to Key West from Cienfuegos, where he had learned through personal communication with insurgents that the only Spanish ships in the harbor were two light-draught and comparatively harmless gunboats.

With this information in his possession

Sampson sent McCalla back to Cienfuegos as the bearer of the celebrated "Dear Schley" letter and order No. 8, both of which were calculated to convey to Schley Sampson's belief that the Spanish fleet was in Cienfuegos and not in Santiago. Captain McCalla ascertained that the Spaniards were not in Cienfuegos on May 17, when, in company with the converted yacht Eagle, he was successful in establishing a line of communication with the Cuban forces that held positions on each side of the harbor. It was on that occasion that the captain obtained the insurgents' secret code, which he subsequently delivered to Captain Chadwick of the New York.

It also developed during the day that Lieutenant Commander H. H. Southerland, who was in command of the converted yacht Eagle, delivered a message to the Scorpion, commanded by Lieutenant Commander Marix, which Captain McCalla had instructed him to give to Schley. The Marblehead and Eagle had fallen in with the flying squadron on May 19, while the squadron was on its way from Key West to Cienfuegos. Captain McCalla did not know the port of destination of Schley and his ships. He said on the stand that if he had known he would have delivered the insurgents' code to Schley and also acquainted him with the details of the result of his own investigations around Cienfuegos. As it was he commanded Lieutenant Commander Southerland to report to Schley that they had learned from the insurgents that the only vessels inside the harbor were two gunboats and several cannoniers. Lieutenant Commander Southerland testified that he megaphoned this message to the Scorpion. The message was intended for Rear Admiral Schley.

Gen. Rayner, in cross-examining Lieutenant Commander Southerland, produced the log books of the Scorpion and Eagle and showed that neither book contained the highly important message which Southerland said he megaphoned to the Scorpion. The log book of the Scorpion contained an entry purporting to give the message which was received from Southerland. It was a trivial message and differed radically from that which the lieutenant commander said he had megaphoned, containing no reference to a landing place at Cienfuegos or the possibility of communicating with the insurgents or to the fact that the Marblehead and Eagle had ascertained that the Spanish fleet was not in Cienfuegos on the night they left port. Lieutenant Commander Southerland met these omissions in the case of his own log and that of the Scorpion by remarking that they did not alter the facts.

A very important feature of Lieutenant Commander Southerland's testimony was his declaration that the weather and sea at Cienfuegos on the afternoon of the 24th were both distinctly favorable to the coaling of ships. He was certain of this because he had sent crews ashore in cockle-shell boats and they experienced no difficulty in going through the surf and larding. The purpose of this testimony was clearly to contradict Schley's statement that rough weather and boisterous seas had combined to prevent the ships of his squadron from taking aboard coal from the colliers before leaving Cienfuegos.

Ninth Day.

Captain James M. Miller, who commanded the collier Merrimac off Santiago in May, 1898, gave testimony before the court calculated to throw light on the contention of Admiral Schley that he could not coal his ships in those waters the week before the sea fight. Captain Miller was called by the department to show whether or not the state of the sea and weather compelled Schley to leave Santiago to replenish the bunkers of his vessels. It was a vitally important point, and Captain Miller was kept on the stand an hour.

First the judge advocate general obtained the information that in the opinion of the commander of the collier it was possible to coal ships at that time. Later the counsel from Schley hammered away at the witness and tried to extract from him the statement that it was dangerous to try to coal at sea. Captain Miller held his ground manfully against the assaults of the legal lights on both sides and confined his story to the facts set forth in his log book. This record showed that ships coaled both before and after the date when Admiral Schley sent the dispatch to the department that it was necessary to go to Key West to coal.

When Captain Jewett, commander of the Minneapolis, took the stand he stated that he did not give Schley the information as to the presence of the Spanish fleet at Santiago. The counsel on both sides became involved in another wrangle over the admission of conversations between naval men, and Solicitor Hanna of the Navy Department, in addressing the court, declared it was apparent that all the officers did not consider it necessary to tell Schley, for the reason that they accepted as true the report of the department that Cervera was hiding in the harbor. Mr. Hanna took the ground that they had no reason to doubt the department's information, and intimated that Schley was the only one who was skeptical on that point.

Captain Miller told about loading 5,000 tons of coal at Hampton Roads and arriving at Cienfuegos May 23, having made a speed of nine or ten knots. He had orders first to coal the Iowa. By referring to the log of the Merrimac Captain Miller said he coaled the Iowa, the Castine and the Dupont May 23. The following day, the 24th, he coaled the Massachusetts. On the way from Cienfuegos to Santiago the Merrimac's engines broke down the evening of the 26th, and she was towed by the Yale. He coaled no ships May 26, but the next day he coaled the Texas, which came alongside, and the evening of that day he coaled the Marblehead and Vixen by boats. May 29 the Massachusetts coaled from the Merrimac, the 30th the Iowa and the 31st the Marblehead again.

GREW UP IN A NIGHT

LAWTON NOW A BUSTLING CITY OF THOUSANDS.

The Wonderful Town on the Plains of Oklahoma Probably Has No Parallel in the History of the United States.

There is nothing in the history of the country that will bear comparison with the wonderful city of Lawton (named in honor of the brave American general who was killed in the Philippines) that a few weeks ago sprang into existence overnight on the plains of Oklahoma. A desert one day, it was a city of tents the next, with a hustling, bustling population of thousands. A city of tents one week, it was a city of substantial frame dwellings the next, with stores and schools and churches and banks, and with business enough to keep every one on the jump for twelve hours out of each twenty-four. From a couple of acres square the townsites has "slopped over" in every direction, until now some of its principal streets are nearly two miles in length. It doesn't matter that the houses have been run up without chimneys. Bricks are scarce in Lawton, and in that climate chimneys are not needed before December, and by that time the railroad will have deposited bricks enough to give each of the 800 houses now standing a chimney.

When the site of Lawton was first selected a ranchman who thought he knew the country pretty well shook his head and prophesied that the town never would amount to anything. "There's nothing here to support a town. It'll dry up and blow away," was his prediction. There were others who thought as he did. But these pessimists are shown to have been mistaken. Lawton is destined to become the center of a prosperous district whose mineral and agricultural resources will support it and keep it growing for many years.

There can be no doubt that Lawton is the biggest city of its age in the world, or that Comanche County, of which it is the county seat, with its 2,700 square miles of farm and pasture lands, is the home of the busiest, most energetic and progressive community to be found to-day in all the Southwest. The opening of the country to settlement was an improvement on any opening of new territory by Uncle Sam. The money from the sales of town lots is to be used for the benefit of all the people. The rent of the school land is a perpetual fund to run the schools. To the extent that it goes, the plan is ideal. For several years there need be no taxes for public improvements, and there need be no school tax as long as the rent will cover the school expenses.

The most exaggerated business condition of the new town is the fact that eighty-six saloon licenses have been applied for. It is estimated that a dozen would supply all demands. The development of the Lawton postoffice is said to be without a parallel. On Aug. 9 Postoffice Inspector Hosford of Wichita, Kan., opened the postoffice in a small tent and was in charge for a few days. Upon the arrival of T. J. White, the new postmaster from Arkansas City, Kan., the office was turned over to him and his bond was \$500. In three weeks his bond was raised to \$86,000. With a deputy postmaster and twelve clerks it is all that he can do to keep up with the business. The business now equals that of a first-class office.

The next largest development is the banking business. Prominent among these is the First National Bank, which opened in a tent Aug. 6. Its deposits now amount to over \$300,000. The City National Bank started the same day, has deposits of \$360,000. Two other banks have been started during the past two weeks—the Citizens' Bank of Lawton and the Citizens' State Bank. All these banks are now in their temporary frame buildings. The postoffice has moved into a larger building adjoining the First National Bank. And as an evidence of the desire of the people of Lawton to build well from the start, it may be said that plans for a \$50,000 court house are being considered, and that efforts are being made to secure the establishment there of the Southwestern Normal School.

OZOLGOSZ IN COLLAPSE.

Upon Arrival at Auburn Prison He Falls on the Floor Moaning.

Ozolgosz, President McKinley's murderer, arrived under heavy guard at Auburn prison Thursday night. In going the fifty yards from the train to the prison Ozolgosz's legs gave out either for fear of the crowd or from sight of the prison, and two deputy sheriffs were compelled to practically carry the man into the prison. Inside the gate his condition became worse and he was dragged up the stairs and into the main hall. He was placed in a sitting posture on the bench while the handcuffs were being removed, but he fell over and moaned and groaned, evincing the most abject terror.

As in the case of all prisoners, the officers immediately proceeded to strip him and put on a new suit of clothes. During this operation Ozolgosz cried and yelled, making the prison corridors echo with evidence of his terror. The prison physician declared that the man was suffering from fright and terror.

The collapse of the murderer was a surprise to every one. En route from Buffalo he talked some and expressed regret for his crime. He said: "I am especially sorry for Mrs. McKinley." He reiterated his former statement that he had had no accomplices. To Jailer Mitchell he sent this message to his father: "Tell him I'm sorry I left such a bad name."

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL

New York.

Commercial conditions on the whole remain steady. The situation regarding the copper and steel industries has been brought into prominence by the developments of the week, and if the indications of overproduction are true it contributes a feature which cannot be regarded as otherwise than unfavorable. Copper companies controlled by the Standard Oil interests appear to be loaded with an enormous surplus stock, which they have been unable to dispose of at the present market price. Of more importance than the copper troubles alone is the question of the position of the Standard Oil interests on the general business and financial situation. Stocks of the corporations in which they are largely interested have declined sharply. Amalgamated Copper at the low point was off 41 points from the high mark it touched last June. Shares of the Standard Oil Company, stock of the bank which is commonly spoken of as the Standard Oil institution, and also securities of railroads with which that group of financiers is connected have fallen off in sympathy. A number of hints that the truce between the Morgan and Rockefeller factions has been broken are abroad. So the problem arises whether the decline in Standard Oil stocks is an evidence of the diminution of the prosperity which the country has enjoyed or a different movement, one of a speculative character. It is said that the United States Steel Corporation will advance its price gradually. Work is being resumed at the mills that were idle through the strike. The output of steel rails this year promises to be enormous. Production of anthracite coal in August was large, and for the eight months of this year the output was 3,831,801 tons larger than the corresponding period of last year.

Chicago.

Real estate dealers in Chicago note a continued demand for small lots to be used for dwelling purposes. Bank clearings hold up remarkably well as compared with last year. The money market displays an easier tone. No more gold has arrived from Europe, but money rates have eased without it. Industrial conditions in this country are not of the brightest, as recent reports of some of the recently formed corporations reveal, but they are much worse in Europe. A number of mills are closing in Austria, and countries other than Germany, which has been in unsatisfactory condition for some time, are passing through periods of trial.

FIGHT ALL DAY.

British Lose Heavily in Engagement with Botha's Forces.

A force of 1,500 Boers, commanded by Gen. Botha, made an attack, which lasted all day long, Sept. 26, on Portiata, on the border of Zululand. The burghers



GEN. LORD KITCHENER.

were finally repulsed, but at a heavy cost to the garrison whose losses were an officer and eleven men killed and five officers and thirty-eight men wounded. In addition, sixty-three men are missing, of which number many are believed to have been killed or wounded. The Boer commandant, Opperman, and nineteen burghers are known to have been killed.

The London Daily Express publishes a report that Lord Kitchener has asked for 25,000 more seasoned mounted men and for power to hang rebels, traitors and murderers without reference to the home government.

A dispatch from Brussels says that the council of The Hague permanent court



GEN. LOUIS BOTHA.

of arbitration has unanimously decided that the question of assuming the initiative in arbitration or intervention in any form in regard to the South African war must be definitely abandoned.

Through Sunday Vandals.

Antiquaries will read with mingled satisfaction and regret that the Roman Wall station of Boreovicus, or Houssteads, has been closed to the public, the reason being that Sunday vandals had taken to hurling stones from it down the neighboring ravine. The great wall has already suffered more than enough spoliation. The farmhouse of Plane Trees, hard by, was built with stones taken from this very station; and all along from Carlisle to Newcastle it is more or less a ruin—the more pitifully because what remains of it, assailed by no worse enemies than winter and rough weather is surprisingly fresh.—Yorkshire Post.

Experience Convinces.

Prove its value by investing 10 cents in trial size of Ely's Cream Balm. Drug-gists supply it and we mail it. Full size 50 cents.
ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., New York.
Clifton, Arizona, Jan. 20, 1899.
Messrs. Ely Bros.:—Please send me a 50 cent bottle of Cream Balm. I find your remedy the quickest and most permanent cure for catarrh and cold in the head.

DELL M. POTTER,
Gen. Mgr. Ariz. Gold M. Co.

Messrs. Ely Bros.:—I have been afflicted with catarrh for twenty years. It made me so weak I thought I had consumption. I got one bottle of Ely's Cream Balm and in three days the discharge stopped. It is the best medicine I have used for catarrh.

FRANK E. KINDLESPIRE
Proberta, Cal.

Dogs.

We were speaking of the sagacity of dogs. The conventional story of the pointer which pointed upon the near approach of a man by the name of Partridge had just been told.
"That reminds me," Smithson remarked, "of a dog I once owned. One day when I had the dog with me I met a man by the name of Vogel, but the dog didn't do a thing."
"And why was this?" we clamored eagerly.
"Because," replied Smithson, "the dog was an Irish setter, and didn't understand German."
Here the house stood for a round.—Detroit Journal.

Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot-Ease. A powder to shake into your shoes. It rests the feet. Cures Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating feet and Ingrowing Nails, Corns and Bunions. Allen's Foot-Ease makes new or tight shoes easy. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Close-Fisted.

Mildred—Mamma, who is the nearest relation I've got?
Mamma—Your pa (mamma's last bonnet was a cheap one).



The Past **GUARANTEES**
The Future

The Fact That

St. Jacobs Oil

Has cured thousands of cases of Rheumatism, Gout, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Sprains, Bruises and other bodily aches and pains. It is a guarantee that it will cure other cases. It is safe, sure and never failing. Acts like magic.

Conquers Pain

Price, 25c and 50c.

SOLD BY ALL DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

DON'T GET WET!

THE ORIGINAL
TOWER'S
FISH BRAND
SLICKER
IS SURE PROTECTION
IN
WET WEATHER.
ON SALE EVERYWHERE.
CATALOGUES FREE
SHOWING FULL LINE OF GARMENTS AND HATS
A. J. TOWER CO., BOSTON, MASS.

A Skin of Beauty Is a Joy Forever.
DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM, OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER.

Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Itch, Patches, Rash, and Skin Diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of 34 years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure. It is properly made. Accept no counterfeits of similar name. Dr. L. A. Sayre said to a lady of the haut-ton (a patient): "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the least harmful of all the skin preparations." For sale by all Druggists and Fancy-Goods Dealers in the U. S., Canada and Europe.
FERD. T. HOPKINS, Prop'r., 37 Great Jones St., N. Y.

SOZODONT Tooth Powder 25c

CZOLGOSZ IS TO DIE

President's Assassin Soon Goes to Electric Chair.

DAY OF DOOM FIXED.

During the Week of October 28 the Wretch Will Give Up His Life.

Arch Exponent of Anarchy, Enemy of Law, and Cowardly Murderer of a Nation's Chief Is Formally sentenced—Pallid, Weak and Cringing, He Hears His Doom Pronounced—Trial Short and Dignified—Czolgosz Declares There Was No Plot.

Leon F. Czolgosz, the arch exponent of anarchy, the murderer of a defenseless man, the enemy of law and authority, has heard the voice of retribution directed at himself, pronouncing death for the assassin of President McKinley. Czolgosz was found guilty by a jury on Tuesday, and on Thursday Judge White pronounced the death sentence, fixing the week of Oct. 28 as the time during which electrocution will take place. The assassin was removed to the State prison at Auburn, where he awaits his doom.

Before sentence was passed the assassin took advantage of the opportunity given him to speak, but he confined himself to taking upon his own shoulders the blame for the great crime of having murdered the President of the United States. He advanced no reason in justification of his monstrous deed. Not a word did he utter of anarchy, of his enmity to government or of the motives which prompted him to the commission of his crime.

The sentence was brief. "Czolgosz," said the court, "you have committed a grave crime against the State and our Union in the assassination of our beloved President. After learning all the facts

privileges of the law against which he had raised his hand. He was represented by able attorneys, who did all that could be done in the defense of such a prisoner. He had an opportunity to speak in his own defense, though there was nothing he could say to extenuate his awful crime. The case went to the jury with the same formalities as any other murder case, and the speedy rendering of a verdict of guilty was in accord with the interests of justice.

Trial Is Short.

Eight hours and twenty-five minutes is the actual time occupied by the trial of the case and the deliberations and return of the jury. Eighteen days had elapsed from the shooting of the President, and ten days and fourteen hours since his death. On Thursday at 2 p. m., twenty days after the crime was committed, the assassin was sentenced to death.

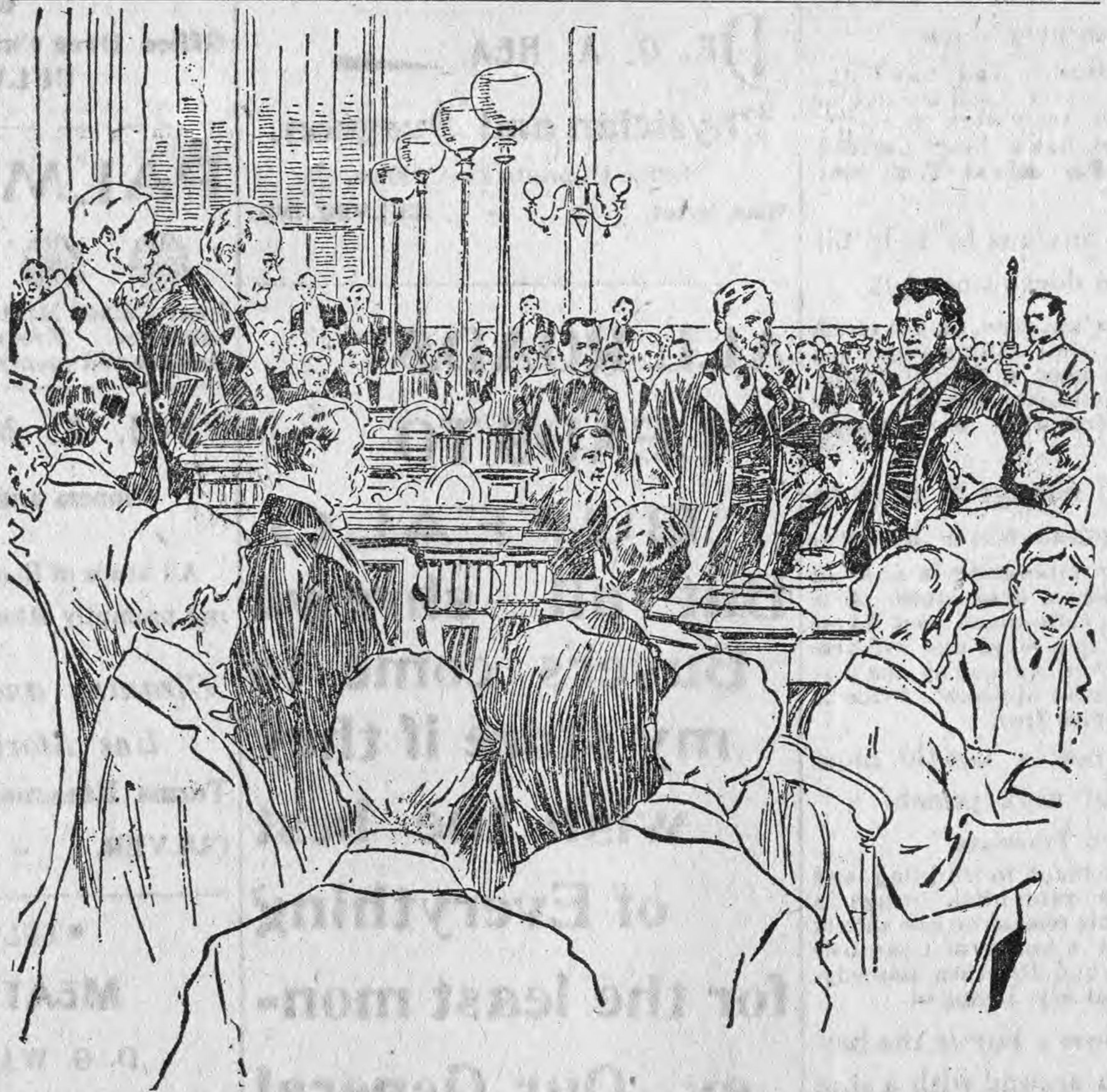
No witnesses were sworn for the defense. Not a word of evidence was before the court as to the sanity of the prisoner. The alienists who examined him were not called. The court instructed the jury that the proof of insanity is with the defendant, that a man must be presumed to be sane unless proved insane. To the assassin was offered the opportunity to go on the stand, but he only shook his head when his lawyers asked him.

He did not trust himself to speak. The unconcerned murderer had changed. His pallor had turned from white to gray. His hands shook. He curtained his eyes with the lids and sat with his head hanging on his shoulders, a nervous perspiration oozing out on his face and hands.

In remaining mute throughout the assassin found a way to hold his composure, but in court he was a most miserable picture. No bravado, no courage, no defiance of death.

Swiftly without haste, the naked truth, the calm but unerring efficacy of law, the decorum of long-written precedent, the matchless majesty of reason. These are the elements which combined to make this trial almost incomparable in the experience of those who witnessed it.

Even the spectators seemed actuated by the splendid motive of fair play. They did not hiss nor storm nor buffet the assassin as he was led through their midst. Calmly they heard his arraignment. Silently they witnessed his appearance before his accusers and dumbly they heard the final judgment of his peers. After the reading of the verdict, as Czolgosz passed between his guards to jail, there was a feeble hissing sound of vindictive satisfaction. But even this died as it was uttered, and the arch monster of latter-day criminals passed into the shadow of



JUDGE WHITE READING THE DEATH SENTENCE TO CZOLGOSZ.

and circumstances in the case, twelve good men have pronounced you guilty of murder in the first degree. You say that no other person abetted you in the commission of this terrible act. The penalty is fixed by statute, and it becomes my duty to impose sentence upon you. The sentence of this court is that in the week beginning Oct. 28, at the place designated and in the manner prescribed by law, you suffer the punishment of death!"

In a hush that was like the silence of death Justice White pronounced the prisoner's doom. Physically tottering under the ordeal, but sustaining himself by sheer force of nerve, the murderer heard the words of death pronounced, was shackled and quietly submitted to be led away.

After a full, fair and public trial he has been adjudged guilty by a duly constituted jury and is condemned to die in the electric chair. He will be killed by the law, which he wished to kill. The ignominious end that awaits him is the same that is reserved for all who seek to put the insane and murderous ideas of anarchism into operation. He will go to his death accompanied by the execrations of the civilized world.

The promptness and dispatch with which the case was disposed of in the courts is a subject for public congratulation. No time was lost in needless quibblings about non-essential points. The jury was impaneled in two or three hours, yet it was as impartial as of a month had been spent on the task. The prisoner had the benefit of all the

death marked only by the intangible infamy of his own deed.

The final acts in the execution of justice, it is to be hoped, will be marked by the same quiet and expeditious methods which have marked the trial. Let the law take its course, relentlessly but dispassionately.

The snuffing out of the worthless life of the assassin will be a vindication of the law, though it will count as absolutely nothing in the balance against the life which he ended. It is one of the humiliating features of the affair that so insignificant a creature should have been able to inflict such a great sorrow upon so many people. The only satisfaction lies in the swift and majestic manner in which justice has been meted out to the criminal without violating a single provision of the law.

SITE FOR M'KINLEY SHAFT.

National Monument Association Incorporated at Columbus.

The McKinley National Monument Association, composed of Judge Day, Mayor Robertson, Henry W. Harter, John C. Welthy, William A. Lynch and F. E. Case, has incorporated under the laws of Ohio. The incorporators are the members of the executive committee who had charge of the McKinley funeral demonstration in Canton.

The committee visited West Lawn cemetery and chose a site for the proposed monument. The spot selected is on an eminence overlooking Canton, commanding a fine view of the surrounding country for many miles. It is expected that President Roosevelt will name men of national prominence to act as directors of the association.

ROMANCE OF A BANK BOOK.

Bank for Savings, Eighty-two Years Old—A Heavy Dormant Account.
The Bank for Savings, which is eighty-two years old, has the heaviest dormant account in New York, about \$300,000, in which 2,000 accounts are tied up. Of these the ownership of about 200 are solved each year, and to this account are added about fifty, which, after the lapse of twenty-one years without being touched are entitled to enter the dormant class. But in these days the bank does not allow accounts to rest so long, and after ten years have elapsed a search is made and the depositors located. After that the bank keeps informed of their whereabouts each year. In 1819, the year when the bank first opened its doors, a church mission in New York made a deposit in the name of "Mission of Jerusalem." The amount deposited was small, but it was sixty-one years before that amount and interest was paid out to the proper church authorities.

"One of the oddest cases which I have seen since I took hold of this work," says Mr. De Lasser, of the Bank for Savings, "was that of a colored girl who lived four miles from Jamaica. The pastor of the family, while making a call one day, saw the children playing with a soiled and torn bank book. They had scribbled over the leaves and were tossing the book about. No one in the family seemed to understand what the book was, and the pastor, looking at it and seeing that it was one of our pass books, advised them to bring it to the bank. This girl, who was 17 or 18 years old, brought it to me, and on looking up the account I saw that it called for several hundred dollars, deposited by the girl's grandmother. Eventually the girl got the money, and the incident, I thought, was closed. But several months afterward she came in and said: 'I was just goin' by and I thought I'd drop in and tell you how much good that money did us. And say, do you know, I've just been married on it,' and she left, beaming all over, as I congratulated her."—New York Press.

The Start to School.

My little one has gone to school, he went with shouts of glee,
And as he started out the door a baby went from me—
A baby who was innocent, a child whose heart had ne'er
Contained the ache that knowledge brings or borne the bruise of care;
My baby's left his rattle,
To begin the long, hard battle,
With a heart all free from trouble and without things in his hair.

I stood and watched him as he went, I heard his shouts of joy;
He was a baby ere he left, but he'll return a boy;
I've gathered up his picture blocks and piled them all away
And dropped a tear or two upon his baby toys to-day;
His knowledge and his sinning
And his troubles are beginning—
He'll come to me with questions, and alas! what shall I say?

Brave little one of mine you've gone to start upon the long,
Long road that leads to Honor or goes winding down to Wrong;
You left behind the happiest days that you shall ever know,
When at the door you kissed me and went shouting gladly!—Oh
All eager and light hearted
You have clapped your hands and started
On the way that's steep and stony—and
God bless you as you go.
—Chicago Record-Herald.

A Fearless Physician.

Benton, Ill., Sept. 30.—Much comment has been caused by the action of Dr. R. H. Dunaway, a physician here, who for over a year past has been recommending Dodd's Kidney Pills to those of his patients who suffered from Rheumatism, Bright's Disease, Diabetes or other Kidney Troubles.

Dr. Dunaway also published an open letter last May stating positively that he himself had been cured of Diabetes by Dodd's Kidney Pills, and that, after he had concluded he was going to die.

He is a well man to-day, and says he feels it his duty to do as he has done and is doing because Dodd's Kidney Pills saved his life.

Irish Arithmetic.

Stranger—You must be one of the oldest persons around here.
Old Resident—I'm th' oldest, sor, barrin' Mike Flynn. He's a year older nor me, but, shure, if I live another twelve months, sor, we'll be th' same age."—Boston Herald.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. Samuel, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

England spends £8,400,000 a year on her paupers, Scotland £900,000, Ireland £1,400,000; France spends less than £1,500,000.

Each package of PUTNAM FADELESS DYE colors more goods than any other dye and colors them better, too.

The average value of all the mules in the country last year was \$10 a head more than the average value of horses.

Help your wife to get breakfast easy; take home Mrs. Austin's Pan Cake Flour. Your grocer waits to supply you.

Chaucer speaks of the daisy as the "e'e of dale."

Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING STRUP for Children (soothing); softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

Race of the Australian-London Mail is graphically described in No. 11 New York Central's "Four Track Series." Every person interested in the growth of our commerce should read it.
Sent free on receipt of two-cent stamp by General Passenger Agent, New York Central, New York.

Mrs. Austin's Pan Cake Flour makes lovely pan cakes, muffins and gems. So good you always ask for more.

\$3.00 W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES \$3.50

For More Than a Quarter of a Century the reputation of W. L. Douglas \$3.00 and \$3.50 shoes for style, comfort and wear has exceeded all other makes sold at these prices. This excellent reputation has been won by merit alone. W. L. Douglas shoes have to give better satisfaction than other \$3.00 and \$3.50 shoes because his reputation for the best \$3.00 and \$3.50 shoes must be maintained. The standard has always been placed so high that the wearer receives more value for his money in the W. L. Douglas \$3.00 and \$3.50 shoes than he can get elsewhere.
W. L. Douglas sells more \$3.00 and \$3.50 shoes than any other two manufacturers.
W. L. Douglas \$4.00 *Big Edge Line* cannot be equalled at any price.



W. L. Douglas \$3.00 and \$3.50 shoes are made of the same high grade leathers used in \$5 and \$6 shoes and are just as good.
Sold by the best shoe dealers everywhere. Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom.
How to Order by Mail.—If W. L. Douglas shoes are not sold in your town, send order direct to factory. Shoes sent anywhere on receipt of price and 25c. additional for carriage. My custom department will make you a pair that will equal \$5 and \$6 custom made shoes in style, fit and wear. Take measurements of foot as shown on model; state style desired; size and width usually worn; plain or cap toe; heavy, medium or light soles. A fit guaranteed. Try a pair.

Fast Color Eyelets used. Catalog free. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

Sozodont

Good for Bad Teeth
Not Bad for Good Teeth

Sozodont 25c
Sozodont Tooth Powder 25c
Large Liquid and Powder 75c

HALL & RUCKEL, New York.

THE CHEAPEST PAINT

The economy in using Devoe ready paint is in results more than price. It covers more and lasts longer than lead and oil, two to one; ten to one of some paint.

Use Devoe; and figure cost by the square yard, or year, not by the gallon; it's the cheapest paint made, figured that way.

Ask the nearest dealer for Devoe; insist on having it. Our pamphlet on painting free if you mention this paper. **GOOD-PAINT DEVOE, CHICAGO.**



MAN WANTED
AT ONCE
With rig to sell our POULTRY MIXTURE; straight salary \$15.00 per week and expenses; year's contract; weekly pay. Apply to **W. E. BEKA MFG. CO., Department 6, East St. Louis, Ill.**

\$900 TO \$1500 A YEAR.

We want intelligent Men and Women as Traveling Representatives or Local Managers; salary \$900 to \$1500 a year and all expenses, according to experience and ability. Also want local representatives; salary \$9 to \$15 a week and commission, depending upon the time levoted. Send stamp for full particulars and state position preferred. Address, Dept. A.

THE BELL COMPANY, Philadelphia, Pa.

ASTHMA-HAY FEVER

CURED BY
DR. TAFT'S
ASTHMALENE
SEND FOR
FREE TRIAL BOTTLE.

Address **DR. TAFT, 79 E. 130th St., N.Y. City.**
MONEY FOR YOU. We guarantee you a large income weekly. Address **A. C. Morgan & Co., 28 Duane St., N.Y. City.**

SOZODONT for the TEETH 25c

C. N. U. o. 40-1-01

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE SAY you saw the advertisement in this paper.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in Time. Sold by Druggists.

Bulletin Six.

Issued by the Commissioner of Fisheries and game for Indiana to his deputies.

Dear Sir:—You are instructed to pay particular attention to the enforcement of Sections 10 and 11 of the new game law.

See that every person found in the woods or fields during the prohibited season shall have a permit, and also that each person having such permit kills nothing except just what is mentioned in the permit.

You are also instructed to rigidly enforce sections 8 and 9, the former of which makes it a violation to hunt at any time on enclosed lands without written permission of the owner or tenant.

It is your duty to arrest every person found violating any of the provisions of these sections, and you are urged to be vigilant and on the lookout for offenders.

You are reminded that it is unlawful to shoot or kill song birds at any time, and you are expected to prosecute anyone, big or little, whom you find doing it.

All permits are issued from this office, and you are requested to give notice to all parties desiring permits to address this office, giving testimony that they are reputable residents of the state.

Z. T. SWEENEY,

Commissioner of Fisheries and Game.

Columbus, Ind., Sept. 23, 1901.

The above bulletin has been sent to all deputy game wardens and game officials throughout the state, and to avoid innocent persons from getting into trouble, the bulletin is published in full.—Ed.

Stricken With Paralysis.

Henderson Grumett, of this place, was stricken with partial paralysis and completely lost the use of one arm and side.

Attention, Everybody.

Why pay more for your laundry when you can receive just as good work for less money by leaving our orders with Peter Keller, barber, who represents the Plymouth Steam Laundry at Culver, Ind.

The Rector Hotel on the east side near Maxinkuckee landing, has a first class livery stable in connection.

Fresh oysters served by the dish or furnished at retail by the pint, at 3.00 per gallon, can be had first class at B. P.'s place, opposite the hotel.

Pickled Points in Print.

Kissing is unhealthy—if her fairer catches you at it.

"I had long suffered from indigestion," writes G. A. LeDeis, Cedar City, Mo. "Like others I tried many preparations but never found anything that did me good until I took Kodol Dyspepsia Cure.

Some marriages are like jug handles—one sided affairs.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is not a mere stimulant to tired nature. It affords the stomach complete and absolute rest by digesting the food you eat.

Even the quietest woman can make a bustle if she wants to.

Mothers everywhere praise One Minute Cough Cure for the sufferings it has relieved and the lives of the little ones it has saved.

Man proposes, woman imposes, and the divorce court exposes.

W. T. Wesson, Gholsonville Va. druggist writes: "Your One Minute Cough Cure gives perfect satisfaction.

The man with the whisky-colored nose seldom deserts his colors.

C. M. Phelps, Forestdale Vt., says his child was completely cured of a bad case of eczema by the use of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve.

Men and watches are judged by their works—both have wheels.

Do you suffer from piles? If so do not turn to surgery for relief. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve will act more quickly, surely, and safely, saving you the expense and danger of an operation.

The man who wants the earth generally gets it—when he dies.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers never disappoint. They are safe, prompt, gentle effective in removing all impurities from the liver and bowels.

After man came woman—and she has been after him ever since.

Lewis Ockerman Goshen Ind.: "DeWitt's Little Early Risers never bend me double like other pills, but do their work thoroughly and make me feel like a boy.

Every man is anxious to help his neighbor when he doesn't need it.

When you have no appetite, do not relish your food and feel dull after eating, you may know that you need a dose of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets.

What an awful change it must be for a wicked iceman when he dies.

A new remedy for biliousness is now on sale at T. E. Slattery's drug store. It is called Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets.

The kick of a cow is not the most acceptable form of milk punch.

A Word to Travelers.

The excitement incident to traveling and change of food and water often brings on diarrhoea, and for this reason no one should leave home without a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhea Remedy.

The more aimless a boy is the better he likes to run around with a shot gun.

Boy's Life.

"I believe I saved my (nine year old) boy's life this winter with Chamberlain's Cough Remedy," says A. M. Hoppe, Rio Creek, Wisconsin.

Love may be blind, but the neighbors generally have their eyes open.

A Typical South African Store.

O. R. Larson, of Bay Villa, Sundays River, Cape Colony, conducts a store typical of South Africa, at which can be purchased anything from the proverbial "needle to an anchor."

ANNUAL OHIO EXCURSION,

Via Vandalia Pennsylvania Lines. Will leave Lakeville, Ind., Oct. 3 1901. For rates and particulars, call on or address W. T. Schallhorn, Agent Vandalia Line, Lakeville, Ind., or C. M. Wheeler, T. P. A., Terre Haute, Ind.

Hunters' Rates

To designated points in Wisconsin Michigan and the Southwest reached via the Nickel Plate Road and its connections. Low rate hunters' tickets are on sale until Nov. 15th.

Lumber

Lumber till you can't Rest at the Culver

Lumber Yard.

Call and get prices. Salt \$1.00 per Barrel.

J. O. FERRIER, CULVER, INDIANA.

Farmers, * Attention

Why pay high prices when you can get your horse shed for One Dollar with new shoes and other work in proportion?

W. H. WILSON, Culver.

The Argos House.

A. J. BOWELL, Proprietor.

Newly furnished throughout an up-to-date in every particular.

TERMS REASONABLE.

Only first-class hotel in the city. ARGOS, INDIANA.

DR. O. A. REA,

Physician and Surgeon.

Office Opposite Post Office. Main Street. CULVER, IND.

ALL ROADS LEADS TO BUFFALO,

But all shrewd Buyers come to my store if they wish the best of Everything for the least money. Our General Line of Merchandise is complete in every particular.

F. SMYTHE,

Maxinkuckee, Ind.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic.

Prepared by E. C. DeWITT & CO., Chicago.

Fred Hollister,

Attorney at Law.

Practice in all Courts in State of Indiana. NOTARY PUBLIC.—Conveyancing and collections.

Money to loan on farm property at 5 per cent.

CULVER, IND.

DR DEEDS,

DENTIST

Plymouth, - - Indiana.

ROOMS OVER LEONARD'S FURNITURE STORE.

PARK CAFE,

ONE BLOCK WEST DEPOT

Lake Maxinkuckee, Culver, Ind.

One Dollar per day.

Lunch at all hours.

Ice cream in season.

Fruits, Candies, Cigars, Tobacco.

Board by the week.

MAJOR ANDERSON, Prop.

Dr. Stevens,

MAXINKUCKEE, IND.,

Physician and Surgeon.

CALLS ANSWERED PROMPTLY NIGHT OR DAY.

OFFICE AT RESIDENCE.

DR. B. W. S. WISEMAN,

Physician and Surgeon.

Office hours 11 to 12 a. m., and 4 to 6 p. m.

Office Second Door North of Bank.

Calls promptly answered day or night.

Main Street. CULVER, IND.

Dr. Geo. S. Hollister,

Physician & Surgeon,

CALLS ANSWERED PROMPTLY NIGHT OR DAY.

Office Over Culver City Drug Store

CULVER, IND.

PALMER

HOUSE.

Near Culver Military Academy, Lake Maxinkuckee. Everything first class Cool Breezes and plenty of shade.

J. K. MAWHORTER,

Tinners and Furnace Dealers,

All kinds of Roofing and Eave Troughing promptly attended to.

Cleaning and Repairing Gasoline Stoves a Specialty.

Terms Reasonable.

CULVER. - - - IND.

* CULVER CITY *

MEAT * MARKET.

D. G. WALTER, Proprietor.

First Class Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats and our own Strictly Pure Lard.

Gulver Market.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Oats, Wheat, Rye, Corn, Flour, Poultry and Eggs, and Butter.

Time Table.

VANDALIA LINE

Terre Haute and Logansport R. R.

In Effect June 2, 1901.

Table with 2 columns: Train Number and Schedule. Lists various train routes and times.

W. A. Swigert,

EXPERIENCED

DRAYMAN.

Goods delivered to any part of the city and around the Lake.

Prompt and quick service is our motto and charges reasonable.

Culver, Indiana

Robert C. O'Brien,

Attorney at Law and Notary Public

Also Deputy Prosecutor. Office in P

erel block, Argos, Ind.

Dr. U. B. Shantz,

DENTIST.

Second floor of Dr. Rea's Office

Phone at Dr. Rea's.

Every Monday!

Does all kinds of Dental Work

Satisfactory.

FARMERS!

Are you in debt? If so call and see J. A. Moller at Plymouth, Indiana, has from \$5,000 to \$30,000 to be equipt on arshall and Sta counties farms.

A. Moller, Plymouth, Ind

Kreuzberger's Park.

(Lake Maxinkuckee.

CULVER CITY,

THE BEST

Whiskies,

Brandies,

Cordial

Rhine and Moselle Wines.

French Claret,

Port and Cherry,

Ales and Beers,

Mineral water

toek of domestic and Key West Cigars

IF YOU DESIRE AN

UP TO DATE

Haircut and Shave

—CALL AT THE—

Tonsorial - Parlor

FIRST DOOR SOUTH OF HOLLISTER'S STORE, CULVER, IND.

PETER KELLER, Prop.

ATTENTION

EVERYBODY

E. F. HOOVER

Has purchased the Clemmen's Blacksmith

shop where he is prepared to do all kinds

of Repairing and Horseshoeing, but make

HORSESHOEING his SPECIALTY.

Guarantees to cure all knee-kickers, i

nterfers, forgers, paddlers, quarter crack

toe cracks, corns, and hoof-bound hors

M. C. BROWN still occupies the wood

work department. All work done on sho

notice and at reasonable prices.

Call and see them,

THE WEEKLY

INTER OCEAN

Always Republican. Always American. Best Political Weekly in the United States

\$1.00 PER YEAR.

The weekly Inter Ocean is the brightest family newspaper in the country.

containing all the news and high grade

current literature.

A Few of its Excellent Literary Features

Able editorials on live topics.

Well written original stories.

Answers to questions on all subjects.

Essays on health.

Articles on home topics, on new book

and on work in the farm and garden.

Also short stories of city life, of arm

life, of life everywhere.

The Inter Ocean is a member

of the Laffan News Bureau

and the Associated Press, giving

ing a newsy service that is

absolutely unsurpassed in the

world

\$1 52 papers of 12 large pages

As much good reading as a large magazine.

Daily Inter Ocean, per year.....\$4.00

Daily and Sunday, per year.....\$6.00