

THE CULVER CITY HERALD.

At Lake Maxinkuckee.

VOL. VIII.

CULVER CITY INDIANA. FRIDAY OCT. 25, 1901.

NO. 13

LOCAL BREVETIES.

Items Gathered Here and There and Put in Shape for the Herald.

Call and pay your subscription.

Farmers are busy husking their corn.

Jonas Smith is now working in Chicago.

J. S. Berry and wife have moved to Logansport.

Andy Vorhees of Logansport was calling on friends in Culver Monday.

Chas. Holbruner and wife of Logansport spent last Sunday at their cottage on Long Point.

Quite a number of fishermen are registered at the Arlington.

Mrs. Heller and daughter, Juda and family, Mrs. Dresser and daughter, Mrs. Pierce, and Mrs. Ketcham and family are still occupying their cottages at the lake.

F. O. Ferrier has completed a brick walk the entire length of his property on the street running direct east from Walter's meat market to the lake.

In the very latest patterns in dry goods, Adams and Co., are not excelled in the county. They have an immense stock to select from.

The work of repairing the sidewalks and streets of Culver has commenced in earnest under the supervision of Than. Gandy.

"Live and let live," is the motto of Adams and Co. In general merchandise they are unsurpassed. Give them a call, and examine their immense stock.

A letter from Homer L. Nearpass states that he is well, and enjoys his college work very much.

A large amount of gravel is being put on the roads in the vicinity of Culver, and ere many years roll around we will have as good roads as there are in the state.

In ladies' and gents' underwear you can be supplied at Adams & Co. They keep the best the market affords at very reasonable prices.

Josephine Overman, who has been dangerously ill, is convalescing rapidly and is able to take out of door exercise.

Mrs. H. W. White was called to her parents' home last week, owing to the illness of her father, Mr. I. N. Sherwood, who lives near Plymouth.

Do not forget that Adams & Co. have placed a large stock of the latest styles of ready-made clothing upon their tables, and are prepared to meet all competition. Why not patronize home industry and save money?

Mr. Eli Spencer, who has been sojourning in Wisconsin for nearly a year, has returned to Culver, owing to the severe illness of a couple of his children.

Adams & Co. have just received a full line of the celebrated Tappan shoes. There are no better manufactured. Call and examine them.

The Chicago post-office was robbed of \$76,620 worth of postage stamps Sunday morning. It was the largest robbery of stamps ever made in the United States, and was the work of a gang of desperadoes.

A small town in Michigan was completely wiped off the map last week by fire. The town was in the same shape that Culver is in, it had no fire protection whatever. We just mention this, hoping that "a word to the wise is sufficient."

O. R. Porter of Plymouth is now clerking in in Porter & Co's store.

Dr. Rea made Chicago a flying visit Sunday.

Wood wanted on subscription at this office immediately.

Mr. Robert T. Lincoln is the only surviving child of the great war president.

The General Cabinet of the Epworth League will meet at Chicago, on Oct. 29. This is the first meeting of the body for more than a year.

Fresh oysters served by the dish or furnished at retail by the pint, quart or gallon, guaranteed first-class at Bill's place, opposite depot. 3mo9

We have just received a large stock of stationery, such as envelopes, note heads, statements, cards, etc. If you need anything in the job work line, give us a call.

PHOTOGRAPHS. Charles P. Curtis has bought the Rotzien Gallery in Culver, and will be located here Nov. 1st, 1901. He will do a regular line of photographing, first class work guaranteed. Give him a call. 13 3

Monday afternoon, quite an excitement was created by the cry of fire, and soon it was discovered that D. H. Smith's residence was on fire. But prompt action on the part of those who discovered the fire subdued it before any particular damage was done. The cause of the small blaze was a defective flue. Right here we would suggest that all chimneys should be carefully looked after.

Walter Williams, who has just returned from China and the Philippines, was calling upon his friends in Culver, the fore part of the week. He served all through the Spanish-American difficulties, and also was among Uncle Sam's boys that went to China, to show those "pig-tail" heathens a thing or two about scrapping. Although Mr. Williams experienced great hardships, and was one of the boys that went over the walls at Peking, he was not sick a day. He is home on a 20 days' furlough, and has five months yet to serve.

Tuesday, Oct. 15th, Thomas Bigley shipped a carload of fine sheep. While he was rounding them up on his farm, preparatory to taking them to the shipping yards at Burr Oak, he desired to pick a couple of fat sheep out of the flock, which he did not wish to ship. His son Chester and another young man caught the sheep. When Chester caught his sheep, it in some way threw him in such a manner that his collar bone was broken in three places, and his shoulder frightfully bruised. Dr. Stevens was called, who gave him proper treatment, and the young man is doing as well could be expected.

Thomas Clifton, who has been clerking for Porter and Co., the past three years, has severed his connection with said firm, and has accepted a position at Three Oaks, Mich., and will leave for his new field of labor the first of the week. He is a young man of marked ability, and has hosts upon hosts of friends, who will regret his departure. His amiable wife will be sadly missed in religious circles, especially in the Ladies' Aid Society of the M. E. church, in which she was an indefatigable worker. We know that this entire community extends to them its best wishes.

ROUNDER'S COLUMN.

What he Sees, Hears and Thinks About It.

All Told in His Own Way.

The Culver schools were closed Monday for an indefinite period owing to the disease now prevailing. Why the school should be closed and the children permitted to run the streets, is one of those mysteries yet unsolved in Culver. Children might as well be in school as on the streets. There is another thing that shows gross neglect on the part of the health department in allowing those who are living in houses where there is disease to run the streets, enter stores, and transact daily business, which brings them in direct contact with the public. If there is going to be any quarantine, do it right. In Knox, the health officer quarantined every person under 16 years of age, hence the disease was stamped out in short order.

The Sunday game law is meeting with a vigorous kick throughout the country. The laboring men, who have to toil six days in the week, claim that it is a direct stab at them, in reality as a noted Cass county attorney said,—"I supported the measure because I want the common class barred from hunting, thus giving us sporting fellows a better chance to procure game. On the face of the above, the law is unjust, and it practically deprives the laborer of any privileges whatsoever, and we consider an honest laborer as good as any lawyer that ever went unhung. However, we are not in favor of hunting on Sunday, but kick most emphatically against any class legislation in favor of the few, to the detriment of the many.

In this day and age, it is said that no man who has committed a crime can escape the iron grip of the law. The telephone and telegraph systems which extend throughout the world have aided to an enormous extent in capturing criminals and bringing them to justice. Aside from this, the detective agencies have been enlarged, and some of the very best criminal hunters the world ever knew are keenly on the alert to capture the burglar and law-breaker. But once in a while a crime is committed, and the perpetrators are never brought to justice. For instance, Pat Crowe, accused of kidnapping, and who received, it is stated, \$25,000 for returning the kidnapped boy, and for whose capture \$50,000 reward was offered nearly a year ago, is still at large and negotiating with the police relative to surrendering. In this case all the detective force of the country has failed to locate the criminal.

We have received from the Groom Music Company, Steinway Hall, Chicago, several professional copies of their late music. This company is putting out some good pieces, both vocal and instrumental, and will gladly examine author's manuscripts with a view to their publication. It sets song words and poems to music on a basis that pays a profit to the author.

Slanderers.

There are no more contemptible creatures in existence than the persons who originate slander. The slanderer is an individual who is continually striving to disturb the community by telling stories without a basis of truth regarding the other inhabitants of the town. This species of liar should be ostracized. He should learn that he who bears false witness against his neighbor is unfit to associate with respectable people.

It is impossible to conceive of a person more depraved than the man who deliberately circulates falsehoods with the base intention of ruining a young lady's character. In the foul imagination of this moral leper, the vilest slanders originate, but he is too cowardly to publicly give voice to scandal. Instead, he approaches some other person, and, with repeated injunctions of secrecy in regard to his being identified as the originator of the story, fabricates a tissue of lies, which he asserts to be the gospel truth, while he knows that he is a traducer of character,—an infamous falsifier.

The cowardly miscreant is aware of the fact that if he had made his malicious statements in public, he would have been brought to account by the friends of the persons whose characters he has assailed. He knows he is only safe while he remains unknown. The knowledge that the ladies, whose unblemished reputation he seeks to destroy, stand high in the esteem of the community does not deter the slanderer. He hates them because they are his superiors, morally and intellectually.

The good people of Culver should read these scoundrels a lesson they will not forget, and they will cease their efforts to circulate falsehoods, traducing the fair fame of the virtuous young ladies of the community.

Good Roads Coming.

There is no doubt but that the next score of years will obliterate poor roads from nearly all the states, especially the more populous ones. The bicycle did much in the way of creating a sentiment for good roads. The horseless vehicle will add its weight to the side of better highways. Now comes the free rural mail, which is destined to force good roads in all directions. The free rural mail will do more perhaps in the right direction than all the other forces combined. The post-office department is letting it be pretty well understood that if the roads are not good there will be no free delivery and this rule will be enforced. If any community does not put its roads in good condition it cannot hope to get the delivery, and if it has the delivery and does not keep the road in good repair, it is likely to lose this modern convenience. The indications point to good roads and those kept in repair.

At the Arlington last week:
James Ferron, Chicago, Ills.
A. J. Moon, Winchester, Ind.
W. D. Wood, Indianapolis, Ind.
O. M. Brown, "
E. E. Pitman and wife, Logansport.
Miss Helen Nelson, "
C. W. Keller, "
H. J. McSheehy, "
D. A. Middleton, "
A. F. Stukey, "
Elliott W. Shirk, Peru, Ind.
Mr. and Mrs. Will Murdock, Logansport.
Mr. and Mrs. L. Donovan, "
Mr. and Mrs. M. F. Bozer, "
David Kohm, Rockville.
Howard Ennis, Brazil, Ind.

Wells Drove.

Farmers and citizens of Union township, bear in mind that J. L. Bartlett of Maxinkuckee is prepared to put down, with satisfaction guaranteed, all kinds of wells. He is an expert at the business, and his prices are very reasonable. Plumbing and well repair work satisfactorily attended to. Write, or call at residence, just south of Maxinkuckee steamboat landing. 13 4

Mathematical Problems.

The new advanced Indiana arithmetic is a peach, a large fuzzy peach. It is a new affair, and it makes its boasts on the cover that it is an advanced arithmetic—something up to date and smart. This mathematical innovation was compiled by a Miss N. Cropsey of Indianapolis, assisted by John W. Cook of Bloomington Illinois. The state board of education made a deal with the compilers whereby this valuable work was put into the hands of the school children of Indiana, with the implied understanding that they make themselves familiar with the propositions therein contained. Have you seen this new advanced wonder in figures? If not, you are missing something. You should look it up and absorb some of its shining examples. This one for instance, which is found on page 253 of the new Indiana arithmetic, and is numerically designated as problem 33. "Find the cost of lumber and posts for fencing the $\frac{1}{2}$ of the $\frac{3}{4}$ of a section with a 4-board fence, posts costing $18\frac{1}{2}$ cents each and lumber \$19.25 a thousand." Such a lovely problem. How complete and succinct are the premises. What fifteen year old scholar is not familiar with Miss Cropsey's and Mr. Cook's rule for building board fences! It is one of those practical affairs—practical with the theorists who know about as much about building fences as they do about the common county or town schools. This noble problem is the work of two great heads. Miss Cropsey probably calculated that a real swell farmer should set his posts eight feet apart, while Mr. Cook in an ecstasy of delight, saw with his mathematical eye that a board sixteen feet long would span the distance of three posts to a hair. That the boards should be six inches wide was probably left for the simple reason undoubtedly that two boards would be exactly one foot wide—no more and no less. How lovely! How perfectly lovely! Go away Pythagoras, you old silly you, go way back and sit down.

Problem 33 does not constitute all the figurative delights to be found in this new advanced Indiana arithmetic which Miss Cropsey of Indianapolis and Mr. Cook of Illinois have worked off on to the people of the state. There is another problem on the same page, the evolution of which required great mental pabulum on the part of the authors, and which, by the way, throws out the hint that Miss Cropsey and Mr. Cook are persons of no mean financial standing. It does that if it does nothing else. This is the other mathematical wonder:

"Find the cost of the Brussels carpet for a room 20x24 feet, the strips running the long way, eight inches being lost in matching and costing \$112 per yard." Brussels carpet, understand, not plain ingrain or rag. Oh, no, that would be too vulgar you know. It must be Brussels, and the kind you can make a track in, too. Now you lowly seekers after knowledge, tackle that proposition will you. If the floors of your homes happen to be void of carpet, or covered only with the kind your mother tore up rags and sewed together and then had the neighborhood weaver make for you, or carpeted with the ingrain kind, why hump, around a little and go to some wealthy man's house and state that you know nothing about a Brussels carpet and want to go inside and take a peep at the costly fabric which covers his floors.

Touching the fitness of things, it is quite likely Miss N. Cropsey could evolve such a problem as this quite consistently: "If it costs \$4.80 to purchase a collar for a poodle dog, how much will it cost to give the little darling a perfume bath; or if a young lady wakes up the first time Fido whines, how long should a cooily baby cry before her slumbers are disturbed. Something after this order would undoubtedly be the natural evolution of Mr. Cook's mind: "With a golf stick four feet nine inches in length, how far ought a chappie in knee pants knock a croquet ball after having smoked six boxes of cigarettes and absorbed three quarts of champagne the night previous?" Miss Cropsey and Mr. Cook should stay within the pale of their own sphere, or else get some actual experience before essaying to formulate practical problems for practical persons.—Ex.

MEXICO GRANTS LAND

DETROIT MAN SECURES CONCESSIONS.

Railway to Extend from Presidio Del Norte to the East Coast and Campechi
—Notorious Criminal Shoots Well-known Cincinnati Detective to Death.

One of the most important railroad deals of recent date was completed in the City of Mexico the other day, when Sidney A. Witherbee of Detroit secured concessions on 1,500 miles of railroad from the Mexican government. The concessions were \$10,000 a mile cash for the construction of the road and a grant of 7,000,000 acres of land, the total aggregating \$22,000,000. The line will run from the Kansas City and Orient Railroad at Presidio Del Norte to Metamora, and thence to the east coast of Mexico. Following the east coast the road will run to Campechi, on the gulf. At Metamora the Mexican road will connect with the Brownsville, Corpus Christi and Gulf Railroad, a line 160 miles long, that will have its southern terminus at Brownsville, Texas, opposite Metamora. Engineers are now verifying the survey on this line preparatory to starting work of construction at once. When the two lines are completed an almost air line to St. Paul from the City of Mexico will be the result.

HIS MIND BECAME PARALYZED.

Missing Pittsburg Man Found in Cook County Asylum.

John H. Crisp, aged 34 years, mysteriously disappeared from Pittsburg last May. According to physicians, his case is a very peculiar one. On May 4 he suddenly was afflicted with paralysis of the mind, and was later found in Chicago, where he was arrested on a charge of being intoxicated. An examination by the physicians revealed the true state of affairs, and he was sent to the Cook County asylum, where for five months the keepers tried to ascertain who he was and whence he came. Only a few days ago he accidentally let drop a few words about his residence with Mrs. Andrews. Word was sent to her and a messenger from Pittsburg was sent to Chicago, who brought him back. He is now in a fair way to recovery.

CINCINNATI DETECTIVE SHOT.

Notorious Criminal Fatally Wounds Calvin D. Crim.

Detective Calvin D. Crim was fatally shot in Cincinnati by John Foley. Crim was on his way to a train for a vacation. He encountered Foley on the street, and recognizing him as a recently released convict who was wanted for picking pockets at funerals, Crim placed him under arrest and started to the station house. Suddenly Foley drew a revolver and fired, sending a bullet through Crim's body. Two other policemen caught Foley. Foley is also known as Dan Driscoll and as "The Goat." Crim was the leading detective in the famous Pearl Bryan murder case.

Passengers All Rescued.

Without a moment's warning the tug Samuel J. Christian of Toledo was struck by the big Gilchrist freighter John J. Albright in the Detroit river at the head of Grosse Isle and cut in two. She sank immediately. Captain William R. Harlow, the cook and a fireman whose names are unknown, but all of Toledo, were drowned.

Jilted Suitor Kills Girl.

Margaret De Holland, 21 years of age, was shot and almost instantly killed at her boarding house in Cleveland by Vernon Rogers, 35 years old. After firing three shots at the young woman Rogers turned the weapon upon himself and sent a bullet into his head. Miss De Holland had refused to marry Rogers and this led to the tragedy.

Resigns Post in Islands.

James Edgar Mill of Lincoln, Ill., brother-in-law of the late Gov. Richard J. Oglesby, now major in the United States army, has resigned his position as treasurer of Rizal province, Philippine Islands. He says he finds the responsibilities and labor of his office too much for him.

Noted Rough Rider Is Shot.

Ben Daniels, a well-known miner and prospector, and a member of Roosevelt's Rough Riders, was shot at Nogales, A. T., and his lower limbs are paralyzed. When President Roosevelt was in Cripple Creek and Victor, Colo., a few months ago Daniels helped to save him from violence by the mob.

Stamp Loot \$74,610.

Thieves entered the vault of the wholesale department of the Chicago postoffice between Saturday evening and Monday morning and accomplished the biggest postage stamp robbery on record. They secured \$74,610 in stamps of various denominations and escaped.

Venezuela Has Not Paid Up.

The sum of \$8,000 became due this month to the United States from Venezuela on account of mixed American claims, and it has not been paid. The claims arose out of damages sustained during the revolution of 1892.

Land Prize Winner Is Dead.

James D. Wood, winner of the first choice in the Lawton, Ok., land raffle, died after a brief illness of typhoid fever. In the government allotment of El Reno last August Wood drew a claim valued at \$50,000.



BANK ROBBERS AT WORK.

Itched Battle Between Thieves and Citizens at Danville, Ohio.

One of the most daring attempts at bank robbery in the history of Knox County, Ohio, occurred at Danville. Five charges of dynamite were used and the bank building as well as the vault wrecked. The explosions aroused the citizens, and a pitched battle took place, during which the thieves, of whom there were eight, took to flight. They were followed to Buckeye City, where they had rigs in readiness, and drove hurriedly away. Pursuit was at once taken up and a number of shots were exchanged until Adrian's woods were reached, where the vehicles were abandoned by the robbers, who sought cover. In the buggy was found a large quantity of chickens, potatoes and edibles of various kinds, which is taken to indicate that the gang intended to hide themselves in the thick woods somewhere and call up until the excitement incident to the robbery had died down. At least one of the robbers was wounded in the fight. Banker Wolfe says that little of value was secured so far as he can now tell.

SERIOUS CONDITION IN HAWAII.

Natives Die and Sugar Cane and Coffee Remain Unharvested.

Henry E. Cooper, territorial secretary and for several months prior to his departure for the United States acting governor of Hawaii, has discussed with Secretary of Agriculture Wilson in Washington the conditions in the territory. He emphasizes the seriousness of the labor problem. The natives are dying off rapidly, the mortality being about forty deaths to the thousand, and foreign laborers are getting out of the country much more rapidly than they are coming in. The encouragement of Chinese labor, said he, is regarded as the most promising solution. The sugar cane crop that should have been harvested at the beginning of July is not yet off the field. The natives generally will not work. The coffee industry is languishing and many things that should be raised have to be brought outside the islands.

SHOOT AND ROB PAYMASTER.

Bandits in Kentucky Wound P. T. Colgan and Take \$2,000.

Peter T. Colgan, paymaster of the Virginia Iron Furnaces, was waylaid, shot and robbed of \$2,000 about midway between Middlesboro, Ky., and the furnaces. Colgan had drawn the money from the bank and was taking it to the office to pay the hands. The robbers hid behind trees, shot Colgan, seized the money and ran. A large crowd started in pursuit, but the robbers succeeded in reaching the mountains. In their flight they dropped \$500. Colgan will recover from the wounds.

Twenty Lives Lost in Storm.

The worst typhoon in ten years has been raging in the Philippines. Its center has been about sixty miles from Manila. Eight miles of railway have been destroyed, and half of north and central Luzon has been submerged. A majority of the telegraph lines have been damaged, and government and other vessels have suffered, twenty persons being killed in Manila bay. The town of Baler has been demolished.

Michigan Postoffice Robbed.

The Baldwin, Mich., postoffice was entered by burglars. The loss, including registered packages and postage stamps, is estimated at between \$800 and \$1,000. The safe was found locked the next morning, and it is supposed the burglars worked the combination. The postmaster also lost private funds to a considerable amount.

Twenty-five Passengers Hurt.

North-bound "Indianapolis Flyer," No. 26, was wrecked at "Aerial Switch," south of Goshen, Ind. Twenty-five passengers were more or less injured. The engine passed the switch, but the combination baggage and passenger coach and one passenger car left the rails. The track was torn up for 100 feet.

Boy Stolen by Gypsies.

Frank Caves, aged 10 years, was the captive for a few hours of a band of gypsies who passed through Marysville, Ohio, the other day. A farmer, hearing the boy's cry, forced the Romanians to release him. The boy says that the gypsies threatened to shoot him for crying.

Armour Gets Apple Corner.

The Armours of Chicago have succeeded in getting a corner on the apples about Binghamton, N. Y. The crop is the lightest in years. New York and Pennsylvania farmers sold their crops as they stood on the trees. Already the price has advanced to \$3.50 a barrel.

Ex-Gov. Pillsbury Is Dead.

Ex-Gov. John S. Pillsbury died at Minneapolis, Minn., of Bright's disease. He was 73 years old and a member of the famous family of millers.

Secretary Loeb to Wed.

Announcement is made of the engagement of Miss Katherine Dorr of Buffalo to William Loeb, Jr., personal secretary to President Roosevelt.

Five Men Killed.

Five men were killed and two injured by a cave-in of a mass of rock in the rapid transit tunnel, New York.

THE MARKETS

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime. \$3.00 to \$6.75; hogs, shipping grades, \$4.25 to \$6.72; sheep, fair to choice, \$3.00 to \$3.85; wheat, No. 2 red, 69c to 70c; corn, No. 2, 55c to 56c; oats, No. 2, 34c to 35c; rye, No. 2, 53c to 54c; butter, choice creamery, 20c to 21c; eggs, fresh, 17c to 19c; potatoes, 55c to 64c per bushel.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping. \$3.00 to \$6.40; hogs, choice light, \$4.00 to \$6.15; sheep, common to prime, \$3.00 to \$3.25; wheat, No. 2, 69c to 70c; corn, No. 2 white, 58c to 59c; oats, No. 2 white, 38c to 39c.

St. Louis—Cattle, \$3.25 to \$6.50; hogs. \$3.00 to \$6.50; sheep, \$3.00 to \$3.50; wheat, No. 2, 70c to 71c; corn, No. 2, 56c to 57c; oats, No. 2, 36c to 37c; rye, No. 2, 55c to 56c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$5.50; hogs. \$3.00 to \$6.50; sheep, \$2.25 to \$3.00; wheat, No. 2, 73c to 74c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 59c to 60c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 37c to 38c; rye, No. 2, 56c to 57c.

Detroit—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$5.00; hogs. \$3.00 to \$6.00; sheep, \$2.50 to \$3.75; wheat, No. 2, 71c to 72c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 56c to 58c; oats, No. 2 white, 38c to 39c; rye, 51c to 52c.

Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 mixed, 72c to 74c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 58c to 59c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 36c to 37c; rye, No. 2, 52c to 54c; clover seed, prime, \$5.42.

Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 northern. 69c to 70c; corn, No. 3, 55c to 56c; oats, No. 2 white, 37c to 38c; rye, No. 1, 53c to 55c; barley, No. 2, 58c to 59c; pork, mess, \$13.87.

Buffalo—Cattle, choice shipping steers. \$3.00 to \$6.25; hogs, fair to prime, \$3.00 to \$6.70; sheep, fair to choice, \$3.00 to \$3.25; lambs, common to choice, \$4.50 to \$5.10.

New York—Cattle, \$3.75 to \$5.50; hogs. \$3.00 to \$6.65; sheep, \$2.50 to \$3.50; wheat, No. 2 red, 75c to 76c; corn, No. 2, 60c to 61c; oats, No. 2 white, 41c to 42c; butter, creamery, 19c to 22c; eggs, western, 19c to 21c.

MISSING CLERK A FORGER.

George Sumner, Bookkeeper for a Big Chicago Firm, Disappears.

Information of losses amounting to at least \$3,500 to several Chicago business houses has come to light with the disappearance of George Sumner, head bookkeeper for A. M. Rothschild & Co. of that city. Sumner has not been seen by his wife or friends for several days. Complaints were made to the man's employers from business men who had honored a number of forged checks. Detectives were set to work and the cause for the bookkeeper's flight discovered. Sumner had access to the mail box and it is believed that he took a number of letters containing checks and after forging an indorsement of the payee had them cashed wherever he could.

TWO LINEMEN FALL SIXTY FEET.

Pole Strikes Upon Them, Inflicting Injuries that May Prove Fatal.

C. E. Wilsey and Timothy Keefe, electric linemen, fell from the top of a 60-foot pole in Lincoln, Neb., and both were fatally injured. Wilsey suffered a fractured skull in two places. Keefe had both arms and both legs broken. The pole had rotted and broke off at the bottom, falling on both men after they had struck the ground.

Finds Poison in Stomach.

Prof. Curtis C. Howard of the Starling Medical College at Columbus has been conducting a chemical examination of the internal organs of two of the fourteen alleged victims of Mrs. Mary Belle Wither of Columbus, Ohio. Further than to say that in the stomach and kidneys of Mrs. Pugh he found traces of arsenic Prof. Howard would make no statement.

Eats a Woman's Finger.

Mrs. Henry G. Miles, a prominent New Haven, Conn., society woman, lost the middle finger of her right hand while feeding the family horse, a very gentle animal. In its anxiety for the feed the horse took not only the corn, but Mrs. Miles' finger as well.

Fast Mail in a Wreck.

There has been a head-end collision between a fast mail and a freight train on the Iron Mountain road four miles below De Soto, Mo. One man is known to have been killed and many were injured. All the cars were thrown from the track.

Young Man Stabs His Nephew.

Nathaniel Tate, a farmer, was fatally stabbed by his nephew, John Tate, near Kingsport, Tenn. It is stated the elder Tate had accused the young man of stealing and that the young man stabbed him with a dirk.

Ohio Man Falls in River.

John Wells of Kent, Ohio, who was visiting his niece, Mrs. Harriet Heffron, in Denver, Colo., was drowned in the Platte river. It is thought that he was taking a walk along the banks of the river and accidentally fell in.

Desperate Bandit Captured.

Mussolino, the famous bandit, was captured after a desperate fight at Urbino, Italy. He is credited with committing twenty-five murders in two years in Calabria.

MAN AND BOY SAIL A BIG SHIP.

Make a Run of 500 Miles Because Crew Was on Strike.

Capt. Peter Blake of the two-masted schooner R. Kanter is the hero of lake vesselmen. The R. Kanter, 112 feet long, sailed from Chicago Oct. 1 and was en route to Pine Lake, Mich., after a cargo of lumber. In leaving Chicago his crew went on a strike. He was not discouraged and with the assistance of a 16-year-old helper decided to make the voyage alone. The boy is not a sailor, and was of assistance only in such work as a "landlubber" could do and in preparing the meals. The journey is 500 miles round trip and was a remarkable one. The schooner carries immense canvas and the voyage was unusually rough. Both captain and boy passed an almost sleepless time, but they brought back to Chicago the largest cargo for a two-master that has been reported for years. Capt. Blake saved \$160 in sailors' wages by the venture. He has presented the boy with a suit of oilskins and a pair of rubber boots.

COLONEL ASTOR AS ENGINEER.

Millionaire Railroad Director Pilots Lake Shore Fast Mail.

For a short time Wednesday the identity of Col. John Jacob Astor, millionaire, was lost in that of Col. Astor, railroad engineer. Attired in blue jeans, overalls and buckskin gloves, he piloted the fast mail on the Lake Shore road through a wild twenty miles, which were made in a trifle less than twenty minutes. Col. Astor was on his way to Chicago to attend the annual meeting of the directors of the Illinois Central Railroad, and when South Bend was reached at 5:05 in the morning he persuaded the engineer to let him hold the throttle during the run from that point to Laporte. He is familiar with every detail of construction and management of a locomotive.

MOTHER RECOVERS CHILD.

Finds Him Selling Papers in the Streets of Denver.

Mrs. Evan Jones of Plymouth, Pa., arrived in Wilkesbarre from Denver the other day with her 9-year-old son in her possession. Two years ago her husband ran away with the widow of his brother and took the child with him. Since then Mrs. Jones has been untiring in her search for the boy. She was aided by the police in all the large cities in this country and in England and Wales, where it was first believed her husband had gone. A couple of months ago she received a clew from Denver and she went out there to investigate. Soon after she alighted from the train she found her boy in the street selling papers.

Increase in Naval Estimates.

The estimates for the navy for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1903, have been made public at the Navy Department in Washington. The total amount is \$98,910,984, against \$77,924,535 appropriated for the current year. The chief increases are \$2,500,000 for the construction, \$2,000,000 for armor and \$129,355 in the appropriation for yards and docks.

Cashier Held Responsible.

The Ohio Supreme Court affirmed the judgment against Gus Kalb, who was cashier of the American National Bank of Lima, Ohio, at the time it was robbed of \$18,000 in a mysterious manner three years ago, holding him responsible for the full amount of the shortage. Carelessness of the cashier is the ground for the decision.

Chicagoan Is Found Dead.

A guest of the Brevoort House in Kansas City registered as W. G. Graham of Chicago, but whose letters identified him as W. D. Baker, Chicago, was found dead in his room in the hotel, and it is supposed that he committed suicide by taking laudanum.

Death of Man 160 Years Old.

A dispatch from Athens records the death at Kruti, Albania, of Ismail Hudjo, who claimed to be the oldest man in the world. It is said that he was 160 years old. His faculties were unimpaired, and he had all his teeth when he died.

Hospital Building Burned.

The industrial building at the Epileptic hospital, Gallipolis, Ohio, was burned, entailing a loss of \$100,000. The cause of the fire is unknown. No inmates were in the building.

Lake Steamer Wrecked.

The steamer State of Michigan, formerly in the passenger service between Chicago and Muskegon, was wrecked by a broken shaft and sunk off White Lake, Mich.

Slaughter in Samar.

Five hundred bolomen attacked a detachment of forty-six men of the Ninth infantry at Bangajon, on the Gandar river, Island of Samar, killing ten and wounding six.

New Trial for Molineux.

Roland B. Molineux, convicted of the murder of Catherine J. Adams in New York, has been granted a new trial on the grounds of error in admitting evidence of another death.

Bank Messenger Disappears.

George Armitage, messenger for New Amsterdam National Bank, disappeared under circumstances indicating robbery. Of \$20,000 in drafts and checks which he carried, all but \$9,996 is accounted for.

INTERESTING FACTS ABOUT SUGAR.

As a good deal has recently appeared in print regarding the consumption of sugar, and as the importance of this article as a food, in which every individual is concerned, is apparently not sufficiently understood, the following facts and figures furnished by the well-known sugar statisticians, Messrs. Willett and Gray (91 Wall street, New York), who are the publishers of the weekly Statistical Sugar Trade Journal, must necessarily be of great interest to all our readers:

RAW SUGAR.	
Tons.	
Total consumption, U. S., 1900 (Willett and Gray), 2,219,847	
Add 6.34 per cent, average annual increase in consumption last 19 years.	140,738
Consumption for 1901, 2,360,585	
Of which:	
Louisiana pro-	
duces	350,000
Beet (domestic) pro-	
duces	150,000
Hawaii (free) pro-	
duces	350,000
Porto Rico (free) produces	1,000,000
	1,360,585
Paying duty at an average of say \$36 per ton. (Equivalent to \$40 per ton in granulated.) (Price increased because of tariff, \$36 per ton.)	\$48,981,060
Total consumption, 2,360,585 tons @ \$36.	\$84,981,060
Additional, people taxed annually and pay to for revenue, 49 millions	\$36,000,000
Viz.:	
To Louisiana planters on 350,000 tons at \$36 per ton.	\$12,600,000
To domestic beet planters on 150,000 tons at \$36 per ton.	5,400,000
To Hawaii planters on 350,000 tons at \$36 per ton.	12,600,000
To Porto Rico planters on 1,000,000 tons at \$36 per ton.	36,000,000
Remove duty and the whole \$84,981,060 accrues to the public. On October 8, the quotation for Cuba Centrifugal sugar, 96 per cent, test, free on board Cuba, was 1.96 cents per pound, and the duty on same amounted to 1.685 cents per pound, which is equivalent to 86 per cent, ad valorem.	
(Signed) WILLETT & GRAY,	
91 Wall street, New York.	

The Mayor and the Man.

A number of years ago Castle Rising, in the eastern part of England, was a flourishing borough, returning two members to Parliament and possessing a Mayor, one Wakefield, "a character" who might have stepped out of a novelist's gallery. On one occasion the bearer of some election dispatches arrived in hot haste at Rising, and asked for the Mayor. Wakefield was engaged in the exercise of his high calling, which happened to be that of a thatcher; he was thatching a barn. On hearing that his presence was required, he sent a message to the dispatch bearer to this effect: "If it's John Wakefield that he wants to see, I'll come down at once. If it's the Mayor of Castle Rising he has business with, he must come up here to me."

Mrs. Dyer's Heart.

McCarron, Mich., Oct. 21.—In April last the sensational case of Mrs. Samuel G. Dyer of this place was reported in these columns. Mrs. Dyer has suffered for years with a very bad case of Heart Trouble and was cured in a few weeks by Dodd's Kidney Pills. Since then Mrs. Dyer has received hundreds of inquiries as to her condition, and many may be interested to hear that she is at present enjoying the best of health and has not had the slightest return of the Heart Trouble. Formerly she had to sit up in bed for hours to get relief; now she goes about as smartly as any lady of 62 years in the State. Dodd's Kidney Pills have made many friends in Chippewa County through their cure of Mrs. Dyer's case, and have proven beyond doubt that their cures are not only very complete, but absolute and permanent.

Krupp's Fortune.

"The German papers state that old man Krupp is worth \$5,000,000." "Who is old man Krupp?" "He is the maker of the Krupp guns." "Well, say, \$5,000,000 isn't much for a cannon-maker when you consider all the startling reports."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—John F. Boyer, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

Over seven thousand persons are employed in the fishing industry on the Mississippi river and its minor tributaries.

All goods are alike to PUTNAM FADELESS DYES, as they color all fibers at one boiling. Sold by druggists.

The bass viol may not be a wicked instrument, but its name is against it.

If you like Mrs. Austin's famous Pan Cake Flour, "Won't you be good?" Tell your friends how delicious it is.

A reformed man often cuts a poor figure while advertisin' his virtues.

Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP for Children teaching; softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

LOVE HIDDEN.

Do you guess it, I wonder, the spell that lies

Noon and night on my lonely hours
How I look in the streams, and see your eyes?

How I touch your dress when I touch sweet flowers?

How I hear your voice when the zephyrs sigh

Thro' the scented pines in the long hot day?

How you glide from sight when the sunbeams die?

How you come again with the moon's first ray?

How my soul wings up from the thrall of sleep

And links with yours in the stars above?

How together, and hand in hand, we sweep

Thro' the measureless fields of rose-crowned love?

Ah! how should you guess?—for we never speak!

How should you know?—for I can but look

(When we meet and pass) with a glance too meek

To utter the love you might not brook!

So I tell my love in a secret verse,
By you for ever, Beloved, unheard—
Lest you shatter the beautiful dream I nurse,

With a pitying glance or a scornful word.

And my beautiful dream is sweet to me,

O Love, is it false? O Love, is it true?

For I dream that in close-lipped secrecy—

You know, you are glad, and you love me, too!

—Country Life.

THE RED TERROR.

BY CHAS. FREDERICK HOLDER.

"This district is infested with a red terror, name of Reilly. We need help. What do we pay taxes for?"

"This is the fourth letter I've had besides telephones. Kelly, look this up. See what the red terror of the ninth is and get what evidence you can," said the captain of police in a certain city of the west.

Kelly was a terror himself, if the gamins of his beat were to be believed; a tall, gigantic Irishman with vivid red hair, but with an expression of good nature that had made him equally famous. Kelly had heard of the terror before. His beat lay along the infested district and on divers occasions he had been called beyond his sphere of influence to investigate some outrage on the person or property of citizens, perpetrated, he was told, by a girl who went by the name of the Red Terror. Windows were broken in winter with snow balls; dignified citizens were bombarded from alleyways with masses of snow, and the change of season only ushered in new and fiendish schemes for the demoralization of the general public; mud balls, hats with bricks in them, and finally reports came in of mysterious attacks which could be produced only by a blow-gun of colossal dimensions. Surely it was time to stop these outrages and Kelly now proposed to do it.

Reaching the infested district he began a house-to-house canvass, starting with Mrs. Fogarty, from whom a complaint had come.

"It's glad to see you, I am, Mr. Officer," said the woman. "Luk at me front window, stuffed with papers to kape out the air all o' that red imp of a kid. See her do it? Na, I did not; but who else wad brake windows for the spoor? I'd like to get me hands on her, that I wad."

"Then it's a girl?" said Kelly.

"Of course it's a girl, the daughter of old Benson, up the alley."

The officer took the report and name of the complainant and went on. O'Toole, the cobbler, had been struck on the ear with a puttyball, 44-caliber, and for weeks thought he was the subject of a vendetta until he heard that Benson's girl had an air-gun. Old Mrs. Ramsay made complaint that her house had been battered with rocks and a number of windows broken, and she had the rocks lined along the fence to prove it.

In an hour Kelly had collected evidence sufficient to send a man to jail for life in his own estimation; then he went up the alley to see old Benson. It was a very hot day in July. The air was still, not a leaf stirring, and from roof and sidewalk rose vaporous shapes—boiling air, Kelly called it—that made life intolerable. He hugged the houses, walking from awning to awning when there were stores, and standing beneath the shade of cottonwoods and catalpas here and there, mopping his head and sniffing the air like a weather prophet for the change that never came.

Reaching the end of the street, he turned up the alley and made his way to Benson's. The house was a "ram-

chack" of a place. It had not been painted for two decades and in some way had taken a lurch over the sidewalk so that the flowers in a box in the second story hung like a plumbline three or four feet clear of the basement where Kelly stood. The old cobbler sat in the front room, surrounded by the implements of his trade. He looked up as the officer entered, took a waxed end out of his mouth and lifted his square silver-bowed spectacles that he might see and speak.

"No," said Kelly, "I haven't any job. The truth is, the whole neighborhood is up in arms about a girl of yours. I've been looking into the matter at the orders of the captain, and from these," taking out the papers containing the complaints, "it looks to me like it was a reform school case."

"I've done the best I could," replied Benson, "but Satan himself seems in that child and I'm afraid I'll have to let her go."

"And she's your child?" asked Kelly, who had expected a strong protest.

"No, she's my grandchild. Her father was Bob Reilly," replied the cobbler.

"What, Bob Reilly of the force?" said Kelly.

"The same," was the reply.

"Why, Bob Reilly was killed saving children," said the officer.

"I know he was," replied the old man. "It was this way. The big school buildings caught fire in the basement in some way and all but about ten of the children got out; these had run up into the top story and were cut off. Reilly was in a building that looked down on it. The firemen had the nets down but the children were afraid to jump, so Reilly got a rope and the men lowered him down to the roof where he broke through the skylight and reached them. He threw them out of the window into the nets, all but one, and that was the girl you're after. He hated to throw her, and what they were doing the Lord only knows, when all at once a belt of flame and smoke surrounded them. The girl shot out of the window and fell into the net, but the father never came out."

"I know that," responded Kelly, "I was there, and if I were you I'd hate to have any disgrace come to that kid."

"So I do," replied the old man, "but I've done everything I can. I'm hated by the neighbors; they won't bring their work here, all on account of that kid."

"Where is she?" asked Kelly, looking around.

"In the street; I can't lock her up all the time," said Benson.

"Well," said Kelly, "if I put these complaints and the witness are called she'll go to the school sure."

The old man said nothing; he was doubtless glad of the opportunity of getting rid of a troublesome hoyden, so the officer walked out of the hot, stifling room and started down the alley. He had not gone more than two blocks when he heard certain sounds which suggested trouble, and in the center of the street stood a group of boys. The officer moved ahead quickly and reaching the crowd asking—

"What's up?"

"The red kid's been firing rocks at us," replied some one.

"Where is she?" asked Kelly.

"There," pointed the boy who had been hit.

Pushing into the crowd, Kelly looked down upon a shingular scene. On the ground, in the hot dust, lay an old horse, its glassy eyes turned upward, its nostrils dilated, its sides heaving faintly, telling of the intense heat, suffering and approaching dissolution. In the dust at its head, holding an old umbrella over it with one hand and a sharp-edged rock in the other, was the reddest-haired girl Kelly had ever seen. "Hit him again and I'll give it to you," she was saying in a threatening tone to the boys, raising the rock grimly; and then Kelly saw that she had a basin of water and had been moistening the animal's head.

"I hope I did," replied the Red Terror, for it was she.

Kelly was on the bench, supreme judge, and it occurred to him to suggest that the prisoner should not convict herself; but she was not yet a prisoner.

"It's this way," she said, still holding the umbrella over the head of the prostrate animal. "I was walking down the street when I found the boys throwing stones at this horse. It was sick, anyone could see that—and Kelly saw the tears starting—'so I called out to them to stop or—yes, or I'd rock them; but they wouldn't, so I got behind the horse and drove them off; then it fell down and I got some water and washed its head and held the umbrella over it until some one came. But the crowd began to come and abuse me, and—"

Here the Red Terror broke down, the umbrella fell from her hand, and with a cry "It's dead, it's dead!" she dropped beside the animal and wept as though her heart would break.

There was something about Officer Kelly's looks that made every boy creep away, until finally he, the girl and the dead horse were alone; then he took the diminutive Red Terror in his arms and carried her up the hot, dusty alley to old Benson's.

"What did you find about that stone-throwing case?" asked the captain of police that night.

"Nothing," replied Kelly, briefly; "accused moved away."

So she had. The Terror had moved into the very heart of Officer Kelly's family—a big one though it was.—*Detroit Free Press.*

TIDAL WAVE IN HAWAII.

Unexplained Features of a Rush of Water Among the Islands.

Later reports of the tidal wave were brought by the steamer Ke Au Hou this morning. The Ke Au Hou did not touch the western coast of Hawaii, but, according to the information which Captain Mosher received while at Kauhale, the tidal wave appears to have reached Mahukona and was evidently general along the Kohala coast.

The rush of water at Mahukona did not occur until last Saturday, a day later than it was observed along the Kona coast. This circumstance seems quite odd. The explanation which Captain Mosher offers for the difference is that the original wave coming in a westerly course across the Pacific was divided when it washed against Mano Point and one part went to the south while another went to the north. Evidence of some exceptional disturbance of the waters was felt even at Waipio gulf on Sunday, where the Ke Au Hou was lying.

On Sunday Captain Mosher was lying in his cabin. Suddenly a strong current settling from around the northern end of the island swept down and completely swung the vessel around. It was not the force of a sudden gust of wind which did this, but the water, for Captain Mosher sprang out on the deck to observe the cause. He soon discovered that it had been the strong current. Within a short time the vessel had swung back to its former position, and no further evidence of the high tide or strong current was felt.

Captain Mosher thought the air quite peculiar, but he paid no further attention to it until he met an old native, who had come from Mahukona. This native said that on Saturday, the day preceding the strong current which turned the Ke Au Hou about, the water had "come up big" at Mahukona and had swept into his house and inundated his dwelling. Captain Mosher could not learn very much of the details of the sudden rush of waters, but from what the native did say it was evident that there had been an exceptionally high tide or else a tidal wave had rushed into the shores of Kohala. No reports from any other place were received, however, by the Ke Au Hou and not until after they had reached here was the real cause of the sudden rise in the waters known to those on the vessel.

This report from the Kohala coast quite puts an entirely different aspect on the situation. When the Mauna Loa brought the news yesterday that only the Kona coast had been touched by the tidal wave, the natural presumption was that the rush of water had been due to some volcanic action in the proximity of that particular section of the western coast. In fact, with even this explanation of the matter, it was regarded as very peculiar that only twenty miles of coast should be reached by the wave, while other sections of the coast seem to have been reached at a later time than the Kona coast. It is very likely that the original wave was divided by Mano Point and two different currents sent along to the respective northern and southern coasts. Even the Mauna Loa, which was lying around at Punaluu, on the other side of the Kau coast, felt the swell of the tide on Friday.

The steamers from Maui this morning report, however, that no evidence of the tidal wave had been seen on that island.—*Honolulu Star.*

Fires Caused by Nails.

"Speaking of insurance matters," said a listener. "I suppose the plain, old-fashioned nail has caused more fires in the big establishments where machinery is used in many and complicated ways than any other little thing in existence. The only thing needed is for it to come in contact with some other hard material with sufficient force to cause a spark and heat generation. Nails have really produced a heavy per cent. of the cotton fires of the country. During recent years, on account of steps taken by the owners and conductors of the larger cotton and by-product plants at the instance of insurance men, the nail has not been such a prolific producer of fires.

"A way has been found, for instance, in cotton gins, cotton mills and in plants where cotton seed are put through manufacturing processes, of extracting nails and other weighty and flinty substances that may find lodgment in these inflammable products. Gravity is the natural force used. Nails and rocks and materials of this kind are heavier than cotton and its by-products, and they have a tendency to force their way to the bottom of the heap. By allowing these products to pass over a rolling belt arrangement these heavier materials filter toward the bottom and are finally extracted, so that when the cotton or the cotton seed pass through the grind in the various manufacturing processes, there is but little danger from fire so far as these things are concerned."—*New Orleans Times-Democrat.*

OHIO THE CENTER OF INTEREST

Most Important Fight of the Year Is in the Buckeye State.

The year following each presidential election is invariably the dulllest from a national point of view in the political calendar. Few States choose Governors or other important State officers that year and few legislatures are selected which will be called upon to fill vacancies in the United States Senate. November will see political contests of consequence decided in scarcely more than half a dozen commonwealths, among them Ohio, New Jersey, Iowa, Maryland, Massachusetts and Virginia.

In Ohio, perhaps, more is at stake this year politically than in any other State. A Governor, Lieutenant Governor, an Attorney General, a Treasurer, a justice of the Supreme Court, a clerk of the Supreme Court and a member of the Board of Public Works are to be elected and the Legislature chosen will fill the vacancy in the United States Senate caused by the expiration of Joseph B. Foraker's term on March 4, 1903. An active campaign is being made in behalf of the two State tickets, the Republican one headed by Gov. George B. Nash and the Democratic one by Col. James Kilbourne. Senator Foraker is a candidate for re-election and is leading the Republican fight in the State.

In New Jersey a Governor is to be chosen. Franklin Murphy is the Republican nominee and James M. Seymour is the Democratic.

Iowa will elect a Governor and some minor State officers. A. B. Cummings heads the Republican ticket and Thomas J. Phillips the Democratic. The Legislature chosen will elect a United States Senator to fill the vacancy caused by the death of John H. Gear, who had been selected for the full term beginning March 4, 1901, but died between the time of his election and the date set for qualification. Jonathan P. Dolliver is now filling Mr. Gear's seat by appointment.

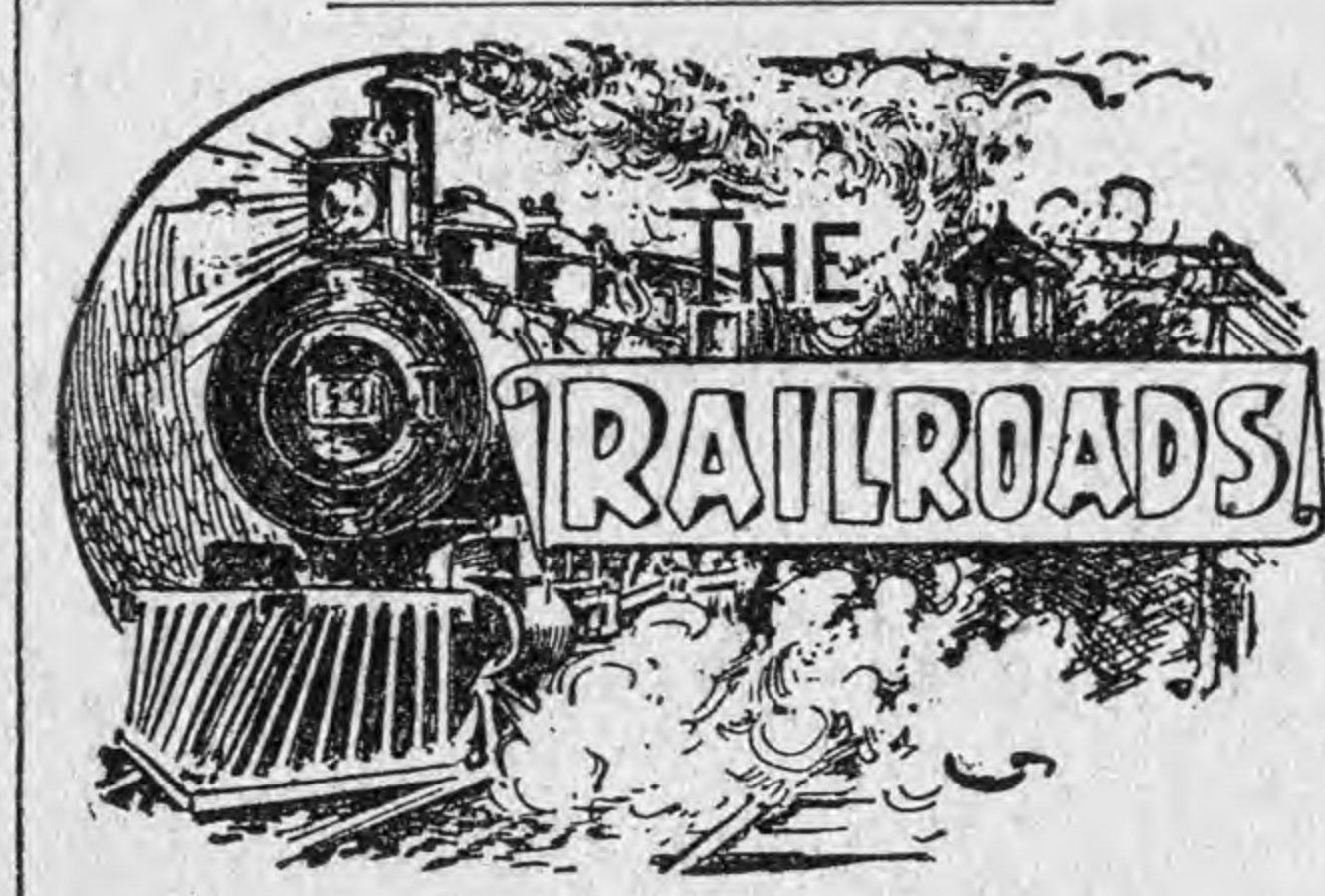
In Maryland two minor State officers, Comptroller and Treasurer are to be elected. The Legislature will choose a successor in the United States Senate to George L. Wellington, a former Republican, who supported Bryan in the campaign of 1900. Mr. Gorman is an avowed candidate for the senatorship, and the fight in the State turns mainly on his effort to regain the seat in the Senate which he filled for eighteen years.

Virginia will elect a Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General and two or three other minor officers. The Republican candidate for the governorship, J. Hampton Hoge, is making a lively canvass, but there is little prospect of his election over his Democratic rival, Andrew J. Montague.

In Kentucky a Legislature is to be chosen, which will fill the vacancy in the United States Senate caused by the expiration March 4, 1903, of William J. Deboe's term.

Pennsylvania will elect a State Treasurer and a judge of the Supreme Court.

Several vacancies in the House of Representatives are to be filled next month at special elections, one in Pennsylvania, caused by the death of Marriott Brosius; one in South Carolina, caused by the death of J. William Stokes; one in Texas, caused by the death of Robert E. Burke; one in New York, caused by the death of Albert D. Shaw, and one in Michigan, caused by the death of Rousseau O. Crump.



I. O. Walker of the Nickel Plate line has been elected president of the Roadmasters' Association.

The Santa Fe Railroad Company has surveyed for building 815 miles of railroad in the Southwest.

The Big Four handled 722,715 passengers during September, an increase of 71,353 over last September.

Earnings of the New York Central for September were \$6,686,671, an increase of \$811,822 over last year.

After several years of opposition the Erie road will join the other eastern lines in selling half-fare tickets to clergymen.

Four large consolidated engines have been received by the Milwaukee and St. Paul road. The order calls for eighty.

A new line of the Illinois Central, forty-two miles long, from Rosedale to Davis, Miss., will soon be opened for traffic.

Recently one day's receipts of cattle in the Chicago market was 32,472 head. This is the largest single day's receipts on record.

The recently finished line of the Northwestern road from Pelican to Cranston, Wis., seventeen and one-half miles, has been opened for traffic.

Net earnings of the Rock Island for August were \$1,333,749, an increase of \$193,274 over last year. Gross receipts amounted to \$2,869,894, an increase of \$400,118.

One of the northwestern lines has started a reform in the direction of allowing passengers to occupy but one seat if they hold but one ticket. Conductors have been ordered to enforce such a rule.

There will be no more homeseekers' excursions between Chicago and St. Paul and Minneapolis during the present year. It is likely that rates for all homeseekers' excursions will be advanced to a fare and a third for the round trip.

Miss Hattie M. Banfill of Riverdale, Ill., has been awarded \$20,000 against the Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis Railway Company for injuries received by being run over by a train at a Chicago street crossing in June, 1898.

INDIANA INCIDENTS.

RECORD OF EVENTS OF THE PAST WEEK.

Marsh Fires Spread Ruin—Robbers Secure \$1,000 from Morristown Postoffice—Game Warden Wounded by Farmers—Damage by Explosion.

Marsh fires which have swept over hundreds of acres of land have been raging for several days in the Kankakee region. Thousands of tons of hay and immense quantities of other grain have fallen prey to the flames and live stock has also been cremated. At one time every man available was pressed into service to fight the fire, which is now believed to be checked. No estimate can be made of the loss.

Morristown Postoffice Is Robbed. At Morristown the postoffice safe was blown open with nitroglycerin, the robbers securing \$700 in notes of Postmaster Phillips and \$300 in postage. The explosion alarmed citizens, but the robbers escaped in a rig they had previously stolen.

Farmers Gun for Game Warden. Farmers near Logansport peppered Deputy Fish and Game Warden Wallace Smith and two assistants with shot, but no one was seriously injured. They returned the fire and injured a farmer's boy. The farmers fired from ambush. The warden captured their fish nets.

Hurt by Boiler Explosion. The boiler connection in the Howe factory at Peru exploded, scalding A. B. Ulrich, engineer, and badly injuring Fireman Joseph Kile and W. H. Folger of the Cincinnati filtering plant.

Freight Wreck at Georgetown. Ten cars were burned by the explosion of an oil tank due to the wrecking of a Southern Railway freight train at Georgetown. Brakeman Thomas Peterson was probably fatally injured.

Within Our Borders. Richmond's booming. Hessian fly in Wayne County. Brazil printers formed a union. Evansville will get a shoe factory. The peat beds near Gaston are burning. Chesterton is trying to locate a creamery.

McCordsville school house burned. Loss \$9,000.

Stilesville Baptist Church has been remodelled.

Dana will have a new bank, the First National.

Coal has been found just west of Ellettsville.

Montgomery County fair is \$720.66 to the good.

Peru's streets are being paved for the first time.

A dozen business changes in Rushville in a week.

Rev. D. Tillotson, Lebanon, will visit Jerusalem.

There are 1,045 students in Purdue University.

Wayne County infirmary will be lighted by electricity.

Vincennes Christian Church will erect a \$30,000 edifice.

There are surface indications of oil near Connersville.

Deserter Claude McDowell was captured in Anderson.

Panhandle Railroad is building a new depot in Richmond.

Fires have been started in window glass factories, Anderson.

Salem Henkle, Columbia City, accidentally shot his head off.

Barn of W. D. Wilson, California, burned. Loss \$6,000.

A new window glass factory is in construction, Fowlertown.

The C., R. & M. Railroad will build a \$10,000 depot at Peru.

Canning factories advertise that they want to buy pumpkins.

Nathan-Parker, 75, Columbus, was seriously injured by a train.

New steel bridge will be built across the Wabash at Lafayette.

State Y. M. C. A. convention will meet in Richmond in November.

City Attorney Shirley, Kokomo, has resigned. Too much other biz.

Perry Perkins, well-known colored crook, was captured in Brazil.

Boord family held a reunion at Covington, 135 relatives attending.

Gosport is booming. Four new business blocks are being constructed.

Home of Samuel Rhodes, a Covington farmer, burned. The loss is \$4,500.

Henry Beitzell, 90, died at Centerville, was perhaps Indiana's oldest Mason.

Dr. G. M. Freeman leads a company at Washington that will raise skunks.

Elder A. J. Frank of the Tabernacle Christian Church, Columbus, has resigned.

Mrs. Clara Barnes, near Sullivan, was fatally burned by her clothes catching fire.

Wooden bridge over the Wabash, Lafayette, burned. It was built in 1847. Loss \$5,000.

Second Presbyterian Church, Lafayette, has taken a decided stand against street carnivals.

Forrest Jones, Columbus, who threw carbolic acid in the face of his uncle, Henry W. Kaiser, is thought to be insane.

Amelia Couchman, Thorntown, sued Saloonist John Smith for \$2,000, because her husband got drunk, fell from a buggy and broke his neck. Case has been compromised. She gets \$500.

GREAT CORN EXHIBITION

AT ALLMAN'S BIG STORE.

Bring a few ears of your corn any time before December 1st. Ten big prizes awarded December 2nd. We already have a

GRAND DISPLAY.

You are cordially invited to visit the BIG STORE during the exhibition.

TO EVERY LADY clipping and presenting the following coupon, we will give a useful souvenir of the corn exhibition.

THE BIG STORE

Corn Exhibition

Souvenir Coupon.

ALLMAN, Plymouth, Ind.

A. E. BARNES

Maxinkuckee - - Indiana.

At the present time, the above named gentleman has one of the largest and most Select Stock of Goods on the Shores of Lake Maxinkuckee.

His Dry Goods and Boots and Shoes are complete.

His Grocery and Notion Department are simply Unsurpassed in the county.

New Lot of Ladies and Children's Coats.

Flannel and Silk Waists,

And Flannel and Silk Waistings.

Can be found at our store We also show a stock of Walking or Rainy Day Skirts at popular prices. Ask to see the **New Chalk Line Skirts at \$4.98.**

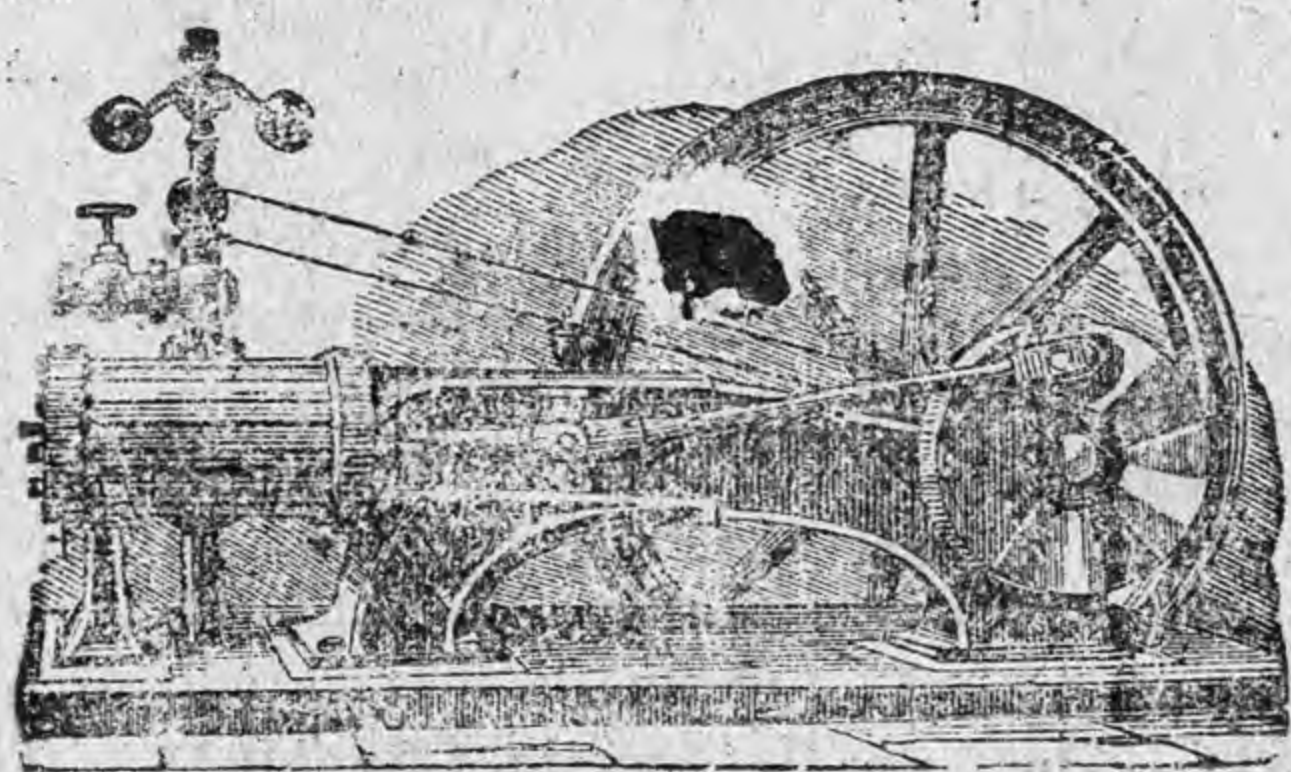
No one in town can show such a complete line of the above goods and the prices are absolutely correct.

Our 25c Underwear for Ladies

are the best values given in the city. Size 3 to 9 Fine Calicos 3 1/2c. Flannelettes from 8 to 18c per yard. Outing Flannels, 5, 8 and 10c.

Kloepfer's
New York Store,
Plymouth, Ind.

CULVER CITY
Construction Company,



Culver,

and wood workers. All machinery promptly repaired. Repairing Engines and Boilers a Specialty. Shop opposite M. church.

Indiana.

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GEO. E. NEARPASS, Ed. and Publisher. HOMER L. NEARPASS, Local Editor. ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY.

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For Six Months .70
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If paid promptly in advance a discount of 25 cents will be given on the year.

AN ORDINANCE.

An ordinance fixing the salary of the Town Marshal of the town of Culver City, Indiana.

Be it ordained by the Board of Trustees of the town of Culver City, Indiana, that:

Section I. The salary of the Town Marshal of the town of Culver City, Indiana, shall be fifty dollars per year commencing with the date of the passage of this ordinance.

Section II. Whereas, an emergency exists for the immediate taking effect of this ordinance, therefore the same shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

CHARLES ZECHIEL, President.
GEORGE VOREIS, Clerk.

Died.

Mrs. Palaski Wickiser, of Poplar Grove, died at her home Thursday morning of cerebral hemorrhage, aged about 56 years. Her death was very sudden, as she was helping to milk Wednesday evening, and while in the yard complained of feeling ill. Before she could reach the house she fell in a comatose state, and never recovered consciousness. Dr. Rea was called in counsel with Dr. Stevens, but no relief to the sufferer could be given.

Goldie Ruth, daughter of Allen M. and Anna S. Triplet, died Oct. 24th, 1901, one mile north of Hubbard, aged 3 years, 5 months and 27 days, she having a stroke of paralysis and being sick a short time. Funeral to be held at the Stuck church, and interment at the McElrath cemetery on the 26th inst. Sermon by Rev. Appelman.

The Rector Hotel on the east side near Maxinkuckee landing, has a first class livery-stable in connection. Terms reasonable. 113

Please look at my stock of shoes before buying elsewhere.

JOHN OSBORN.

* CULVER CITY *

MEAT MARKET.
D. G. WALTER, Proprietor.

First Class Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats and our own Strictly Pure Lard.

When you have no appetite, do not relish your food and feel dull after eating, you may know that you need a dose of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Price 25 cents. Samples free at T. E. Slattery's drug store.

Culver Market.

Oats	36
Wheat	70
Rye	56
Corn	54
Flour, per hundred, selling at	\$1.75

POULTRY AND EGGS.

Eggs, fresh	17
Hens	06
Springs	06
Ducks, per pound	05
Geese, per pound	05
Old Cocks, per pound	2 1/2
Butter, per pound	14

W. T. Wesson, Gholsonville Va. druggist writes: "Your One Minute Cough Cure gives perfect satisfaction. My customers say it is the best remedy for coughs, colds, throat and lung troubles." For sale at T. E. Slattery's drug store.



No Mask
of eggs or glue is used in roasting

LION COFFEE

It is all coffee—pure coffee—strong and of delicious flavor. Some coffees are varnished with a cheap coating of eggs, glue or other equally noxious substances. The sealed package insures uniform quality and freshness.

EASTERDAY & OVERMYER,

DEALERS IN

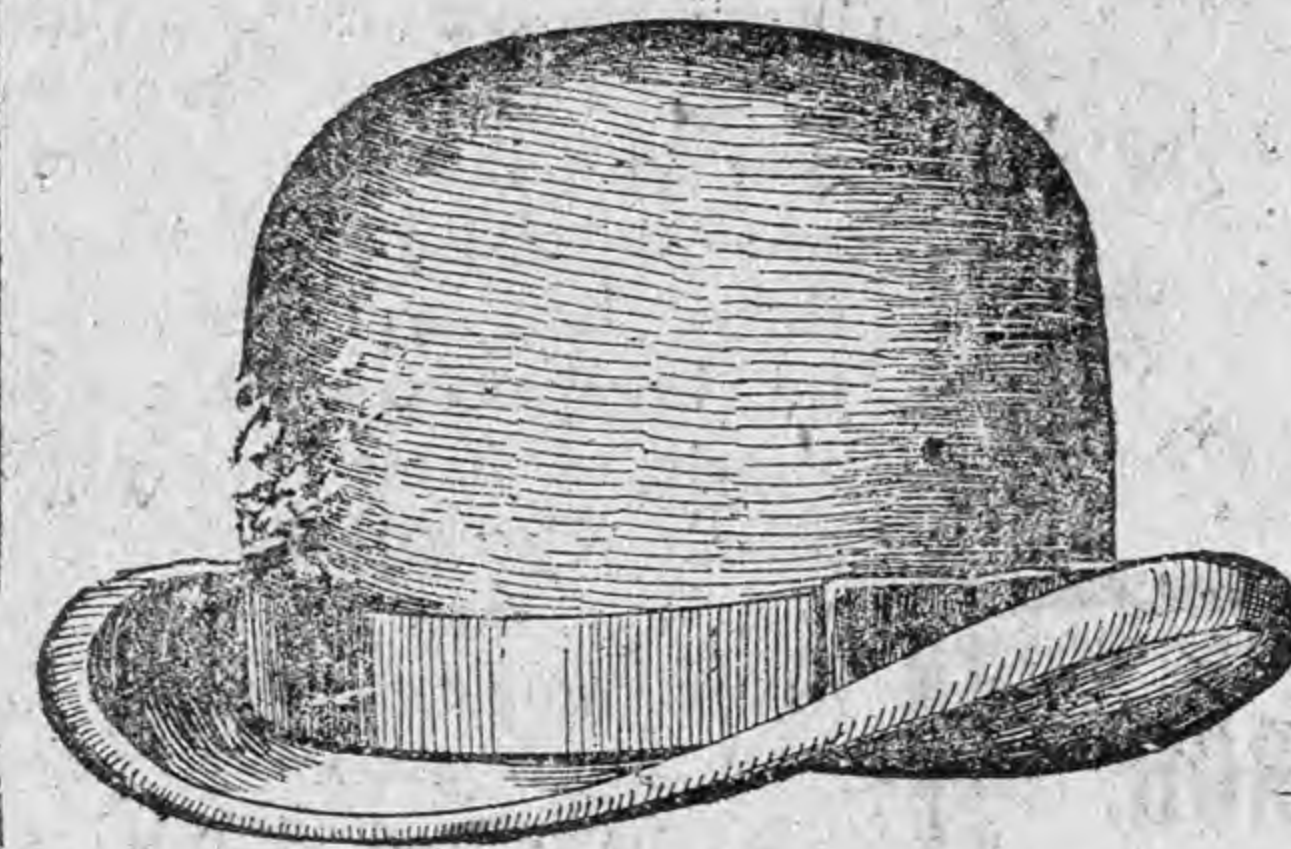
Furniture, Buggies, Wagons



CULVER, - INDIANA

BALL AND COMPANY

LONGLY HATS



are satisfactory Hats. The test for the material in a hat is wearing. This is conceded by experts. The hats we sell are renowned for the service which they give, and you need have no hesitancy in purchasing one with every assurance that it will outwear any hat you have ever had of another make.

The LONGLY HATS are produced in grade only. ONE PRICE, \$3.00. Other grades of hats in new styles much cheaper. Come in and see them.

NEW FALL SHIRTS.

A very complete line in both 50c and \$1 grades. Fancy and stripe Percales with cuffs to match. Don't forget our KNEE PANTS advertised at 39c. You save 11c on every pair.

BALL & CO, Plymouth Ind

THE
ROSS HOUSE
Plymouth, Ind.

Newly furnished and rebuilt, with all modern improvements. Hot and cold water in every room and all bathing appliances. Best supplied tables in northern Indiana. Absolutely loaded with all the delicacies of the season.

TERMS, \$2.00 PER DAY.

Rates for permanent board and lodging made known on application.

JOHN BOWELL, Prop.

FALL FURNITURE.

We are showing the Finest Line of

Fall Furniture this Season that can be found in county, comprising patterns and designs. Bed-room Suits, China Closets, Sideboards, Rocking Chairs, Dining Chairs, Extension Tables, and in fact every date furniture store. All goods delivered to the nearest railroad station freight out.

John C. Bannell,

Telephone--Residence, 3
Undertaking, Rooms 112
Michigan Street, Plymouth, Ind.

Military Academy.

NEWS FOR THE HERALD,

Written by Our Special Reporter.

We have played three foot ball games, and won one of them. Not very encouraging and especially when you're not used to that sort of thing. It goes to show though that a team can't be made in one year, and it will help us to learn the valuable lesson, that it takes more grit to lose a game, and take it like a man when it comes than to miss a whole season's games. We know that if we do get beaten again, that our team will be giving the other fellows, till the final whistle, the best article of foot-ball they can put up, and that the score is not going to be anything to be ashamed of. Win or lose, it's our team, and win or lose we are going to stand by it and do our share,

Company C tightened her hold on the pennant last Saturday morning by defeating B Company by a score of 12 to 10. Both teams earned the two touch-downs they made, but C's goal kicker proved the better.

The fatigue uniforms arrived last Thursday. The fit of the blouses is fairly satisfactory, although many alterations will have to be made.

Col. Fleet has received word from Governor and Mrs. Durbin that they will accept with pleasure the invitation extended them to attend the play of "Ben-Hur," as guests of the Academy, on next Friday evening. The Governor will arrive in Chicago a few minutes after the train which will bring the cadets and be escorted to the Auditorium by the battalion.

Dr. Shailer Matthews, Professor of Biblical criticism at the University of Chicago preached a very interesting sermon to the cadets in the chapel last Sunday.

The first issue of the Vedette will be published in a day or two.

Quite a feat of engineering was accomplished a few weeks ago, when a crowd of cadets laid a railroad track on the golf links, that is a sort of combination "shoot the shutes" and "loop the loops," whatever name it may go by, however it is a great success.

FOOT BALL.

Manual Training High School of Indianapolis sprung a big surprise on the cadets Saturday afternoon, and won the fiercest kind of a game by a score of 6 to 0.

Before the game was over three of the cadets had been carried off the field, and though the high school boys finished just as they started, several were pretty groggy when time was called.

For the cadets the ball seemed to be covered with a thick coat of grease for five times it slipped from their arms and was captured by a high school player. Barring this, the game was a pretty exhibition of foot-ball, with honors just about even.

Wheeler, Hamlet, Woodbridge, started faster and smashed into the line harder than any backs Culver had faced this year.

VanRyper and Morse were the bright stars for the cadets. VanRyper especially played his position in fine style on defense and repeatedly circled the end for from five to ten yard gains.

Culver won the toss and chose the west goal, with what little wind there was at their backs. Little kicked off, and Morse brought the ball back twenty yards. Morse and VanRyper, by line plunges and short end runs carried the ball to the center of the field, where it went to high school on a fumble.

Kittle, Wheeler and Woodbridge hit the line low and hard for short but steady gains, carrying the ball to Culver's ten-yard line, where the cadets braced and held for downs. On the next play the ball struck Koontz on the shoulder and rolled out, Wheeler capturing it twelve yards from Culver's goal.

The fiercest kind of playing followed, and Kittle was finally passed over the line on a cross back of tackle twelve minutes after play had been called. Krull kicked goal. The first half ended with the ball in the middle of the field.

A few minutes after play was called in the second half Woodward twisted his ankle, and gave way to Nichols. On the next down Koontz got a blow on the head that dazed him so that he had to be taken out. Wood was also carried to the side lines. Though weakened by the loss of four regular men the team played desperately, and no more scoring was done.

Score—M. T. H. S., 6; Culver, 0. Touchdown—Kittle. Goal—Krull. Umpire—Hall. Referee—Voris.

LOCALS.

The most delicious crackers are Fox's "Forex."

Dr. Rea reports a seven pound boy at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Bert Zink.

Frank Baker leaves for Buffalo to visit the Pan-American Saturday.

Fox's "Forex" crackers literally melt in your mouth. Ask your grocer for them.

Are you sure you are getting the best? Ask for Fox's "Forex" Butter Crackers, baked at the Fox bakery and look for the name on the cracker.

Mr. Jason Rhodes and son Jesse have just returned from a twenty days' sojourn in the Lake Superior region. They were so well pleased with the country that they intend to purchase land in that locality and reside there permanently.

John Osborn shipped a fine load of stock to Buffalo, last Saturday.

There will be no services of any kind in the Culver churches next Sunday.

The Board of Trustees of the M. E. church are requested to meet at the church Saturday evening at 7:30. Business of importance concerning the church insurance.

Winchester loaded shells at John Osborn's.

Hickory nut or walnut hunters must get a permit of the owner of the land on which they wish to gather them. The law of the late legislature respecting hunting permits applies also to this matter. It has been held so by judicial authorities.

Daniel Porter is building an addition to his residence on south Main street.

Get your footwear at John Osborn's.

Loaded shells at John Osborn's. Thanksgiving Day will soon be here.

Mrs. Carl was calling upon friends in Culver last week.

Major Gignalliat's handsome residence is nearly completed.

Keen Brothers, the photographers are doing excellent work.

Boiling beef six cents per lb. at John Osborn's.

Frank Easterday has commenced the erection of a residence on south main street.

We learn that P. J. Garn, who has been seriously ill for a long time, is slowly improving.

D. G. Walter has purchased the residence owned by Mrs. J. H. Born, and has taken possession of the same.

Under the supervision of Nathaniel Gandy, a new street is being opened just west of Hayes & Son's livery barn.

A letter from Chas. Hutchins, who is now sojourning in North Dakota, states that wheat is an immense crop, and that all other crops are good. Charley intends to spend the winter in Culver.

Enoch Mow of Mentone, was seen on our streets one day this week.

Rev. H. N. Smith is attending a meeting of ministers of the Reformed church in Ohio this week. It is rumored that he will be accompanied back to Culver with a bonnie bride.

The following gentleman and ladies, of Indianapolis are registered at the Palmer House this week: Chas. J. Kiefer, A. C. Kohene, treasurer of Marion county and the city of Indianapolis, H. Haynes and wife, Mr. Penfield and wife, Julius Walk, Frank Wade, Passenger agent. L. E. and W., and Ed. Schuerman and wife. The above party are taking out of old Lake Maxinkuckee, a large number of excellent fish.

Owing to circumstances the place of holding the third quarterly meeting of Culver circuit of the Evangelical church has been changed from Culver to Rutland.

P. S. BROWNE, Pastor.

Fresh oysters served by the dish or furnished at retail by the pint, quart or gallon, guaranteed first-class at Bill's place, opposite depot. 3mo9

J. Walk, of Indianapolis, who has been visitor at the lake every season for the past 30 years, is a guest at the Palmer House this week. While here he has been showing the old timers how to fish, and goes home the champion big fish angler of the season. He has to his credit a five pound salmon and a 2½ pound bass, and captured both of them at the same time. Aside from this he has about 25 beauties which will average from 2½ to 3 pounds apiece. If there is anyone that can beat this we would like to have them report.

Fresh pork, shoulders, sides, hams at 10 cts, per lb. without slicing, at John Osborn's.

America's Best Republican Paper.

Editorially Fearless.

Consistently Republican—Always.

News from all parts of the world—Well written, original stories—Answers to queries on all subjects—Articles on Health, the Home, New Books, and on Work About the Farm and Garden.

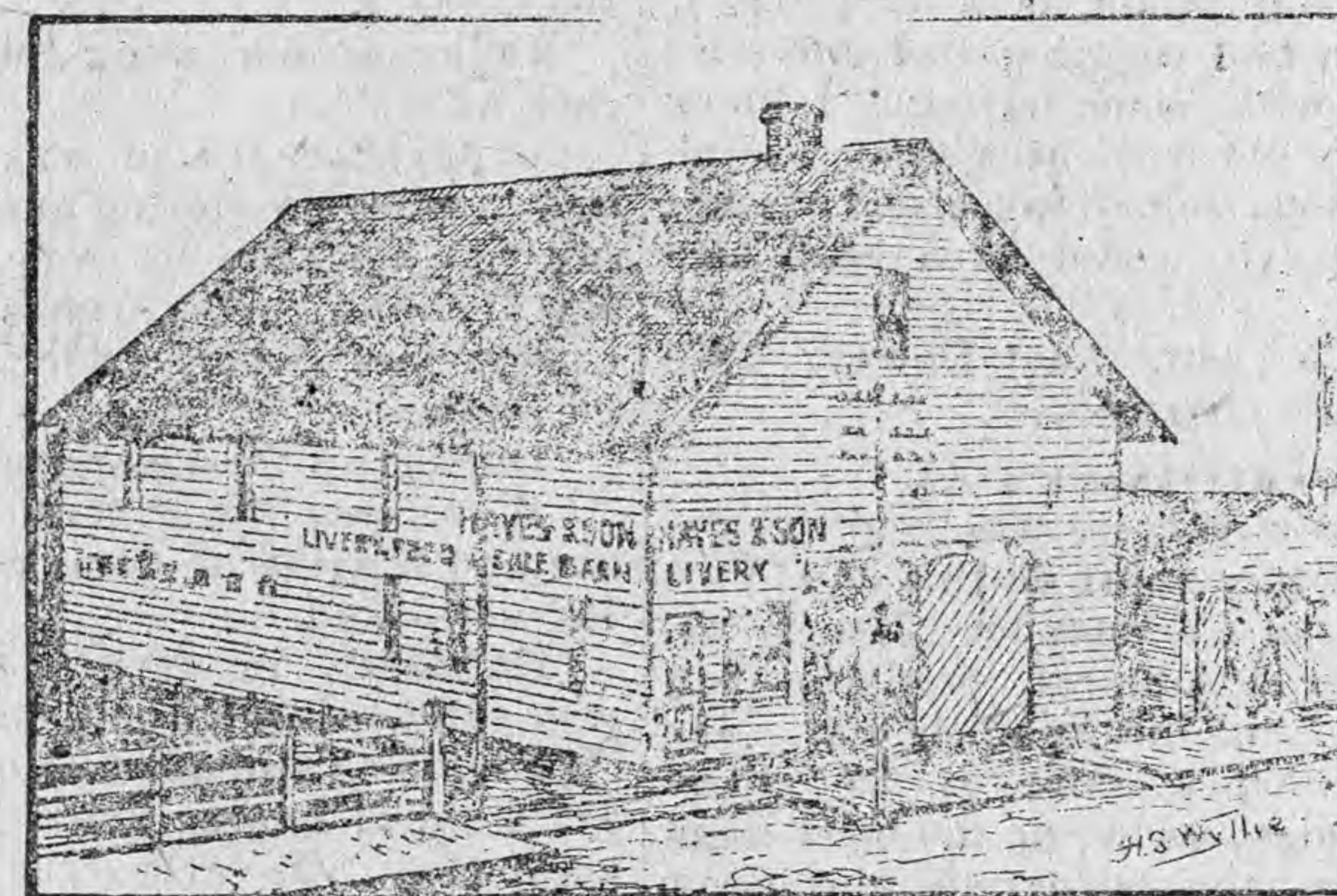
THE WEEKLY INTER OCEAN

The INTER OCEAN is a member of the Associated Press and is the only Western newspaper receiving the complete telegraphic and cable news matter of both the New York Sun and New York World respectively—besides daily reports from over 2,000 special correspondents throughout the country. No pen can tell more fully why it is the best on earth.

ONE DOLLAR YEAR. 52 Twelvepage papers—52 Brim full of news from everywhere, and a perfect feast of special matter. ONE DOLLAR YEAR.

HAYES & SON,

PROPRIETORS OF



Livery, Feed and Sale Stable.

First class Horses, Buggies and Vehicles of every description. Can handle 300 horses.

OUR ANNUAL

Fall and Winter Opening Sale!

We are showing the most complete line of Men's and Boy's Suits and Overcoats ever shown in this vicinity. You will open your eyes in amazement when you see the massive piles of Clothing Bargains we have! TWO FLOORS of Mens' Boys' and Childr ns' Suits and Overcoats and shoes.

Men's Suits.

Strictly all wool Cassimere suits in stylish patterns, and well made and fit for \$4.90

We have 250 Men's Oxford Grays and Cassimere imported clay worsted suits in all colors \$7.00

We have 350 mens' fine French worsteds, Blue Serges and Glove cassimeres in sack and military styles \$9.00

Hundreds of men's A 1 suits ranging from \$2 up to \$10, \$12 and \$15 we want you to see. It will pay you.

In hats and caps we have an endless variety.

Mens' and Boys' Overcoats.

Our entire 2nd floor devoted to this department. 120 men's extra good business overcoats \$3.30.

150 men's black, blue, brown Melton overcoats, a real \$7.50 value for \$4.85

200 men's finest imported Kersey Overcoats, also Irish Frieze and Meltons in all new styles \$7.50

75 boys' extra good overcoats for school wear \$1.00

Our entire line comprises over 1800 overcoats of all descriptions and at prices that are unmatchable.

M. Lauer & Son, Plymouth

We Know

That in order to make people come IN and goods go OUT prices must go DOWN.

RUBBER - MONEY.

You will be surprised at the way your dollars will stretch the moment you invest in our HARDWARE and TOOLS.

Everything for the Kitchen, Garden and Barn.



John U. Aslley & Son

COPPER-CASED WELL POINTS

Attention

Everybody!

We offer a lot of Dress Goods this coming week at

8 to 15c Per yard, worth

12 to 25c.

PORTER & Co.

Culver, - - - - - Indiana



COURT OF INQUIRY.



PROCEEDINGS DURING THE PAST WEEK.

Twenty-second Day.

Captain Cook's testimony was in favor of Schley. Cook said the flying squadron left Cienfuegos for Santiago as soon as it was learned definitely that the Spanish fleet was not in the former place.

The retrograde movement, Cook testified, was begun because Schley feared his squadron would be caught with a short coal supply. Schley turned back to Santiago as soon as the weather moderated and it was possible to coal at sea.

Schley maintained a moving blockade instead of a stationary circular blockade—such as Sampson's—Cook said, because he wanted to have his ships under way and ready at a moment's notice to engage in battle. Cook said he ordered the loop without instruction or suggestion from Schley. He stated that the Brooklyn passed within 400 yards of the Texas, but there was absolutely no danger of collision. He did not hear the Hodgson-Schley colloquy, in which the latter is alleged to have said, "D—n the Texas."

When Hanna asked a theoretical question as to what would have happened if the Brooklyn had been handled differently, he said, with some feeling: "I know that what we did was entirely successful. If we had done something else I do not know whether it would have been successful."

"Yes, that's right," said Dewey. "We want facts, not conjectures."

Twenty-third Day.

Only one new witness was heard in detail by the Schley court on this day. This was Lieutenant Commander James H. Sears, who was Admiral Schley's flag lieutenant during the Spanish war. He gave a detailed account of the entire Cuban campaign, including the brief siege of Cienfuegos, the retrograde movement of the flying squadron in the search of coal, the blockade of Santiago, the reconnaissance of the Santiago shore batteries, and the bombardment of the Cristobal Colon May 31, and the battle off Santiago July 3, when Cervera's fleet was destroyed.

He placed the distance out of the blockade line at Cienfuegos at from one to four miles and at Santiago at from three to six miles. He expressed the opinion that in the battle of July 3 it had been the Viscaya's intention to ram the Brooklyn.

Mr. Rayner sought to secure the introduction of a brief report of the battle of July 3, which Commodore Schley prepared for transmission to the Secretary of the Navy. It was stated that Commander Sears had taken this dispatch ashore to be cabled to the Secretary, but that it never had reached that official. The dispatch was ruled out on the ground that as it was not received it was not an official communication. It was not read in the court room.

Captain Cook was recalled, and in response to a question by Captain Lemly made an additional statement concerning the retrograde movement of the flying squadron May 26 to May 28. He also said in answer to a question by the court that Commodore Schley during the battle of July 3 was "cool, brave and enthusiastic. I cannot imagine any conduct in battle more admirable."

Twenty-fourth Day.

Five officers of the Brooklyn, Admiral Schley's flagship, were witnesses before the naval court of inquiry. Two of them, Captain Cook and Lieutenant Commander Sears, made additions to earlier testimony, while three, Commander N. F. Mason, executive officer; Lieut. Edward McCauley, Jr., signal officer, and Lieut. Charles Webster, watch officer, were new witnesses. All the witnesses testified that Schley was calm, cool and courageous during the battle.

Captain Cook, the first on the stand, was asked about the uncoupling of the Brooklyn's engines, saying that he thought it had been ordered by the commander-in-chief in a bulletin. He was then asked whether the flying squadron had proceeded with all dispatch from Cienfuegos to Santiago. He answered "No," but said that if the surrounding cir-

cumstances were taken into account he would say "Yes." These circumstances he defined as the coaling conditions at the time. Bad weather, he said, had delayed the direct progress to Santiago before the retrograde movement.

Lieutenant Commander Sears was then asked about a conversation on the Massachusetts, May 31, in which he was alleged to have said that it had been difficult to get Commodore Schley up to the point of undertaking the bombardment of the Colon. He answered:

"I do not recollect it at all. It could not be possible I said such a thing. They have misunderstood what I said. I was irritated at the delay. In the ward room talk something might have been construed in that way, as statements often are, but it is entirely impossible that I could have said that. I was impatient, excited perhaps, it being my first engagement, and I might have made some remark. It is something some one might have misunderstood, but that remark I never made."

"What do you mean by 'irritated at the delay'?"

"Delay of not going immediately into this work."

Commander Mason was the next witness. After answering questions concerning the blockade he was asked by Mr. Rayner how many times he had seen Commodore Schley under fire, to which he replied:

"During all the engagements."

"What was his general conduct, manner and bearing on these occasions?" Mr. Rayner asked.

"Excellent, in every particular. He was calm, collected and brave."

In reply to a number of questions asked by Admiral Dewey after the regular examination was over, the witness said that beyond sending men aloft and having Captain McCalla go ashore, no effort had been made by the flying squadron to determine whether the Spaniards were in the harbor at Cienfuegos; that he knew of no American ships being between the Brooklyn and the Spanish ships when the Brooklyn was turning to starboard July 3, and that when the Spanish fleet came out of the harbor the Brooklyn was near her regular blockading position, which was 6,000 yards from the Morro.

Twenty-fifth Day.

The testimony of eight witnesses, all of whom had served on the Brooklyn during the Spanish war and all of whom were friendly to Admiral Schley, was heard by the naval court of inquiry on the twenty-fifth day. Each of them, upon being asked, praised Schley's conduct during the battle. Those whose duties had given them the requisite knowledge added facts to help out the theories that are being developed to explain the slowness of the movement toward Santiago and the Brooklyn's loop during the battle.

Of the witnesses five were ensigns and one was a surgeon. Lieut. Charles Webster, who began his testimony the previous day, was the first one called. Upon questioning by Mr. Hanna, he said that he could not have distinguished objects on the shore line at night.

"Could you see the vessels on the inner picket line at night?"

"Not without the aid of searchlights." Lieutenant Commander Griffin was then called. He explained why the Eagle had been sent away from the fleet, in order that better speed could be made. Then he was asked about a conversation he had with Schley prior to July 3 about the Brooklyn's going to Guantanamo for coal. His answer was:

"In substance I mentioned the fact that other ships of the squadron were in the habit of going to Guantanamo for coal. The commodore replied that he had been asked on several occasions if he would like to go to Guantanamo, where he could coal quietly and give the officers and men a rest from the strain of blockade. He said that his answer was in each case that he preferred to remain on the station until the Spanish ships came out of the harbor."

"During the Santiago battle were any

cheering or encouraging messages sent among the men that you know of, by whom and what were they?" he was asked.

"One message which seemed to cheer the men below very much was that there were three Spanish ships on our starboard beam, all firing at us."

"Can you speak of the conduct, bearing and manner of Commodore Schley during the engagement in which you saw him?"

"He impressed me as being remarkably cool, considering what had just occurred. He was perfectly natural in manner and bearing."

Twenty-sixth Day.

The examination of seven witnesses was concluded on this day, and that of the eighth, Lieut. B. W. Wells, Jr., who served throughout the Spanish war as Admiral Schley's flag lieutenant, was started when an adjournment was taken.

The witnesses simply substantiated testimony already given concerning the work of the Brooklyn during the battle of Santiago and the coaling arrangements of the fleet. They were: Commander Reginald P. Nicholson, navigator of the Oregon; Medical Director Charles M. de Vallin, a surgeon aboard the Brooklyn; Captain J. L. Hannum, retired, chief engineer aboard the Brooklyn at the time of the battle; Lieut. Thomas F. Carter, Ensign W. P. Cronin, Carpenter J. B. Warford, all of the Brooklyn; J. L. Hanley, chief machinist aboard the Texas, and Lieut. J. P. J. Ryan, assistant engineer on the Brooklyn.

Commander Nicholson detailed the chase of the Colon, tracing the race along the shore and telling of the Brooklyn's position with regard to that of the Spanish ships. He said he had not seen the Brooklyn and Texas less than a mile apart at any time during the fight, and that it would be impossible to state whether the Brooklyn or Oregon led in the chase. First one appeared to be in the lead and then the other.

Dr. De Vallin said he had observed the battle from the fore-castle of the Brooklyn, and had seen Schley's bearing during the whole engagement.

"His conduct," he said, "was all that could be expected. He seemed to know all that he was about, and was doing all he wished to do. He was in perfect control of the situation."

The witness added that he had heard Schley give the order, "Hard helm astern," and had not heard the words spoken by anybody else. In answer to a question from Captain Lemly, he denied he had ever told anybody he had heard a controversy concerning this order.

Chief Engineer Hannum said that at no time was the Brooklyn in such a condition that the lighting of her fires could have been much delayed.

Lieut. Carter, past assistant engineer aboard the Brooklyn at the time of the battle, said that at no time during the fight were her engines stopped or reversed.

Ensign Cronin, who served as signal officer aboard the Brooklyn, testified concerning the voyage from Cienfuegos to Santiago and gave some interesting evidence about the engagement of July 3. He watched the "loop" maneuver of the Brooklyn, and just before it was ordered he saw the Viscaya turn out from shore, the impression created in his mind being that she was going to try to ram the commodore's vessel.

After Machinist Hanley had testified briefly concerning the slowing down of the port engine of the Texas during the battle and Carpenter Warford had declared he had heard the order, "Stand by to ram," and had seen the Viscaya turn as if with the intention of ramming the Brooklyn, Lieut. Ryan was called to the stand. He testified that he had been standing beside Yeoman Ellis when the latter was killed, and that Admiral Schley was cool throughout the engagement. Pressed further on this point, he said the admiral was on the fighting side of the conning tower all the time, and he considered his bearing admirable.

STAMP LOOT \$74,610.

BURGLARS TUNNEL INTO THE CHICAGO POSTOFFICE.

Plunder of 700 Pounds Taken Away in a Wagon—Safe in Which There Was \$600,000 Barely Missed—Biggest Robbery on Record.

Thieves entered the vault of the wholesale department of the Chicago postoffice between Saturday evening and Monday morning and accomplished the biggest postage stamp robbery on record. They secured \$74,610 in stamps of various denominations and escaped. Skill, ingenuity and wonderful endurance were required successfully to carry out the plans that evidently had carefully been laid. Two brick walls, each two feet thick, were tunneled through, and a hole nineteen inches square was made in the bottom of the steel vault. They took from the vault booty enough to load a good-sized wagon and drove away.

Entered Through Tunnel.

Entrance to the vault was gained through a tunnel which had been left in the construction of the postoffice. Entering the basement of the postoffice from the southeast corner of the building, they followed the windings of a tunnel between piers and posts that support the structure. They had to go nearly across the entire space covered by the postoffice until they reached the stamp vault on the west side.

With a drill they perforated the cast-iron bottom at the safe and knocked out a piece large enough to make a space to admit a man. The rest of the work was easy. With six men it would have been necessary to make several trips to and from the wagon to despoil the vault of its treasure.

The robbers did their work well, not a stamp being overlooked. Within a few feet of them was the cash safe containing a greater fortune in currency than was represented in the stamps that were stolen. The stamps were placed in a wagon that was driven to the southeast corner of the postoffice and out of sight of any prying eyes from Michigan avenue.

Postoffice officials and Chicago detectives are open in their belief that men who knew the postoffice and the nature of its construction had a hand in the robbery. This theory is borne out by the course followed by the robbers. The space between the floor of the postoffice and the ground is crowded with posts, piers and piles of earth, which give to it the appearance of being tunneled in several directions. To reach the vault from the point of entrance it is necessary to follow a course which no man could trace, unless he had gone over it several times. The tunnel followed by the thieves branches into innumerable courses.

Robbery a Difficult One.

It was not without difficulty that the robbery was accomplished. The location of the safe and the trip from the point of entrance were the least difficult. Arrived at the spot over which they had assumed the vault to be the men found their way barred by a piece of flooring and a large box.

They cut a hole through this floor and then found that a big box barred further progress. This was large enough to require the strength of more than one man to remove it. It was thrown to one side, however, and the rest was easy. The sharp drill was brought into play against the iron floor of the vault. The work of perforating the iron required work of hours. Nearly half a hundred of the bores were necessary before the burglars could knock the piece out. It is supposed that one man worked in the vault and passed the stamps out to his accomplices.

MOLINEUX TO BE RETRIED.

Trial Court Erred in Admitting Certain Evidence.

Roland B. Molineux, convicted of murder in the first degree in March, 1900, after one of the longest trials on record, is to have another chance for his life. Once more must the State of New York prove beyond doubt that he was responsible for the death of Mrs. Adams, by sending poisoned powders through the mails and upon the belief that it will be unable to do so, Molineux stakes his hope of life.

The reason for the reversal of the judgment of conviction, in which reversal all the judges of the New York Court of Appeals agree, is that the trial court erred in receiving in evidence the declarations Barnett made to Drs. Phillips and Douglas that he had received Kutnow powders through the mails. All the judges agree also that the authorship of writings received in evidence must be established by witnesses who saw the paper written or to whom it had been acknowledged; or by witnesses familiar with the handwriting of the person charged to be the writer and who are able to testify from their familiarity to a belief of its genuineness; or writing which is shown to have been recognized and acquiesced in by the person supposed to have written it, in his business transactions, may be compared with the disputed writing by witnesses. From this it would appear that the trial court erred in admitting the evidence of experts in handwriting.

Telegraphic Brevities.

Merkle, Texas, had a \$50,000 fire. Great gold discovery in Lincoln County, Georgia. An unknown man shot John Fitzhugh at Dallas, Texas. Two trainmen killed in a wreck on the M., K. & T., Fisher, Texas.



Marquis Ito, the great naval commander and statesman of Japan, who is now on a pleasure tour of this country, has helped to make world history since his last visit in 1880. Since that time he has assumed a political stature visible from all the states of civilization. In 1894 he was placed in command of Japan's naval forces, and distinguished himself in the first trial of the new steel ships of war which, up to that time, were not potential in their fighting qualities. Since the war with China the marquis has taken a leading part in home affairs, and has had his ups and downs in the political life of his native country. He has been called the Bismarck and the Gladstone of Japan, has formed cabinets to see them melt away, and has been again called into power as the exigencies of the empire demanded. He is a man of Napoleonic versatility, which has given him the foremost place among the great ones of the Orient.



MARKUIS ITO.

Kirkland B. Armour, the third of the great family of packers to die within a year, was, like his uncles, Philip D. and Herman O., remarkably successful. He was born in 1854 in the old Armour homestead, in Stockbridge, Madison County, N. Y., and when he went west to learn the packing business was 18 years old. On the death of his uncle, Philip D., Kirk Armour became president and general superintendent of the company. Besides his packing interests he was prominent in Kansas City in directing the affairs of the stock yards company, the traction company, the electric light company and banking houses. His fortune is estimated at \$10,000,000. He died at Kansas City, where he had long been at the head of an extensive business.



K. B. ARMOUR.

Former Gov. Thomas Goode Jones of Alabama, whom President Roosevelt has just appointed United States district judge, is a distinguished Democrat, with distinctly modern ideas of Southern progress and Southern political necessities. Judge Jones was born in Macon, Ga., fifty-seven years ago, and was brought up in Alabama. He fought on the field of battle for the Confederacy and received the personal thanks of Gen. Lee. After the war he took up the practice of law and was at times a journalist, a legislator, an officer of militia and an orator. In 1890 he was elected Governor of Alabama. He is known as a progressive, yet conservative, and eminently forceful and patriotic citizen.



THOS. G. JONES.

Reina V. Wright, a talented young girl of Fond du Lac, Wis., has an accomplishment which outclasses that of any other person in the world. Garner, who some years ago endeavored to master the monkey tongue, never quite succeeded, but here is a young woman who has learned the language of birds well enough to perfectly understand their conversation. Miss Wright, who is now 18, has made a study of bird sounds since she was 12 years old. She began by talking to her feathered friends in their own tongue, and was soon gratified by noting her power of calling them together and imposing silence upon them while she trilled their songs. The birds not only listen, but answer her.



MISS WRIGHT.

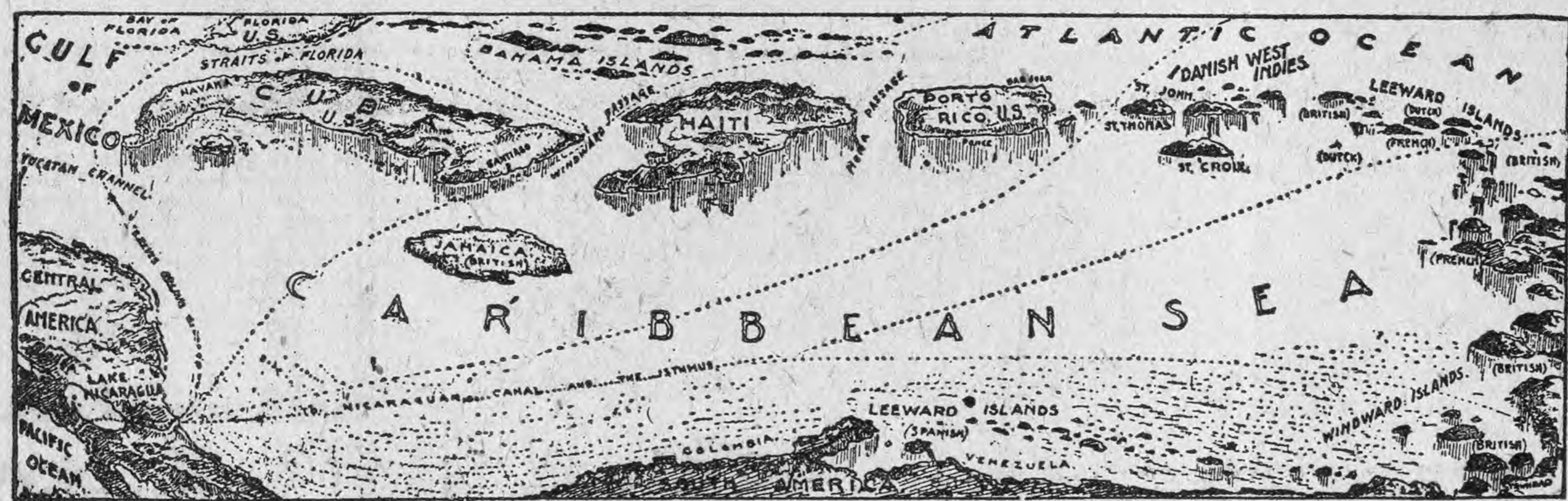
Dr. W. C. Gray, editor of the Interior, Chicago, and a pioneer in the movement for the revision of the Presbyterian creed, who died recently, was connected with the Presbyterian journal, the Interior, for more than thirty years, and during the last ten years as editor. He was born in Butler County, Ohio, Oct. 19, 1830. He studied law, but took up newspaper work, becoming editor of a paper in Tiffin, Ohio, and later of a paper in Newark, Ohio. He received the degree of Ph. D. from Knox College. He was the author of a "Life of Lincoln" and "Camp Fire Musings."



DR. W. C. GRAY.

James B. McCreary, who has announced himself as a candidate to succeed W. J. Deboe as United States Senator from Kentucky, was formerly Governor of that State, and is known among the mountaineers as "Oily Jeems."

DANISH WEST INDIES, WHICH WILL SOON PASS INTO POSSESSION OF THE UNITED STATES.



After many iterations and denials of the report that the United States government and Denmark had arranged for the sale of the Danish West Indies, the assertion is made again. According to the report, the Danish ministry has consented to sell the islands for \$4,288,000, which is said to be just the amount of the accumulated deficit in the budget of these colonies.

The four islands—St. Thomas, St. John, St. Croix and St. Eustatius—do not comprise a large area, and their entire trade is but a drop in the bucket of American commerce. But, as Captain Mahan and other strategists have pointed out repeatedly, the possession of this group is the key to the control of the Caribbean and of the approaches to the gulf and the Isthmus. With a naval station at St. Thomas the United States assumes an assured supremacy in these waters. As Denmark has been anxious to sell the islands for many years, the purchase sooner or later by this country became almost a necessity. The United States could not well consent to let them pass into the possession of any European power.

"Straws Show Which Way the Wind Blows."

And the constantly increasing demand for and steady growth in popularity of St. Jacobs Oil among all classes of people in every part of the civilized world show conclusively what remedy the people use for their Rheumatism and bodily aches and pains. Facts speak louder than words, and the fact remains undisputed that the sale of St. Jacobs Oil is greater than all other remedies for outward application combined. It acts like magic, cures where everything else fails, conquers pain.

There are five rivers in the world which drain over 1,000,000 square miles. They are the Amazon, La Plata, Obi, Congo and Mississippi.

No trouble to get breakfast quick if you have Mrs. Austin's famous Pan Cake Flour. Your grocer waits to supply you.

MILWAUKEE PEOPLE

Could Hardly Believe It. A Prominent Woman Saved From Death by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I suppose a large number of people who read of my remarkable cure will hardly believe it; had I not experienced it myself, I know that I should not.



MRS. SADIE E. KOCH.

"I suffered for months with troubles peculiar to women which gradually broke down my health and my very life. I was nearly insane with pain at times, and no human skill I consulted in Milwaukee could bring me relief.

"My attention was called to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; the first bottle brought relief, and the second bottle an absolute cure. I could not believe it myself, but blessed fact, I have now been well for a year, enjoy the best of health, and cannot in words express my gratitude. Sincerely yours, SADIE E. KOCH, 124 10th St., Milwaukee, Wis."—\$5000 Forfeit if above testimonial is not genuine.

Such unquestionable testimony ham's Vegetable Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound over Women should remember that they are privileged to consult Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., about their illness, entirely free.

Libby's Plum Pudding

is now in order. With the frost comes the appetite for heartier table dainties. Why spend time and labor when

LIBBY'S Peerless Plum Puddings are so delicious, pure, wholesome, and so easily secured? Ask your grocer. They are among the best of

LIBBY'S NATURAL FLAVOR FOOD PRODUCTS. Put up in convenient size key-opening cans. Our little book "How to Make Good Things to Eat," is free. Write for it. Libby's Atlas of the World mailed anywhere for five 2-cent stamps.

LIBBY, McNEILL & LIBBY, CHICAGO, ILLS.

RHEUMATISM

DR. RADWAY & CO.: I have been a sufferer from Rheumatism for more than six months. I could not raise my hands to my head or put my hands behind me, or even take off my own shirt. Before I had finished three-fourths of a bottle of Radway's Ready Relief I could use my arms as well as ever. You can see why I have such great faith in your Relief. Yours truly, W. C. BAKER, Shoe Factory, 939 Julia St., New Orleans.



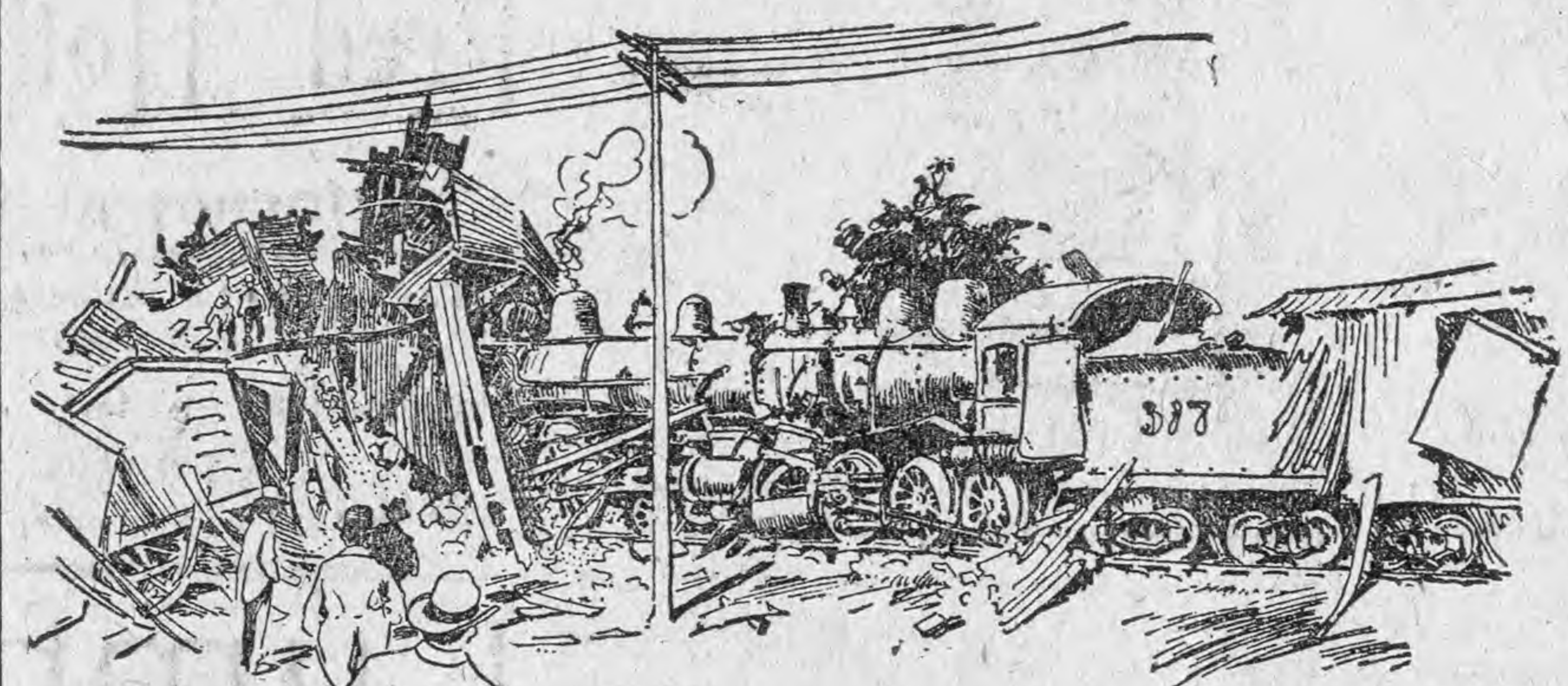
Radway's Ready Relief is a sure cure for every Pain, Sprains, Bruises, Pains in the Back, Chest and Limbs. Taken inwardly there is not a remedial agent in the world that will cure Fever and Ague and all other malarious, bilious and other fevers, aided by RADWAY'S PILLS, so quickly as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Sold by druggists. RADWAY & CO., 55 Elm St., New York.

C. N. U. No. 43-1901

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE SAY you saw the advertisement in this paper.

SOZODONT Tooth Powder 25c

DISASTROUS WRECK ON THE CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN.



In a disastrous head-on collision between two freight trains on the Chicago Great Western Railroad near Lombard, Ill., four men were killed and three others were seriously injured. Both engines were almost demolished, as also were many of the cars which made up the trains. The wreck occurred on a straight stretch of track. The picture shows the cars as they appeared piled up in great confusion.

NEWLY OPENED INDIAN LAND.

Crop Conditions There Are Similar to Those in the South.

The Kiowa-Comanche-Apache country, recently opened for settlement, has agricultural conditions somewhat similar to those obtaining in South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Texas. It is the most southerly region yet thrown open to settlement of the homestead order, and for this reason the northern immigrants to the new country will find entirely new conditions confronting them.

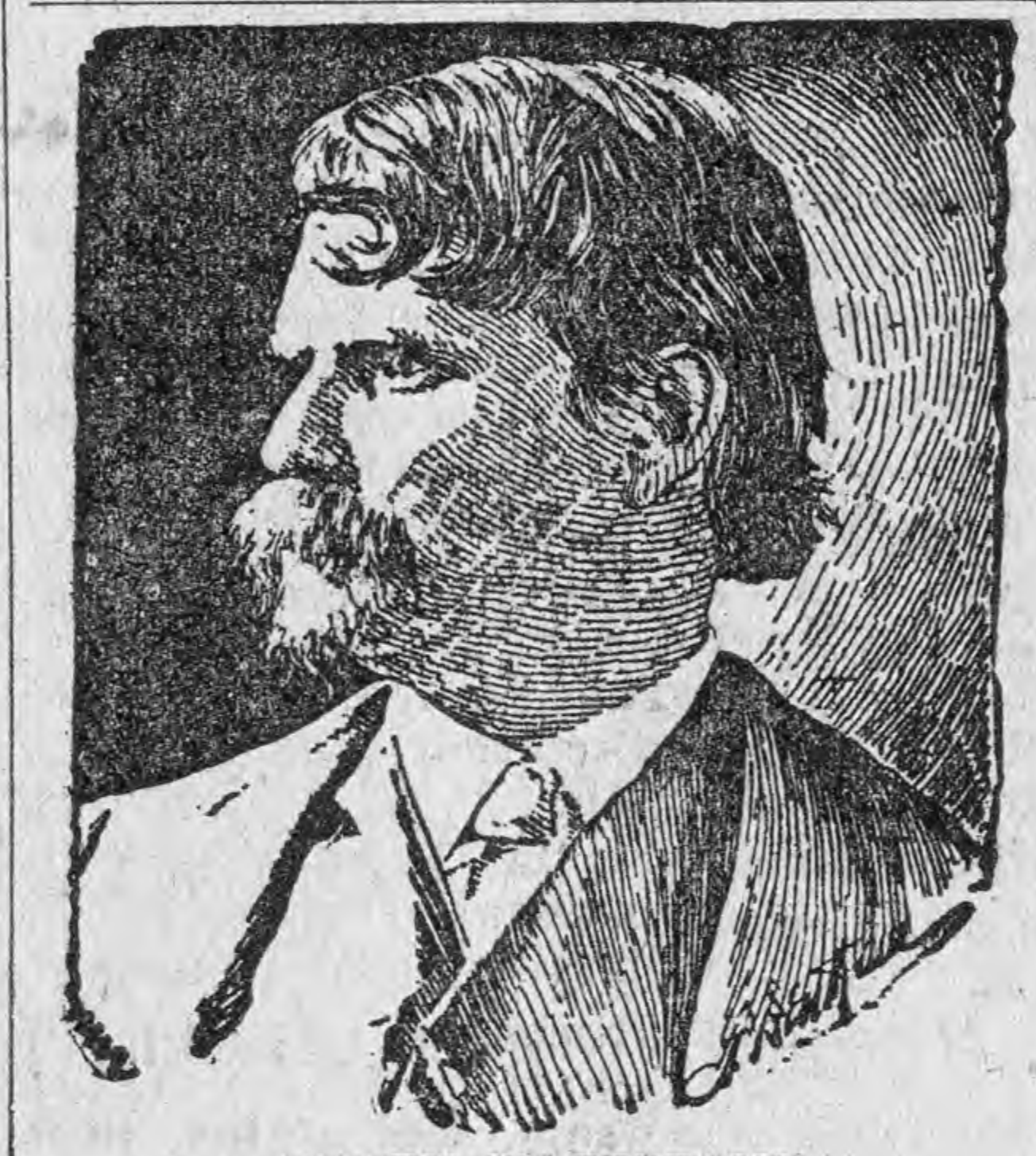
It is entirely out of the corn belt, and the great staple of the country must probably be cotton. To the average northerners the cultivation of cotton is a new trade, and it will be years before they can hope to compete with their southern neighbors in planting, cultivating and gathering this crop. Of course, some corn can be raised, as well as oats and wheat, but the climate is more particularly adapted to the growth of sub-tropical crops. As a consequence a great many southern people have been attracted to the new country.

The country is most of it level and rolling in character, excepting a small area through the Keeche hills in the north-eastern part and the Wichita and Rainy Mountain ranges in the central western part. The soil is almost invariably a red, sandy loam with alternating strips of gypsum land. Cutting diagonally through the territory from the northeast are the cross timbers, a heavily wooded tract from ten to fifteen miles in width. The timber is largely post oak or black jack, and is useless for any other purpose than for fence posts and fuel. Occasionally groves of stunted white oak will

HENRY WATTERSON.

His Political Ambitions Have Surprised His Friends.

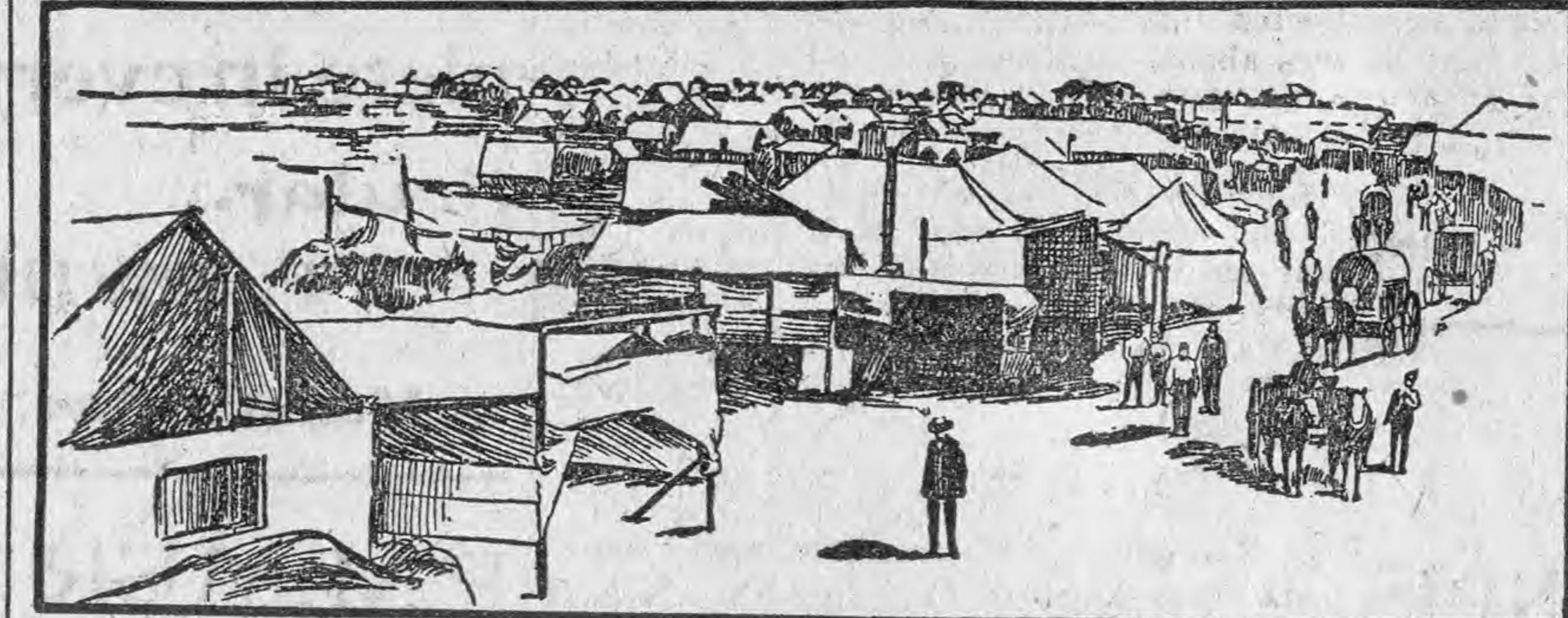
From the State of family and political feuds—Kentucky—comes the announcement that one of its eminent sons whose antipathy for office holding has been one of the strongest characteristics of a most interesting personality no longer despises the high places of government. Hence-



HENRY WATTERSON.

forth let the public fix its eyes on the Democratic horizon and watch the ascending star of Henry Watterson. The great editor has been accused of an ambition to occupy the gubernatorial and, later, the presidential chairs, and he makes no denial.

Henry Watterson is the ablest and most celebrated of Southern journalists. He was born in Washington sixty years ago, the son of a Tennessee Congressman. At



TOWN OF HOBART, AT THE AGE OF 6 DAYS.

found, and considerable elm, walnut and some pecan groves. The China tree, common to the South, is also found in considerable abundance.

The prevailing grass is the mesquite, with considerable blue stem. Much of this is cut for hay and is now being baled and shipped to Kansas City and Wichita, where it brings from \$15 to \$20 a ton.

The mesquite grass country is invariably good wheat land. As might have been expected, the Indians have selected all the bottom lands as their allotments, and a vast majority of the homestead will have to be taken on the high lands. There



CHIEF THREE-FINGERS AND SQUAW.

have also been reserved by the government 480,000 acres of pasture lands in the southern part of the strip for the special accommodation of cattlemen who have been compelled to remove their herds from the pasture lands thrown open for settlement. There is also a pasture reserve of 50,000 acres in the eastern part of the strip and another 50,000 acres in the northwestern part, and still another 50,000 in the Keeche Hills. In addition to these special reserves are 50,000 acres of wood lands in the cross timbers, and 59,000 acres of park reserve in the Wichita Mountains.

SLAUGHTER IN SAMAR.

Bolomen Attack American Soldiers and Kill Ten.

Five hundred bolomen attacked a detachment of forty-six men of the Ninth infantry at Bangajan, on the Gandar river, Island of Samar, killing ten and wounding six. The remainder of the company arrived on the scene in time to prevent further slaughter and routed the enemy, killing over a hundred of them.

19 he started in newspaper work as a reporter for the Star, one of the capital dailies. During the war he edited a Confederate paper at Richmond and also did some field service. At its close he located in Nashville, writing for the press. In 1867 he became managing editor of the Louisville Journal and effected its consolidation with the Courier, the hyphenated name with which the paper has since continued under his guidance being synonymous for all that is clean, progressive and independent in journalism. Its columns have fearlessly, and in most eloquent style, expressed the thoughts of Henry Watterson. While nominally Democratic, its independence has from time to time been a thorn in the flesh of party managers. From his entrance into Kentucky journalism he has been a power in Democratic national politics.

FOR A M'KINLEY MEMORIAL.

An Association Which Will Collect and Expend Funds.

The memory of President McKinley is to be honored by the erection of a suitable memorial and the friends and admirers of the martyred statesman will contribute the funds. To carry out this project there has been formed the McKinley National Monument Association, the officers of which are all intimate friends of the deceased President. Ex-Secretary of State William R. Day is president, Senator Marcus A. Hanna, vice-president; Col. Myron T. Herrick, treasurer, and Ryerson Ritchie, secretary.

The first object of the association is to raise funds for the erection and maintenance of a suitable memorial at Canton, that city having been his home throughout his public life and having been selected by him as the place of his burial. If there should be a surplus it will be devoted to the erection of some appropriate memorial at the national capital.

AMERICAN HORSES.

Quarter of a Million Sold Abroad in Five Years.

Sales of horses for export increased \$3,500,000 in 1896 to \$7,500,000 in 1900. For the past five years the total shipments have reached about a quarter of a million at a cost of \$27,000,000. The figures for the present year are not yet compiled, but it is said they will bring the total up to 300,000 horses shipped. Great Britain takes the bulk of these shipments, with London and Liverpool as the chief points for sale and use.

900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. **NOT NARCOTIC.**
Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHEE
Pumpkin Seed -
Alic. Sassa -
Rochelle Soda -
Alic. Soda -
Epsom Salt -
Bi. Carbonate Soda -
Worm Seed -
Clarified Sugar -
Whitewash Flavor.
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and **LOSS OF SLEEP.**
Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 Doses - 35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher
of
Use For Over Thirty Years CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

W. L. DOUGLAS
UNION MADE
OUR \$3.50 SHOES \$3.00 THE WORLD'S GREATEST SHOE MAKER
MAJOR
W. L. Douglas \$4 Gilt Edge Line Cannot be Equalled at Any Price.
For more than a quarter of a century the reputation of W. L. Douglas \$3.00 and \$3.50 shoes for style, comfort and wear has exceeded all other makes sold at these prices. This excellent reputation has been won by merit alone. W. L. Douglas shoes have to give better satisfaction than other \$3.00 and \$3.50 shoes because his reputation for the best \$3.00 and \$3.50 shoes must be maintained. The standard has always been placed so high that the wearer receives more value for his money in the W. L. Douglas \$3.00 and \$3.50 shoes than he can get elsewhere. W. L. Douglas makes and sells more \$3.00 and \$3.50 shoes than any other two manufacturers in the world. Fast Color Eyelets used. W. L. Douglas \$3 and \$3.50 shoes are made of the same high grade leathers used in \$5 and \$6 shoes, and are just as good in every way.
Sold by 63 Douglas stores in American cities selling direct from factory to wearer at one profit; and the best shoe dealers everywhere.
Inset upon saving W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom. Shoes sent anywhere on receipt of price and 25c. additional for carriage. Take measurements of foot as shown; state style desired; size and width usually worn; plain or cap toe; heavy, medium, or light soles.
W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.
CATALOG FREE.

Sozodont
Good for Bad Teeth
Not Bad for Good Teeth
Sozodont 25c.
Sozodont Tooth Powder 25c.
Large Liquid and Powder 75c.
All stores or by mail for the price. Sample for the postage, 3c.

WINCHESTER
"NEW RIVAL" FACTORY LOADED SHOTGUN SHELLS
outshoot all other black powder shells, because they are made better and loaded by exact machinery with the standard brands of powder, shot and wadding. Try them and you will be convinced.
ALL + REPUTABLE + DEALERS + KEEP + THEM

THE BEST POMMEL SLICKER IN THE WORLD
BEARS THIS TRADE MARK
TOWER'S FISH BRAND
THOUGH OFTEN IMITATED, AS A SADDLE COAT IT HAS NO EQUAL.
ON SALE EVERYWHERE. CATALOGUES FREE. SHOWING FULL LINE OF GARMENTS AND HATS. A. J. TOWER CO. BOSTON, MASS. 44
If afflicted with weak eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**
SOZODONT for the TEETH 25c

\$900 TO \$1500 A YEAR
We want intelligent Men and Women as Traveling Representatives or Local Managers; salary \$900 to \$1500 a year and all expenses, according to experience and ability. We also want local representatives; salary \$9 to \$15 a week and commission, depending upon the time devoted. Send stamp for full particulars and state position preferred. Address, Dept. A. THE BELL COMPANY, Philadelphia, Pa.
ASTHMA-HAY FEVER
CURED BY
DR. TAFT'S ASTHMALENE
SEND FOR FREE TRIAL BOTTLE.
ADDRESS DR. TAFT, 79 E. 130th ST., N.Y. CITY.
PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

Pickled Points in Print.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is not a mere stimulant to tired nature. It affords the stomach complete and absolute rest by digesting the food you eat. You don't have to diet, but can enjoy all the good food you want. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure instantly relieves that distressed feeling after eating, giving you new life and vigor. For sale at T. E. Slattery's drug store.

The employees of a Chicago brewery threatened to go on a strike last week because the heartless proprietor had cut down the supply of beer for each man from six to five bottles per day. The men said the proposition was "absolutely cruel."

Edw. Ockerman Goshen Ind.: "DeWitt's Little Early Risers never bend me double like other pills, but do their work thoroughly and make me feel like a boy. Certain, thorough, gentle. For sale at T. E. Slattery's drug store."

A great victory may occasionally be won by sitting down and keeping one's mouth shut.

Chas. T. Jones, forestdale Vt., says his child was completely cured of a bad case of rickets by the use of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Beware of counterfeits. It instantly relieves piles. For sale at T. E. Slattery's drug store.

It is all well enough to give credit where credit is due, but it is better still to pay cash.

Do you suffer from piles? If so do not go to surgery for relief. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve will act more quickly, surely and safely, saving you the expense and danger of an operation. For sale at T. E. Slattery's drug store.

For every man who is worth a million there are thousands who are worth less.

DeWitt's Little Early risers never disappoint. They are safe, prompt, gentle effective in removing all impurities from the liver and bowels. Small and easy to take. Never gripe or distress. For sale at T. E. Slattery's drug store.

The Board of Control of the Canadian League has cordially endorsed summer training schools for young Christians. Two such institutions have recently been started.

When you have no appetite, do not relish your food and feel dull after eating, you may know that you need a dose of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Price 2 cents. Samples free at T. E. Slattery's drug store.

A new remedy for biliousness is now on sale at T. E. Slattery's drug store. It is called Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. It gives quick relief and will prevent the attack if given as soon as the first indication of the disease appears. Price 25 cents per box. Samples free.

Josiah Quincy was nominated for governor by the Democrats of Massachusetts.

"I had long suffered from indigestion," writes G. A. LeDeis, Cedar City, Mo. "Like others I tried many preparations but never found anything that did me good until I took Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. One bottle cured me. A friend who had suffered similarly I put on the use of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. He is gaining fast and will soon be able to work. Before he used Kodol Dyspepsia Cure, indigestion had made him a total wreck. For sale at T. E. Slattery's drug store."

Chauncey Depew is to marry. Mothers everywhere praise One Minute Cough Cure for the sufferings it has relieved and the lives of the little ones it has saved. Strikes at the root of the trouble and draws out the inflammation. The children's favorite Cough Cure. For sale at T. E. Slattery's drug store.

Railroad travel is enormous these days. We seldom enter a day coach or sleeping car which is not crowded. If the amount of traveling which people do indicates financial prosperity, then we have certainly fallen upon prosperous times. Dean Farrar is seventy.

Attention, Everybody.

Why pay more for your laundry when you can receive just as good work for less money by leaving our orders with Peter Keller, barber, who represents the Plymouth Steam Laundry at Culver, Ind. Give him a trial he warrants. Collars 2 cents per pair.

Hallowe'en. Jack o' lanterns, and Mischievous Doings Eign.

Hallowe'en, the vigil of Hallowmas of All Saints' Day, will be celebrated on the night of Oct. 31. The essential of Hallowe'en ritual is considered by mischievous boys in the burning of bonfires, tearing up street crossings, and committing other depredations, which while still much in evidence is not practiced as much as in former years. The city should appoint extra policemen for special duty that night, and an effort should be made to keep the best of the

The President's Dog.

A little incident which somebody about the White House witnessed the other day is significant both as an illustration of certain traits in the character of President Roosevelt, and as an example for his admirers. There has been an impression among certain of his critics that he believed "the strenuous life" to consist chiefly in hunting and killing animals, but though a mighty hunter he is not merely a Nimrod as the following occurrence will show.

It was a rainy, dreary day, soon after Mr. Roosevelt's return to Washington, and after a busy morning the President and his secretary started out for a walk. Just outside the door lay a homeless, friendless dog, as close to the wall as he could get, his body curled up into the smallest possible bunch to avoid the rain and possible observation. As the two men emerged from the door he looked up apprehensively to see if a kick or a stern "Be off with you, now!" would compel him to beat a rapid retreat. But nothing of the sort occurred. Mr. Roosevelt's expressive face took on a pitying and kindly look, and bending down, he stroked the animal's head and pulled him gently by the ears.

"Poor doggie," haven't you any master?" he inquired. Then he went back into the house, and the dog, with instinctive understanding of the situation, trotted close at his heels. The President ordered that the waif should be taken to the kitchen and given a good meal, and it is said that the dog will be the dog of the White House during the administration.

Mr. Roosevelt is not one of those sportsmen who are satisfied with popping away at tame pigeons. When he goes hunting he wants the excitement of killing a dangerous wild beast. It will be a good thing for his boy admirers to remember that the man who led the charge at San Juan Hill was quite as ready to befriend a homeless cur as to hunt cougars or grizzlies.

J. K. MAWHORTER,

Tinners and Furnace Dealers,

All kinds of Roofing and Eave Troughing promptly attended to.

Cleaning and Repairing Gasoline Stoves a Specialty.

Terms Reasonable.

CULVER. - - - IND.

STAYTON & LANDIS,

General Draymen Goods = delivered promptly to any part of the city, or = around = the Lake. Reasonable Prices.

Gulver Market.

Oats	36
Wheat	70
Rye	56
Corn	54
Flour, per hundred, selling at	\$1.75
POULTRY AND EGGS.	
Eggs, fresh	17
Hens	06
Springs	06
Ducks, per pound	05
Geese, per pound	05
Old Cocks, per pound	2 1/2
Butter, per pound	14

W. T. Wesson, Gholsonville Va. druggist writes: "Your One Minute Cough Cure gives perfect satisfaction. My customers say it is the best remedy for coughs, colds, throat and lung troubles." For sale at T. E. Slattery's drug store.

No Mask
of eggs or glue is used in roasting

LION COFFEE

It is all coffee—pure coffee—strong and of delicious flavor. Some coffees are varnished with a cheap coating of eggs, glue or other equally noxious substances. The sealed package insures uniform quality and freshness.

Robert C. O'Brien,
Attorney at Law and Notary Public.
Also Deputy Prosecutor. Office in Pick
erel block, Argos, Ind.

Hunters' Rates

To designated points in Wisconsin Michigan and the Southwest reached via the Nickel Plate Road and its connections. Low rate hunters' tickets are on sale until Nov. 15th. Inquire of nearest ticket agent of the Nickel Plate Road or C. A. Asterlin, T. P. A., Ft. Wayne, Ind., or R. J. Hamilton, Agent, Ft. Wayne, Ind., or R. J. Hamilton, Agent, Ft. Wayne, Ind. no 197 11 15 no 9

A Word to Travelers.

The excitement incident to traveling and change of food and water often brings on diarrhoea, and for this reason no one should leave home without a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhea Remedy. For sale by T. E. Slattery, Druggist.

O. R. Larson, of Bay Villa, Sundays River, Cape Colony, conducts a store typical of South Africa, at which can be purchased anything from the proverbial "needle to an anchor." This store is situated in a valley nine miles from the nearest railway station and about twenty-five miles from the nearest town. Mr. Larson says "I am favored with the custom of farmers within a radius of thirty miles, to many of whom I have supplied Chamberlain's remedies. All testify to their value in a household where a doctor's advice is almost out of the question. Within one mile of my store the population is perhaps sixty. Of these, within the past twelve months, no less than fourteen have been absolutely cured by Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. This must surely be a record." For sale by T. E. Slattery, druggist.

ANNUAL OHIO EXCURSION,

Via Vandalia Pennsylvania Lines. Will leave Lakeville, Ind., Oct. 3 1901. For rates and particulars, call on or address W. T. Schallhorn, Agent Vandalia Line, Lakeville, Ind., or C. M. Wheeler, T. P. A., Terre Haute, Ind. 3ft.

Stricken With Paralysis.

Henderson Grmett, of this place, was stricken with partial paralysis and completely lost the use of one arm and side. After being treated by an eminent physician for quite a while without relief, my wife recommended Chamberlain's Pain Balm, and after using two bottles of it he is almost entirely cured.—George B. McDonald, Man, Logan county, West Va. Several other very remarkable cures of partial paralysis have been effected by the use of this liniment. It is most widely known, however, as a cure for rheumatism, sprains and bruises. For sale by T. E. Slattery, druggist. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy Saved His

Lower Rates to Buffalo.

Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, beginning Oct. 5th, the Nickel Plate Road will sell round trip tickets at one half of the one way, first class limited fare. Return limit 5 days after date of sale. Inquire of nearest agent of the Nickel Plate Road or C. A. Asterlin, T. P. A., Ft. Wayne, Ind., or R. J. Hamilton, Agent, Ft. Wayne, Ind. 210 10-30 10

*** CULVER CITY ***

MEAT * MARKET.

D. G. WALTER, Proprietor.

First Class Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats and our own Strictly Pure Lard.

Time Table.

VANDALIA LINE

Terre Haute and Logansport R. R.

In Effect June 2, 1901.

For the North

No. 10. Daily Except Sunday..	8:03 A. M.
No. 14. Daily Except Sunday..	11:40 "
No. 8. Daily Except Sunday..	9:45 P. M.
No. 12. Sunday Only.....	9:24 A. M.

For the South.

No. 21. Daily Except Sunday..	6:07 A. M.
No. 3. Daily Except Sunday..	12:56 P. M.
No. 9. Daily Except Sunday..	7:52 "
No. 11. Sunday Only.....	6:26 "

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.

It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps and all other results of imperfect digestion. Price 50c, and \$1. Large size contains 2 1/2 times small size. Book about dyspepsia mailed free. Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago.

Fred Hollister,

Attorney at Law.
Practice in all Courts in State of Indiana.
NOTARY PUBLIC.—Conveyancing and collections.
Money to loan on farm property at 5 per cent.
CULVER. - - - IND.

Lumber

Lumber till you can't Rest at the Culver

Lumber Yard.

Call and get prices. Salt \$1.00 per Barrel.

J. O. FERRIER,
CULVER, INDIANA.

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Guarantees to cure all knee-kickers, interferers, forgers, paddlers, quarter cracks, toe cracks, corns, and hoof-bound horses. M. C. BROWN still occupies the woodwork department. All work done on short notice and at reasonable prices.
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