

# THE CULVER CITIZEN.

LAKE MAXINKUCKEE.

VOL. II.

CULVER, INDIANA, THURSDAY, JULY 7, 1904.

NO. 10.

## Non-Partisan in Politics.

### CULVER MARKETS.

(Corrected July 6.)

Eggs.....	.15
Butter.....	.12
Chickens.....	.08
Roosters.....	.04
Spring Chickens, 25 c apiece.	
Lard.....	.10
Wheat.....	.92
Oats.....	.35
Corn per bu.....	.43
Rye.....	.57

### VANDALIA LINE TIME TABLE

NORTH BOUND

No 136 daily.....	7:03 a. m.
" 40 ".....	11:28 a. m.
" 42 " Ex. Sun.....	6:34 p. m.
" 44 " ".....	10:14 p. m.

SOUTH BOUND

No 41 daily Ex. Sun.....	6:06 a. m.
" 43 ".....	11:52 a. m.
" 45 daily.....	5:13 p. m.
" 135 ".....	8:48 p. m.

Direct connections for Indianapolis via Colfax and Frankfort also for St. Louis, Evansville and all points south and west.

JAMES SHUGRUE, Agt.

### PROFESSIONAL DIRECTORY.

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PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

CULVER, INDIANA.

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### Night Was Her Terror.

"I would cough nearly all night long," writes Mrs. Chas. Applegate of Alexandria, Ind., "and could hardly get any sleep. I had consumption so bad that if I walked a block I would cough frightfully and spit blood, but when all other medicines failed, three \$1.00 bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery wholly cured me and I gained 58 pounds." It's absolutely guaranteed to cure Coughs, Colds, La Grippe, Bronchitis and all throat and lung troubles. Price 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at T. E. Slatery's drug store.

Best work done at Plymouth Steam Laundry. See Culver

### AROUND THE LAKE.

Miss Douglass is a guest of Miss Ethel Vaughn.

Hon. Fredrick Landis is spending a few days at Logansport.

Mr. Harry Windsor, of Indianapolis, is a guest at the Eddy.

Mrs. Scoville and party spent Friday with Mrs. J. H. Zechiel.

Dr. L. J. Breaks, of Terre Haute, is a guest at the Scoville cottage.

Mr. and Mrs. Hervey Bates, jr., are visiting at the Bates cottage.

Mr. Hugh Donnan, of Indianapolis, is a guest of Mr. Henry Bliss.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Mitchell have returned to Peru to spend a week.

Mrs. Stinson, of Richmond, is a guest of her grandfather, J. H. Vajen.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Vonnegut opened their cottage Thursday for the season.

Miss Marguerite Kenny, of Indianapolis, is a guest of Miss Mary Sheerin.

W. J. Wilson and family spent the Fourth at their cottage on the east side.

Miss Marie Thorpe visited Miss Pauline Stein at the Kuhn cottage last week.

Mrs. Lucretia Purington, of Pueblo, Col., is a guest of Mrs. E. J. Culver.

Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Brott, of Logansport, are guests of J. H. Reitemeir.

Mr. Floyd Needham, of Decatur, Ill., spent a few days of last week at the lake.

Earl Heller, of Chicago, spent the Fourth with his mother, Mrs. A. R. Heller.

Miss Mollie Blake, of Terre Haute, is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Strong.

Oscar Beyer, of Indianapolis, is visiting August Bohlen at the Bohlen cottage.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Albrecht, of Terre Haute, spent the Fourth at their cottage.

Miss Francis, of Logansport, is a guest of Hon. and Mrs. Fred Landis for the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Cole of Peru, spent the Fourth with Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Brownell.

Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Finlser of Chicago, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Henderson.

Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Richardson, of Logansport, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. McSheehy.

A. Herz and family arrived at the lake Thursday and opened South View for the season.

Dr. and Mrs. Younge and Miss Josephine Sharp, of Terre Haute, are guests of Mrs. F. Hord.

Mr. and Mrs. John Perrin and son will arrive at the lake this week to spend the summer.

Mr. M. V. McGilliard of Indianapolis, is a guest of his daughter, Mrs. Wilmer Christian.

George Elliot, Joseph Douglass, and Mark Deer, of Logansport, are camping on Long Point.

Mr. Roy Thompson is visiting his Yale room-mate, Hervey Bates Perrin at the Bates cottage.

Mr. L. R. Whitney, of Louisville, Ky., spent the Fourth with his family at the Maus cottage.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Judah arrived at the lake Saturday to spend the summer at their cottage.

Misses Bertha Parker and Bessie Westerman, of Logansport, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Closson.

Mrs. Sidney Vaughn, jr., of Indianapolis, Misses Gertrude Dykeman, Esther Johnson, Lucile Markley, and Bessie Bond, of

of Pern, and Messrs. Wirick, Dunn, Reed and Mikels, of Rensselaer, constitute a house party given by Miss Vaughn.

E. J. Craig and family, of Indianapolis, are occupying the Chandler cottage for the season.

Mrs. F. A. Myers and Mrs. Ama Kraus, of Norwood, Ohio, are occupying the Dr. Christian cottage.

Mrs. E. J. Culver, of St. Louis, arrived at the lake Thursday and opened her cottage for the season.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Funk, of Logansport, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Barnes over the Fourth.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Royce, of Indianapolis, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Potts over the Fourth.

E. F. Obenchain of Logansport, has purchased the A. P. Jenks cottage on Long Point, and has taken possession.

Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Anderson, of Indianapolis, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Krieg at the Chandler cottage.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Duenweg, of Terre Haute, arrived at the lake Saturday and opened their cottage for the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Homer Closson and the Hinton, of Logansport, are occupying Miss Jennie Darnell's cottage on Long Point.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Yarlott, Messrs. Carl Closson, John Swadner and Dr. Ballard, of Logansport, are guests at "The Haws."

Dr. B. W. Everman of the U. S. Fish Commission, was a guest at the Chadwick House over Sunday. He left Monday noon for California.

J. Q. VanWinkle and family and Miss Cora Griffice and Shirley Thomas, of Indianapolis, are guests at the Pierce-Ward cottage.

W. M. Knapp, daughters and mother, Mrs. Ewalt, of Westfield, Ill., arrived at the lake Thursday and opened his cottage for the summer.

Dr. William and Rebecca George of Indianapolis, will arrive at the lake Saturday and spend several weeks at the Muller-Vonnegut cottage.

Mrs. J. A. Glover and sons, of Urbana, Ill., and Mrs. D. L. Wood and Miss Wood, of Indianapolis, are occupying the W. H. Porter cottage.

W. H. Henderson, of Indianapolis, has purchased ground of Stephen Edwards and erected a cottage, which is a model and a credit to the lake.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Zechiel and family, Miss Isabel and Messrs. Wm. and Ed. Fulton celebrated the Fourth with Dr. and Mrs. Scoville, at their cottage on the Point.

Messrs. Lorenz and Theodore Schmidt and Mrs. Otto Diench from Germany, and Misses Emma Schmidt and Nannette Wumenhoff are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Stein at the Kuhn cottage.

Miss Francis McGown of Indianapolis, is a guest of Miss Jean Caffins at the Snyder cottage.

Mr. and Mrs. McGown will arrive Saturday to spend Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Caffin.

Mr. and Mrs. Max Emmerick are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Hugo Fisher. Mr. Emmerick is of the Social Turners of Indianapolis and won three first prizes at the Olympic games at the World's Fair.

### Evangelical Church Services.

South Germany, Saturday evening, July 10, at 8 o'clock.

West Washington, Sunday at 10:30 a. m.

Culver, Children's Day services at 7:30 p. m. All are cordially invited to attend these services.

### LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

Leiters makes best flour.

Magazines at Slatery's drug store.

Miss Minnie Shilling spent the 4th at North Judson.

All the business houses closed on the afternoon of the Fourth.

Allan Myers, of California is visiting friends and relatives here.

You will not be disappointed in using Leiters flour. Always good.

Over 150 tickets were sold to South Bend and Plymouth the 4th.

Mrs. Ida Johnson, of South Bend, visited her parents last Sunday.

Chas. Lawson, Vandalia operator at Lakeville, was a Culver visitor Sunday.

Satisfaction guaranteed at Plymouth Steam Laundry. See Culver agent.

Miss Nell Voreis, of Chicago spent the Fourth with her parents of this place.

Henry Hall, wife and daughter of Pretty Lake, were visitors at Culver Sunday.

S. C. Shilling and wife spent Sunday at Round Lake, their former home.

BORN—To Alton Triplett and wife, on July 5th a girl. Reported by Dr. Parker.

Mrs. Deemer and daughter, Pearl were guests of Wm. Cook and wife last week.

Henry Butler and Russell Smith furnished music on the steamer Peerless last Sunday.

The Maxinkuckee K. O. T. M. Band helped furnish the music at Plymouth last Monday.

BORN—To Ira McLane and wife, a girl on the 5th inst. Reported by Dr. Wiseman.

Wm. Rhoades and wife of Argos visited their son, Jesse Rhoades, and family near Culver Sunday.

About twenty people, of Rochester and Germany were guests of Frank Cook and wife the 4th.

Band concerts will be held this season at the Academy every Tuesday evening, the same as last year.

Miss Tressie Rogers left Wednesday evening for Kewanna where she will visit relatives for several days.

Arthur and Orville Miller and wives of Germany station were guests of Frank Cook and wife last Sunday.

Misses Myrtle Nearpass and Wise and Homer Nearpass, of Mishawaka, spent last Sunday with friends in Culver.

Samuel Medbourn and family left last Thursday for St. Louis, where they will spend a month or more at the World's Fair.

The lake is lower now than it has been for a number of years. The large steamers have difficulty in landing at some of the piers.

Capt. J. S. Fleet spent the vacation with his brother Lieut. H. W. Fleet of the 2nd Infantry, on the rifle ranges near Fort Logan, Colo.

Mr. E. F. J. Elbrecht, former business manager of the academy, has accepted a position with some papers mills in Kalamazoo, Mich.

Mr. C. P. Fleet, who was at Woodberry Forest School, Va., for the spring term, made the base ball team and won high honors in Latin, French and English.

Miss Nell Garn returned from Tallahassee, Fla., last week where she has been teaching music in the State University for the last year. She was accompanied home by Miss Woodward of New Antioch, Ohio.

Mr. H. W. Newman, who will substitute for his brother, Captain Newman, next winter, is here for

and being initiated into the mysteries of life in barracks. Mr. Newman, who was for two years connected with the Bureau of Forestry, is now a student of medicine and will work at Rush after teaching a year in the academy.

This office has been receiving a number of articles and news items, contributed by persons who fail to sign their names. All contributions should be signed, not for publication, but as an act of good faith. They will not be published otherwise.

About seventy five of the friends of Mr. Carl McCreary and Miss Eva Menser gathered at Miss Menser's home near Culver last Thursday evening and gave them a surprise in honor of Miss Menser's sixteenth birthday and Mr. McCreary's seventeenth birthday. After an enjoyable evening was spent in playing games the guests departed for their homes at a late hour.

Mr. Bert Allman of the "Big Store" in Culver is a genial gentleman, capable in business, generous to a fault and always stands ready to patronize anything that promises either profit or pleasure to the public. He was the first to offer a prize in the games and races at the Picnic Festival at the Assembly Grounds Saturday June 25th. Unfortunately his name was left out of the account of donors and prizes that were given on that occasion.

Capt. F. L. Hunt, instructor in English, C. M. A., was married Wednesday last to Miss Amelia B. Edwards, of South Charleston, O. The ceremony took place at South Charleston and the newly wed pair journeyed to Chicago, where, as Capt. Hunt phrased it, they will spend "a highly intellectual honeymoon" at the University. The secret of the approaching change had been so well kept that few here suspected any such designs on the part of the genial Librarian—we thought him to much wedded to the Decimal System to contemplate new alliances—but none the less we wish him God speed. At the same time we are curious to know how he will make his peace with the one-time dieties to whom he was wont to burn incense.—Browning, the Bibelot, Sectional Book Cases and the Dust Rag.—The Log.

**Program of W. C. T. U. Meeting.**

The following is the program of the W. C. T. U. meeting to be held at the M. E. Church Sunday afternoon, July 10, 1904:

Subject.....Peace  
Leader.....Mrs. Dr. Parker  
Song.....Choir  
Scripture Lesson.....  
.....Mrs. Regina Zechiel  
Prayer.....Mrs. Anna Stahl  
Paper—War, For and Against  
.....Mrs. Cromley  
Solo.....Miss Dollis Moss  
Recitation....Miss Kate Hinshaw  
Paper—Militarism.....  
.....Mrs. Klopstein  
Recitation....Miss Clara Rollins  
How does the war spirit grow?  
General Discussion Opened  
.....by Mrs. Streeter  
Responses to roll call by quotations  
.....containing the word Peace.  
Doxology.....

### MARRIED.

Word reached this place a few days ago of the marriage of Miss Maude Maxey to N. Carlyle Smith at Crookston, Minn. Miss Maude had gone to Pratt, N. Dak. to teach school but became tired of her school and resigned and returned to Towner awaiting her passes to Chicago where she is supposed to have met Mr. Smith. Her home is now in Fargo, N. Dak. Mr. Smith is an attorney at law and has practised in St. Louis for five years but has traveled in Da-

### SURPRISE WEDDING SATURDAY

Logansport Lady Weds Maxinkuckee Boat Man.

Friends of the contracting parties in this city will be surprised to learn that Saturday occurred the marriage of Mrs. Elizabeth Kale of Logansport, and Mr. Oliver Crook, of Culver, the ceremony taking place at St. Joseph, Michigan. The intention of the couple was to keep their marriage a secret and accordingly Mrs. Kale had planned to leave Logansport Saturday to join her betrothed at Culver enroute to St. Joseph without the knowledge of any of her friends, but in some manner the secret leaked out and she was given a rousing send-off by those who had learned of her secret. After the knot was tied today they will settle down at Culver, where Mr. Crook owns a number of excursion boats on Lake Maxinkuckee.—Logansport Pharos.

### GUN EXPLODES; HURTS TWO.

During a charivari at the residence of J. D. Heiser, three miles north-west of here, on the occasion of the marriage of Miss Pearl Hatten and Jesse Zechiel last Thursday night, a gun in the hands of Roscoe Voreis exploded nearly blowing off Mr. Voreis' right thumb. A piece of the gun struck Wm. Craig in the abdomen, causing a wound which for a time, was thought would prove fatal. Fragments of the gun struck the side of the house, ripping up a screen door and damaging the siding. At this time the victims are both doing as well as could be expected.

### The Teachers for Next Year.

Mr. E. E. Landis, of Rockfield has been elected as Principle of the Culver school for next year, and Miss Kitty Demoss, Plymouth elected to teach the intermediate grades. Chester Zechiel has been elected to teach the 7th and 8th grades.

The corps of teachers for the following year will be as follows:

I. S. Hahn, Superintendent.  
E. E. Landis, Principle.  
Chester Zechiel, 7 and 8 grades.  
Kitty Demoss, 5 and 6 grades.  
Rose Moss, 3 and 4 grades.  
Elsie Curtis, Primary.

### LETTER LIST.

List of letters remaining in this office uncalled for the week ending July 2, 1904:

Z. Webb.  
W. L. Bailey.  
R. F. Edwards.

### POSTAL CARDS.

George Fiefler.  
Rev. Wm. Woods.  
These letters will be sent to the dead letter office July 16, 1904, if not called for. In calling for the above, please say "advertised."

B. W. S. WISEMAN, P. M.

### ZECHIEL-HATTON.

Mr. Jesse Zechiel and Miss Nora Pearl Hatton were married on Wednesday evening, June 29th, at 9 p. m. at the Evangelical parsonage by Rev. Chas. McConnehey.

The following marriage licenses have been granted during the past week: Jesse E. Zechiel and Nora Pearl Hatten; Irvin Bixler and Rosa E. Deisch; William D. Jordan and Stella N. Reeder; Elza E. Moullehour and Ethel Creighbaum; Simon E. Flora and Lottie Bryan; Charles A. Johnson and Amanda C. Nelson.

Margaret, Guy, Boyd and Arthur Porter, Mr. and Mrs. Page, Mr. and Mrs. Klingerman, and Mr. Ad. Moran, of Chicago, and Mr. and Mrs. Rockhill and family, of Plymouth, were guests of Mr. and



# THE CULVER CITIZEN.

J. H. KOONTZ & SON, Pubs.

CULVER, INDIANA.

The air cocktail is cheap. The headacheless feature also commends it.

What fun Japan is storing up for herself in "investigating" her heroes after the war is over!

Residents of Port Arthur can practice economy in one direction. They do not need to buy alarm clocks.

Among those who think a Derby isn't all they claim it to be is the lady whose beautiful train was stepped on.

There is a great deal of pretense in the culture of some people. They carry an imitation gold case in a chamois bag.

They are passing around the doctor of letters degree more freely than usual this season. It makes a very pretty boutonniere.

It's a queer thing that champion Jeffries, after surviving all the perils of championship prize fights, should be disabled at baseball.

"Does your lawn mower need sharpening?" asks an advertiser, in big, large type. Of course it does. All lawn mowers always do.

Mr. Carnegie declares that he has prospered because of his ability to employ men cleverer than himself. Such modesty seems too good to be true.

Miss Carl's portrait of Tsi An makes the dowager empress look quite young and handsome. This shows how kind-hearted a girl the young American artist is.

The pounding of the hammer and the scrape of the trowel and the clink of the riveter are the chief sounds that now greet the ears of visitors to Baltimore.

The Sultan of Turkey has received another protest from the powers in regard to the Armenian atrocities. Like the other 41,144 protests, it has been placed on file.

If the ministers of Cincinnati stick to their intention of telling the truth about the deceased in all cases, a good many of their fellow-citizens will be afraid to die.

Rear Admiral Sigsbee cabled from San Domingo to the navy department as follows: "Revolution now ended." He carelessly neglected, however, to mention which one.

One of the amiable professors of Chicago university announces that hell is not a fact, merely a condition. But when the condition is sizzling, what's the odds about the fact?

The newspaper correspondents in the field with the Japanese army have submitted a round-robin protest to the staff, and in all probability the staff knows precisely what to do with it.

Two New York amusement managers have just signed a contract with Edouard de Roszke for a tour of sixty concerts in this country next season, just as if they had never heard of Patti.

According to the pure food authorities, much of the raspberry jam of commerce is composed of syrup of apple cores, aniline dye and hayseed. It is almost as base a deceiver as maple syrup.

The directors of the Yale library announce that they have a fragment of a lost tragedy by Aeschylus or Sophocles in a package of papyrus fragments lately found in Egypt. More trouble for the students.

An esteemed contemporary raises the question of how to distinguish between poison ivy and Virginia creeper. One sure way is to rub the face and hands thoroughly with the suspect and note results.

Perhaps in the scientific assertion that a man's beard is the home and haunt of countless harmful microbes there is some comfort for the youth who is trying desperately to raise a small mustache and can't.

According to a London newspaper "nothing remains for Kuropatkin but to stake his all upon one last wild fling of the iron dice." Previous to writing this the author must have taken one last wild fling at a dope bottle.

When the liberty bell was in Minneapolis the public schools were dismissed and the Rapid Transit company gave each of the 35,000 children a free ride to view the bell and return. That was better than any lesson in history that the children may have missed.

We read with delight that Alfred Austin anonymously sent a one-act play to a London theater-manager a while ago which the manager thought was capital and which he has accepted. It's such a pleasure to learn that Alfred can write something.

"Hereafter," says a contemporary, "the average man will examine the life rafts and life preservers before he trusts himself on an excursion steamer." Probably not. The careful man may do so, but the average man will continue to take things for granted.

# SLOCUM HORROR BLAME IS FIXED

Coroner's Jury Holds Directors and Officials of Steamboat Company.

DECLARE MATE IS A COWARD

United States Inspector Is Scored and Held to the Grand Jury for Negligence in Performing His Duty—Captain Is Criminally Responsible.

New York dispatch: As a result of the finding of the coroner's jury in the Slocum horror inquest warrants have been issued for the arrest of the directors and other officials of the Knickerbocker Steamboat company, owners of the General Slocum, charging them with criminal responsibility for the deaths of the 1,000 or more men, women and children who perished in the recent frightful disaster. Manslaughter is the charge they will have to face.

The directors of the company are: Frank A. Barnaby, president; Charles E. Hill, vice president; James K. Atkinson, secretary, and C. DeLacey Evans, Robert K. Story, Floyd S. Corbin and Frank G. Dexter.

In addition to these, warrants will probably be issued for Captain W. H. Van Schaick, master of the burned vessel, and Captain John A. Pease of the Grand Republic, commodore of the Knickerbocker company.

Inspector Henry Lundberg and Mate Edward Flannagan, both scored by the jury, have been arrested and held in \$1,000 bonds each.

Directors Violate Law.

The jury found that the directors and other officers of the Knickerbocker company were guilty of gross negligence and violation of law in the matter of the equipment and manning of the vessel, and held that the immense loss of life was due to this negligence, and ignoring of provisions of the law relative to safeguards in such an emergency.

Captain Van Schaick and Captain Pease were also held criminally responsible by the jury for the condition of the boat's fire-fighting and life-saving equipment.

Mate Flannagan of the Slocum, according to the jury, acted in a cowardly manner, and the misconduct of Steamboat Inspector Lundberg, it was recommended, should be brought to the attention of the Federal authorities.

The case was submitted to the jury at 4:55 and the verdict was reached four hours later.

Fixes Bail for Mate.

Immediately after the jury had been polled Assistant District Attorney Garvan asked the coroner to issue warrants for the arrest of all those accused in the verdict. Counsel for the company and personal counsel for Mr. Barnaby protested.

"I insist that these men who are accused of a serious crime shall not be treated in any way different from other offenders," answered Mr. Garvan. "Edward Flannagan to the bar," he called out, and the giant mate of the Slocum, who had been officially accused of cowardice, stepped up, pale and frightened. His bail was fixed at \$1,000.

Detectives Get Warrants.

Counsel for President Barnaby and Secretary Atkinson said they would produce those men and furnish \$5,000 bail for each.

Warrants for the others were given to detectives to be served. Capt. Van Schaick was placed under arrest in Lebanon hospital. Coroner Berry promised to sit up all night and bail the others as rapidly as they were brought in.

At the assistant district attorney's request the coroner committed the assistant engineer, Edwin Brandow, and the deck hands, Coakley and Trembly, as witnesses, sending them to the house of detention.

After pointing out the duty of the different officers and persons named and their failure to perform their duty, the jury sets forth its findings as follows:

Verdict of the Jury.

"That the president, Frank A. Barnaby; the secretary, James K. Atkinson; and the board of directors of the Knickerbocker Steamboat company, namely, Frank A. Barnaby, Charles E. Hill, James K. Atkinson, C. DeLacey Evans, Robert K. Story, Floyd S. Corbin and Frank G. Dexter, were guilty of criminal negligence in the failure to see to the proper equipment of the General Slocum in the matter of the fire fighting and life saving appliances on board said boat.

"That the captain, William H. Van Schaick, be held criminally responsible for the accident.

"That Capt. John A. Pease, the acknowledged commodore of the fleet, be held criminally responsible for his failure to properly equip the General Slocum with fire fighting and life saving appliances.

"That Edward Flannagan, the mate, acted in a cowardly manner, and we recommend that he be held criminally responsible for failure to perform his duty on the General Slocum on the day of the disaster.

Scores the Inspector.

"That in the opinion of this jury the misconduct of Henry Lundberg, the government inspector, in failing to report to his superiors the true facts concerning the vessel's fire extinguishing and life saving equipment, should be brought to the notice of the United States prosecuting officials, and we further hold that said Henry

Lundberg be held for criminal negligence by reason of his incompetence, carelessness and indifferent inspection of the General Slocum's hull and life saving apparatus on the 5th day of May, 1904.

"The jury are also of the opinion that the system of inspection which prevails in the harbors of New York is very inefficient and does not properly determine whether the life saving apparatus and fire appliances on the vessels in this harbor are in proper and suitable condition to prevent the loss of life, and we recommend to the secretary of commerce and labor that he issue such instructions to the supervising and local force of inspectors as will cause them to efficiently and honestly examine the steamboats plying in and about this harbor."

# BIRTH RATE IS LOWER IN THE UNITED STATES

Foreign-Born Residents Only Add 12 Per Cent to Population, While Native Increase Is 22 Per Cent.

Washington dispatch: That there has been a steady decrease in the foreign-born population of the United States in the last ten years is one of the interesting things shown in an abstract of the tenth census which has just been published by the department of commerce. In the ten years covered by the report the native born births increased 22 per cent, while the foreign-born births increased only 12 per cent.

The actual number of English, Irish, German and French residents of the United States has decreased in this period, while the Poles, Russians and Italians have increased by a large per cent.

Hard times is the principal cause given for the comparative decrease in the foreign-born population.

In view of the immense throngs of immigrants that settle in New York one of the surprising facts of the statistics is that the per cent of increase of the native-born in the ten years slightly exceeds the per cent of increase of the foreign-born. The showing is contrary to nearly every other populous Eastern state.

The statistics show that the average number of persons to a family in the United States is 4.7.

In 1900 the percentage of married among all persons 15 years and older was 55.5 per cent, of single 36, of widowed almost 8 per cent, and of divorced four-tenths of 1 per cent.

Judged from the statistics, the Pacific coast states are the best for marriageable women, 60 per cent being wives, against 50 in the central West, and 54 in the East. In the matter of contrast, the Pacific coast states show the smallest percentage of married men, 45 per cent against a general average of 55 in the East and middle West.

# PRINCES MEET THE PRESIDENT

Chief Executive Entertains Bavarian Nobles and German Ambassador.

Washington dispatch: President Roosevelt entertained two German princes at the white house Tuesday. Baron von Sternberg, the German ambassador, presented to the president Prince George of Bavaria and his brother, Prince Conrad. The princes recently arrived in this country in cognito, their names being given as the Counts von Wurtemberg. They are accompanied by an aid de camp, Baron William Reitzenstein. The president entertained the princes, Ambassador Sternberg, and Count Reitzenstein at luncheon, Secretary of State Hay being invited to meet them.

# NEW SCALE FOR CLERK HIRE

Postoffice Department Makes Allowances for Handling Mail.

Washington special: Acting Postmaster General Wynne has adopted a scale of allowances to be made to postoffices throughout the country for clerk hire for separating mails. Under this scale an allowance of \$36 a year will be made wherever the mail separated averages from thirty-four to sixty-six pieces daily; \$12 additional for each increase of 33 pieces averaged daily up to 600 pieces, and another \$12 additional for each increase of 50 pieces in the average number separated daily above 601 in number.

# COLONEL J. H. BRIGHAM IS DEAD

Assistant Secretary of Agriculture Suddenly Passes Away at Delta, O.

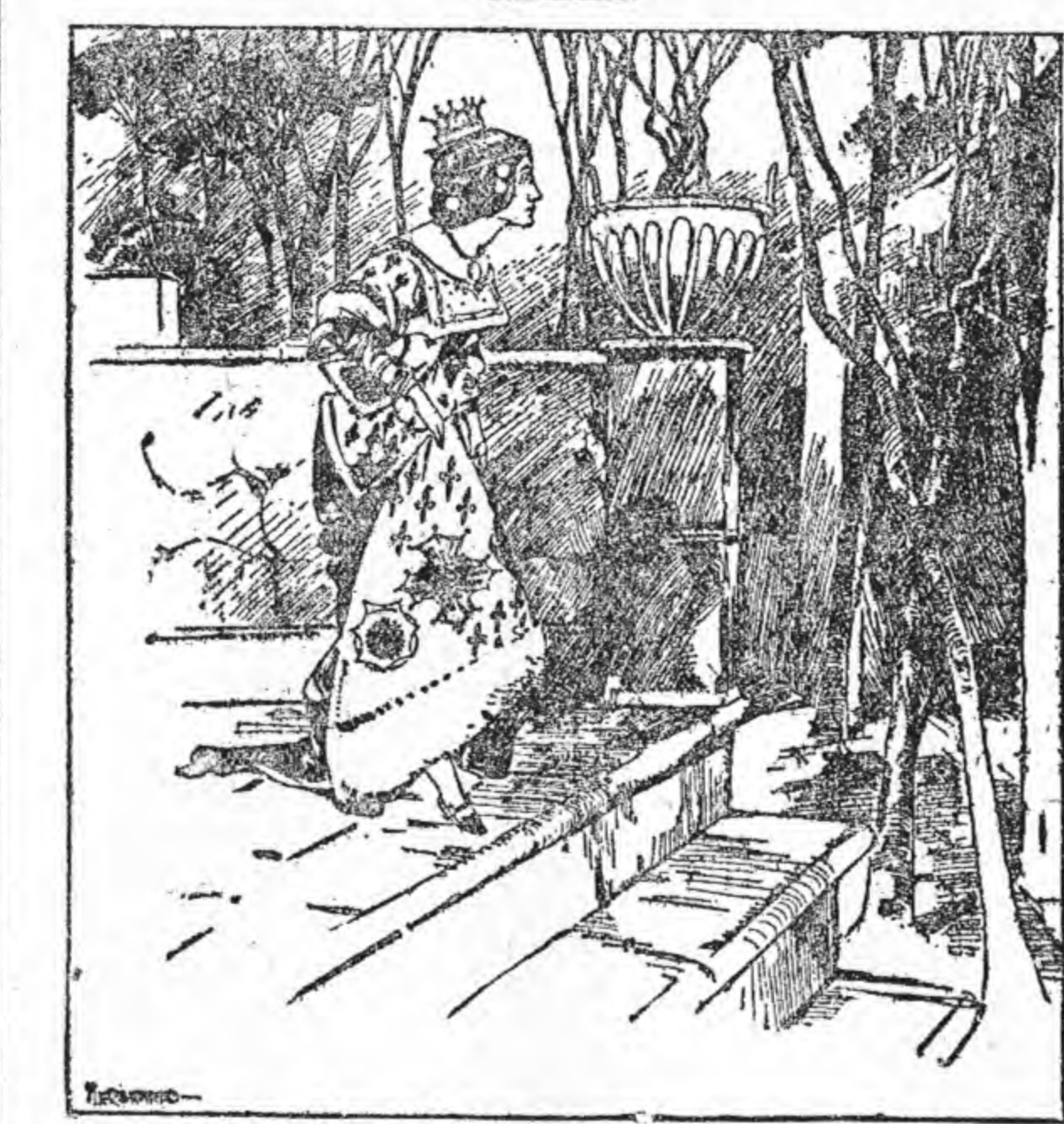
Washington dispatch: News has been received here of the death at Delta, O., of Col. Joseph H. Brigham, assistant secretary of agriculture. Col. Brigham was chairman of the government board at the St. Louis exposition. He left here for St. Louis to attend a meeting of the board and stopped off at Delta for a short visit. For many years he has been prominent in Ohio politics and has occupied his present position since the first administration of President McKinley.

# REVISION IS THEME OF RABBIS

Scriptural Readings in Prayer Book May Soon Be Modified.

Louisville, Ky., dispatch: The central conference of American rabbis met Tuesday at Homewood, the suburban home of I. W. Bernheim. The morning session was occupied mostly in a discussion of the question of revising the Scriptural readings appended to the union prayer book. The discussion was participated in by Rabbis Felsenthal, Philipson, Moses and others. Itabbi Moses was the only strong advocate of revising the readings.

# HIDDEN PUZZLE PICTURE.



"Here I Am, Father." Where Is He?"

# RUSSO-JAPANESE WAR NEWS

JUNE 27, 1904.

Rumor of Defeat—Defeat of the Russian army near Tatchekiao is reported in St. Petersburg, but confirmation cannot be obtained. General Oku's forces are said to be withdrawing from the position they have held, but military experts think this may conceal a movement in another direction.

Story of Port Arthur—Later details of the naval battle off Port Arthur show that the Japanese torpedo boats defied the broadsides of the Russian fleet, sailing boldly up to the battle ships and launching their torpedoes with deadly effect. Nine attacks were made during the night of June 23, while the Russian ships remained at anchor.

Must Give Battle—Russians admit they will be compelled to give battle at Kaichon and that Kuroki and Oku have joined forces. Chinese bandits are harassing the retreating Russians.

Tolstoi Scores Czar—Count Tolstoi, in a ten-column article in the London Times, scores the Russian government for bringing on the war and characterizes the czar as a weak ruler, who is being deceived constantly.

JUNE 28, 1904.

Hold Back News—The Russian people are hearing of battle with Togo at Port Arthur in a statement that the fight took place, but are given no details of losses.

Big Armies Are Ready—Arrangements for the decisive battle in the campaign in the far East are completed and 300,000 men will take part, the scene being somewhere between Tatchekiao and Kaichow. Late reports from the front indicate that the armies are in close touch and news of the engagement is expected in St. Petersburg at any time. Gen. Oku feigned a retreat to draw on the Russians, at the same time making a quick move to join Kuroki's forces, who started a quick advance on Hai-Cheng.

JUNE 29, 1904.

Battleship on Rocks—A dispatch from Tokio carries the report that a Russian battleship is stranded off Tiger Rock, near Port Arthur.

Leads Men to Enemy—A new engagement is expected at Simoucheung, fifteen miles south-southeast of Hai-cheng, where Gen. Kuropatkin is leading his men in person. It is believed that he faces a force of 230,000 foes.

Japs Win Battle—The Japanese army under Gen. Oku won a two days' battle in Fenshui Pass, driving the Russians from Dalin Hill near Hai-cheng after a fierce artillery engagement in which a Japanese battery got in the rear of the Russians.

To Prevent Retreat—Motien and Ta passes were captured by the Japanese, which places their forces close to Liaoyang. They are ready to prevent a retreat by Kuropatkin, which, it is declared in St. Petersburg, he is planning.

Vladivostok Fleet—The presence of the Vladivostok squadron off northern Japanese ports is reported, but not confirmed.

Lose Important Passes—The Russian troops have been driven from important mountain passes and the Japanese armies have closed in on Kuropatkin's forces. The area of operations is greatly reduced and the czar's forces are in a dangerous position.

JUNE 30, 1904.

Fail to Check Advance—Kuroki and Oku continue to advance on the Russian position at Hai-cheng.

Japs Take Kaiping—Kaiping has

been captured by the Japanese, the battle opening June 25, and the islanders occupying the town on the next day after severe fighting.

Mikado's Armies Join—Reports from Tokio state that the Japanese second army has affected a juncture with the first army and the whole force now has a fighting front of 120 miles.

Russians Lose Forts—Unofficial reports to Tokio are that three forts defending Port Arthur on the southeast were captured on Sunday by the Japanese after an artillery duel lasting all day.

Accidents to Czar's ships—Twenty-one were drowned in a Russian submarine boat, and a Russian battleship at Cronstadt has been rammed.

JULY 1, 1904.

Japs Lose 1,120 Men—The Japanese army stormed Fenshui pass, east of Liaoyang, losing 1,120 men killed and wounded. The Russian army is in danger of having its retreat cut off.

Shells Gensan—The Vladivostok squadron again raided the Korean coast. Two hundred shells were fired into Gensan and two vessels were sunk in the harbor.

Mount Siege Guns—The Japanese are said to be mounting siege guns on forts recently captured, close to Port Arthur.

Annihilate Regiment—The Japanese won a desperate battle within ten miles of Port Arthur, one Russian regiment being annihilated in a brilliant charge, and the islanders now occupy the Wolf mountains, giving them practical command by means of siege guns of the approach to the fortress. The bombardment of the stronghold is reported to be in progress.

# EX-SENATOR MITCHELL OF WISCONSIN IS DEAD

Complications Arising From Operation Performed Last March Cause of Demise.

Milwaukee, Wis., dispatch: John L. Mitchell, former United States senator, is dead at his home, Meadowmore, in the town of Greenfield. The end, which was not unexpected, came Wednesday after forty-eight hours of unconsciousness. Death was due to intestinal trouble. Senator Mitchell was ill since January and in March underwent an operation. He rallied from this, but experienced a sudden relapse on Friday, June 24, heart failure complicating the original trouble. His family was at the death-bed. Besides his widow, there are Capt. William Mitchell, U. S. A.; David Ferguson Mitchell, John L. Mitchell, Jr., and the Misses Martha, Janet, Harriet, Ruth and Catherine Mitchell.

Senator Mitchell was the son of Alexander Mitchell and was born in Milwaukee in 1842. After graduating from college he spent six years abroad, but hurried home at the outbreak of the civil war and took part in the struggle as a lieutenant in the Twenty-fourth Wisconsin infantry.

In 1872 Mr. Mitchell was elected to the state senate and again was elected in 1876. In 1890 he was elected to the United States senate after a hard fight, succeeding Senator Philetus Sawyer.

Senator Mitchell long had been prominent in the business and financial life of Wisconsin and the northwest. At his death he was vice-president of the Marine National bank and vice-president of the Northwestern insurance company. He held positions on the directorates of a number of state and public institutions.

# COUNSEL TO CANAL COMMISSION

Charles E. Magoon Is Promoted by President Roosevelt.

Washington dispatch: Charles E. Magoon has been appointed general counsel for the isthmian canal commission. Judge Magoon has been the law officer of the bureau of insular affairs since the office was created in 1899. Members of the canal commission will meet on the isthmus late in August and return to Washington in September.

# DYNAMITE IN GAMBLING HOUSE

Thieves Who Caused Explosion Take Bank Roll During Excitement.

Houston, Texas, dispatch: Thieves worked a successful scheme for the robbery of a gambling house. About 8 o'clock at night a piece of dynamite was exploded under a poker table and the crowd of 100 immediately made a rush for the exit. During the excitement some one grabbed the bank roll at the faro table, getting between \$1,200 and \$1,500 out of the drawer.

# NAME SWALLOW FOR PRESIDENT

Gen. Miles Withdraws From Contest for the Prohibition Nomination.

CARROLL FOR RUNNING MATE

Texas Philanthropist Is Selected for Second Place on the Ticket Over Isaiah H. Amos of Oregon, by a Vote of 626 to 132.

Indianapolis, Ind., special: The name of the Rev. S. C. Swallow, editor of the Pennsylvania Methodist, was the only one presented to the prohibition national convention for the first place on the ticket and the nomination was made by acclamation.

For vice president, G. W. Carroll, the millionaire oil king, received 626 votes, and F. H. Amos of Oregon, 132.

A telegram was received from Gen. Nelson A. Miles forbidding the use of his name in the convention. That cleared the atmosphere. Up to that hour the forces of the Miles boomers, led by John G. Woolley, were prepared for a bitter fight against the organization headed by Oliver W. Stewart.

The platform in full follows:

The Prohibition party in national convention assembled at Indianapolis June 30, 1904, recognizing that the chief end of all government is the establishment of those principles of righteousness and justice that have been revealed to man as the will of the ever living God and desiring his blessing upon our national life, and believing in the perpetuation of the high ideals of government of the people, by the people and for the people, established by our fathers, makes the following declaration of principles and purposes:

1. The widely prevailing system of the licensed and legalized sale of alcoholic beverages is so ruinous to individual interests, so inimical to public welfare, so destructive to the people and so subversive to the rights of great masses of our citizenship, that the destruction of the traffic is and for years has been the most important question in American politics.

2. We denounce the lack of statesmanship exhibited by the leaders of the Democratic and Republican parties in their refusal to recognize the paramount importance of this question and the cowardice with which the leaders of these parties have courted the favor of those whose selfish interests are advanced by the continuation and augmentation of the traffic, until to-day the influence of the traffic practically dominates national, state and local government throughout the nation.

3. We declare the truth, demonstrated by the experience of half a century, that all methods of dealing with the liquor traffic which recognize its right to exist in any form under any system of license or tax or regulation have proved powerless to remove its evils and useless as checks upon its growth, while the insignificant public revenues which have accrued have secured the public conscience against a recognition of its iniquity.

4. We call public attention to the fact, proved by the experience of more than fifty years, that to secure the enactment and enforcement of prohibitory legislation in which alone lies hope of the protection of the people from the liquor traffic, it is necessary that the executive, legislative and judicial branches of the government should be in the hands of a political party in harmony with the prohibition principle and pledged to the enforcement of the law and to the execution of those laws.

5. We pledge the Prohibition party, wherever given power by the suffrage of the people, to the prompt and enforcement of laws prohibiting and abolishing the manufacture, importation, transportation and sale of alcoholic beverages.

6. We declare that there is no other issue of equal importance before the American people to-day, but that the serious question upon which the Democrats and Republican parties seek to divide the electorate of the country are in large part subterfuges, under the cover of which they wrangle for the spoils of office.

7. Recognizing that the intelligent voters of the country may properly ask our attitude upon other questions of public concern, we declare ourselves in favor of:

The impartial enforcement of all law. The safeguarding of the people's rights by a rigid application of the principles of justice to all combinations and organizations of capital and labor.

A more intimate relation between the people and government by a wise adaptation of the principle of the initiative and referendum.

The safeguarding to every citizen in every place under the government of the people of the United States of all the rights guaranteed by the laws and the Constitution.

International arbitration, and declare that our nation should contribute in every manner consistent with national dignity to the permanent establishment of peace between all nations.

The reform of our divorce laws, the final extirpation of polygamy and the total overthrow of the present shameful system of illegal sanction of the social evil, with its unspeakable traffic in girls, by the municipal authorities of almost all our cities.

Recognition of the fact that the right of suffrage should depend upon the mental and moral qualifications of the citizens.

Such changes in our laws as will place tariff schedules in the hands of a non-partisan commission.

The application of uniform laws for all our country and dependencies.

The extension and honest administration of the civil service laws.

The election of United States senators by vote of the people.

# PRAYERS FAIL TO SAVE THE COW

Dowie's Elders Notified of Death and Intercession Suspended.

Chippewa Falls, Wis., special: The cow for whose recovery from sickness Alvin Shaw, a farmer, has been praying is dead. Shaw has maintained that the cow could be cured through prayer. He had telephoned to Dowie elders in Zion City to secure divine intercession, but has sent this message to Zion City: "Stop praying; she is dead."

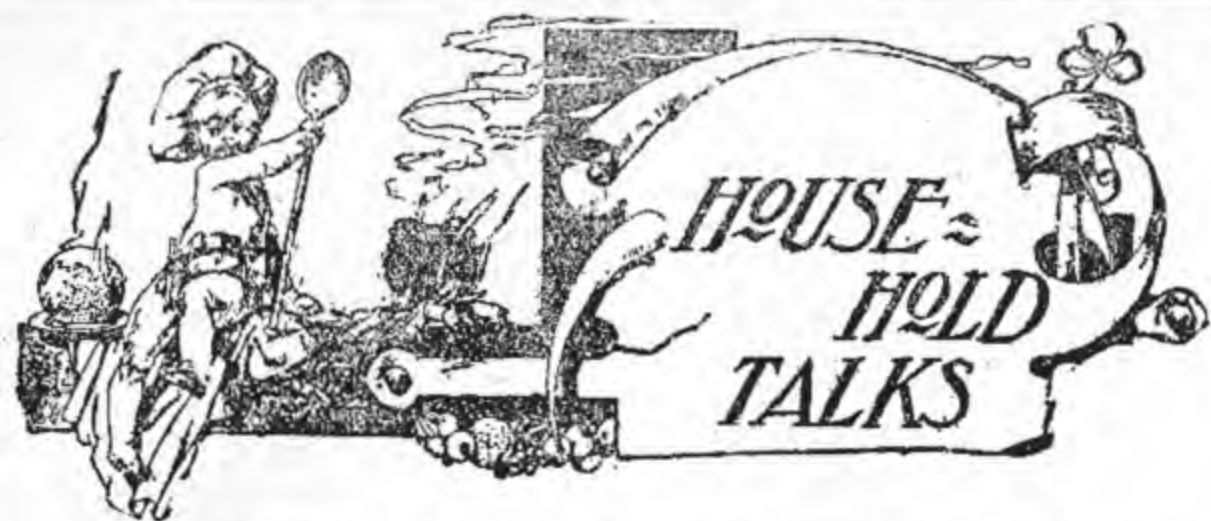
# Dr. Jason Young Dead.

Easton, Pa., dispatch: Rev. Dr. Jason Young of Vanwert, Ohio, died at the home of Rev. Percy Y. Schell, his son-in-law. Dr. Young was a prominent member of the central Ohio conference of the Methodist church.

# Whisky Kills Boy Babe.

La Porte, Ind., dispatch: Clarence Fryer, 3 years old, son of Robert Fryer of Springfield township, La Porte county, obtained a whisky flask and drank a full pint. He died twelve hours later of alcoholic poisoning.





#### Hints From Paris.

The smooth, supple broadcloths which are to be the fashionable fabric for the coming autumn and winter are being manufactured in browns, grays and plums chiefly for street wear. The new shade of brown called onion, which is a lovely golden brown, will be one of the leading shades in browns. There will be several leaf greens, mole grays and nickel grays. Of blues little is said, but, of course, there will be several shades of rich blues, as there always are. For house wear there will be delicate heliotropes, light blue, light gray and pale green, and tan and certain pinks, including raspberry, cherry reds and several rose pinks, as well as white and champagne.

#### Lace for Ankles.

A pair of lace medallions, left over from the summer frock, can be put to excellent use in trimming stockings to match the gown.

For instance, with a pongee gown piped with lace medallions, a plain pair of tan lisle stockings were made very smart by the use of lace medallions, one just above each instep.

They were first applied on the stockings with silk thread, in very fine stitches, then the lisle beneath was cut away, and the edges of the stocking buttonhole stitched closely and finely to the wrong side of the medallion. Worn with brown suede shoes, they gave a dainty finishing touch to the costume.

#### The Fashionable White.

No material is more effective for the afternoon costume of white than the new bleached Shantung pongee which is shown in this very charming model combined with cream colored point d'esprit enriched by motifs of silk applique. Both waist and skirt are among the latest shown and take



just the soft, full folds that render the simple silk at its best. The deep yoke of the waist is peculiarly good in effect, while the tucks give needed weight to the pongee and the simple full skirt gives the long lines that mean an effect of height. To make

the waist for a woman of medium size will be required 6 3/4 yards of material, 21, 5 1/2 yards 27 or 3 yards 44 inches wide, with 1 1/2 yards 18 or 5/8 yards 40 inches wide for yoke and berth; to make the skirt 9 1/2 yards 21 or 27 or 5 1/2 yards 44 inches wide.

#### Very Dainty Dessert.

Slice a thin round from the stalk ends of oranges and remove the contents. Place the skins in cold water for an hour to let them harden; then drain and when they are quite dry inside fill them halfway with pink jelly. Put them on ice and when the jelly seems firm fill them up with blanc mange or cream. Again lay them on ice and cut into quarters before serving. Place little sprigs of myrtle between the quarters. Lemons may be used instead of oranges if preferred.

#### Now for Pinafores.

The old-fashioned pinafore of childhood has been adapted for modern grown-up use in a very smart and convenient fashion. The modern pinafore is of Japanese silk, cut in one piece, with a lace yoke and some gathers. It is intended to protect a more elaborate gown, and can be drawn in with a sash if desired. It perfectly serves the purpose of a pinafore without imparting an appearance of dowdiness.

#### Vienna Puffs.

Sift into a bowl two cupfuls of flour, half a teaspoonful of sugar and a pinch of salt; cream one level tablespoonful of butter; add by degrees the yolks of four eggs; then add alternately the flour and two cupfuls of milk, then the beaten whites of the eggs; fill buttered earthen cups half full and bake twenty-five minutes; this will make fifteen puffs.

#### Vogue of Fluffy Parasols.

The summer girl of to-day, while she is athletic and appears on the links, on the tennis court and in the automobile in plain, severe and almost mannish garb, satisfies the longing for daintiness in the afternoon and evening gowns and in the fluffiness of hats and parasols. Nothing is more fluffy and charming than the carriage parasol, a tiny, fan-like parasol, in recent years used almost wholly by elderly women. But the girls of to-day have recognized in the prim old-fashioned sunshade a means of enhancing their beauty, and behold the little carriage parasol blossoms like a garden. One seen recently was a tangle of white chiffon and violets hung over a foundation of white silk under lace. The appearance was more like an overgrown bouquet than like an undersized parasol.

#### Pretty New Colors.

New colors are continually making their appearance and many of them are very attractive. Onion is the name given to one of the new colors. It is a creamy white tinged with gray and green. Gooseberry green is another new shade, and pale blue and lavender combinations are quite as popular as they were last season. The new shades and colors are a source of inspiration to milliners. For example, a hat of pale blue silk has the crown covered with little ensembles in all shades of lavender and knots of deep purple ribbon are the only other trimmings. Orchids decorate pale blue hats, and pansies in purples and lavenders embellish both light and dark blue straws.

#### Strawberry Gelatine, Fruit Salad.

Stalk a level tablespoonful of granulated gelatine in a fourth of a cup of cool water and dissolve by standing in hot water. Add the juice of half a lemon, three-quarters of a cup of sugar dissolved in a little hot water, and one and one-half cups of mashed strawberries rubbed through a sieve fine enough to retain the seeds. Add more sugar syrup if necessary to sweeten more. Turn into a border mold to harden. Turn out and fill with a mixture of seasonable fruit, such as sliced oranges, bananas, cherries, pineapples, etc. Sweeten with powdered sugar to taste and chill on ice.—Good Housekeeping.

#### Home-Made Wrist Frills.

Now that there is such a rage for real lace, and also for sleeve frills, the wide-awake girl will utilize any old-fashioned handkerchief trimmed with lace, such as real Valenciennes or Duchesse, which she may be fortunate enough to possess, for making sleeve flounces. By cutting them directly in two, joining the lace and linen carefully, and shaping the linen to fit the wrist, a very pleasing and satisfactory effect is obtained.

#### Mint Punch.

Put into your punch bowl a cupful of granulated sugar; add the juice of six lemons, and stir until the sugar melts. Put in three peeled lemons, sliced very thin, and leave in the ice until you are ready to use it. Add then, a dozen sprays of green mint and a quart, at least, of pounded ice. Stir well for a minute, and pour from a height into it, two or three bottles of imported ginger ale.

#### The Latest Idea in Sashes.

Sashes of soft ribbons, such as louisiane and liberty taffeta, are shown with the ends knotted at intervals and caught with a small artificial flower in the same tint as the ribbon. Yellow roses, rose buds and cowslips are used with canary color sashes, forget-me-nots with blue, almond blossoms and roses with pink, and poppy buds and geraniums with cardinal ribbon.

#### Colors for the Summer Girdle.

For silken girdles to wear with thin summer frocks, nothing approaches in daintiness and popularity the pompadour and Dresden ribbons, with borders of a solid color. Another favorite combination for girdles and corsetage choux is in the pastel shades. A striking instance, which tones perfectly with champagne frock, is champagne, blue and lavender in pastel shades of louisiane silk.

#### The Popular Turquoise.

The woman who is fond of turquoise stones will like the new dog collars formed from four, five or six strands of small ones, and held in place by straps of rhinestones. These new collars are enjoying a heavy sale with summer girls. They look very pretty with gauzy gowns intended for summer hops.

#### Lovely Japanese Fans.

Lovely fans of black and gauze have Japanese decorations representing a flight of butterflies. The motifs, which are executed with true Oriental craft, are produced by a combination of water color painting and tiny sequins—gilt or silver.

#### Gold Stamped Leather.

Gold stamped leather is coming in rapidly. It is used for some very handsome belts, as well as for handbags and pocketbooks. Dark blue and black, and occasionally white, are seen stamped with gilt or silver.

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## BLAMES RACE SUICIDE TO HIGHER EDUCATION

University Professor Declares That Marriages Are Reduced in This Country as a Result.

St. Louis, Mo., special: G. Stanley Hall, president of Clark university, Worcester, Mass., told the National Education convention that higher education and co-education are to blame for race suicide.

"By recent study it seems established," he said, "that higher education in this country reduces the rate of both marriages and offspring so that barely three-fourths of our male and only about one-half of our female graduates marry, and those who do so marry late, and have few children."

"A large percentage of high school girls actually wish they were boys. We seem to be developing a female sex without a female character."

"The rapid feminization of our schools encourages women teachers to give their own masculine traits and ideals free rein. Something is wrong with the girl in the middle teens who is not gushy or sentimental, at least at times."

"It is said that the presence of girls is humanizing for boys, but there is something wrong with the boy who can truly be called a 'perfect gentleman.' I do not like to urge that he should be a little rowdy, but vigor must not be sacrificed to primness."

## FORTUNE COMES AFTER YEARS

Western Woman Defrauded in Youth Now Finds Herself Rich.

Washington dispatch: The bureau years Mrs. Ida Bard, reared in affluence, a victim of a friend's alleged duplicity, has toiled among the sandhills of the west. Now she finds herself the owner of real estate valued at more than \$100,000. Chicago relatives have been looking for Mrs. Bard for two years. In 1897 she came to Imperial, Neb., at the age of 23. She taught school for a time and finally married David Bard, a ranchman. She will not reveal her maiden name. She admits that her parents died, a witness to the will defrauded her and in despair she banished herself from her friends.

## BLAST FURNACES ARE CLOSED

Joliet Officials Say Suspension Will Be for a Short Time Only.

Joliet, Ill., special: The three blast furnaces at the Joliet plant of the Illinois Steel company are closed, affecting about 600 men. All other departments are running, but further suspensions are expected. Officials here, however, have no definite knowledge along this line. They do not expect the blast furnaces to close and say the suspension probably will be for a short time only, during which repairs will be made.

## FALL NINETY FEET TO DEATH

Two Miners Are Killed While Engaged in Sinking New Shaft.

Springfield, Ill., dispatch: Benjamin Rhodes and Wilson Reed, contractors, were killed while engaged in sinking a new shaft for the Kirsckville Coal company, twelve miles from Shelbyville. The hook on the bucket in which they were being lowered into the shaft broke, letting them fall ninety feet. Rhodes leaves a wife and three children, while Reed was unmarried.

## Stradivarius Brings \$3,500.

London cable: A violin made by Antonius Stradivarius has been sold for \$3,500. It was once owned by a street musician well known to Londoners. He bought the instrument originally for \$6 and sold it, after several years' use, for \$125.

## BANK CASHIER SHORT \$90,025

Col. J. H. Plain of Aurora, Ill., Admits Embezzling the Funds.

## LOSES MONEY IN STEEL STOCK

Says He First Began to Speculate to Recover Losses in Colorado Land and Then Kept It Up to Pay Debt That Followed Venture.

Aurora, Ill., dispatch: The sensational slump of United States Steel corporation stock wiped away almost the last dollar of \$90,025 which was embezzled from the German-American National bank of this city by Jacob H. Plain, the bank's cashier. Other speculation started Plain on his career of defalcation, but it was steel that proved his ruin. Plain was arrested nearly a month ago, but the defalcation did not become known to the public until Wednesday, the officials of the bank keeping the arrest secret until they could prepare for a run. It is hoped that there will be no flurry, however, as the bank is said to be solvent.

## Father and Brother to Rescue.

The father and brother of the defauling cashier say that for the honor of the family name they will make good every dollar of the loss. Already John Plain, the father, and M. E. Plain, the brother, have made up \$30,000 of the amount embezzled, and the cashier has turned over property worth \$8,000 toward repaying the defalcation.

Cashier Plain was arrested June 9 by United States Marshal Ames after the discovery by C. H. Bosworth, national bank examiner, that he was short in his accounts. He was taken before United States Commissioner Mark A. Foote in Chicago, and under waiver of examination was held to the July term of the federal grand jury under bonds of \$10,000. The bonds were furnished by Plain's brother and Peter Klein and Edward M. Trask.

Cashier Shoulders Blame. In speaking of his defalcations former Cashier Plain said:

"I alone am to blame in this matter. I have often read of defalcations and embezzlements and wondered how men could do such things. I do not wonder any longer. The passion to become rich quickly seized me, and I fell. I am not going to evade anything; for six months I have spent sleepless nights over this thing, and I trust to rest easy now that I have made a full confession."

"On May 24 C. H. Bosworth, a national bank examiner, told me he had discovered some discrepancies in my accounts. I admitted being \$40,000 short and told him there was more. I had some legitimate investments, in real estate and other lines, but my investment in United States Steel stock finished me. I bought at 40 and sold at 11. How much did I lose in United States Steel? Oh, about \$30,000, maybe; I am not sure."

## Speculates to Cover Losses.

"I started speculating to cover my losses in Colorado investments. About ten years ago I was out there and bought grazing and agricultural land that proved a loss on my hands. Then I began speculating to make money to pay my debts. I never cared for money except to pay my debts. The gambling spirit does not appeal to me; I never bet on a horse race or indulged in any other form of ordinary gambling in my life."

Plain's salary as cashier is said to have been \$1,800 a year. He had been in the bank since its start fourteen years ago. Both the former cashier and M. E. Plain, his brother, were born in Aurora and enjoyed the confidence of the business men of the city. Their father, John Plain, started the bank, and is president of it. Since the discovery of the defalcation M. E. Plain has acted as cashier. A run on the bank has been anticipated by the directors, notwithstanding their statements and their personal assurances that all obligations would be met promptly.

## Prepare for a Run.

"The bank," said M. E. Plain, "has \$200,000 cash on hand with which to meet demands, and we probably could raise another \$200,000 in two or three days if necessary. The deposits amount to \$500,000. All our loans are on local commercial paper of a high class, and we own about \$50,000 in local bonds. Assurances of confidence have been given us by other Aurora bankers, and they will stand by us if there is any need. My father and myself have determined that this stain upon our family name shall be erased, and we will give every dollar we own, if need be, to that end."

Former Cashier Plain will be prosecuted, according to the bank officers. He is living in Aurora with his family, under indictment and awaiting trial. He has been popular in the city of his birth, and at one time was colonel of the third brigade of the state militia. The Aurora opera house is managed by him.

According to stories that Col. Plain is said to have told officers of the bank, he lost \$18,000 in Northern Pacific and \$10,000 in the Gates corn deal.

The stock of the bank has been worth from 140 to 150 more than the par value of 100. Leading depositors have expressed confidence in the bank's stability.

## UNRULY CROWDS SEEK TO ENTER LAND CLAIMS

Sheriff's Request for Militia to Keep Order Denied by Gov. Mickey—Cowboys at Broken Bow.

Omaha, Neb., dispatch: Nine millions of acres of government land in Nebraska were thrown open to homestead entry Tuesday under the provisions of the Kinkaid law, by which homesteaders may file upon 640 acres. At the United States land office in Nebraska many persons, a large percentage of women included, had gathered to secure choice sections. These crowds ranged from fifty at North Platte to 2,000 at Broken Bow, 2,000-000 acres being subject to entry at the latter named place.

Considerable strife was indulged in by prospective entrymen for first place in the lines, and at Broken Bow the authorities were at one time afraid they would be unable to handle the crowds. Sheriff Richardson telegraphed Gov. Mickey a request that the militia company at Broken Bow be ordered out to preserve order. The governor, after a telephone interview with United States Land Agent Reese, however, declined to order out the militia, but gave orders that the company be held in readiness for service. A number of deputy sheriffs were sworn in who prevented serious trouble.

Among the crowds at Broken Bow was a great number of cowboys, it is alleged, were on hand to file on sections now under fence by cattle barons.

Railroads carried a great number of persons to the land office at O'Neill, Alliance, Sidney and North Platte. At Norfolk nearly a thousand were in line. A recent withdrawal of land in the North Platte district for irrigation purposes lessened the crowd at that place. A greater part of the land subject to entry is fit only for grazing purposes and is sought by small ranchers.

## COMPOSER OF "DIXIE" DIES AT MOUNT VERNON

Dan Emmett, the Old-Time Minstrel, Passes Away Suddenly in His Ohio Birthplace.

Columbus, O., dispatch: Dan Emmett, old-time minstrel and composer of "Dixie," is dead.

A telephone message from Mount Vernon, O., announced his sudden death, that city. Emmett was about 85 years old. His last public appearance was made about four years ago, when he toured the States with a minstrel company.

Emmett was born in the town in which he died in 1815. As a boy he learned the printer's trade, but abandoned it to join the army. He became a member of Oscar Brown's circus company in 1835 and in 1842, with Frank Brown, William Whitlock and Richard Phelan, formed what was the first negro minstrel company, which made its first appearance at the old Chatham theater, New York. They were known as the Virginia minstreles and went from New York to Boston and later to England, where the three separated.

## LEADS MICHIGAN REPUBLICANS

Fred M. Warner Is Choice of State Convention for Governor.

Governor—Fred M. Warner. Lieutenant governor—Alexander Maitland. State treasurer—Frank P. Glazier. Secretary of State—George A. Prescott. Auditor general—Dr. J. B. Bradley. Attorney general—Charles A. Blair. Board of education—L. L. Wright. Superintendent of public instruction—P. H. Kelley. Land commissioner—W. H. Rose.

Detroit, Mich., special: But two contests worthy of the name marked the Republican state convention. One of these was the fight by Congressman William Alden Smith and State Senator Charles Simons for a broader declaration in the platform in favor of primary reform, and the other was on the nomination for auditor general.

The amendment to the resolutions pledging the party to the nomination of governor by a direct vote was defeated by a vote of 774 to 304.

The platform, which is short, indorses the platform adopted by the national convention at Chicago; indorses Roosevelt and Fairbanks, and expresses confidence in a memorable victory for the state ticket and "our fearless leader and typical Republican, Theodore Roosevelt."

## CONFESSES TO STEALING \$407,000

Cashier of Mexican Bank Has the Money Safely Invested.

City of Mexico, special: Jesus de los Cobos has confessed that he got "most, if not all," of the money stolen from the Banco Central. He says he invested the money safely and has not squandered any part of it. The police raided the house of commission merchants through which the money was invested. Four members of the firm were arrested, together with Blancha Rios, a well-known actress. Three members of the firm were held and the other released. They declare they were ignorant of the fact that the money was stolen. The amount stolen was \$407,000 in round numbers. The greater part, and perhaps all, will be recovered. Cobos was assistant cashier.

## Postal Robber Becomes Insane.

Des Moines, Iowa, dispatch: Charles N. Cissell, the veteran Des Moines postman, who was arrested by Postoffice Inspector Mahin on charges of systematic rifling of letters and later confessed to extensive thefts, has become violently insane.

## CLAIMS MOTHER WAS MURDERED

Daughter of Lafayette Woman Induces Coroner to Make Investigation.

## FINDS EVIDENCE OF POISONING

Returns Verdict That Mrs. Della Gordon Came to Her Death From the Use of a Strong, Noxious Drug—Husband Is Missing.

Lafayette, Ind., dispatch: If the theories of Coroner Morrison of this city are correct, Lafayette has a murder which promises to eclipse in interest any of recent years in this state. The coroner has returned a verdict stating that Mrs. Della Gordon, who died last week, was a victim of intestinal poisoning, and that a strong noxious drug had been used, causing her death.

There was nothing to indicate that Mrs. Gordon's death had been by any but natural causes until her daughter, Mrs. Maud Ensley, arrived in the city. The funeral had been held. Mrs. Gordon's husband, Thomas Gordon, who is Mrs. Ensley's stepfather, has not been seen since the death. The daughter had not known of her mother's demise until she heard of it through the newspapers.

Body Is Exhumed. She hastened from her home in Kokomo, and immediately made statements to the coroner which caused that official to have the body of Mrs. Gordon exhumed, and a post-mortem examination of the remains made. The dead woman is supposed to have been wealthy. No cause for suicide is known.

The story of Mrs. Gordon's life shows how the happiest of homes may be destroyed. She was the wife of Dr. M. L. Martin, a wealthy physician of Frankfort, Ind., and they lived contentedly together for a number of years. Thomas Gordon was at one time a well to do man, owning a chain of stores in northern Indiana. He had two daughters by his first wife. When he began to speculate prosperity abandoned him and adversity stepped in. He lost his money and was practically penniless. Dr. Martin, when he met the wife of

Left a Happy Home. Mrs. Martin, it is said, left her home and her child with Gordon, but was taken back and forgiven. A second time she left her home, and divorce proceedings were instituted. Mrs. Martin getting about \$100,000.

Last February she married Gordon and they moved to Lafayette. Mrs. Gordon was much younger than her former husband.

About a week ago she became ill and it is said that no physician was summoned. Gordon is said to have administered the medicine. As her condition became worse she was removed to St. Martin's hospital. She died a few hours after she had been taken to the institution.

Relatives induced the police to make an examination of the remains, after the daughter's arrival here, and search, it is alleged, has been begun for Gordon. No clew to his whereabouts has been found.

## PRESIDENT DIRECTS A PROBE

Bureau of Labor Investigating the Troubles in Colorado.

Lincoln, Neb., dispatch: For seven of labor, at the request of President Roosevelt, is making an investigation of the labor difficulties in Colorado under the organic act of the bureau which charges the commissioner of labor to investigate the causes of and the facts relating to controversies between employers and employees. The investigation which is already under way may last for some time, as it is the intention of the bureau to go to the very beginning of the trouble and endeavor to ascertain exactly what the difficulties are and the causes leading to them.

## LAD LASHED AT WHIPPING POST

Negro Boy Is Punished in Presence of a Thousand Persons.

Lexington, Ky., dispatch: In accordance with Police Judge John Riley's whipping post decision recently delivered, John West, a 14-year-old colored boy, was given fifty lashes in the public square. His coat was removed and the lad was whipped with a buggy whip in the presence of over a thousand citizens. Injuring private property was the charge against him. This is the second lad to be publicly whipped. The colored people seemed restive while the punishment was being given and there are threats of a legal test of the decision.

## JURY VALUES LEGS AT \$20,000

Wisconsin Man Gets Big Verdict for Losing Limbs in Accident.

Superior, Wis., dispatch: The largest personal verdict ever secured at the head of the lakes was that obtained in the federal court by Dell See, who was awarded \$20,000 against the Brown Hoist company of Cleveland. He sued for \$50,000. He was working on a coal dock where the company was installing machinery for unloading boats and was caught in a clamshell bucket and lost both legs below the hips. He gets around now by riding on a cart which he pushes with spiked sticks. The jury was out but a few hours.



## THE CULVER CITIZEN

J. H. KOONTZ & SON, PUBLISHERS.

### SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Year, in advance.....\$1.00  
Six Months, in advance......50  
Three Months, in advance......25

### ADVERTISING

Rates for home and foreign advertising made known on application.  
Legal advertising at the rates fixed by law.

Entered at the postoffice at Culver, Indiana, as second-class mail matter.

CULVER, INDIANA, JULY 7, 1904.

### Must Carry "Work Book."

In Bohemia every wage worker, of whatever sex or age, must have a "work book," which contains his personal description and history, and his employer's endorsements. Permission to travel in search of work must be indorsed by the local authorities. In changing locations a certificate from original place of residence must be secured and filed at the new location. This work book, therefore, becomes a passport, exhaustive in its way. It must be produced and recorded at each new location, and permission to leave the country must be specifically stated.

### Russian Gamblers.

The spirit of gambling seems to dominate all classes in Russia. Recent official statistics show that more than 2,000,000 roubles (about \$330,000) are each year spent on playing cards in the land of the czar. The monopoly of the manufacture of playing-cards belongs to the Czaritza Maria charitable institutions, and an income of 1,700,000 (\$280,000) a year is produced, the cost of manufacture being only 300,000 roubles (\$50,000).—London Tit-Bits.

### Trying to Reform.

Two English literary women have recently taken up regular vocations, and have abandoned writing. One has become a beauty doctor and the other has invented and is placing upon the market a hair restorer. But because these women have placed upon their advertisements "by the author of" so-and-so, strangely enough, they are now being criticised. Public acknowledgment, however, that they have turned from literature and are attempting to earn an honest living and lead a better life, should rather be commended, and should lead all charitable people to lend a helping hand.—New York Globe.

### Ants That Hold Slaves.

Slavemaking is a trait of ant life which has attracted much attention. It is practised by different species, and while in some cases the slaves, belonging to different groups from their masters, perform the ordinary duties of the nest, acting as servants, in other cases there is a complete dependence of the owners on the slaves. One ant, noted by Huber in 1808, was shown to be in danger of actual starvation unless fed by the slaves. A British species makes slaves but is not dependent upon them. It, however, carries off the pupae from the nests of the ants on which it makes its forays and the strange ants born in the nest of the conqueror takes up menial duties.

### WIVES MUST BE BOUGHT.

Better Halves Only Secured by Purchase in Parts of Russia. Wives are still obtained by purchase in some parts of Russia. In the district of Kamyschin, on the Volga, for example, this is practically the only way in which marriages are brought about. The price of a pretty girl from a well-to-do family ranges from £20 to £40, and in special cases a much higher sum is obtained. In the villages the lowest price is about £5. It is customary for the fathers of the intending bride and bridegroom to haggle for a long time over the price to be paid for the lady. A young farmer whose father cannot afford to pay for a wife for him need not think of getting married.

### Spoiling One's Good Looks.

It should be the aim of every woman to master the expression of her face. Expression is the action of certain muscles of the face. Joy, sadness, love, hate, fear or anger, each calls into play a set of muscles. The habitual use of one of these leaves on the countenance marks which tell their own story, says the Montreal Herald. Cultivate placidity of expression, and rest assured that there will be no danger of vacancy of countenance. Avoid wrinkling your brow, closing one eye, frowning, sniffing, "turning up the nose," thrusting the tongue into the cheek, pouting, pointing the lips, pursing up the mouth or letting it roll open, opening widely the eyes, waggling the head, grinning, or otherwise twisting or contorting the features. It means sure damage to a pretty face and is inconsistent with good breeding.

### Scientific Farming in Denmark.

Agricultural co-operation in marketing farm produce became a definite, settled practice in Denmark about twenty-two years ago, and at present it has the most perfect system of agricultural co-operation in the world. Denmark is strictly an agricultural country, densely populated, and limited in area, and the range of intelligence, taking it through all classes, is perhaps as high as, if not higher than in any other country in the world. Agricultural exports have quadrupled as a direct result of the impetus given to production by co-operation, and Danish farmers are now receiving very much higher prices for their produce than any of their competitors in foreign markets.

## SAT LONG AT TABLE.

DIGNITARIES MADE DINNER AN ELABORATE MEAL.

Years After, Simple Italian Wondered Whether Archbishop Had Finished His Meal—Ceremonies Carried to an Extreme.

Dinner in the fifteenth and sixteenth centuries was eaten at 11 o'clock and supper at 4 or 5. These were very long meals, as the following anecdote from the "Arte of Rhetorike," by Thomas Wilson, will show: "An Italian, having a suit here in England to the archbishop of York that then was, and coming to York when one of the prebendaries there brake his bread, as they term it, and thereupon made a solemn long dinner, the which perhaps began at 11 and continued well nigh till 4 in the afternoon, at which dinner the bishop was. It fortuned that, as they were set, the Italian knocked at the gate, unto whom the porter, perceiving his errand, answered that my lord bishop was at dinner. The Italian departed and returned between 12 and 1. The porter answered they were yet at dinner. He came again at 2 of the clock. The porter told him they had not half dined. He came at 3 o'clock, unto whom the porter, in a heat, answered never a word, but churlishly did shut the gate upon him. Whereupon others told the Italian that there was no speaking with my lord almost all that day for the solemn dinner's sake. The Italian, wondering much at such a long sitting, and greatly grieved because he could not then speak with the archbishop's grace, departed straight toward London, and, leaving the dispatch of his matters with a friend of his, took his journey toward Italy. Three years after it happened that an Englishman came to Rome, with whom this Italian by chance falling acquainted, asked him if he knew the archbishop of York. The Englishman said he knew him right well. 'I pray you tell me,' quoth the Italian, 'hath that archbishop yet dined?'"

### SERMONS OF "UNCLE RUFUS."

Gift of Eloquence Possessed by Illiterate Dandy.

"Near my home over in Virginia," says the business woman, "there is a small Baptist church, where every Sunday a negro called Uncle Rufus preaches. I have always suspected that Uncle Rufus doesn't know how to read, though he won't confess it. I am sure his eldest daughter selects his texts for him, but I wouldn't dare tell him I think so. He came to see me the last time I was at home, and I promised to send him a new Bible from Washington. His last name is Robertson or Robinson, and when I was asking how I should address the package I inquired how he spelled his name. Uncle Rufus wasn't to be caught by any such transparent trick as that.

"Well, Miss Betty," he said, 'I ain't a-goin' to tell you how I spells it. You jes' spell it the way you likes best. I certainly ain't going to dictate to a lady.'

"I went once to hear Uncle Rufus preach a funeral sermon," says the same woman. "It was a flowery and eloquent address, garnished with many quotations. Uncle Rufus referred touchingly to the untimely taking off of the deceased and to the ways of providence, which are beyond mortal comprehension.

"Shorely, my friends," said he, 'what the poet says is a fact. God moves in a mischievous way His wonders to reform.'"—Washington Post.

### Growth of the Great West.

In 1850 the country beyond the Mississippi was a waiting wilderness. Today, with Alaska, it is three-quarters of the area of the country. It has more than a quarter of the people, one-third the number of farms, half the improved farm area and nearly half the farm value. The population has grown 957 per cent in fifty years—from 1,500,000 to 22,000,000. Missouri, Iowa and Louisiana exceed in density of population the general average. Ten cities beyond the Mississippi exceed 100,000 population. The mineral products of the west in the census year were \$144,000,000. California has yielded one-eighth of the world's total gold produced since Columbus.—New York World.

### Is Against Large Battleships.

Admiral Sir Cyprian Bridge, who has just retired from his post as commander of the British fleet in Chinese seas, doubts the wisdom of building big battleships. These large vessels, he says, lack in practicability; they are not sailors' ships. When one of them is crippled or sunk the loss is too great, and Sir Cyprian thinks two ships costing together the same amount would be much better than one of the floating giants.

### Max Muller Fund Grows.

The final balance sheet of the Max Muller memorial fund shows that the total receipts amounted to \$11,600. The fund is applied "to the promotion of learning and research in all matters relating to the history and archaeology, the languages, literatures and religions of ancient India." King Edward VII, the German emperor, the king of Sweden and Norway and the crown prince of Siam were among the contributors.

### Not to Be Told.

Wife—John, you've been drinking. Oh, I can tell.  
Husband—Well, don't do it, m'dear. Let's keep it a family secret.—Philadelphia Press.

## RIDICULE FELL FLAT

OVERCOME BY UNRUFFLED DIGNITY AND COMPOSURE.

Successful Method Made Use of by Socrates Recommended to Those Whose Opinions Are Not in Accord With the Majority.

A young man who had espoused a modern and radical religious faith was much distressed by the ridicule of his acquaintances. Smarting under their derision, he sought a wise old man, and after explaining the situation asked:

"What attitude am I to preserve when attacked on the subject of my convictions? People will neither let me alone nor meet me in fair argument. Instead, they make me the butt of jests, of so unwarranted a nature that it would be a coward's part to ignore them."

"Advice in such a case is hard to give," replied the old man. "But I can tell you a true story of Socrates which may be of help to you."

"The philosopher's ascendancy in Athens incurred the hatred of persons who were least qualified to antagonize him on his own ground of ethics. These detractors had resource to ridicule. Chief among them was the eminent poet aristophanes, who produced a merciless satire at the theater, intended to make Socrates the laughing stock of the entire city. The name of the drama in Greek is equivalent to 'The Man in the Clouds.' Socrates was represented as hanging in a basket in the air and giving utterance to pedantic absurdities. In modern parlance, the play was a 'hit.' People who had failed to apprehend the philosopher's teachings—even some who understood and revered him—were infected by the spirit of the burlesque and had a laugh at his expense. The humor of the thing was thought irresistible, and all Athens held its sides and guffawed with Aristophanes. The performance was often repeated.

"Then one day Socrates himself came to witness the play. His presence added greatly to the amusement of the audience, and the occasion was one of rare delight to those who wished him ill. The mirth was at its height when the philosopher rose and walked quietly to a conspicuous place, where he remained standing while the farce continued. A startling contrast was presented to the audience. On the one hand the real 'Man in the Clouds,' silent, with unruffled dignity and serene composure, opposing the nobility of patience to ignorant contempt; on the other hand the apish and malicious imitator. No voluble defiance, no eloquence of denunciation could have matched this simple object lesson. Again, to use modern parlance, Athens 'tumbled to itself.' Socrates' name was shouted, no longer in derision but with a storm of applause, and the audience would not permit the farce to proceed."

### TRULY A MODEL SERVANT.

Man Stuck to His Duty Though His House Was Burning.

Miss Ida Tarbell, the writer, was talking at her home in New York about servants.

"I have been reading," she said, "John Forster's 'Life of Dickens,' and the book has reminded me of the pompous Forster's body servant, Henry. Dickens described Henry during his last visit to America.

"The man, it seems, was devoted to his master. From one year's end to the other he never needed a reprimand.

"It was therefore surprising one night, when Forster was entertaining several writers at dinner, to see the scrupulous Henry make error after error. He upset a plate of soup, and Forster uttered a cry of alarm. He forgot to serve the sauce for the fish, and his master said, 'Why, Henry!' Altogether he made the excellent dinner seem a slovenly and poor repast.

"When, at the end, he had set the port and walnuts on the table, Henry leaned over Forster's chair and said in a tremulous voice:

"Please, sir, can you spare me now? My house has been on fire for the last two hours."

### Dance to Take Strain Out of Muscles.

Dr. Bishoff of Vladiv, Chile, describes the hard work of the mining peons, who carry 150 pounds of ore in bags strapped to their shoulders while they climb up hundreds of feet on ladders, often consisting only of notched trees. They toil without a recess from 6 a. m. to 4 p. m., and might seem to be in need of all the rest they can get, but before supper they prefer to take the strain out of their muscles after a fashion of their own, viz., dancing vehemently to the sound of a fiddle for an hour or two, or even longer if their lady friends happen to muster in force.—Health Cure.

### Germany's Machine Industry.

The machine industry of Germany was never in worse condition than at present. Two reasons are given for the decline: First, the great depression in industrial life all over the empire; and, second, the enormous strides in the use of gas engines and steam turbines within the last few years.

### Failures in Germany.

Commercial failures to the number of 11,952 were reported in Germany in 1903. The average amount of each failure was \$10,856.

### Noted Mississippian.

Lyman Warren Ayer, the first white person born in Mississippi, will be 70 years old June 10.

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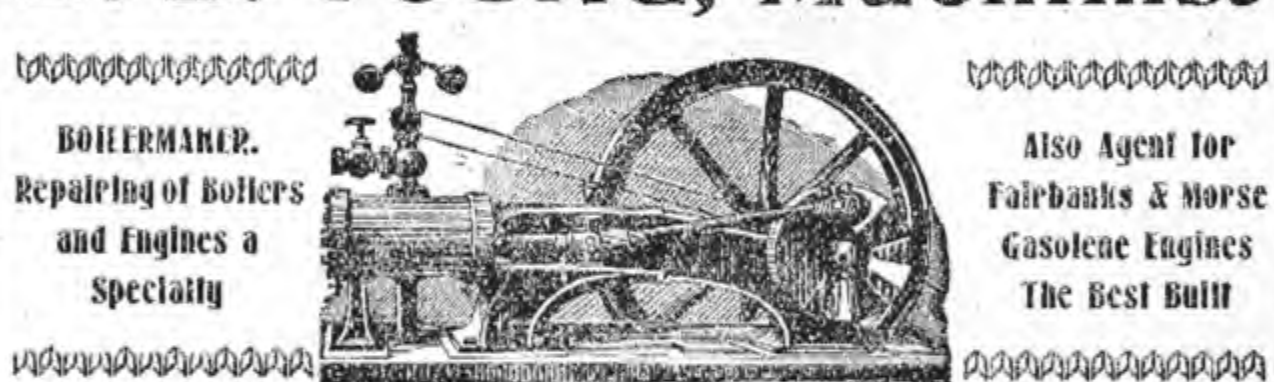
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# Corn Cultivators

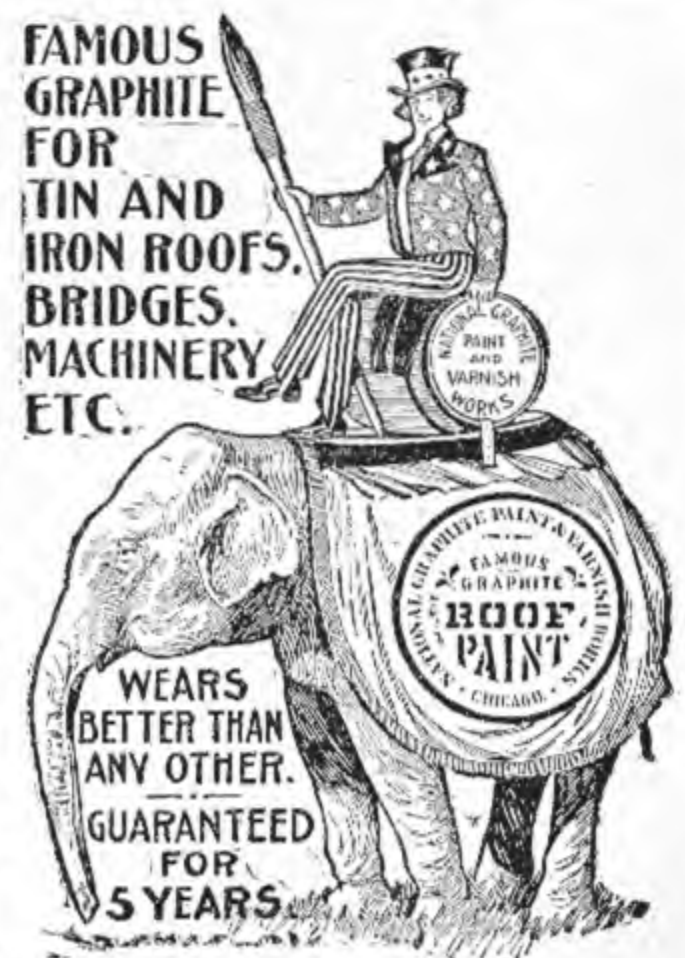
We have the most complete line of Corn  
Cultivators ever in Culver. Walking and  
Riding Cultivators, Pivot Ax and Pivot  
Gangs, at prices from \$12.00 to \$28.00.

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the finest and best ware on the market.

Headquarters  
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Lowest prices on every item in our stock.

## COOK BROS.





# THE CULVER CITIZEN

J. H. KOONTZ & SON, Publishers.

CULVER, INDIANA, JULY 7, 1904.

Miss Edna Stahl left for Winona Assembly last Wednesday where she will take a course in the summer school.

## Etiquette of Turf Colors.

A curious usage of the turf is one which ordains that, when once worn, the cap and jacket representing a patrons "colors" become the property of the jockey. If, as frequently happens the owner wishes to retain them as a memento of a successful race, he must buy them from the employee to whom, perhaps, he gave them but an hour or two before.

## Origin of Scotch Names.

The Scotch prefixes Mac, Mc and M', each mean son, and are nearly as common among them as "son" is among the Scandinavians. The Scotch have a relatively few number of surnames, however, owing to entire clans sometimes having the same family name. Indeed, most of Scotch names were originally not surnames at all, in our sense of the word, but clan names.

## Democratic Belgium.

Belgium is probably the most democratic of all the monarchical states. The king of the Belgians not only does not wear a crown, but has not even got a crown to wear! No coronation ceremony is known to the constitution, the sovereign inaugurating his reign simply by taking an oath to govern according to the laws. Moreover, the births of his children, if he has any, must be registered in exactly the same phraseology and in the same set of books as the births of the humblest of his subjects.

## Wedding Paralyzed Business.

The first recorded case of the marriage of a white man to a black "gin" has recently occurred at Bamboo Springs, in western Australia. According to the local paper the ceremony had the effect of completely paralyzing business in Bamboo Springs for that day, the whole township turning out for the wedding. Nevertheless the "lucky" man, who is a well-to-do grazier, had some difficulty in even obtaining witnesses to sign the register, two old prospectors finally consenting when sufficient inducement was offered them.

## Jewish Funerals.

Wolfenstein, in his "Idyls of the Gass," tells of the peculiar tenderness of a Jewish burial society. When a death occurs there, he says, whether in the house of the rich or the poor, the society sends one locked boxes funds of the society, the other is empty. The fund is then transferred from one box to the other, and in the process one may add to it, or take from it, or leave it intact. The boxes are then returned locked, and no one knows or can know who has made a donation or who has a charity funeral.

## Condor Being Exterminated.

The California condor is practically the rarest bird living in the world today, being much scarcer than the Andean condor of South America, and is rapidly following the great auk and Labrador duck into extinction. Its skin is valued at from \$25 to \$75 by taxidermists, while the egg is worth from \$100 to \$200 according to its condition, and there is always a market for both skin and egg open to the collector who is so fortunate as to take either. Within a few years these huge birds, whose wing spread is often thirteen feet, will all have passed away.

## Liddon and St. Athanasius.

In St. Paul's cathedral, London, on the last Sunday of the year 1903, Canon Newbolt paid a remarkable tribute to the memory of the late Dr. Liddon. "It is now," he said, "more than thirty years since a great theologian whose voice sounded from this pulpit said that if the Athanasian creed were tampered with he would resign his preferments and retire from the ministry of the church, and nothing has occurred since then to make us think that if he were alive to-day he would alter his opinion. Dr. Liddon's unswerving loyalty still lives and works mightily upon us, and we remember his warning."

## Unlovely Qualities.

Dissension in families often arises from a lack of mutual consideration among the members of the family. The "soft answer that turneth away wrath" is forgotten for the hasty reply, the unkind retort, that kindles the ire of ill-feeling, says the Brooklyn Times.

Love does not linger in the home where rudeness shows its unlovely qualities. It chooses to dwell in the home where the spirit of unselfishness, of self-control, of thoughtfulness of charitableness makes the atmosphere sweet. Happy homes depend on happy hearts. Home is distinctively a woman's sphere, and she who sweetens it most makes earth nearer heaven.

## Woman Disposes.

At one time during the life of the duke of Wellington it was currently rumored in London society that he was about to lead Miss Angela Burdett-Coutts to the altar. Some friend ventured to ask the famous soldier if this was indeed true, and received as answer, "I said she deserved to be a duchess; I did not say I would make her one." When the same friend repeated this to the young lady in question, the latter observed quietly, "I think he ought to have said 'could,' not 'would.'"

# FIRST TORPEDO BOAT

TORONTO MAN CLAIMS CREDIT FOR ITS INVENTION.

Effort Made to Sink Union War Vessel Outside of Charleston Harbor Marked Beginning of Formidable Naval Weapon.

"I built the first torpedo boat that ever worked," said James C. Cousins, a local newsdealer, to a reporter, in discussing the use of torpedoes in the Russo-Japanese war, says the Toronto correspondent of the New York Herald.

"I was a ship carpenter at Charleston, S. C., when the civil war began, and as there were a lot of Yankee vessels about there Gen. Beauregard asked me one day to see what I could do in the way of a torpedo boat.

"I took some one-inch boards and built a cigar-shaped boat thirty feet long. At the bow we rigged a copper kettle holding about seventy-five pounds of powder. The kettle was fastened to a pole, so that we could lift it out of the water when the boat was going, and then sink it about eight feet under water when we got to close quarters.

The pole was at an angle of forty-five degrees, so that the kettle would strike the hull of the enemy below the water line. The kettle had some percussion caps on the top, and the force of the collision would make them explode the powder. The boat was made like this," said Mr. Cousins, and pulling out a pencil, he drew a sketch.

"We rigged the boat in Capt. James Eastman's yard and called it the Little David. That was in 1862. When it was finished we saw the big Yankee war vessel Ironsides just outside of Charleston harbor, and sent the Little David after her. The boat was in charge of Mr. Mills and the crew were Lieut. Lascelle, Charles Hanco, who acted as pilot, and a big Irishman—I forget his name. The Little David went straight for the Ironsides, the torpedo was lowered and exploded against the hull. The water washed over the Little David and some of it went down the smokestack and put out the fire. Lascelle and the Irishman jumped overboard, but Hanco and Mills managed to get the Little David back into the harbor, and she often did good work after that. The Ironsides did not sink, but she was so badly damaged that she had to be towed away by two other vessels."

Mr. Cousins, who was born in Newcastle-on-Tyne, England, has had a varied career. After a trip through the Baltic he sailed for years in the Mediterranean. He worked in a shipyard in Quebec about fifty years ago, but, becoming tired of the job, traveled through the United States. After Charles years in Europe he went to the U. S. at the opening of the war and joined the Charleston Light Infantry, under Capt. T. G. Simmons. He spent four months in garrison at Fort Sumter after the surrender of Maj. Anderson, and afterward took part in fourteen engagements.

## DESERVED TO SELL SAFE.

Story in Itself Was Well Worth an Order.

Robert M. McNamee, the mayor of Baltimore, said the other day: "Naturally, since our devastating fire, the salesmen of safes have been doing a rushing business here. "I am told that two safe salesmen, representing rival firms, called simultaneously on a business man one morning last week. The first salesman said:

"To demonstrate the quality of our safes, it is our custom to put a cat in one of them, to lock it, to build a great fire around it, and to leave it in the flames for twenty-four hours. At the end of the twenty-four hours we open the safe and the cat leaps out, unharmed."

"Wonderful!" said the merchant. "Wonderful!"

"The second salesman spoke up.

"We once put a cat in a safe of ours," he said, "and kept it surrounded with fire for a week. At the end of the week what condition do you suppose the cat was in?"

"Dead?" said the merchant.

"Yes, dead," said the salesman.

"But do you know how it died?"

"No. How?"

"It froze to death."

## Cheap Performances.

The success of the Berne popular theatre experiment is assured. Twice a week the doors of the principal playhouses are open to the public at the nominal price of ten cents to all comers. Although theaters are subsidized by the state in some countries, the Swiss are the first without state aid to bring to the drama the intelligent and even educated citizens who cannot pay the cheapest rates at the regular performances. The deficit in the box-office receipts is made up from a fund of \$4,000 raised by voluntary gifts.

## Girl Diver Does Good Work.

Miss Inez Callamore, a handsome San Francisco girl of 24, after repeated rebuffs, was given permission to descend in eight fathoms of water off the Golden Gate for the purpose of examining the hull of a sunken vessel. Four men divers had been there before her, but she accomplished more than all of them put together. Miss Callamore's father has been a diver on the Pacific coast for many years.

Looking for Something Better. "I assure you," he urged, "that I can support you in the style to which you have been accustomed."

## Blessings in Disguise.

Mourn not the goods that fall not to your share; Each longed for blessing to your prayer denied. Does not give place to gift more rich and rare. Impossible had you not thus been tried.

Grieve not when efforts fail, as fall they will; Each purpose thwarted is but leading you. To fields of striving, nobler, loftier still. Which earlier success had hid from view.

To win the heights where peace and joy abide, Our bleeding feet try many a path in vain; But every crooked way and treacherous guide We find, at last, has helped those heights to gain.

—Perry F. Bicknell in Christian Badger. Don't forget the 21st Annual Niagara Falls excursion via the Nickel Plate Road Aug. 16th. For details ask local agent or write C. A. Asterlin, T. P. A. Ft. Wayne, Ind. for interesting booklet.

## Claims Valuable Discovery.

Nelson W. Miller, an attorney of Tiffin, Ohio, claims that he has discovered a process by which he is able to solder aluminum, a secret which has been sought in vain for years.

All aboard for Boston G. A. R. National Encampment August 15-20, via the Nickel Plate Road. Tickets on sale Aug. 12th 13th and 14th, '04. Liberal return limit. Stop off at Niagra Falls and Chautauqua Lake. A special G. A. R. train will leave Chicago 8 a. m. Aug. 13th. For rates, reservations in sleeping cars, etc., call on local agent or address C. A. Asterlin, T. P. A. Eort Wayne, Ind.

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12:20	10:15	11:35	3:30	Valparaiso	9:45	8:10	5:55	12:20	10:15	11:35	3:30
12:25	11:10	12:30	4:00	So. Waukegan	10:15	8:40	6:25	12:25	10:15	11:35	4:00
1:25	12:10	1:30	5:00	Knox	10:45	9:10	6:55	1:25	12:10	1:30	5:00
2:25	1:10	2:30	6:00	Elkhart	11:15	9:40	7:25	2:25	1:10	2:30	6:00
3:25	2:10	3:30	7:00	Argos	11:45	10:10	7:55	3:25	2:10	3:30	7:00
4:25	3:10	4:30	8:00	Mentone	12:15	10:40	8:25	4:25	3:10	4:30	8:00
5:25	4:10	5:30	9:00	Clayton	12:45	11:10	8:55	5:25	4:10	5:30	9:00
6:25	5:10	6:30	10:00	So. Whitley	1:15	11:40	9:25	6:25	5:10	6:30	10:00
7:25	6:10	7:30	11:00	Ft. Wayne	1:45	12:10	9:55	7:25	6:10	7:30	11:00
8:25	7:10	8:30	12:00	Cleveland	2:15	12:40	10:25	8:25	7:10	8:30	12:00
9:25	8:10	9:30	1:00	Buffalo	2:45	1:10	10:55	9:25	8:10	9:30	1:00
10:25	9:10	10:30	2:00	New York	3:15	1:40	11:25	10:25	9:10	10:30	2:00
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# The Ward of King Canute

## A Romance of the Danish Conquest.

By OTTILIE A. LILJENCRANTZ, author of *The Thrill of Lief the Lucky*.  
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### CHAPTER II.—Continued.

Snatching up her slackened rein with one hand, his rider managed to secure her leaping cap with the other; and after the first bounce she caught the jerky gait instinctively and swayed her body into its uneven swing. But her heart was all at once a-throb in a wild panic. Was this what a boy must expect? "If these other men behave so, it is in my mind to tell them that I am a woman," she decided. "Since they are my own people, no evil can come of their knowing; and I dislike the other feeling."

The recollection that she had always this escape open gave her a new lease of boldness. When a sentinel stopped her near the top, she faced him with a fairly firm front.

"I have war news for King Canute," she told him haughtily; and he let her pass with no more than a grin.

She had come in by the back door, but now she had begun to reach the better quarters. Her nose reported sooner than her eyes that a meal was in making; and a glow of anticipation braced her famished body. There, a dozen yards to the left, the meal was nearly over; between the gnarled trunks the fire shone like a red eye; and bursts of merriment and snatches of boisterous song marked the beginning of the drinking.

Sometimes a woman's lighter laughter would mingle with the peal. Sometimes, through the swaying branches, Randalin caught sight of the flower-fair face of an English girl bending between the shaggy yellow heads of the captors. Once she came upon a brawny Viking employing his huge fingers to twine a golden chain around a white throat. The girl's face was dimpling bewitchingly as she held aside her shining hair. Randalin had an impulse of triumph.

"I wish that Sister Wynfreda could see that, now since it is her belief that Danes are always overbearing

her breath, he had raised the tent-flap, pushed her bodily through the entrance, and dropped the linen door behind her.

### CHAPTER III.

#### When Royal Blood Is Young Blood.

Three richly dressed warriors, clinking golden goblets across a table—so much Randalin caught in her first glance. On the spot where the sentinel had released her she stopped, stock-still, and with eyes bent on the ground tremblingly awaited the royal attention.

Her first thought was that a king's tent was very like a trader's booth. Spears and banners and gold-bossed shields decorated the walls, while the reed-strewn ground was littered with furs and armor, with jeweled altar-cloths and embroidered palls and wonderful gold-laced garments. The rude temporary benches were spread with splendid covers of purple and green, upon which silver lilies and gold-eyed peacocks had been wrought with exquisite skill. Randalin's gaze lingered, dazzled, then slowly rose to examine the master of all this wealth.

He was not so easy to pick out. Of the three men around the table, only one was a graybeard; and of the two striplings left, either might have been the son of Sven of Denmark. Both were finely formed; both were dressed with royal splendor, and the hair of each fell from under a jeweled circlet in uncut lengths of shining fairness.

The hair of the shorter one, though, was finer; and no red taint of the purity of its gold. When one came to look at it, it was like a royal cloak. Perhaps he might be the king! Then she noticed that his shoulders lacked the breadth of his companion's by as much as a palm's width; and her mind wavered. Surely so great a king as Canute must be broader-shouldered than any of his subjects!

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peace, he was forced to creep back to my feet like a dog that has been kicked. Was there gold enough in his bribe to regild his fame?"

The gnarled old face of Thorke the Tall grew livid; growing in his grizzled beard, his hand moved instinctively toward his sword. But Rothgar caught his arm with a boisterous laugh.

"Glowy, old wolf!" he admonished. "Never snarl at the snapping of the cub you have raised."

The king had not moved at the threatening gesture, and he did not move now, but he echoed the laugh bitterly.

A snort of impatience distended the nostrils of Thorke the Tall.

"At such times as these," he said, "are brought to my mind the words of Ulf Jarl, that a man does not really stand well upon his legs until he has lived twenty-five winters."

Up came the king's yellow head. There was no question now about his temper. A spot of fiery red marked each cheek-bone, and his colorless eyes were points of blazing light.

"Better is it to stand unsteadily upon two legs than to go naturally upon four," he retorted. "If I also am a beast, at least there is a man's mind in me that tells me to loathe myself for being so. Even as I loathe you—both of you—and all your howling pack! Make me no answer or, by the head of Odin, you shall feel my fangs. Oh, leave me, leave me, before I lose my human nature and go mad like a dog! Leave—You laugh!"

As he caught sight of Rothgar, he interrupted him with a roar. His hand shot to his belt and plucking forth the jeweled knife that hung there, he hurled it, a glittering streak, at the grinning face. If it had reached home, one of Rothgar's eyes would have gone out in darkness.

But the son of Lodbrok had known his royal foster-brother too long to be taken by surprise. Throwing up a wooden platter like a shield, he caught the quivering blade in its bottom, whence he drew it forth with good-humored composure.

"If you wish to give a friend a present, King, you should not throw it at him so angrily," he suggested. "Had you given me the sheath, too, your gift would have been doubly dear."

Gradually the color flowed back to the young king's eyes and softened them; gradually his mouth relaxed from its fierce lines and drooped in bitter curves. When at last his fingers stopped their nervous beat, it was to unfasten the sheath of chased gold which was attached to his waist, and stretch it out to Rothgar.

"Have it your own way," he said gravely. "It is right that I pay some fine; I have a troll's temper. Take the sheath. But do not make the mistake again of laughing at me because you cannot understand me. But one person may do that and live, and that person is a woman, and my wife. There is a strange feeling in my heart that we have begun to travel different paths, you and I—and that it is because we no longer walk on the same level of ground, that we no longer see any object in the same light. And my mind tells me that in time to come your path will lead you down into the valley and my road will take me up the mountain-side, until even our voices shall no longer reach across." He came out of his dreaming abruptly. "It is not worth while to speak further. Leave me, as I ordered you. There is no unfriendliness in my mind at this, but I can command myself no further. Go."

Rothgar said, with some approach to formal courtesy, "I ask you to pardon it that I have done what you dislike, for I wish that the least of all the world. And I give you thanks for your gift." Their hands clasped strongly as the trinket passed from grasp to grasp.

Then the sage and the soldier turned and strode past the cowering figure of Randalin and out of the linen doorway.

(To be continued.)

### THE LOCUST PARTY FAILED.

#### Fly "Mixed In," and the Excitement Was Over.

The last years of Justice Dykman's life he delighted to sit in his yard and watch the insects and all the small life with which the summer teemed. He was especially interested last year in the locusts, which would burst out of their old skin one by one, and one morning he invited a party of his neighbors over to watch a particularly fat locust break out of its old prison. As the shell slowly cracked the judge became more and more excited, until suddenly a big fly pounced on the locust and stung it through the crack, on its fresh, new back. Of course, this killed the locust instantly, and there was no more squirming within the old shell. The judge was highly indignant. "The confounded rascal," he exclaimed, "stung the locust, did he? The beastly fly! Isn't that too bad, now; isn't that too bad!" and then he apologized to his neighbors for the fly's bad behavior and the failure of his locust party.—New York Tribune.

#### Palace for Empress Taitou.

A new palace for the Empress of Abyssinia has been built at Jerusalem for the accommodation of her majesty Taitou and her retinue during her visit to the Holy City next Easter tide. The building cost about £4,000 and the furniture, which has been ordered in England and France, will cost over £3,000. The empress is expected to bring with her a large retinue, and will stay in Jerusalem three months. During this time she will visit Bethlehem, Gethsemane, Hebron, Jericho and the Jordan valley. Her majesty is reported to have expressed a wish to end her days in the Holy City.



### Holstein-Friesian Annual Meeting.

The nineteenth annual meeting of the Holstein-Friesian Association of America was held at Syracuse, N. Y. There were present about 200 members. The fee for registry on imported cattle was increased to \$25. The fees for registry of bulls were reduced as follows: Non-members, \$4 and if over one year, \$8; members, \$2 and if over one year, \$4. At a near date all certificates of registry will bear diagrams of the color markings instead of word descriptions as formerly. It was voted to express weights in pounds and decimals of pounds. The regular appropriations for prizes for A. R. O. tests, at fairs, and for the literary committee, were made, amounting in all to about \$9,000.

The treasurer reported receipts including balance on hand last year of \$42,040.57 and disbursements of \$9,745.51, leaving cash on hand \$32,295.06. The total membership has reached 1,154. Total registration 5,567 cows and 2,477 bulls, 9,042 transfers were issued, being the largest business in the history of the association.

The election of officers resulted: President, A. A. Cortelyou; vice-presidents, W. A. Matteson, Ulca, N. Y.; H. B. Daggett, Milwaukee, Wis.; R. M. Hotelling, San Francisco, Cal.; H. L. Bronson, Cortland, N. Y.; directors, T. A. Mitchell, Weedsport, N. Y.; W. B. Barney, Hampton, Iowa; W. S. Carpenter, Menominee, Mich.; D. H. Burrell, Little Falls, N. Y.; E. D. F. Smith, Columbus, Ohio; W. J. Gillett, Rosendale, Wis.

Treasurer, Wing R. Smith, Syracuse, N. Y.; secretary and editor, Frederick L. Houghton, Brattleboro, Vt.; Supt. of Advanced Registry, S. Hoxie, Yorkville, N. Y.

### Influence of the Hand Separator.

The hand separator is exercising a most beneficial influence on the dairy interests in the localities where it is being used. The man that has four or five cows and buys a hand separator soon awakes to the realization that the hand separator will skim the milk for fifteen cents as well as for the number of cows he has. The work of cleaning the separator would be no more than for the lesser number of cows. This leads him to look around for more cows, as a matter of investment. Reports indicate that there is a tendency for the hand separator dairy of a few cows to increase in the number of animals giving milk. The hand separator has another good influence, and that is that the matter of cleanliness is emphasized. The farmer is told by the intelligent cream separator agent that he must wash this separator every time it is used and wash it thoroughly. The habit established in the matter of the separator extends itself to every other article connected with the dairying operations. The men that buy hand separators are the most intelligent men engaged in dairy work and are the quickest to take up with a new idea of value. The greatest good, however, will come from the increasing desire to keep a larger number of good dairy cows than before the separator was purchased.

### Straining the Milk.

To many a farmer's wife it would be superfluous to advise her to strain the milk. She would no sooner think of neglecting that part of the work than she would of leaving the cow un-milked. It will be a surprise to such to learn that in the case of people supplying milk to creameries and cheese factories it has become quite a common practice not to strain the milk. After milking the cows at night, the milk is dumped into the cans and left till the next morning. In the morning the cows are again milked and the milk unstrained is hauled off to the creamery or the factory. Receivers of milk at such places have told the writer of a number of such cases. Things have been found in such milk that could never have passed through a strainer. Not long ago we heard of one creamery, the proprietor of which made a rule that his patrons should not strain their milk. He said he could tell better how they were keeping their cows if the milk came to him just as it was drawn. This may be all right for the creamery manager that is a Spartan and is ready to administer the heroic treatment to any patron that does not come up to the standard in the keeping clean of his cows, but for most mortals it will not do. We believe that ordinarily the milk can't be strained too quickly after milking nor too carefully.

### Objections to Pasteurization Answered.

M. Mortensen, in an address to Iowa creamery men, said: The main reasons why creameries are so slow in adopting pasteurizing are that this operation is considered to involve extra expense without any assurance of a higher return for the product; the buttermakers are often less familiar with pasteurization than they ought to be; they have heard from others that it causes greater loss in the buttermilk and thereby the yield, and that the body of the butter is injured and of course they are well aware of the fact that in order to be successful in making pasteurized butter it will be necessary to take a term in the dairy school, and this will naturally have some effect on the buttermaker's willingness to accept the new system.

In regard to the extra cost involved by pasteurization, this will not exceed one-tenth of a cent per pound of but-

ter where the whole milk is pasteurized with live steam; by a very careful operator this expense may be reduced to one-fiftieth or even one-twentieth of a cent per pound. This expense can furthermore be reduced by using exhaust steam. In many of the creameries they will be able to do all of their pasteurizing with exhaust steam and in that case the only expense will be the cost of the pasteurizer and cooler. This expense is very small and a progressive creamery man can not afford to consider that expense if it will assist him in improving his product. When we have been able to bring our butter up to a high standard it will soon be noticed by the consumers and they will readily pay a premium on quality.

In regard to the other objections that are made against pasteurization, they are all suppositions without being based upon reliable experiments. We can do just as exhaustive churning from pasteurized as from raw cream.

The cream, however, must be more carefully cooled before churning. It is surely no objection that pasteurization will demand capable operators. A few creameries could well afford to introduce pasteurization for that reason. When pasteurization of milk or cream is introduced pasteurization or sterilization of water used for the butter should not be omitted. At the Iowa experiment station they have eliminated several germs from water that cause the butter to deteriorate in quality in a very short time. This makes it evident that the pasteurization or sterilization of water is just as important as the pasteurization of the cream.

### Alfalfa for Soiling Purposes.

Alfalfa is one of the best crops for almost any feeding purpose and is especially valuable for feeding cows that are kept up and given feed cut green. In the first place it is about as rich in protein as is bran when the dry matter is compared, but of course in its green state the protein content will be decreased in proportion as the water content of the green plant is increased. Another important thing in favor of alfalfa is that it can be cut repeatedly throughout the summer. This is not the case with some of the other soiling crops. We believe that every dairyman that can should raise alfalfa and feed it green if he can. We say "if he can" for the reason that already some of our city milk buying companies and bottling companies are objecting to the feeding of alfalfa as a soiling crop. We have not learned that any have objected to it as a hay crop, though this may come later. The writer mentioned to an officer of a company engaged in supplying bottled milk to Chicago that alfalfa was likely to prove a most valuable plant for feeding green to cows during the drouth of summer. The officer replied that his company would object to the farmers feeding it, as they even objected to the cows being pastured on red clover for more than a short period at one time. The belief of the writer is that some of these companies are becoming too exacting in their demands. There is a constant tendency among them to object to the feeding of any but the highest priced feeds, such as middlings and corn meal, out of which the farmer cannot make profitable milk. It is doubtful if alfalfa taints the milk at all, and the farmer should not surrender his right to feed it without a most thorough investigation as to its real effect on the flavor of the milk.

### Condensing of Milk Increasing.

The condensing factories of the United States and even those of Switzerland have come to be operated largely on the trust plan, and their controllers have been able to regulate the price of condensed milk to a large extent. But it seems that this power is waning, due to the increase in the number of independent companies. It is reported that the manufacturers of condensing factory machinery have been making large sales this year. There is good reason for the establishment of more condenseries. Some of the independent concerns in Illinois have made enormous profits during the last few years. One of the stockholders of an independent company told the writer that his company had been making 80 per cent a year for some years. If this is so with the independent concerns, what must be the cases with the concerns that are being operated on a trust basis. There was a time a few years ago when the product of the Swiss condensing factories competed in the American market with the product of the American factories, and the product of the American factories competed in Switzerland with the product of the Swiss factories. But an agreement was entered into by which each withdrew from foreign territory and left the other in possession. We believe it is for the interest of the farming communities to have as many condenseries in operation as possible, and every effort to establish them should be encouraged.

### Using Wooden Pails for Milk.

Under circumstances as they exist on many farms it is better not to use wooden vessels of any kind for the holding of milk. The use of the wooden pail is to be objected to for the reason that it is difficult to keep clean. The pores in the wood readily take in portions of the milk and only a severe treatment in the way of scalding each time can keep them out. This is illustrated in the care of churns, both great and small. If they are carefully washed and dried they remain sweet for years. The wooden milk pail will remain sweet if it is constantly washed and saturated with boiling water, but on some farms this is not done. Therefore it is safer to depend on some kind of a vessel that has no pores, and that is easily washed.

# DEFINES DUTY OF THE LAWYER

Secretary Root Delivers Address to Graduating Class at Yale.

## PEOPLE ARE NOT INDIFFERENT

Object to Despotism in Public Officials, No Matter How Trifling or Beneficent the Exercise of Unlawful Authority on Their Part.

New Haven, Conn., dispatch: A striking feature of Tuesday's program for Yale commencement week was the address of Former Secretary of War Elihu Root before the law school graduating class on "Some Duties of American Lawyers to American Law," in which he painted vividly the usurpation of power by public officials.

Mr. Root in opening his address spoke of the emoluments and honors that attended a successful lawyer, and declared that more important than these was the adaptation for public office, not merely upon the bench, but in all branches of government, legislative and executive, which results from the variety of a lawyer's experience and training.

### Special Duty of Lawyers.

"There is one general characteristic of our system of government which is essential," the speaker continued, "and which it is the special duty of lawyers to guard with care. That is the observance of limitations of official power."

"There is a constant tendency to ignore such limitations and condone the transgression of them by public officers, provided the thing done is done with good motives, from a desire to serve the public. Such a process, if general, is most injurious. If continued long enough it results in an attitude of personal superiority on the part of great officers, which is inconsistent with our institutions, a destruction of responsibility and independent judgment on the part of lower officers, and a neglect of the habit of asserting legal rights on the part of the people."

**Menace to Free Government.**  
"Constant accountability of public officers for strict observance of the limits imposed by law and customary and undoubted assertion of the private right of the citizen to have no power exercised over him in strict accordance with the letter and the spirit of the law—these are the essential conditions of free government and personal independence. The exercise of power not conferred by law only, in a particular case, destroy no man's property nor restrain his liberty, because it is one step in a process which, if continued, would be destructive of our free institutions."

### Extravagant Appeals.

"Abundant evidence that our people have not become indifferent to the necessary limitations is furnished by the frequency with which political opponents impute disregard of them to public officers. The cry of emperor, czar and man on horseback are but extravagant appeals to an instinct which ought to exist, against submission to unlawful authority, however trifling may be its exercise and however beneficent its despotism."

The class day exercises of the Sheffield seniors were the first of the day. Among the five historians was Bradford Brinton of La Salle, Ill.

The academical department's class day was held on the campus.

A general class history was read by Lawrence Mason of Chicago.

Junior law class honors were awarded to Thomas P. Porter, Jr., Natchitoches, La., and two others.

### MILWAUKEE TURNERS GET PRIZE

Cream City Men Are First in the Wisconsin State Turnfest.

La Crosse, Wis., dispatch: In the Wisconsin turnfest the Milwaukee turnverein gets first place; South Side, Milwaukee, second; Bahn Frei, Milwaukee, third. In the second class Sheboygan gets first, La Crosse second and Fond du Lac third; Jahn, Milwaukee, fourth, and North Side, Milwaukee, fifth. The six high turners chosen to represent Wisconsin at the St. Louis national games were picked from the Turnverein Milwaukee.

### TATTOOING IS NEARLY FATAL

Lillian Langtry's Husband Suffers From Work of Native.

San Francisco, Cal., special: Capt. Hugo De Bathe of the British army, husband of Lillian Langtry, came near losing his life as a result of being tattooed by a Samoan native on his visit to the south sea islands. The captain arrived Tuesday from Pago Pago. For several weeks he was under the care of a physician and despite the fact that he is nearly cured it is probable that he will be crippled for some time, if not for life.

### SYNOD TO RULE JEWISH CHURCH

Urged by Committee at Conference of American Rabbis.

Louisville, Ky., dispatch: The report of the committee on synod to the conference of American rabbis reported in favor of establishing a synod for the central government of the church, the most important step since the foundation of reformed Judaism. The congregations have hitherto been practically independent.



"I have war news for the King."

toward their captives," she told herself.

Another sentinel hailed her and she gave him absently her customary answer. He pointed to a great striped tent of red and white linen, adorned with fluttering streamers and guarded by more sentries in shining mail; and she rode toward it in a daze.

More revelers sprawled under these trees, and she looked at them curiously. The women here did not seem to be amusing themselves so well. One was weeping; and one—a slip of a girl with a face like a rose—was trying vainly to rise from her place beside a drunken warrior, who held her hands and strove to pull her lips down to his wine-stained mouth. In imagination Randalin felt again Norman's arm around her waist, and a wild pity was quickened in her. This was worse than drudgery, worse than blows! For the credit of Danish warriors, it was well that Sister Wynfreda could not see this.

Again her own words raised a startling apparition. What had been the Sister's last cry of warning? "It is not their cruelty I fear for you, Child, listen! It is not their blows—" Could it be possible that this was what— Like a merciless answer came a scream from the girl—a short, piercing cry of horror and loathing and agonized appeal as she was drawn down upon the leering face. At that cry, childhood's blind trust died forever in Randalin. As she rode past the pair, with clenched hands and flashing eyes, she knew without reasoning that tortures would not tear from her the secret of her disguise.

When the sentinel before the tent challenged her roughly, it was her tongue, not her brain, that answered him.

"I have war news for the King," in a twinkling he had dropped his spear, plucked her from her saddle, and was marching her toward the entrance by her collar.

"In the Troll's name, get in to the chief, and let nothing hinder you!" he growled. "From your snail's pace I got the idea that you had come a-begging. Get in and set your tongue wagging as speeding as you can! Why do you draw back? I tell you to make haste!"

Before she could so much as catch



## WHERE NERVE WON OUT.

Writer Took Forceful Possession of "Sit." and Retained It.

Prof. W. G. Bowdoin, author of "Book Plates" and other special art volumes, did not always enjoy the success he now has. He tells a very incident in connection with his first magazine appointment.

"It was this way," he said. "I tried to get on the staff as art editor, critic and contributor, but neither owner nor editor took much notice of me. One day I got my dander up. I went into the office, saw an empty desk and ordered the office boy to clean it for me. I dictated to the stenographer nearly all day. The rest of the staff listened and seemed interested. The next day they appealed to me for orders. I gave them. The editor sent me out on the third day for an art essay. Near the end of the week the owner happened in.

"Say, Bowdoin, how do you like your job?" said he with a twinkle in his eye.

"First class," I replied, "all but the salary."

"Don't worry about that," he answered; "I'll give you the same as the last man man we had."

"And he did."—New York Times.

## It Pays to Read Newspapers.

Cox, Wis., July 4.—Frank M. Russell of this place, had kidney disease so bad that he could not walk. He tried doctors' treatment and many different remedies, but was getting worse. He was very low.

He read in a newspaper how Dodd's Kidney Pills were curing cases of kidney trouble, bright's disease, and rheumatism, and thought he would try them. He took two boxes, and now he is quite well. He says:

"I can now work all day, and not feel tired. Before using Dodd's Kidney Pills, I couldn't walk across the floor."

Mr. Russell's is the most wonderful case ever known in Chippewa County. This new remedy—Dodd's Kidney Pills—is making some miraculous cures in Wisconsin.

## Dynamite Poisoned Cow.

Judge P. M. Foote of Middlebury, Vt., has lost a valuable cow, death being caused by her eating a stick and a half of dynamite. The cow was in his lot where they are getting out stone for the stone crusher, and the workmen left several sticks loose, and the cow got hold of one and was poisoned from the same.

## Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by a catarrh, which is nothing but an inflammation of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free.

J. C. HENRY & CO., Toledo, O.  
Sold by Druggists, 75c.  
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

## Bonus for Bonus for Forestry.

A bill was introduced in the Ohio legislature for the payment of a premium or bounty of \$2 an acre for a period of ten years to any land owner of the state who will plant and care for forest trees in compliance with the rules laid down by the state board of forestry.

## BIG DROP IN BINDER TWINE.

We are selling the highest grade standard binder twine made, shipping it to any address in any quantity and at a much lower price than dealers can buy in carload lots. For our special inside price, our guarantee and money refund offer, for our insurance proposition against hail or storm, for the lowest price, the most liberal binder twine offer that will be made this season, cut this notice out and mail to us to-day and you will hear from us by return mail. Address:

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., Chicago, Ill.

## The Awful Child.

Little Helen watched her maiden aunt massaging with face cream, and noticed that the jar was empty.

"Ain't it too bad, Aunt Laura?"

"Ain't what too bad?"

"De butter is all gone, an' de winksles is dere yet!"

## Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. HENRY*.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Perhaps before long somebody will advertise repeatedly: "Why don't you use your roller skates?"

The Best Results in Starching can be obtained only by using Defiance Starch, besides getting 4 oz. more for same money—no cooking required.

Men of character are the conscience of the society to which they belong.—Emerson.

Do Your Clothes Look Yellow?

Then use Defiance Starch, it will keep them white—16 oz. for 10 cents.

When is a horse race not a horse race? When you can't bet on it.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'BRIEN, 322 Third Ave. N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

Montreal will spend \$3,000,000 in the improvement of its wharves.

Defiance Starch is put up 16 ounces in a package, 10 cents. One-third more starch for the same money.

The International Seamen's union has 40,000 affiliated members.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE TRIAL BOTTLE and treatise. Dr. J. C. HENRY, 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

The trouble with death traps is that they are never labeled.

IF YOU USE BALL BLUE. Get Red Cross Ball Blue, the best Ball Blue. Large 2 oz. package only 5 cents.

Germany has ten trade journals devoted to tobacco.

## HORTICULTURE



## Small Fruits.

The growing of small fruits should be more extensively practiced by our farmers than is done at the present time. We see on a great many of our large farms no attention whatever to the culture of small fruits. On the smaller farms the raising of this kind of fruit is more extensively practiced than on the large farms, because, probably, the small farmer has to make more from his land than does the large farmer, making comparisons acre by acre. The growing of small fruits is more easily practiced than is the growing of tree fruits, and it is easier to get paying results from them. In the first place, the small fruits begin to produce in at most two years from the time of setting out. The currant and the blackberry begin to be profitable at two and three years after setting, and the greatest crops of strawberries generally come in the second year from setting, if the setting is done in the spring. Raspberries become profitable the second year.

The raising of small fruits is more easily done than of tree fruits, because of the ease with which the small fruits may be protected from insects and from fungus attacks. The currant worms attack the currants. The owner of the plantation buys a few ounces of white hellebore, mixes it at the rate of one ounce of the powder to two gallons of water, buys a sprinkling pot that costs 25 cents, and gives a single application. The worms disappear. The owner of the plantation has used but a few minutes of time. The spraying is thus a matter of little moment. No expensive spraying apparatus has to be secured, and there is no great question of skill in the application.

The same treatment is effective for the same kind of worms on gooseberries. The great advantage in the treatment of worms on small fruit is that none of the bushes reach the height of a man, except possibly the blackberry, and it is thus easy and cheap to use the insecticides and fungicides that are necessary to do the work. The strawberry needs little attention of this kind. In fact, most of the people that grow them never have insects of any kind on them.

Every family should be well supplied with fresh small fruit. This is one of the comforts that comes to the farmer's wife. The care necessary consists largely in keeping down weeds, and that is not much if advantage is taken of labor-saving implements and of the much material that is wasted or thrown away on many farms. The more we see of the growing of small fruits, the more we believe that every farm should have its small fruit plantation.

## The Birds and Fruit.

The birds are frequently a great nuisance to the man that grows a little fruit. With the man that grows a great deal of fruit there is nothing to complain of. The towns and cities in some of our states have encouraged the birds till it is impossible for the man who has two or three raspberry, currant, or blackberry bushes to get any fruit at all. The writer had a small plantation of raspberries, but finally dug it out, as the birds every year took all the fruit. He has every small fruit in larger quantities, and keeps this because he has enough so that the birds can take some and there will still be a good margin left for the cultivator. We have heard men rage against the birds. One man says that if there is any one bird that should be shot it is the robin, and he practices shooting robins on his farm because they attack his fruit. Now, we believe in the birds. We cannot expect to have something for nothing, and the benefits the birds bring have to be paid for by a salary of fruit. The way for a man to escape their ravages largely is to grow enough of one kind of fruit to have enough left for himself after having lost some by the ravages of the birds. Taking all in all, the fruit grower has the best of it. He is mistaken in thinking that he is the loser. He sees the fruit the birds have taken, but he is not able to find out the number of the predatory insects that have been consumed by the birds. If a man has a small lot of fruit, the only way to save it will be to cover it; and in that case the work will not be laborious. If his plantation is large he will never discover the loss.

## Whitewash on Trees.

Recently in a trip through a farming region, the writer was pleased to see that a good deal of attention had been given to the orchards, even though the community was one devoted its efforts to general farming, rather than to fruit growing. The farmers everywhere had got into the notion of whitewashing their trees. This was especially the case with the younger trees. The custom is a good one that has long been practiced in New England and probably in other sections of the country. The whitewash does the tree no harm, most certainly, but, on the other hand, keeps the beetles that make borers from selecting such a tree as a depository for eggs. It is doubtless a preventive of fungus attacks. We would like to hear from our readers as to the prevalence of this practice in their neighborhoods.

Immediately after separating, the cream should be stirred and cooled,

## FREE TO TWENTY-FIVE LADIES.

The Defiance Starch Co. will give 25 ladies a round trip ticket to the St. Louis Exposition, to five ladies in each of the following states: Illinois, Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas and Missouri who will send in the largest number of trade marks cut from a ten-cent, 16-ounce package of Defiance cold water laundry starch. This means from your own home, anywhere in the above named states. These trade marks must be mailed to and received by the Defiance Starch Co., Omaha, Neb., before September 1st, 1904. October and November will be the best months to visit the Exposition. Remember that Defiance is the only starch put up 16 oz. (a full pound) to the package. You get one-third more starch for the same money than of any other kind, and Defiance never sticks to the iron. The tickets to the Exposition will be sent by registered mail September 5th. Starch for sale by all dealers.

## COOKERY FOR OUTDOORS AND INDOORS.

Summer picknickers and garden party hostesses may turn to the July Delineator for novel and attractive ideas. Many forms of outdoor festivities are therein set forth, in addition to innumerable suggestions of domestic value. A vegetarian breakfast, illustrated, will appeal to a large class, while of general culinary interest are the recipes for Summer fruits and for dainty dishes from veal. An article on insect pests will be of great service at this season.

"The Vineyard," by John Oliver Hobbes (lately published by D. Appleton & Co., New York), called "A study in fickle-ness," is a departure from the author's usual epigrammatic style and is especially entertaining for its clever character delineations and portrayal of middle class provincial life in England. Some say it lacks a certain sympathy. Surely in no other fiction do we get such a glimpse of the sordid side of love—if the feeling she bestows on her characters can be so called.

The enthusiastic sportsman, the naturalist, and the average man or woman with a taste for good reading will all find much to delight them in the July issue of Sports Afield. The Natural History and Fishing departments abound in original reading matter; while the hunting and trap-shooting notes, with longer articles of an editorial nature, cover a wide range of practically universal interest.

A very tastily bound volume of Ben King's verse has recently been issued by Forbes & Co. (Boston). In commenting on this poet's work, the Journalist of New York says: "Lovers of real poetry and of quaint, whimsical humor will treasure 'Ben King's Verse,' as a volume which can be read and re-read with pleasure, a companion for all moods and times."

When the sad duty devolves on you to select a casket for any departed loved one, ask your undertaker to show you caskets made by the National Casket Co. They are so far superior to those made by other manufacturers that even an unpracticed eye can detect the difference at a glance.

## Choice in Monkeys.

She had just accepted him, and they were blissfully discussing the "might-have-beens."

"Darling," he inquired in the tone of one who knows what the answer will be; "darling, why didn't you accept that little donkey of a fop?"

"Because," she answered dreamily, "I loved another."—Stray Stories.

## TWO STEPS

### The Last One Helps the First.

A sick coffee drinker must take two steps to be rid of his troubles and get strong and well again.

The first step is to cut off coffee absolutely.

That removes the destroying element. The next step is to take liquid food (and that is Postum Food Coffee) that has in it the elements nature requires to change the blood corpuscles from pale pink or white to rich red, and good red blood builds good strong and healthy cells in place of the broken down cells destroyed by coffee. With well boiled Postum Food Coffee to shift to, both these steps are easy and pleasant. The experience of a Georgian proves how important both are.

"From 1872 to the year 1900 my wife and I had both been afflicted with sick or nervous headache and at times we suffered untold agony. We were coffee drinkers and did not know how to get away from it for the habit is hard to quit."

"But in 1900 I read of a case similar to ours where Postum Coffee was used in place of the old coffee and a complete cure resulted, so I concluded to get some and try it."

"The result was, after three days' use of Postum in place of the coffee I never had a symptom of the old trouble and in five months I had gained from 145 pounds to 163 pounds. My friends asked me almost daily what wrought the change. My answer always is, leaving off coffee and drinking Postum in its place."

"We have many friends who have been benefited by Postum."

"As to whether or not I have stated the facts truthfully I refer you to the Bank of Carrollton or any business firm in that city where I have lived for many years and am well known." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

"There's a reason."

Look in each pkg. for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

## POULTRY



## Heredity and Variation.

The law of heredity is the most important one in the breeding of live stock, for by it the characteristics that we wish to put into the animals can be to a certain extent fixed. But there is another law that is secondary only to heredity and that is the law of variation. Were it not for this law improvement would be impossible, as the offspring would be always the exact reproduction of the parent. The tendency to vary is confined within certain limits, and it is found in both wild and domesticated animals. The more highly developed of our domesticated animals show it more than the wild ones, for the reason that their types are of more recent creation. In the case of the wild animals thousands of generations have helped to fix certain characteristics. Even the wild animals are not precisely alike in all respects, else they would not be able to recognize each other, which it is evident they do. In our own flocks and herds, it is easy enough to recognize the different animals. All this goes to show that the law of variation is forever at work helping to create new animals and new plants. Nature is thus evolutionary. This tendency to vary is inherited just as is any other quality. This has been one of the two great instruments in the hands of the animal and plant improver. The breeders have a double task—that of making the law of heredity more effective so far as the good points of animals and plants are concerned and of making the law inoperative so far as the undesirable qualities are concerned. The variation desired is to have the animal transmit his desirable points and not his undesirable ones. Progressive variation is what we are after in the improvements of poultry as in the case of the handling of other living things. In this we are seconded by nature. When a breeder of poultry wants to improve his flock he selects those birds that show a tendency to vary, because he is not satisfied with the type he has. What are the chief factors in directing this variation upward rather than downward? In the main, good feed and favorable surroundings. This should not be forgotten in attempting to improve any lot of fowls. If they are being developed for egg production, they should have an abundance of egg-forming material, and prevented from getting fat. The law of variation should then produce in the flock so kept now and then a phenomenal egg producer. This would be a variation from the usual, and this quality would have to be used as the basis for the operation of the law of heredity.

## Feeding Corn to Poultry.

Corn has been the main feed I have used ever since I have been in the poultry business for twenty years and past, though I don't feed corn only, but at least once a day. I think a great many make a mistake feeding not feed in the mornings and corn at night. I have tested this and find I have better success to feed corn in the morning and hot feed at night. This gives the fowls a chance for plenty of exercise and gives good digestion where it would not if fed at night, as they would have no exercise, and that causes indigestion. Some think feeding corn is the fault of egg producing on account of hens getting too fat from eating corn. I think breeders should watch carefully the hens that lay and find out the number of eggs they each lay before beginning to set, as some hens only lay eight or ten eggs before wanting to sit. These eggs shouldn't be set, for the pullets would most likely follow laying the same number and then be ready to sit. But set the hen's eggs that lays the largest number of eggs before wanting to sit. This will increase their laying strain, and you would be surprised to see the increase in the number of eggs. I don't think best to feed corn too much, but I do think and know it to be a great benefit to laying hens, as they naturally lose flesh while laying. I also think it a great benefit to parch corn two and three times a week, and feed while hot through cold weather.

Some believe corn causes disease more than other kinds of grain. I think they are surely mistaken in this, as corn is not blighted in the fields as oats and other small grains are. Fly puts disease in oats and other grain that causes fowls to grow thin and poor in flesh, nothing to stimulate and build flesh on, and causes disease. For hot feed I generally use chop feed wet with hot water just enough to wet it through, not to be sloppy. C. H. Andrews, Champaign County, Illinois.

The winter care of poultry must begin in the summer, when the poultry owner must lay in the grit, dust and green feed necessary for the best results with the birds in winter. It is little use to call attention to these things when the ground is covered with snow so deep that they cannot be obtained.

We hope to see more attention paid to the development of the egg-laying strains of poultry. It has been comparatively easy to develop the strains that have given beautiful markings, but this is of secondary value. What we want is that one thing for which the hen at least is most famous, the egg.

## Chance.

A stray starbeam at times will chance to find

Its way through caverns of the thickest night; So vagrant Hope sometimes may haply light

The vacant chambers of the darkest mind.

—Clarence H. Urner, Pearson's—July.

## Buffalo Robes Good Investment.

George Webster of Cabot, Vt., recently sold two buffalo robes for \$150. The robes have been in constant use for thirty years and originally cost but \$20.

In choosing a casket it is advisable to ask the undertaker by whom it was made. If he tells you it was made by the National Casket Co. you can rest assured that the very best material has been used in its construction and that it is reliable in every way.

## America's Longest Railroad.

The longest railroad in this country is the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, which owns 7,794 miles and operates 7,971 miles.

## Try One Package.

If "Defiance Starch" does not please you, return it to your dealer. If it does you get one-third more for the same money. It will give you satisfaction, and will not stick to the iron.

## Growth of American Railroads.

Twenty-three miles of American railroads in 1830 expanded to over 200,000 miles in 1904.

## Sensible Housekeepers

will have Defiance Starch, not alone because they get one-third more for the same money, but also because of superior quality.

If I were you I would not worry. Just make up your mind to do better when you get another chance, and be content with that.—Beatrice Harraden.

## World's Fair Accommodations.

Reliable and reasonable accommodations; adjoin World's Fair grounds on the south side, with private gate direct from Union Station by Market street car. Write for reservations. Grand View Hotel, St. Louis, Mo.

What a jolly world this would be if every man came up to the standard of perfection he fixes for his neighbor!

## When You Buy Starch

buy Defiance and get the best, 16 oz. for 10 cents. Once used, always used.

The rule of self-obedience to the right will bring all things into order.—Gladstone.

YELLOW CLOTHES ARE UNSIGHTLY. Keep them white with Red Cross Ball Blue. All grocers sell large 2 oz. package, 5 cents.

If you are not a thinking man, to what purpose are you a man at all?—Coleridge.

**The Sign of the Crown**  
on SHOES is a guarantee of Great Merit.

Book of Styles free.

## FRENCH LICK, WEST BADEN, AT HOME 25c.

A wonderful remedy used for forty years is Ryan's French Lick (Anti-Dyspeptic) Pills. They embody the best elements contained in these great waters, and one box same as a two-week's course of them. No remedy affords possesses the characteristic value of these Pills in diseases of the Stomach, Liver and Bowels—and all catarrhal conditions of the digestive organs. They clean out the system without disturbance or hindrance from business, and place you on a paying basis. If your druggist cannot supply you, or if he advises substitution, send 25 cents to the FRENCH LICK DRUG CO., French Lick, Ind.

There are but two kinds of starch. Defiance Starch, which is the best starch made and—the rest. Other starches contain chemicals, which work harm to the clothes, rot them and cause them to break. Defiance is absolute—

**DEFIANCE STARCH**

ly pure. It is guaranteed perfectly satisfactory or money back. The proof is in the doing and Defiance does. 16 ounces for 10 cents. Your grocer sells it.

MANUFACTURED BY  
**THE DEFIANCE STARCH CO.,**  
OMAHA, NEB.

## A Handsome Barometer

in colors. A striking novelty, sent free for the top of a package of

**Maple-Flake**

Address,  
**HYGIENIC FOOD COMPANY,**  
Battle Creek, Mich.



## NEW HOMES IN THE WEST

Almost a half million acres of the fertile and well-watered lands of the Rosebud Indian Reservation, in South Dakota, will be thrown open to settlement by the Government in July. These lands are best reached by the Chicago & North Western Railway's direct through lines from Chicago to Bonesteel, S. D. All agents sell tickets via this line. Special low rates.

## HOW TO GET A HOME

Send for a copy of pamphlet giving full information as to dates of opening and how to secure 160 acres of land at nominal cost, with full description of the soil, climate, timber and mineral resources, towns, schools and churches, opportunities for business, openings, railway rates, etc., free on application.

W. B. KNISKERN,  
Passenger Traffic Manager,  
CHICAGO, ILL.

## THE DAISY FLY KILLER

destroys all the flies and house-flies in dining-room, sleeping-room and places where flies are troublesome. It is a sure and reliable remedy and will not soil or stain. It is a sure and reliable remedy and will not soil or stain. It is a sure and reliable remedy and will not soil or stain. It is a sure and reliable remedy and will not soil or stain.

Ripans Tablets are the best dyspepsia medicine ever made. A hundred millions of them have been sold in the United States in a single year. Constipation, heartburn, sick headache, indigestion, flatulence, acid eructations, and every ill arising from a disordered stomach are relieved or cured by Ripans Tablets. One will generally give relief within twenty minutes. The five-cent package is enough for ordinary occasions. All druggists sell them.

## CALIFORNIA GOLD.

A GILT-EDGE CHANCE FOR MINING INVESTMENT. A limited number of shares of the Osceola Mining and Development Company, (Incorporated) will be sold at 25 cents per share. This stock will go to pay (61 per cent) within one year. For full information call or write.

OSCEOLA MINING AND DEVELOPMENT CO.,  
Crossley Bldg., San Francisco, Cal.

We absolutely guarantee to cure and prevent Galls or Sore Shingles. Nostrop's Galls or Sore Shingles. It does its work while the animal is asleep. Galls and pad combined. Rememorial and cheap. Lasts two to three seasons. If your dealer doesn't handle them send us \$1.25 and get one prepaid to your station. Write for circular and memorandum book. The Powers Mfg. Co., Waterloo, Iowa.

## REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE 30-acre farm, 40 acres creek bottom, one mile from Rhinoceros and 6 miles from Vandavia, Ill. All in cultivation except 20 acres virgin prairie used for pasture. Well fenced and well drained. 1-acre orchard, new 8-room house, good barn and sheds, 4 wells, windmill. An excellent stock farm or corn land. \$45 per acre, cash, balance time. Address, J. D. FOUGHT, Ewingham, Ill.

**MANITOBA LANDS.** Why not buy in the only sixty miles from Winnipeg. A quantity of excellent Prairie Lands FOR SALE at prices ranging from \$7 to \$12, guaranteed good wheat land. Good Improved Farms for sale at reasonable rates and on GOOD TERMS. For full particulars apply to J. K. SMITH, President Board of Trade, or J. K. HALL, Chairman Board of Supervisors, at GLADSTONE, the County Seat.

W. N. U., CHICAGO, No. 28, 1904.



## Correspondence

### LEITER'S FORD

L. Luckenbill, Correspondent.  
Joseph Cowen and family spent Sunday at Rochester.

Miss Ola Cook is spending a few days with her parents.

Loy Cook purchased a fine rubber tire buggy last Saturday.

Miss Grace Reish is visiting friends at Rochester this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Solomon Shadel is visiting his parents Mr. and Mrs. H. Shadel west of town.

Mr. and Mrs. John Campbell entertained a few friends last Monday evening. Ice cream and cake were served.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Capron returned to their home at Providence, Rhode Island last Tuesday after several weeks visit with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. Strall.

Mr. and Mrs. Steer visited with the latter's cousin Mrs. Soloma Moore of this place a few days last week. They are very small people weighing fifty and seventy pounds each.

Mr. and Mrs. B. B. Campbell, J. O. Sales and wife, Misses Sarah Zook, Lucretia Campbell, Stella Baily and the writer and wife spent the 4th on the island at the river.

Miss Stella Bailey entertained a number of her lady friends at her home last Wednesday afternoon. Ice cream and cake were served and a very good time was had by all.

The funeral services of Mrs. Rebekah Hill was held at the M. E. Church last Sunday morning conducted by the Baptist minister of Kewanna. The deceased was forty-four years of age and has been sick for the past three years she leaves a husband, two sons, two sisters and one brother and many friends to mourn her loss.

### OBBER.

Stephen Shepherd, Correspondent.

Pierce Dunkelberger came home for the 4th.

A. Rea and wife drove to the lake Sunday.

S. Shepherd visited his parents in Argos Sunday.

Albert Heath came home Saturday to spend the 4th.

Chas. Stevens returned home from Chicago Saturday.

Fred Dixon and Ness Caven went to the lake Monday.

Burr Queer and Chas. Cupp went to Plymouth Sunday.

Wallace Aker went to Cassopolis, Mich. last week on business.

The officials of the Nickel Plate R. R. stopped at Ober Saturday.

W. P. Stanton shipped four cars of wood to South Bend last week.

Wm. Ligget of Willvale visited over Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Green.

M. Wagner and wife of Knox visited Mrs. Wagner's parents over Sunday.

Miss Cora Hoyt who has been at Culver for some time returned home Saturday.

S. Aker went to Cassopolis Saturday to visit his brother Chas. L. Aker and wife.

Miss Walker of Chicago spent Sunday with her sister Miss Mabel Walker, of Ober.

Mr. and Mrs. Sprague, of Grovertown were visiting friends in Ober last week.

Mr. Brent Stanton and Miss Edith Hisey went to South Bend to spend the 4th.

Mr. A. C. Bolen and wife visited with the latter's parents S. P. Cox and wife Monday.

Frank Heath who has been working on the I. I. R. R. all summer returned home Saturday.

C. Humes made a drive to Burr Oak Sunday with two lady passengers that got off by mistake at Ober.

N. J. Marm, of Chicago spent Sunday with his wife who is visiting with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Stevenson.

### NORTH BEND.

Mrs. Jane Castleman Correspondent.

Frank Chapman visited friends in Knox Tuesday.

Frank Long of Winona, was in our vicinity Tuesday.

John French and wife of Knox, spent the Fourth at Ora.

Lola Horner came home from Chicago to stay a few weeks.

Mrs. James Terry, who has been visiting in South Bend, returned home July 5th.

Charlie Williams and family of Hammond, visited friends in Ora over the Fourth.

### BURR OAK

G. A. Maxey, Correspondent.

Mrs. F. Shultz and children spent the Fourth at Knox.

Samuel Aley is putting down a cement walk at his residence.

Mrs. George Hatten and son of Wheeler, are visiting friends here.

Mrs. G. A. Maxey is much improved of her rheumatism and is now doing light house work.

Rev. Willis Logan was a visitor in Burr Oak Monday on his way home from his meetings at Eagle Creek.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Parker of Logansport, visited Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Maxey over Sunday. Mrs. Parker is a sister of Mr. Maxey.

### WASHINGTON.

Ollie Jones Correspondent.

Several from here spent the 4th at Plymouth.

Marion Jones, Glide Wilson and Jay Kriegg spent the 4th in South Bend.

D. Benedict and wife took dinner with Theodore Kline and family Sunday.

Mrs. Wm. Vories and daughter, Eva, are spending a few days with her parents at South Bend.

Clemwell Curtis and daughter Misses Lulu and Elva Loudon took dinner with J. Curtis and family Monday.

W. J. Curtis and wife and two youngest daughters took dinner with Mrs. Curtis' and uncle A. McCrosky and wife.

John Zumbaugh and family, J. Jones and wife and the Misses Essie Kline and Lulu Loudon took dinner with H. Pontius and family Sunday.

W. J. Curtis has just completed an old fashion fire place in the Henderson cottage on the east side of the lake. The inside is built of brick and the outside of cobble stone, it is thirty feet high.

### DELONG.

Miss Sarah Shadel, Correspondent.

Mrs. Scott is visiting her sister at Delong this week.

Mrs. Amelia Paxton visited her son in Kewanna Monday.

Werley Jones and Ed. Shadel spent the 4th at Plymouth.

Mary, Jennie and Dottie Hasts visited friends here Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Vada Large who has been working at Indianapolis came home Saturday.

Miss Sadie Jones, of Culver attended the ice cream social here last Saturday evening.

Mrs. John Hand and children returned home Tuesday after an extended visit at North Manchester.

Mrs. Lewis Jones and children of Griffith are visiting relatives and friends at this place this week.

Letcher Robinson, Mrs. Isaac Wolf, Clarence Wolf, Sarah Shadel and Roy Hay spent the 4th at Logansport.

### RUTLAND.

J. W. Falconburg Correspondent.

Chauncey Place spent the 4th at Laporte.

Mrs. T. J. Freshour is visiting at South Bend.

Ernest Lewis, of Gelean, Mich., is visiting Elias Dixon.

Charles Zumbaugh and family visited John Frisinger Sunday.

Miss Eva Ridgeway is visiting her grandfather, W. M. Frisinger and other relatives here.

Miss Florence Falconburg left Thursday for a visit with her cousin, S. S. Falconburg at Bourbon.

### MAXINKUCKEE.

Miss Golda Thompson Correspondent.

Louden VanSchoiack is visiting relatives here.

Guy Bigley was home from Chicago the Fourth.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Snider, of Richmond, are visiting relatives and friends here.

Mrs. Dow Rector returned Tuesday accompanied by her sister, Mrs. K. Stevenson.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Holman, of Bremen, spent a few days last week with Fred Thomson.

Mrs. Ida Parker is now at home recovering from an operation performed some time ago.

### HIBBARD.

Mrs. E. J. Reed Correspondent.

Frank Voreis was at home over Sunday.

Nettie Stuck went to Chicago on a visit last week.

Will Lowery and wife spent Sunday at Walnut.

Quite a number our people spent the Fourth at Plymouth.

The house of S. S. Reed is in the hands of the plasterers.

Everett Clifton and wife are visiting his parents Hugh Clifton and wife.

W. Snyder and wife of Royal Center were visiting at S. E. Wise's last week.

Mr. Fishburn and family of Burr Oak spent Sunday with S. S. Reed and family.

Mrs. C. M. Lilibridge and wife were guests of S. S. Reed and family a few days last week.

### MT. HOPE.

Miss Della Edgington Correspondent.

Roy Hay spent the Fourth at Logansport.

Andrew Hartle and Ellsworth Edgington spent the 4th at Plymouth.

Mr. Ed. Davis is visiting his brother Elta Davis and family for a few days.

Miss Zoa Richard is visiting her father and sister, Pearl at North Manchester for a few weeks.

Mrs. Nora Goodman and sons, Everett and Verner visited A. R. Sturgeon and family Sunday.

Wm. Overmire, of Rose Lawn, visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Meiser, a few days last week.

Herbert Labounty, wife and daughter Grace are spending a few days with George Fear and family.

Elmer Sturgeon and Hettie Wagoner spent Sunday evening with Mr. and Mrs. George Fear and family.

Aaron Bowman of Chicago, Miss Katie McBride, of Maxinkuckee, Miss Dora Shontz, of Rochester visited with Isaac Edgington and family Sunday.

Thos. Newland, wife and grandchild, Herbert Labounty, wife and daughter and George Fear, wife and daughters spent Sunday at Lake Maxinkuckee.

Lewis Overmyer and family, Chas. Anderson and wife, Francis Ginter, of Leiters, Dora Shontz and Vernie Anderson, of Rochester. Charles Meiser and sisters, Isaac Edgington and daughters spent the Fourth on the south side of Lake Maxinkuckee.

### Brutally Tortured.

A case came to light that for persistent and unmerciful torture has perhaps never been equaled. Joe Golobick, of Colusa, Cal. writes. "For 15 years I endured insufferable pain from rheumatism and nothing relieved me though I tried everything known. I came across Electric Bitters and it's the greatest medicine on earth for that trouble. A few bottles of it completely cured me." Just as good for liver, and kidney troubles and general debility. Only 50c. Satisfaction guaranteed by T. E. Slattery Druggist.

Where are you going next Sunday? Make the day pleasant by a trip on the Nickel Plate road. One hundred miles and return, \$1.00 for each person when traveling in parties of five or more. Call on nearest agent or address C. A. Asterlin, T. P. A., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

### County News.

F. E. Janke, Correspondent.

Commissioners' Court adjourned Wednesday.

The amount of school fund on hand July 1st is \$1750.61.

The fall term of Circuit Court will convene October 17th.

Barney E. Ryder, who was taken to the Longlife Asylum, returned Monday as sane as any one.

The Plymouth base ball team defeated the Noblesville Black Diamonds by a score of 9 to 8 last Sunday.

The viewers on the Debbie Burnside ditch in Polk township, have filed their report with the Auditor, which will be heard before the Board of Commissioners on August 2nd.

Government headstones were granted to the following ex-union soldiers by the Board Tuesday: Leonard M. Odoine, of North township; Jeremiah Liggett, Center township.

As a result of the 4th of July ball games, the local team lost to the Kewanna team by a score of 3 to 1. The afternoon game was won from the Rochester team by a score of 16 to 0.

Jacob Vollmer, Daniel Vollnagel and Samuel Knoblock were appointed by the Board as viewers for the vacation of a road in German township as petitioned for by D. N. Hochstedler.

The viewers on the Benjamin Curtis ditch in Union township, have filed a petition in which they ask more time in which to make their report, which time was extended to July 25th.

The supreme court has sustained the decision of the lower courts in the case of Vinall vs Hendricks on foreclosure of mortgage as given on the Plymouth Republican, later changed to the Plymouth Tribune, in which the case was decided in favor of the defendant.

Upon remonstrance being filed against the report on the Moses Menser ditch in Union township by Albert Overmyer, the Board appointed as reviewers, V. A. Lidecker, James N. South and Daniel W. Marley, who are to meet on Thursday, July 14th, to review as to utility.

Through an error in calculation, it was reported that the County Board of Review would adjourn Wednesday, July 6th, but instead they adjourned Tuesday, July 5th, leaving the assessment to stand as returned by the several township assessors, with the exception of the individual changes.

### Working Night and Day.

The busiest and mightiest little thing that ever was made is Dr. King's New Life Pills. These pills change weakness into strength, listlessness into energy, brain-fag into mental power. They're wonderful in building up the health. Only 25c per box. Sold by T. E. Slattery, druggist.

### Vandalia Line Excursions.

World's Fair rates: Season \$13.60, 60 days \$11.35, 15 days \$10.50, 7 days \$6.55.

Home seekers round trip and colonist one way to South, Southwest and West, 1st and 3rd Tuesdays of each month.

World's Fair pamphlets showing hotel accommodations and description of grounds etc., may be had on application at Vandalia ticket office.

Watch for announcement of our new through train service to St. Louis which will be made soon. JAMES SHUGRUE, Agent.

### No Pity Shown.

"For years fate was after me continuously" writes F. A. Gull-edge, of Verbena, Ala. "I had a terrible case of Piles causing 24 tumors. When all failed Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured me. Equally good for burns and all aches and pains. Only 25c at T. E. Slattery's Drug Store.

Write C. A. Asterlin, T. P. A., Nickel Plate Road, Fort Wayne, Ind., for an interesting booklet about their annual Niagara Falls excursion. 8-13

## Try for Health

222 South Peoria St., Chicago, Ill., Oct. 7, 1902.  
Eight months ago I was so ill that I was compelled to lie or sit down nearly all the time. My stomach was so weak and upset that I could keep nothing on it and I vomited frequently. I could not urinate without great pain and I coughed so much that my throat and lungs were raw and sore. The doctors pronounced it Bright's disease and others said it was consumption. It mattered little to me what they called it and I had no desire to live. A sister visited me from St. Louis and asked me if I had ever tried Wine of Cardui. I told her I had not and she bought a bottle. I believe that it saved my life. I believe many women could save much suffering if they but knew of its value.

*Georgia Dumber*

Don't you want freedom from pain? Take Wine of Cardui and make one supreme effort to be well. You do not need to be a weak, helpless sufferer. You can have a woman's health and do a woman's work in life. Why not secure a bottle of Wine of Cardui from your druggist today?

**WINE OF CARDUI**

### WABASH SPECIALS.

International Convention, B. Y. P. U., Detroit, Mich. Rate \$5.80 for the round trip. Tickets on sale July 6th, 7th and 8th, limited to July 12th, with provision for extension to Aug. 15th.

Frankfort, Mich., rate \$9.65 for round trip. Tickets on sale Aug. 4, 5, 10, 11, and 12, limited to Sept. 1st, 1904.

National Encampment Union Veterans Legion, Jamestown, N. Y. Rate \$12.50 for the round trip. Tickets on sale Sept. 11, 12 and 13, limited to Sept. 19th.

Imperial Council, Order of Mystic Shrine, Atlantic City, N. J. Rate \$19.00 for the round trip. Tickets on sale July 10th and 11th, limited to July 25th. Liberal stop overs at Detroit, Niagara Falls, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

Louisiana Purchase Exposition, St. Louis, Mo., April 30th to December 1st. Rate for 15 days \$10.30, 60 day tickets \$11.05, season tickets \$13.25. On sale daily. Commencing May 17th and on every Tuesday and Thursday thereafter during the months of May and June, a 7-day excursion ticket will be sold to St. Louis for \$5.90. This ticket will not be good in parlor or sleeping cars.

Winona Lake (Warsaw, Ind.) Season 1904. 15 day tickets \$2.25, season tickets, \$3.05.

Chautauqua Assembly, Chautauqua, N. Y. Rate \$11.75 for the round trip. Tickets on sale July 8th. Limited to Aug. 9th and tickets sold July 29th, limited to Aug. 30th.

Rates and conditions quoted above apply from Logansport, Ind., and are subject to change. For detailed information, call on or address,

THOS. FOLLEN,  
Passenger and Ticket Agent,  
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### Custom Grinding.

Until further notice we will give you \$1.10 for good custom wheat and sell you best flour at \$2.80 per hundred. Come this way with your grinding.

J. COMBS & SON,  
Leiter's Ford.

### FOR SALE.

The canvas awnings of the Wilis Vajen cottage and boat house, and one motor fan complete. 7-14 A. B. ROBINSON.

"Better than a letter from home"—a copy of THE CITIZEN sent each week to absent friends.

Lunch wagon for sale.—Apply at E. A. Poor's barber shop.

Try the "Bill Soliday" cigar, at Lohr's restaurant.

Bargains in grinding at Leiters. Everybody reads THE CITIZEN.

## DR. E. CALLAHAN

Eye Specialist  
of Terre Haute, Ind., will be at the  
Medbourn House  
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## IF YOUR EYES

are weak or eyesight dim it will cost you nothing to have them properly tested. Spectacles and Eye Glasses fitted and guaranteed; latest styles—reasonable prices. Headache and nervousness permanently cured by specially ground lenses. Cross eyes straightened without medicine or knife.

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Nearest good hotel to all depots. Only two blocks from the Main st. Special rates to people from Culver and the Academy.

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