

## Non-Partisan in Politics.

### THE MENOMINEE MONUMENT

Address of Hon. Daniel McDonald is Highly Endorsed.

Representative Daniel McDonald introduced into the late Indiana legislature a bill for the erection of a monument at Twin Lakes, to the memory of the Pottawattomie Indians, and the rebuilding of the old Indian chapel at that place. When the bill came up for consideration, Mr. McDonald delivered an address on the subject, which was deemed of sufficient historical importance by the house of representatives to justify the printing of two hundred copies for the use of its members. The address was highly spoken of by the newspapers of the capital city, and elsewhere in the state. A letter from Col. Wm. Hoynes, dean of the law faculty of Notre Dame university, speaks of it and the author as follows:

NOTRE DAME, IND.  
March 12, 1905.

HON. DANIEL McDONALD, Plymouth, Indiana.

MY DEAR SIR:

I have your valued favor of the 9th, and note appreciatively what is stated relative to the letter written by me to representative Shively regarding your able, instructive and touching address on the disowned and neglected Indians who preceded us here, and on the propriety of erecting at Twin Lakes a monument to their memory.

I am certain, my dear McDonald, that no address delivered this year in the legislative halls of this or any other state, could surpass yours in absolute unselfishness, chivalric championship of the lowly, beauty of sentiment in revealing the pathetic past to the matter-of-fact present, vigor of thought and luminous statement in presenting the claim of the wronged, and persuasive argument in making an amend in some measure by honoring with a suitable monument the memory of the friendless children of the forest and prairie—our true Americans. You spoke for a worthy cause, and well and ably you presented it. You showed a heart broad enough to include, and tender enough to feel for, the lowliest. Nothing was said for selfish effect, or to win the support of some alien element for political advancement. You spoke of the past and those who suffered through the cruelties of its transition to the present; but you have awakened in the present a sense of regret at the wrong done and a feeling of shame that the only available means of repairing it were so tardy of adoption. What you have done and the words you have spoken will more and more impress the public mind and conscience, and to you will justly belong the honor, at an early day, of having, on your own initiative, accomplished a noble, generous, and laudable act in the erection of a suitable monument to perpetuate the memory of the friendless and neglected Indians.

Faithfully yours,  
WILLIAM HOYNES.

In his letter to Representative Dudley M. Shively, of South Bend, thanking him for sending a copy of the address, Col. Hoynes, among other things, said:

"I am very glad the house of representatives had the address published. In all the states there is no man more loyal to the claims of friendship; more patriotic in the advocacy of a high standard of citizenship; or more courageous in defense of what, in heart and conscience, he considers right, than Daniel McDonald. I have absolute confidence in his integrity and manhood, and believe that his life-work entitles him to rank high on the scroll of honor in our State. In him the poor, helpless and oppressed Indian finds the most stalwart champion that has yet appeared. The address of big-hearted and tender-hearted Daniel McDonald is worthy of him. His altruism embraces the lowest and most neglected. May it be attended with appreciation and success.

Faithfully yours,  
WILLIAM HOYNES."

Ex-United States Senator David Tarnie, writing from his home in

knowing the receipt of a copy of the address, said:

My Dear Sir—Allow me to thank you very much for the pamphlet copy of your speech upon the Menominee monument. Though it may not now bear fruit, yet it may in other days. It is in every view a most valuable contribution to the early history of Indiana. I had read your address twice before I thought of the style, because of the facts, which were so interesting. But the style is so admirable, lucid, brief, thoughtful and suggestive.

Your friend,  
DAVID TARNIE.

The bill for the monument was indefinitely postponed for the reason, as stated by the chairman of the committee of ways and means, to whom it was referred, that the finances of the State at that time would not admit of the expenditure of money where an absolute necessity did not exist for such action. The seeds have been sown, however, and at the next session of the legislature, if the matter is pushed to the front, a bill authorizing the erection of a monument will, without doubt, be passed.

### New Laws in Effect.

The printed copies of the laws passed by the late General Assembly have been received by the county clerk, and as soon as they are received by all the clerks in the state and the governor has issued his proclamation, which will probably be within the next ten days, or fifteen days at the farthest, they will all be in effect. This will stop the fishing in the lake until May 15. It will also do away with the election of town officers until November of this year in Culver, Argos, Bourbon, Bremen and LaPaz.

### Walnut Township Favors Subsidy.

By a majority of 138, Walnut township voted a subsidy for the proposed Logansport and South Bend traction railway last Saturday. The vote by precincts is as follows:

Precinct.	For.	Against.
No. 1.....	109	50
No. 2.....	119	35
No. 3.....	17	82
No. 4.....	91	28
	336	195

Majority, 138.

Bethlehem township, Cass county, also voted upon the question of a subsidy, but defeated the proposition by a majority of 58.

Next Saturday, April 8, German township will pass judgment upon the same question, and on April 27, Rochester, Richland and Liberty townships, will hand in their verdict.

### Resolutions of Condolence.

Realizing the irreparable loss to Comrade Michael Baker in the death of his beloved wife and bosom companion of many years, and in our own loss of a member of an affiliated order;

Resolved, by Henry Speyer Post, G. A. R., that we, his comrades, hereby assure him and his family of our heartfelt sympathy in their bereavement, and desire to express our own appreciation of her merits, and our sorrow for the vacancy thus caused in our Relief Corps.

COMMITTEE.

Wonder how the town stands financially and what is being done with the money collected? Culver is the only town in the county that can't afford to publish a report of the business transacted. It is said that we have no marshal. We know that. We have no school house, fire protection, water works or street lights, and the question is frequently asked what have we got for the ten years taxes that we have paid since the town was incorporated? Who can answer the question?

Tim Wolf has accepted a posi-

### NEWS FROM THE COUNTY SEAT

A Record of Events as Observed by Our Correspondent.

The charming historical sketch of Lake Maxinkuckee by Daniel McDonald is now being distributed in Plymouth. Besides the main sketch it contains two supplementary articles, one on fish and fishing from the pen of Judge A. C. Capron and another concerning social organizations by W. T. Wilson. Daniel McDonald's epitome takes us with somewhat of the spirit lent by the fresh breezes of the lake itself from the time when "the writer saw deer drinking out of its limpid water" to scenes recognized by us all "surrounded as it is now by charming cottages, cultivated farms and handsome dwellings." Using that historical instinct displayed in all his writings the author has not placed himself before the reader in the light of an oracle which speaks from a magic within itself but in a measure produces original sources of information and lays them bare upon the printed page. A fine bit of writing from Maarie Thompson speaks for geology, Everman and Sweeney, of the United States Fish Commission are given room for brief authoritative statistics and the orthography of the lake, which Mr. McDonald claims should be "Maxsenkuckee," is ably maintained by clear reasoning from published correspondence based on official records. Chapters upon the removal of the Indians, the white settlers, literature of the lake and other subjects enter into the compilation of the book. Judge Capron's article is unique, being very interesting and yet accurately scientific so that any fisherman who reads it carefully might take a glance at his next catch and immediately call out what it proves to be, whether a long-eared sun fish or just a plain sun fish, a blue gill or anything else. Everything is thoroughly discussed from minnows to the "meek-eyed dog fish" and some whopper stories are told. There are certain descriptive passages that read like poetry. This appendix as well as those by W. T. Wilson affords an invaluable stock to the book.

The people of Marshall county little guess what tax at Washington. Last year the appropriations of Congress were \$518,000,000 which means an average of \$10 which each citizen is bound to pay toward the enormous expense. Considering the population of Marshall county as 30,000 and granting that we represent an average county it will be seen that our citizens alone contributed some \$300,000 to the big grab-bag of national funds. Last year our county, state and township expense all told amounted to only \$245,000. It is a contrast to marvel at that while the people of this county reluctantly walked into the court house and laid down their \$245,000, they uncomplainingly paid a much larger tax in the form of internal revenue when they bought their tobacco and medicines and in the form of tariff when they traded at the clothing, dry-goods and grocery stores. The national tax levy comes in a subtle disguise but it calls for hard cash from the pockets of our citizens just as omni-present and decidedly materialistic as that which is collected annually by the county treasurer.

The saloon business all over this country is becoming monopolized by large beer brewing companies. This tendency is notable in Plymouth where the Burgoff, every saloon in town except two stands owned respectfully by Geo. Krueyer and Jacob Rentschler. As one man is prohibited from taking out two liquor licences it becomes necessary that someone should mask as proprietor long enough to buy the privilege of serving drinks as provided by law. This role is generally assumed by a well tried bar-tender or even the former owner himself. There seems to be a bigger margin of profit in the new arrangement whereby the manufacturer also becomes the retailer. The same system may eventually be extended to the grocery and dry goods business. Just now the big brewers are heralding the new order of things in every part of this country.

The big Vandalia railroad mortgage has been recorded at the court house and at every county seat along its line. According to the instrument the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company of New York have advanced them \$25,000,000 and taken as security all the rights of way, rolling stock, buildings and all property of any kind belonging to the consolidated railroads, which are: The Terre Haute and Indianapolis R. R. Co.; the St. Louis, Vandalia and Terre Haute; the Terre Haute and Logansport; the Logansport and Toledo; and the Indianapolis and Vincennes. The money will be used to pay outstanding bonds and for buying additional railways.

The acts of the legislature for 1905 are already bound and distributed. This is the first time that the state bindery has ever conducted its business with such wonderful dispatch. The new books, which may be seen at the county clerk's office, are covered in a greenish yellow cloth and approach nearer a library edition than any previous volumes. The internal arrangement of matter is different, too, as all marginal notes have been done away with but instead bold type at the commencement of the paragraph announces the topic.

The new fish law which goes into effect as soon as the governor issues his proclamation provides there shall be no fishing on inland lakes between March 20th and May 15th. The penalty is \$5 fine for each fish taken from the water or each fish offered for sale. According to the letter of this provision if a man would first catch a fish and then offer it for sale he would violate the law to the extent of \$10.

A crowd of Poplar Grove young people spent Sunday with Miss Pearl Myers. Those present were: Misses Lucy Hissong, Margaret Lowe, Edith Oyler, Mary Myers; Messrs. Lawrence Hissong, Lewis Spellman, Roy Warner, Tennis Mattix, Welcome Lowe, Harley Pontius, Culver Hand and Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Myers.

The installation services of Rev. J. S. Keppel as pastor of the Reformed church will be held this evening. Rev. N. B. Mathes of Goshen and Rev. S. E. Klopfenstein, of Culver, are expected to be present as the committee on installation. Rev. Mathes will preach the sermon.—Plymouth Tribune.

A gentleman from Chicago, while stopping at the Chadwick House for a few days, amused himself by catching a fine string of black bass.

"Mrs. Hasher has been bragging about how long she keeps her boards."

"She doesn't really keep them long. She keeps them so thin they

### NEWS OF LOCAL INTEREST

Happenings of the Past Week in Culver and Vicinity.

Who said ducks? There are none. Earl Poor is here visiting his parents.

Clean the streets, alleys and back yards.

Tim Wolf is now working for Stahl & Co.

Miss Clara Blanchard is visiting at Rochester.

A. D. Toner, of Kowanna was in town Tuesday.

Ben Easterday will move to town Thursday.

E. W. Koontz visited at Fulton, Mich., over Sunday.

Mrs. O. A. Gandy was a Plymouth visitor Tuesday.

Harley Davis returned to Rochester college Tuesday.

Major Hervey Bates is spending a few days at the lake.

Walter Hand returned from Fulton, Mich., Thursday evening.

FOR SALE—A good forty acre farm. Enquire of Stahl & Co.

Clarence Behmer transacted business at Plymouth Tuesday.

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. Ollie Clemons, Hibbard, April 3, a girl.

Harley and Eva Davis came home from Rochester college last Friday.

Mrs. L. Woods and children went to Mentone Tuesday to visit her parents.

J. C. Miles will make his future home with his daughter, Mrs. Frank Hawk.

Frank Brooks, of Gilman, Ill., is now employed as stenographer at the Academy.

Bring your produce to Culver where you will get the highest market price.

Miss Clista Easterday is employed in Miss Elora Zechiel's millinery store.

Mr. Keller of the firm of Keller and Jeffers, of Plymouth was in Culver Monday.

Miss Florence Rollins entertained number of her little friends last Monday evening.

The public school building at Mishawaka burned Tuesday morning. Loss \$40,000.

Walter Hand will build a residence on his lots in the north part of town this spring.

Mrs. Anna Butler and daughter Ruth, of Terre Haute, are visiting relatives and friends here.

Miss Tina Hill, of Sheridan, Wyo. is the guest of the families of L. C. and Dr. Wiseman.

FOUND—A knit shawl. Owner may have same by describing it and paying for this notice.

Fred Cook has returned from Cary Station, Ill., and will look up a location somewhere else.

A. A. Keen has the contract for building a cottage on Long Point, for Mr. Johnson, of Terre Haute.

T. E. Slatery went to Decatur, Ill. Saturday, to inspect a new soda fountain he is having built there.

Mrs. E. E. Lord and Mrs. Edwards were at Chicago for a few days last week buying millinery goods.

Dow Rector announces to his patrons that The Rector House and livery will be open as usual this season.

D. G. Walter went to Plymouth Monday to serve on the jury. Henry Overman has charge of the meat market.

Harry Menser will handle the Schlosser Bros.' ice cream again this summer. All orders receive prompt attention.

Mrs. Michael Baker died Sunday

field at the Methodist church Tuesday and the remains were interred at Burr Oak. Obituary next week.

Peter Spangler moved the barn from the J. Osborn property to the S. S. Smith lot near McLane's livery barn.

Miss Minnie Zechiel, who is staying at Fort Wayne, visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Zechiel a few days last week.

Mr. A. Herz and family are spending a few days at the lake fishing and preparing the cottage for permanent occupation.

The All Saints Guild will hold a special meeting at the home of Mrs. Captain Wilson Tuesday afternoon. A full attendance is desired.

A. N. Bogardus is confined to his bed. He had been to Indianapolis to attend a meeting of the Scottish Rights but was taken sick and returned home Saturday evening.

J. E. Torbert and J. B. Skaine were here Tuesday in the interest of the Bell telephone. It is proposed to interest our people in a line for Culver and surrounding country.

The Fortieth Anniversary of the Confederacy as exemplified by Rev. Streeter at the M. E. Church Friday evening was instructive and entertaining and was fairly well attended.

There will be a dance given at the Park Cafe, on Friday evening April 7th. All are invited to attend and bring partners. Good order will be maintained.—Charles Burkett, manager.

The W. C. T. U. wall pocket, which was placed in the depot by consent of the railroad company, has disappeared. Anyone knowing of its whereabouts will please notify Miss E. Duddleson.

Prof. E. Miller, of South Bend, President of the Maxinkuckee Assembly, is in town looking after the interests and making arrangements for this season's program. A meeting of the directors is now being held. A full report will be given next week.

Mrs. E. E. Lord has returned from Chicago with a full stock of millinery. She will have her opening display on April 12, 13 and 14. The public is cordially invited to call and examine the stock. Prices to suit everybody. An experienced milliner will be in charge. Next door to Citizen's office. 4912

William Foss is painting his house on the outside. He just completed a general overhauling of the inside, painting and papering it. He now has a very comfortable home and business room. Mr. Foss is a quiet, unassuming citizen, but judging from the improvements he has made this spring, he is quite successful in a business way.

In the CITIZEN of March 22, we made the statement that Altman, of Plymouth, had sold his store-building not stating which Altman. We had reference to Schuyler Allen a. M. Altman, of the Big Store, is building an addition to his extensive rooms, and is making preparations to serve more customers instead of selling the rooms he has.

Sunday, April 9th, will be the fortieth anniversary of the surrender of the Confederate army under Gen. Robert E. Lee. The Grand Army of the Republic will celebrate the occasion by attending church services. The Speyer Post with the Woman's Relief Corps, will meet at 10:30 a. m. at the hall and from thence will march to the Methodist church where appropriate services will be



## THE CULVER CITIZEN.

J. H. KOONTZ & SON, Pubs.

CULVER, INDIANA.

A Parisian complains that kissing is out of fashion in France. Import the American girl!

The latest Paris edict is that women must be thin. It must have been ordered by a majority vote.

The Boston Globe notes with lively interest the release of 1000 Newchwang junkies loaded with beans.

The earl has the actress. Or is it the actress that has the earl? Either way it is safe to defer congratulations.

A new novel is dedicated: "To the women with red hair"—probably in the hope that the novel will be also read.

"Where is heaven?" anxiously asks the New York Herald. But what earthly difference can it possibly make to the Herald?

Oyama says he attributes all his success to the virtues of his emperor. The old man probably isn't telling all he thinks, however.

A stock broker says it is just as safe now as it ever was for the poor to put their savings into Wall street. He is a truthful man.

The wicked Arabs seem to have made a great mistake in kidnapping Count de Zagonza. French counts never have any money.

Beer is 25 cents a glass in Panama. The republic really has done remarkably well to get along for more than a year without a revolution.

Investigation probably would show that neither of the armies in the far east worried greatly about China's neutrality at critical times.

The young Chicago medical student who is curing rheumatism by hypnosis ought to be able to find plenty of practice, if he can keep it up.

If President Roosevelt would solve the servant girl problem for them the women of the country would be willing to chance it on race suicide.

"Battleships," says Lord Charles Beresford, oracularly, "are cheaper than war." However, permanent, universal peace is cheaper than either.

That the Marquis of Anglesey left a valuable estate at Llanfairpwllgwynegll is a fact and not a typographical error, as might be supposed.

If any bird is to assume supremacy in the scheme of creation, as Prof. Williston thinks, there can be no doubt that it will be the American hen.

Can the Pennsylvania judge, who has decided on the bench that the husband is "master in his own house" sustain the decision of the court at home?

What's this Germany complains that America pilfers her literary ideas! Our beer may be more or less a plagiarism; but we deny the literary impeachment.

The scientific theory that petroleum is derived from old fossils looks like an unkind and wholly uncalled-for reflection upon Mr. Rockefeller's personal appearance.

A Berlin professor claims to have discovered a serum that will cure hay fever. And a host of sufferers may be expected to remark next August that they "habe id's drue."

Gen. Ma is heard from at last in the vicinity of the interesting town of Tungchaintze, but our other old friend, Gen. Pilg, seems to have pladed entirely out of sight.

Why should the Congress of Motherhood propose to start a newspaper to spread their gospel? Isn't every newspaper in the country in favor of babies and lots of them? Why crowd?

Mr. Grover Cleveland celebrated the completion of his sixty-eighth year by starting off on a hunting trip. The jackrabbits agree with Dr. Osler that a man ought to retire before reaching that age.

The United States circuit court has ruled that fancy socks must pay duty as embroidery. If the embroidery takes the shape of "clocks" would the court require the hose to be entered as timepieces?

Any possible rumor that Sluggish Jeffries is to play in a piece by George Bernard Shaw is denied in advance by the press agent. When there is slugging to be done in a play Mr. Shaw prefers to do it himself.

Mrs. Cornelia Claflin says man's bones, muscles and nerves are constructed to endure for 400 years. We are not so certain about the bones and muscles, but some nerves are built on that model all right.

A Chicago man after having had a disagreeable experience with a lady who was able to wipe up the floor with him advises men to avoid marrying girls who are heavier than themselves. He ought in all fairness to have a royalty from the producers of

## BOODLERS QUAIL AT PRISON BARS

Exposure Sure to Wring Confession From Men Who Plunder the People.

### FEW RESIST THE PRESSURE

Public Officials Guilty of Accepting Bribes Weaken When Given Alternative of Wearing Stripes or Laying Bare the Plot.

New York dispatch: "To catch the debauched public official or his debaucher I would take up the wildest rumors, and pursuing this, witness by witness, at last reach the source. There always is some public official in whom the instinct of self-preservation is so strong that he will tell the truth in preference to wearing the stripes of a convict."

This, summed up, is the plan of campaign that Gov. Joseph W. Folk of Missouri would follow in New York to unmask the alleged corruption in Albany. As expressed by himself, it was the system that made him a terror to corruptionists in his native state and pointed his way to the highest office in the state.

The attention of Gov. Folk was called to the daily publication in the newspapers of legislative or aldermanic hold-ups of the "Black Horse Cavalry" in Albany, of the power of the lobby, of the sudden cessation of opposition to important franchises after months of bitter fighting.

### Outlines His Plans.

His plans for the treatment of the conditions were simply—investigation, followed by a patient, unswerving, sincere effort to punish the bribe-giver or the bribe-taker. He dwelt with some bitterness on the attitude of highly respectable citizens at the outset of a crusade which might tarnish the names of persons in power, in referring to the hue and cry against any such action, on the familiar ground that it would besmirch the fame of the state or city. But he supplemented this with an expression of thankfulness for the innate honesty of every community, dormant at first, but when aroused a mighty weapon for good.

Permanent cure for "boodling" and bribery, he declared, lay in the honesty of the citizens, but much aid could come from the passage of laws similar to the gambling law of New York state, which grants immunity to one of those who confess.

"If I were prosecuting attorney," explained the governor, "and you told me that another man had said to you that a third man had received \$10,000 for his vote on some measure before the board of aldermen I would have you before the grand jury to testify to that fact."

### Would Force Testimony.

"Then I would put you in an adjoining room and send for the man you said told you that. If he denied having told you I should bring you out and confront him with you and let him take his choice between a prosecution for perjury or a full disclosure of his knowledge in the premises."

"It is usual upon being confronted in that manner that the witness would rather take his chance of telling the truth than being prosecuted."

"After he had been compelled to say in the manner indicated that the particular member of the board had told him he had received \$10,000, that member of the board would be brought in. In case of his denial he would be confronted in like manner."

"Once an official is compelled to turn state's evidence there is an opening wedge that will lead to the exposure of the whole scheme of graft, if it exists."

### STEEL MEN SECURE INCREASE

United States Steel and National Tube Shops Post Notices.

Pittsburg, Pa., dispatch: The United States Steel corporation has posted notices of readjustment of wages. No increase will affect 75,000 men. Notices were posted in the mills of the National Tube company at McKeesport, Pa., announcing that a wage readjustment would take effect April 1. The officials of the company refused to divulge the details of the proposed changes, but unofficially it is said to be a general increase for the 12,000 employees, ranging from 10 per cent for common labor to 5 and 7½ per cent for the various skilled men throughout the plant.

### OFFICIALS RUIN AN OHIO BANK

Directors Find Shortage Due to Speculation and Close Institution.

Lorain, O., dispatch: At a meeting of the directors and counsel of the Citizens Savings bank it was decided that the bank should be closed. Three officials of the bank are named as being responsible for a shortage and speculation in stocks is given as the cause for their being obliged to use the bank's money. Ex-Mayor W. R. Thompson, counsel for the bank, is authority for the statement that its liabilities will probably exceed its capital stock and surplus. The capital is \$50,000 and the surplus \$13,000.

### Muskrat Attacks Man.

Salem, N. J., dispatch: Heavy tides have driven muskrats from the meadows and they are frequently seen in this city. Officer Walker cornered one in front of the city bank, when it

## DEMANDS FRANCHISES OF BIG OIL COMPANIES

Attorney General of Missouri Seeks to Oust Concerns From Right to Do Business in That State.

Jefferson City, Mo., dispatch: An application for a writ of quo warranto for the purpose of ousting the Standard Oil company, the Republic Oil company, and the Waters-Pierce Oil company of their franchises for doing business in Missouri, was filed in the supreme court by Attorney General Hadley. The supreme court issued the writ and made it returnable to the court in banc on April 11.

The application charges the companies with being in combination to control prices and the supply of oil in the state. Recently the attorney general instituted a hearing before Judge Marshall of the supreme court to secure evidence on which to base such proceedings. The oil companies filed returns declaring the law to take testimony in advance of a suit to be unconstitutional, and the case was set for hearing on March 31.

Attorney General Hadley claims that publicity given on account of that proceeding has brought letters to him giving information he desired with which to begin proceedings, and he instituted them direct in the supreme court.

The proceedings before Judge Marshall will now be dropped.

## MUST REMAIN SINGLE TO SHARE IN ESTATE

Missouri Man Leaves \$10,000 to Four Sisters on Condition That They Keep Clear of Matrimony.

St. Louis, Mo., dispatch: According to the terms of a will made by a man in the recorder's office at Clayton, a suburb, real estate valued at \$10,000 is the price that awaits the one of the four daughters of H. W. Hough who succeeds the longest in avoiding marriage. The daughters are Misses Miriam, Jessie, Emeline and Effie Hough.

According to the deed the sisters are to share equally as tenants in common while they remain unmarried. If one weds her interest is to inure to the others. If all marry but one she is to have the fee simple to all the property. If, however, she, too, marries, she is to be deprived of all interest in the property. In that event, the deed stipulates "the whole of the property shall vest in either of them who shall be a widow." The young women are well known in social circles. They refuse to explain or discuss the matter.

## ANTHRACITE MINERS TO QUIT

Wage Conference Fail to Agree on Scale for Coming Year.

Altoona, Pa., dispatch: The operators and miners of the central bituminous district of Pennsylvania, after being in conference in this city almost continuously since March 16, endeavoring to agree upon a wage scale to go into effect April 1, adjourned finally Wednesday without coming to an agreement. The failure to agree means a suspension of work by the 65,000 organized miners of the district. When the joint scale committee met Wednesday the operators stood upon their proposition for a 10 per cent reduction for the first half of the approaching mining year, and the present scale, based on 62 cents for pick mining, for the second half of the year. The miners' ultimatum demanded a renewal of the present scale for the full year. No agreement being possible, the scale committee adjourned finally. The action of the miners on the committee was approved by the miners' convention, which then adjourned.

## MAN SEES HIS WIFE MURDERED

Husband Enters Home in Time to Shoot Assassin of Spouse.

St. Louis, Mo., dispatch: Joseph Berta, who conducts a saloon in Collinsville, on the east side, went home and found John Barlow at his home engaged in a violent altercation with Mrs. Berta. Just as Berta entered Barlow fired a pistol, giving the woman a mortal wound in the breast. She staggered back into her husband's arms, firing a revolver at Barlow as she fell and putting two bullets in his body. Berta seized the revolver from her hand and emptied the other three chambers into Barlow's body, receiving in return two painful bullet wounds. Barlow expired within a few minutes after Mrs. Berta breathed her last. A little over a year ago Barlow and Mrs. Berta eloped, but Mrs. Berta reported and her husband sent her \$75 to come back to him.

## RICH CHILDREN ARE KIDNAPED

Dr. Hartigan's Offspring Spirited Away for Second Time.

Denver, Col., dispatch: From Morgantown, W. Va., comes the news that Sarah and Mary Hartigan, aged 5 and 11 years respectively, daughters of Dr. William Hartigan, a famous surgeon and professor in the University of Virginia, have been kidnaped and brought to Denver. A legal battle for the custody of the little ones is promised, as large financial interests are at stake. The father is determined to secure the children. Certain relatives of the late Mrs. Hartigan are determined that the children shall be taken away from the father. An estate valued at \$500,000 is the bone of contention. The little ones, who were spirited away from their father's home will share in this estate. This is the second time these children have been

## PEACE TERMS ARE REJECTED

Negative Proposition on Behalf of Russia Does Not Meet With Favor at Hands of Advisers to the Ruler of Japan.

Japan has declined to negotiate for peace on the terms named by Russia, according to reports at St. Petersburg. These terms demanded that no indemnity be asked, and provided that southern Manchuria be abandoned by the Russians and that Vladivostok and Port Arthur be made open ports.

It is difficult to shed light on the peace pourparlers. From all information obtainable it is regarded as certain that actual negotiations between the belligerents are not yet under way, but the task of bringing them together is proceeding informally through the United States and France in the persons of President Roosevelt and M. Delcasse, the French foreign minister, who have been apprised of Russia's irreducible minimum, which, in addition to no cession of territory or indemnity, is believed to include a guarantee of the right of way over the Siberian railroad to Vladivostok through northern Manchuria. It is possible that there may be a pause before the next move occurs.

Added significance is now attached to President Roosevelt's desire to have Ambassador McCormick proceed forthwith to Paris, where, being familiar with the conditions at St. Petersburg, he could render great assistance to Ambassador Porter in any negotiations, it being now known Gen. Porter will remain in Paris until the end of April. The fact that the president's instructions were sent to Mr. McCormick two weeks ago gives some color to the reports from abroad that Japan took the initiative by approaching the president, but the idea with which this is coupled that the president will act as mediator is not credited.

St. Petersburg diplomats generally believe that the negotiations once begun will be conducted directly between representatives of the warring countries. One very prominent diplomat, however, said that all the powers are likely to be drawn in and that there might be another congress of Berlin. He pointed out that the powers interested commercially in China were vitally concerned in safeguarding the open door policy to which they were pledged and must be consulted as to the future status of Manchuria and collateral questions, such as the possible internationalization of the eastern Chinese railroad, etc.

The newspapers are so significantly silent about the peace reports from abroad that it leads to the inference that they have been warned by the government of the inadvisability of airing their views at this time. Those papers which have been favoring peace say nothing, while the small section of the press which has been insisting on a continuation of the war contents itself with the production of articles from foreign newspapers showing that peace now means the abandonment forever of Russia's position on the Pacific.

### Hope for Peace Wanes.

Whatever hopefulness the peace situation may have had some days ago, the situation has now completely changed, and there is every prospect that the war will drag on again. Consequently dispatches appearing in America saying that Foreign Minister Delcasse and Dr. Motono, the Japanese Minister to France, have been conferring in the former's house at Paris relative to peace are inaccurate. The foregoing view of the situation is taken by the parties immediately concerned, and it is asserted with the authority of the French foreign office and the Japanese legation.

A correspondent called at the Japanese legation at Paris and requested Dr. Motono to furnish a decisive statement which would put at rest all misunderstandings. Accordingly the minister gave the following categorical statement, which was taken in writing and may be accepted as authoritatively clearing the situation:

"I tell you explicitly that there are no peace negotiations or preliminaries for initiating peace negotiations in progress at this time, so far as I am aware, and I believe my information to be complete. I am not desirous of discussing the general question of peace, for, owing to the complete absence of negotiations or preliminaries toward negotiations, that question can only be academic and without practical bearing."

"The statements that I have conferred with M. Delcasse at his residence are false and are calculated to confuse a situation which is perfectly plain. There is no representative of Japan authorized at this time to discuss peace or foreshadow in the least what conditions the Japanese government might consider if the negotiations assumed a practical stage. On the contrary, Japan is now engaged in conducting a military campaign and she will resolutely proceed with that important work."

### President Roosevelt Denies.

It was authoritatively denied at the White House that President Roosevelt has been agreed upon by Russia and Japan as mediator in the peace negotiations expected to be soon inaugurated. No intimation of such a selection or a request for his services has reached the president.

M. Jusserand, the French ambassador, is of the opinion that peace is not in immediate prospect between Russia and Japan. He so expressed himself after a visit to President Roosevelt to

goes on—his southwestern trip, and said that both combatants at this time appeared to be bent on continuing hostilities for a satisfactory adjustment of their difficulties. He added that he did not talk with the president on the subject of mediation, and he did not believe that the Washington government had yet concerned itself officially in any movement looking to a cessation of the war. It was learned, however, that the prospects of peace were discussed at length.

### Oyama's Army Advances.

The news from the front indicates that Field Marshal Oyama has begun a genuine advance of his main army with wings far extended. Heavy reconnaissances are being made against the Russian center with the object of developing Linevitch's position.

A dispatch from Gen. Linevitch dated March 30 says: "There is no change in the situation. The enemy is displaying activity east of the railroad. Heavy snow fell during the night."

A telegram from Gunshu pass says Gen. Linevitch has forbidden the inhabitants of Harbin with the exception of the women and children to leave the place without special permits, fearing that the town may be denuded of workmen.

It is officially announced that Gen. Karkovitch has been appointed Gen. Linevitch's chief of staff in place of Gen. Sakharoff, who has been transferred to the Alexander committee for the care of the wounded. Gen. Stackelberg has also been appointed a member of the same committee.

The House Gazette prints a report that a number of Japanese prisoners at Medved have killed themselves by hara-kari and with arsenic. Gossip in some circles in St. Petersburg attributes the suicides to ill treatment. The American embassy has been advised on the subject.

### Japanese Are Active.

Reconnaissances disclose special activity on the part of the Japanese on the west, near the Mongolian frontier. It is reported that an anti-foreign propaganda is being conducted among the Chinese, who are being stirred up to a renewal of the "Boxer" disturbances. The Hun-Yuan-Myn societies of Mukden and Kirin and the Tsai-Li society, which is strong in Tsitsihar and northern Manchuria, are said to be working to spread this agitation among the Manchurian population, and Japanese success is doing much to augment the movement.

### Thirty on Death List.

The authorities continue to find evidence of terrorist activity in St. Petersburg, and in spite of the precautions of the police another tragedy may occur at any moment. The fighting organization is known to have on its condemned list thirty persons, headed by Grand Duke Alexis and Gov. Gen. Treppoff, but the police, although they have arrested several persons with bombs in their possession and have taken many suspects into custody, have been completely baffled in their efforts to discover the invisible hand which is directing the campaign of the terrorists. The police theory continues to be that the central organizations of those engaged in the conspiracies are at Geneva and in Paris, and that the men arrested in Russia are agents selected to execute the sentences. When arrested these agents invariably are true to their oaths and refuse to divulge anything, no matter to what ordeal they are subjected.

### Oversubscribe Loan.

Kuhn, Loeb & Co. of New York announced that they shall have to reject further applications for the Japanese loan. It is estimated that the applications for the American portion of the loan, \$75,000,000, will reach a total of almost \$500,000,000. It will take some time to make the allotments.

### Workmen Are Dispersed.

An assemblage of workmen in St. Petersburg demanding the liberation of imprisoned strike leaders nearly led to a riot. Mounted police and troops were summoned and surrounded the malcontents, who, seeing that resistance was hopeless, sullenly dispersed, a few being injured in the scuffle.

### USES TORCH TO THWART HEIRS

Aged Woman Burns Her Wealth to Discomfit Relatives.

La Crosse, Wis., dispatch: "I burned my house and my money because I intended to kill myself and did not want to leave anything to my relatives could profit by my death," confessed Charlotte Wolf, aged 74, thus explaining the mysterious destruction of her property. She poured kerosene on the floor and piled certificates of deposit of the value of \$7,000 and other valuable documents on the blaze. Then she went out to find a tree on which to hang herself, but relatives prevented her. She was adjudged insane and sent to an asylum.

### Found Forty Skeletons in Cave.

Victoria, B. C., dispatch: Prospectors have discovered a cave on the seashore between Quatsino sound and San Joseph bay, at the north end of Vancouver island, in which forty skeletons were found. The cave is thought to have been the

## Advancing Old Age

is detected by a gradual loss of elasticity in the outer skin which subtly turns expression lines into wrinkles.



## WOODBURY'S FACIAL SOAP.

keeps the skin firm wholesome and well nourished, thus retarding the ravages of time. For over 30 years this Face Soap has been indispensable to its acquaintances.

25 cents A CAKE.

Woodbury's Facial Cream applied regularly whitens and preserves the natural condition of the face skin.

### INITIAL OFFER.

In case your dealer cannot supply you send us his name and we will send prepaid, to any address for \$1.00 the following toilet requisites.

- 1 Cake Woodbury's Facial Soap.
- 1 Tube " Facial Cream.
- 1 " " Dental Cream.
- 1 Box " Face Powder.

Together with our readable booklet Beauty's Masque, a careful treatise on the care of the "outer self."

Booklet free on application.

THE ANDREW JERGENS CO.,

CINCINNATI, O.

### Must Have Worried Over Pies.

Alleghany County (Pa.) Reporter: Mrs. Eunice Hasard had a sick spell Thursday while alone. Mrs. Hattie and Mrs. Marion Hasard happened to go there for a visit that day and found her. Her pies had been in the oven two hours. She is better now.

### Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Beware the Signature of *Dr. H. J. Little*

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

### His Conclusion.

She—I spoke to the cook about it, but she says she never uses liquor except for medicinal purposes.

He—She must be a chronic invalid.

Lewis' "Single Binder" straight 5c cigar. Price to dealers \$38.00 per M. They cost some more than other brands, but no more than a good 5c cigar should cost. Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

### Practical.

She—"I'm thinking of changing my name. What would you suggest?"

He—"Mine."

She—"All right."

### No Laughing Matter.

Waggs—Did you ever hear the joke about the two moons?

Jaggs—That's no joke. I've seen 'em many a time.

### BRINGS HEALTH TO THREE MEMBERS OF SAME FAMILY.

Cures a Wife's Debility After Malaria, a Husband's Rheumatism, a Daughter's Nervous Prostration.

"I have recommended Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to many people," said Mrs. Gossett, "because I have seen such good results, time after time, right in my own family. There are three of us who have no doubt about their merits. We do not need to take anybody's word on the subject for our own experience has taught us how well they deserve praise."

"It was just about ten years ago that I first read about Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and bought my first box. I was at that time all run down, weak, nervous and without ambition. I had been doctoring all summer for malaria and stomach trouble. Everybody thought I was going into consumption, as my mother had died of that disease."

"Thanks to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, I am now alive and hearty. I began to improve as soon as I began to take them, and when I had taken three boxes I was a well woman. Everyone wonders how I keep so well and am able to care for my home and six children without help. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills explain it."

"My oldest girl's health began to fail when she was about fourteen. She was nervous, complained of sharp pains in her head, would get drowsily sick and have to leave the school room to get fresh air to revive her. I gave some pills to her. She took only a few boxes, but they cured her troubles, and caused her to develop into a perfect picture of health. Then my husband took them for rheumatism and found that they would cure that too. So you see we have all got great good from using them, and that is why we recommend them to others."

Mrs. Minnie B. Gossett lives at Ulrichville, Tuscarawas Co., Ohio, and is well known, as she has resided in the same neighborhood for more than thirteen years. Her story shows that a medicine which makes the blood sound and the nerves strong, overcomes a variety of diseases and should be found in every household. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists everywhere. They have cured anaemia, and all forms of weakness, also the most stubborn cases of dyspepsia and rheumatism. They are indispensable for growing girls.



# Mistress Rosemary Allyn

By MILLICENT E. MANN

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## CHAPTER X.—Continued.

Oh, youth! mad loving youth! What if I were ever disappointed, I still pressed hot-foot after the slightest clue that might lead me to my love—can language tell or thought measure the strength of love?

I asked many of the young sparks about the town whom I soon met if they were acquainted with or knew of a lady named Mistress Rosemary Allyn? She seemed to be unknown. I came to the conclusion that in spite of her beauty and imperiousness, she was of small means and station, and had come to Castle Drou by chance.

Of the lady whom I had escorted into London, I also had as yet heard nothing. She had asked my name, and where I should stop, saying I would hear from her anon. As the incident no doubt faded from her mind, I had also.

One day I was strolling down Holborn with Mister Arnold, the biggest tonguester in London, but withal a fellow with little malice in his most malicious stories—in fact he at whose Lodge in Sussex county I had won the promise of the hand of Lady Felton. I had been equally unfortunate in not being able to see that lady; 'twas said that she was out of town; had gone to France. Concerning the paper I had more, Mister Arnold had displayed a great curiosity, but as he received no encouragement from me to speak upon it, he soon desisted.

It was a day of rosy sunshine and baby breezes. Summer was flouting her flag of wanton brightness into the very face of winter, thereby throwing over all the land such gracious warmth as made one wish she might forever linger with us. Sparrows flew about the half-clad trees, and bathed in the puddles along the thoroughfares. They shook their plumage and pruned themselves, twittering unceasingly, joyous in the present warmth. We were as satisfied and as thoughtless for the moment as they.

Mister Arnold was relating a yarn about Jack Howe—a most notorious liar—who had unwittingly told the truth about an episode of my Lady Castlemaine's. The gossip pertained not to this tale and is not worth repeating for its own sake. We heard a rumbling of heavy wheels, and the

The coach turned in Bow street—a fashionable neighborhood, where many stately piles reared their crests—and stopped before a mansion. The coach door was opened, the steps let down, and Mistress Rosemary Allyn alighted. She then went up the marble flight of stairs and was admitted at once.

I followed her. So rapidly did I mount the steps after the lady, the portal was yet warm from her presence. The lackey opened the door at my knock immediately. He unceremoniously told me the door to the left. It was a levee day evidently, for through the half-open door I heard many voices and the gayest of laughter. Gad zooks! methought this was not what I wished, and I drew near reluctantly—I hesitated upon the threshold of my desire.

I peeped into the room—a room after Gibbons, frescoed ceiling and parquetry floor of yew. The furnishings were from Paris. I saw a number of swells, yes, upward of a dozen or more who had by all the signs been awaiting the lady. She sat in state in a large fauteuil with her tiny feet resting on a stool.

A fellow knelt before her unlacing the high-topped driving boots, which imprisoned her feet, while another waited with a pair of satin slippers. I knew where there was one that might claim kinship to them. He ogled the slippers as though he could have swallowed them with the greatest relish, whilst he alternately looked with petulance at the one at the lady's feet. I did not wonder at the impatience, for so long did the fellow linger o'er his self-imposed undertaking, it had never been completed had not Mistress Rosemary Allyn called him to task.

"Cousin Raoul," said she, "hast thy fingers the megrims that they fumble so over the lachings of my boots?" Cousin Raoul sent an upward fond glance at the lady.

"They become as confused as their master, being part of him, upon touching aught of yours," he said.

"Poof!" she said and shrugged her shoulders. "You set a bad example to your friends, mon cousin."

Back of her chair another fellow hovered. He held in his hands a carafe and glass, and begged her to

"I am Quentin Waters at your service," I said to the lady; "and am come to pay my devils to Mistress Rosemary Allyn."

"The fishmonger of Long Haat metamorphosed into a gallant," she whispered in a loud aside.

The fellows roared. I looked steadily at them. More than one pair of eyes fell to occupy themselves with something beside myself.

"Yes," I retorted. "I would join her followers."

"Followers!" she repeated. "Ah, I see."

She stood up. "Gentlemen," she cried, "permit me to introduce a confrere—Master Quentin Waters."

They all bowed with mock humility before me.

I humored her. Time enough to deal with them, and my face at the thought became darker than its own dark hue, as I returned their bows sternly.

"I am at a disadvantage," I said. "I apologize for my unceremonious entrance into your presence. Let thy beauty, which dazzles, plead my excuse."

"Ah, Cousin Raoul, a rival of thine in polite flatteries," she said. To me, "You are welcome. In a lady's train of 'followers' there is, I believe, always room for one more."

"In this case, though, Master Quentin Waters, the card is full," said Sir Raoul Dwight.

"That is for the lady to say," I replied, and looked at her.

Before she could answer the nearest fellow began:

"It seems to me I like not your tailor's fit; your coat does not hang to suit my eye."

"Your points are too dazzling bright; they glitter with an up-country newness," the next fellow took up the refrain.

"Your lacing goeth crookedly; it offends my eye," drawled the third.

"Why waste breath?" I cried. "It is more than enough."

I threw my gauntlet on the floor.

He who had begun the gibbering swooped to pick it up, but "Cousin Raoul" stopped him.

"Nay, George, thou all-round fighter," said he, "'tis to me this game belongs."

He handed me my glove with the tip of his sword.

"I would have the pleasure, sir?" said he.

"It is mutual, sir," I replied. "Time and place?"

"Back of Montague house is a good place," he answered. "As for the time—there I must plead for indulgence. In less than an hour I am due at court, where his Majesty has commanded that I be in attendance to go on a three-days' trip up the country—after that—I am at your service the evening of the third day, and I do not think the few days waiting will render our meeting any the less joyful."

"Art satisfied?" burst in Mistress Rosemary Allyn, ready to shift the blame upon anyone's shoulders but where it belonged.

"No," I replied; "but three days hence I shall be." And I smiled at her.

"A brave man boasts not beforehand of what he thinks he may accomplish," she retorted.

"Nay, you misjudge me," I said. "The satisfaction lieth in the thought that I may oblige Mistress Rosemary Allyn for once."

"You have obliged me before this," she murmured.

"If I have I knew it not," I interrupted.

"And she requires naught at your hands," she finished with a toss of her head.

"It would not belittle her to do so, since she accepts the services of such as these," I said, and, confronting the men, I swept their faces with an insolent glance.

(To be continued.)

To Test Wool and Linen.

It often happens that woolen goods will be doctored with cotton. To discover this there are several tests that can be made. One is the match test. By applying a lighted match to a sample of the goods, the manner in which it burns will be evidence of its genuineness.

Wool will burn slowly, while cotton will go like a train of gunpowder. Another test is to unravel the threads and the cotton can then easily be detected.

To the experienced buyer the "feel" of linen is a sufficient indication of the quality, but for those who lack this knowledge there is an old-fashioned test which our grandmothers used which is unfailing to show if there is cotton in the wool. Dampen the finger and apply to the surface of the linen fabric. If the moisture is seen on the other side you may know at once it is linen. If it is slow in coming through, without doubt there is an admixture of cotton. Another method is to unravel the threads, as in the wool test.

Nations Quarrel Over Islands.

Australia is afraid that France will annex the New Hebrides Islands, but there are many people living in these isles of the western Pacific who would be glad if they could be annexed by any power. For the blessings of rule under an Anglo-French convention are somewhat mixed. The Briton is forbidden by his own rulers from importing spirits, while the Frenchman does a merry trade, selling his liquid fire for substantial acres, thus gradually establishing his predominance over the fettered Anglo-Saxon. England has a historic claim to rule in these regions, for it was Capt. Cook, who, in 1773, gave the islands their name, under the belief that they were the most westerly isles in the Pacific.



## The New Colors.

Dark smoke gray is a very favorite shade in new clothes; so are brown, navy blue and purple. Nearly all the blouses for morning wear are made of cloth or fine flannel, the favorite trimmings being braid and buttons. Linen collars are giving place to the very high inner ones of tuckered muslin with outer ones of velvet or silk. Sleeves strike a note of novelty; they are very slightly fluted in on the shoulder, giving a square effect, and from the elbow to the wrist they are as tight as is consistent with comfort. Very often they have a little turned back cuff of velvet, and occasionally a linen cuff is seen. The shirts are beautifully fitted, tight at the back and sides, with a becoming fullness across the figure in front, very little pouched and mostly finished with a suede belt held in place by slides.

Collars are extremely high, and sleeves extremely tight; that is the difference between the blouse of the present and the blouse of the past. There is no compromise in the matter.

Many smart blouses worn in Paris are arranged in rather big box plaits. These are made of linen, and are nice to wear under very thick cloth coats. Then quite charming are the blouses in plaid materials, relieved with a touch of velvet in some dark color, and a little inner chemisette of muslin or a white linen collar.

## White Trimming for Spring Costumes.

Much more often becoming is the costume with the skirt and fancy jacket to be worn over a waist of the same color, or the blouse of lingerie—for that these separate waists of lingerie and lace are as popular as ever there is no gainsaying—and the short jacket with the slashed sleeves, most elaborately trimmed and very charmingly executed, looks especially well over an elaborate blouse of this sort. There is a great deal of white noticeable in the trimming of all costumes for the spring, and this model gives an opportunity for a lot of white in the waist; much the most satisfactory place to have it, by the way, for there is then not the same danger of its being quickly soiled, and in a way that cannot easily be made clean, whereas the blouse can be laundered or cleaned without any difficulty. The same rule applies to the more severe style of long coat and skirt, which is made up in gowns intended both for morning and afternoon. In truth, the length of the long coats is almost too exaggerated on some of the pongee and cloth gowns, while the three-quarter length in silk or velvet is so elaborate in detail as to seem almost like a reception gown.

## Spring Hats.

The typical spring hat has a flexible brim which is turned up sharply in the back, perhaps in a broad and simple fold, quite as likely in a series of irregular and frantic pinchings. This doubled-up hat is tilted down over the face by means of an extremely wide bandeau, the resulting attitude contributing to the general effect of inebriation.

The typical crown is of at least medium height, ranging to considerable altitude, and as fashion licenses the heaping of a garden crop of miscellaneous flowers upon and around this forward-tipping tower, there is little help to be had from this feature in the maintenance of sanity.

## A Dainty Gown.

Frocks for the small girl may have some simple ornamentation, but the



plainer they are kept the more comfortable will the small wearer be. The skirt of the pattern shown hangs in soft, full folds from the yoke, which can be plain or tucked, or striped with Valenciennes and needlework. A bertha edged with lace trims the waist, half concealing the short puff sleeves. A dainty in rosebud pattern is suggested for summer wear, while cashmere chailis or pongee will be appropriate for the spring months.

## What is Worn.

First and foremost copper red, orange-tinted brown, shaded mandarin.

Burnt orange is the color which we all desire our hair to assume. La Vallere chains are becoming alike to slender and short necks. Valenciennes lace, certainly on blouses, takes the lead, and it is being introduced into lounging gowns and tea gowns, as well as full dress high bodices. Velvet takes first place in luxurious gowns, and is second to no other material for the three-quarter coat, says the Queen. The broader the bodice the more fashionable. Green seems best allied to the softest make of face cloths, and peach colored chiffon nothing can rival.

## Dressy Separate Waist.

A dressy separate waist for spring and summer wear appears in the accompanying illustration.



Louisine, chiffon, batiste or fine lawn combined with any one of the fashionable insertions in white or an ecru tone will develop a dainty bodice. These waists all close in the back with small buttons and thread eyes, and, while a pretty fullness exists, the tendency toward a blouse has been greatly modified. The sleeves are extremely full above the elbow and terminate in a long, tight cuff. By using the elbow sleeve, together with a round neck, an elaborate waist for more formal occasions is secured.

## The New Millinery.

The new millinery is always a most attractive part of the toilette for the coming season. We have become accustomed to "airy, fairy" hats all through the winter, often showing the saving touch of fur, it is true, but positively summery for all that, keeping pace with the topsy-turvy vogue of lingerie waists worn all through this cold term. The changes are, therefore, mostly in the shapes and in the use of straw in place of felt in hats for general wear. Although some of the winter shapes are simply repeated in spring and summer hats, there are many pleasing new ideas and revivals of picturesque old styles. An illustration of this is the dainty little dress hat of white crinoline with its long plume, giving an impression of the Henry II style, with twentieth century art and chic added.

## Long, Straight Lines.

The long, straight lines are the thing. Yet there is something of a return to the 1860 tea gown, that thing that was worn before the war. It is round in the skirt, round in the waist and there is a girle to which the woman who wants to be picturesque will hang a silver key, the key to her linen closet.

It is almost a rule that all sleeves shall be full and wide and slightly flowing. "The fuller and wider and more flowing the better, if it is a peignoir," said a modiste who makes nothing else.

## Henriettas Are Popular.

Henriettas, introduced last fall, are being pushed this spring. For the first spring gowns they are to be preferred to almost anything else, being warmer than mohair and much lighter than broadcloth. Drap d'ete and lightweight fancy mixtures are also recommended. As soon as warm weather approaches, many eolienne gowns will be seen on the street, that lovely fabric having been elected for walking gowns by many fashionable modistes.

## Dressy Touches.

Some perfectly plain black embroidered cloths are made with the tight-fitting habit bodice, with sleeves puffed at the top, and having deep cuffs of the embroidery coming right over the hands. And here we have an inclination to introduce the inevitable waistcoat of some soft, shaded velvet, kid or satin, and the chemisette or jabot of lace or of some soft fabric.

## Linings Are Featured, Now.

Linings are worthy of note. Mostly of white silk they are faced to give a very gorgeous finish when the coat is thrown open. As for skirts, they are for the most part unlined and one sees few drop skirts. "The drop wears out so soon," said a ladies' tailor. "that we prefer to do without the drop skirt and to use a handsome silk petticoat instead. There is nothing in the drop skirt so specially commend itself."

# DOUSTS PANAMA CANAL BOARD

President Accepts Resignations of Members of Commission.

## ADMIRAL WALKER OBEYS TAFT

Secretary Urges the Naval Officer to Send Official Notices of Retirement to the Chief Executive Without Delay.

Washington dispatch: The isthmian canal commission was wiped out of existence late Wednesday afternoon, when each member tendered his resignation, to take effect at once. Admiral Walker collected the resignations of his five colleagues on the commission, added his own, and forwarded them all to Secretary of War Taft. The dissolution of the commission, which has been daily expected since the adjournment of congress, was precipitated by a flat request for the resignation of its members. The commissioners had refused to accept hints and announcements made through various semi-official sources of impending changes. They several days ago reached a conclusion to await a formal demand for their resignations.

## Resignations Are Demanded.

Shortly after noon Secretary Taft sent a letter to Admiral Walker, chairman of the canal commission, asking him to tender his own resignation and secure those of his associates.

It was explained that this action was necessary in order that a contemplated reorganization of the commission might be effected. No regret was expressed at the exigencies which made the demand imperative.

Following is the text of the Secretary's letter:

"The President directs me to ask the members of the commission to hand in their resignations in order that he may have a free hand in reorganizing the commission. Please wire General Davis, requesting that his resignation be forwarded."

## Obeys Taft's Order.

Admiral Walker at once complied with the demand made by Secretary Taft. He informed the other members of the commission and the little batch of resignations was soon collected and on its way to the war department.

The President has been giving much consideration for more than a month to the selection of new canal commissioners. He was forced to make an announcement at the White House that because of delay in receiving replies to tenders of positions on the commission it is not now believed that the names of the new members can be made known before he leaves on his southern trip. He said the announcement may be deferred until he has been gone a few days. It will be made at the earliest possible date.

## Shontz May Head New Body.

Theodore P. Shontz, president of the Clover Leaf railroad, running from Toledo to St. Louis, has been selected as chairman of the reorganized canal commission. He has not finally accepted the place, but it is believed he will do so. He is now a member of Secretary Morton's party on the dispatch boat Dolphin.

Judge Charles Nagood will be made a member of the commission and serve as governor of the canal zone. After July 1 he will also discharge the duties of American minister to Panama.

J. F. Wallace, at present chief engineer of the canal, will be made a member of the commission. Two additional members must be officers of the army and navy, either on the active or retired list. Colonel Clarence E. Edwards, now chief of the insular affairs bureau, is strongly suggested as the army representative.

## No Reappointments Likely.

The other two members will be engineers. It was expected the president would reappoint William Barclay Parsons of New York and Prof. Burr, but this is now regarded as unlikely.

It was the original intention of the president to have the commission composed of but three members after its reorganization. He requested legislation from congress reducing the membership of the commission, but this failed. He then construed that he had authority to reduce the membership himself. Attorney General Moody rendered an opinion that the Spooner act fixed the membership at seven, and that this could not be changed except by act of congress. The president abandoned his idea of seven members. The necessity of finding four additional members has increased the delay in announcing the reorganization.

The retiring commission was appointed early in 1904. The selection of Admiral Walker as chairman was forced upon the president by Senator Allison. There were all manner of dissensions among the members from the beginning.

The new canal commission, when appointed, will act directly under the secretary of war's supervision, as has been the practice since the first canal zone government bill failed.

Secretary Taft has been informed that William Nelson Cromwell has succeeded in buying for the government all but five of the 275 shares of Panama railroad stock still outstanding. At the request of the president, Secretary Taft has formally thanked Mr. Cromwell for his valuable services in the matter.



He handed me my glove with the tip of his sword.

cracking of a whip. It heralded the approach of one of the fine coaches of the town. We stepped hastily back against a house, for usually they came at so great a speed the mud and offal collected in the gutters were splashed indiscriminately about, and in this case it might be to the hurtfulness of our attire. We were both dressed faultlessly, and out for an airing.

The coach swayed and whirled along the unpaved and rutty street, while the footmen had all they could do to keep their seats. It slowed up when opposite us. We both looked indifferently at the gold and buff equipage. In the coach sat the woman I loved—Mistress Rosemary Allyn!

I met a full gaze—she looked at me for quite a second, with the lowering coquetry of a great beauty, sure of her conquest—and then she dropped her lids in languid haughtiness. There was no recognition in her glance; no return to my gracious salutation. The carriage rolled past.

"Stiff! Who is the beauty?" exclaimed Mister Arnold. "You seem to know her."

What I answered him I know not. How I excused myself, as I hastily left him, I know not also. The insinuating smile I caught upon his clean-shaven lips recalled to my mind that he was not one to stop at any scruples he ought to have when dressing up a story to suit the over-nice palates of his score of cronies; fitting it out with that spiciness of flavor which delighted those scandal-mongers. I trusted somewhat in his being my friend and his good nature. If they held him not, I was no puffing infant and could take care of my own honor.

It was well for me that the coach had not far to go and went the rest of the way in a decorous manner, else I'm afraid my maroon-colored suit with its gold lachings would have suffered. For, God! I had a good pair of legs and I proposed meeting the lady.

let him give her a dash of rum. Yet another strode across the room, a most insane expression on his face; to him had fallen the honor of removing her headgear.

A bevy of insolent youths with their bowing and scraping!

Twice I made the movement to enter, and twice I hesitated. My dilatoriness was my undoing, for as I was slipping backward, intending to leave and choose a more apropos time for addressing Mistress Allyn, my sword clanked against the wainscoting, and gave out a metallic sound.

The simpering fellows looked around with a suspicious quickness. Had the lady seen me following her coach? I was certainly admitted as if expected. I recognized the one at her feet as my foe of the Lodge, Sir Raoul Dwight. From a darkening of his countenance, hardly perceptible, I felt that the recognition was mutual, and that that recognition brought gladness to more than one.

Flight was out of the question. Naught remained to me but to advance with as good grace as I could into the room, where I was waited for.

Mistress Rosemary Allyn's eyes met and crossed mine when I had straightened myself from my lowest bow.

A rippling laugh escaped her.

"Sdeath!" she explained. "Whom have we here, cousin? One of your friends?" she queried of the one still at her feet.

"None of mine, sweet coz," he said. The quick reply came with an insulting look at me.

His task was now finished, and I assure you my advent into the room had not hastened it. He stood up, tall and straight and insolent. He strutted toward me with his eyeglass on and looked me up and down. The fellow smelt so of bergamot, I vow 'twas offensive.

I returned his look quite as fixedly for a brief second, when I turned to something more to my taste.



## HEALTH

"I don't think we could keep house without Theodor's Black-Draught. We have used it in the family for over two years with the best of results. I have not had a doctor in the house for that length of time. It is a doctor in itself and always ready to make a person well and happy."—JAMES HALL, Jacksonville, Ill.

Because this great medicine relieves stomach pains, cures the constipated bowels and invigorates the torpid liver and weakens kidneys.

## No Doctor

is necessary in the home where Theodor's Black-Draught is kept. Families living in the country, miles from any physician, have been kept in health for years with this medicine as their only doctor. Theodor's Black-Draught cures indigestion, dyspepsia, colds, chills and fever, bad blood, headache, diarrhoea, constipation, colic and almost every other ailment because the stomach, bowels, liver and kidneys so nearly control the health.

## THEODOR'S BLACK-DRAUGHT

### PROFESSIONAL DIRECTORY.

B. W. S. WISEMAN, M. D.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

CULVER, INDIANA.

DR. H. A. DEEDS,

DENTIST

OFFICE: Over Leonard's Furniture Store, PLYMOUTH, INDIANA.

E. E. PARKER,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

Special attention given to Obstetrics and Diseases of Women. Office over Culver Exchange Bank. Residence, corner Main and Scott Streets. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m.; 2 to 4 p. m. and 7 to 8 p. m.

DR. O. A. REA,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

OFFICE: Main Street, opposite Post Office, CULVER, INDIANA.

C. C. DURR, D. D. S.

DENTIST

Friday and Saturday of each week. Office opposite Postoffice, CULVER, IND.

ROBERT C. O'BLENIS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW AND NOTARY PUBLIC.

Also Deputy Prosecutor. Office—Pickel Block, ARBON, INDIANA.

DR. NORMAN S. NORRIS,

DENTIST.

Office—Opposite M. E. Church, CULVER, IND.

N. J. FAIRCHILD,

LIVE STOCK AND GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

Terms Reasonable. Satisfaction Guaranteed. Write for dates. Residence, 2 miles east of Maxinkus Lake. CULVER, IND.

CHARLES KELLISON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

Practices in All Courts State and Federal. PLYMOUTH, IND.

Trustee's Notice.

After April 1st, my weekly office days, for the transaction of township business, will be as follows: Tuesdays at my residence, and Saturdays at my office over the Exchange Bank, Culver. FRANK M. PARKER, Trustee.

### About Rheumatism.

There are few diseases that inflict more torture than rheumatism and there is probably no disease for which such a varied and useless lot of remedies have been suggested. To say that it can be cured, is, therefore, a bold statement to make, but Chamberlain's Pain Balm, which enjoys an extensive sale, has met with great success in the treatment of this disease. One application of Pain Balm will relieve the pain, and hundreds of sufferers have testified to permanent cures by its use. Why suffer when Pain Balm affords such quick relief and at costs but a trifle? For sale by T. E. Slattery.

If you are thinking of making a safe see Sellers and McFarland in regard to terms and dates. Effort, interest and enthusiasm are marked features of all sales conducted by them.

## THE CULVER CITIZEN

J. M. KOONTZ & SON, PROPRIETORS.

### SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Year, in advance, \$1.00  
Six Months, in advance, .60  
Three Months, in advance, .35

### ADVERTISING

Rates for local and foreign advertising made on application.  
Legal advertising at the rates fixed by law.  
Entered at the postoffice at Culver, Indiana, as second class mail matter.

CULVER, INDIANA, APRIL 6, 1905.

### THEY BEAT THE BOSS.

Ministers of Galesburg, Ill., Enter Politics and Win.

The Chicago Daily Tribune thinks that the ministers of Galesburg, Ill., know how to get what they want. The story of their recent success in bringing the liquor men to terms is of great interest to good citizens everywhere who want better enforcement of law and clean cities. It is also a striking answer to the pessimists who hold up their hands in holy horror when folks talk of mixing religion and politics. Here is one place where it succeeded. The Tribune in its editorial says:

The Galesburg ministers are practical men. When they wish to get rid of a mayor whom they do not like, they do not hold prayer meetings, but they go to the primaries and beat his delegates. Perhaps if the Philadelphia ministers who humiliated Mayor Weaver with ineffective prayers were more businesslike in their methods they would accomplish more.

Two years ago the mayor of Galesburg promised the ministers of that city that he would enforce the laws. He has not done so to their satisfaction. As the time drew near for holding the primaries the ministers quietly organized the church members and marched them up to the polls in several wards. The mayor's friends were taken by surprise at the appearance of the ministers of men who seldom go there, and the ministerial forces voted their delegate tickets. It was a great victory.

If ministers intend to engage effectively in politics the Galesburg "will front" plan may be the best one for them to adopt. Sermons seem to have little effect. Communities of one hundred which adopt resolutions and addresses do not appear to accomplish much. The minister whose drilled and disciplined congregation will follow him to the primaries and vote the ticket he has prepared may sometimes take the most astute politicians unawares and give them an unpleasant surprise. When it will become evident that "the children of this world" are not always wiser than "the children of light."

Despite all the critics, that is just what the temperance people are doing right along and intend to keep on doing. Whether a man believes in it or not, the Prohibition party has inhibited the idea and is worth watching if for no other reason.

### The Duke and the Barber.

In olden days an English noble entered a barber shop, and, upon inquiring for the master, was answered by an apprentice of fourteen that he was not at home. "Do you shave, then?" asked the duke. "Yes, sir, I always do," was the reply. "But can you shave without cutting?" "Yes, sir, I'll try," answered the youth. "Very well," said the duke, while seating himself and leaning back in his chair. "But, look here, if you let any blood, as true as I sit here I'll blow your brains out." Now, consider well before you begin.

After a moment's reflection the boy began to make ready and said, "I'm not afraid of cutting you, sir," and in a short time had completed the feat without a scratch. To the complete satisfaction of the duke. In gentle tones his grace asked, "Were you not afraid of having your brains blown out when you might have cut me so easily?" "No, sir; not at all, because I thought that as soon as I should happen to let any blood I would cut your throat before you could have time to fire." The reply won from the duke a handsome reward. It need scarcely be added he never resumed his dangerous threats in a barber shop. A lesson was taught him for life.

### Beck's Narrow Escape.

David Beck, the celebrated portrait painter and pupil of Van Dyke, while traveling through Germany was suddenly taken ill and to all appearances died and was laid out on a corpse. His servants, sitting round the bed, grieved heartily for the loss of so good a master, and as grief is thirsty drank as heartily at the same time. One of them, becoming more befuddled than the rest, then addressed his companions thus: "Our master when alive was fond of his glass. Let us out of gratitude, then, give him one now he is dead." Assent was given; the head of the dead painter was raised up and some wine poured down or spilled about the face of the spirit of which caused Beck to open his eyes, upon which the servant, who, being drunk, half forgetting his master was dead, forced down the remainder of the glass. The painter gradually revived and thus escaped a living interment.

### The Russian Naval Standard.

The Russian naval standard—a blue flag with a white cross—was adopted by Peter the Great, who stayed for some months at Guardian, near Amsterdam, working as a mechanic to gain a knowledge of shipbuilding. During this time he took a strong fancy to a clever workman named Cruys, whom he persuaded to return with him to Russia after he had revealed to him his true name and position.

Cruys drew the plans for the first ships built for the Russian navy, and, to show his appreciation, Peter the Great made him an admiral and gave orders that the Russian navy should thenceforth have a special flag with a white cross upon it to perpetuate the memory of his trusted associate, Cruys being an old form of the Dutch word for cross.

**PILES**—The sufferer who thinks this disease incurable has never tried that peculiar "Hermit" Salve. A trial will convince the most sceptical. 25¢ and 50¢. All druggists. Hermit Remedy Co., Chicago.

## Under Suspicion

(Continued)

Phil Bouteille and I worked for assayors. Phil was a reformed, freckled, generally homely fellow, attentive to business and despite his unprepossessing appearance very attractive to women. This I accounted for from his smooth tongue. He could say more flattering things to a girl in a few minutes than I could say in a week. Indeed his remarks were such palpable flattery that I wondered the girls would swallow them.

There came a leakage in the gold dust passing through our hands, and I was suspected of being the thief. Up to this time Florence March and I had been getting on admirably, but now one day I heard Bouteille pay her one of his sickening compliments, and from that time she seemed to be completely under his influence. Then I heard that Bouteille had accused me.

The leakage in the dust was very small, but it was constant, so that in course of time it must be very large. The thief had some method of carrying it away in infinitesimal quantities, but with great regularity. I was called into a private office one evening after stopping work and searched. The other clerks were put through a similar process, but nothing was found on any of us. I was put under special surveillance, and it was not long before I discovered that a new man who had come into the assaying room and who appeared to have taken a desperate fancy to me was watching me.

Florence March gave me to understand that she did not believe I was guilty, but instead of resuming her former relations with me she accepted more and more Phil Bouteille's attentions. I charged her with her perfidy, which, though it pained her, made no difference in her treatment of my rival and accuser. My position was indeed painful. Conscious of being suspected by my employers and fellow clerks and watched by a spy, I saw the girl who should have stood by me associating on terms of intimacy with the man whom I believed responsible for the suspicion resting upon me. Bouteille endeavored to maintain friendly relations with me, but I spurned him.

But one day the tables were turned. I missed Bouteille from his work and upon inquiring learned that he had been arrested the night before. During the morning I was called into the office of my employers, and an apology was made to me for the spying that had been done on my movements.

"You have discovered the thief?" I asked.

"Yes."

"To a certainty?"

"Yes."

"How was the discovery accomplished?"

"That is a secret."

I returned to my work and that afternoon passed Florence March on the street. Now that I was vindicated and the man who had taken up with in my stead was known to be the guilty party, I felt that I could show her my opinion of her conduct with a better grace than before. I walked by her without looking at her.

Bouteille pleaded guilty, so there was no evidence brought forth to show how his inquiry had been discovered. This was very disappointing to me. One day soon after he had disappeared from the world, while I was in the private office of my employers, I asked if I would ever know how the culprit had been discovered.

"Why do you wish to know?"

"Because a girl whom I respected deserted me for him, though he accused me of the crime of which he was himself guilty. I am curious to know more on her account."

"Do you refer to Miss March?"

"I do."

After a few words whispered between them one of the partners said:

"Miss March discovered Bouteille's rascality."

I was thunderstruck. "How did she do it?" I asked.

"For that you must go to her."

I hurried to Florence. She came down to see me, maintaining a reserve.

"I am told you discovered the thief," I said. "Would you mind telling me how you accomplished it?"

"I suspected him from the moment I heard he accused you. Besides, he was too broad with his compliments. It seemed to me they were intended to cover some object."

"You mean that?"

"Certainly."

"And why did you desert me for him?"

"To rescue you from the position you occupied."

"And how did you do that?"

"I tried to win his confidence, but failed."

"Well?"

"I can't tell you any more. You will blame me."

"No," I said, now knowing that she had saved me. "I will not blame you. I now believe in you thoroughly."

"Well, I permitted him to become so intimate that one evening he sat so near as to put his head just above my shoulder. When I went to my room I saw something sparkle on my dress. I brushed it into a china cup, and it proved to be gold dust. I gave the information, a detective was put on Bouteille's track, and it was found that he had been carrying gold dust away in his hair, which was of a convenient color to conceal it. The discovery came from his washing his hair every day when he went to his room after leaving the office."

"And why did you not confide in me?"

"You would have spoiled everything by making an accusation without a bit of proof. It was very hard for me."

Her voice trembled. I took her in my arms, and that is the end of the story.

FLORENCE ETHEL CROSBY.

### More New Goods.

We wish to announce that we have in a large and handsome line of ladies spring and summer hats. We have again employed a trimmer for the season and are prepared to show you the correct styles and give you very lowest prices. We have also a nice new line of ladies' skirts, wrappers, newly made muslin underwear, corset covers, etc., and a nice line of ingrain carpets and lace curtains. Please call and inspect our line before buying elsewhere.

B. F. OVERMYER,  
Leiter's Ford, Ind.

### To Horsemen.

Don Kiro II will be at the Henry Zechel barn, Culver, Friday and Saturday for the spring season of 1905. Parties desiring to breed will do well to come and see this beautifully styled horse.

G. W. MILLER.

### Vandalia Cheap Excursions.

Round trip home seekers and one way colonists tickets to the southwestern states on the first and third Tuesdays of each month until April 15th, inclusive.

One way colonists to California \$35.50 from Culver on sale March 1st to May 15th.

Grand Lodge I. O. O. F. and Rebekah Assembly of Indiana, at Indianapolis, May 15 to 18, 1905. One fare for the round trip plus 25 cents. Return May 19.

Special home-seekers' excursions April 4 and 18, 1905, to points in Alabama, Louisiana and Mississippi. For particulars apply to agent. Also one way and second-class colonist tickets to the west and northwest March 1 to May 15, and Sept 15 to Oct. 31.

They are all via the the Vandalia R. R.

For routes rates and time tables address Culver agent or C. C. Truett, Traveling Passenger Agent, Logansport.

### Chamberlain's Cough Remedy the Best and Most Popular.

"Mothers buy it for croupy children, railroad men buy it for severe coughs and elderly people buy it for la grippe," say Moore Bros., Eldon, Iowa. "We sell more Chamberlain's Cough Remedy than any other kind. It seems to have taken the lead over several other good brands." There is no question but this medicine is the best that can be procured for coughs and colds, whether it be a child or an adult that is afflicted. It always cures and cures quickly. Sold by T. E. Slattery.

Home-seekers rates West, Northwest, Southwest and South, via Nickel Plate Road on 1st and 3rd Tuesdays of each month until April 15th inclusive. Long limit and stop over privileges. For full information regarding routes, rates etc., call on agent or address C. A. Asterlin, T. P. A., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

### Rheumatic Pains quickly Relieved.

The excruciating pains characteristic of rheumatism and sciatica are quickly relieved by applying Chamberlain's Pain Balm. The great pain relieving power of the liniment has been the surprise and delight of thousands of sufferers. The quick relief from pain which it affords is alone worth many times its cost. For sale by T. E. Slattery.

One way settlers rates via the Nickel Plate Road each Tuesday in March and April tickets will be sold at very low rates to points in Minnesota, North and South Dakota, Wyoming and Canadian Northwest. See agent or address C. A. Asterlin, T. P. A., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

### For a Weak Digestion.

No medicine can replace food but Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets will help you to digest your food. It is not the quantity of food taken that gives you strength and vigor to the system, but the amount digested and assimilated. If troubled with a weak digestion, don't fail to give these tablets a trial. Thousands have been benefited by their use. They only cost a quarter. For sale by T. E. Slattery.

Very low one way colonist rates to the west and northwest via the Nickel Plate Road March 1st to May 15th inclusive. Half rates to children of proper age. For full information call on agent or address C. A. Asterlin, T. P. A., Fort Wayne, Ind. 5-15

Keep your bowels regular by the use of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. There is nothing better. For Sale by T. E. Slattery.

Everybody reads THE CITIZEN.

## CLOSING OUT SALE OF

## FOOTWEAR

Everything in this line to be sacrificed regardless of cost or value. Don't miss this if you are in need of Footwear. We save you money

## STAHL AND COMPANY

## \$33 to the Pacific Coast

Every day, March 1 to May 15, 1905, from Chicago. Choice of routes via the

## Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

via St. Paul and Minneapolis, via Omaha, or via Kansas City. Tickets good in tourist sleeping cars, in which the rate for a double berth, Chicago to Pacific Coast points, is only \$7.

E. G. HAYDEN,  
Traveling Passenger Agent  
189 Superior Street  
Cleveland, O.

## The Culver Novelty Co.

Successors to D. B. Young

## Machine Repair Work Promptly Done

Terms Cash. Extra Charges for Night Work

The mechanical department is under the supervision of Mr. Young

Manufacturers of YOUNG'S ROTARY CARBURETOR

## W. S. EASTERDAY

A GENERAL LINE OF FINE FURNITURE AT LOW PRICES

### UNDERTAKER AND FUNERAL DIRECTOR

Day or night calls promptly attended to. Independent and Bell Telephones.

EMBALMERS' CERTIFICATE No. 106

CULVER, IND.



## WILLIAM GRUBB

Practical Plumber

Having opened a shop in Culver, I am now prepared to do all kinds of Plumbing and Well Work. Give me a trial.

Shop in Rear of Tin Shop: CULVER, IND.

FOR SALE—Good timothy hay in mow.—Amos Osborn. 4614 Best work done at Plymouth Steam Laundry. See Culver agent



## LOCAL ITEMS

Arthur Wagoner was here on business Saturday.

Archie Blanchard has his new dwelling under roof.

Capt. H. F. Noble was admitted to the bar Wednesday.

Choice clover and timothy seed at the Culver Flouring Mill.

Henry Buckheiser has moved on the S. E. Medbourn farm.

George Rollins is erecting a house south of Hays' livery barn.

Miss Grace Voreis is home on a vacation from Valparaiso College.

I will pay the highest market price for rubber. See me.—Henry Oylor.

T. E. Slattery and J. H. Koontz transacted business at Peru last Friday.

Miss Sue Postlethwaite will take possession of the Easterday farm Thursday.

Satisfaction guaranteed at Plymouth Steam Laundry. See Culver agent.

FOR RENT—A farm of 120 acres near Burr Oak.—Charles McFeeley, Culver, Ind.

Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Shilling visited Mr. Shilling's mother at Knox over Sunday.

Samuel Hessel moved into S. E. Medbourn's new residence, on Main street, Monday.

FOR SALE—A fresh cow and calf. A good milker and five years old.—Ed. Dreese.

Henry Lohr has bought the A. X. Smith property and will move to Culver in the fall.

Mrs. Rena Love, of Mishawaka, visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Eli Spencer, the past week.

Wm. Radican, of Plymouth, began work for the Culver Novelty Company Monday morning.

Harry Poor, who has been working in Marion, is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Poor.

Mr. and Mrs. Philip Weiss, of Neppanee, visited with J. F. Weiss and family over Sunday.

John Osborn is making preparations to build two business rooms south of Stahl's grocery.

Arthur Castleman and family have returned to Culver. He will occupy the rooms over the Surprise store.

J. F. Weiss has increased his hardware stock very materially and is now prepared to supply the wants of the people.

Samuel Hessel has rented S. E. Medbourn's new dwelling and is making preparations to move. He will have a model home.

Misses Ethel and Gertrude Clark, of South Bend, visited their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Bradley, a few days last week.

I am selling Page Fence cheaper than it has ever been sold. See me and get my prices before buying.—John Kline.

Mrs. K. A. Garvin has returned from Topeka, Kansas, and will assist Mr. J. S. Bush in the management of the Lakeside Hotel.

Prof. Allen Norris, who is taking a course in medicine in Chicago, was visiting his parents and friends for a few days last week.

Rag carpet and rugs woven on short notice. I have the warp just bring your rags to Louis Crist, near school house, Ober. 4-28

I will take in stock to pasture at the Wise farm, one-half mile west of Hibbard. Good pasture and good water.—W. H. LEIGHTY, 494

NOTICE—I have arranged to be in Culver a part of my time and anyone wishing musical instruction will please call on me at my home.—Nell Garn.

Preaching services at the Maxinkuckee Christian church have been changed from Sunday night to Saturday night at 7:30 and Sunday morning at 10 o'clock. Sunday school at 11:00 a. m. and Endeavor Society at 7 p. m. Sunday.

Compare the markets of Culver with those of neighboring towns and you will see why our streets are crowded and our merchants doing a flourishing business.

Trustee Parker will have an office day at his home on Tuesday, and at Culver on Saturday of each week. This arrangement will accommodate the people generally.

Lost—On the road leading south from Culver past the cemetery a black silk watch fob with gold ornament. Finder please return to CITIZEN office and receive reward.

There are but few business or residence properties offered for sale. If one is offered it is taken on short notice. Property of any kind in Culver is a good investment.

Keep an eye on Knox and Center townships, Starke county. They will consolidate their schools. Culver and Union township may profit by this object lesson so near home.

The Academy opened Wednesday morning after ten days vacation. The cadets who remained here conducted themselves in a gentlemanly way which speaks well for the students attending the Academy.

John Bush has opened the Lakeside Hotel for the summer season and solicits the patronage of the general public. He extends a special invitation to those who have favored him in the past. Excellent accommodations will be given and courteous treatment extended to all.

**Last Hope Vanished.**  
When leading physicians said that W. M. Smith, of Pekin, Ill., had incurable consumption, his last hope had vanished; but Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, coughs and colds kept him out of the grave. He says: "This great specific completely cured me, and saved my life. Since then, I have used it for 10 years, and consider it a marvelous throat and lung cure." Strictly scientific cure for coughs, sore throats, or colds; sure preventive of pneumonia. Guaranteed, 50c and \$1.00 bottles at T. E. Slattery's drug store. Trial bottle free.

**Road Work Notice.**  
All persons are hereby warned that orders drawn by any road supervisor in Union township for work done on roads in the expenditure of additional road tax will not be honored nor paid, unless such work is done under the direction of the township trustee.

F. M. PARKER, Township Trustee.

**Cheated Death.**  
Kidney trouble often ends fatally but by choosing the right medicine E. H. Wolfe, of Bear Grove, Iowa, cheated death. He says: "Two years ago I had kidney trouble, which caused me great pain suffering and anxiety, but I took Electric Bitters, which effected a complete cure. I have also found them of great benefit in general debility and nerve trouble, and keep them constantly on hand, since, as I find they have no equal." T. E. Slattery, druggist, guarantees them at 50c.

Wabash one way second class colonists rates to points in Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, North and South Carolina, Tennessee and Virginia at half fare plus \$2.00. Write for particulars.—Thos. Folien, Pass. & Tkt. Agt., Lafayette, Ind.

**Terrible Suffering Relieved.**  
Suffering frightfully from the violent poisons of undigested food C. G. Grayson, of Lulu, Miss., took Dr. King's New Life Pills, "with the result," he writes, "that I was cured." All stomach and bowel disorders give way to their tonic, laxative properties. 25c at T. E. Slattery's drug store, guaranteed.

Marbaugh Bros. will give their third annual spring range and implement exhibit April 12, 13 and 14. Don't miss this. All you can eat and drink free and a chance free with every dollar's worth for a range, wash machine and wringer. Everybody come and have a good time.—Marbaugh Bros., Monterey, Ind.

and "Hemorrhoid" Salve are incomparable. The disease must leave when you use "Hemorrhoid" Salve. Book free. 25c and 50c. All druggists. Hemorrhoid Remedy Company, Chicago.

**ECZEMA** sufferers cured with "Hemorrhoid" Salve, who have been advised to have limbs amputated. 25c and 50c. All druggists. Hemorrhoid Remedy Company, Chicago.

**PILES** and "Hemorrhoid" Salve are incomparable. The disease must leave when you use "Hemorrhoid" Salve. Book free. 25c and 50c. All druggists. Hemorrhoid Remedy Company, Chicago.

**ANDY BOWELL, Owner.**  
Magazines at Slattery's drug store.

**War maps free at THE CITIZEN.**  
Ticket Printing at THE CITIZEN.

**Periodic Pains.**  
Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills are a most remarkable remedy for the relief of periodic pains, backache, nervous or sick headache, or any of the distressing aches and pains that cause women so much suffering.

As pain is weakening, and leaves the system in an exhausted condition, it is wrong to suffer a moment longer than necessary, and you should take the Anti-Pain Pills on first indication of an attack.

If taken as directed you may have entire confidence in their effectiveness, as well as in the fact that they will leave no disagreeable after-effects.

They contain no morphine, opium, chloral, cocaine or other dangerous drugs.

"For a long time I have suffered greatly with spells of backache, that seem almost more than I can endure. These attacks come on every month, and last two or three days. I have never been able to get anything that would give me much relief until I began the use of Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills, and they always relieve me in a short time. My sister, who suffers the same way, has used them with the same results."—MRS. PARK, 24 S. Michigan St., South Bend, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills are sold by your druggist, who will guarantee that the first package will benefit. If it fails he will return your money. 25 doses, 25 cents. Never sold in bulk. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

**It Wasn't a Dream.**  
Archbishop Thompson was greatly surprised when he was given the archdiocese of York. He had been suffering acutely from toothache and upon medical advice had resorted to narcotics. After a particularly bad night he set out for his doctor, though his wife had begged him not to attempt to further narcotics, as after them he was "not himself" for some hours. On the way he met the postman, who handed him a letter announcing his preferment from Gloucester to York. He rushed back and burst excitedly into the house, the toothache all forgotten. "Zoe, Zoe!" he cried. "What do you think has happened? I am archbishop of York!" "There, what did I tell you?" rejoined his wife. "You've been taking that horrible narcotic again and are quite out of your head."

**The Marble Bible of Burma.**  
Great as has been the amount of labor expended on the various Bibles of the world, the pain for execution must be given to the Kuthodaw, which is a Buddhist monument near Mandalay, in Burma. It consists of about 700 tablets, each containing a slab of white marble on which the whole of this Buddhist Bible, containing over 8,000,000 syllables, has been engraved. The Burmese alphabet is used, but the language is Pali. This wonderful Bible is absolutely unique. The Kuthodaw was erected in 1857 by Mindon min, the last king but one of Burma. The vast collection of tablets together form a square, with a dominating temple in the center. Each of the marble slabs on which the sacred text is inscribed is surmounted by an ornamental canopy in pagoda form.

**Cook Island Laws.**  
There are some strange laws in the Cook Islands, in the eastern Pacific. The population is Maori and each island legislates for itself. The island council of Manihiki, one of the group, has in force an ordinance to regulate village life within the island. It begins by re-enacting "the ancient law of Manihiki as to dogs" and sentencing to death any dogs on the island. Pigs are not to wander at large, and any person going about after 9 p. m. may be arrested and taken to the courthouse to explain his reason for being abroad. No debt incurred by a native inhabitant is to be recoverable in any court. Selling or giving intoxicating liquor to any native inhabitant is punishable with a fine of \$50.

**Funerals in Scotland.**  
In Scotland the custom still prevails of taking down the window blinds at a death and hanging white sheets across the windows. The custom also prevails in the north of England, and in many families a special sheet reserved for the death chamber is kept for the purpose and often need from generation to generation. In many parts of Scotland, too, it is still customary for the nearest relatives of the deceased to lower the body into the grave and wait by the side until the grave is filled up.—Westminster Gazette.

**Best Harts as a Counsel.**  
Bret Harte's consultancy at Glasgow was a sort of joke. William Black told me that once when he was returning from a tour with Harte as they slowly entered a city Bret said, "What huge, ugly place is this?" "It is," said Black, "the city in which you have been several years." Mowere Daniel Conway's Autobiography.

**Postponement Inevitable.**  
"If you husband beats you, maybe you kin hit him some to be whippin' post," said Mrs. Potomac Jackson. "If my husband ever beats me," said Mrs. Tolliver Grapevine, "they kin send him to be whippin' post" if dey wants to, but dey'll have to wait till he gets out'n de hospital."—Washington Star.

**In After Years.**  
Old Foggy Father My father never supplied me with money to squander on fast horses, theater parties, late dinners and the like. Up to date Son—Oh, that's all right, dad. You must remember that I come of a more aristocratic family than you did.—Chicago News.

**Caucus About the Bay.**  
"How is your boy Alfred succeeding at college?" "I'm afraid we'll find out pretty soon that he's been running in debt. He's writing to us once a week now."—Chicago Tribune.

"I may not be wealthy, but I can afford my own carriage and pair," said the fond father as he wheeled his twins along the pavement.

## Periodic Pains.

Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills are a most remarkable remedy for the relief of periodic pains, backache, nervous or sick headache, or any of the distressing aches and pains that cause women so much suffering.

As pain is weakening, and leaves the system in an exhausted condition, it is wrong to suffer a moment longer than necessary, and you should take the Anti-Pain Pills on first indication of an attack.

If taken as directed you may have entire confidence in their effectiveness, as well as in the fact that they will leave no disagreeable after-effects.

They contain no morphine, opium, chloral, cocaine or other dangerous drugs.

"For a long time I have suffered greatly with spells of backache, that seem almost more than I can endure. These attacks come on every month, and last two or three days. I have never been able to get anything that would give me much relief until I began the use of Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills, and they always relieve me in a short time. My sister, who suffers the same way, has used them with the same results."—MRS. PARK, 24 S. Michigan St., South Bend, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills are sold by your druggist, who will guarantee that the first package will benefit. If it fails he will return your money. 25 doses, 25 cents. Never sold in bulk. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

## CULVER CITY Meat Market

DEALERS IN FRESH & SMOKED MEATS SAUSAGES, ETC.

WALTER & SON, Props. Cor. Main and Washington Sts., CULVER, IND.

## EXCHANGE BANK

Insured Against Burglary  
Does a General Banking Business  
Makes Loans  
Receives Money on Deposit  
Bears Commercial Paper  
Farm Loans Made at Lowest Rates  
Prompt and Courteous Attention to All  
Your Patronage Solicited

S. C. SHILLING President

## HOWARD & DAVIS' BAKERY

## BAKERY GOODS CONFECTIONERY AND ICE CREAM

## MEALS SERVED

## GRAND HOTEL

(Formerly The Kellison)

Opposite Penna. R. R. Depot PLYMOUTH, IND.

Nearest good hotel to all depots. Only two blocks from the Main st. Special rates to people from Culver and the Academy.

ANDY BOWELL, Owner.

Magazines at Slattery's drug store.

## WALL PAPER AND PAINTS

### Spring Will Soon Be Here

Soon be time to have those rooms re-papered and that job of painting done. We want to show you the handsome new designs in Wall Papers we have received. Our low prices tend to make the cost of "brightening up" as little as possible.

## SLATTERY'S DRUG STORE

10 Concord Grape Vines, two years old, strong, for . . . 50c  
One Crimson Rambler Rose, strong, two years old, . . . 25c  
One oz. Sweet Peas, for . . . 5c  
One-fourth lb. Sweet Peas, for . . . 15c

## At Forbes' Seed Store

## HAYES & SON

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables

LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

## BUY YOUR FURNITURE OF C. R. LEONARD

Plymouth, Ind.  
Large Assortment Low Prices  
WE PAY FREIGHT  
Satisfaction Guaranteed Also Do Undertaking  
PHONE No. 90

## McLANE & CO.

Livery Feed and Sale Stable  
Special attention given to traveling men. Terms reasonable.  
Barn East of the Postoffice

## KREUZBERGER'S PARK

The best Whiskies, Brandies, Cordials, Rhine and Moselle Wines, and French Charets, Ports and Cherry Ales, Beers, Mineral Water, etc. and a stock of fine Domestic and Key West Cigars.

Lake Maxinkuckee: Culver, Ind.

## A Daredevil Ride

often ends in an accident. To head accidental injuries, use Buckle's Arnica Salve. "A wound in my foot, from an accident," writes Theodore Schuele, Columbus, O., "caused me great pain. My friends were helpless, but Buckle's Arnica Salve quickly healed it." Soothers and heals burns like magic. 25c at T. E. Slattery's drug store.



M. R. CLINE CONTRACTOR & BUILDER  
Residence—MAXINKUCKEE.

## KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS

WITH Dr. King's New Discovery  
FOR CONSUMPTION  
Coughs and 50c & \$1.00  
Free Trial.  
Surest and Quickest Cure for all THROAT and LUNG TROUBLES, or MONEY BACK.

## NICKEL RATE

All trains arrive at and depart from the new LaSalle St. Station, Chicago. Uniformed United Porters attend passengers holding first or second class tickets in day coaches on this train, insuring scrupulously clean cars enroute.

Fastest read down.				All Trains to Chicago				Fastest read up.			
Trains	Days	Time	Days	Trains	Days	Time	Days	Trains	Days	Time	Days
1	Mon	7:15	2	Mon	7:15	2	Mon	7:15	2	Mon	7:15
3	Tue	7:15	4	Tue	7:15	4	Tue	7:15	4	Tue	7:15
5	Wed	7:15	6	Wed	7:15	6	Wed	7:15	6	Wed	7:15
7	Thu	7:15	8	Thu	7:15	8	Thu	7:15	8	Thu	7:15
9	Fri	7:15	10	Fri	7:15	10	Fri	7:15	10	Fri	7:15
11	Sat	7:15	12	Sat	7:15	12	Sat	7:15	12	Sat	7:15
13	Sun	7:15	14	Sun	7:15	14	Sun	7:15	14	Sun	7:15
15	Mon	7:15	16	Mon	7:15	16	Mon	7:15	16	Mon	7:15
17	Tue	7:15	18	Tue	7:15	18	Tue	7:15	18	Tue	7:15
19	Wed	7:15	20	Wed	7:15	20	Wed	7:15	20	Wed	7:15
21	Thu	7:15	22	Thu	7:15	22	Thu	7:15	22	Thu	7:15
23	Fri	7:15	24	Fri	7:15	24	Fri	7:15	24	Fri	7:15
25	Sat	7:15	26	Sat	7:15	26	Sat	7:15	26	Sat	7:15
27	Sun	7:15	28	Sun	7:15	28	Sun	7:15	28	Sun	7:15
29	Mon	7:15	30	Mon	7:15	30	Mon	7:15	30	Mon	7:15
31	Tue	7:15	32	Tue	7:15	32	Tue	7:15	32	Tue	7:15
33	Wed	7:15	34	Wed	7:15	34	Wed	7:15	34	Wed	7:15
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37	Fri	7:15	38	Fri	7:15	38	Fri	7:15	38	Fri	7:15
39	Sat	7:15	40	Sat	7:15	40	Sat	7:15	40	Sat	7:15
41	Sun	7:15	42	Sun	7:15	42	Sun	7:15	42	Sun	7:15
43	Mon	7:15	44	Mon	7:15	44	Mon	7:15	44	Mon	7:15
45	Tue	7:15	46	Tue	7:15	46	Tue	7:15	46	Tue	7:15
47	Wed	7:15	48	Wed	7:15	48	Wed	7:15	48	Wed	7:15
49	Thu	7:15	50	Thu	7:15	50	Thu	7:15	50	Thu	7:15
51	Fri	7:15	52	Fri	7:15	52	Fri	7:15	52	Fri	7:15
53	Sat	7:15	54	Sat	7:15	54	Sat	7:15	54	Sat	7:15
55	Sun	7:15	56	Sun	7:15	56	Sun	7:15	56	Sun	7:15
57	Mon	7:15	58	Mon	7:15	58	Mon	7:15	58	Mon	7:15
59	Tue	7:15	60	Tue	7:15	60	Tue	7:15	60	Tue	7:15
61	Wed	7:15	62	Wed	7:15	62	Wed	7:15	62	Wed	7:15
63	Thu	7:15	64	Thu	7:15	64	Thu	7:15	64	Thu	7:15
65	Fri	7:15	66	Fri	7:15	66	Fri	7:15	66	Fri	7:15
67	Sat	7:15	68	Sat	7:15	68	Sat	7:15	68	Sat	7:15
69	Sun	7:15	70	Sun	7:15	70	Sun	7:15	70	Sun	7:15
71	Mon	7:15	72	Mon	7:15	72	Mon	7:15	72	Mon	7:15
73	Tue	7:15	74	Tue	7:15	74	Tue	7:15	74	Tue	7:15
75	Wed	7:15	76	Wed	7:15	76	Wed	7:15	76	Wed	7:15
77	Thu	7:15	78	Thu	7:15	78	Thu	7:15	78	Thu	7:15



## HEALTH CAMP FOR CONSUMPTIVES

Worthy Enterprise Established in Southern California—So Arranged That Patients May Be Self-Supporting.

A New York paper publishes an account of a successful effort recently made by Mr. N. O. Nelson, in Southern California, to provide for the poor classes. Mr. Nelson has established at Indio, in Southern California, what he calls a health camp for consumptives. We quote the following description of this worthy enterprise with the hope that it may encourage others to do likewise; for certainly no more beneficent work can be undertaken by anyone:

"The camp is located in a desert valley, cut off from the ocean by the mountains. There is no rain, no fog, no clouds. The winter days are all warm, the nights comparatively cold.

"The camp was established in December, 1902, to provide in part for the large number of consumptives and other invalids who go to Southern California. Most of the invalids have little means; they can not afford expensive sanitariums, and are not wanted by hotels and boarding houses.

"To meet the requirements of such patients, Mr. Nelson bought one hundred and twenty-five acres of land adjoining the Indio depot. This tract he has improved by sinking artesian wells, and by putting most of the land under cultivation, in order to give convalescents something to do.

"Tents, with all necessary equipment for sleeping and taking meals, have been set up. Land and water are free to those who have their own outfit. A small rental for tents is made to those who can not pay, and where necessary, board is given them. All expenses need not be more than from \$2.50 to \$4.00 a week.

"Work is provided for those who are able to do it, so that their care does not become a burden on the camp.

"The camp is situated in the midst of a sandy valley one hundred miles long and three to ten miles wide. The mountains on each side rise by degrees to four thousand and five thousand feet high. In some places in the foothills there are springs and vegetation.

"In the valleys most of the land has been taken up in the past few years. The crops of melons and vegetables are early and bring high prices. From \$100 to \$200 an acre is an ordinary yield. Alfalfa hay is cut ten times a year, giving twelve to fifteen tons an acre.

"When the campers get well enough to work, they buy or lease a few acres. They can either buy the land on the installment plan, or lease it on shares for such length of time as desired."

### Alcohol and Tuberculosis.

Dr. S. A. Knopf, the eminent New York physician who has given a great deal of attention to the subject of tuberculosis, took occasion not long since in a scientific paper to condemn the popular notion that alcohol is a remedy for consumption. He says:

"There is an idea that alcohol is a remedy or even a specific remedy for consumption. There has never been a greater mistake made. Alcohol has never cured and never will cure tuberculosis. It will either prevent or retard recovery. It is like a two-edged weapon; on one side it poisons the system, and on the other side it ruins the stomach and thus prevents this organ from properly digesting the necessary food. Truly pathetic are the results of this erroneous doctrine in the families of the poor, where, instead of procuring good nourishment for the invalid, liquor has been bought in far too large quantities, so that often there was not enough money left for food for the sufferer nor for the other members of the family."

**Predisposition to Tuberculosis.** The abnormal fear of tuberculosis which haunts so many minds is bred of ignorance. The awful results of the "white terror" have impressed themselves upon all, but as with the aborigine, when he first encountered the gun-bearing explorer, the reason why is hidden. The native heard the gun speak and saw his brother fall. The sudden death terrified him. He did not stop to inquire the cause. He fled in abject fear.

To-day the ravages of tuberculosis are stupendous. Are you inquiring into the why, or are you trembling lest it seize you? Are you trying to dodge an inscrutable foe, or are you studying to give intelligent battle? The tenement dweller says, "I can not escape the plague. I will await my turn." The son or brother of a consumptive says, "It is in the family. I must suffer the same death." The weakened victim of intemperance or neglect of vital laws says, "My constitution is wrecked—I am no match for this relentless foe."

Dr. Knopf asks and answers the following pertinent query: "Who are the individuals who must be particularly careful so as not to be attacked by the almost ever present tubercle bacillus."

"There are four classes: First, those who have a hereditary predisposition to consumption; secondly, those who have weakened their system and thus predisposed themselves to consumption by the intemperate use of alcoholic beverages, by a dissipated life, by excesses of all kinds, etc.; thirdly, those whose constitution has been weakened through disease; fourthly, those whose occupations, trades or professions, such as printing, book making, tailoring, weaving, and all occu-

pations where the worker is much exposed to the inhalation of various kinds of dust, have rendered them particularly liable to consumption."

Let every one take courage and live above tuberculosis. If you are already suffering from it strive to rise above it. Avoid alcoholic beverages, condiments, pastries, tea and coffee. Live out of doors, provide fresh air for your bed room, study the laws of your body and return to the natural way of living.

### Food for Brain Workers.

Mental work requires much less food than does physical labor. Recent careful experiments which have been made, show that men engaged in active mental labor and abstaining from muscular exertion, require practically no more food than men at rest. This is a fact of very great importance for students, ministers, and other professional men whose occupation does not require any considerable amount of effort, since the taking of food in excess of that which is required results in the filling of the blood with poisons, and in consequence crowding of the tissues with tissue wastes and poisonous matters which interfere with all the bodily functions, and especially with the functions of the brain and nerves. Mental activity is clouded, sleep may be prevented, and all the effects of nervous exhaustion produced by a comparatively slight expenditure of energy, giving rise to languor, sometimes depression, and at other times irritability, confusion, and indecision of mind, even moroseness and melancholy.

### That Tired Feeling.

The condition of lethargy produced by excessive eating or habitual drunkenness must be distinguished from fatigue due to work. Persons in this condition often decline to exercise because they "feel so tired." This state of lassitude and enervation cannot be overcome by rest. Carefully graduated exercises and regulation of the diet are the proper remedies. There are many chronic invalids whose sufferings and disability are wholly due to this cause, and who may be readily restored to usefulness by a spare and simple dietary combined with outdoor exercises, gradually increased in vigor and duration as the strength improves.

### Water Purification.

A physician connected with the United States Agricultural department has called attention to the fact that an extremely small quantity of sulphate of copper will prevent the growth of algae in lakes, ponds and storage reservoirs, and will destroy typhoid and cholera germs. The question at once arises whether this method can be considered thoroughly hygienic. The probability is that the small amount of copper thus employed would be neutralized by combining with vegetable substances so that the water will be left practically pure; nevertheless, the addition of chemical substances to water cannot be considered the most desirable method of purification. Boiling and filtering through a Pasteur filter are really the best methods. Filters are cheap, and boiling is an easy and simple process. The old-fashioned charcoal and gravel filters cannot be relied upon.

### Warning Against Tight Corsets.

Nature abhors a vacuum. There is no unoccupied space in the body; and to render any part of it smaller than nature designed, is to cause the organs occupying that part to diminish in size, or to crowd together, one upon another. In either case, nature's processes are sadly interrupted.—C. E. Hastings, M. D.

### SOME SIMPLE DISHES.

**Breakfast Toast.**—Cut rather thin slices of bread into two or three pieces. Put these into the oven and let them bake very slowly for two or three hours, or until of a golden color and crisp throughout. This is an excellent substitute for breads and much more wholesome. It is delicious served with coconut or dairy cream or butter.

**Coconut Cream.**—Cut fresh coconut into thin slices and grind the nut very fine in a chopper or some strong hand mill. If nothing of this sort is available, the coconut may be grated. To each cup of the prepared nut add one cup of hot water, stirring and treating with a spoon to extract as much of the juice as possible. Drain off the liquid and add a similar quantity of hot water, and, after heating again very thoroughly, strain through a cloth or very fine sieve, pressing out all the liquid possible. This may be used at once as a substitute for milk, to be eaten with rice or other grains, or to prepare puddings or sauces. It is excellent served with grapefruit or eaten with zwieback. If placed on the ice for a few hours, the cream will rise to the top and may be taken off, making a pure coconut butter.

**Strawberry Egg-nog.**—Beat the yolk and white of one egg separately, and to each add one teaspoonful of sugar. To the yolk add one teaspoonful of lemon juice and two tablespoonfuls of strawberry juice. Stir in the white, leaving enough to serve as a meringue for the top.

## THE STRAIN OF WORK.

Best of Backs Give Out Under the Burden of Daily Toil.

Lieutenant George G. Warren, of No. 3 Chemical, Washington, D. C., says: "It's an honest fact that Doan's Kidney Pills did me a great lot of good, and if it were not true I would not recommend them. It was the strain of lifting that brought on kidney trouble and weakened my back, but since using Doan's Kidney Pills I have lifted 600 pounds and felt no bad effects. I have not felt the trouble come back since, although I had suffered for five or six years, and other remedies had not helped me at all."



For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N.Y.

### How a Mine Was Named.

Senator Kittredge of South Dakota says that one of the greatest mining properties in the Black Hills country, was named after the wife of the prospector. He and his wife had been digging together for some time, when, one morning the man discovered a huge boulder, and beneath it he discovered "pay dirt," which led to quartz. When the claim was entered, although the man had discovered the mine, his wife insisted upon having it named for her, and that is how it happened that the great mine was named "The Holy Terror."

Every housekeeper should know that if they will buy Deffance Cold Water Starch for laundry use they will save not only time, because it never sticks to the iron, but because each package contains 16 oz.—one full pound—while all other Cold Water Starches are put up in 4-pound packages, and the price is the same, 19 cents. Then again because Deffance Starch is free from all injurious chemicals. If your grocer tries to sell you a 12-oz. package, it is because he has a stock on hand which he wishes to dispose of before he puts in Deffance. He knows that Deffance Starch has printed on every package in large letters and figures "16 oz." Demand Deffance and save much time and money and the annoyance of the iron sticking. Deffance never sticks.

### GET MEASUREMENTS OF EARTH.

Elaborate Methods Used by Scientists in Getting a Base Line.

Ever since the caliph, Almamoun, in 814 A. D. set his astronomers to measure a degree on the earth's surface with wooden rods, there has been a craving for greater accuracy in this supremely important starting point of geodesy.

Science and ingenuity have been employed to devise some measuring rod which shall be absolutely reliable and not subject to variation. The American inventor has some interesting remarks upon the subject:

The science of geodesy is making rapid strides along the line of accuracy, and there is not much left to be perfected in the way of method. The all important problem of modern, as well as ancient geodesy, of course, is the measurement of the dimensions of the earth, which enters into all practical work of surveying, navigating and terrestrial physics.

The International Scientific association several years ago undertook the problem, the different nations having agreed to contribute their share toward an accurate determination.

The determination was undertaken in Ecuador in 1901, and extended from the Colombian to the Peruvian frontier, and every possible refinement to attain the maximum degree of accuracy was adopted.

### CHILDREN AFFECTED.

**By Mother's Food and Drink.** Many babies have been launched into life with constitutions weakened by disease taken in with their mother's milk. Mothers cannot be too careful as to the food they use while nursing their babies. The experience of a Kansas City mother is a case in point:

"I was a great coffee drinker from a child, and thought I could not eat a meal without it. But I found at last it was doing me harm. For years I had been troubled with dizziness, spots before my eyes and pain in my heart. A chronic sour stomach. The baby was born 7 months ago, and almost from the beginning, it, too, suffered from sour stomach. She was taking it from me!

"In my distress I consulted a friend of more experience than mine, and she told me to quit coffee, that coffee did not make good milk. I have since ascertained that it really dries up the milk.

"So, I quit coffee, and tried tea and at last cocoa. But they did not agree with me. Then I turned to Postum Coffee with the happiest results. It proved to be the very thing I needed. It not only agreed perfectly with baby and myself, but it increased the flow of my milk. My husband then quit coffee and used Postum, quickly got well of the dyspepsia with which he had been troubled. I no longer suffer from the dizziness, blind spots, pain in my heart or sour stomach. Postum has cured them.

"Now we all drink Postum from my husband to my seven months' old baby. It has proved to be the best hot drink we have ever used. We would not give up Postum for the best coffee we ever drank. Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. There's a reason.

Get the little book "The Road to Wellville" in each pkg.

## PLANS RAILROAD UNDER THE SEA

French Engineer Proposes to Travel in Cars From Paris to New York.

### BORE UNDER BEHRING STRAIT

Goes to Washington to Lay His Scheme Before the President and Endeavor to Have Mr. Roosevelt Sanction His Project.

New York dispatch: If the United States government can be induced to take the same views of the plans of M. Loebl de Lobel, an eminent French engineer, as have the Russian and French governments, the next ten years will see the establishment of an all rail route from Paris to New York. M. Loebl arrived on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse as a commissioner from the Russian government to this country to arrange for the neutralization of Behring straits. M. de Lobel took the first train he could get for Washington, where he will have an interview with the president. His account of the projected road is as follows:

### Outlines His Plan.

"The plan is not in its infancy by any means. In Russia and France the road is all but established. We have already named it the Trans-Alaska-Siberian railway, and I have completed the plans for its construction. These plans have been approved by the French government. The interest of the French government is not territorial, but my plans involve the use almost exclusively of French capital.

"The Russian technical railways commission has seen the plans and adopted them unanimously. In fact, there is not an obstacle in the way unless it is here, and when we have submitted the proposition and given your government a chance to look into it, I have not the slightest doubt your people will be as enthusiastic over it as we in Russia and France have been.

### Must Tunnel Under Strait.

"The road cannot be built, of course, without our tunneling under Behring strait. I am here as a commissioner of Russia to negotiate for the neutralization of the strait. I have the authority of the Russian government and letters from the most prominent people in France.

"The matter of tunneling the strait is a simple one. With modern appliances and the great strides engineers have made in recent years the problem is simplicity itself. Remember, the strait is only 150 feet deep in the deepest places.

"The road will make a perfectly feasible all rail route from Paris to New York. We figure it will take \$150,000,000 to build the road and make the connecting links, but the money is ready the moment your government is willing to do its part."

### UNCLE SAM WILL BE THE HOST

Invites All Nations to Be Represented at Jamestown in 1907.

Washington dispatch: To celebrate the birth of the American nation in the first permanent settlement of English-speaking people on the Western hemisphere President Roosevelt has issued a proclamation inviting the nations of the world to be represented by their military organizations and naval vessels in the vicinity of Jamestown, Va., from May 13 to Nov. 1, 1907. The proclamation outlines the action of congress in specifying the celebration and making appropriation therefor, speaks of the event—the settlement in Jamestown May 13, 1607—and appeals to all nations to take part in commemoration of "the event which has had a far-reaching effect on the course of human history."

### MRS. AURILLA BLINN IS DEAD

Former Proprietor of Chicago Mansion House Dies in Rockford.

Rockford, Ill., dispatch: Mrs. Aurilla Blinn died here Thursday night, aged 91 years, of old age. She was the oldest settler of Winnebago county and came west from her home at Conneaut, Ohio, in 1839. She and her husband conducted the Mansion house at Lake and Dearborn streets, Chicago, from 1834 to 1836. This was when Fort Dearborn was still garrisoned and the soldiers and officers were often their guests.

### ENDS HIS LIFE WITH DYNAMITE

Pennsylvania Man Blows Himself to Fragments With Explosive.

Mahanoy City, Pa., dispatch: Joseph Rogist, aged 25 years, committed suicide at his home in Mahanoy Plains, near here, by blowing himself to pieces with dynamite. He went into the yard of his home and, placing a stick of dynamite in his clothing, exploded it. His body was blown to fragments. Worry is believed to have caused him to end his life. He had been married only six months.

### Fire Leads Brother to Him.

Hurlington, Iowa, dispatch: Paddy injured in a hotel fire at Cincinnati and removed to a hospital, Will Jarvis, who was formerly in business here, but disappeared ten years ago, has been discovered by his brother, H. E. Jarvis of this city.

## THE EASY WAY TO FAME.

(S. E. Kiser, in the Reader Magazine for April.) Time was when men went forth to fight And thus win laurel wreaths to wear: Great Caesar had to show his might: Before men knew him everywhere: Ah, luckless wights of yore, they co'er Won glory in an easy way. They found the crowns of honor rare—Fame waits on all of us to-day.

Miss Borgia poisoned men for spite And as got known, now ladies fair Take Lydia Pinkham's stuff and write In praise thereof, and thus they share: Begown with those who do and dare: They wed for titles, and display Their skill at golf to reach the glare—Fame waits on all of us to-day.

The Corsican achieved the height By plunging millions in despair: We gave renown to them who smite And send the pig-stain through the air: We raise to prominence a lair And willingly our tributes pay To football heroes with long hair—Fame waits on all of us to-day.

### L'ENVOI.

Ho, you that long to hear the blare Of trumpets in your honor, pray Why sit unknown, awaiting back there? Fame waits on all of us to-day.

To the housewife who has not yet become acquainted with the new things of everyday use in the market and who is reasonably satisfied with the old, we would suggest that a trial of Deffance Cold Water Starch be made at once. Not alone because it is guaranteed by the manufacturers to be superior to any other brand, but because each 16 oz. package contains 16 oz., while all the other kinds contain but 12 oz. It is safe to say that the lady who once uses Deffance Starch will use no other. Quality and quantity must win.

### The Making of It.

"If they're both deaf and dumb, I don't see how they could make love." "No? I should say it was the best kind—all handmade, you know."

Very Low Homeseeker's Rates to the Southeast April 4 and 18.

On the first and third Tuesdays in April round-trip Homeseeker's tickets will be on sale at unusually low rates from Chicago, St. Louis, Cairo, Paducah, Evansville, Louisville and Cincinnati to many points on the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis railway in Tennessee, North Alabama and Georgia. Limit 21 days. Stop overs allowed on N., C. & St. L. Ry. going and returning.

A splendid opportunity to make a prospecting trip. For further information write to W. L. Danley, G. P. A., N. C. & St. L. Ry., Nashville, Tenn.

"The Prize to the Hardy"—a story of Minnesota—by Alice Winter, is fresh in its setting, portraying the surging city life, the open spaces, the broad wheat land and the great forests of Minnesota; adventure by fire and ice; fresh in its acute humor, exuberant Americanism, happy hits at characterization. The book is alive. And the man who reads it must be a live man. (Bobbs-Merrill & Co., Indianapolis.)

"The Craftsman" is a monthly magazine, with a clearly defined purpose, advocating and illustrating higher ideals and standards in American Art and American Homes, based upon the abiding beauty of simplicity and the return to structural principles in all things.

The creak nods and the mashe seems to beckon with crooked finger.

## STOP! WOMEN,

AND CONSIDER THE

ALL-IMPORTANT

FACT

That in addressing Mrs. Pinkham you are confiding your private ills to a woman—a woman whose experience with woman's diseases covers a great many years. You can talk freely to a woman when it is revolting to relate your private troubles to a man—besides a man does not understand—simply because he is a man.

Many women suffer in silence and drift along from bad to worse, knowing full well that they ought to have immediate assistance, but a natural modesty impels them to shrink from exposing themselves to the questions and probably examinations of even their family physician. It is unnecessary. Without money or price you can consult a woman whose knowledge from actual experience is great.

### Mrs. Pinkham's Standing Invitation:

Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass. All letters are received, opened, read and answered by women only. A woman can freely talk of her private illness to a woman; thus has been established the eternal confidence between Mrs. Pinkham and the women of America which has never been broken. Out of the vast volume of experience which she has to draw from, it is more than possible that she has gained the very knowledge that will help your case. She asks nothing in return except your good-will, and her advice has relieved thousands. Surely any woman, rich or poor, is very foolish if she does not take advantage of this generous offer of assistance.—Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

Following we publish two letters from a woman who accepted this invitation. Note the result.

### First letter.

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—For eight years I have suffered something terrible every month with my periods. The pains are excruciating and I can hardly stand them. My doctor says I have ovarian and womb trouble, and I must go through an operation if I want to get well. I do not want to submit to it if I can possibly help it. Please tell me what to do. I hope you can relieve me."—Mrs. Mary Dimmick, 59th and E. Capitol Sts., Hennepin P.O., Washington, D.C.

### Second letter.

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—After following carefully your advice, and taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, I am very anxious to send you my testimonial, that others may know their value and what you have done for me."

"As you know, I wrote you that my doctor said I must have an operation or I could not live. I then wrote you, telling you my ailments. I followed your advice and am entirely well. I can walk miles without an ache or pain, and I owe my life to you and to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I wish every suffering woman would read this testimonial and realize the value of writing to you and your remedy."—Mrs. Mary Dimmick, 59th and E. Capitol Sts., Hennepin P.O., Washington, D.C.

When a medicine has been successful in restoring to health so many women whose testimony is so unquestionable, you cannot well say, without trying it, "I do not believe it will help me." If you are ill, don't hesitate to get a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once, and write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for special advice—it is free and always helpful.

## FREE! Official Map,

History and Workings

of the

## Panama Canal

Map in three colors. 23 x 16 inches.

This map which was prepared by one of the official engineers, shows in complete detail the topography of the Isthmus of Panama, mountains, rivers and water courses on the scale of 11,000 feet to the inch, the location of the Canal and present and future line of the Panama Railroad, the diversion of the Chagres River, location of the controlling dam and the famous Culebra Cut. Also

### Profile of the Canal

showing in different colors the work done by the De Lessep Company, the French Company which succeeded De Lessep's, and the work which remains to be done by the United States Government.

Enclose ten cents to cover postage and mailing, and address,

WARREN J. LYNCH, General Passenger Agent, Big Four Route, CINCINNATI, O.

If ordered with Thompson's Eye Water

### REAL ESTATE.

Miligan Bros. & Co., Los Gatos, Leading Real Estate Dealers, Ranches and lots in Santa Clara County aggregating in value \$500,000. Correspondence solicited. For list of ranches in California lands send \$50. a year for The Skyland Realty. J. J. Bomber, Editor, San Francisco, California.

Have 1,600 Acres Farm Land for Sale, \$12.50 per acre. 15 miles west of Bismarck, N. Dak., with station house, 3 and 4 miles from good town, having schools, churches, elevator and flour mill; all cultivated. Houses, barns and all modern water. THOMAS EVANS, Dickinson, N. Dakota.

California Fruit Lands for Sale—Orange grove, Valencia, one of the best money-making orchards in California, comprising 15 acres. Delivery fruit station, large barn and a lot of buildings complete. The best trees, the best soil, absolutely fruiting. Free and unlimited water. Price \$25,000, part cash rest on easy terms. This year's crop sold on trees for \$10,000 net. Address the owner: C. F. STONE, Riverside, Cal.

FARMS For Sale on crop payments J. MULHALL, Sioux City, Iowa.

### Dashboard Lineholder

Holds Lines Perfectly

Most Handy Device Fits any Dashboard

Price Postpaid 25c Agents Wanted

C. E. ATWATER & CO., 3611 Winchester Ave., CHICAGO, ILL.

### SIXTY CENTS WORTH OF SEEDS FREE.

Send us 25c for 30 packets vegetable seeds including Beet, Cabbage, Carrot, Cucumber, Lettuce, Onion, Parsnip, Radish, Spinach, Tomato, very choice varieties, and two packets SUPERB Sweet Peas. Return any one of the packets, when empty, and we will accept it as 25c on any order amounting to 50c or more, making the above absolutely FREE. Catalog on request.

STANDARD SEED COMPANY, VALPARAISO, IND.

### PISO'S CURE FOR

CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Cures Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Asthma, Bronchitis, Consumption.







Correspondence

**MAXINKUCKEE.**  
Miss Gilda Thompson Correspondent.  
Barford Marks is still improving. Mrs. Ida Parker was a Plymouth caller Monday.  
R. Babcock and wife visited at Leiters Sunday.  
Miss Letha Wooley is employed at the Marks residence.  
Dow Rector has reopened his livery barn for the season.  
Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Bush spent Sunday with George Packer and family.  
Mrs. Hattie Spangler is spending a few days with Harry Brugh and parents.  
Rev. Shepherd will preach at the Christian church April 8 at 7:30 p. m. and April 9 at 10 a. m.  
Mr. Dale, of Terre Haute, contractor for the Parsons cottage, has employed Fred Thompson and Chas. Nicholson of this place.

**NORTH UNION.**  
Miss Ruth Castleman, Correspondent.  
Leo Kelley and family have moved to Knox.  
Miss Ona Cox spent Sunday afternoon with Miss Edna Joseph.  
Miss Mable Osborn is visiting her uncle at Knox for a few days.  
Geo. Osborn and family spent Sunday with Wm. Castleman and family.  
Miss Bessie Sickman and Wilder Cox visited Miss Ruth and Grover Castleman on Sunday.  
Samuel Cooper, who has been in Ireland this winter, is visiting George Osborn and family.  
Mrs. Phoebe Chapman returned home from Plymouth where she has been visiting her daughter.  
Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Hawkins and Miss Edith Carpenter spent Sunday afternoon with Eli Mock and family.

**NORTH BEND.**  
Mrs. Jane Castleman Correspondent.  
Miss Anna Demont was home from Knox over Sunday.  
August Rank and wife, of North Bend attended church at Zion Sunday.  
Deputy Sheriff Horner, of Knox was in our vicinity Monday on legal business.  
Miss Edna Stahl closed a very successful term of school last Thursday at No. 4.  
Caleb Castleman and sons, Clyde and Lloyd visited with Joe Castleman, and family Monday and Tuesday.  
Miss Fannie Heiney and little sister Marguerite, of Chicago attended Sunday School at No. 4 Sunday.  
Mrs. M. C. Lilibridge who has been sick all winter has had another relapse but is again slowly improving.  
The patrons of school No. 4 surprised Miss Stahl on the last day, with their presence and a sumptuous dinner showing their gratitude and good will for the successful term taught by her.

**BURR OAK.**  
G. A. Mazor, Correspondent.  
Ed. Overmyer was a Burr Oak visitor Sunday.  
Prayer service Thursday night will be conducted by Dr. Blake.  
Mrs. Maude Long and children of Argos, visited in Burr Oak Saturday.  
Marion Overmyer and William Vandervele were in Plymouth Monday on business.  
Messrs. Marion and Charley Blake, of Marion, are visiting their parents, Dr. Blake and wife.  
Wayne, a small son of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Vandervele, is suffering with an abscess in the right ear.  
Garfield Overmyer, of Chicago, called on Burr Oak friends Sunday evening returning Monday morning.  
Dr. Blake attended the annual meeting of the Seventh Day Adventists at Marion Saturday and Sunday.

**GREEN TOWNSHIP.**  
A. E. Vermillion, Correspondent.  
Walter Shivers and wife spent Sunday at the home of Logan Moore.  
Miss Annie Stayton will be leader of the League next Sunday evening.  
Rev. Wyant organized an Epworth League at Gilead Thursday evening.  
Miss Manda Romig is at home during the week's vacation of school in South Bend.  
Union township will hold a Sunday-school convention at Poplar Grove next Saturday.  
March 28th Mr. Stults put fire in his marsh to burn the dry grass. The fire became uncontrollable and burned Mr. Egolf's house and barn and destroyed his young orchard.

**HIBBARD.**  
Miss E. E. Reid Correspondent.  
Frank Lavanway, of Mishawaka was on our streets Monday.  
Clyde Brook who has a position in the telephone shop at Elkhart, was home over Sunday.  
Mrs. James Mosher and granddaughter, Blanche were Hibbard callers one day last week.  
Mr. and Mrs. John Lavering have been entertaining company from Chicago the past week.  
Mr. C. D. Andrews who has been visiting friends at Pierceton for the past month returned last Saturday.  
A number of the girls of this place visited the Rutland school last Friday as it was the closing day of the term.  
Mrs. Trapp and her mother, Mrs. Chapman visited at S. S. Reeds a few days last week. Mrs. Trapp's home is Lapaz.

**A Pleasant Social Affair.**  
An enjoyable affair took place at the home of Mr. I. C. Brooke when neighbors to the number of fifty-eight, with well filled baskets, invaded their home and gave them a genuine surprise. The time was spent in games, story telling, music and song, and in doing justice to the many good things to eat. Those present were Mr. and Mrs. I. Dixon, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Cowan, Mr. and Mrs. E. K. Snyder, Mr. and Mrs. J. Oavender, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Allen, Mr. and Mrs. R. Frisinger, Mrs. S. E. Hults, Mrs. L. B. Thornburg, Mrs. T. J. Freshour, Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Kimmel, and the young people. Mr. and Mrs. Brooke will move in a few days to their new home on the M. Baker farm.

Our mail carriers think this warning should be given publicly: The following is from the Freeport (Kan.) Weekly Journal: According to reports a horrible disease is raging among rural carriers in some parts of the country. With the medical men it is known as pennies-in-the-boxes or licking-letters-and-longing-for-death. It is known to be caused by thoughtless patrons placing pennies in the mail box for postage. The symptoms are as follows: First, the victim is seen to have a fixed penetrating gaze, the thumb and forefingers begin to lengthen and the tongue will protrude. But owing to the fearful strain of looking and feeling for the coppers and the continued licking of stamps the disease rapidly develops and the last stage is soon reached, when all that is visible of the carrier is two eyes, large as saucers, thumb and forefinger, many times their natural length, and a tongue of which an ant eater might be proud. The only way of knowing they are carriers is by their language, which is a peculiar though rich and interesting form of speech adapted by the majority on finding an unstamped letter in the box. The only cure for the plague known is for rural patrons to stamp their letters.

**Sermon That Missed Its Aim.**  
The little English Vicar of Hexton, whose objection to high Church ritualism brought him recently into conflict with Bishop Potter, in New York, sat, one day drinking a brandy and soda in the cafe of the Fifth Avenue Hotel.  
A group of reporters surrounded him. One of the reporters said: "Why don't you try to down ritualism, Mr. Fillingham, with sermons rather than with violence?"  
The vicar smiled. "Sermons," he said, "have an effect always, but too often this effect is the opposite one to what the sermonizer intended."  
"How do you mean, sir?" the reporter asked.  
"I'll illustrate to you what I mean," said the vicar. "I once had a parishioner who was a miser. For this man's benefit I preached, one Sunday, a strong sermon on the necessity of charity, of philanthropy—a sermon on the duty and the joy of giving. The miser, at whom I gazed often, seemed impressed.  
"Next day I met him on the street.  
"Well, John, I said, 'What did you think of yesterday's sermon?'  
"It moved me deeply, sir," he answered. "It has brought home to me so strongly the necessity of giving alms that, honestly, sir, I've a great mind to turn beggar."

**The Growth of Electric Railroads.**  
Some figures have just been issued covering the growth of electric railroads in the United States. They are astounding. The increase in 12 years has been 177.91 per cent. In 1890 there were 8125 miles of single track in the various systems. Now the total is 22,577 miles, and roads by the score are projected or building.  
Originally electric roads built up cities. They brought suburbs near to centers. They solved the problem of home owning for people of moderate means. They made it possible for a man to live where there was room to breathe, have a lawn and a garden, enjoy the comforts of country life, and still reach his work for five cents. The benefit they conferred on humanity can not be measured in money.  
Then came the suburban lines, and there cannot be too many of them. Town and city all over the land are, or will be, in touch. The visit to a metropolis is no longer an event in the country village. There is a car every hour, the fare is moderate and the journey pleasant.  
The suburban electric railroad has removed much of the monotony from rural life. The farmer can see a good play in a modern theater if he wishes. He can go to an occasional professional ball game. He is independent of the railway accommodation train that runs once a day each way, and charged him smartly for a cinder seat in the smoking car.  
Strangest of all is the fact that the steam railroads have not been seriously injured. In a few instances passenger trains have been taken off but, the traffic that was lost was never a large item in profits, and long distance travel has increased since people got the riding habit.

In the old days you could find hundreds of country dwellers who never left the confines of their home township from January to December.  
Now there is the suburban car, with plush seats and nickel trimmings, air brake and plate-glass windows. It whisks you along country roads and through shady lanes, lands you in the heart of a great city and gets you home in time to do the chores.  
Who wouldn't ride once in a while?  
There is \$2,308,000,000 capital represented in electric railroads. In 1903 they carried 4,809,554,438 persons. And the business is only an infant. Watch it grow and transform America.

**An Editorial Boquet.**  
That slushy Drew County Slab Fence (Advance) who is wholly incapable of nurturing a thought above a monkey, relapsed into its usual fits because we stated last week that the England Democrat was another luminous star in Governor Davis's crown, and proceeds to style the Bazoo: "That Comic Weakley." Ye gods, if the Bazoo is weakley, the little rotten Slab Fence is just too light above the ears to chamber one decent thought in a life time. The little old mangy ashy kitten can just continue to sit in the corner and lick its dirty paws and pitifully mew, but the "comic weakley" and other papers do not propose to bow the knee to a lot of hungry political wolves who would destroy the last semblance of Democracy in order to carry out their damnable schemes. When the Slab Fence rots down and is lost in its own infamy, all true men will gaze upon its remains with a sympathetic heart and streaming eyes exclaim: Here sleeps the misguided dust who lived to make a complete long-eared mule of himself.—Rison (Ark.) Bazoo.

**In the Family Bible.**  
We see in the Boston Evening Transcript that a Worcester man, examining his family bible, found a government bond for one hundred dollars, which had evidently been there many years.  
It reminds us of the story of a good old lady, who, as her minister entered her parlor, opened the family Bible and exclaimed: "Why, here are my spectacles that I lost more than a year ago!"

**Small Town Best.**  
It is our belief that in America we have too many cities which are too large and a country which is too meagerly populated. We prophesy a coming disintegration of massed populations, and their distribution in a more desirable fashion.  
The small town is next to the country. It is a better environment for the young man than is the great metropolis toward which so many turn their eyes. Trolley cars, rural deliveries, trade catalogues and mail order periodicals have done much to change the life in the country. It is improving, and with it improves the condition of life in the country.  
Many a young man has left the country for the city. Some of them were obliged to go there to succeed in their chosen line of work. For the young man who has a business career in view there is possibly as good a success in a small city as he may hope for in a great one. If he has not much money capital, his personality, his character will more readily atone for that in a small town. This is especially true of the professional man. Indeed, any man of intelligence may hope for greater ferment in the small centers of population than in the large. As to social life and the general decency and comfort of passing through this vale of tears as conditions exist even today—and they will be far better ten years from now—a self respecting family has ten times a better chance in a town of ten to fifty thousand inhabitants almost anywhere in America, than it can by any possibility hope to have in a city of first class. The small town has better environments in many ways. Not the least of its desirable qualities is the fact that it is closer to the out of doors. The man who has a cottage of his own, with a horse and buggy and a shotgun in some place of a few thousand inhabitants, is better off as a man and a citizen than one who is receiving a \$10,000 salary in a big city. Field and Stream.


**Troubles of Supervisors.**  
Some of the road supervisors apparently are not pleased with the new law passed by the legislature and claim it will be impossible for them to discharge the duties of the office properly. They are limited to forty days work in the year and most of the supervisors say it will be impossible for them to get over their district in that time. Another thing is that supervisors are now required to keep their roads clear of snow drifts when notified by rural mail carriers or are liable to criminal prosecution. While men are required to work out their road tax, they cannot be compelled to furnish teams. Then if more men than teams put in appearance for work the supervisor is in another dilemma. The road supervisor receives \$1.50 a day for his forty days' work in a year, and the salary, too, is not to their liking. The new law, so the supervisors say, is not included to add a roseate hue to the outlook for the good roads movement.

**Obituary.**  
Orval Heminger, son of David and Clara Heminger was born Nov. 7, 1903; departed this life April 1, 1905, aged 16 months. Little Orval leaves father, mother, five sisters and one brother, and a large number of relatives to mourn their loss. Rev. Klopfenstein conducted the funeral services from the Reformed church at Delong and the remains were laid to rest at Leiters Ford.

**Where Women Can Vote.**  
Women can vote in general elections in Idaho, Colorado, Utah and Wyoming. They can vote on questions relating to school matters in Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Oregon, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, New York, Vermont, Wisconsin, Washington, Arizona, New Jersey, North and South Dakota, Illinois, Connecticut and Ohio. On certain questions of taxation they are allowed to vote in Louisiana, New York and Iowa.

**Job Printing at THE CITIZEN.**

**Going to Build this Spring?**



**WHEN in need of Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Building Hardware, Tile, Sewer Pipe, Brick, etc., call and get my prices. I have a large stock on hand at all times.**

**J. O. FERRIER, Culver, Indiana.**

**THE WORLD'S WORK**

*The magazine which tells of the progress of the world through wonderful pictures and terse articles.*

**DOUBLEDAY, PAGE & COMPANY**  
New York

M. B.—ANDREW CARNEGIE says: "I think THE WORLD'S WORK remarkable."

**CULVER MARKETS.**  
[Corrected April 3.]

Eggs.....	14
Butter.....	20
Chickens.....	10
Roosters.....	10
Spring chickens, per lb.	10
Lard.....	09
Wheat.....	1.00
Oats.....	.92
Corn per bu.....	.28
Clover seed, per bu.....	.45
Cattle Butchers.....	7.00
Killers.....	3.50@4.00
Hogs.....	4.50@4.75
Sheep.....	6.00@
Lambs.....	6.50@7.00
Milk Cows—Choice.....	30.00@40.00
Common.....	15.00@25.00

**Vandalia Railroad Co. Time Table.**  
IN EFFECT NOVEMBER 27, 1904.

NORTH BOUND	
No. 40—Daily.....	11:28 a. m.
" 42 " Ex. Sun.....	6:32 p. m.
" 44 " " " " " " "	10:14 p. m.
SOUTH BOUND	
No. 41—Daily Ex. Sun.....	6:06 a. m.
" 43 " " " " " " "	11:52 a. m.
" 45 " Ex. Sun.....	6:23 p. m.

Direct connections for Indianapolis via Colfax and Frankfort; also for St. Louis, Evansville and all points south and west.  
JAMES SHUGRUE, Agent.

**Cigarette as a Mathematician.**  
A teacher in the eighth grade Central school at Elkhart has this upon her blackboard for the boys to think about:  
"I am not much of a mathematician," said the cigarette, "but I can add to a man's nervous troubles. I can subtract from his physical energy. I can multiply his aches and pains, and can divide his mental forces. I can take interest from his work and discount his chances of success."

**Public Sale.**  
I will sell at public auction at my residence, 2 miles west and 1 1/2 miles north of Burr Oak, north of the river, on Saturday, April 8th, at ten o'clock a. m., the following property:  
One sorrel mare, 8 years old; 1 sorrel horse, 7 years old; 1 gray mare, 5 years old; 1 gray mare, 7 years old; 1 two-year-old colt; 1 yearling colt; 3 Poland China brood sows and some chickens. One wagon; 1 two-seated carriage; riding and walking plows; timothy hay and household furniture.  
TERMS—A credit of 7 months will be given on sums over \$5. A discount of 5 per cent will be given for cash on sums over \$5.  
CHARLES LEIGHTY, SELLERS & McFARLAND, Auct.

**Are You Going to the Pacific Coast**

Well, **THE WABASH** has the service

If you are contemplating a trip to California, either one way or round trip, write the WABASH for routes, rates and through train service via St. Louis, Kansas City and Omaha. Six through trains daily, all carrying ladies' high back day coaches and wide vestibuled free reclining chair cars, elegant standard and compartment sleepers, observation, cafe and dining cars. Road bed second to none. Address, THOS. FOLLEN, Pass. & Ticket Agt., Lafayette, Ind.

**THE GEM HARNESS SHOP**  
For Hand-Made Harness CULVER, IND.

**Public Sale.**  
I will sell at public auction at my residence three miles west of Culver, on Saturday, April 15th, at 10 o'clock, a. m., the following personal property:  
One brood mare; 1 three-year-old colt; 3 milk cows (fresh soon); 1 brood sow with 7 pigs; 8 shoats, weighing from 80 to 100 lbs. each; wagon (new); carriage; roller grain drill; Milwaukee mower (new); hay rake; harrow; cultivator; breaking plow; bob sleds; hay rack; harness; stoves and other household articles.  
TERMS—A credit of 9 months will be given on sums over \$5. Six per cent discount for cash on sums subject to note.  
HENRY LOHR, GEO. SELLERS, Auctioneer.  
"Is that some memento of the departed you keep in that lockot?"  
"Yes; it's a lock of my husband's hair."  
"But your husband is still living."  
"Certainly, but his hair is gone."  
War maps free at THE CITIZEN.