

Non-Partisan in Politics.

WITH THE COUNTY OFFICIALS

Record of the Past Week's Doings at the Court House.

The following marriage licenses were issued since our last report: Clarence M. White and Elsie M. Bradely; Joseph F. Pittman and Gay Zeigler; Dorcy T. Byrer and Maggie M. Heckaman.

The following suits were filed since our last report:

Anna Glaze vs. Philander Glaze; Complaint for divorce.

Charles L. Plummer vs. Mary Ransberger Plummer. Complaint for divorce.

John Crow, Lewis B. Roggs, Noble J. Goddard, George Wisely, Ferdinand Cox, Isaiah Hess, Cyrus Peabody, Elizabeth Hollinger, Walnut township, Marshall county, Indiana, by Otto Grossman, trustee, vs. Frank E. Janke and Orville Kate Hess; Suit for money had and received.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT.

The case of Thomas S. Snyder vs. Victor May, to foreclose mechanic's lien, was dismissed by the plaintiff.

Jennie Richmond was granted a divorce from Orvers Richmond.

Maude Smith was granted a divorce from N. Carlyle Smith, and name changed to Maude Maxey.

Case of the State of Indiana, on relation of William F. Ormand, vs. Charles D. Suecberger, William J. Vesey, and William J. Vesey, trustee, for mandamus, was dismissed by the plaintiff.

Case of Trueman B. Taylor vs. Emma E. Campbell, et al. foreclosure of mortgage, was dismissed by plaintiff.

COMMISSIONERS' COURT.

John C. Butler was appointed superintendent and engineer to control the court house yard improvements.

The bond of the county treasurer was fixed at \$200,000.

A liquor license was granted to Otto Walter, of Bremen.

Peter J. Krayer, superintendent county infirmary, filed his report for the quarter ending Sept. 30th, which was approved by the Board.

Peter Noggle was appointed constable of Bourbon township.

Henry Schlosser, trustee of German township, filed a petition for a bridge, to be known as the Schweisberger bridge, which petition was granted.

F. M. Parker, trustee of Union township, filed a petition for a bridge or arch over the Voreis ditch, also for one over same ditch near the Adamson farm, and for repairing the Kimble bridge across Yellow river; petition granted.

Reports for the quarter ending September 30, 1905, were filed by the following township trustees: F. M. Parker, Union; Fred Corse, Center; George W. Hatfield, Bourbon; B. F. Meredith, Tipppecanoe; Henry Schlosser, German; W. L. Hoover, of North, and George P. Morelock, West. Reports approved by the board.

O. L. Grossman, trustee of Walnut township, filed application for a suitable headstone for Christian Siple, deceased ex-union soldier. The Board ordered the auditor to advise the nearest G. A. R. Post, which was done.

Lorenzo D. Eley was appointed county asylum physician for a term of one year.

Bids will be received by the Commissioners on October 21st, for a heating plant to be placed in the county jail; also for an oven at the county asylum.

Call at the Citizen office for the revised telephone directory. They cost you nothing. tf

Community Interest.

When a teacher is employed to teach school in a district he promises to give the best there is in him to that community while the contract lasts. The first thing that he should do is to manage to live in the community. Going back and forth even weekly is not fair to the community. The teacher should get on the grounds and plan an educational campaign to last the full time. He should know the people and should know just what children should be in school; and, more than that, he should exhaust all peaceable means in securing a full attendance before resorting to the truant officer. He should know all about the institutions of the district thoroughly enough to be able to employ his knowledge in the school room. He should inspect the school premises and see that they are put in the best possible sanitary condition.

He should go farther than sanitation, and make them as attractive as possible. In the school room he must for the time being take the place of the parent; not the real parent, perhaps, but better than that, the real parent that ought to be. He is to touch every child into a zeal for right living. He is to form every boy and girl into manhood and womanhood that there will be no necessity for reform in their lives. He is to come to the community to minister and not to be ministered unto. If Indiana could have such a teacher in every community for a few years she would shortly be in a fair way to claim to have the best schools in the world.

Death of Mrs. Alfred Cook.

Mrs. Alfred Cook died Sunday afternoon, October 1st at the home of her daughter, Mrs. J. B. Loughman. The funeral was held Tuesday afternoon at the Loughman residence, Rev. Travis officiating. Interment was in the Mishawaka cemetery. Mrs. Cook, whose maiden name was Mary Friend, was born in Dayton, O., Nov. 8, 1829, making her age 75 years. She was married in February, 1843 to Alfred Cook and to the union were born two children. In 1852 the Cook family moved to Mishawaka and Mrs. Cook lived there until 1899. Since then she has resided with her daughter in South Bend.

Mrs. Cook was a woman of many excellent qualities and was respected and beloved by all her acquaintances. She is survived by two sisters and one brother, Mrs. Barbara Hoff, of Argos, Mrs. Margaret Swigart, of Culver and Mr. Amos Friend, of Burr Oak.

He Didn't Advertise.

Many years ago thirty girls who sealed and labeled cans in the canning factory at Alton, Iowa, got so warmed up drinking fermented juice that they took off all their superfluous clothes, sealed them and labeled them. They got mixed with several thousand cans of preserves and for months thereafter it was nothing uncommon when you had company to open a raspberry preserve label and turn out a pink hair ribbon and a pair of stockings and maybe an old apron or a corset cover. Only a short time ago the landlady of a hotel was absent mindedly looking out of a window while dumping a can of supposed peaches, when out rolled two hip pads. She didn't notice it and a near-sighted boarder ate one for a waffle. The can was bought of a merchant who did not advertise and it had been on the shelves for over twenty years.

See Medbourn & Dillon for lime, Portland cement, plaster paris, etc. Get prices for hard and soft coal for fall and winter.

MAXINKUCKEE ASSOCIATION.

Various Committees For Ensuing Year Are Named.

The various committees of the Maxinkuckee Association for the next season have been announced as follows:

Executive—Ed. Morris, J. M. Judah, J. O. Ferrier, A. J. Kuapp, E. W. Shirk, W. T. Wilson.

On Membership—A. Herz, Dr. O. A. Rea, J. J. Twinn, John E. Barnes.

On Boating and Regattas—E. W. Shirk, Henry Bliss, Jr., T. H. Wilson, Jr., I. W. Greer, supt. Vandalia Co.

On Roads and Shade Trees—Hervey Bates, Sr., Peter Spangler, C. H. Brownell, M. E. Edwards, C. E. Coffin.

On Sanitation—C. E. Coffin, W. H. Albrecht, H. H. Culver, J. J. Twinn, Dr. O. A. Rea.

On Law, Order and Patrol—W. T. Wilson, A. M. Ogle, A. J. Kuapp, H. M. Speyer, J. O. Ferrier.

On Piers and Steamers—J. L. Ketcham, Ed. Morris, I. W. Greer, Joseph Stroug, J. C. Schaff.

On Literature and History—C. H. Brownell, Daniel McDonald, A. M. Glosbrenner, J. H. Koontz.

Not Healthy for a Town.

The Rochester Sentinel thus speaks of a business agreement now in effect in that city.

"Rochester milliners have formed a tighter combine than ever. Not only do they agree to not advertise, but they have fixed prices for retreating old hats that are virtually prohibitory and on new goods they have prices up much higher than in neighboring towns where there are no combines."

Any combine or agreement of this kind always works to the detriment of a town. It should be the policy of all merchants and business people generally to reach out for trade and bring people to the city. The big advertiser is a big benefit to any business community. It is through his efforts in legitimate newspaper advertising, that people are induced to come to a town to trade. The store that advertises, while it may get the major portion of the trade thus attracted by good bargains offered, does not get all of it by any means. If a grocer induces people to come whose trading is generally done in other places, the clothing merchant is benefited, the dry goods house may get a part of it, and other stores may secure some of it, too. What man is there in business who cannot see the truth of this proposition? And yet how many business men and merchants sit back and let the firms who advertise do all the trade pulling and content themselves by not even letting the people know what they have to offer! It is doubtless gratifying to the big advertisers to know that they are doing several times more business every day than the man who doesn't advertise doesn't help pull trade to the city. Such tactics pursued by the milliners of Rochester is calculated to cause dry-rot in a town if other merchants adopted the same policy.

Call for Convention.

Notice is hereby given to the democrats of Culver, that a convention for the purpose of nominating candidates for the various town offices for the coming election Tuesday, Nov. 7, 1905. Said convention will be held in the basement of Walter's meat market on Friday evening Oct. 14, at 8 o'clock p. m. All interested in the future welfare of Culver are earnestly requested to attend.

URIAS MENSER, Chairman.

Job Printing at THE CITIZEN.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL NOTES

Happenings of the Past Week in Culver and Vicinity.

Democratic convention Friday evening.

Tim Wolf is taking his vacation this week.

Bargains in carriages at Hays & Son's Livery.

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. Bert Voreis, Oct. 3, a boy.

John Medbourn, of South Bend, was in town over Sunday.

Mrs. David Menser and son Arthur went to Tiosa Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Stahl visited at Logansport and Hamlet last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Rolla Hawk attended the Bourbon fair one day this week.

Miss Louisa Warping, of Burr Oak, visited last week with Miss Eva Menser.

TO RENT—The Mrs. Carrie Baker residence south of Culver. Apply at the house.

Mrs. John Matthews and daughter Mary, of Plymouth, visited with friends here Sunday.

Miss Maude Koontz visited in Logansport over Sunday, the guest of Miss Tressie Rogers.

The All Saints' Guild will meet Tuesday afternoon, October 17th, with Mrs. H. G. Glascock.

Mr. and Mrs. Urias Menser visited over Sunday with the family of Grant Underhill at Elkhart.

Try Maxinkuckee flour, every sack guaranteed to be first class. For sale by Porter & Co. and Stahl & Co.

Mrs. Wilfert and daughter Miss Foote, of Loraine, Ohio, visited with Mr. and Mrs. John Buswell last week.

The Culver foot ball team will play the Bourbon team at the Bourbon fair today. A close game is expected.

FOR SALE OR RENT—The Quick property, second door north of the Citizen office. For particulars see S. C. Shilling. 22tf

Fishing is a little slow. Wait until we have had a few frosts and fish will become more hungry and more liable to bite.

J. F. Weiss left here Monday morning for Michigan, where he will spend a few weeks for the benefit of his health.

This cold weather is causing a rush for Hessel's wood yard. They have several hundred cords of dry wood for emergencies.

FOR SALE—One bay driving horse, seven head of shoats weighing from 90 to 140 lbs.—J. J. Thimmes, southwest of Culver.

J. E. Myers was the first to bring in corn for exhibition. It is especially well matured and of large size. The one who beats it must be a hustler.

Frequently, a young man will spurn the idea of wearing ready made clothes, when he has nothing to spend but ready made dollars, made by the persistent toil of his parents.

There are a number of telephone subscribers who have not called for the revised telephone directory. Come to the Citizen office and get one. They cost you nothing, and will materially assist the lady in charge of the central office in doing the work more satisfactorily.

Last Wednesday Russia agreed to the Japanese proposition to exchange prisoners of war. Under it 1,866 Japanese prisoners in Russia will be delivered at a point on the western frontier of Russia and 64,000 Russians will be delivered at the ports of Kobe, Nagasaki and Yokohama, thence they will be conveyed to Vladivostok.

Get your printing at the CITIZEN.

David Menser was at Plymouth Saturday.

L. C. Zechiel transacted business at Plymouth Tuesday.

H. M. Speyer was at Chicago last Friday to purchase goods for fall trade.

The Culver Band will give an open air concert Friday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Raver went to Hammond Saturday to visit friends for a few days.

Frank Baker attended the Grand Lodge, Knights of Pythias, at Indianapolis last week.

Miss Ethel Schall and Roscoe Shaffer, of LaPaz, visited Mr. and Mrs. Rollo Hawk Sunday.

Dr. Norris has added to his office equipment a somnoform outfit for the painless extraction of teeth.

Dr. Rea reports the arrival of a girl at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Busart, Friday October 6th.

J. C. Alden, of Illinois has purchased the Spellman farm of 140 acres, east of the lake. Consideration \$7,500.

See Medbourn & Dillon for lime, Portland cement, plaster, etc. Get prices for hard and soft coal for fall and winter.

FOR SALE—New and second-hand buggies and carriages at almost your own price. Call and see them at Hayes & Son Livery.

John Gast sold his residence at Plymouth and purchased the tin shop here, which belonged to Harry Armstrong but was operated by Mr. Gast.

The elevator at Culver is open for business. We are prepared to handle all kinds of grain for which we will pay the highest market price.—DILLON & MEDBOURN.

The New York Life Insurance Company is prohibited from doing business in several western states, pending the investigation of alleged frauds in its management.

The pupils who graduate in our high school and then attend school at other places, always pass a creditable examination, which speaks volumes of praise for the efficient work done here.

Tom Taggart is not accused of getting a haul out of the insurance companies for campaign purposes, but Governor Hanly says that he did get a haul out of Auditor of State Sherrick over the gambling tables at French Lick.

Messrs. Howard and Davis wish to state to the public that they did not agree to close their place of business at eight o'clock in the evening. On account of their restaurant trade they will have open as usual as long as there is business.

At last accounts 222 indictments had been found by the grand jury against Banker and School Superintendent Daugherty, of Peoria, Ill. If there is such a thing as total depravity, the man who will steal the money set aside for the education of children, is totally depraved.

Among those who took in the week end excursion to Chicago were Mr. and Mrs. Whitelaw Bishop, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Saine and little daughter, Mr. and Mrs. O. A. Gandy, Miss Verna Beehmer, J. P. Shambaugh, A. M. Howard, Russell Saine, Earl Zechiel, Ray Smith and Harry Medbourn.

Mrs. Carrie Baker, one mile south of Culver, will sell at public auction, Friday, October 20: Two bay mares, six milch cows, one heifer, two calves, one brood sow and five shoats. A full line of farm implements and some household furniture. The usual credit with approved security will be given. M. E. Rearick, Auctioneer; S. S. Chadwick, Clerk.

EASY PICKING FOR CULVER

Sunday's Foot Ball Game Results in a Score of 28 to 0.

The Culver Athletic Association met and defeated the foot ball team of Argos by the score of 28-0 in a game played at Argos Oct. 9. The Culver boys are much elated over the result, as their opponents were much heavier but their lack of knowledge of the game was very apparent. The Argos rooters showed their usual spirit of bluff and fight. The following is the line up:

Argos	Culver
Welters.....	Osborn
	Cromley
Hoffman.....	Baker
Patterson.....	Bush
Stainer.....	Ferrier, c
	Thoma
Croco.....	Green
Lowery.....	Menser
Stafford.....	McLane
Hughes.....	Washburn
Croco.....	Hutchison
Sissel.....	McLane
	Ferrier

Automobiles in Norway.

Indiana people will be interested in learning how the reckless auto driver fares in Norway. In the first place it is necessary to get a permit from the government to bring a motor car into the country. Then before the motorist can pass through each district, he must obtain a written permit from the Mayor and Council of that district, and guarantee to make good any damage to roads, or other accidents caused by runaways at sight of the motor car. But that is not all. In the more northerly districts it is compulsory for an automobilist to advertise in the newspapers for one week in advance at what hour he intends to pass along any thoroughfare in the district—and the motorist is only allowed a margin of two hours to do so, or else he will have to wait and advertise all over again.

The above was clipped from one of our exchanges and if it presents conditions in Norway truthfully, is one of the rankest kind of freak acts of legislation. It makes the use of the automobile prohibitive instead of regulating its use. The automobile is here to stay, for the reason, that it has a distinct field of usefulness that can not be filled successfully with any other locomotive power, and all the ridicule heaped upon it cannot drive it out of existence. Being a vehicle of convenience, and labor saving while in the hands of competent and careful drivers, they should be protected while in the pursuit of their daily business routine. Laws should be enacted that would protect the carefull, considerate automobilist as well as the public. A chauffeur should pass an examination and prove himself to be competent and reliable and receive a license based upon his knowledge of an automobile, as well as the care and watchfulness he exercises in running one. As the law now stands in Indiana a lunatic or a blind man can receive a number and run an automobile. The automobile in itself is a useful invention and should be classed with the railroad train and the street car, but handled with the same care and operated with the same intelligence with specially qualified men.

Business Change.

Having bought the tin shop formerly owned by H. A. Armstrong, I respectfully ask a continuance of patronage, and in return promise you the very best of work and courteous treatment. All accounts are payable to me, and parties knowing themselves indebted to me are requested to call at once and settle their accounts. JOHN S. GAST, Proprietor Culver Tin Shop.

Call and examine the fine new assortment of souvenir post cards at Slattery's drug store.

THE CULVER CITIZEN.

J. H. KOONTZ & SON, Pubs.

CULVER, INDIANA.

Well, it was about time for Francis Joseph to have more trouble of some kind.

In order to keep out of bankruptcy The Hague tribunal might try issuing trading stamps.

Champagne sells for \$500 a quart in Colombian money, which seems almost like giving it away.

Prize Fighter Fitzsimmons is going to star in a comic opera. Furthermore, he is to be paid for doing it.

Fame is that blissful state where other people think you are as great as you all along have considered yourself.

A great many humble folk with good appetites and little cash will not envy Mr. Rockefeller his legacy of dyspepsia.

"Hoopskirts Occupy Women at Conventions," says a newspaper headline. It should have been "Women Occupy Hoopskirts."

There is a deficit of \$4,400,000 in the Dutch treasury. The dispatches do not say whether it was stock gambling or the ponies.

Ill-gotten gains, child, are often what the other man makes by taking advantage of the opportunity you miss by being a good fellow.

It is generally allowed that the late Rain-in-the-Face is now a good Indian whatever he was when he was engaged in warwhooping.

A New York girl has had a man put in jail because he admired her. Yet she would probably have despised him if he hadn't turned to look.

King Alfonso is again reported to be engaged to be married, but a good many people will refuse to believe it until he exhibits the license.

The fashionable thing is not often the comfortable one, but very shortly a well-sawed pair of walking gloves will be welcome on any old plea.

A Brooklyn woman committed suicide because she had no friends. Some people would regard that as the finest kind of encouragement for living on.

Young Mr. Rockefeller gladly would part with some of his ability to buy rich viands if he could only purchase a good digestion wherewith to enjoy them.

It is doubtless true that no man can afford to dress poorly, but it is probably also true that some men cannot afford to dress as well as they habitually do.

We do not believe that George Ade is making more money than he knows what to do with. Did anybody ever make more money than he knew what to do with?

France and Germany have reached an agreement on the Moroccan question. It doesn't matter, of course, whether the agreement is satisfactory to Morocco or not.

A former baseball pitcher who drew a salary of \$5,000 a year is now making \$1.50 a day in a lumber camp. It doesn't make much difference to him when the season closes.

Schumann-Heink has sprained her voice. We wonder how it is that people with bull voices, foghorn voices, nutmeg-grater voices and sawmill voices never sprain theirs.

C. W. Schwab is going to have a \$150,000 silver gilt dinner service. Even with that, however, he will probably find it impossible to take more than one mouthful at a time.

"What shall we do when the lobster disappears?" anxiously inquires the Boston Globe. But there is no danger that the lobster will disappear so long as the chorus girl is on earth.

Another cure for consumption has been discovered. The remedy consists of the juice of vegetables. Certainly the juice of corn has made many at least forget worse woes than consumption.

Weber and Fields are talking of joining forces again and "Kid" McCoy is going into vaudeville at \$700 a week. How can anybody continue to worry about the condition of the American stage?

The Breadwinners' college, a school for those who must work for their living, has been opened in Boston. Whether it succeeds or not will depend largely upon the showing its football team is able to make.

It seems odd to read that a young wife has sued for divorce because her husband wants to kiss her too much, devoting so much time to his demonstrations of affection that he neglects his work. That is not the usual complaint.

A new law is soon to go into force in parts of Russia permitting the natives to discuss politics. If they discuss them as fervently, as noiselessly, as ineffectively as some thousands of

CROWE SOUGHT GREATER GAME

Omaha Kidnap Plan to Capture Rockefeller for Ransom.

PARTNER SPOILS HIS SCHEME

After Visit to Cleveland, Where He Procured Plat of Oil Magnate's Home, His Accomplice Lost Nerve and Quit.

Butte, Mont., special: Pat Crowe, arrested here Tuesday, furnished another sensation Thursday when he declared that but for the fear of his partner, who deserted him, he would have kidnaped John D. Rockefeller and held him for \$2,000,000 ransom.

Crowe expressed considerable regret that he was unable to carry out his bold scheme, as he declared that had he been successful, to-day he would be a million dollars better off and he would be in some foreign country and not in the Butte Jail.

Crowe says the daring plot was hatched in Chicago, and later there was an investigation of Rockefeller's residence near Cleveland. When everything was ready his partner got "cold feet."

Captain of Detectives Henry Dunn and Officer Halstead of Omaha, accompanied by several Omaha newspaper men, reached Butte and identified Crowe. Despite Crowe's assertion of his willingness to accompany them without requisition, Captain Dunn says he will take no chances with Crowe, who will be heavily manacled en route to Omaha.

Tells of Rockefeller Plot. Regarding the plot to kidnap Rockefeller and hold him for \$2,000,000 ransom Crowe said:

"It was immediately after the Cudahy affair that my partner and I—never mind his name—were lying low in Chicago, laughing at the excitement over the Cudahy affair. It was so easy that I suggested we go after bigger game, and the result was that within a week we took the train to Cleveland to kidnap old Rockefeller and get the big bunch from the boy."

"Well, we got down there, went out to his home at Forest Hill and staid up the place. It was dead easy. The old man was there. It is a quiet country place. It was a snap, I tell you."

"Well, to get down to business, we planned to hold up the watchman, get into the house at night—we had a plan of the entire place—we fixed it to hustle the old man into a rig and make the young fellow dig. You bet he would have come through so fast it would your head swim."

Partner Defects Scheme. "We fixed the thing for Wednesday night. About 6 o'clock my partner said he wasn't feeling well, and he asked me to put it off until the next night. Well, I put it off, and at noon the next day, Thursday, he broke down and got cold feet and said he thought we were being watched right then. That settled it. I began to fear he was going to give the whole snafu away about the Cudahy affair, so I lit out for New York and went from there to South Africa, and that was all there was to it."

"Rockefeller is holding up the world and getting his ransom, too. Why shouldn't I make him divide if I have the chance?"

"I'm not the originator of the ransom business. Did you ever read any Roman history. Caesar was the boss 'kidnap' of the world. When he was running the world he used to send old Brutus and some of his generals over to Carthage, grab one of the big kings in that country and make them put up several millions before they gave him back. History is full of the same."

"They call it kidnaping nowadays. In those days it was statecraft."

VANITY IS BOND THIEF'S SPUR

Young Man Declares He Wanted to Make Name for Himself.

New York, special: It seems to have been an overweening vanity that led young Henry Ambrose Leonard to forge a check for more than \$300,000 and with it obtain \$259,000 worth of securities from the National City bank. Just before he was arraigned before Magistrate Pool in the Tombs police court he was asked what inspired him to swindle the Rockefeller bank. "Well, I thought it was about time I was making a name for myself," was the youngster's reply. "When I stole that lot of securities the criminal part of it never once occurred to me. My sole purpose was to demonstrate to the wisecracks of Wall street how ridiculously easy they are. Why, if I had waited for the opportunity I could have taken as many millions as I did thousands."

HUNGER STRIKE BEHIND BARS

Inmates in Russian Prison Refuse to Eat Because of Treatment.

St. Petersburg cable: The "hunger strike," which began Oct. 3 in the women's department of one of the large prisons here devoted to the detention of political offenders, has become general. For three days all the inmates of the prison have been refusing to eat as a protest against the rough treatment of a female prisoner and the general administrative conditions in the prison. The prisoners are

STREED CASE IS STILL A MATTER OF MYSTERY

State Officials and Private Detectives Are at Work Trying to Clear the Atmosphere.

Cambridge, Ill., special: State's Attorney Sturck came home Thursday night from Rock Island, where he investigated the business which engaged the attention of John V. Streed three days immediately preceding his mysterious death. Beyond intimating that his trip was not in vain, the state's attorney had nothing to say regarding what he learned. He declared, however, that the solution of the mystery had not been discovered and that work was progressing on several clews.

The appearance of several strange men in Cambridge, who seemed to be quietly acquainting themselves with the details of the case, leads to the opinion that detectives have been employed. The state's attorney, when questioned on this subject, would neither confirm nor deny the report.

It is thought that Mrs. Streed and the authorities both have employed detectives. Mrs. Streed considers the talk that her husband committed suicide because he was worried over his financial condition to be idle. She states that she had a note of her own soon falling due and that Mr. Streed knew he could have this money simply by saying he wanted it.

A well-to-do Cambridge man said he would have loaned Streed \$1,000 any day he wanted it on an unsecured note. Mrs. Streed's relatives are wealthy and money might easily have been obtained from them.

The state's attorney said if John Streed was murdered it was by someone who had knowledge of the revolvers in his room. Possibly one of the revolvers was taken from his room while he was in Rock Island. The lock in the door could have been picked easily, for it is of a very ordinary kind. No one else had apartments on the second floor of the block in which he lived, and there was abundant opportunity to obtain the pistol if it was desired. The overcoat which has been missing since Streed's death was found under a pile of clothing in one of his closets.

COLLEGE BRED ROBBER IS LAID LOW BY BULLET

Sees Sweetheart Led to Altar by Another and Goes West to Become Highwayman.

Sioux City, Iowa, dispatch: When John Conway was killed in the act of robbing a bank at Berkeley, Cal., Tuesday night the career of one of the most remarkable thieves in America was terminated. Conway was the son of wealthy parents in Chicago, a college graduate, and a thorough good fellow. He became a criminal after seeing his sweetheart led to the altar by a rival, and said he would do with his boots on.

He was captured here six years ago in a desperate battle with the police after holding up the Horse Shoe restaurant. He was thoroughly educated, and so entertaining that the Rev.ist church undertook to reform him. One of the leading young women of the church fell in love with him.

He had given an alias, but she prevailed upon him to disclose his true name. She wrote his brother, Stephen Conway, who, he said, was superintendent of Armour & Co.'s plant at Chicago, and the brother obtained his release on bond. Conway then fled and has since then pursued his career of crime.

LUMBER DISTRICT FIRE CAUSES \$600,000 LOSS

Four Hundred Families Are Rendered Homeless When Flames Sweep Eight Blocks at Rhinelander.

Rhinelander, Wis., dispatch: Fire in the lumber district of this town Wednesday evening destroyed property valued at \$600,000 and rendered 400 people homeless. The fire started in the lumber yard of the Brown Brothers Lumber company, and after sweeping it clean spread to the Robbins Lumber company yards, which were entirely destroyed. A high wind was blowing, which carried the fire into the residence district adjoining the lumber yards, destroying about seventy-five small dwelling houses. About 40,000,000 feet of lumber was destroyed. After burning over the greater portion of eight blocks the fire was got under control. The homeless people are being cared for in the city hall and other public buildings. The total insurance is about \$400,000.

The principal losers are:

Brown Brothers Lumber company, \$250,000; insurance, \$175,000.

Robbins Lumber company, \$225,000; insurance, \$165,000.

Two schoolhouses and engine-house, \$25,000.

Dwelling houses, about \$75,000.

PLANS DASH FOR NORTH POLE

Charles Rilliet Says St. Louis Capitalist Will Back Expedition.

St. Louis, Mo., special: Charles Rilliet, who was with the Fiala polar expedition, declares a wealthy St. Louisian has agreed to back him in a daring drift through Bering strait to the north pole. According to Rilliet it is planned by those who will make the dash to cut themselves off from the main ship of the party, leaving all hope behind, they will make a

UNITED STATES OPPOSES PACT

Treaty Between Cuba and Great Britain Favors the Latter Nation.

GRANTS REFUGE FOR WARSHIPS

British Vessels, Injured in Battle, Are to Be Permitted to Put Into Cuban Ports to Make Repairs or Get Ammunition.

Havana cable: Owing to the development of strong opposition to the ten-year treaty of commerce and navigation between Cuba and Great Britain, the ratification of which is pending in the senate, the senate committee on foreign relations authorized the publication in the leading government organ of the text of the treaty in order that its provisions may be understood by the public.

An examination of an authentic copy of the treaty reveals various reasons for the strong opposition to it interposed by the United States government, one of the principal of these being the fact that throughout the document Great Britain receives the most-favored-nation treatment in every respect except in the matter of import duties. The latter, owing to the reciprocity treaty between the United States and Cuba, is expressly excepted, but Great Britain, by the terms of the treaty, is to be included in any favors other than tariff provisions which Cuba might hereafter concede to the United States.

Haven for Warships.

The clause permitting British warships as well as British merchantmen to refit and provision in Cuban ports in the event of accident or stress of weather is as outlined Sept. 10, including the much-discussed right of "portofreebase," a Spanish term, meaning the resupplying of vessels with war munitions.

The treaty at the outset covers the privileges to be accorded to the citizens and ships of each country in ports of the other, these being equal to the privileges enjoyed by the people of each nation except with reference to the coasting trade, in which, however, each is given most-favored-nation treatment. From the standpoint of the United States this is considered to be distinctly inimical to the project for including Cuba in the coasting trade privileges of the United States.

Article 5 prohibits greater duties on goods imported in British vessels than on those brought in Cuban ships. This latter article apparently checks any project for lowering the duties between the United States and Cuba on goods carried in either Cuban or American vessels. The treaty accords favored-nation treatment with respect to all port tonnage charges.

Carries All Privileges.

Article 7 provides that any privileges granted to vessels of a third power in harbors or rivers be extended immediately and unconditionally to either of the contracting powers.

Article 10 says: "Except as regards the duties leviable on imports the contracting parties agree that in all matters relating to commerce, navigation and industry any privilege in favor of humanity of whatever kind, which either party has actually granted or may grant to the citizens or subjects of any other state shall be extended immediately and unconditionally to the citizens or subjects of other contracting party, it being the intention in these respects that the commerce, navigation and industry of each country shall be placed by the other on a perfect equality with the commerce, navigation and industry of the most favored nation."

The treaty is to become applicable to Great Britain's over-sea colonies if any of the latter give notice of intention to adhere thereto within a year.

Some of the senators are strongly in favor of ratifying the treaty as a means of showing Cuban independence of the United States, but it is not believed that the strong opposition of President Roosevelt, combined with that of the Spanish commercial element, will prevent ratification.

NEGRO JEWEL THIEF IS CAUGHT

New York Clerk Who Prevents \$30,000 Robbery Is Stabbed.

New York dispatch: A daring daylight attempt to steal \$30,000 worth of jewels from a Maiden Lane jewelry store was made, and a clerk who defended the treasures was stabbed. The robber was Louis Brown, a negro, who walked in the front door of the store of Cross & Beignell and jumped over a railing to the show window, where he picked up a tray containing \$30,000 worth of precious stones. Oscar Windorf, a clerk, shouted at the negro, who dropped the jewels and started for the door. The clerk chased him into the street. There the negro turned on his pursuer and stabbed him, ripping Windorf's coat open in several places. The negro ran several blocks, pursued by a crowd, in which were two detectives before he was captured.

Knows Where Money Went.

San Francisco dispatch: The mystery of the disappearance of \$11,080 a year ago from a crock in which William Schmitz, an aged painter, had buried his savings of years in the cellar under his home has been

YAQUI INDIANS MURDER HALF HUNDRED PEOPLE

Scores of Mexicans Have Been Tortured and Mutilated by the Redskins So Recently Pacified.

El Paso, Texas, dispatch: Mining men from Nogales, Ariz., confirm reports of a fresh outbreak among the supposedly "pacified" Yaqui Indians of Sonora, Mexico. Not less than fifty men have been murdered within the past week, these men say, while scores have been tortured and mutilated, but permitted to escape with their lives.

The tales told are of indescribable cruelty. El Correo de Sonora, one of the most conservative and reliable Spanish publications in the state of Sonora, declares conditions are insufferable and boldly criticizes the Mexican government, declaring that federal troops are incapable of dealing with the outbreak. The inroads are upon districts where American capitalists have heavily invested and there is such a high feeling among Americans that an appeal to the United States government may be imperative.

One band of marauders ventured to the suburbs of the city of Hermosillo. Near Opedope a ranchero was cruelly tortured. At Elcopel a band of eighteen Indians attacked a wagon train and tortured the men. These are only a few incidents cited by arrivals from mining districts.

The murders are varied in character, victims having been robbed and hanged to trees, shot to pieces, beaten, torn and mutilated.

CHADWICK ATTORNEYS DEMAND ANOTHER TRIAL

Contention Is Made That Her Offense Is Not a Crime and That the Trial Court Erred.

Cincinnati, O., special: Arguments for a writ of error for Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick, charged with bank wrecking, and convicted at Cleveland of conspiracy to defraud, were opened in the United States Circuit Court of Appeals.

The record of the case is one of the most voluminous ever brought into this court, comprising 316 printed pages. Mrs. Chadwick was convicted on seven of the fifteen counts in the indictment, and her attorneys, Dawley and Wing, contend that the trial court erred in various particulars, and that the alleged offense is not a crime under any statute of the United States.

Mrs. Chadwick is now in the Cuyahoga county jail awaiting the decision of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals. If the decision is against her she will at once begin her sentence of ten years in the Ohio penitentiary.

Mrs. Chadwick's Gems to Be Sold.

Cleveland, Ohio, dispatch: Judge Taylor of the United States District Court issued an order directing United States Marshal Chandler to sell at public auction Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick's diamonds, seized by the customs authorities because of non-payment of duty. Altogether the collection of customs seized nearly \$75,000 worth of jewels.

COUNCILS SLAP AT REFORMER

Pass Ordinances Over the Veto of the Philadelphia Executive.

Philadelphia, Pa., dispatch: There was another skirmish in city councils Thursday between the forces on the side of Mayor Weaver and those supporting the republican organization over the matter of increasing the city's debt \$6,000,000. Two weeks ago both branches of councils passed an ordinance authorizing an increase in the city's debt of \$4,000,000 for the removal of railroad grade crossings and another authorizing an increase of the debt \$2,000,000 for street paving. Thursday Mayor Weaver vetoed both bills. When the vetoes were read in councils they provoked a long and sharp debate, with the result that the common council passed both bills over the mayor's veto by the necessary three-fifths vote, while select council sustained the veto on the paving bill but passed the grade crossing bill.

RAISE THE FEVER QUARANTINE

Many Sections of Louisiana Think All Danger Has Passed.

New Orleans, La., special: Surgeon White of the marine hospital service returned from a trip almost to the Texas state line, and reported that various sections of the state were ready to modify their strict quarantine regulations in order not to impede business. He thinks the quarantines all will be removed by Nov. 1, as by that time frost will have appeared in nearly all parts of the state. Thirty new cases of yellow fever and two deaths were reported here. There were five new foci of infection.

SELLS HIS WIFE FOR A DRINK

Pretty Colorado Woman, Angered by the Barter, Gets a Divorce.

Colorado Springs, Col., dispatch: Martha F. Bradford, the young and pretty wife of J. W. Bradford, a ranchman living ten miles south of Colorado Springs, was granted a divorce in the El Paso county court on the grounds of cruelty. She alleged in her complaint that her husband sold her for a bottle of beer at an auction in Fountain a month after their marriage in August, 1904, and that he afterwards refused to return her to her home.

There is no Rochelle Salts, Alum, Lime or Ammonia in food made with

Calumet Baking Powder

—NOT IN THE BAKING POWDER TRUST— It makes pure food.

Blind Justice.

The late Capt. "Joe" Nicholson, to memory dear in Detroit, used to tell of a long time prisoner who had been in the house of correction while the captain ran that institution.

Just before his term expired the convict called the captain and told him that justice was now done and that an honest man would start fresh in the world.

"But you have told me several times that you were innocent of the charge on which you were sent here."

"So I was, capt. 'Joe' and I can prove it. Here are the names of three witnesses. Get their statement and see whether I'm lying."

Just as a matter of curiosity the captain complied and found convincing evidence of the man's innocence.

The convict was called in and indignantly asked why he had not used this evidence in getting a new trial.

"I'll tell you, captain. In my time I was acquitted three or four times when I was guilty, so when I was convicted of something I never did I just thought I'd even things up by taking my medicine without kicking. Besides that, it sort of tickled me to find that justice had missed me at every shot."

Best in the World.

Crem, Ark., Oct. 9th.—(Special).—After eighteen months suffering from Epilepsy, Backache and Kidney Complaint, Mr. W. H. Smith of this place is a well man again and those who have watched his return to health unhesitatingly give all the credit to Dodd's Kidney Pills. In an interview regarding his cure, Mr. Smith says:

"I had been low for eighteen months with my back and kidneys and also Epilepsy. I had taken everything I knew of and nothing seemed to do me any good till a friend of mine got me to send for Dodd's Kidney Pills. I find that they are the greatest medicine in the world, for now I am able to work and am in fact as stout and strong as before I took sick."

Dodd's Kidney Pills cure the kidneys. Cured Kidneys cleanse the blood of all impurities. Pure blood means good health.

Young Woman Excellent Linguist.

Miss Lillian Gonzales Robinson, 23 years old, who has just been appointed head of the department of romance in the University of Oklahoma, has mastered twelve languages and speaks most of them fluently.

Sensible Housekeepers

will have Bellanoe Starch, not alone because they get one-third more for the same money, but also because of superior quality.

This country "consumed" 300,000 tons of tobacco last year—or probably 450,000 tons altogether.

WOMEN'S NEGLECT SUFFERING THE SURE PENALTY

Health Thus Lost Is Restored by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

How many women do you know who are perfectly well and strong? We hear every day the same story over and over again. "I do not feel well; I am so tired all the time!"



More than likely you speak the same words yourself, and no doubt you feel far from well. The cause may be easily traced to some derangement of the female organs which manifests itself in depression of spirits, reluctance to go anywhere or do anything, backache, bearing-down pains, flatulency, nervousness, sleeplessness, leucorrhoea.

These symptoms are but warnings that there is danger ahead, and unless heeded a life of suffering or a serious operation is the inevitable result.

The never-failing remedy for all these symptoms is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Miss Kate McDonald, of Woodbridge, N. J., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham: I think that a woman naturally dislikes to make her troubles known to the public, but restored health has meant so much to me that I cannot help from telling mine for the sake of other suffering women.

"For a long time I suffered untold agony with a uterine trouble and irregularities, which made me a physical wreck, and no one thought I would recover, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has entirely cured me, and made me well and strong, and I feel it my duty to tell other suffering women what a splendid medicine it is."

If you are ill, don't hesitate to get a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once, and write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for enclosed

JOAN OF THE SWORD HAND

By S. R. CROCKETT, Author of *The Raiders*, etc.
(Copyright, 1905, 1909, by S. R. Crockett.)

CHAPTER XVI.

Borne on the Great Wave.

It chanced that in the chamber from which Werner von Orseln had come so swiftly at the cry of the Wordless Man, Boris and Jorian, after sleeping through the disturbances above them and the first burst of the storm, were waked by the blowing open of the lattice as the wind reached its height. It was tall Boris who first made his way to the window. The lattice hung by one leathern thong. The other had been torn away and indeed it was a wonder that the whole framework had not been blown bodily into the room. For the tempest pressed against it straight from the north, and the sticky spray from the waves which broke on the shingle drove stinging into the eyes of the man-at-arms as he looked out.

Nevertheless he thrust his head out, looked a moment through half-closed eyelids and then cried, "Jorian, we are surely lost. The sea is breaking in upon us. It has passed the beach of shingle out there."

And seeking Jorian by the arm Boris made his way to the door by which they had entered, and, undoing the bolts, they reached the walled courtyard, where, however, they found themselves in the open air, but sheltered from the utmost violence of the tempest. But the instant Boris' head was above the copstone, and the ice-cold northerly blast met him like a wall, he fairly gasped, for the furious onslaught of the storm seemed to blow every particle of breath clean out of his body.

In another moment Jorian was beside him, crouching on the top of the wall to save himself from being carried away. And there, in the steam-smother of the sea, backed by the blue electric flame of the lightning, they saw the slant masts of a vessel laboring to beat against the wind.

"Poor souls, they are gone!" said Boris, trying to shield his eyes with his palm, as the black hull disappeared and the masts seemed to lurch forward into the milky turmoil. "We shall never see her again."

For one moment all was dark as pitch, and the next a dozen flashes of lightning burst every way, as many appearing to rise upwards as could be seen to fall downward. A black speck poised itself on the crest of a wave, cried the boat! can never and dropping from the top of the wall they ran down to the shore, going as near as they dared to the ship, which arched and fell with ponderous roar on the narrow strip of shingle.

"Back, Boris, back!" cried Jorian suddenly, as after a succession of smaller waves a gigantic and majestic roller arched along the whole seaward front, stood a moment black and imminent above them, and then fell like a whole mountain range in a snowy avalanche of troubled water which rushed savagely up the beach. The two soldiers, who would have faced unblanched any line of living enemies in the world, fled terror-stricken at the onrush of that sea of milk.



The ice-hold northerly blast held him like a wall.

By this time the morning was advancing and the storm growing somewhat less continuous. The thunder retreated growling behind the horizon. The violent lightning grew less continuous, and only occasionally rose and fell in vague, distant flickerings toward the north, as if someone were lifting a lantern almost to the sea-line and dropping it again before reaching it.

Looking back from the summit of the mound, Boris saw something dark lying high up on the beach amid a wrack of seaweed and broken timber which marked where the great wave had stopped. Something odd about the shape took his eye.

A moment later he was leaping down again toward the shore, taking his longest strides, and sending the pebbles flying out in front and on all sides of him. He stooped and found the body of a man, tall, well-formed and of manly figure. He was bareheaded and stripped to his breeches and underwear.

Boris stooped and laid his hand upon his heart. Yes, so much was certain. He was not dead.

Boris took a handful of small pebbles and threw them up at a lighted

strizled hair blown out like a misty aureole about his temples.

"Come down," shouted Boris, making a trumpet of his hand to fight the wind withal. "We have found a drowned man on the beach!"

They carried the body into the great hall, where the duchess and the old servant met them. There they laid him on a table, Joss here lifting the lantern and held it to his face. At the sight the heart of the duchess leaped wildly within her.

"Conrad!" she cried—that word and no more. And the lantern fell to the floor from her nerveless hand.

It was the White Knight of the Courtland lists, the noble Prince of the summer parlor, the red-robed prelate of her marriage day. Conrad of Courtland, Prince and Cardinal, but to her, "he"—the only "he."

When Conrad, Cardinal-designate of the Holy Roman church and Archbishop of Courtland, opened his eyes, it seemed to him that he had passed through warring waters into the serenity of the life beyond.

A girl, sweet and stately, sat by his bedside. By the door to which alone he could raise his eyes, stood a tall, saint man, clad in gray from head to foot, his hands clasped in front of him, and his chin sunk upon his breast.

The Prince-Bishop's eyes rested languidly on the girl's face, on which fell the light of a shaded silver lamp. There was a book in her lap, written upon sheets of thin parchment, bound in silver embossed leather. But she did not read it. Instead she breathed softly and regularly. She was asleep, with her hand on the coverlet of rose silk.

Slowly the drifting mists steadied themselves athwart his brain. The actual recomposed itself out of the shreds of dreams. Conrad found himself in a long, low room such as he had seen many times in the houses of well-to-do rulers along the Baltic shores. The beams of the roof-tree above were carved and ancient. Aras went everywhere about the walls. Silver candlesticks, with princely crests graven upon them, stood by his bedside. After each survey his eyes settled on the sleeping girl. She was young and very beautiful. It was—yes, it could not be—the Duchess Joan, whom he himself had married to his brother Louis in the cathedral church of his own archiepiscopal city.

Conrad of Courtland had not been trained a priest, yet, as was common at that age, birth and circumstance had made him a prince of the Roman church. He had been thrust into the hierarchy solely because of his name, for he had succeeded his uncle Adrian in his posts and emoluments as a legal heir succeeds to an undisputed property. In due time he received his red hat.

Nevertheless, Conrad of Courtland had all the warm life and impetuous impulses of a young man within his breast. Yet he was no Borgia or Della Rovere, cloaking scarlet sins with scarlet vestments. For with the high dignities of his position and the solemn work which lay to his hand in his northern province there had come the resolve to be not less, but more faithful than those martyrs and confessors of whom he read daily in his Breviary. So this finest and most chivalrous of young northern knights had laid down the weapons of his warfare to take up the crucifix, and now had set out joyfully for Rome to receive his cardinal's hat on his knees as the last and greatest gift of the vicar of Christ.

But scarcely was he clear of the Courtland shores when there had come the storm, the shipwreck, the wild struggle among the white and foaming breakers—and then, wondrously emergent, like heaven after purgatory, the quiet of this sheltered room and this sleeping girl, with her white hand lying lax and delicate on the rose silk.

The book slipped suddenly from her fingers, falling on the polished wood of the floor with a startling sound. Then, from the pillow on which his head lay, Joan of Hohenstein saw the eyes of the Prince Conrad gazing at her, dark and solemn from within the purplish rings of recent peril.

"You are my brother's wife!" he said softly, but yet in the same rich and thrilling voice she had listened to with so many heart-stirrings in the summer palace, and had last heard through the cathedral church of Courtland on that day when her life had ended.

A chill came over the girl's face at his words.

"I am indeed the Duchess Joan of Hohenstein," she answered. "My father willed that I should wed Prince Louis of Courtland. Well, I married him and rode away. In so much I am your brother's wife."

He smiled wanly. The light of the lamp seemed to waver again before his eyes. The world grew full of sleep and rest and refreshment. There was no longer need to care about anything.

His eyes closed, and he seemed about to sink back into unconsciousness, when Joan rose, and with a few drops of Desanuer's phial, which she kept by her in case of need, she called him back from the misty verges of the things which are without. He came to himself with a start.

"Will you tell me how I came here,

"You were picked up for dead on the beach in the storm," she answered, "and were brought hither by two captains in the service of the Prince of Plassenburg."

"And where is this place, and when can I leave it to proceed upon my journey?"

The girl's head was turned away from him a trifle more haughtily than before, and she answered coldly, "You are in a certain fortified grange somewhere on the Baltic shore. As to when you can proceed on your journey, that depends neither on you nor on me. I am a prisoner here. And so I fear you must also consider yourself!"

"A prisoner! Then has my brother—?" cried the Prince-Bishop, starting up on his elbow and instantly dropping back again upon the pillow with a groan of mingled pain and weakness. Joan looked at him a moment and then, compressing her lips with quick resolution, went to the bedside and with her hand under his head rearranged the pillow and laid him back in an easier posture.

"You must lie still," she said in a commanding tone, and yet softly, "you are too weak to move. Also you must obey me. I have some skill in leechcraft."

"I am content to be your prisoner," said the Prince-Bishop, smiling—"that is, till I am well enough to proceed



"Conrad!" she cried.

on my journey to Rome, whither the Holy Father Pope Sixtus hath summoned me by special messenger."

"I fear me much," answered Joan, "that, spite of the Holy Father, we may be fellow-prisoners of long standing. Those of my own folk who hold me here against my will are hardly likely to let the brother of Prince Louis of Courtland escape with news of my hiding place and hermitage!"

The young man seemed as if he would again have started up, but with a gesture smilingly imperious Joan forbade him.

"Tomorrow," she said, "perhaps if you are patient I will tell you more. Here comes our hostess. It is time that I should leave you."

Theresa von Lyuar came softly to the side of the bed and stood beside Joan. The young Cardinal thought that he had never seen a more queenly pair—Joan resplendent in her girlish strength and beauty, Theresa still in the ripe glory of womanhood. There was a gentler light than before in the elder woman's eye, and she cast an almost deprecating glance upon Joan. For at the first sound of her approach the girl had stiffened visibly, and now, with a formal word as to the sick man's condition and a cold bow to Conrad, she moved away.

Theresa watched her a little sadly as she passed behind the deep curtain. Then she sighed, and turning again to the bedside she looked long at the young man without speaking.

(To be continued.)

GATES WAS NOT BETTING.

One Occasion When Mighty Plunger Backed Down.

The night before the Erie committee presented its report to the Equitable directors a party of the warmest sports in Wall street gathered about one of the tables in the Oak Room of the Waldorf-Astoria to discuss stocks, horses and affairs in general. Before long the Equitable muddle was brought up. A broker who often is employed by Mr. Erie and the Pittsburgh steel crowd in their stock market deals ventured the opinion that the committee's report would exonerate Hyde.

"Not on your North American tin-type," said John W. Gates, as he tapped the bell and motioned for the waiter to refill the glasses.

"Would you like to bet anything on it?" asked the broker.

"Well," replied Mr. Gates, "I read in one of the papers to-day that I lost five millions in wheat. I'll have to pinch my bets for a while. If you're real modest, however, I might be induced to go you just once."

"I'll tell you what I'll do," said the broker, "I'll bet you fifty cents."

"You are too sporty for me and I'll have to pass it up," replied the great plunger. "You surely must know something."

Everybody laughed, for it was the first time on record that John W. Gates had refused a bet.

Fell Into Deep Disgrace.

Landlady—"Mr. Starboarder is no longer one of the guests at my table."

Friend—"Why did he leave?"

Landlady—"At my request. I asked him to say grace the other day and he said: 'Oh, Lord, we need thy help to

FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN



CONDUCTED BY
M. J. WRAGG

[Mr. Wragg invites contributions of any new ideas that readers of this department may wish to present, and would be pleased to answer correspondents desiring information on subjects discussed. Address Mr. Wragg, Waukegan or Des Moines, Iowa.]

NITROGEN FOR THE ORCHARD SOIL.

Clover and cow peas, plowed under, enrich the soil. They convey nitrogen from the air to the earth, it is generally understood, but it has only been recently ascertained by what process of nature this end is attained. The experts of the Agricultural Department at Washington have made scientific investigations, taking clover as the principal nitrogenous plant. They discovered that clover roots, with nodules or knotty formations on them, are rich in bacteria that make the nitrogen. These roots disintegrate and convey the nitrogen to the soil. The peculiar bacteria have the faculty of husbanding nitrogen from the air. These government experts report that clover tops or green growth make humus and enrich the soil, after the manner of all green manure, but the nitrogen is contained in the nodules of roots. Their opinion is based on chemical tests, and is to the effect that leguminous plants, such as cow peas, possess the same power of attracting as of generating the bacteria that secrete nitrogen. Alfalfa also is rich with nitrogenous nodules.

Not all clover roots have nodules, but the barren ones are the exceptions.

Trees, crops of all kinds and vegetable growth deprive the soil of the vitalizing nitrogen, and is of the greatest importance to "rest," or restore, the impoverished soil.

Fruit trees are benefited in growth by fertile soil, of course, but the fruits apples, peaches, pears, plums, and all berry crops, are made sound and well flavored by nitrogen conveyed from the soil, as well as in the air.

The Agricultural Department offers compressed cakes, like yeast, of the bacteria and nitrogen, from leguminous roots. These cakes can be utilized according to the directions conclusively given, and the benefit will be the same as from plowing under a full crop of clover or cow peas. At the same time, clover plants and pea vines are secondarily beneficial to orchards and lawns. The green stems, roots and leaves make fiber and open the soil, while the nitrogen affects the subtle alchemy alike beneficial to otherwise rich, as well as to very poor, soil.

When we read the long spun out articles by some horticultural writers, when we listen to elaborate addresses on fruit culture by certain speakers at farmers' meetings, we cannot help thinking of the experience of a certain farmer who had become interested in the writings of one of these prolific, paid-by-the-column writers, and who traveled several hundred miles to pay him a visit. What did he find? Instead of the broad fields covered with trees and berry plants, as he had imagined, he found a few currant bushes grown up to grass, half a dozen fruit trees, and possibly 100 strawberry plants the worse for neglect. Growing fruits at a profit and writing for the papers or speaking at farmers' gatherings are entirely different vocations, and not always united in the same person.

UNPRODUCTIVE APPLE TREES.

I have in my orchard four apple trees of the crab variety. They are large trees, nearly a foot in diameter at the base of the trunk. They blossom every spring profusely, but bear no fruit. Can you tell me what the trouble is? Any information that can be given would be appreciated.—F. M. T.

The lack of fruit on your trees may be due to two causes. First, too vigorous a growth. Second, lack of fertility of apple blossoms. Oftentimes, if the trees are given too much plant food, they tend to go to the production of wood growth, and do not store up sufficient food to develop fruit buds. It is more likely, however, that the trees are of the varieties which are infertile with their own pollen.

This trouble is often noticed where block orchards of fruit trees are planted. Many varieties of apples require pollen from other than their own flowers to fertilize their blossoms. The remedy to follow in this case would be to top-graft with different varieties of apples.

The writer has known trees that never bore fruit, but blossomed profusely each spring, and after they were top worked with two or three varieties, the trees came into bearing.

The King raspberry is proving a close competitor for the well-known Loudon, and deserves a trial by all who are growing this delicious fruit for market. We doubt if anything could be better than the Loudon for home use. Indeed, where it does as well as it seems to all over this section, we are inclined to regard it as the finest on earth.

HEADING BACK TREES.

It is desirable, especially with the peach and plum tree, that we have as low topped trees as possible, so that a large per cent of the fruit can be gathered from the ground. To do this, the tree should be headed back in July. This is done by removing at least a half of this season's growth of wood, so as to make the tree bushy and low topped.

We are asked by a party anticipating planting out a new orchard if he would get healthier, longer-lived trees by planting seed and grafting the tree where it is to remain permanently, so as to save the removal of the tree.

Abstractly, a tree grown without removal, and allowed to grow and bear fruit just where the seed sprouted, is the best of all trees. Of course, there is no shortening of the tap root or mutilating of the laterals, which always occurs in the transplanting of a tree; but we have grown one orchard in this way, and can speak from experience that it is a very expensive and inconvenient way. While in the majority of cases a much longer time must elapse before the tree begins to bear, it is a well-known fact that by transplanting of trees they are brought into bearing sooner. We do not believe that it is advisable for the ordinary farmer to attempt to grow his trees in this way.

Learn to live out of the garden and cellar, instead of the grocery store, if you expect to become a prosperous farmer. Good food in abundance, and of great variety, grown on the farm, should be the first and foremost consideration of every American farmer.

WHEN CRICKETS SING.

When crickets sing and asters bloom in all the woodland ways, And smoke hangs low, and far away the fields are lost in haze; When in the corn there is a voice that whispers, "Summer's gone," And here and there a red leaf glows, first lights of an autumn dawn, Then, soft as milkweed down, on me is laid the hand of mystery.

The woodland wavers; at my feet I hear the tall grass sigh; A low sweet music of regret runs through the earth and sky; The creek is caught in a net of mist whose silvery mistles gleam; And my heart leaps low, and I walk as one who walks wondering in a dream. For, soft as the milkweed down, on me is laid the hand of mystery. Selected.

Cement is taking the place of lumber in a number of ways—sidewalks, building material, and fence posts. The latter alone is said to be the greatest blessing to the farmer. The posts never rot and can be manufactured at a comparatively low cost.

POULTRY NOTES.

Patronize your local poultry show. Don't be satisfied with only one visit, but go as often as you can, and enter at least some of your birds.

It is claimed by those who have used a bone cutter that the amount of grain saved by the use of green bone soon pays for the cost of the machine, so that we not only save grain by its use, but also insure a fuller egg basket.

The proper time for hatching early broilers is in the late fall and winter, which is also the most suitable season for incubators. The great obstacle to the production of early broilers is that the hens will not incubate until they are ready to do so of their own accord. By the use of the incubator, chicks can be hatched at any time.

Twelve inches is high enough for the roosts, and all should be of the same height—not one above another, ladder fashion. The advantages of a low and uniform roost are that it prevents bumble foot and other disease of the foot, and obviates all the quarreling and fighting on the part of the fowls to gain the topmost roost.

"The Nature's own picture. Though lacking a name, The fairest on earth, And needing no frame."

"The glow of the scene, And the beauty of the spot, Speak of the matter, And the glory of fact."

THROUGH EXPERIENCE.

Many farmers have become discouraged in exclusive grain raising by the past two unprofitable seasons. These reverses have called a halt in their past system, and set them to thinking. Anything that will set a farmer to thinking will do him good. The past season has done that effectually.

We find much interest taken in everything that is said in the institutes the past winter along the lines of diversified farming. While farmers were raising good crops of wheat they could see no poetry or profit in feeding pigs or calves and milking cows. It was hard to make the farmers believe, while crops were good, that there would ever come a time when grain raising would become unprofitable. They have met with that experience, and while it may seem a hard experience at the present, I think it will have the good effect of

WHEAT AS A PASTURE.

The favorable growing weather has produced a very rank growth of plants in the winter wheat fields throughout Oklahoma and Missouri. It has been found of great benefit to the crop to pasture off these wheat lands during the fall season, thus encouraging the stooling of the plant. The early sowing and encouragement to a strong root system is believed to be greatly to the advantage of the plant in sending up a vigorous stalk growth when the spring season opens up. The close pruning of the wheat plant, by pasturing, after it has become well rooted and commenced throwing out a strong growth, has been found entirely satisfactory. It is the early pasturing, while there is yet time for a later fall growth for winter protection, that is advocated.

The pasturing of the winter wheat must be conducted with care and system. Sheep are the most satisfactory grazing animals to turn on the wheat field. They graze more uniformly, bite off their feed with less tension, or pulling, and they do not pull the plants out of the ground like cattle. Sheep are a benefit in packing the soil, where cattle or horses are frequently a damage by tramping out the wheat and cutting up the ground.

The wheat field should be protected when the ground is wet; no kind of stock should be permitted on it; the ground should be comparatively dry when the stock are turned in. It is usually best to turn in a few hours each day and then remove them, unless the fields are large and the growth such as to demand continuous grazing, in order to keep down the growth.

The advantage that a lot of stock may get from a wheat pasture for occasional grazing during the fall and winter can scarcely be estimated, only by those who have experienced its value. Winter wheat districts will find the sheep a valuable help, both in grazing off the overgrowth in the fall, and cleaning the stubble after harvest.

Selling grain and hay from the farm bulk reduces the profit in two ways. It is expensive to handle and haul. It takes away elements of fertility that should be saved and retentive to the soil. Feed hogs, sheep turned in, and so market your product in the most condensed form and use in easiest way—on the hoof—and in the up the land while you are cropping it.

CLOVER IN FALLING ORCHARDS.

Western prairie lands are generally sufficiently fertile for an orchard growth and need no enriching until the trees begin to show signs of weakness in vigor from crop bearing, and, even then, may be invigorated by use of crops of red clover grown among the trees, allowing the crop to fall and decay upon the ground each year. By this treatment a large amount of decaying vegetable matter will accumulate upon the land, rich in plant food, and forming a moist protection from hot summer sun and deep freezing during winter, a condition conducive to health and vigor in trees. All lands lacking in humus can have this element restored to a great extent by such treatment, and orchards which have been treated thus with red clover maintain greater longevity, fruitfulness and greater excellence in fruit produce, besides such treatment dispenses with the costly necessity of using special fertilizers. As to the indications when a bearing orchard needs stimulating, the eminent pomologist, Dr. Warner, once said: "When the growth of the terminal branches fail to make an annual extension of at least one foot in length, the trees should be stimulated by mowing the land and giving it thorough cultivation."

It is said that one more egg per week will keep the hen. It can be seen how necessary it is to reduce the farm business to a science and make each producer on the farm produce to its utmost capacity.

SEPARATORS PAY.

The experts have figured out that 20 per cent of the total production of butter is lost by the old gravity process. The loss on one good cow during a year would be 22½ pounds of butter, and, on ten cows, 225 pounds; which at 20 cents a pound, would be \$45 a year. It will be seen by this that the loss to the farmers who cream their own milk by a gravity process is enormous in the aggregate. How can any business man succeed and suffer such a percentage of loss? What would be thought of the man who would go on from year to year with a hole in his pocket through which 20 cents would drop out and be lost every time he put a dollar into his pocket? Some men try to console themselves by saying that it is not all lost—the calves and pigs get the butter. But this is poor consolation, for butter is dear food, even when the price is lowest. One cent's worth of

ALLMAN'S

ALLMAN'S

THE GIGANTIC SUCCESS OF OUR GREAT \$40,000 UPHEAVAL SALE

has impressed the entire city and country as never before that Allman's Busy Big Store is the one popular trading center. Friday, Saturday, and during all the remainder of the great sale, these wonderful bargains will be given out, and greater crowds than ever will reap the benefit during this spirited sale of the most reliable clothes, shoes and dry goods. Come and see and save. This, the greatest of all sales, will continue its big value-giving until Saturday Night, October 21st.

ALLMAN'S, The Busy Big Store, Plymouth

Upheaval Prices

Paper of good Pins.....1c
Paper of best Hooks and Eyes.....1c
\$1.00 Mercerized Petticoats.....69c
All-wool Skirts, worth up to \$5.....\$2.98
2 yards best Table Oilcloth.....22c
25c Ingrain Carpet at.....19c
School Kerchiefs.....1c
10c value Kerchiefs.....6 for 25c
\$1.00 value Men's Dress Shirts.....39c
Wide Silk Ribbon, yard.....5c
\$2.50 Shoes for ladies or gents.....\$1.87
\$2.00 warm lined Shoes for ladies.....\$1.39
Ladies' 75c Shirtwaists.....48c
10 yards best Calico on earth.....33c
7c Comfort Calico at.....42c
Best 7c Evansville unbleached Muslin
per yard.....42c
10c best bleached Muslin.....7c
Ladies' and children's 50c Umbrellas,
for.....28c
2 spools best Silk Thread.....5c
\$1.00 value in wide changeable Silk.....77c
50c grade fine Brilliantines.....35c
Best Calico Wrappers.....82c
\$22.50 Kuppenheimer Suits.....\$18.00
\$12.50 Suits or Overcoats.....\$9.00
Cake of fine Toilet Soap.....1c
Men's Work Socks, pair.....3c

ALLMAN BROS., Sale Experts.

THE CULVER CITIZEN

J. H. ROOSITZ & SON, Publishers.

CULVER, INDIANA, OCT. 12, 1905.

CULVER MARKETS.

(Quoted October 11)

Eggs.....	39
Butter.....	46
Chickens.....	98
Roosters.....	94
Sprig chickens, per lb.....	98
Lard.....	99
Wheat.....	79
Oats.....	25
Corn per bu.....	48
Rye per bu.....	56
Clover seed, per bu.....	65.75
Cattle - Butchers.....	1.75@3.25
Killers.....	2.75@3.00
Sheep.....	3.00@3.50
Lambs.....	5.00@6.00

LOCAL ITEMS

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Saine are visiting her parents at Hoopston, Ill.

Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Ferrier transacted business at Plymouth Wednesday.

Mrs. Henry Overman and Mrs. Arthur Morris were Plymouth visitors Wednesday.

Mrs. E. E. Lord, Mrs. James Shugrue and Mrs. Kate Edwards were in Chicago over Sunday.

Try Maxinkuckee flour, every sack guaranteed to be first class. For sale by Porter & Co. and Stahl & Co.

Col. Geo. Sellers and Dick McFarland are a strong team. They will cry your sale and guarantee satisfaction.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Cronley, Mr. and Mrs. French and Mrs. David Heminger took in the sights at Chicago Sunday.

Mrs. Maud Houser and children, of Payne, Ohio, spent Sunday with her sisters, Mrs. Walter Hand and Mrs. E. W. Koontz.

Thursday and Friday will be great days at the Bazaar fair. Four races for Thursday and three for Friday with from four to eight entries for each race.

Wm. Swigart, Wm. Beckler, Edwin Bradley, George U'ory and Charley Benner were summoned to appear before the grand jury Wednesday morning.

About twenty people were summoned to appear before the grand jury at Plymouth Wednesday. Five went in the morning and about fifteen on the noon train.

Rev. Herbert Gann has accepted a call from Lakewood, Ohio. He was formerly at New Antioch, O. much longer. Tickets sold on Lakewood is a suburb of Cleveland and is a city of about 3,000 inhabitants. We wish him and his family enroute in their new home.

Bargains in carriages at Hays & Son's Livery.

Try Maxinkuckee flour, every sack guaranteed to be first class. For sale by Porter & Co. and Stahl & Co.

M. S. Larmore, a temperance worker, will give a gospel temperance sermon at the Grace Reformed church Sunday morning at 11 o'clock and at the M. E. church at 7:30. Every body invited.

The W. C. T. U. Executive Committee met with Mrs. Parker Monday and arranged plans for next year's work. Three departments: Moral, organized. Department of Science Mrs. Howard, Supt.; Miss Moss, Supt.; Sunday-school Department, M. Parker, Supt.; Miss Daddison, Pres.

OBITUARY.

Frank Heath spent Sunday at home.

S. Shepherd visited his parents at Angon last week.

Moll Geiselman and wife have moved to Laporte county.

Walter Jones spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Marvin Schrock.

Mrs. S. Shepherd visited with Mrs. Eva York one day last week.

Mr. Poland has recovered from typhoid fever and is again attending to his duties.

Mrs. Eva York and family, of Burr Oak, visited with her sister, Mrs. S. Shepherd.

Call for Convention.

The Republicans of the town of Culver are requested to meet in convention at Hays' livery barn at 7:30 p. m., Wednesday, Oct. 18, for the purpose of nominating candidates for town officers.

E. E. PARKER, Chairman.

Public Auctioneers.

If you want to turn your property into money quickly, see Col. Geo. Sellers and Corporal Dick McFarland in regard to terms and dates for public sales.

Plans to Get Rich

are often frustrated by a sudden breakdown, due to dyspepsia or constipation. Brace up and take Dr. King's New Life Pills. They take out the materials which are clogging your energies, and give you a new start. Cure headache and dizziness, too. At Slatery's drug store; 25c; guaranteed.

100 miles and return, for \$1.00 via Nickel Plate road. Better go now. This low rate may not last was formerly at New Antioch, O. much longer. Tickets sold on Lakewood is a suburb of Cleveland and is a city of about 3,000 inhabitants. We wish him and his family enroute in their new home.

We would ask the readers of the Citizen to carefully examine the printed slip on their paper and compare the date of expiration of their subscription with their receipt, should there be an error notify us at once. We are arranging to send out a solicitor for new subscribers and at the same time collect all arrearages. We have published the Citizen more than two years and feel that we have done our duty in presenting our readers with a good newsy paper at a very low cost to them, and that we are justly entitled to our pay within a reasonable time. Be prepared to make the heart of our solicitor glad by a prompt payment and renewal. We assure you that your patronage is appreciated. If.

Grandfather's Good Service. "Yes," said the indignant youth, "we have decided that grandfather is entitled to some consideration."

"Really?" "Oh, yes. Of course we can't afford to say much about him because he was in trade, but we have given a lot of thought to the matter, and we can see extenuating circumstances."

"Perhaps he couldn't help it." "We consider that, but it's not the main thing." "He left you a big fortune?" "Oh, yes; but that is of trifling importance, except as it is associated with the one really great boon."

"Which is?" "Why, if he hadn't been in trade, we would be, don't you know. He saved us that humiliation."

New Route to Los Angeles.

Daily tourist cars via the Salt Lake route. Through tourist sleeper to Los Angeles leaves Union Passenger Station, Chicago 5:15 p. m., every day. Route—Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, Union Pacific and the San Pedro, Los Angeles & Salt Lake Railroad. Rate for double berth, Chicago to Los Angeles, \$7. E. G. HAYDES, T. P. A. 189 Superior St., Cleveland, O.

Lowest rates to Portland, Oregon and return via Nickel Plate road, also to San Francisco and Los Angeles, Cal. and points in Washington and British Columbia. Full information of Agent or address C. A. Melin, T. P. A., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

One dollar for the round trip via the Nickel Plate Road. Every Sunday parties of five or more can obtain tickets at \$1.00 for each person to any point in 100 miles of selling station. Call on agent or address C. A. Melin, T. P. A. Ft. Wayne, Ind.

Low colonist rates west, north-west and to the Pacific coast points via the Nickel Plate Road daily Sept. 15th to Oct. 1st inclusive. For full information see ticket agent or address C. A. Melin, T. P. A. Ft. Wayne, Ind.

How Is Your Heart?

Is your pulse weak, too slow, too fast, or does it skip a beat? Do you have shortness of breath, weak or hungry spells, fainting, smothering or choking spells, palpitation, fluttering, pains around the heart, in side and shoulder, or hurt when lying on left side?

If you have any of these symptoms, your heart is weak or diseased, and cannot get better without assistance. Dr. Miles' Heart Cure strengthens weak hearts, and rarely ever fails to cure heart disease. Try it, and see how quickly you will find relief.

"About January 1st, 1902, I took down with weakness and dropsy, and gradually grew worse. I was told by my family physician that my case was hopeless. My neighbors and family had given me up to die. My limbs and body were swollen to one-third larger than normal size, and water had collected around my heart. For at least three months I had to sit propped up in bed to keep from smothering. I sent for five bottles of Dr. Miles' Heart Cure, and by the time I had taken them all I was entirely cured. I feel better than I have for twenty years, and I am able to do any kind of work on my farm. My attending physician told me that if I hadn't been for Dr. Miles' Heart Cure I would now be in my grave."

L. T. CURD, Wilmore, Ky.
Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold by your druggist, who will guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. If it fails he will refund your money.
Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

GRAND HOTEL

(Formerly The Kellison)

Opposite Penna. R. R. Depot
PLYMOUTH, IND.

Nearest good hotel to all depots. Only two blocks from the Main st. Special rates to people from Culver and the Academy.

ANDY BOWELL, Owner.

Notice of Sale of Real Estate.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, president of the Board of Trustees of the Town of Culver City, Indiana, will sell at private sale at the Exchange Bank in Culver City, on

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1905,
at one o'clock, p. m., the following described real estate, to-wit:

Lot number eleven (11) in Knapp's addition to Marshall, now Culver City, in Marshall County, Indiana.

TERMS OF SALE: One-half cash at time of sale, and balance in one deferred payment, to be secured by purchase money mortgage on the lot sold; or all cash will be accepted.

A certificate of purchase will be issued at the time of sale, the sale will be reported to the Board of Trustees and, if approved, a deed will be executed by the Board.

S. E. MEDBOURN,
President Board of Trustees.

The elevator at Culver is open for business. We are prepared to handle all kinds of grain for which we will pay the highest market price.

W. S. EASTERDAY
FURNITURE and UNDERTAKING
Two Phones—Independent and Bell
Day and Night Calls Receive Prompt Attention
Carry a Complete Line of Furniture
Next Door to Postoffice, Culver, Ind.

Pennsylvania Lines—Time Card

IN EFFECT MAY 28, 1904.

NORTH BOUND	
No. 46 Daily.....	8:16 a. m.
" 40 ".....	11:28 a. m.
" 42 " Ex. Sun.....	6:53 p. m.
" 48 Sunday only.....	5:50 p. m.

SOUTH BOUND

No. 41 Daily Ex. Sun.....	6:06 a. m.
" 43 " ".....	11:52 a. m.
" 45 Daily.....	6:06 p. m.
" 49 Sunday only.....	8:10 p. m.

Direct connections for Indianapolis via Colfax and Frankfort; also for St. Louis, Evansville and all points south and west.

JAMES SHUGRUE, Agent.



M. R. ELINE
CONTRACTOR & BUILDER
Residence—MAXINKUCKEE.

KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS

WITH **Dr. King's New Discovery**
FOR CONSUMPTION, COUGHS and COLDS
Price 50c & \$1.00
Free Trial.
Surest and Quickest Cure for all THROAT and LUNG TROUBLES, or MONEY BACK.

McLANE & CO.

Livery Feed and Sale Stable
Special attention given to traveling men. Terms reasonable.

Barn East of the Postoffice

KREUZBERGER'S PARK

The best Whiskies, Brandies, Cordials, Rhine and Moselle Wines, and French Claret, Ports and Cherry Ales, Beers, Mineral Water, etc. and a stock of fine Domestic and Key West Cigars.....

Lake Maxinkuckee: Culver, Ind.

CULVER CITY Meat Market

DEALERS IN FRESH & SMOKED MEATS SAUSAGES, ETC.

WALTER & SON, Props.
Cor. Main and Washington Sts., CULVER, IND.

EXCHANGE BANK

Insured Against Burglary
Does a General Banking Business
Makes Loans
Receives Money on Deposit
Buys Commercial Paper
Farm Loans Made at Lowest Rates
Prompt and Courteous Attention to All
Your Patronage Solicited
S. C. SHILLING President
PILES and "Hemorrhoids" are incurable. The disease must be cured when you use "Hemorrhoid" Salve. Book free. 5c & 50 cents. All druggists. Hemorrhoid Salve.

CABINET TALKS OF EXCLUSION

Methods of Enforcing Law Are to Undergo Radical Changes.

CHINESE OBJECT TO COOLIE

Construction Placed Upon the Word by California Officials Is Looked Upon as Insult to Better Class of Chinamen.

Washington special: It practically was decided at Tuesday's cabinet meeting that radical changes are necessary in carrying out the provisions of the Chinese exclusion law.

Secretary Taft, fresh from the Orient, where he found China refuting by excluding the products of American labor, took up a large portion of the session in giving his observations. He declared that the Chinese government looks upon the word "coolie" as a reproach in connection with Chinese immigrants.

In addition to changing the methods of carrying out the law the President will take the subject up in his message, and probably will recommend an amendment to the present law.

One of the important developments at the meeting was the fact that the President's efforts last summer to allay the indignation of the Chinese by a circular of instructions to the American minister to China and consular officers therein, failed of its purpose. Minister Rockhill reported that it had not been found possible to carry out the instructions contained in the circular without doing great injustice to worthy Chinese.

Taft Explains Failure.

It developed that the requirement that American consuls identify the Chinese seeking certificates admitting them to American ports imposed a task upon these officials beyond their ability. The Chinese applicant, said Secretary Taft, frequently came from some place far distant from the American consulate and the consul was consequently obliged to refuse to identify as proper persons to be admitted to the United States many very worthy Chinese, which, of course, led to bitter complaint and fostered boycott feeling. Then a Chinese merchant who desired to send his son as a shop assistant to his branch store in the United States, with a view to ultimately admitting his son to partnership, found that the boy was barred on the charge that he was a coolie. Chinese living in the British and French and Portuguese Asiatic colonies, did not see why they could not be admitted to America, under proper passports, instead of being required to produce the unpopular certificate. There were only a few of the complaints made against the administration of the existing exclusion law.

The trend of the opinion in the cabinet meeting was that these complaints after all were directed rather against the construction placed upon the law than against the act itself, and especially against the definition given in California to the term "coolie," so it was practically decided that some important changes in the present regulations must be made.

DELAYS DECISION IN RATE CASE

Illinois Board Wants Further Time to Consider Situation.

Springfield, Ill., dispatch: Chairman Neville and A. L. French, of the railroad and warehouse commission, came to Springfield Tuesday and held a brief session of the board. They made an announcement to the effect that they were not yet ready to hand down an opinion in the freight rate case, having decided to give further consideration to the recent answer filed on behalf of the railroads. Chairman Neville said, however, that the opinion would not be long delayed, the commission having determined to dispose of the matter within a short time. He declined to talk concerning the probable basis of the decision.

DEVLIN HORSES BRING \$20,000

Wife of Bankrupt Mine Owner Disposes of Pedigreed Stock.

Spring Valley, Ill., dispatch: Pedigreed stock, horses and cattle, the property of Mrs. Charles J. Devlin of Topeka, Kan., wife of the mine owner recently adjudged bankrupt, were sold on her Clydesdale farm near this city at public auction, \$20,000 worth being disposed of. More than 3,000 people attended the sale, buyers being present from many large cities. Mrs. Devlin is now in France with her husband, who is taking treatment at Lourdes and fast regaining his health. They will return home in November.

Aid for Typhoon Sufferers.

Washington special: In order that damages resulting from the recent typhoon in the Philippine islands may be at once repaired and that suffering be checked the quartermaster general of the United States army has cabled to Manila that an extra allotment of \$50,000 has been made.

To Entertain Foreign Sailors.

New York dispatch: To entertain properly the Jack tars of the squadron of Prince Louis of Battenberg, which is coming here in November, the enlisted men aboard Rear Admiral Evans' battleship squadron have raised \$10,000. Not a man in the fleet failed to contribute.

THE BUMPER WHEAT CROP OF CANADA.

100,000,000 Bushels of Wheat from 4,000,000 Acres of Land.

In order to secure the attention of the reader to any special article that is brought before the public, it is often the custom to lead the reader on by the introduction of an interesting story until by one bold jump, he is introduced to the subject that he is desired shall be brought to his notice. This is not fair to the reader, and it is not the intention to do that in this article. It will discuss in the briefest way "Western Canada" and its possibilities for settlement. For the past six or seven years the Government of the Dominion of Canada has talked to the readers of this and thousands of other papers throughout the United States. The quality of the soil was spoken of, the large area of fertile lands was discussed, the possibilities of the country as a grain-growing district were talked of, and the story of the success of farmers from the United States was told. The story is not yet an old one. The two hundred thousand from the United States, who have made Western Canada their home, who have taken advantage of the 160 acres of land that the Government gives free to actual settlers are telling the story today to their friends. They have proven the statements made through these columns and by the Government Agents. They have produced from their lands, twenty, thirty, forty and more bushels of wheat to the acre, and netted profits ranging from three to ten and more dollars on every acre filled. They have found the climate fully as good as they were told it would be, schools were convenient and easily organized, railways were not far distant, and markets close at hand. The social conditions were such as they chose to make them, and law and order were observed. Many of them bought land, because it was low-priced and good, and hundreds of cases could be cited where the purchase price of the land was paid out of the first crop. The writer knows of cases this year where the farmer, as a result of the yield on his farm, was put in a position that would enable him to increase his holdings three extra acres for every acre cropped and pay cash for it. Is it any wonder that one grows enthusiastic when speaking about Western Canada.

But what may be said of this year. We are now in a position to speak regarding it. The conditions throughout Manitoba and the new provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan have been remarkably favorable. Had conditions been no better than in past years there would have been every cause for congratulation. We find through all previous records broken, and that from a four million acre crop of wheat there will be one hundred million bushels of a yield—25 bushels to the acre. Could anything better be desired? Covering the entire country the same splendid reports are being received. The following dispatch was sent by Mr. F. W. Thompson, Vice President of the Ogilvie Milling Co., one of the most careful grain men in America:

"Have just returned from covering several hundred miles of the crop district. I never saw anything like it in this country before. The average yield and quality far exceeds our earlier expectations. It is an immense crop. The weather is extremely favorable."

Up to three weeks ago it was Mr. Thompson's opinion that the crop would not reach general expectations. "F. W. Thompson sends another telegram from Winnipeg to-night, saying that his estimate of the wheat crop is now one hundred millions bushels. Before he went west he thought it would fall considerably short of that figure."

The moral of this story is that there should be no hesitation in making a decision if you wish to better your condition; or, if you have a family of boys that you wish to become settled on farms, it is a safe proposition to call upon the nearest authorized Canadian Government Agent, and get particulars as to most suitable districts and railway rates.

To Duplicate Shakespeare's Church.

Rev. F. Ward Douys, rector of St. Mary's Protestant Episcopal church of Baltimore, plans the building in his city of the only counterpart in the world of the church at Stratford-on-Avon, in England, where Shakespeare was christened and married, where he worshipped and was buried.

To Launder Colored Embroidered Linens.

To launder colored, embroidered linens with good results, the work should be done quickly and carefully. Wash through warm, Ivory Soap suds, rubbing with the hands; rinse through a clear water, then through another which is slightly blue. Dry indoors; below, have the piece very damp and place it, right side down, on a soft blanket. Press with a hot iron.

ELIZABETH K. PARKER.

Cabinet Officer Is Athlete.

Robert Bacon, the recently appointed Assistant Secretary of State, is an athlete of renown, famous for his horsemanship and as a polo player.

Try One Package.

If "Defiance Starch" does not please you, return it to your dealer. If it does you get one-third more for the same money. It will give you satisfaction, and will not stick to the iron.

Some men practice what they preach, but the majority are satisfied with preaching what they practice.

When You Buy Starch

buy Defiance and get the best, 15 oz. for 10 cents. Once used, always used.

That wasp-waisted effect in the new gowns will be generally imitated also in the husbands' pocketbooks.

NO DOUBT IT WAS HER TRUNK.

If Familiarity of the Contents Went for Anything.

The old lady had lost the check to her trunk, and the depot officials said that she must enumerate the contents and satisfy them that it belonged to her.

"Well, now," she began, "right on top of everything you'll find a red woolen shirt that I was taking to my brother William. William has rheumatism, and red woolen is powerful good for that."

"What else?"

"Then you come to three new sheets for Aunt Mary, with a new bed quilt for Aunt Sarah. Then there's a calico dress pattern for Aunt Mary's oldest girl, and a catskin cap for Aunt Sarah's oldest boy. Then you come to my clothes. There's a silk dress that has been turned top-to-bottom



"Then You'll Find a Jar of Raspberry Jam."

and made over again, and there's—"I think the trunk must be yours," said the baggage man.

"Well, there's the old corset I bought five years ago, a white skirt that I'm going to put some new trimming on, and an alpaca dress that I may give to Aunt Mary if she hasn't grown too stout. Then you'll find—"You can have the trunk, ma'am."

"Then you'll find a jar of raspberry jam, a bottle of currant wine and some—"

"Take it along, ma'am—it's your trunk for sure."

"Yes, it's my trunk, but now that you have got me naming the contents I'd like to tell you that there are two pairs of shoes, three pairs of stockings, my last year's bonnet, an extra waist and—"

But the baggage man pulled the trunk around, broke off one of the handles, bent the lock and told her that he wouldn't be responsible for spontaneous combustion if the thing remained there fifteen minutes longer.

A River That Bridges Itself.

For a stretch of twenty-two miles the River Colorado in Texas, has bridged itself with logs of wood, which have jammed so tightly from one bank to the other that even dynamite is powerless to clear a way. It was at first only a slight jam of logs, which three or four men could have dealt with effectively; but it has grown at an enormous rate, and, in some places, has become solid ground, with vegetation and trees growing upon it. Roads have been cut through, over which teams cross from bank to bank as unconcerned as though a great river was not rolling swiftly underneath. The monster raft has become an object of interest to tourists, but the authorities are taking steps to break up the bridge as soon as possible.—Montreal Herald.

Japanese Girl Has Queer Pet.

Miss Fugli Yoshida, a Japanese young lady now in Boston studying to be a painter, forms most curious attachments, the last being for a small duck, not long emerged from the shell. This square bunch of light yellow down she has lurchly christened Admiral Togo and decorated with her own especial color of violet. It is a sight for a pessimist to see these two on a bright morning going for a walk. Miss Fugli, in a short sketching skirt a white yachting cap on her head, packs up her traps and starts down



the path through the fields and the little yellow "Admiral," with a fluttering violet necktie, toddles along after her, quacking as it goes.

Useful Ideas of Two Women.

The idea of the reaper was suggested by a Virginia lady who, in an emergency, tied together two pairs of shears and instructed a negro man how to clip a grass plot. That humble instrument of comfort, so extensively manufactured in America, the safety pin, was the suggestion of her majesty Queen Victoria.

Curious Nest.

The stationmaster of the Great Eastern railway at Southend, England, has discovered under the boarding of one of the points a nest of young hedgehogs, which had apparently suffered no inconvenience from the heavy traffic.

AWFUL NEURALGIA

Mr. Porter Thought He Should Go Mad But Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Cured Him.

"It seems like a miracle that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills should have cured my neuralgia," said Mr. Porter. "They are certainly a marvelous medicine and I am always glad to recommend them."

"For two years," he continued, "I had suffered almost unendurable pains in my head. They would start over my eyes and shoot upward most frequently, but they often spread over my face, and at times every part of my head and face would be full of agony. Sometimes the pains were so intense that I actually feared they would drive me mad."

"My eyes ached constantly and there was always a burning sensation over my forehead, but the other pains varied, sometimes they were acute, and again they were dull and lingering. I could not sleep. My temper was irritable and I got no pleasure out of life."

"I tried remedy after remedy, but finding no help in any of them, I became a despairing man. Even when I began to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills I had no great hope of a cure."

"That was in December of 1903. To my surprise, a change in my condition took place right away. The pains grew less intense and the acute attacks were further apart, as I kept on using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The improvement began with the first box, and when I had used six boxes I stopped. My cure was complete and has lasted ever since."

Mr. Charles H. Porter lives at Raymond, N. H. He is one of many grateful people who have found that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will cure diseases of the nerves that have stubbornly resisted every other remedy tried. Not only neuralgia, but sciatica, partial paralysis and locomotor ataxia yield to them. They are sold by all druggists, or may be obtained directly from the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

AGAINST THE PUBLIC INTEREST.

Overzealous Reformers Work for Law Against Proprietary Medicines.

"Schemes to diminish or destroy the sale of proprietary medicines are constantly being devised by interested parties. Every now and then some zealous reformer comes to the front with the demand for a law to require every package of proprietary medicine to be labeled with a printed statement of the 'formula,' showing just how it is manufactured. The millions of people who use proprietary medicines seem to be satisfied; but the man with a mania for regulating the affairs of other people or who has some personal interest to serve is the one who agitates the proposition. To a person who has never taken time to consider it, such a proposition may seem reasonable enough; yet it is in fact nothing more nor less than a scheme to compel the manufacturers to put their trade throughout the entire country at the mercy of every commercial pirate who might choose to flood the market with imitations of their goods."

"Under such conditions the incentive for the original manufacturer to advertise his goods would be practically destroyed, for the money spent on advertising would inure mainly to the benefit of the pirates and imitators. Without advertising, the public would receive little information in regard to the medicine, and all future sales would be greatly impaired if not wholly destroyed. It is mainly by judicious advertising that the knowledge of proprietary medicines is brought to the public. Nothing is more certain than that millions of people have found relief at a comparatively small expense by the use of some remedy first called to their notice through newspaper advertising. Why, then, should the manufacturer of a meritorious proprietary remedy be compelled by law to practically destroy his business as a condition of being allowed to carry it on? Yet that is exactly what these formula bills mean.—Exchange.

BIG PUBLISHER SUED.

Chicago, Oct. 16.—The Peruna Drug Manufacturing Company, manufacturers of a widely known proprietary medicine, has brought suit in the Superior Court of the City of Chicago against the Curtis Publishing Company of Philadelphia, alleging that it has been damaged to the extent of \$250,000 by a recent article in the Ladies' Home Journal.

The suit is based on a statement recently made in that journal that a testimonial as to the merit of the remedy manufactured by the plaintiff, alleged to have been given by Congressman George H. White of South Carolina, was fraudulent, denial from Mr. White that he ever gave such a testimonial also being printed.

The Peruna company declares that Congressman White did give the testimonial in good faith, and that it has two original letters from Mr. White. It declares that Mr. White was led to repudiate the testimonial through a misunderstanding.

This is the second large damage suit that has been filed against the Curtis Publishing company since it inaugurated its attacks on "Patent Medicines."

Prince Louis Not "Royal."

Quite a shock has been administered to New York society by the discovery that Prince Louis of Battenberg, whose prospective visit caused such a flutter on Manhattan island, is the offspring of a morganatic marriage. His mother was a mere Russian countess and he is not really a "royal highness"—merely a "serene highness." The Battenberg title was created for her and her children.

The Best Results in Starching

can be obtained only by using Defiance Starch, besides getting 4 oz. more for same money—no cooking required.

No, Cordelia, a woman's tongue isn't necessarily a concealed weapon.

PAYS MILLION IN BLACKMAIL

Three-Fourths of Insurance Bills Said to Be Hold-up Measures.

AGENT RETURNS NO VOUCHERS

Man Who Attends to Needs of Legislators in the Various States Is Not Called Upon to Render Itemized Accounts.

New York special: In five years the New York Life Insurance Company has spent \$1,103,920 for "supervising" legislation in the United States and Canada. So testified John A. McCall, president of that company, before the Armstrong legislative insurance investigating committee.

In making the statement President McCall declared that three-fourths of the insurance bills introduced in the legislatures of the several states were blackmailing bills pure and simple.

Of the \$1,103,920 paid by the New York Life for legislative supervision, \$476,927 was paid to Andrew Hamilton, who spent it in the various states without returning vouchers or accounting for it to the company.

The \$476,927 spent by Andrew Hamilton does not, however, include the \$235,000 paid to him for use in acquiring real estate in the rear of the home office building.

The further fact was disclosed also that Hamilton, in addition to the \$476,000 and the \$235,000, has \$75,000 more of the New York Life Insurance Company's money, which, so far as the testimony before the investigating committee shows, has never been accounted for. This \$75,000 was paid to Hamilton in 1904 for the purpose originally of paying the state taxes on the New York Life's premiums for the year 1902. But the money, through an understanding with President McCall, was used by Hamilton in connection with his legislative work. This amount, taken with the other two sums mentioned above, makes a grand total of nearly \$800,000 which has been paid to Hamilton alone by the New York Life in the last six years and for which, according to President McCall's testimony, the New York Life has had no vouchers except the "judge's" receipts for the money.

Blackmail in Every State.

President McCall defended the expenditure of so large a sum of money for "supervising" legislation on the ground that the New York Life is "badgered and harassed to death" by every state in the union every year by the introduction of blackmailing or holdup bills. Three-fourths of the insurance bills introduced in state legislatures were purely for blackmail. It was for the purpose of combating these blackmailing bills that the New York Life maintained a legislative department.

President McCall denied that any of the \$1,103,920 spent during the last five years had been used for bribing or corrupting legislatures. He denied that the New York Life was in a pool with the Equitable and the Mutual Life to look after legislation. He said the New York Life acted alone.

In regard to the contributions to the Republican national campaign committees amounting to \$150,000, Mr. McCall declared that he had absolutely no understanding with the Republican managers in either of the three campaigns to which the New York Life contributed as to any favors which the New York Life or insurance companies in general might expect in return for the money.

Cover Up Campaign Gifts.

Mr. McCall reported that he had been unable after a most thorough search to find any entry on the New York Life's books of the payment of \$50,000 in the campaign of 1896 or of the payment of an equal amount to the Republican national committee in 1900. These payments were made by Treasurer Gibbs, who is dead. The only way that President McCall could suggest in which Mr. Gibbs could have made the payments without leaving any records was in taking the \$100,000 from the profits made in some transaction and reporting a smaller return than was actually made.

Mr. McCall explained how it was that after the campaign in 1896 Theodore Banta, the cashier of the New York Life, had made an affidavit for Gov. Culberson of Texas to the effect that the New York Life had not contributed to the campaign fund.

The fact was brought out that President McCall has had a call loan of \$50,000 from the Metropolitan Life Insurance company for two years, paying an interest rate of only 1½ per cent. It will be recalled that John R. Hegeman, president of the Metropolitan Life Insurance company, carried a loan for an equal amount at the same interest rate with the New York Life for several years. Mr. McCall is a director of the Metropolitan Life, but he said that he could see no impropriety in his taking money from that institution at the rate of interest which he was paying.

Mr. Hughes, counsel for the committee, brought out also the fact that the New York Life owns an apartment house at 49 West Seventy-second street, in which four of the six apartments are occupied by relatives of President McCall. The company receives an income from this apartment representing .023 per cent on the investment.

You Have No Right to Suffer

From Constipation, Bowel and Stomach Trouble.

Q. What is the beginning of sickness?

A. Constipation.

Q. What is Constipation?

A. Failure of the bowels to carry off the waste matter which lies in the alimentary canal where it decays and poisons the entire system. Eventually the results are death under the name of some other disease. Note the deaths from typhoid fever and appendicitis, stomach and bowel trouble at the present time.

Q. What causes Constipation?

A. Neglect to respond to the call of nature promptly. Lack of exercise. Excessive brain work. Mental emotion and improper diet.

Q. What are the results of neglected Constipation?

A. Constipation causes more suffering than any other disease. It causes rheumatism, colds, fevers, stomach, bowel, kidney, lung and heart troubles, etc. It is the one disease that starts all others. Indigestion, dyspepsia, diarrhea, loss of sleep and strength are its symptoms—piles, appendicitis and flatulency are caused by Constipation. Its consequences are known to all physicians, but few sufferers realize their condition until it is too late. Women become confirmed invalids as a result of Constipation.

Q. Do physicians recognize this?

A. Yes. The first question your doctor asks you is "are you constipated?" That is the secret.

Q. Can't be cured?

A. Yes, with proper treatment. The common error is to resort to physics, such as pills, salts, mineral water, cathartics, injections, etc., every one of which is injurious. They weaken and increase the malady. You know this by your own experience.

Q. What then should be done to cure it?

A. Get a bottle of Mull's Grape Tonic at once. Mull's Grape Tonic will positively cure Constipation and Stomach Trouble in the shortest space of time. No other remedy has before been known to cure Constipation positively and permanently.

Q. What is Mull's Grape Tonic?

A. It is a Compound with 99 per cent of the Juice of Concord Grapes. It exerts a peculiar strengthening, healing influence upon the intestines, so that they can do their work untroubled. The process is gradual but sure. It is not a physic, but it cures Constipation, dyspepsia, Stomach and Bowel Trouble. Having a rich, fruity grape flavor, it is pleasant to take. As a tonic it is unequalled, invigorating the system against disease. It strengthens and builds up waste tissue.

Q. Where can Mull's Grape Tonic be had?

A. Your druggist, or by mail. The dollar bottle contains nearly three times the 50-cent size.

Good for Ailing Children and Nursing Mothers.

A free bottle to all who have never used it because we know it will cure you.

124 FREE BOTTLE. 10145

Send this coupon with your name and address and your druggist's name, for a free bottle of Mull's Grape Tonic for Stomach and Bowels, to

MULL'S GRAPE TONIC CO.,

148 Third Avenue, Rock Island, Illinois.

Give Full Address and Write Plainly.

The \$1.00 bottle contains nearly three times the 50-cent size. As drug stores.

The genuine has a date and number stamped on the label—take no other from your druggist.

Boylife.

The late Mrs. Mary Mapes Dodge visited a St. Louis family some years ago.

There was in this family a little boy with an inordinately sweet tooth. "Mrs. Dodge," said the boy's mother one day, "do you think it is right for Bobby to eat so much bread and jam?"

"It doesn't hurt him," the visitor answered.

"But all that jam?" complained the mother anxiously.

"Oh," said Mrs. Dodge, with a grim smile, "he doesn't eat it. He leaves it on the doorknobs."

The Lion Was Frightened.

They were talking about the recent escape of a lion at one of the summer parks just outside of Newark, and the rank outsider expressed the belief that it must have been something of a scare.

"Scare," echoed the man from the inside: "I should say it was a scare. The people made such a din I was afraid the poor old fellow would die of fright before we could get him back to his cage."

"We found him hiding behind a tree, and it was ten minutes before we could induce him to face that yelling mob and get back to where he knew he was safe."

"He is the gentlest old fellow in the world and never would have wandered out had he not been frightened by the man who fell into the cage from the cycle whirl above. Of course, that upset him, and when he saw the door open he just naturally lit out."

"Then the people made such a noise that his one idea was to flee. The more he ran the more they yelled, and when we did get him back into the cage it was hours before he stopped trembling and composed himself to sleep."

"It was a shame to scare the poor old fellow like that. He wouldn't hurt a child if he could, and considering the fact that he has no teeth I don't see what damage he could have done even had he been inclined to be mischievous. I was really sorry for him."

"GOLD GOLD."

"Good," He Says, "But Comfort Better."

"Food that fits is better than a gold mine," says a grateful man.

"Before I commenced to use Grape-Nuts food no man on earth ever had a worse affliction from catarrh of the stomach than I had for years."

"I could eat nothing but the very lightest food and even that gave me great distress."

"I went through the catalogue of prepared foods but found them all (except Grape-Nuts) more or less indigestible, generating gas in the stomach (which in turn produced headache and various other pains and aches) and otherwise unavailable for my use."

"Grape-Nuts food I have found easily digested and assimilated, and it has renewed my health and vigor and made me a well man again. The catarrh of the stomach has disappeared entirely with all its attendant ills, thanks to Grape-Nuts, which now is my almost sole food. I want no other." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Ten day's trial tells the story.

There's a reason.

Grand Opening Sale in Our Cloak Dept.

Commencing Thursday, October 12th and Ending Saturday, October 21st, 1905

DURING THIS SALE, which is arranged to show the people of this section of the country that our Cloak Department is strictly up-to-date in all respects. We show an elegant line of Ladies' Empire and Box Coats, Misses' Empire and Box Coats, both of the full regulations length, in black, brown, navy, castor and green, ranging in price from \$4.98 to \$25.00. We also show Silk and Velvet Coats and Fur Lined and Trimmed Coats for Ladies and Misses. We want you to see the greatest line of Children's Coats you ever looked at in Cloth, Plush, Corduroy, Velvet, etc. They run from 2 to 14 year sizes. No one ever attempted to show such an enormous line in Plymouth before. We also show the best line of Dress Skirts, made by the best Skirt manufacturers in this country in all colors and black, made from all the leading materials used at this time. For a special inducement, in order to get you to look over our stock, we will give a 10 per cent. discount on all goods sold in this dept. during this sale

A FEW SPECIAL BARGAINS ON WHAT WE HAVE LEFT OF LAST YEAR'S SKIRTS, JACKETS AND FURS

Just 32 Ladies' and Misses' 30-in. Jackets, were as high as \$10 last winter; now **2.95**

19 Velvet Jackets, our last winter price was from \$6.50 to \$10.00; choice now **3.45**

Ladies' and Misses' Skirts, \$5.00 quality; we offer you a choice for \$3.98 and **2.25**

50 Cluster Fur Scarfs, were good value at \$1.00; during this sale, your choice, **49c**

Ten per cent. discount will be given during this sale. Lots of bargains all through our two-floor bazaar. We have also decided to leave the green tickets on all goods that have not been sold, so you may still look out for those big bargains

WE give Free Trading Stamps as usual, one with each 10-cent purchase

KLOEPFER'S NEW YORK STORE

CORNER MICHIGAN AND LAPORTE STREETS PLYMOUTH, INDIANA

DON'T buy anything in the way of Wraps 'till you look over our stocks.

Correspondence

WASHINGTON.
Ollie Jones Correspondent.
Rev. Rogers is moving in the parsonage this week.

Mrs. Leonard Wilson is quite poorly at this writing.
E. Benedict and E. Hibray and wives took dinner with L. Kriegg and family Sunday.

W. Harris and Leonard Wilson attended the soldiers reunion at South Bend last week.

L. Lockwood and wife, Clarence Quivey, wife and mother took dinner with J. Jones and family Sunday.
The district meeting well attended last week. About fifteen ministers were present during the meeting.

Chaney Overmyer and family of Germany and Mr. Rhinesmith attended the quarterly meeting and took dinner with B. A. Curtis and family Sunday.

Mrs. John Wickizer and son Hillis visited over Sunday with her parents, J. L. Schenerman and family and attended the quarterly meeting at East Washington.

Home seeker's rates west, north-west, southwest and south via the Nickel Plate Road on 1st and 3rd Tuesday of the month. Full information of ticket agent or address C. A. Melin, T. P. A., Ft. Wayne, Ind.
t O-28

MOUNT HOPE.

Miss Della Edgington, Correspondent.
Preaching at this place Sunday evening.

Elta Davis's visited with George Cowen's.

Chas. Harris and wife spent Sunday with Chas. Richard's.

Mrs. James Hay left Tuesday for a few days' visit at Bourbon.

Elmer Sturgeon and wife are spending a few days at Logansport.

Geo. Sturgeon and wife spent Sunday with James Hay and wife.

Mrs. George Fear and children spent Sunday with Arthur Stur.

Mr. and Mrs. Noah Wagoner spent Sunday with the latter's parents, Wm. Lichtenburger and wife.

Mrs. Isaac Edgington entertained her Sunday school class last Sunday. Those present were: Misses Neta Wagoner, Dora McGrew, Cleo Patzel, Zoa Richard, Edna and Clara Wilfret; Messrs. Earl Hartle, Guy Davis, James Wilfret, Guy and Charley Patzel.

New Cure for Cancer.

All surface cancers are now known to be curable by Bucklen's Arnica Salve. Jas. Walters, of Duffield, Va., writes: "I had a cancer on my lip for years, that seemed incurable, till Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured it, and now it is perfectly well. Guaranteed cure for cuts and burns. 25c at Slattery's drug store."

Souvenir post cards for sale by T. E. Slattery.

LEITER'S FORD.

Eli Brugli is reported no better. J. T. Campbell is improving very slowly.

Mrs. L. Zuck left Saturday for Indianapolis to visit her son.

Miss Orpha Cook has returned from Logansport to visit her parents.

Harry Ginther is now able to take his school, having postponed it a week.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Campbell spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. L. Luckenbill.

Miss Lydia Myers has gone to Mentone to stay a few weeks with her brother.

A crowd of Leiters young people attended the ball game at Monterey Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. Caroline Sales, of South Bend, is spending a few days with her mother, Mrs. Brugli.

Mrs. Ray Williams has gone to Denver where she will spend a few weeks with her mother.

Miss Carrietta Vankirk left Saturday for Kentland to make Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Vankirk a visit.

Mr. and Mrs. G. P. Mahler, of Culver, spent Sunday with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Myers.

Mrs. W. Cook and Mrs. I. Cook and daughter Gladys went to Walnut Saturday to visit the former's niece, Mrs. Charles Bixel.

Tell of Tragic Meaning

are these lines from J. H. Simmons of Casey, Ia. Think what might have resulted from his terrible cough if he had not taken the medicine about which he writes: "I had a fearful cough that disturbed my nights rest. I tried everything, but nothing will relieve it, until I took Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, which completely cured me." Instantly relieves and permanently cures all throat and lung diseases; prevents grip and pneumonia. At Slattery's drug store; guaranteed; 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

33.00 to the Pacific Coast.

\$33.00 Chicago to San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, and many other points on the Pacific Coast. Every day until October 31. Double berth in tourist sleeper, \$7. Descriptive folder free. Choice of routes via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.

E. G. HAYDEN,
Traveling Pass'r Agent,
189 Superior St., Cleveland, O.

Call at the CITIZEN office and get the new telephone directory free of charge.

NORTH BEND.

Mrs. Jane Castleman Correspondent.
Clyde Souders and family visited Sunday with J. E. Demont.

Samuel Oberlin, of Ora, attended church at No. 4 Sunday.

Mrs. George Smith, near Hartz Lake, is in very poor health.

Mr. Fulkerson, the school teacher at No. 4, spent Sunday at Russell Overmyer's.

Harry Leopold and family returned Monday from a week's visit at Lawrence, Mich.

Albert Engle and wife and Jas. Lohr and wife spent Sunday with Alvin Good and wife.

Henry Parker and wife, of Plymouth, visited a part of last week with Joe Castleman's.

Mesdames Albert Wolfram, Solomon Wolfram, Brothers, James Lohr and Miss Alice Brothers spent Monday with Mrs. J. E. Demont.

DON'T BORROW Trouble.

It is a bad habit to borrow anything, but the worst thing you can possibly borrow is trouble. When sick, sore, heavy, weary and worn out by the pains and poisons of dyspepsia, Bright's disease, biliousness, and similar internal disorders, don't sit down and brood over your symptoms, but fly for relief to Electric Bitters. Here you will find sure and permanent forgetfulness of all your troubles, and your body will not be burdened by a load of debt disease. At Slattery's drug store. Price 50c. Guaranteed.

Vandalia Cheap Excursions.

Home seekers and second class colonists rates to southern and southeastern territory, 1st and 3rd Tuesdays of each month.

Lewis and Clark Centennial exposition, Portland, Ore., and many other Pacific coast points excursions during the summer and fall of 1905.

Sunday excursion tickets are on sale to all points on the Vandalia line where the one way is not over \$3.50.

One way and second-class colonist tickets to the west and north-west Sept. 15 to Oct. 31.

For routes rates and time tables address Culver agent or C. C. Trueb, Traveling Passenger Agent Logansport.

Very low round trip rate to Los Angeles and San Francisco via the Nickel Plate road account W. C. T. U. convention. Tickets on sale Oct. 16-17-18-19 and 20th. Route one way, via Portland. Good returning Nov. 30th. For full information call on agent or address C. A. Melin, T. P. A., Fort Wayne, Ind.
10 19

WALL PAPER AND PAINTS

WINTER IS COMING ON

Now is the time to have those rooms re-papered and that job of painting done. We want to show you the handsome new designs in Wall Papers we have received. Our low prices tend to make the cost of "brightening up" as little as possible.

SLATTERY'S DRUG STORE

MAXINKUCKEE FLOUR

is guaranteed to be as good as the best. Give it a trial and you will use no other. Why should farmers use spring wheat flour, when their own wheat, ground at the Culver Flouring Mills, is much better? We buy all kinds of grain, and do custom grinding promptly.

COLLIER BROTHERS PROPRIETORS

Newman's 123 South Michigan Street Williams' Millinery
Cloaks-Suits

SOUTH BEND, INDIANA

A STORE FOR LADIES

Fine Cloaks, Suits, Skirts, Waists, Furs, Petticoats, Millinery, Corsets and Gloves

Finest Cloak and Millinery Establishment in South Bend

NEWMAN'S-WILLIAM'S

HOWARD & DAVIS' BAKERY

BAKERY GOODS

CONFECTIONERY AND ICE CREAM

MEALS SERVED

FRED COOK

CULVER'S Leading Blacksmith

HORSESHOEING A SPECIALTY

All kinds of Repair Work neatly and promptly done.

EAST OF MACHINE SHOP

THE GEM HARNESS SHOP

For Hand-Made Harness CULVER, IND.

All the current magazines may be had at the drug store.

THE CITIZEN—Only \$1.00 a year.