

Very Low Rates South
Feb. 6th and 20th.

On above dates round-trip Home-seekers' tickets, limited to 21 days, will be on sale at very low rates to many points on the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis Ry. in Tennessee, North Alabama and Georgia, one of the most prosperous sections of the South. Liberal stop-overs allowed. Round-trip rates from Chicago will be 25 per cent less than the one-way rate. Think of it!

Call on your home agent for information or write to Briard P. Hill, N. P. A., N. C. & St. L. Ry., Marquette Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

Defiance Starch.
should be in every household, none so good, besides a lot more for 10 cents than any other brand of cold water starch.

Half the laundry in the world is expended on women, the other half on tombstones.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take LAXATIVE PROMU Ointment Tablets. Drugs refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

We note an article on "The Non-Speculative Sex." Which is it?

Smokers appreciate the quality value of Lewis' Single Binder cigar. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

A great constitutional question—is \$5 a day a salary?

A TRULY IDEAL WIFE

HER HUSBAND'S BEST HELPER

Vigorous Health Is the Great Source of Power to Inspire and Encourage—All Women Should Seek It.

One of the most noted, successful and richest men of this century, in a recent article, has said, "Whatever I am and whatever success I have attained in this world I owe all to my wife. From the day I first knew her she has been an inspiration, and the greatest helpmate of my life."



To be such a successful wife, to retain the love and admiration of her husband, to inspire him to make the most of himself, should be a woman's constant study.

If a woman finds that her energies are flagging, that she gets easily tired, dark shadows appear under her eyes, she has backache, headaches, bearing-down pains, nervousness, irregularities or the blues, she should start at once to build up her system by a tonic with specific powers, such as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Following we publish by request a letter from a young wife:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:
Ever since my child was born I have suffered, as I hope few women ever have, with inflammation, female weakness, bearing-down pains, backache and wretched headaches. It affected my stomach so I could not enjoy my meals, and half my time was spent in bed.
"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound made me a well woman, and I feel so grateful that I am glad to write and tell you of my marvelous recovery. It brought me health, new life and vitality."—Mrs. Bessie Ainsley, 611 South 10th Street, Tacoma, Wash.
What Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did for Mrs. Ainsley it will do for every sick and ailing woman.
If you have symptoms you don't understand write to Mrs. Pinkham, daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. Her advice is free and always helpful.

REAL ESTATE.
FOR SALE 125 acres choice river land one mile from Canada, Texas, half mile from Canadian well. Albert Matson, New Holland, Ohio.
Only \$10 Per Acre 200 acres good level prairie road town, all title, no improvements, 25 feet to plenty of water. One-fourth cash, balance one-fourth each year until paid for. 4% discount for cash. 5% discount if settled for in full within 5 years. Interest 6%. Answer at once. This advertisement will not appear again. J. R. BERRY, Enterprise, Kansas.

OKLAHOMA THE LAND OF OPPORTUNITY. 640 acres, 30 mile railroad town, improved, bargain, \$45 per acre, 320 acres 4 1/2 miles town, improved, \$20 per acre. Others of size and price to suit. Write for program list. MOORMAN & CHAMBERS, NASHVILLE, OKLAHOMA.

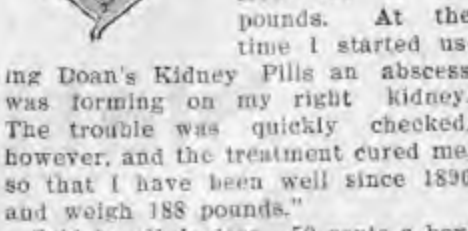
GREGORY'S SEED
Catalogue of tested and warranted seeds. Full of new information—FREE.
J. H. Gregory & Son, Harborside, Mass.

HE ATTENDS TO BUSINESS
who goes straight to work to cure
Hurts, Sprains, Bruises
by the use of
St. Jacobs Oil
and saves time, money and gets out of misery quickly.
It Acts Like Magic. Price, 25c. and 50c.

PRICE, 25 Cts.
TO CURE THE GRIP IN ONE DAY
ANTI-GRIPINE
THIS NO EQUAL FOR HEADACHE
It is afflicted with 1000 eyes, use it
Thompson's Eye Water

PISO'S CURE FOR
CHILLS WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS
Best cough syrup. Use in colds, sold by druggists.

LOST 72 POUNDS.
Was Fast Drifting Into the Fatal Stages of Kidney Sickness.
Dr. Melvin M. Page, Page Optical Co., Erie, Pa., writes: "Taking too many iced drinks in New York in 1895 sent me home with a terrible attack of kidney trouble. I had acute congestion, sharp pain in the back, headaches and attacks of dizziness. My eyes gave out, and with the languor and sleeplessness of the disease upon me I wasted from 194 to 122 pounds. At the time I started using Doan's Kidney Pills an abscess was forming on my right kidney. The trouble was quickly checked, however, and the treatment cured me, so that I have been well since 1896 and weigh 188 pounds."
Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.



Ambiguous.
Rimer—"I showed this sonnet to Crittiek and he seemed quite struck with it. He liked the idea, anyway."

Brightley (Incredulously)—"Is it possible?"

Rimer—"Yes, I told him this was my idea of a perfect sonnet and he said the idea was certainly original."

Insist on Getting It.
Some grocers say they don't keep Defiance Starch. This is because they have a stock on hand of other brands containing only 12 oz. in a package, which they won't be able to sell first, because Defiance contains 16 oz. for the same money.

Do you want 16 oz. instead of 12 oz. for same money? Then buy Defiance Starch. Requires no cooking.

Gaining Wisdom.
"Yes, he asked me for the loan of a 'fiver' and I let him have it."

"Really, I didn't think you knew each other well enough for that."

"Just about, but now I know him better."

Many Children are Sickly.
Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, used by Mother Gray, a nurse in Children's Home, New York, cure Feverishness, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders, Break up Colds and Destroy Worms. At all Druggists. 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Methodist Hymn Books.
The British Wesleyan Methodists have already sold more than a million and a half copies of the "word edition" of their new hymn book, and more than 250,000 of the "tune book."

Why It Is the Best
is because made by an entirely different process. Defiance Starch is unlike any other, better and one-third more for 10 cents.

The last census shows that there are 1,000 lady lawyers in this country. The most of them, however, are practicing patience, instead of law.

All Up-to-Date Housekeepers
use Defiance Cold Water Starch, because it is better, and 4 oz. more of it for same money.

Mrs. Cassie Chadwick helping to do the prison washing ought to be a warning to other ladies with an ambition to be frenzied financiers.

Important to Mothers.
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*

In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

A given force applied for a given time upon a given point is bound to win.—Napoleon.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.
Hemorrhoids, Bleeding, Protruding Piles. Druggists are authorized to refund money if PAGO OINTMENT fails to cure in 14 days. 50c.

Smiles that show through tears are the silver lining of the clouds.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—Max Thos. Roberts, Maple Street, Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

It's the after effect of experience that counts.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, soothes the gums, reduces inflammation, cures colic and whooping cough. 25c a bottle.

It takes a heroine to be economical.

—Unlabeled.

POLICE STORM

CHURCH IN PARIS

Attempt to Take Inventory of Property Arouses Protest.

OFFICIAL IS ROUGHLY HANDLED

Effort to Induce the Clergy to Permit Compliance With the Law Brings Severe Maltreatment From Assembled Members of Parish.

Paris cablegram: Everywhere in France the actual putting into operation of the clause of the church and state separation bill which provides for the making of inventories of the property of the churches has aroused a storm of protest. In Paris Thursday violent scenes took place in several churches, notably those of St. Roch and St. Clothilde. An inventory of the property of the Church of St. Roch has not yet been made owing to the opposition of the congregation, but the defenders of the Church of St. Clothilde succumbed before the energetic assault of an armed force, which acted on the avowed intention of the government to use every means at its disposal to compel obedience to the enactment.

Refuse to Allow Inventory.
The church had been filled since early morning, the congregation including many prominent members of the nobility, senators and deputies. Before the government commissioner appeared a police official, who attempted to induce the clergy to permit an inventory to be taken, received severe maltreatment, while outside the policemen and mounted municipal guards were compelled to adopt the sternest measures in order to disperse the turbulent crowds. Repeated charges occurred, leading to fifty arrests. Among those taken into custody were two priests. The crowd eventually became so violent in the Rue de Grenelle that the police drew their swords, which, however, they did not use. Many persons, including some policemen, were injured during the fighting.

Take Church by Storm.
Eventually the fire engines were ordered out to take up a position near the church so as to be able if necessary to drench the crowd, which obstinately refused to move, the women showing the greatest determination, opening umbrellas for their protection and in the meanwhile chanting psalms.

The prefect of police, M. Lepine, ordered the municipal guards and police to enter the church. The officers broke down the railings in front of the entrance, while the crowd rained heavy blows upon them. Then the firemen burst in the doors and the police and municipal guards entered the buildings. One of the principal officers was severely wounded. Inside the church the congregation had erected barricades which had to be taken by assault, while men and women fainted. After the church had been cleared the commissioner proceeded to take the inventory, the Catholics outside singing canticles.

Government Is Upheld.
In the chamber of deputies Premier Rouvier's reply to an interpellation on the subject by a socialist deputy, M. Allard, was given amid a great uproar. The government, however, secured a vote of confidence, by 384 against 166, after the premier had assured the chamber that the government was desirous of using tact and moderation in carrying out the law, but that it was fully determined to perform its duty, no matter what the cost.

CAPTURE ILLEGAL IMMIGRANTS
Federal Officials Subpoena Molders Imported From Canada.

Philadelphia, Pa., dispatch: Charles Cowley, a special officer from the department of commerce and labor at Washington, served subpoenas on a number of iron molders, requiring their appearance in Cleveland. Assisted by United States Deputy Marshal Helms of this city, Cowley located several expert molders said to have been illegally imported from Canada by Altman & Co., of Canton, Ohio. A committee representing the Iron Molders Association of North America brought the alleged violation of the law by Altman & Co. to the attention of President Roosevelt and the matter was referred to the department of commerce and labor, resulting in the institution of proceedings against the company by United States District Attorney Sullivan of Cleveland. The molders subpoenaed here are said to have been imported from Canada, with orders to take the place of striking employees of Altman & Co.

Two Britons Killed at Reval.
London cable: A dispatch to the Standard from Moscow says two British seamen landing at Reval were shot and killed by sentries, who shouted from behind them to stand. The sailors did not heed the call, not knowing the language or that the sentries were shouting, whereupon the guards fired on them.

Killed by Blow of Fist.
Decatur, Ind., dispatch: R. J. Holt-house, a shoe salesman for a Columbus, Ohio, house, died from a hemorrhage of the brain caused by a fist blow inflicted at Huntington by a cab driver.

STATESMAN CHANGED HIS MIND.

Perhaps, After All, There Was Danger in Libel Suit.

"The infamous scoundrel!" exclaimed the eminent statesman. "I sue him for criminal libel! I want you to begin proceedings against him right now."

"What has he been doing?" asked the lawyer.

"He called me a corrupt politician and a notorious grafter."

"But look here—"

"O, I can prove it, all right! He said it in the presence of a dozen witnesses."

"Did he mention any particular instance of corruption or grafting?"

"No."

"Then, my dear senator, I'm afraid we can't make a case against him. You see—"

"But, good heavens! Haven't I told you—"

"Yes, but in order to make a case that will stick we must have the evidence that he alleged some specific act of grafting or corruption."

"Why is that?"

"Because then we can make him prove it. If he doesn't prove it we've got the dead wood on him. But he makes the charge in general terms, don't you see, and if we sue him he might plead justification and manage somehow to throw the burden of proof on us, and in the present excited and prejudiced state of the public mind, senator, we might have some difficulty in doing that; while, on the other hand, he might—"

The rest was spoken in a whisper.

"I see," said the eminent statesman, his look of wrath giving way to one of stern purpose and high resolve. "There's another way I can get at the infernal scoundrel. He's got a piece that's a clerk in one of the departments. I'll have her put out of that job if it costs me a million dollars!"

BABY COVERED WITH SORES.

Would Scratch and Tear the Flesh Unless Hands Were Tied—"Would Have Died But for Cuticura."

"My little son, when about a year and a half old, began to have sores come out on his face. I had a physician treat him, but the sores grew worse. Then they began to come on his arms, then on other parts of his body, and then one came on his chest, worse than the others. Then I called another physician. Still he grew worse. At the end of about a year and a half of suffering he grew so bad I had to tie his hands in cloths at night to keep him from scratching the sores and tearing the flesh. He got to be a mere skeleton, and was hardly able to walk. My aunt advised me to try Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I sent to the drug store and got a cake of the Soap and a box of the Ointment, and at the end of about two months the sores were all well. He has never had any sores of any kind since. He is now strong and healthy, and I can sincerely say that only for your most wonderful remedies my precious child would have died from those terrible sores. Mrs. Egbert Sheldon, R. F. D. No. 1, Woodville, Conn., April 22, 1905."

Unpleasant Keepsakes.
One thing that dentists cannot understand is the frequency with which their customers ask for the teeth that have been extracted.

"What on earth they do with them is a mystery," said one Columbus avenue dentist. "They are not pretty to look at; they do not revive pleasant memories. If every tooth was set with a diamond or had become historic in some way I could understand the desire to preserve them. But there are few historic teeth in the world. Most of those that are gone are only reminders of aches and pains. Nevertheless, it is a common thing for the patient to ask me to keep the teeth. Maybe he wants to compare it with the tooth of a friend and thereby prove how much more he suffered than the other fellow when it was pulled."—New York Press.

Under What Banner?
After the vote on the statehood rule in the house Congressman Mann of Chicago walked over to Mr. Babcock, the insurgent leader, and presented to him first aid to the injured bandages of the Red Cross kind. Later, while the members were talking it over, someone commented on Mr. Steenerson's vote against the rule and recalled the fact that he had risen to a question of personal privilege the other day and denied from the floor of the house the story that he was an insurgent. Just then Mr. Steenerson entered the cloakroom. "Say, Steenerson," drawled Mr. Mann, "are you going to rise to a question of privilege to-morrow and deny that you are still an insurgent?"

CAUGHT BY THE GRIP--

RELEASED BY PE-RU-NA

Pneumonia Followed La Grippe—Pe-ru-na the Remedy That Brought Relief.

Mr. T. Barnett, West Aymer, Ontario, Can., writes:

"Last winter I was ill with pneumonia after having la grippe. I took Pe-ru-na for two months, when I became quite well, and I can say that any one can be cured by it in a reasonable time and at little expense."

Systemic Catarrh, the Result of La Grippe. Pe-ru-na Receives Credit for Present Good Health.

Mrs. Jennie W. Gilmore, Box 44, White Oak, Ind. Ter., writes:

"Six years ago I had la grippe, which was followed by systemic catarrh. The only thing I used was Pe-ru-na and Manelin, and I have been in better health the last three years than for years before. I give Pe-ru-na all the credit for my good health."

Pe-ru-na—A Tonic After La Grippe.

Mrs. Chas. E. Wells, Sr., Delaware, Ohio, writes: "After a severe attack of la grippe, I took Pe-ru-na and found it a very good tonic."

"Most Effective Medicine Ever Tried for La Grippe."

Robt. L. Madison, A. M., Principal of Cullowhee High School, Painter, N. C., is chairman of the Jackson County Board of Education. Mr. Madison says: "I am hardly ever without Pe-ru-na in my home. It is the most effective medicine that I have ever tried for la grippe."

Mrs. Jane Gift, Athens, O., writes: "I had la grippe very bad. My husband bought Pe-ru-na for me. In a very short time I saw improvement and was soon able to do my work."

Pe-ru-na is a household remedy.

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Suffered Twelve Years From After-Effects of La Grippe.

Mr. Victor Patenaude, 328 Madison St., Topeka, Kas., member of Knights and Ladies of Security, writes:

"Twelve years ago I had a severe attack of la grippe and I never really recovered my health and strength— but grew weaker every year until I was unable to work."

"Two years ago I began using Pe-ru-na and it built up my strength so that in a couple of months I was able to go to work again."

"This winter I had another attack of la grippe, but Pe-ru-na soon drove it out of my system."

"My wife and I consider Pe-ru-na a household remedy."

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\$5,000

Reward will be paid to any person who can find one atom of opium, chloral, morphine, cocaine, ether or chloroform in any form in any of Dr. Miles' Remedies.

This reward is offered because certain unscrupulous persons make false statements about these remedies. It is understood that this reward applies only to goods purchased in the open market, which have not been tampered with in any way.

Dr. Miles' remedies cure by their soothing, nourishing, strengthening and invigorating effects upon the nervous system, and not by paralyzing and weakening the nerves as would be the case if these drugs were used.

For this reason Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills are universally considered the best pain remedy.

"I have suffered for 25 years with severe pains in my head, heart and back, and have tried everything I could get and could not find any relief until I got a box of Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills. I suffered as long as 12 hours at a time with such severe pains that I feared I would lose my mind. The Anti-Pain Pills gave me relief in from 10 to 20 minutes. I do not have to stop Morphine any more. I wish you would publish this so that other sufferers may find relief."

J. A. WALKER.
R. F. D. No. 3, Salem, Ind.
Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills are sold by your druggist, who will guarantee that the first package will benefit. If it fails he will return your money. 25 doses, 25 cents. Never sold in bulk. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

PROFESSIONAL DIRECTORY.

DR. O. A. REA,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

OFFICE: Main Street, opposite Post Office
CULVER, INDIANA.

DR. NORMAN S. NORRIS,

DENTIST.

Office—Opposite M. E. Church
CULVER, IND.

E. E. PARKER,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

Special attention given to Obstetrics and Diseases of Women. Office over Culver 12-13 Exchange Bank. Residence, corner Main and South Streets. Office hours, 9 to 10 a. m.; 2 to 4 p. m.; 8 to 9 p. m.

C. C. DURR, D. D. S.

DENTIST

Office in First National Bank Building
PLYMOUTH, IND.

B. W. S. WISEMAN, M. D.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

CULVER, INDIANA.

DR. H. A. DEEDS,

DENTIST

OFFICE: Over Leonard's Furniture Store.
PLYMOUTH, INDIANA.

N. J. FAIRCHILD,

LIVE STOCK AND GENERAL
AUCTIONEER.

Terms Reasonable. Satisfaction Guaranteed. Write for dates. Residence, 2 miles east of Maxinkuckee Lake. CULVER, IND.

CHARLES KELLISON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

Practices in All Courts—State and Federal.
PLYMOUTH, IND.

Trustee's Notice.

After April 1st, my weekly office days, for the transaction of township business, will be as follows: Tuesdays at my residence, and Saturdays at my office over the Exchange Bank, Culver.

FRANK M. PARKER, Trustee.

Notice of Application for License.

To the citizens of the Town of Culver, Union township, Marshall county, and State of Indiana:

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned will apply to the Board of County Commissioners of said county, at their next regular term, to be held in the court house, in the city of Plymouth, in said county, commencing on the first Monday in March, A. D. 1906, for a license to sell spirituous, vinous and malt liquors, in a quantity less than a quart at a time, with the privilege of allowing said liquors to be drunk on the premises where sold, for one year. The premises where said liquors are to be sold and drunk are described as follows, to-wit:

In a room thirty-six (36) feet long north and south by twenty-one (21) feet wide east and west, in a two-story frame building situated on the south end of lot number nine (9) in A. D. Town's addition to the Vandavia addition to the town of Uniontown, formerly called Marquette, now Culver, in Marshall county, State of Indiana. Said building has twelve-foot ceiling and fronts on Towner avenue, and said room is on the first floor thereof.

I also give notice that I will apply to said Board for the privilege of selling lunch and soft drinks in said room.

GEORGE F. WOLFORD.

Very low homeseekers rates via Nickel Plate road, West North-west, Southwest and South. 1st and 3rd Tuesdays of the month to April 15th inclusive. Full information of agent or address C. A. Melin, T. P. A., Fort Wayne, Ind. 2-28

All the current magazines may

THE CULVER CITIZEN

J. H. KOONTZ & SON, PUBLISHERS

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Year, in advance, \$3.00
Six Months, in advance, \$1.50
Three Months, in advance, .75

ADVERTISING

Rates for home and foreign advertising made known on application.
Local advertising at the rates fixed by law.

CULVER, INDIANA, FEB. 8, 1905.

FENCE WIRE PROBLEM.

Causes of the Corrosion of Steel Wire Fencing.

Into the much discussed question of what is the matter with the fence wire nowadays the department of agriculture, in a recent publication, introduces the theory of electrolysis. It is stated that all metal used for fence wire at present made in this country is classed as steel, irrespective of the percentage of carbon or whether made by the Bessemer or open hearth process. From the statements of officials of a company consuming large quantities of wire and from other authoritative evidence, all tending in the same direction, the following two points are accepted: First, that modern Bessemer and open hearth steel rusts much more rapidly than iron wire; second, that manganese, especially if it is unevenly distributed in the steel, is at least in part the cause of the trouble.

Effect of Electrolysis.

Mr. Cushman, the writer of the monograph on the "Corrosion of Fence Wire," argues that, although it is probable that the effects of electrolysis in a fence wire are extremely small, it must be remembered that they are continually going on whenever the wire is wet. In almost all modern steel woven wire fences some wires will be found to far outlast others, independent of the original weight of the galvanized covering which they carry. If in woven wire fence all the wires would last as well as the best ones do there would have been no complaints. It is just this point of unevenness of lasting quality in wires from successive heats in the same mill which have practically the same chemical composition that is hard to explain by any theory but that of galvanic or electrolytic action. The manufacturers have believed that the whole trouble was in the unevenness in the weight of zinc covering that was put on the wire, but experiment and observations show that this is not so. Some wires will go to pieces before others, although there is no discernible difference either in the weight or quality of the zinc covering. In one fence which has been under observation for four years one wire was in perfect condition, although it carried a light covering of zinc. While the wire next to it was badly rusted from end to end.

Observations in the Field.

Almost every one who has carefully inspected woven wire fencing as it is exposed to the weather on the farm, says Mr. Cushman, has observed that some of the wires go to pieces much more rapidly than others. The bottom wires lying close to the ground, which are kept wet in summer by the growth of weeds and grass and in winter by melting snow, are naturally the ones which we should expect to rust most quickly. As a matter of fact, however, they almost never do so, but, on the contrary, are far more lasting than the wires farther removed from the ground. This observation has been substantiated by a large number of competent observers. One would not seek to preserve iron from rust or zinc from corrosion by laying these metals away in wet snow or weeds. If, however, electrolysis takes place and if the action can be diminished by keeping the wires electrically neutral through frequent connections to the earth or through frequent short circuits we should then expect that wires which were kept their whole length in constant contact with the earth would in the long run show greater lasting quality.

Telegraph Wire.

The process of making telegraph wire is noted, and it is explained that "telegraph wire is generally acknowledged to be more durable than fence wire" and that "care is exercised in the manufacture of telegraph wire to keep the manganese low, because this element increases the electrical resistance of the wire. The difficulty experienced in rolling low manganese steel and the slow rate of speed at which the mill must be run to draw the wire through the zinc bath in the double process of galvanizing add materially to the cost of the product. The question then arises whether or not high grade fence wire is worthy the same care and consideration that are given to wire which brings a higher price in the market and is used for other purposes.

Cowpeas Followed by Cane.

We have one and a half acres of land which was planted to cowpeas in 1904 and from which we cut about three tons of the richest hay that grows. This year (1905) we planted it to cane and made 170 gallons of molasses and thrashed 100 bushels of cane seed off the one and a half acres. We think the cowpeas are the best fertilizing crop the farmer can raise. The cane is the best seed producing cane we ever saw, and we have been growing cane about eight years, says a writer in Kansas Farmer.

An Eskimo Dainty.

The greatest treat known to the Eskimo boy or girl is a lump of sugar. Perhaps you think there is nothing very strange in that. The strange part is the very funny way they have of eating the sugar. They roll the sweet morsel in a piece of tobacco leaf. This they place in their cheek and, smacking their lips delightedly, hold it there until it is dissolved. This dainty is called "laloo" and is the choicest mor-

Correspondence

NORTH BEND.

Mrs. Jane Castleman Correspondent.

Mrs. Russell Overmyer is on the sick list.

Mrs. Rank and son attended church at Zion Sunday.

Wm. Good and wife are spending a few days with their son, Alvin.

S. D. Allen is hardly able to be out on account of asthma, his old ailment.

Mrs. Katie Good and children attended church at Zion Saturday afternoon.

Mrs. Frank Williams and son, Orley, of Ober, attended the funeral of Mrs. George Smith, Saturday.

Miss Caddie Casper gave a party last Saturday evening. About 30 guests were present. All report a good time.

Mrs. George Smith died Thursday evening and was buried Saturday noon in the Hartz cemetery near her home. The deceased was 71 years old.

GOOSE ALLEY.

R. Hizer made a business trip to Rochester last week.

Jess Jones visited with his brother, Walter Jones, last Sunday.

Ed. James spent Sunday with friends in Hamestown.

Chester Williams is at home from Tyner where he is attending school.

The series of meetings at Anti-oak closed Sunday evening with 21 additional members.

Owen D. Dayel returned from Chicago, Sunday, where he purchased three horses for farming purposes.

Mr. C. Stevenson and Clayton Lane went to Oklahoma, Tuesday, where they expect to work at the carpenter trade.

The Christian Crusaders, who have been holding meetings at Burr Oak, will begin meetings at North Union Thursday evening, the 8th of February.

MOUNT HOPE.

Miss Della Edgington, Correspondent.

Miss Dora McGrew is still improving.

Cleo Patesel spent Sunday with Ethel Edgington.

Charley Patesel spent Sunday with Earl Hartle.

Rev. Rogers and wife spent Sunday with Arthur Sturgeon.

Jacob Hartle and wife visited their son, Fred, at Winimac, over Sunday.

Rev. W. H. Flagg, of Rensselaer, preached at this place last Monday night.

Frank Kaley and family returned to their home in Lience, Neb., last week.

BEST ROUTE TO NORTHWEST

The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

In going to St. Paul, Minneapolis or the Northwest see that your ticket west of Chicago reads via The Pioneer Limited on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway—the route over which your letters go. Standard and compartment sleepers with longer, higher and wider berths. Leaves Union Station, Chicago, 6:30 p. m., daily; arrives St. Paul next morning at 7:25 and Minneapolis at 8:00 o'clock. E. G. Hayden, Traveling Passenger Agent, 189 Superior St., Cleveland.

"Bedad."

Does an Irishman ever say "bedad"? If not, most of the Irish anecdotes will have to be rewritten. Since the activity of the Gaelic league it is not possible to write an Irish dialect story and have its expressions go unchallenged. According to the Gaelic league, only the Irish comic characters on the English and American stage say "bedad."

The Way of It.

The Missus—Mary Ann, please explain to me how it is that I saw you kissing a young man in the kitchen last night. The Maid—Sure, I dunno how it is, ma'am, unless yes were lookin' through the keyhole.—Cleveland Lead-

OBER.

Stephen Shepherd, Correspondent.
Mrs. H. Bickel is very sick at this writing.

Miss Lucie Pickett is working at Mr. Oakley's.

Ernest Dunn came home from Illinois to remain for a while.

Mrs. Jennie Heath attended the funeral of her mother near Monterey, Saturday.

A. C. Robin and family, Alice Wyant and family and Mr. Wallace visited at Olin Hisey, Sunday.

Miss Orie Chapman of West Mansfield, O., came to make an extended visit with her sister, Mrs. M. E. Schroek.

Abel Rea and wife and daughters Dora and Inez and S. Shepherd and wife visited Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Schroek Sunday.

LOW RATES TO CALIFORNIA.

Via Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.

\$33 to San Francisco, Los Angeles and other California points every day from Feb. 15 to April 7. Tickets good in tourist sleepers. Berth rate 87. Tourist sleepers from Union Station, Chicago, daily at 10:25 p. m. Personally conducted tourist car parties at 10:25 p. m. Tuesdays and Thursdays. E. G. Hayden, Traveling Passenger Agent, 189 Superior St., Cleveland.

WASHINGTON.

Ollie Jones Correspondent.

Leonard Wilson is having a telephone put in.

Born to Ernest Benedict and wife a ten-pound girl.

Protracted meeting is in progress at West Washington.

Wm. Listenberg and wife took dinner with Henry Pontius and family Sunday.

The Misses Emma and Blanche Peeples visited with Ollie Jones and wife Sunday.

N. J. Fairchild and family attended the quarterly meeting at Zion Saturday and Sunday.

SNYDER SCHOOL HOUSE

Frank Reags is better at this writing.

Riley Rausbottom is able to be out again after a wrestle with the grip.

Mr. A. C. Glass sold a bunch of hogs to J. W. Curtens the first of the week.

Mr. Paul Snyder has sold the Andrews Company at Hibbard another lot of timber.

Mrs. B. E. Roe and children, of Red Key, Ind., are visiting her sister, Mrs. J. W. Currans.

C. F. Rausbottom and wife and daughter Laura, took dinner with Wm. Hootor and family Sunday.

Amon Nye went home Saturday for a visit with his parents. He returned Sunday evening. Amon has attractions here which draw him back soon.

Dan'l Zumbaugh was born near Twin Lakes, Marshall County, died on his (58) fifty-eighth birthday, Feb. 5th, 1906, at Mercy Hospital at South Bend, Ind. He leaves 10 children, five boys and five girls, a loving wife and a host of friends. Services at the house at 10 a. m. Wednesday, interment in Burr Oak cemetery.

The Sabbath school will give a box social at Snyder school house Saturday night, Feb. 10, '06. Proceeds will go to buy an organ for the Sabbath school. Everybody invited. Ladies bring boxes and gentlemen bring well filled pocket-books. Every one reading this announcement is invited to come and help out in a good cause.

Buy XXXX Condition Powders at Culver Cash Hardware.

CLOTHES CLEANED AND PRESSED

E. A. POOR'S BARBER SHOP

Where you get a good Shave and an up-to-date Hair Cut.

SKATES, HOCKEY STICKS AND EVERYTHING FOR WINTER SPORTS

Slattery's Drug Store

STAHL & CO.

FRESH & SMOKED MEATS

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES QUEENSWARE, ETC

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

STAHL & CO.

TELEPHONE NO. 5 CULVER, INDIANA

FRED COOK EXCHANGE BANK

CULVER'S Leading Blacksmith

HORSESHOEING A SPECIALTY

All kinds of Repair Work neatly and promptly done.

EAST OF MACHINE SHOP

CULVER CITY Meat Market

DEALERS IN FRESH & SMOKED MEATS SAUSAGES, ETC.
6390
WALTER & SON, Props.
Cor. Main and Washington Sts., CULVER, IND.

KREUZBERGER'S PARK

The best Whiskies, Brandies, Cordials, Rhine and Moselle Wines, and French Claret, Ports and Cherry Ales, Beers, Mineral Water, etc. and a stock of fine Domestic and Key West Cigars.....

Lake Maxinkuckee: Culver, Ind.

PILES

Keen Bros.' large sky light gives them a big advantage in the

Insured Against Burglary
Does a General Banking Business
Makes Loans
Receives Money on Deposit
Buys Commercial Paper
Farm Loans Made at Lowest Rates
Prompt and Courteous Attention to All
Your Patronage Solicited

McLANE & CO. Livery Feed and Sale Stable

Special attention given to traveling men. Terms reasonable.

Barn East of the Postoffice

I. P. SHAMBAUGH

SUCCESSOR TO Wm. Foss.

PROPRIETOR OF THE CULVER BAKERY

All kinds of Choice Bakery Goods.

Parties and Weddings supplied on short notice. Give us a trial.

WILLIAM GRUBB PLUMBER

All Work Guaranteed to be Sanitary
Shop in Rear of Tin Shop, Culver

PILES the sufferer who thinks this disease incurable has never tried the regular "Hemorrhoid" Salve. A trial will convince the most skeptical. 25 & 50 cents.

Opening Day—Saturday, February 10th

The Big Store's Annual Clearing Sale

THE biggest February Sale ever held in this locality. Greater bargains, larger stock and better assortment than ever before during any winter season. Some of the bargains that will make this the greatest annual clearance sale Plymouth ever knew.

250 Men's fine Suits worth \$12.50 to \$15.00, choice.....\$8.88	200 pairs of Shoes for Men worth \$2.75, at.....\$2.18	150 Ladies' and Misses' Skirts worth up to \$4.50 at.....\$2.88	Finest Silkoline.....8% 50c Umbrellas for Ladies and Children.....33c	15c French Ginghams per yard.....12c
150 Men's fine Overcoats worth from \$12.50 to \$15.00, choice.....\$8.88	200 pairs Women's Shoes worth \$1.85 at.....\$1.44	Men's good heavy fleeced lined Underwear at.....29c	Lot of Men's 25c and 35c Suspenders at.....18c	Choice of Calico Wrappers.....77c
Boy's Best 50c Sweaters at.....33c	Ladies' 12 1/2 fine Black Hose.....7c	12 1/2c Flannelettes per yard.....8c	40 per cent reduction on Ladies House Jackets.	Men's and Boys' Shirts formerly \$1.00, now.....31c
33 1/2 per cent cut on all Boys' and children's Suits and Overcoats.	20 per cent reduction on all Boys, Misses' and Children's Shoes.	Children's Cloaks and Rain Coats.	50 per cent reduction on all Ladies' fine Tailor Made Suits.	Ladies' 50c Golf Gloves at.....35c
33 1/2 per cent cut on all Mens and Boys fine Trousers.	20 per cent cut on all Ladies' and Children's Underwear.	20 per cent reduction on all wool and Silk Dress Goods.		Ladies' and Children's Golf Gloves, 18c 33 1/2 per cent cut on Men's and Boys' Caps.
				50 per cent off on all Furs.

Don't fail to attend this great annual February Clearance Sale---a sale that will absolutely mean a big saving for everyone. Watch our windows, watch our bargain tables, watch our great economy basement. Something new every day at

OPENING DAY OF THIS SALE:

Ten Yards Best Calico on Earth 47c
15-cent Toweling, per yard 8c

ALLMAN'S, The Busy Big Store, Plymouth

The Only Store in Plymouth that Sells McCall Patterns

THE CULVER CITIZEN

J. H. KOONTZ & SON, Publishers.

Entered at the postoffice at Culver, Indiana, as second-class mail matter.

CULVER, INDIANA, FEB. 8, 1906.

CULVER MARKETS.

(Corrected February 8.)

Eggs.....	.15
Butter.....	.18
Chickens.....	.08
Roosters.....	.04
Spring chickens, per lb.....	.08
Lard.....	.09
Wheat.....	.80
Oats.....	.27
Corn per bu.....	.57
Rye per bu.....	.58
Clover seed, per bu.....	at 7.00
Cattle—Butchers.....	1.75@3.25
Killars.....	2.75@5.00
Hogs.....	4.15@5.50
Sheep.....	3.00@3.50
Lambs.....	5.00@6.00

LOCAL ITEMS

A. North, of Plymouth, spent Monday in Culver.

W. E. Hand was in St. Louis last week on business.

Many a maiden is just dyeing for locks of a different hue.

The ice men look more cheerful than they did this time last week.

The Choral Union, will meet Friday evening at the M. E. church.

Buy your hard and soft coal and brick at the Culver elevator. Prices are consistent with first class material.—Dillon & Medbourn.

Mitchell and Stabenow, who will put a large clothing stock in the Osborn Block, are in town now getting ready to open for business.

Cadet Cannon, of Ironton, Mich., died at the Academy last night. He has been suffering for about two weeks with pneumonia and pleurisy.

Mrs. Eliza Elliot, who purchased the Castleman property, is having a large addition built to the house and will likely build a business room on the east portion of the lot next spring.

A number of young people, mostly members of the band, have organized an orchestra, and considering the time they have been at it, are making some very good music.

County Recorder, Alva Porter left, Monday, for Hot Springs Ark., where he will take a much needed rest. His brother, Oscar Porter, will have charge of the recorder's office during his absence.

Wabash one way second class colonists rates to points in Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, North and South Carolina, Tennessee and Virginia at half fare plus \$2.00. Write for particulars.—Thos. Follen, Pass. & Tkt. Agt., Lafayette, Ind.

Death of Daniel Zumbaugh.

Daniel Zumbaugh died Saturday evening in the Epworth hospital at South Bend, where he had gone to have an operation performed for cancer. Mr. Zumbaugh was 58 years old at the time of his death, having died on his birthday. He was one of the most widely known and highly respected citizens of Marshall county, having been a resident for many years. He leaves a wife, ten children, five brothers and five sisters besides a host of other relatives and friends to mourn their loss.

The remains were shipped to Hibbard Monday morning, and the funeral was held Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock from Mr. Zumbaugh's late home.

A Question of Honor.

It was once an honor to be a United States senator, but with four senators at present confronting criminal charges, two being already convicted and sentenced to prison, we would rather be an editor and with the editors stand.—Syracuse Register.

But when a convention of editors deliberately snub a reform governor because of his effort to banish graft from the state, we would rather be the governor than an editor.—Tri County Gazette.

But when a reform governor harbors a fugitive from justice for political reasons, the honor of his exalted position becomes somewhat tarnished.

"O do not pray for easy lives; pray to be stronger men. Do not pray for tasks equal to your powers; pray for powers equal to your tasks. Then the doing of your work shall be no miracle, but you shall be a miracle. Every day you shall wonder at yourself, at the richness of life which has come to you by the grace of God."—Phillips Brooks.

Winter tourist rates via the Wabash. Very low rates to points in Mississippi, Georgia, New Mexico, Texas, Florida, Alabama and North Carolina, also to Denver, Colorado, Colorado Springs and Pueblo, Colorado and to points in Mexico, Cuba and Panama. Tickets on sale daily to April 30th. Final limit June 1st. For further information call on or address Thos. Follen, P. & T. A., Lafayette, Ind.

Bring your grain to the Culver elevator. We handle grain economically, and will pay the highest market price.—Dillon & Medbourn.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Residence property at Maxinkuckee. Enquire of A. L. Warner, Culver, Ind.

When in town drop in and see the class of work Keen Bros. are putting out.

Public Sale.

The undersigned will sell at public auction at his residence at the south end of Lake Maxinkuckee, on Thursday, Feb. 15, 1906, beginning at 10 o'clock a. m., the following personal property:

One sorrel mare, 12 years old; 1 bay driving mare, 12 years old; 3 milk cows, 1 fresh; 2 heifers, will be fresh in April; 3 yearling calves; 2 brood sows; 13 shoats, weight about 50 lbs.; lot of chickens, turkeys and geese; 2 tons timothy hay; 8 tons clover hay; 200 bushels corn in crib; 1 farm wagon; 1 double spring wagon; 1 single top buggy; 2 set work harness; 1 set single harness; 1 pair bobbeds; 1 sleigh; 1 buckeye binder, nearly new; 1 Champion mower; 1 two-horse hay rake, nearly new; 1 Hoe drill; 1 Solid Comfort riding plow; 1 405 Oliver plow; 1 40 Oliver plow; 1 spring-tooth harrow; 1 spike-tooth harrow; 1 Brown cultivator; 1 single shovel plow; 1 double shovel plow; household and kitchen furniture, and many other articles.

TERMS OF SALE—Sums under \$5.00 cash. Of \$5.00 and over a credit of 9 months will be given, purchaser giving a note with approved security, without interest if paid when due; but if not so paid, to draw 8 per cent from date, waiving valuation and appraisal laws. No property to be removed until terms are complied with. A discount of 6 per cent for cash will be given on sums over \$5.00.

SAMUEL FRY.

Monroe Steiner, Auctioneer.

J. L. Scheuerman, Clerk.

MOVE TO SOUTH DAKOTA

The successful crops of the past years and the exceptional opportunities still offered the farmer, rancher or merchant in Lyman county should induce you to investigate the openings there for yourself. Homeseekers' excursions at about half rates via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway on first and third Tuesdays in February and every Tuesday from March to November. South Dakota book and Lyman county leaflet for two cents postage. E. G. Hayden, Traveling Passenger Agent, 189 Superior St., Cleveland.

Praising the Lazy Man.

It must be admitted that some of the best work that has lived has been done by indolent men. This is especially true as regards literature. The finest description of a sunrise was written by the poet Thomson in bed. Coleridge was one of the most indolent of men, yet his work is, of its kind, unsurpassed. One of the most important improvements to the steam engine was due to the indolence of James Watt. Many other examples might be quoted; but, as a general rule, it is fairly correct to say that work which is the outcome of meditation or prolonged observation is best performed by people whose natural indolence makes them careless of the strife and bustle in which an active temperament would tend to immerse them.—Penny.

STAGE EPIGRAMS.

The theater is the chastener of life.—Euripides.

An actor is a public instructor.—Euripides.

The theater is the mirror of life.—Sophocles.

Actors are the only honest hypocrites.—Hasslitt.

The theater is the devil's own territory.—Edward Allyn.

The stage represents fiction as if it were fact.—Betterton.

The stage is the field for the orator as well as the comedian.—Roscius.

A passion for dramatic art is inherent in the nature of man.—Edwin Forrest.

The drama is the most reduced picture of a polished people.—Dion Boucicault.

It is in drama where poetry attains its loftiest flight.—John Galsworthy.

The stage is more powerful than the platform, the press or the pulpit.—Anna Dickinson.

A comedy is like a cigar; if good, every one wants a box; if bad, no amount of puffing will make it draw.—Henry James Byron.

Some Big Oysters.

The usual size of the shell of an oyster is three to five inches, but away back in tertiary times there were oysters in California that had shells thirteen inches long and seven or eight inches wide. The animal and shell doubtless weighed fifteen or twenty pounds, since the shells were five inches thick. These oysters have long been extinct, but their fossil shells are abundant. If the oyster farmer could produce individuals of such enormous size now and the flavor were good in proportion to its size we would be most fortunate. In that case a single oyster would be enough for one stew at the church festival.—St. Nicholas.

The First Skates.

As late as the sixteenth century skates in England were very primitive, for we learn that the London apprentices used to tie bones to their feet and under their heels. Writing in 1661, Evelyn speaks of "the strange and wonderful dexterity of the sliders" in St. James' park, "performed before their majesties by divers gentlemen and others with sheets, after the manner of the Hollanders, with what swiftness they pass, how suddenly they stop in full carriage upon the ice."

"Home, Sweet Home."

"Home, Sweet Home," Payne's song, was originally a number in the opera "Clari, the Maid of Milan," a production brought out in 1823. The opera was a failure, and nothing is now known of it save the one song, which became instantly popular. Over 100,000 copies were sold in the first year of its publication, and the sale in one form or another has been constant ever since the first appearance of this beautiful theme. The melody is a Sicilian folk song and was adapted to the words by Payne himself.

Arab Steeds as Churns.

The noble Arabian steed is sometimes put to ignoble uses. A traveler with iconoclastic ideas said: "You have heard of the Arabian horse's beauty, its docility, its intelligence, its endurance. Did you know that it churned the family butter? Among the desert tribes when butter is needed the milk is put in a sheepskin bag and tied by a short rope to the horse's saddle. The horse is then urged into a trot, and this gait is kept up until the milk in the sheepskin is joggled into butter. A fine, firm, smooth butter it is."

An Eye For an Eye.

"Mr. Speaker," said the congressman, "I have tried vainly to catch your eye and"—

"Sit down!" thundered the speaker. "I have tried vainly to catch your 'eye' several times when it was needed."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Overland Limited To California

Now leaves Union Passenger Station, Chicago, at 8 p. m., daily, arriving Omaha 6:20 a. m., and San Francisco the afternoon of the third day. Through standard sleepers Chicago to San Francisco. Dining cars and observation cars all the way. Route—

The

Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway

in connection with the Union Pacific and the Southern Pacific lines.

Tourist sleeping cars for California leave the Union Passenger Station, Chicago, 6:05 p. m., and 10:25 p. m. daily. Personally conducted tourist car parties at 10:25 p. m. Tuesdays and Thursdays.

Any ticket agent will sell tickets to California via this route if you ask him to do so. Descriptive folders free.

E. G. HAYDEN, Traveling Passenger Agent,
189 Superior St., Cleveland.

For the Finest Bakery Goods

ALWAYS GO TO

Howard & Davis' Bakery

Ice Cream to Order : Meals Served

TELEPHONE 23-2

W. S. EASTERDAY FURNITURE and UNDERTAKING

Two Phones—Independent and Bell Day and Night Calls Receive Prompt Attention

Carry a Complete Line of Furniture

Next Door to Postoffice, Culver, Ind

The Yellow Fever Germ

has recently been discovered. It bears a close resemblance to the malarial germ. To free the system from disease germs, the most effective remedy is Dr. King's New Life Pills. Guaranteed to cure all diseases due to malaria poison and constipation. 25c. at T. E. Slattery's Drug Store.

Frightfully Burned.

Chas. W. Moore, a machinist, of Ford City, Pa., had his hand frightfully burned in an electrical furnace. He applied Bucklen's Arnica Salve with the usual result: "a quick and perfect cure." Greatest healer on earth for burns, wounds, sores, eczema and piles, 25c. at T. E. Slattery's drug store.

THE CULVER CITIZEN.

J. H. KOONTZ & SON, Pubs.

CULVER, INDIANA.

An aeronaut who fell 300 feet without being hurt was evidently born for his job.

London complains of slippery pavements. Yet the liberals have made a good run there.

"Saints in Society" is the title of a new book. It is not descriptive of New York's 400, however.

New York is to have a beer trust. If this means a long slate some of the plain people will not object.

Says Margaret Deland, "It never occurs to a boy that he is not wanted." Office boys of course excepted.

Enador rebels are reported to have won, but the world generally is in ignorance as to what was in the pot.

Richard Mansfield says all the world's a stage and every man's an actor. The critics have doubts about some.

Hon. Joseph H. Choate is still paying glowing public compliments to his wife. That's the way to live happily when married.

An English scientist declares that laughter is a form of temporary insanity. So, girls, just repress that tendency to giggle.

Yale's athletic reserve fund has grown to nearly \$100,000. Maybe this is proof of sport for sport's sake, but it looks like business.

Some persons do not really appreciate an "ideal" prize chicken until it has been baked, roasted or fried and placed on the dinner table.

The author of "The House of a Thousand Candles" would have got more readers if he had called it "The House of a Thousand Scandals."

Somebody explains the present high prices of pretty much everything by saying that gold is getting cheap. Have you tried lately to purchase any gold?

"Don't think you are poor, and you won't be," says the gifted Mary Ellen Lease. There is one get rich quick recipe that won't impoverish you, anyway.

An English scientist claims to have discovered evidence that the ancient Britons played dice, and loaded dice, too. Oh, the virtue and goodness of the "fathers!"

In one week's mail Miss Helen Gould received requests for money calling in the aggregate for \$1,500,000. This may explain why your letter wasn't answered.

The announcement that the new map of Alaska shows a shrinkage of 4,000 square miles in six years won't give Rhode Island any burning desire to be resurveyed.

In New York a wife of 76 has sued her husband of 30 for an accounting of the \$300,000 she let him have. An accounting of why she let him have it would not be amiss.

It is odd that China should send commissioners here to learn our ways. It was supposed that Wu Ting-fang had learned everything about us that was to be known.

Novelist Howells says that literature is unremunerative, thus taking a hard rap at the novelists who are making riches out of the books which gain fame as the "best sellers."

The anxiety about the drydock Dewey, now en route for Manila, is entirely unjustifiable. No self-respecting craft named Dewey would disgrace its name by sinking.

If Senator Clark thinks sawmills and mines are so nearly equal in value we can find him a sawmill or two to trade off for his United Verde property any time he's ready.

A gold brick worth \$200,000 has been found under the foundations of an old mill in New Mexico. Now look out for the man who will be around trying to sell its mate at a ruinous discount.

Prof. Alexander Graham Bell has declared that the kite will be the basis of the flying machine, which is not only coming, but is already here. The statement was made, however, after a good dinner.

People are asking the explorers how they are going to tell the pole when they see it, as the compass will not be working about that time. Is it possible that there is no sign in large letters on the pole?

The pianist Gyrogonchalsky—we forget whether he is mentioned by Pruszkowski—has taken a studio in Manhattan. We do not expect to repeat this announcement so long as it costs as much to set type as it does now.

Here's another Franklin story. Illustrative of the great man's foresight and philosophical reach of mind. Some one said of his drawing the electricity from a cloud with the kite: "But what is the use of it?" Franklin replied, "What is the use of a baby?"

PROFIT FEEDING CANAL WORKMEN

Markel Contract Would Have Been Source of Wealth to Omaha Man.

PROCEEDS \$1,000,000 PER YEAR

Chief Engineer Stevens' Declaration That the Arrangement Would Yield Immense Revenue Was Cause of Its Abrogation by the Board.

Washington dispatch: Theodore P. Shonts, chairman of the Isthmian canal commission, Tuesday told the senate committee on intercanal canals that the reason J. F. Markel's contract to establish a complete commissary on the isthmus had been canceled was because Chief Engineer Stevens had declared that Mr. Markel would make \$1,000,000 a year out of the arrangement.

Mr. Shonts said when he received Mr. Stevens' message he called in Mr. Markel and told him other arrangements would have to be made. "Mr. Stevens said the men could be fed on the isthmus for 30 cents a day," declared Mr. Shonts. "Mr. Markel said that he could feed them for 30 cents if permitted to reduce the food to the quality given the laborers under Mr. Stevens' plan."

During the examination of Mr. Shonts Senator Simmons sought to show that the bid of Huggins & Dunbar of New York for the feeding of the canal employees was lower than the bid of J. E. Markel & Son. Mr. Shonts replied that it would be impossible to tell which bid had been the lowest, but that the experience of the Markel firm in feeding large bodies of men had been taken into consideration.

Senator Simmons asked Mr. Shonts if he thought the law had not been violated in letting the contract to a firm whose bid had not been the lowest. Mr. Shonts replied if the law declared that the lowest bid should be accepted without regard to the time of delivery of goods or the quality furnished then the law had been violated by the commission in a number of instances.

May Ignore Bigelow. The committee in executive session indefinitely postponed the date of hearing Poulney Bigelow, the magazine writer, and it is doubtful if he will again be given an opportunity to appear before the committee.

The request of Robert Schwerin, manager of the Pacific Mail Steamship company, to reply to charges made by Secretary Taft and Chief Engineer Stevens that his company had been responsible for a great part of the congestion of freight on the wharves on the isthmus was also discussed by the committee. Several members objected to giving a hearing to Mr. Schwerin on the ground that the committee was not interested in a controversy over which it had no control. After a long discussion, however, the committee agreed to give him a hearing.

Magoon Visits President. Charles E. Magoon, American minister to Panama and governor of the Isthmian canal zone, who says he never has enjoyed better health than he has recently, called at the White House to pay his respects to President Roosevelt. He will remain in Washington about two weeks and then will sail immediately thereafter for the isthmus. He talked briefly to the President about conditions in the canal zone and will discuss with him later the situation of affairs on the isthmus.

"Sanitary conditions in the cities of Panama and Colon and on the strip which constitutes the American zone in Panama," said Mr. Magoon, "are better than they ever have been and for the first time in 100 years, with non-immunes as residents, there is no yellow fever."

"The work of sanitation is progressing finely," he said. "The extinction of the fever has been our principal work in the American zone thus far. We now have it about stamped out."

Raises Saloon License. "The new water works and sewerage systems are each 70 per cent completed and the streets of Panama are being paved and curbed as rapidly as the work can be done."

More than 300 saloons were doing business in the American zone when Gov. Magoon assumed the duties of his office. They paid a license varying from \$15 to \$50 a year. They now pay \$6,000 a year in gold.

Speaking of the physical conditions of the canal work, Gov. Magoon strongly seconded the statement of Engineer Stevens that the construction of the canal presented not a single unsolvable problem in engineering. In fact, he said, there was not even a novel question involved. It was simply a matter of digging up and carrying off a certain quantity of dirt. The real experiment had succeeded.

WHEAT IN FINE CONDITION.

Absence of Snow Not Serious on Account of Mild Weather.

Washington dispatch: The weather bureau's general summary of crop conditions for January are as follows: "In the southern states the middle and last decades were cool and the monthly precipitation in portions of the western districts was excessive and damaging. While the rainfall in the central and west gulf districts was below the average, rains interfered with farm work in central and northeastern Texas and Louisiana. As a whole, however, the month

was exceptionally mild and free from severe weather conditions, affording excellent opportunity for midwinter farm work. Although the winter wheat region was without material snow protection during the greater part of the month, owing to the absence of decided and sudden temperature changes winter wheat escaped serious injury, and at the close of the month was generally in very promising condition. No complaint regarding the Hessian fly has been received."

WAR ON TRUSTS.

Gillespie Resolution May Be Far-reaching in its Effects.

Washington dispatch: While senators and representatives who are under railroad influence speak of the Gillespie resolution, passed by the house, calling for information regarding the Pennsylvania Railroad combination, as trifling and unimportant, signs are not wanting here of a coming anti-trust upheaval. It is expected it will be similar to the one which occurred at the time President Roosevelt ordered Attorney General Knox to proceed against the Northern Securities merger.

The Gillespie resolution was delivered at the White House and the President at once communicated with the interstate commerce commission and instructed it to send to the house all of the information it had bearing upon the matter.

Attorney General Moody has done nothing whatever in the way of investigating this combination, alleged to be in restraint of trade. There are members of the house who declare that if the information furnished is proof of the allegations made by Mr. Gillespie, a resolution will be introduced either directing the Attorney General to proceed with an inquiry or providing for an investigation by the house committee. It is believed that such a resolution would pass by as large a vote as that which carried Mr. Gillespie's resolution through.

INDIANA INDUSTRIES GROW.

Statistical Statement Makes Good Showing for Hoosier State.

Washington dispatch: According to a preliminary summary of statistics of the manufacturing industries of the state of Indiana for the year ended Dec. 31, 1904, there were 7,045 establishments in operation having a total production, including custom work and repairing, of \$234,153,838. In the statement accompanying the figures it is explained that the statistics are confined to manufacturing establishments with a product of \$500 or over, thus excluding the neighborhood industries and hand trades, such as the building trades, dressmaking, custom millinery, custom sewing and grinding, cobbling and blacksmithing. Including these industries there were reported in the year 1900 18,015 establishments with a production of \$378,120,140. In 1904 the 7,045 establishments of the class referred to represented a capital of \$311,526,026. There were 14,865 salaried officials, clerks, etc., drawing salaries amounting to \$15,397,038; number of wage-earners, 154,274; amount of wages, \$72,178,258. The eight principal industries of the state are given as carriages and wagons, flour and grist mill products, foundry and machine shop products, glass, iron and steel, distilled liquors, lumber and wholesale slaughtering and meat-packing.

Upholds Asphalt Claim.

Washington special: Secretary Root has completed his reading of the report of Judge Calhoun, the special commissioner who was sent to Venezuela to investigate the claim of the New York and Bermudez Asphalt company against Venezuela and other claims of Americans against the country. The secretary will instruct Mr. Russell, the American minister at Caracas, to renew his efforts to obtain a satisfactory settlement of the asphalt claim. This claim will be presented to the Venezuelan government in a modified form as a result of the recommendations made by Judge Calhoun. In so far as the claim is found to be just Mr. Russell will be instructed to press for its settlement. If President Castro again refuses the secretary will then announce the subsequent course which will be pursued.

Insurgents Are Busy.

Washington dispatch: That the leaders among the house insurgents against the statehood bill have not profited from their experience is evidenced by the efforts they now are putting forth in conjunction with the galleons representing new interests in the senate. Although there is less noise, the lobby is more active than ever and has been added to by delegates in the west. The activity of certain members of the house in carrying their fight to the other branch of congress is causing considerable comment, even though the chances of success are small.

Great Iron Mill Starts.

Pittsburg, Pa., dispatch: One of the new mills of the \$10,000,000 group, recently authorized by the United States Steel corporation, began operations at McKeesport Tuesday. The mill is said to be the largest and finest in the world.

Wearies of Criticism.

Washington special: Director North of the census bureau said he was tired of criticism by cotton growers of the south directed against his cotton report. "He hoped congress would relieve him of further work on cotton statistics."

OPEN HERO FUND FOR LIFE SAVERS

Quick Action Results When Matter Is Taken Up by the Commission.

PUT RED TAPE IN WASTE BASKET

Report of the Thrilling Rescue of Liner's Crew and Passengers Is Investigated in Short Order, Money and Medals Being Awarded.

Pittsburg, Pa., dispatch: Almost within two weeks after the thrilling rescue of the crew and passengers of the Clyde liner Cherokee by Capt. Casto and crew of the Alberta, the Carnegie hero fund commission has decided upon the awards. It is the quickest action ever taken by the commission, and was accomplished by the throwing aside of any vestige of red tape and because of the prompt action of the commissioners in initiating the investigation.

With the first reports of the rescue, the commission undertook its work. A special committee of the commission was detailed at once to ascertain the circumstances under which the fifty-two lives were saved, to whom should go the credit of their saving, and to what degree each of those who participated should be rewarded.

Committee Acts Quickly.

The committee did its work quickly and at a meeting of the commission Wednesday its report was made. This was followed by a resolution making the award, and this will be followed promptly by the distribution of the money and medals to be given. Besides medals for the captain and every member of the crew, sums of money aggregating \$9,500 will be distributed on the following basis:

To Capt. Mark Casto—A gold medal and \$1,500, or so much of it as may be necessary to lift the mortgage on the navigator's property at Pleasantville, N. J.; also a fund of \$5,000 to be held in trust by the executive commission, out of which shall be paid the expenses of Mark Jacob Casto, the 9-year-old son of the commander of the Alberta. This last was at the father's request.

Silver for the Sailors.

To each member of the crew—a silver medal and \$500, to be placed to the credit of each as a savings fund, to be held in trust for two years, during which time the beneficiary is to get the interest, and at the end of that time the principal. In case of the death of the beneficiary this fund reverts to his estate.

Those who will benefit under this provision are Neils Gregersen, Frederick Beuchle, Marcus Nielsen, Joseph M. Shute, Axel Holmquist and Lewis J. Johnson.

A further resolution was adopted expressing high appreciation of the bravery and devotion to duty of the United States life saving crews of the North and South Brigantine stations during Jan. 12, 13 and 14, while the Cherokee and those aboard it were at the mercy of the sea on the Brigantine shoals off Atlantic City.

WEALTHY BANKER IS SWINDLED

New York Confidence Men Get \$48,000 for Wildcat Stock.

New York dispatch: James Spears, president of the St. Lawrence County bank in Canton, N. Y., has been swindled out of \$48,000 in cash by one of the cleverest hands of confidence men New York ever has turned out. The swindlers are operating extensively throughout this state and have headquarters in Boston and Philadelphia. Their stock in trade consists of various mining stocks. President Spears is looked upon as one of the shrewdest business men in the upper part of the state. He has large lumber interests in the Adirondacks and is said to be worth \$300,000. By clever manipulation he was induced to pay \$48,000 for \$60,000 worth of Gold Temple Cripple Creek mining stock, which is said to have practically no value.

ROBBER IS KILLED BY OFFICER

Illinois Man Shot While Looting Philadelphia Grocery Store.

Philadelphia, Pa., dispatch: A man who gave his name as Patrick Say of Peoria, Ill., died in a hospital here from the effects of a bullet wound received while endeavoring to escape from a policeman. Say was detected in the act of robbing a grocery store and sought safety in flight. He was pursued by Policeman Kellar, who fired two shots after the fugitive. The second bullet struck Say in the back and lodged in his kidneys. Although told that he was mortally wounded, Say refused to divulge his name until a short time before he died.

DUKE'S GRANDSON IS MARRIED

Descendant of English Nobility Now Pittsburg State Clerk.

Pittsburg, Pa., special: Archibald J. Holman of Allegheny, grandson of the duke of Richmond, was married to Anna Brown Martin, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Martin. Mr. Holman is employed in a local furniture house. His mother was one of the daughters of the duke of Richmond. An heirloom, a locket of the duke's containing pictures of the duke and duchess, was presented to the bride by the bridegroom. They left for a trip to the east.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS

Wednesday, January 31, 1906. In the Senate to-day Mr. Patterson strongly endorsed the position of the President in Santo Domingo and in the matter of the Alconero conference. Mr. Tillman presented a resolution requesting the President to send to the Senate all the official correspondence with the American minister to Santo Domingo in 1904. It went over until to-morrow. Mr. Heyburn sought an agreement in vote on the pure food bill, Feb. 7, but Mr. Teller objected. Mr. Teller made a similar objection when Mr. Gallinger sought to have a time fixed for a vote on the shipping bill. Considerable debate on this measure followed, but no action was taken. At 3:30 p. m. the Senate went into executive session and at 3:35 adjourned until to-morrow.

Discussion of the railroad rate bill was continued in the House to-day. Speeches by Mr. Campbell (Kan.) and Mr. Martin (S. D.) took a wider range and included trust evils. Another speech in favor of the bill was made by Mr. Barlett (Ga.), while Mr. Perkins (N. Y.) attacked the measure. A bill was passed granting a cadet's charter to the cadets of the Rock River at Grand Detour, Ill., was granted. Adjournment until to-morrow was taken at 3:17 p. m.

Thursday, February 1, 1906. The Senate to-day passed about forty miscellaneous bills, providing for a delegate in Congress from Alaska and for lighthouse revenue criteria and technical stations. The greater part of the time was devoted to the shipping bill. Mr. Penrose making a set speech in favor of the measure. Mr. Tillman's resolution calling on the President to send to the Senate all the letters from the minister to Santo Domingo to the State Department in 1904 was referred to the committee on foreign relations. At 4:05 p. m. the Senate went into executive session and at 4:15 adjourned until to-morrow.

The House to-day called for the estimate of cotton yet to be ginned, which the director of the census has compiled but which he has no authority to make public until March. The discussion of the railroad rate bill was continued. So many speakers have come to the point that the House will meet at 11 o'clock hereafter until the debate is ended. Mr. Sibbey (Pa.) attacked the measure as socialism. Mr. Knapp (N. Y.), Mr. Shafelord (N. Y.) and Mr. Heflin (Ala.) supported it. A resolution looking to the preservation of Niagara Falls was agreed to. It requires a report and recommendation from the American members of the joint commission appointed a few years ago to consider this question. At 5 p. m. adjournment was taken until to-morrow.

Friday, February 2, 1906. The first formal reading of the statehood bill was begun in the Senate to-day, but Mr. Teller objected and consideration of the measure was postponed. The shipping bill was the subject of considerable debate. Mr. Tulliver (Ark.) and Mr. Gallinger and Mr. Perkins supporting it. The provision prohibiting vessels from receiving subsidies for more than ten years was voted out. One hundred and fifteen pension bills were passed. Another measure adopted provides for a survey for a new deep harbor on Lake Michigan. At 4:22 p. m. the Senate adjourned until Monday.

Speeches on the railway rate bill occupied the House for six hours to-day. Mr. McCall of Massachusetts attacked the measure, while Messrs. Burton of Ohio, Russell of Texas, Thomas of North Carolina, Burke of South Dakota and Cullen of New York supported it. At 5:15 p. m. the House adjourned until to-morrow.

PEORIA BANK ESCAPES PAYMENT OF SHORTAGE

Members of School Board Announce There Will Be No Attempt to Collect Dougherty Defalcation.

Peoria, Ill., dispatch: John S. Stevens, O. J. Bailey and Fritz Lueder, the most active members of the board of school inspectors, gave out the announcement Tuesday night that the board would decide at its meeting next Monday night to forego all prosecution of the Peoria National bank for the Dougherty shortage and of the bondsmen of the school treasurer.

The decided change in front is attributed to a strong public sentiment which has demanded that the innocent stockholders and depositors of the bank, many of whom are widows and orphans with little property, should not be made to pay losses permitted by the carelessness of officials.

The opinion of Judge McCulloch, recently retained by the school board, holding that the bank and bondsmen are liable for approximately \$750,000 of the shortage, was placed in the hands of members of the board on Monday and the announcement has created great surprise in the city. On the part of many minority members of the board there is a movement to compel the bondsmen to make good the shortage over and above the \$150,000 which is left of the Dougherty estate.

FEUDISTS IN A GENERAL FIGHT

Three Wounded, One Fatally, in Combat at Ottumwa, Iowa.

Ottumwa, Iowa, dispatch: "Red" Russell Sunday night was shot and probably fatally wounded in a saloon at Eldon by Marshal Samuel Crow. Russell's brother Frank followed Marshal Crow from the saloon and a pistol fight followed. Russell was shot in the shoulder and Crow was wounded in the head, in the hand and twice in the leg. The shooting is the culmination of a feud of long standing between "Red" Russell and Crow. Russell is a former convict. Crow says he had been threatened by Russell. Frank Russell and Crow will recover.

Panama Road Congestion.

Washington dispatch: In reply to the charges of Secretary Taft and Chief Engineer Stevens that the Pacific Mail Steamship company was largely responsible for the congestion of the freight on the isthmus of Panama, Robert P. Schwerin, general manager of the line, laid the blame at the feet of the officials of the Panama Railroad company and made a few charges on his own account.

Baseball Player Loses Arm.

Washington dispatch: Charles Abbey, the former baseball player, who played on the Washington team after coming here from the Southern league, was run over by a street car, injuring his left arm so badly that it had to be amputated.

Calumet Baking Powder

complies with the pure food laws of all states. Food prepared with it is free from Rochelle Salts, Lime, Alum and Ammonia.

The Trust wants you to pay 45 or 50 cents a pound for their baking powder which leaves large quantities of Rochelle Salts in the food. Rochelle Salts is a dangerous cathartic drug.

"Watered" Poker the Latest.

An evil surpassing race suicide was told about in Magistrate Barlow's court to-day when evidence was adduced to show that the watered stock idea has at last invaded and corrupted the sacred ethics of draw poker. Magistrate Barlow threw the case out of court in disgust, asking: "What on earth is to become of the game now?" Wolf Bernstein, a bartender, and four friends were raised while having a little dollar limit game Sunday night. Policeman Donnelly, who made the arrests, however, said he found only \$1.37 in the crowd.

"How did they manage to play \$1 limit with so little money?" asked the magistrate.

"They always settled on a 2 per cent basis," said the policeman.

"Oh, another watered stock game," said the disgusted magistrate.—New York Co. Philadelphia Record.

Emerson Story Recalled.

Dr. Spofford related the other day a good story which Ralph Waldo Emerson told him more than half a century ago. It recalls the days before it was necessary for Presidents to recommend in their messages the setting apart of reservations for the protection of the buffalo on the far western plains. The animal was then so plentiful that every person who had occasion to drive much in winter used a buffalo-skin robe, and this was popularly known as "a buffalo."

A young German who had come to Harvard college as an instructor decided to take a sleigh ride one mild winter day and went to the livery stable to make arrangements. As the sleigh was about to be turned over to him, the livery foreman looked up and asked: "Shall I put in a buffalo?"

"Mercy, no," answered the German professor. "Put in a horse!"—New York Mail.

OVER SEA HABIT

Difference on This Side the Water.

The persistent effect upon the heart of caffeine in coffee cannot but result in the gravest conditions, in time.

Each attack of the drug (and that means each cup of coffee) weakens the organ a little more, and the end is almost a matter of mathematical demonstration. A lady writes from a Western state:

"I am of German descent and it was natural that I should learn at a very early age to drink coffee. Until I was 23 years old I drank scarcely anything else at my meals."

"A few years ago I began to be affected by a steadily increasing nervousness, which eventually developed into a distressing heart trouble that made me very weak and miserable. Then, some three years ago, was added asthma in its worst form. My sufferings from these things can be better imagined than described."

"During all this time my husband realized more fully than I did that coffee was injurious to me, and made every effort to make me stop."

"Finally it was decided a few months ago, to quit the use of coffee absolutely, and to adopt Postum Food Coffee as our hot table drink. I had but little idea that it would help me, but consented to try it to please my husband. I prepared it very carefully, exactly according to directions, and was delighted with its delicious flavor and refreshing qualities."

"Just as soon as the poison from the coffee had time to get out of my system the nutritive properties of the Postum began to build me up, and I am now fully recovered from all my nervousness, heart trouble and asthma. I gladly acknowledge that now, for the first time in years, I enjoy perfect health, and that I owe it all to Postum." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

"There's a reason. Read the little book, 'The Road to Wellville' in pkgs."

Postum Food Coffee contains no drugs of any description, whatsoever.

JOAN OF THE SWORD HAND

By S. R. CROCKETT, Author of "The Raiders" Etc.
(Copyright, 1929, 1930, by S. R. Crockett.)

CHAPTER XXXII.

The Margraf's Powder Chests.

Theresa and her conductor stood within the tent of the commander of the Muscovite army. She found herself in the immediate presence of Prince Ivan, who rose with his usual lithe grace to greet her. An older man, with a gray, pinched face, sat listlessly with his elbow on the small camp table. He leaned his forehead on his palm and looked down. Behind, in the half dark of the tent, a low, wide divan with cushions was revealed, and all the upper end of the tent was filled up with a huge and shadowy pile of kegs and boxes, only half concealed behind a curtain.

"I bid you welcome, my lady," said Prince Ivan, taking her hand. "Surely never did ally come welcome than you to our camp tonight. Let us hear your news, and then will we find you such lodging and welcome as may be in among rough soldiers and in a camp of war."

He went to the front of the pavilion and pushed aside the dripping flap.

"Alexis!" he cried, "call up my people. Bid them bring a brazier, and tell these lazy fellows to serve supper in half an hour on peril of their heads!"

He returned and stood before Theresa, who had sunk back as if fatigued on an ottoman covered with thick furs. Her feet nestled in the bearskins which covered the floor. The Prince looked anxiously down.

"Pardon me, your shoes are wet," he said. "We are but Muscovite bores, but we know how to make ladies comfortable. Permit me!" He encased Theresa's feet in dainty oriental slippers, small as her own, and placed them delicately and respectfully on the couch.

"There, that is better!" he said, standing over her tenderly.

Theresa did not answer. She only smiled at the Prince, leaning a little farther back and resting her head upon the palm of her hand. The warmth of the tent and the soft luxury of the rich rugs had brought a flush of red to a cheek which yet tingled with the volleying of the Baltic raindrops.

"Alexis never told me this woman was so beautiful," Ivan said to himself. "Who is she? She cannot be a Courtland. Such a marvel could not have been hidden from me during all my stay there!"

So he addressed himself to making the discovery.

"My lady," he said, "you are our guest. Will you deign to tell us how more formally we may address you? You are no Courtlander, as all may see!"

"I am a Dane," she answered, smiling. "I am called the Lady Theresa. For the present let that suffice. I am venturing much to come to you thus! My father and brothers built a castle upon the Baltic shore on land that has been the inheritance of my mother. Then came the reivers of Kernsberg and burned the castle to the ground. They burned it with fire from cellar to roof-tree. And they slackened the fire with the blood of my nearest kindred!"

As she spoke Theresa's eyes glittered and altered. The Prince read easily the meaning of that excitement. How was he to know all that lay behind?

"And so," he said, "you have no goodwill to the Princess Joan of Hohenstein—and Courtland. Or to any of her favorites?" he added after a pause.

At the name the grey-headed man who had been sitting unmoved by the



Encased Theresa's feet in dainty oriental slippers.

table with his elbow on the board, raised a strangely winced face to Theresa's.

"What?" he said in broken accents, stammering in his speech and grappling with the words as if, like a wrestler at a fair, he must throw each one severally—"what—who has a word to say against the Lady Joan, Princess of Courtland? Who wrongs her name has me to reckon with—ay, were it my brother Ivan himself!"

"Not I, certainly, my good Louis," answered Ivan easily. "I would not wrong the lady by word or deed for all Germany from Bor-Russia to the Rhine-fall!"

He turned to Alexis the Deacon, who was at his elbow.

"Fill up his cup—remember what I bade you!" he said sharply in an undertone.

"His cup is full, he will drink no

more. He pushes it from him!" answered Alexis in the same half-whisper.

Prince Ivan regarded Louis of Courtland with disgust. "Look at him! Who can wonder at the lady's taste? He is a pretty prince of a great province. But if he live he will do enough to fill a chair and hold a golden rod. Take him away, Alexis."

"Nay," said Theresa, with quick alarm, "let him stay. There are many things to speak of. We may need to consult Prince Louis later."

"I fear the Prince will not be of great use to us," smiled Prince Ivan. "If only I had known, I would have conserved his princely senses more carefully. But the light wine of our country is dangerously strong."

"Convey his Highness to the rear, and lay him upon the powder barrels!" He indicated with his hand the array of boxes and kegs piled in the dusk of the tent. The servants did as they were told; they lifted Prince Louis and would have carried him to that grim couch, but, struck with some peculiarity, Alexis the Deacon suddenly bent over the lax body and thrust his hand into the bosom of his princely habit, now tarnished thick with wine stains and spilled meats.

"Excellency," he said, turning to his master, "the Prince is dead! His heart does not beat. It is the stroke! I warned you it would come!"

Prince Ivan strode hastily towards the body of Louis of Courtland.

"Surely not?" he cried, in seeming astonishment. "This may prove very inconvenient. Yet, after all, what does it matter? With your assistance, madam, the city is ours. And then what matters dead prince or living prince? A garrison in every fort, a squadron of good Cossacks pricking across every plain, a tax-collector in every village—these are the best securities of princedom. But this is like our good Louis. He never did anything at a right time all his life."

Theresa stood on the other side of the dead man as the servants lowered him for the inspection of their lord. The weary, wrinkled face had been smoothed as with the passage of a hand.

"I am glad he spoke of his wife at the last," she murmured. And she added to herself, "This falls out well—it relieves me of a necessity."

"Spoken like a woman!" cried Prince Ivan, looking admiringly at her. "Pray forgive my bitter speech, and remember that I have borne long with this man!"

He turned to the servants and directed them with a motion of his hand towards the back of the pavilion.

"Drop the curtain," he said. And as the silken folds dropped heavily down the curtain fell upon the career and regality of Louis, Prince of Courtland, hereditary Defender of the Holy See.

The men did not bear him far. They placed him upon the boxes of powder for the Margraf's cannon, which for safety and dryness Ivan had bade them bring to his pavilion. The dead man lay in the dark, open-eyed, as if staring at the circling shadows as the servants moved athwart about the supper table, at which a woman sat eating and drinking with her enemy.

And then Theresa had spoken. Very fully she had told what she had learned of the defenses of the place, which gates were guarded by the Kernsbergers, which by the men of Plassenburg, which by the remnants of the broken army of Courtland. She spoke in a hushed voice, the Prince sipping and nodding as he looked into her eyes. She gave the passwords of the inner and outer defenses, the numbers of the defenders at each gate, the plans for bringing provisions up the Alla—indeed, everything that a besieging general needs to know.

And as soon as she told the passwords the Prince asked her to pardon him a moment. He struck a silver bell and with scarce a moment's delay Alexis entered.

"Go," said the Prince, "send one of our fellows familiar with the speech of Courtland into the city by the Plassenburg gate. The passwords are 'Henry the Lion' at the outer gate and 'Remember' at the inner port. Let the man be dressed in the habit of a countryman, and carry with him some wine and provend. Follow him and report immediately."

While the Prince was speaking he had never taken his eyes off Theresa von Lynar, though he had appeared to be regarding Alexis the Deacon. Theresa did not blanch. Not a muscle of her face quivered. And within his Muscovite heart, full of treachery as an egg of meat, Prince Ivan said, "She is no traitress, this dame; but a simpleton with all her beauty. The woman is speaking the truth."

And Theresa was speaking the truth. She had expected some such test and was prepared; but she only told the defenders' plans to one man; and as for the passwords, she had arranged with Boris that at the earliest dawn the passwords were to be changed and the forces redistributed.

While these two waited for the return of Alexis, the Prince encouraged Theresa to speak of her wrongs. He watched with approbation the sparkle of her eye as she spoke of Joan of the Sword Hand. He noted how she shut down her lips when Henry the Lion was mentioned, how her voice shook as she recounted the cruel end of her kin.

Though at ordinary times most so-

ber, the Prince now added cup to cup, and like a Muscovite he grew more bitter as the wine mounted to his head. He leaned forward and laid his hand upon his companion's white wrist. Theresa quivered a little, but did not take it away. The Prince was becoming confidential.

"Yes," he said, leaning towards her, "you have suffered great wrongs, and do well to hate them with the hate that craves vengeance. But you shall be satisfied. To-morrow and to-morrow's to-morrow you and I shall have our heart's desire upon our enemies. Yes, for many days. Sweet—sweet it shall be—sweet, and very slow; for I, too, have wrongs, as you shall hear."

"Truly, I did well to come to you!" said Theresa, giving her hand willingly into his.

"You speak truth." He hissed the words bitterly. "Indeed, you did better than well. I also have wrongs, and Ivan of Muscovy will show you a Muscovite vengeance."

"This Prince Conrad of theirs balked me of my revenge and drove me from the city. Him will I take and burn at the stake in his priest's robes, as if he were saying mass—or, better still, in the red of the cardinal's habit with his hat on his head. And ere he dies he shall see his paramour carried to her funeral. For I will give you the life of the woman for whose sake he thwarted Ivan of Muscovy."



"It is worth it all," he said. "If you will it, no hand but yours shall have the shedding of the blood of your house's enemy, Henry of Kernsberg. Is not this your vengeance already sweet in prospect?"

"It is sweet indeed!" answered Theresa.

"Your Highness!" said the voice of Alexis at the tent door, "am I permitted to speak?"

"Speak on!" cried Ivan, without relaxing his clasp upon the hand of Theresa von Lynar. Indeed, momentarily it became a grip.

"The man went safely through at the Plassenburg gate. The passwords were correct. The man who challenged spoke with a Kernsberg accent!"

The Prince's grasp relaxed. "It is well," he said. "Now go to the captains and tell them to be in their posts about the city according to the plan—the main assault to be delivered by the gate of the sea. At dawn I will be with you!"

Alexis the Deacon saluted and went. The Prince rose and came about the table nearer to Theresa von Lynar. She drew her breath quickly and checked it as sharply by a kind of sob. Her left hand went to her side as naturally as a nun's to her rosary. But it was no rosary her fingers touched. The action steadied her, and she threw back her head and smiled up at him as debonairly as though she had no care in the world.

Ivan laid his hand on her shoulder, glad to see her so resolute. "All in good time," he said, sitting down on a stool at her feet and taking her hand—her right hand. The other he did not see. Then he spoke confidentially.

(To be continued.)

Mistaken for a Butler.

London society folk are much amused at a recent misadventure of Lord Newton-Butler, who is a dignified man of rather stiff carriage and who is himself responsible for the story.

It was a musical at home in Belgravia, to which the lord was invited, and, it being a rainy night, he wore a felt hat and a long waterproof coat over his evening dress. The family butler opened the door to him, looked puzzled for a moment, and then asked tentatively, "Name, please?"

"Lord Newton-Butler," was the reply.

"Oh, Lord Newton's butler, are you? Come along, old chap, and have a drop of something in the housekeeper's room. They've got a job lot up stairs tonight and your master ain't come yet, if you're looking for him."

"With pleasure," said his lordship, who spent a chatty five minutes with the butler over a glass of Burton ale. "Much obliged to you, I'm sure, and now I think I'll go and have a look at the 'job lot' in the drawing room."

And to the butler's horror his new acquaintance strode up the stairs and was soon warmly shaking the hand of his hostess.

Quite Different.

He chides her, sarcastically, for turning about to look at the women they have passed.

"You cannot resist the temptation," he says, "to see what they are wearing."

"Not so," she replies, in defense. "I merely turned about to see if they had turned about to see what my new dress was made of."

Listeners seldom hear any good of themselves, or anybody else

PUT FORTH LIFE BY CHEMISTRY

German Professor Is Positive That Science Will Solve the Problem.

CAPABLE OF REPRODUCTION

New Animal to Be Created Through Chemical Means Will Possess Power to Propagate Itself—Expects Slow Development.

New York dispatch: Man, through his advanced science, may develop into a creature himself, in the opinion of Prof. Wilhelm Ostwald of the University of Leipzig in a lecture at Columbia university on the results of the attempts to create life through chemical processes.

Prof. Ostwald has given careful attention to the experiments of Prof. Jacques Loeb of the University of California, and announces with confidence his belief that by slow development science may even create a type of life as high as that of our domestic animals.

The steps will be slow; one form of life will be produced after another, and eventually, the professor expects, something almost akin to man in its physical being may be produced.

Prof. Ostwald is a bold thinker and a daring talker. His belief that man may eventually usurp some of the functions of the Creator is, he says, based on careful study and research.

May Propagate Its Own.

He insists that some new form of being of the highest type, with the ability to propagate its kind, will walk the earth as a product of advance science. He considers this as certain as that modern mechanical invention will take forward strides in the coming century.

"There is practically no limit to what man can do in this direction," he said. "Of course at first he will be able to produce only a piece of protoplasm, something like the water hydra or the resemblance of the sea urchin that Prof. Loeb has evolved, but it will be instinct with real life and will be a step in the new evolution."

This evolution only can result in the creation of something the equal of our higher animals, but what it will be who shall say?

"It seems to me that the scientist who does this will be able to determine the physical form of his creation after the development has started and he will have created a new order of life, for this being will multiply in its own form indefinitely, just the same as all our modern animals."

Positive of Results.

"I am not a biologist; I am just a chemist; I can not say whether this creation of man will be 'rustacean, mammalian, or whether biped, quadruped, fish, fowl or reptile; I can only say that after careful study of what has been accomplished I am overwhelmed at the inevitable probabilities."

"I know that by inorganic processes organic being can be produced and future generations may be furnished with a living object lesson in the doctrine of evolution. Who knows but a new order of humanity may be created?"

"Our science is young. Some of the most important branches of chemistry have been known but twenty years. We can not yet fully explain the fact and phenomena of life and, after all, a living thing is nothing but a system of energy and life. It is but a matter of chemistry."

KING OF DENMARK DIES POOR

Estate of the Late Ruler Amounts to Only \$250,000.

Copenhagen cablegram: It is stated that King Christian left only a small fortune, amounting probably to less than \$250,000. He was always charitable, and most of his revenue, aside from that absolutely needed for household expenses, went as gifts to the poor and to deserving institutions. The dead monarch's body was placed in a plain casket, in obedience to his wishes, and lies in the "Garden room" of the palace. King Frederick has issued a decree of amnesty releasing many prisoners.

Firm on Rate Measure.

Washington special: Senators Doliver and Clapp, authors of one of the several bills for the regulation of railroad rates which are pending in the senate, conferred with President Roosevelt on the general subject of rate legislation and the prospects for favorable action on an administration measure. The president took the position that there should be no compromise with the opponents of such legislation and urged his conferees to "stand pat" for a bill that contains the chief provisions of the Hepburn bill, which is before the house, or their bill pending before the senate committee on interstate commerce.

Whipping Post Bill.

Washington dispatch: The house committee on the District of Columbia has decided to report without recommendation of any sort the Adams bill providing for wifebeaters in the District of Columbia. This action of the committee places the bill on the house calendar and it will come up on district day. Ten votes were cast in favor of reporting the bill and three against.

THOUGHT WAVE PHOTO LATEST

Mental Impression Can Be Transferred to Prepared Plates

SCIENTIFIC TEST IS UNIQUE

Persons Possessing Peculiar Sensitive Properties May Have Their Ideas Reproduced for Their Friends by Visiting Photograph Gallery.

Rochester, N. Y., dispatch: Photographs of thoughts and mental impressions will soon be as common as cabinet portraits, according to Dr. M. A. Veeder, a scientist of Lyons, near Rochester. He believes he has solved the problem of photographing brain waves.

Dr. Veeder invited a number of friends to a photograph gallery to participate in an experiment intended to demonstrate the possibility of affecting a photographic plate by a purely mental process.

It was found that all of those who assisted in the experiment were capable of exercising supersensitive powers that are ordinarily latent. This having been shown, a plate from a package which had not been opened before was put in the holder and laid on the table, the shutter being closed. Each person placed one hand about four inches above the plate, with the other hand under the plate and table, and were requested to fix their minds on a named object.

Makes Impression on Plates.

After an exposure of about one minute the plate was taken into a dark room and developed. It was found that a spot had formed about the size of a silver dollar, which, it developed, was that the persons participating in the experiment had in mind. The precaution taken was such that there was no escape from the conclusion that the picture printed on the plate was an impression of the thought in the minds of those interested.

It demonstrated, Dr. Veeder says, the fact that persons in a certain state of sensitiveness of the mind, which has been fully identified, are able to produce an impression on a rapid photographic plate without direct contact.

Mind Must Be Sensitive.

The experiment, Dr. Veeder stated, cannot be successfully performed by sheer effort of the will without the peculiar sensitiveness of the mind, evidence of which was secured in the case of the five persons participating in this experiment.

Dr. Veeder believes that the fact that brain waves or something of that sort are capable of producing photographic impressions is not unreasonable and is of remarkable interest in many ways. Whether the mind can project itself outwardly on the principle of wireless telegraphy for considerable distances remains to be seen. He says his experiments would indicate that it is among the possibilities.

SEEKS MILITARY POLICE CHIEF

Mayor Advertis for Soldier Who Will Direct Department.

Buffalo, N. Y., special: Mayor J. N. Adams of Buffalo has published an announcement that he desires to hear of the "ablest United States army or navy officer qualified for superintendent of police of Buffalo and available for the position."

"Fitness, not politics," the mayor says, "is the essential qualification."

"No officer need be disappointed if he is rejected. No officer need be surprised if he is chosen. The mayor has several officers in mind and is looking up their records, in addition to looking for other possible appointees. All applications will be carefully considered and treated as confidential if so desired."

ROTHSCHILD AIDS EMIGRANTS

Financier Will Send Two Hundred Poor Families to Canada.

London cablegram: A scheme has been perfected under which Lord Rothschild at his own expense will send 200 families to Canada. Fifty of these families will leave England Feb. 13. The scheme forms a basis for the solution of the problem regarding the unemployed of Great Britain. The emigrants will be provided with clothes and food, the cost of their passages, situations on their arrival, and sums of money to guard against emergencies. The total cost for each adult is placed at \$50, which must be repaid in installments.

Congressmen Work More.

Washington dispatch: As a result of the restriction of passes by the railroads more congressmen are in daily attendance upon the sessions of the house than usual. Most congressmen cannot afford to do much railroad traveling when required to buy tickets, and men who in previous sessions have made almost weekly trips home are now remaining at the capital, where the air is thick with threats of retaliation.

President Protects Old Soldier.

Washington special: On President Roosevelt's order, John J. Bowes, the former United States soldier, who has been denied a landing at Boston, where he arrived from Ireland, has been made comfortable at the immigrant station at Boston pending a decision of the case.

WINTER WEAKNESS

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People That Most People Need for Blood and Nerves.

In winter the air of the close rooms in which we spend so much of the time does not furnish enough oxygen to the lungs to burn out the foul matter in the blood. In the cold season we do not exercise as much and the skin and kidneys do not throw off the waste matter as freely as usual. The system becomes overloaded with poisonous matter, and too feeble to throw it off. Relief can be had only through the use of a remedy that will promptly and thoroughly purify and strengthen the blood, and the one best adapted for this purpose is the great blood tonic known as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

"They acted like magic in my case," said Mrs. Clara L. Wilde, of No. 377 Farnsworth avenue, Detroit, Mich. "I was weak and thin and could not sleep. My stomach and nerves were out of order. I can't describe how miserable I really was. I dragged through six months of feebleness, growing weaker all the time until I finally hadn't strength enough to leave my bed."

"Then a glad day came, the day when I began to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They made me feel strong right away. My appetite came back, I took on flesh and the color returned to my cheeks. People wondered that these pills did for me what the doctors couldn't do. I took only six boxes and then I was perfectly well. If I had not found this wonderful remedy I surely think that I must have wasted to death. Believing firmly that these pills saved my life by the strength which they gave me at a critical moment, I unhesitatingly recommend them to others."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain no stimulant but give strength that lasts. They may be obtained at any drug store.

Relatively Speaking.

"It is a shame and a disgrace the way that things are wasted and mismanaged on the Panama canal."

"Are you any relation to the Mr. Bingleton who was summarily dismissed from the employ of the canal commission?"

"Yes; he's my brother."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only catarrhal cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Civic Art Expert.

Charles Mulford Robinson, of Rochester, N. Y., who is a civic art expert, has been invited to Denver, for the purpose of making an investigation of the municipal improvements.

APPRENTICESHIP KILLED.

Union Recognition of the Coyne

Schools Means That You Can Learn the Plumbing and Bricklaying Trade in 2 to 3 Months and Earn from \$5 to \$8 Per Day.

Day by day the world has more work to be done and is willing to pay to have it done better. The chief department in the world's great workshop is devoted to the building trades. The most important of these are Practical Plumbing, Sanitary Engineering and Bricklaying. The demand for men in these trades exceeds the supply.

With the proper kind of training, which can now be obtained in from two to three months, thousands of men of ordinary intelligence could immediately find themselves in permanent positions, paying from \$4.00 to \$8.00 per day. This is not idle talk, the proof awaits your inquiry.

Perhaps you have heard of schools in which Plumbing, Bricklaying and other trades are taught, and will say, "Oh, no! What's the use of learning a trade if you can't get into the Union?"

Now, what do you think of a school that turns out better workmen than the average journeyman; where you are instructed by officers of the Plumbers' Union, and from which graduation means admission to the Plumbers' Union and a position with immediate returns for your tuition investment?

The only schools in the world that can do this for you are the Schools of Practical Plumbing, Sanitary Engineering and Bricklaying conducted by Coyne Bros. Co. in Chicago, New York, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

This is the first time in history that such an opportunity has been offered to those living in the country. By either attending their schools or taking a course of practical instruction at your own home you can learn a trade that will make you independent for life, qualify you for admission to the union and enable you to earn big wages, with the further opportunity to own a paying business of your own.

You have read in the Chicago papers about these schools, and how the Plumbers' Union, by recognizing our schools, has caused the end of the apprenticeship system.

The schools are in session day and night throughout the entire year. The course of Practical Instruction at Home is not a correspondence course. They send you the tools and material for actual practice at home, and by following the instructions, in which hundreds of photographs of your instructor take you through every step in the trade, you are enabled to become a competent workman.

The Coyne Schools are the only schools in the world recognized by the Union.

Now is your opportunity. Success is assured from the beginning. Fill in and send the attached coupon to-day, and we will send you free catalogues and information describing the course you desire.

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