

WATERWORKS FOR CULVER

The People are Getting Together on this Proposition.

THE MONEY CAN BE RAISED

Another Year Will See this Splendid Improvement Secured.

The recent fires and the discussion of the matter of fire protection has developed a strong sentiment in favor of waterworks. Everybody admits the necessity of doing something to prevent the destruction of the town by fire, and from the best evidence at hand the majority of the people have expressed a preference for waterworks. The Citizen also believes that a waterworks system is a desirable improvement to go after, and the sooner the better. The members of the town board see no serious financial difficulty in handling this project, and unless they or the property-owners get "cold feet" Culver will next year be in the enjoyment of a plant that will be adequate for fire and domestic purposes.

Mr. Fred Cole, representing the National Waterworks company—a corporation that has installed plants all over the country—has made a verbal proposition to the board to build a system and furnish ample equipment for two companies for \$7,000. This will provide for a line of four-inch mains extending from the south end of Main street to the depot. The system is known as the air-pressure system and is in use in a large number of small towns, a large town board of towns. The town board will thoroughly inform itself—and is in fact already investigating—of the merits of the system, and whether that or some other type of works is adopted the people may rest assured that no contract will be let hastily or without full information on the part of the board.

The money can be raised partly by a bond issue and partly by floating warrants. The present bond limit is about \$5,000. Upon the petition of two-thirds of the property-owners the board can make an issue without resorting to an election. This method will be easier, quieter and more certain of success than through the medium of an election in which disinterested men will have the same voice as the largest property-owners, and in which some personal or outside issue may be raised to defeat the project.

Provision will be made by which property-owners off the line of the parent mains can be supplied with water in their houses. One way of doing this is for the property-owners to pay for lateral mains, the money to be refunded to them as soon as the town is able. As a further inducement the town can supply them with free water for a term of years.

A member of the town board said to the Citizen: "The majority of the property-owners—and all of the largest ones—are decidedly in favor of waterworks. The more we look into the matter the more favorably does the board regard the proposition, and I confidently believe that next year we will put in a system."

This is good news, and the Citizen hoists its flag and shouts "Waterworks for Culver!"

Master Fay Hatch, son of the manager of the telephone exchange in Davenport, Iowa, is here on a vacation visit to his aunt, Mrs. Arthur Holt.

Mrs. Geo. Green of Memphis, Tenn., arrived Monday for an extended visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Dan Porter.

Phocian Rhoads has gone to Argos to visit his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. William Rhoads.

WEATHER FOR THE FOURTH.
To-morrow fair; slight changes in temperature; north winds.

STORM NOTES.

A Barn Burned and Other Damage Done on Friday.

Heavy electric storms passed over this section on Friday afternoon. The first storm came from the southwest followed shortly after by a more severe one from the northwest.

During the first storm a bolt of lightning struck a fence post in front of L. C. Wiseman's on South Main street, ran across under the brick walk, tearing loose two or three bricks and went into the ground at the foot of a tree leaving a ridge in the sod. The barn on the premises occupied Wm. Swigart near the cemetery was struck and a hole four feet square torn out of one end.

The barn of Ed South, 2½ miles east of Maxinkuckee was struck and totally consumed. A quantity of hay and corn and a calf were burned. The barn was 32 by 60 and cost \$800. Mr. South carried no insurance. Three years ago a barn on the same foundation was struck by lightning and burned down.

A sailing party had a lively experience during the second storm. Messrs. Richard Irwin, Geo. Matlock and Charles Henderson, who are stopping at Edwards', were out in the large sailboat purchased at Bass lake last week by Will Henderson. The first storm drove them into land, and while they were housed the wind blew the boat from the beach and carried it down the lake. Opposite the Coffin or Wilson cottage the Wilson boys saw the derelict, went out and rescued it. The three gentlemen started in a row boat after the craft, but were caught in the second storm and driven to shore. In the shallows their boat grounded and they were obliged to pile overboard and wade to shore. Finally reaching the sailboat they worked it back in the storm to the Edwards' landing where the feminine occupants of the house assembled and watched their efforts to effect a safe landing. The pouring rain, heavy gale and high sea made this a difficult proposition, but the boat was well handled by Mr. Irwin, who is a member of the Seaside Yacht club of the vicinity of Philadelphia, and a salt water sailor and the sailing party were soon in dry clothes and having a great talk fest over the afternoon's experience.

The Reformed church at Twin Lakes had stood unscathed for forty years until Friday afternoon when it was struck by lightning and the roof was considerably damaged. Joseph White's house, near Twin Lakes, was struck on the Tuesday preceding and Mr. White was knocked down, his wife also stunned by the lightning but the house was not badly damaged.

Lightning struck the cornice above Allman's store Friday afternoon and knocked out a few pieces of stone, but no one in the building or outside was hurt.—Plymouth Tribune.

Telephone Talk at Council.

The regular meeting of the town council last evening was made lively by representatives of the independent telephone companies of Talma and Leiter's Ford that are seeking franchises of the city, and Mr. Crumel of the Bell company, who presented their several cases. Owing to the absence of the town clerk no action was taken by the council but at an adjourned meeting on Friday evening they expect to take definite action on the telephone matter and also accept Mr. Overmeyer's plat of the school grounds.

Mrs. Elizabeth Mahler, living near Monterey, made the Citizen a call on Saturday.

AROUND THE LAKE

Scott Foss has his cottage well on the way to completion.

Warrior Wallace of Indianapolis is a guest of Gilbert Ogle.

Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Bliss arrived Monday and opened their cottage.

Messrs. Pierce and Ward have opened Oak Lodge for the summer.

Fred Seeberger is spending the week with his family at their cottage.

Mr. and Mrs. Rayce of Indianapolis are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Potts.

E. W. Johnson Sr. is spending a few days enjoying the shade at the lake.

Mr. and Mrs. Winestine of Terre Haute are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Steele.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Strong and family have opened Cricket Camp for the season.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Manfield of Indianapolis are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Stinhalber.

Mrs. H. T. Brockenhaugh and Mrs. Wm. Wallace are occupying Maxwell Retreat.

Charles Moniger of Indianapolis is spending a few days with his family at Villa Carl.

Dr. Worrel of Terre Haute was a guest of Mrs. L. B. Martin at the Martin Box Sunday.

John H. Gray and family of Indianapolis will occupy Waupaca Hall for the remainder of the summer, adding one more to the number of insurance men on the lake front.

Misses Mary Allen and Frances McGowan of Indianapolis are visiting Miss Margarie Ogle.

Misses Hedwig Fost and Eva Nutt of Terre Haute are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Slope.

Charles Pinder, conductor on the Vandalia line is spending his vacation at the Arlington.

Mrs. Hugo Duenweg of Terre Haute is visiting her son Walter and family on the West side.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Brownell of Peru arrived Thursday and opened their cottage for the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Frazer of Chicago are now located at the Snyder cottage for July and August.

Mrs. Temple and family of Terre Haute are guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Duenweg.

Mrs. Chas. Bookwalter of Indianapolis arrived Monday and is occupying J. C. Schaft's cottage.

Will rent for six weeks, beginning 1st of August, a 9-room cottage on east side of the lake. Well

furnished and good location. Address Patrolman, Max. Assn.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Traut of Logansport have purchased the Darnell cottage on the West side.

For Sale—A gasoline range in good condition. Address Mrs. T. H. Wilson, Squirrel Inn, Culver.

Mr. and Mrs. Klinesmith and Mrs. S. J. Peterson of Indianapolis are occupying the Judah cottage.

Henry and Phillip Moniger of Terre Haute are guests of their uncle, Charles Moniger, at Villa Carl.

Misses Anna and Margaret Plank of Rochester are visiting for two weeks at Two Oaks with Miss Watts.

Mrs. J. H. Rhodemeier and family of Indianapolis arrived Monday and opened her cottage for the season.

Mrs. Wilmer Christian and Miss Florence Reoge of Indianapolis are guests of Mr. and Mrs. McGilliard.

Will rent a furnished eight-room cottage on the east side, for July and August. Address Mrs. A. R. Heller, Culver. m31tf

Mr. and Mrs. James Curtis of Melford, Ill., and Lucius Curtis of Covington, Ky., are guests of their brother Alonzo and wife at Grand View.

Mrs. McQuat, Mrs. A. C. Capron, Mrs. Hazeldine and J. M. Waldorf

have added their cottages to the list of freshly painted ones.

Edward J. Miller, of Chicago is spending the Fourth at the lake.

Misses Blake and Rice of Terre Haute are guests at the Martin Box for a few weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Reetemier of Logansport are spending a few days at their cottage.

Mrs. John Ewalt and granddaughters, Misses Louise and Dorothy Knapp of Westfield, Ill., are now at the Knapp cottage.

Mesdames Harry Fellers, Geo. Retting, W. V. Spinning, J. A. Ayers and Miss Ayers are guests of Mrs. C. H. Brownell.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Hatten are on their wedding tour and stopped a few days to be the guests of Mrs. Hatten's mother, Mrs. Chadwick.

D. W. Gardner has remodeled his cottage and given it a coat of paint inside and out so it now stands in the front row on the East side.

Palo Alto cottage for Rent—eight good rooms, East side of lake near Maxinkuckee landing. Inquire of Mrs. Hazeldine at her cottage.

Mr. and Mrs. B. G. Hudnutt, Mrs. Morrice, Mrs. M. H. Robinson and families of Terre Haute are occupying one of the Schaft cottages.

Beginning July 4, Logansport Council No. 561, Knights of Columbus will hold their annual outing at Lake Maxinkuckee with headquarters at the Arlington the same as last year. All services and business meetings will be held at Arlington hotel.

PERSONAL POINTERS

Brief Mention of Culverites and Visitors in Town.

PEOPLE WHO COME AND GO

Gathered From Many Sources for Readers of The Citizen.

A. B. Holt went to Kaukaee to spend the Fourth.

Al Porter of Plymouth spent last Sunday in Culver.

Miss Kathryn Garver is visiting this week at Burr Oak and Culver. Bremen Enquirer.

The Stabenow week end party included Mr. Sido and family and Mr. Wagoner of Chicago.

Miss Fern Mochel of Bremen is visiting her aunts, Mrs. D. G. Walter and J. H. Koontz.

Miss Anna Schroeder of Logansport was the guest of Mrs. Elsie Curtis last Sunday and Monday.

David and Thomas Shambaugh of Chicago spent several days with their father, J. P. Shambaugh, last week.

Thomas Plant and wife of South Bend have been spending a few days with Mr. Sam Medbourne's family.

Miss Matilda Hawkins of Indianapolis arrived last Sunday. She is at the Winslow cottage for the summer.

Judge Spangler of Winamac, Ind., is in Culver, called here by the illness of his sister, Mrs. Katherine Parker.

Mr. Weiss and family will go to Rochester to spend the Fourth, and expect to see some of the Argos celebrat.

Mr. M. Stabenow will celebrate his Fourth in Chicago. He left for that city Sunday evening.

Miss Lizzie Dixon and Mrs. Heath from South Bend, and Miss Dora Dixon of Plymouth spent Sunday with Samuel Osborn and family.

Mrs. Thomas Porter of Jamestown, Ind., is making a ten days' visit with her daughter, Mrs. Nicely. Mrs. Porter is accompanied by her grandson, Morris Ashley.

W. Wilfert, living three miles northeast of Delong, called at the Citizen office on Saturday. The storm of Friday afternoon was severe in his section. On his farm a white oak, two feet in diameter, was struck by lightning and broken off squarely fourteen feet above the ground. Another tree, a maple, which was struck last year and skinned of a portion of its bark, was entirely wrecked, either by lightning or the wind. All the way from this place to the lake Mr. Wilfert saw trees down on every farm.

SCENES OF COMMENCEMENT WEEK AT THE ACADEMY



Storming Party in the Sham Battle.



Spanning the Lagoon with a Pontoon Bridge.

Mind and Muscles.

In all feats of skill the influence of the mind is most important. To perform in thoroughly good style any difficult feat of skill it is absolutely necessary that the mind must be free from fear, anxiety or nervousness. I knew once, years ago, writes Dr. W. R. C. Latson, in Outing, a man who had been a bull fighter in Spain. During one of his glowing accounts of the sport I expressed my surprise that he should have left the life. His reply was: "One day I was about to enter the ring, and I had a little creepy feeling of fear. Then I stopped for good. The man who feels fear is sure to be killed." And it is equally true that the man who fears is heavily handicapped, no matter what the contest may be. Anxiety and nervousness are closely akin to fear; and both are so powerful in their effect as to render it almost impossible for one to perform perfectly any difficult or delicate feat of skill. The man who is afraid or anxious or nervous is almost sure to fail. All emotions when intense have a powerful effect upon the muscles. This is plainly seen in the tension of the muscles, clenching of hands and arms, as well as of the face in anger, in the spasmodic breathing of excitement, in the muscular weakness and trembling of fear, and in many other conditions that might be mentioned. Now, in feats of skill of whatever nature, whether balancing, juggling, marksmanship, tumbling, or shot putting, it is necessary that just the right muscles must be used at just the right instant, and to just the right degree. When, however, the muscles are disturbed by emotional excitement, such delicate adjustment is impossible, and the probable result is failure. The mental state most conducive to success in games of skill is confident calmness. And by practice this state of mind may be made a habit—a habit most valuable in all games of skill, even in that game of skill called life.

Hollow Success.

If we may believe the words of a wealthy New Yorker who evidently is no novice in business affairs in the metropolis, modern financial success is about as satisfying to the consequence as the Ben Davis apple is to the plate. Inside "the" and wormwood. This man's letter is worth reading by young men on the farm who are looking ahead to life of prosperity and wealth in the city. We quote the following extract: "Many years ago I came here from a country town, poor as any boy could well be; found employment in a large concern, bettered my position year after year; became a partner, then the head of the concern. Made a fortune, a large one; now retired. When I die I shall leave my children each a fortune, but when I think it over day after day I can only be ashamed of it all. I suppose I was no worse than the others. I know some were worse than I. I could always say: 'It's good business,' but I forgot that there was such a thing as a square deal. If I could get the better of an associate or a customer or an employee, I did. Anything that I could do to attain my success was good business and I did it. I have given to charity, headed subscriptions, but it doesn't satisfy me. I know what I have done wasn't manly. Last night I sat with other so-called successful men. I studied them. When they can't help thinking they think just as I do. The modern success is rank failure. It has made this country rich; it has made it great; it has made its people selfish and unprincipled. I would give all I possess to-night if I could say: 'I have given every one a square deal. I have done no man a wrong.' Think it over; it will mean a lot to you some day."

The political crime of the age is the failure of free citizens who are armed with the ballot to take any part in the election of their public officials and lawmakers. Just at this moment, when a hundred million of Russian peasants who are sodden in ignorance and steeped in the degradation with which centuries of despotism can overwhelm a people are struggling desperately to gain control of their national government, thousands and even millions of the free citizens of the United States are voluntarily abandoning their political rights and duties and are refusing to have anything to do with their public affairs, and, above all, they discard the ballot.

The San Francisco board of education has issued a statement showing the estimated loss by the recent calamity which overtook that city to be \$1,586,000. It is estimated that \$5,540,000 will be needed to replace the buildings, larger structures in every case being planned.

The medical faculty of the Paris university plans an international technological encyclopedia. It is to be issued in ten languages, including "Esperanto," the world language.

ESTIMATE OF WHEAT CROP

SIXTY MILLION BUSHELS MORE THAN LAST YEAR.

Crop Expert H. V. Jones Figures on Immense Increase in Winter Wheat Output.

Minneapolis, Minn., June 29.—National prosperity far in advance of the highest known records is emphatically indicated in the crop estimate of H. V. Jones, crop estimator, who gave out his annual bulletin at noon Thursday. The winter wheat production of the United States he gives as 420,000,000 bushels, 60,000,000 bushels over last year, and the record crop of winter wheat ever produced. Cotton and corn are in exceedingly good condition, and with a hot July and August may also break the record; but nothing but a wet harvest can lower the wheat crop, says the Jones estimate.

In company with John Inglis, Mr. Jones has just completed a careful tour of the winter wheat producing regions of the country. Grain merchants and railroads throughout the country awaited the publication of his report with great interest.

The crop of Illinois is estimated at 28,000,000 bushels, of Indiana 28,000,000, and Ohio 32,000,000, all much in excess of last year. Michigan is slightly behind. The west and southwest double their production.

Upon the crop production the whole material prosperity of the country for the year depends, the report proceeds, and especially the welfare of the railroads, which are peculiarly dependent on the crops. Wide extension throughout the northwest and southwest is indicated, and general expansion.

The report gives Texas this year 14,000,000 bushels, or twice the yield of last year; Oklahoma, 28,000,000 bushels, or more than double the yield of last year, and a record crop for the new state; Indian Territory, 4,000,000 bushels; Kansas, 72,000,000 bushels, about the same as last year; Nebraska, 35,000,000, bushels about the same as last year; Missouri, 30,000,000 bushels, same as last year.

California is given 20,000,000 bushels, or twice last year's crop. On this basis the southwest raises about 25,000,000 bushels more than last year. The southern and eastern states and Oregon make up the balance, all the states having a good average yield except Michigan, which is probably the lightest in average yield. For Oklahoma government acreage is increased in this estimate 400,000 bushels.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Miss Eva Booth, commander of the Salvation Army in America, is seriously ill in New York.

The New York Life Insurance company has declined to furnish a policyholders' association with lists of its assured.

The federal authorities will investigate the naturalization papers of foreign-born members of the New York police force.

Gov. Hoch, of Kansas, is advocating the establishing of a state distillery for the manufacture of denatured alcohol by convicts.

Resolutions complimentary of William Jennings Bryan were passed at the Democratic state convention in Pennsylvania.

The schooner Edith L. Allen was lost at sea June 17 and her crew was picked up by the schooner Jacob S. Winslow, and landed in New York.

The French ministry of justice has decided that Elliott F. Shepard, of New York, must serve six weeks in prison for killing a girl with his automobile.

Thomas Potts, a resident of the East side in New York, was killed by a shot in the back. He said the "code of morals" observed by criminals in that section prevented him from betraying his assailant.

Capt. Robert F. Wynne, of the marine corps, has sent in his resignation as result of recent court-martial decision. A "round robin" from the marines on the Atlantic fleet begs the president not to dismiss Wynne or accept his resignation.

THE MARKETS.

New York, June 29.	
LIVE STOCK—Steers	4.00 @ 5.75
Hogs, State	4.00 @ 7.00
Sheep	4.00 @ 6.00
FLAX—oil	4.35 @ 4.85
WHEAT—July	90 @ 95
September	89 1/2 @ 94 1/2
CORN—September	33 1/2 @ 34 1/2
RYE—No. 2 Western	48 @ 48 1/2
BUTTER	15 @ 20
CHEESE	9 @ 10
EGGS	19 1/2 @ 20

CHICAGO.

CATTLE—Choice Steers	5.50 @ 6.10
Common to Good Steers	4.50 @ 5.50
Yearlings	4.50 @ 5.50
RYE—Common to Choice	25 @ 4.10
Calves	3.50 @ 6.25
HOGS—Light Mixed	6.00 @ 6.75
Heavy Packing	6.20 @ 6.35
Heavy Mixed	6.50 @ 6.65
BUTTER—Creamery	15 @ 22
Dairy	14 @ 18
EGGS—Fresh	14 @ 18
LIVE POULTRY	9 @ 18
POTATOES (Bul)	60 @ 62
WHEAT—July	87 1/2 @ 93 1/2
September	86 1/2 @ 92 1/2
CORN—September	32 1/2 @ 33 1/2
RYE, May	28 @ 30

MILWAUKEE.

GRAIN—Wheat, No. 1 Nor'n	87 1/2 @ 88 1/2
September	86 1/2 @ 92 1/2
Corn, September	32 1/2 @ 33 1/2
Oats, Standard	24 1/2 @ 29
Rye, No. 1 White	65 @ 69 1/2

KANSAS CITY.

GRAIN—Wheat, July	74 1/2 @ 75 1/2
September	74 1/2 @ 75 1/2
Corn, July	48 1/2 @ 49 1/2
Oats, No. 2 White	25 @ 40

ST. LOUIS.

CATTLE—Beef Steers	4.50 @ 5.50
Texas Steers	2.75 @ 3.50
HOGS—Packers	6.00 @ 6.75
Butchers	5.50 @ 6.75
SHEEP—Native	2.00 @ 3.00

OMAHA.

CATTLE—Native Steers	4.50 @ 5.70
Stockers and Feeders	3.00 @ 4.00
Cows and Heifers	2.50 @ 4.50
HOGS—Heavy	6.45 @ 6.50
SHEEP—Wethers	5.50 @ 6.50



The Combination Has at Last Produced the Inevitable Result.

GRAIN ELEVATORS TO BE INVESTIGATED

RELATIONSHIP WITH CARRYING COMPANIES TO BE PROBED BY COMMISSION.

Senator La Follette Secures Passage of Resolution in Interest of Free and Open Market for Farmers of the Northwest.

Washington, June 26.—Senator La Follette Monday called up his resolution extending the scope of the inquiry now being conducted by the interstate commerce commission under the Tillman-Gillespie resolution, so as to have it include the transportation and storage of grains.

Speaking in support of the resolution, he said the country had been astounded at the revelations that had been made in the matter of the combination between the coal producing industry and the railroads, and he felt satisfied that the prosecution of inquiry would show as bad a condition in the grain business.

He asserted that corruption had been uncovered at every place where inquiry had been, and asserted that "the whole system is permeated with fraud."

In support of his contentions he said that testimony taken by the commission indicates a joint ownership between the railroads and the elevator companies to the detriment of the farmers who are entitled to a free and open market.

He then gave the names of individuals and corporations which had secured such inside privileges as to give them monopolies along various western railroad lines, the list given including the following:

Gives Names of Lines.

The Chicago & Rock Island, to Charles Counselman; the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, the Armour Elevator company; the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe, the Richardson company; the Union Pacific, the Peavey Elevator company; the Chicago & Northwestern, the Bartlett & Frazier Elevator company; Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, the Armour Elevator company.

As going to confirm his inference of a combination, Mr. La Follette said that the head of the Armour Elevator company is a large stockholder and a director of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul.

He then read a number of letters and quoted various statements to show that the railroad companies favor some elevators to which they are friendly and discriminate against others which are not so well regarded by them, with the result that the price of wheat to the producers is far below what it should be.

Grain Goes to One Firm.

He declared in conclusion that practically all the grain shipped into Chicago over any one line goes to one dealer and expressed the opinion that these wholesale dealers are closely allied among themselves, thus constituting a virtual monopoly of the entire grain business of the country.

Senator Nelson confirmed the statements of Senator La Follette, saying that he had personal knowledge of many instances of discrimination by the railroads in favor of the elevators. He had no doubt, he said, that investigation would show the same combination between the railroad companies and the elevator companies that had been found to exist between the railroads and the coal companies.

The resolution was adopted without division.

"Another Moses" Found in River. Hickman, Ky., June 28.—"He is another Moses, be kind to him," reads a note that was pinned to a baby which was found fastened in a small boat in bushes along the Mississippi river. The paper indicates the child came from Cairo, Ill.

PACKERS' FRIENDS CONTROL

HOUSE MEMBERS STAND PAT ON MEAT AMENDMENT.

Refuse to Allow Tax to Be Levied Against Slaughterers and So Instruct Conferees.

Washington, June 29.—Mr. Wadsworth called up the partial conference report on the appropriation bill in the house Thursday and it was agreed to without discussion.

Mr. Wadsworth then moved that the house insist on its disagreement to the item in disagreement, the meat inspection amendment.

Mr. Davis (Mo.) moved that the house recede on the amendment putting the cost of inspection on the government and that the senate amendment be substituted with an amendment.

Mr. Wadsworth's motion that the house further insist on its disagreement was adopted on a division, 175 to 43.

Then Mr. Wadsworth sent to the desk a resolution that it is the sense of the house that the conferees do not recede from the meat inspection amendment, and the house was face to face with the proposition of having a contest with the senate.

Mr. Davis (Minn.) favored what is known as the Proctor substitute, which he said had been the substance of his minority report. It provides that \$3,000,000 be appropriated annually and that a tax of five cents a head on cattle and three cents on sheep and hogs be collected and paid into the treasury. This item was asserted would produce an amount equal to half the cost of inspection. This position was advocated by Mr. Bowie (Ala.).

A vigorous protest against placing any charge on the packer was made by Mr. Burleson (Tex.). The packer, he said, would immediately shift the burden on the cattle grower.

Mr. Williams (Miss.) said the situation is this: "These people (the packers) have been and are voluntarily endangering the public health, and now they want the public to pay them for gutting it."

Mr. Humphrey (Wash.) talked about the "Devils in Hell" in conjunction with the packers paying the cost of inspection and inveighed against their insulting demands.

The resolution that it was the sense of the house that the conferees refuse to recede was then adopted, 193 to 45, and the chair appointed Mr. Wadsworth, Mr. Scott and Mr. Lamb as the conferees on the part of the house.

BADGERS CHEER FOR BRYAN

Wisconsin Democrats in Convention Go Wild Over Mention of the Nebraskan's Name.

Milwaukee, June 29.—William Jennings Bryan was strongly endorsed as the standard bearer of the national wing of the Democratic party in the campaign of 1908 by the Democratic state convention, which adjourned sine die late Thursday afternoon.

There were only two occasions in which Mr. Bryan's name was mentioned during the day, and that was when the resolutions were read as a whole, and again when the planks were adopted separately.

In both instances his name was cheered repeatedly, and the words, "Bryan, Bryan, Bryan, three cheers for Bryan," brought forth a tumult of applause which continued some time before the chairman could restore order.

Firemen Hurt in Blaze.

Patterson, N. J., June 29.—Two firemen were seriously injured, eight horses burned and \$50,000 worth of property destroyed Thursday by a fire at the yards of the A. Hubbard Lumber company here.

Three Die in Oil Tank.

Waterbury, Conn., June 28.—Three men were drowned in an oil tank here Wednesday. They were overcome by fumes and fell in. One man was rescued.

MURDERED WHITE FOR WIFE'S HONOR

ARCHITECT FORCED MRS THAW TO RECEIVE HIM.

Young Wife Sought to Avoid Resuming Relations That Existed Before Her Marriage and Fought Against Persistent Commands.

New York, June 28.—With Harry K. Thaw, who killed Stanford White, trying to make the most of what scant comforts he can find in his Tombs cell, both the police and the friends of the young millionaire are bending every effort to unravel all the mysteries of this startling case.

That the real secret of the murder, the motive which drove Thaw to this deed, if it was not the act of an insane man, lies in the relations which existed between White and Evelyn Nesbit prior to her marriage to Thaw, and attention which it is believed he had forced on her since the marriage is generally believed to be the cause.

That White, since Thaw's marriage, had persisted in trying to see Mrs. Thaw and resume former relations with her, seems to be borne out by good evidence. That he possessed some influence over her, too, which made it hard for her to resist his advances, and caused her to fear him greatly also seems to be capable of proof.

Visits Husband in Tombs.

Thaw was in the criminal court building for a time undergoing examination by the alienists to test his sanity. While he was there Mrs. Thaw called at the prison to see him. She was accompanied by Josiah C. Thaw, the prisoner's brother.

Mrs. Thaw was obliged to wait half an hour before she was told that her husband had returned to his cell.

The meeting of husband and wife was very affecting. Both broke down and wept. So did Josiah Thaw.

Before she met her husband in the Tombs Mrs. Thaw appeared calm and self-possessed, but it was evident that this was largely forced and the result of strong will power.

Opinion generally seems to be coming slowly to the point where it is believed there may have been justifiable causes for Thaw's deed. If murder is ever justifiable. Developments are bringing to light additional facts regarding the relations which did exist between White and the artist-model actress. If Evelyn Nesbit Thaw goes on the witness stand and tells the story of her life from the time she came to New York until the moment of the tragedy, it is believed it may cause the jury which Thaw will face to render its verdict of not guilty of any crime.

Developments Favor Thaw.

This idea is borne out by a statement attributed to Inspector Schmitt-berger of the Tenderloin precinct after a night spent by the detectives of his force in tracing odd ends of the story. "There have been many developments of this case," the inspector is quoted as saying, "and all of them are very favorable to the defendant."

A story is told by an intimate friend of Thaw to show that it was an attempt on the part of White to force himself in some way on Mrs. Thaw which led to the whole story of her former relations with the man being poured into the bridegroom's ears while the Thaws were in Paris last year. According to the statement of this man, who is being counted on by the defense as one of its most important witnesses, Mrs. Thaw was taken ill one evening while they were at the Ritz hotel. Thaw accompanied her to their room and pressed his inquiries as to what had affected her so suddenly. She told him at first that she could not tell him.

"Oh, Harry, I can never tell you. You will never know," she said.

Thaw, however, insisted so strongly on knowing the whole truth that his wife, with tears, told the story of her former life in that section of the city where the white lights burn luridly, and of White's place in her life.

Followed Woman to Paris.

Mrs. Thaw finished the recital by saying she had learned that White was then in Paris. Thaw at that time did not know White. The next day Thaw returned to his apartments to find his wife absent. He started on a hunt through the hotel and finally found her in a corner of a reception room talking to a man. He took his wife away and when they had reached their apartments he demanded to know who the man was.

Mrs. Thaw then admitted that it was White and said he had sent her a note demanding a few moments with her. Thaw rushed down to the main floor of the building, but White was gone. Thaw encountered him the next day and accosted him on the street, asking him if he were Stanford White of New York. White, however, denied his identity.

A few days later while Thaw and his wife were walking together they encountered the stranger and Thaw understood at once by the actions of Mrs. Thaw that the man must be White. He again accosted him and told him that if he ever troubled his wife again or dared to speak to her he would stir up a scandal that would drive White out of the United States, as he knew all about him.

White, according to this story, instead of showing fear, turned on Thaw and angrily told him to look out for himself and ordered Thaw never to speak to him again.



Always
the
Same

Calumet Baking Powder

Is Most Healthful,
Wholesome and Economical

\$1,000.00

given for anything injurious to health found in Calumet Baking Powder.

Do not be induced to pay 45 or 50 cents a pound for the Trust baking powders; they leave large quantities of Rochelle Salts in the food.

The constant dosing of Rochelle Salts will derange the digestive organs. Your physician will tell you this.

ODD HAPPENINGS.

While scratching his nose with the end of a loaded revolver a man in Paris accidentally pulled the trigger and blew off the tip of the nose.

In the midst of an electric storm the Marietta fire whistle called out the men, who rushed about in the rain till the apparatus was drenched before it was discovered that lightning had played a prank on the department. There is an ordinance against turning in a false alarm.

The death lately occurred at Westbury workhouse, Wiltshire, England, of a 46-year-old "baby." The person was born in Westbury, and at the age of 12 months its further development, both physically and mentally, was arrested. Throughout its life it was attired in baby's frock clothes, and continued to act and play and had to be fed and taken care of precisely as an infant.

An extraordinary sudden death occurred the other day in Paris. A sexagenarian went to have his photograph taken. He sat in a chair before the camera, and as the photographer uttered the customary words, "Please don't move," down fell the old man on the floor. It was naturally supposed that the sexagenarian was in a fainting fit, but he was in reality dead, as the doctor who was sent for testified after a brief examination of the body.

GENERAL GLEANINGS.

The king of Ashanti has 3,332 wives. A young Jones is born every 40 minutes.

The number of known stars exceeds 100,000,000.

Contributors to the London Times are paid \$25 a column.

One man in six in the American navy is a total abstainer.

The parrot appreciates music more than any other of the lower animals.

Over 20,000,000 leeches were used annually 25 years ago, but now not 1,000,000 a year are used.

The world's largest prune orchard—in Los Gatos, Cal.—contains 50,000 trees and yields an annual profit of \$50,000.

A man finds it easier to boast of the glories of the past if there are not a few old-timers around who remember it even better than he does himself.

THE DOCTOR'S WIFE

Agrees with Him About Food.

A trained nurse says: "In the practice of my profession I have found so many points in favor of Grape-Nuts food that I unhesitatingly recommend it to all my patients."

"It is delicate and pleasing to the palate (an essential in food for the sick) and can be adapted to all ages, being softened with milk or cream for babies or the aged when deficiency of teeth renders mastication impossible. For fever patients or those on liquid diet I find Grape-Nuts and albumen water very nourishing and refreshing. This recipe is my own idea and is made as follows: Soak a teaspoonful of Grape-Nuts in a glass of water for an hour, strain and serve with the beaten white of an egg and a spoonful of fruit juice or flavoring. This affords a great deal of nourishment that even the weakest stomach can assimilate without any distress."

"My husband is a physician and he uses Grape-Nuts himself and orders it many times for his patients."

"Personally I regard a dish of Grape-Nuts with fresh or stewed fruit as the ideal breakfast for anyone—well or sick." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

In any case of stomach trouble, nervous prostration or brain fog, a 10 days' trial of Grape-Nuts will work wonders toward nourishing and rebuilding, and in this way ending the trouble. "There's a reason" and trial proves.

Look in pkgs. for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

THE COLONEL'S WIFE

BY
WARDEN EDWARDS

Author of "The Dispatch Reader," etc.

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CHAPTER XXIV.—Continued.

The Confederate chieftain had not dreamed that Sherman, after taking Atlanta, would think of turning back to go to the assistance of his general. Indeed, the enemy had taken all possible precautions to keep Corse from sending a messenger to his commander.

How this had been done the men of the signal corps could doubtless tell.

At any rate Sherman knew his assistance was needed, and indeed, he had figured on this beforehand, and would have sent reinforcements back even if news had not reached his ears.

Again they traversed the trail marked by scenes of desperate valor on both sides—where men in gray met the furious onslaught of the legions in blue, and only gave way, slowly and sullenly, before the advance of overwhelming numbers.

How memory reviewed these scenes; they could point out the very spot where they were charging when a concealed battery opened upon them with its raking fire, plowing great furrows through their ranks; but it was with a thrill of proud satisfaction that also remembered that even this hailstorm of shot and shell failed to quench their enthusiasm, and that pushing on with indomitable pluck, headed by Colonel John, they had carried the hill, seized the battery, and turned its guns upon their late owners.

How the recollection of such glorious deeds aroused the martial ardor of the men who hurried over hill and vale to the relief of the general surrounded by Johnston's army.

And when in the far distance they caught the dull throbbing of heavy guns, like the pulsations of nature's heart, how eagerly they pressed on, like hounds held in the leash.

Weariness was forgotten.

The danger and difficulties that confronted them looked Lilliputian now.

Forward!

Their comrades were sorely beset and in need of assistance.

Not anticipating the coming of the relief column, the Confederates were hardly in a position to lay a trap for it.

They had been sorely tried in the

Inspired by the promise of immediate relief, the Federal defenders of Atlanta Pass would not yield under any conditions.

A grave danger now menaced the Confederate host—that of being caught between two fires, the upper and the nether millstone.

It required considerable military skill to withdraw the Confederate host from the scene of battle without a general engagement.

The eager columns of Sherman pressed on, hot for battle, and ready to coop their enemies up in some pass where retreat would be entirely out of the question.

Knowing the wild country full well, the leader of the Southern army was not to be caught so easily, and had prepared means of giving his enemies the slip.

All that remained now was to give Sherman as much trouble as possible with regard to attacks upon his supply trains.

While the Confederates were withdrawing from the region, there were of course numerous small engagements.

In many instances detachments of rival cavalry would come into close quarters.

Battle was seldom if ever refused, for on both sides they were fierce fighters, and their blood ran riotously at sight of each other.

Colonel John and his command saw much of this warfare.

Their business was to defend the railroad at a certain point.

There were times when all seemed quiet along the line, and trains ran without any trouble, bringing immense amounts of supplies to Sherman at Atlanta.

Then the enemy would become exceedingly active, and Colonel Ridgeway and his command would have their hands full endeavoring to ward off blows.

There was much hard riding in those days.

It could not be otherwise, when men were sent whirling down the valley at a minute's notice, to meet a column of Confederates deliberately engaged in tearing up the railroad.

army that would sweep like a besom of destruction through the fertile regions of Georgia and the Carolinas, leaving ruins in its wake—with the resources that had hitherto upheld them, dwindling lower and lower, while their credit was utterly a thing of the past, it was evident to every thinking man that the Confederate cause was lost, even before the last decisive campaign had been fully started.

Colonel John was doing his duty. He received much praise from his commander, who knew he could depend upon him, no matter what the emergency might be.

In all probability, if he cared for advancement, and lived a few months longer Colonel John would bear the insignia of a general.

He deserved it.

His heart was wholly wrapped up in the cause and he was ready to undergo any privation, to undertake any dangerous mission if by so doing he could serve his country, and hasten the happy day when the sword would be beaten into the pruning hook, and peace descend once more on his beloved but distracted country.

Often his thoughts went out toward Mollie.

He sent her a few lines occasionally and heard from her in return.

That she was well, sufficed. There were no terms of endearment between them.

It had not come to that.

Still, as he sat in his tent of an evening, or about the bivouac fire, the soldier many times thought of her, and the fact that she belonged to him—that she was his wife, gave the colonel the most intense satisfaction.

He saw nothing more of Major Worden, though once in battle he believed he had a glimpse of a figure that made him think of his enemy.

This man was the only one who gave him cause for anxiety.

Knowing that Worden still entertained a passion for Mollie, he had vague fears lest in some way the Confederate major, sinking all his gentlemanly traits, might endeavor to get possession of the planter's daughter, even before he had carried out his threat to make her a colonel's widow.

Thus he had certain vague fears which the receipt of each communication from Mollie served to allay for the time being.

He waited impatiently for the time to come when Sherman would begin tearing up and destroying the railroad, thus cutting adrift from the North, and henceforth depending on what stores he had and what his army could secure en route.

Alas! for the poor Southland.

It was in the throes.

Never did a rich country suffer more from the horrors of invasion.

Knowing that Sherman expected to depend in some measure upon foraging, it would be the stern duty of the Confederate army to destroy everything possible that might be of value to him.

With this going on in front and Sherman leaving devastation in his rear, what an awful trail the march across fair Georgia must become.

In war drastic treatment must be resorted to, since heroic measures are often necessary in order to save the patient's life.

The surgeon removes a limb, but saves his case, whereas a little delay must have brought about mortification and death.

Those who suffered most during this great military march were bound to admit that it was a necessity on the part of the enemy, and a brilliant policy destined to bring the disastrous civil war to a speedy termination.

(To be continued.)

Married Life of Snails.

"Snails in wedlock, as you might suppose, live tranquilly," said a nature student. "They are not petulant and fiery, not quick-tempered. They quarrel little."

"I have made a study of snails in wedlock, and I have found them singularly affectionate. Their eyes are at the tips of their horns. When they meet they draw in their horns, bringing their eyes close together, so that they may exchange a tender look."

"Snails in wedlock put their heads together in a manner suggestive of kissing. I have often seen a snail husband carrying dainty bits of green to his wife—a good provider."

"Snail sweethearts are modest. They do not make love openly. If a third snail approaches, they go and hide under a dead leaf!"—Los Angeles Times.

After the Club.

The other night, when one of the members of the Camp Fire Club came home from one of the banquets of the club, he found his wife waiting for him with that grim look on her face with which all married men who remain out nights are only too familiar. He tried to quietly slip up to his room, but his wife barred the way.

"Pardon me, my dear," said the late camper. "I don't feel like talking to-night," and she replied, "Don't let that bother you at all, sir. I'll do all the talking to-night." And she did.

There were no locks to his bedroom, but before his wife got half through he made a bolt for the door.—Dan Beard, in Recreation.

Negro Baptists.

There are more than 2,000,000 negro Baptists in this country, with fifty institutions of learning and forty-five denominational papers. They have a national organization, with boards for missions, home and foreign, education, publication and the young people's societies.

Put Eyes in Boats.

The Chinese always paint an eye on either side of their junk's bow, so that the boats can see their way.

CATHOLICS TO MEET

IMPORTANT CONFERENCE IS PLANNED FOR NOTRE DAME.

RESULT ANXIOUSLY AWAITED

Officials of Holy Cross Order Will Discuss Matters of Interest to Sect Throughout the Entire World.

Notre Dame.—Officials of the Congregation of Holy Cross, a religious order which has a membership of nearly 1,500 priests and lay brothers scattered throughout America, Europe and Asia and which has charge of numerous parishes, missions, schools and colleges in all parts of the world, will gather at Notre Dame early in August to consider the religious, intellectual and financial condition of the order.

Matters of vast importance to the congregation are to come before the assembly, chief among them being the condition of affairs in regard to France. Holy Cross order suffered severely by the action of the French government in suppressing the monasteries. Some of its most valuable property and its most noted houses and universities were confiscated in the last few years in the French province.

Very Rev. Gilbert Francis, C. S. C., superior general of the order, has been obliged to flee from that country and he will establish his headquarters at Notre Dame, Ind. Besides this question, many others of weight will come up in regard to the welfare of the order.

The election for the heads of the orders in the United States, Canada, France, New Brunswick and India will take place. People of the United States are chiefly interested in the election of the provincial for this country. He, like the other provincials of the order, holds office for a term of six years as a rule. Like the selection of the Roman pontiff, however, the whole matter of the election is kept secret until the elections are all over and the chosen ones are ready to take their seats.

The result of the conference is awaited with keen interest, for the chapter has the power to regulate any man in the order either in office or out of office. The decrees of the council are subject to the approval of the pontiff. The superior general, who is elected for life, is above the council, and has jurisdiction over it and all members of the community or congregation are bound by vows to obey him. Though probably no one knows what the work of the chapter will be in regard to filling the different offices it is rumored that some important changes will be made.

The council meets every six years, but owing to troubles in France, the pope allowed the meeting of the general chapter to be postponed for two years. The meeting is called for the evening of August 8. Of the members who compose the general chapter some are named by rule in virtue of their official functions, others are chosen by the provincial chapters to represent the interests and needs of their respective provinces.

Another Arrest in Murder Mystery.

Indianapolis.—Believing that he may be able to throw some light on the mysterious murder two years ago of Miss Sarah Shaffer, the Bedford school teacher, the police have arrested William Mullen, a laborer, on charges of drunkenness and loitering, and he is being held under heavy bond. Mullen admitted that he lived at or near Bedford until recently. Mullen added that he was employed on a farm where Miss Eva Love, who was a friend of Miss Shaffer, had visited, and that he had met her a number of times.

Right to Drink a Legal Purchase.

Evansville.—In the city court Judge Winfrey discharged Frank Sella, cafe and saloon keeper, arrested under the Nicholson act for permitting men to drink intoxicants in the cafe after 11 p. m. The proof showed that the intoxicants were bought before the closing hour, and the court held that the purchasers had a right to drink them when they chose.

Dynamite Under a Church.

Princeton.—Two pounds of dynamite were found concealed under the Olive Branch Baptist church here and the officers are making an investigation. Had the dynamite exploded the church would have been blown to pieces. There has been considerable trouble in the church of late, there being two warring factions in the congregation.

Post Office Robbed.

Cocoa.—Three masked men entered the general store of Crull Bros., in which the post office is located, stealing the stamps, cash and much booty, which was hauled away in a carriage. The villagers were aroused by a burglar alarm, and six residents fired 20 or more shots at the robbers, wounding one of them.

Carbuncles Cause Suicide.

Perru.—Harry Burson, a student at Purdue university, shot himself dead before a mirror because he thought he was threatened with death from carbuncles. The boy's side and back were fairly covered with them.

Richmond.—Rev. H. R. Smith, formerly of the First Baptist church of Louisville, Ky., has assumed the pastorate of the First Baptist church, this city. Three weeks ago he was married at Gardena, Cal., and he comes direct to this city with his bride.

EXPLOSION WRECKS STORE.

Stock of Man Who Sold Liquor Is Scattered by Dynamite.

Indianapolis.—Residents of Alaska, Morgan county, were startled by a terrific explosion and when they reached the street they found the large brick building occupied by Grant Phan in ruins and his stock of drugs scattered around for a distance of two squares. Houses in the immediate neighborhood of the drug store felt the shock of the explosion severely, nearly all the windows being broken. For a distance of a half mile the jar was distinctly felt.

The explosion was caused by dynamite placed under the building, but who committed the deed is unknown. Phan's stock was destroyed and the building badly wrecked. Some days ago Phan was arrested for selling liquor, for which he had no license. He was taken before a justice of the peace and surprised the prosecution by pleading guilty in two cases and paying a fine of \$25 and costs in each. There had been accusations before, but this was his first arrest. It is supposed that the dynamite was placed under the store on account of the liquor traffic in which Phan confessed to have been engaged.

There is no clue to the identity of the parties who wrecked the store and little interest is being taken in the effort to discover them. Alaska is a mere hamlet and the people are bitterly opposed to the liquor traffic.

OLD MYSTERY FINALLY SOLVED

Bones of Man Who Disappeared Years Ago Are Found.

Brookville.—After a quarter of a century, the mystery of the strange disappearance of William Dawson has been solved. The solution proves the old adage, "Murder will out."

The bones of Dawson, who was a wealthy jeweler and a prominent resident of Brookville back in the sixties and seventies, were found in the debris which had filled a cellar underneath what was once his jewelry store. The skeleton was unearthed by workmen excavating for the new Smith block. Coroner Bogart is satisfied that it is that of Dawson.

In the year 1852 William Dawson came to America. He bought property and opened a jeweler's shop. His business and his wealth increased.

One morning the old man did not appear at his jewelry shop as usual. The place remained locked for days. A search was made, but no trace of the man was found. His wife professed to think that he had deserted her to return to England. The money was never found. The existence of the old cellar had been forgotten until the workmen dug into it. The skeleton was against a side wall in a sitting posture.

MEAT PRODUCTS "DOCTORED."

State Health Officer Finds Two-Thirds of Samples Illegal.

Indianapolis.—As the result of a trip through the city market, during which H. E. Barnard, chemist of the state board of health, bought 49 samples of sausage, hamburger steak, veiner wurst, bologna, ham loaf, veal loaf, tripe and pigs' foot jelly, and analyzed them in the state chemical laboratory, he found that only 16 samples were legal, while 33 were illegal, because they contained chemicals prohibited by law. The purchases were made from meat stocks found on the counters of the market stands.

One sample of hamburger steak and one of bulk sausage contained borax. The most frequently used preservative, as discovered in the samples, was sodium sulphite, to give a fresh red color to meat. To Mr. Barnard several dealers admitted using preservatives on their meats.

Mr. Barnard had made previous trips of a similar kind and dealers had promised him to stop using preservatives. The last tour was made of his own volition in order to learn if his instructions had been followed.

Happenings in Brief.

Newcastle.—Mrs. Kirk Johnson, near this city, while picking cherries, was thrown by the breaking of a ladder, and three ribs were broken.

Petersburg.—Frankie, the 13-year-old son of County Recorder J. M. Burch, held a lighted match to a thermometer to see how high the mercury would run, and the thermometer exploded, filling the boy's face with small glass and quicksilver and severely injuring him.

Richmond.—Earl Zook, the hoosier pitcher in the Southern league, is seriously sick.

Richmond.—The dates July 11-15 have been announced for the state golf tournament at Indianapolis.

Richmond.—In line with the great revival in baseball in Indiana comes renewal of the talk in reference to forming an interurban league, to include Portland, Geneva, Decatur, Dun Kirk, Hartford City and Bluffton. The plan is to play games every day.

Noblesville.—George Young, 45 years old, rural carrier on route No. 2, out of Noblesville, was instantly killed by a north-bound Fort Wayne train while passing a crossing.

Logansport.—The ninth annual Saengerfest of the Indiana and Ohio Saengerbund closed in this city with a ball.

Milford.—Mrs. Artie Gregg, of this city, while suffering from a severe headache, swallowed a patent remedy, and narrowly escaped death.

Remmelaer.—The Jasper Savings and Trust company, the new bank that succeeds the Harris bank, has opened for business. Capital stock is \$50,000. Until permanent officers are elected Charles C. Spitzer, James N. Leatnerman and George E. Murray will have charge of the institution.

REACH AGREEMENT ON PURE FOOD BILL

SATISFACTORY MEASURE RESULT OF CONFERENCE.

Misdemeanor for Any Person to Manufacture, Sell or Offer for Sale Adulterated or Misbranded Food, Drugs, Medicine or Liquor.

Washington, June 28.—The pure food bill was agreed upon by the conferees for the senate and house Wednesday. The house bill was taken as a basis of agreement, and into this were grafted many of the important sections of the senate measure.

Two provisions of the house bill were eliminated. They were the sections which authorized the secretary of agriculture to fix the standards of the various articles of food as to the wholesomeness or unwholesomeness of the various preservatives, and which would compel the person selling drugs or articles of food to furnish samples of such product for the purposes of analysis.

The bill as agreed upon makes it a misdemeanor for any person to manufacture, sell or offer for sale any article of food, drugs, medicines or liquors which is adulterated or misbranded, or which contains any poisonous or deleterious substance. It prescribes for each offense a fine not to exceed \$500, one year's imprisonment or both, with in the discretion of the court, and for each subsequent offense a fine of not less than \$1,000 or one year's imprisonment.

Defines Contraband.

Section 2 prohibits the introduction into any state or territory or the District of Columbia from any other state, territory or district, or any foreign country, or the shipment to any foreign country of any article adulterated or misbranded within the meaning of the act, under penalty not exceeding a fine of \$200 for the first offense and \$300, or one year's imprisonment, or both, for each subsequent offense.

Section 4 provides for examinations of specimens of foods and drugs in the bureau of chemistry of the department of agriculture. Owners are to be given hearing and if it is found any provisions of that act have been violated the secretary of agriculture is to certify the fact to the proper United States district attorney for action, and the adverse judgment of the court is to be published.

Section 6 defines the terms drugs and foods, and section 7 defines what shall be deemed adulterated in the case of drugs, confectionery and foods. The standards for drugs are those recognized in the United States Pharmacopoeia or National formulary.

Adulterated Confectionery.

Confectionery is held adulterated if it contains any ingredient or coloring matter deleterious or detrimental to health. Foods are held adulterated if containing any substance reducing, lowering or injuriously affecting its quality or strength; when any substance has been substituted wholly or in part for the article; when any valuable constituent has been abstracted; when mixed, colored, powdered, coated or stained to conceal damage or inferiority or any poisonous or deleterious ingredients added. The use of preservatives by external application are permitted when the directions for the removal of such preservatives are printed on the covering or the package. Food products are declared adulterated if in whole or in part of a filthy, decomposed or putrid animal or vegetable substance, or of any portion of an animal unfit for food, whether manufactured or not, or if the product of a diseased animal or one that has died otherwise than by slaughter.

Misbranding and Blends.

The term misbranded applies to foods or drugs whose package or label bears any statement, design or device false or misleading, or if falsely branded as to place where manufactured or produced. Any article, however, which does not contain any added poisonous or deleterious ingredients shall not be deemed adulterated or misbranded when known under its distinctive name or if compounds, imitations or blends are plainly indicated. The term "blend" is construed to mean a mixture of like substance and does not exclude harmless coloring or flavoring ingredients. Proprietors or manufacturers of proprietary foods, which contain no added unwholesome ingredient are not required to disclose their trade formulas, except so far as this act may require to secure freedom from adulteration or misbranding.

Dealers are protected against prosecution if they hold the guaranty of the concern from whom he purchased articles.

ROOSEVELT IS OUT OF RACE

President Will Not Be a Candidate for Re-election During Next Campaign.

Colorado Springs, Col., June 28.—W. A. Conant, of this city, who was a delegate from New York to the first national Republican convention more than 50 years ago, recently wrote a letter to President Roosevelt asking if he intended being a candidate for the presidency at the expiration of his present term. Mr. Conant has just received the following reply from Secretary Loeb:

"My Dear Mr. Conant. The president thanks you for your letter of the 17th instant and cordially appreciates your kind expressions concerning himself. He says, however, that you will have to vote for some other Republican candidate next time."



game at this point—again and again had they buffeted the billows, herding themselves against the barriers that Corse had raised, but up to this time their desperate assaults had been defeated, although each engagement so depleted the strength and resources of the Federals that it was out of reason to suppose they could hold out much longer.

Thus, when the enemy after enduring such hardships and heavy losses, began to see the fruition of their hopes near by, it was hard indeed to learn that the column from Atlanta had pierced the mountains and was near at hand.

This news caused another assault to be made.

It was more desperate than any of those that had preceded it.

The Confederates knew their all was staked upon this last throw.

If they could carry the fort they might meet Sherman's column and defy it.

Those who defended the place did not at first understand what it meant. They fought like brave men, but without much hope, since the passage of time had begun to make them despair.

But even while they fought with the desperation of despair they saw distant signals against the sky.

What did they mean?

Was help near, or did this signify some new reinforcements for the enemy, already outnumbering them many to one?

And while they read who can paint the sudden transition from despair to delirious joy?

This, then, was the beacon of the skies that sent the hot blood bounding through their veins and gave them new courage to fight on.

"Hold the fort—I am coming—Sherman!"

And when the news was spread among the comparatively few who were left of that gallant band to whom history has never done full justice, their shouts of joy carried despair to the hearts of the foe, who had so long endeavored to carry the fort by repeated assaults, for they knew the day was lost.

Then would come a hot little engagement, and finally the flight of the foe, after having done all the damage that was possible.

Following the battle the troopers became track layers, and the damage was repaired as best could be done under the circumstances.

No one sighed now for excitement.

They had all they wished.

Indeed, every day brought new scenes, and they had to hold themselves in readiness to meet emergencies as fast as they arose.

It was quite an enigma to decide in the morning where they would find themselves when the sun sank behind the mountains.

In the midst of such danger Colonel John bore himself, as might have been expected, with his customary bravery. His men idolized him.

He was so kind and gentle to the sick and wounded, and yet so stern and brave in face of anger, they could not help loving him.

No man believed he would send his men where he dared not go himself.

That was the secret of their adoration.

To such a leader nothing is impossible, as his men will follow through the fires and gates of Hades itself prevail against them.

So the colonel roamed up and down the valleys, scattering the bands of Confederates that endeavored to disturb the connecting link between Sherman at Atlanta and his base of supplies.

So well did he do his work that these supplies came through very regularly, and Sherman was daily adding to the immense amount of stores that would be necessary before he could cut loose and march through Georgia to the sea.

Great events were about to transpire.

The man must be obtuse indeed who could not by this time read the handwriting on the wall.

With Grant hammering at the door of Richmond after outmaneuvering Lee and causing him great losses in the summer campaign from the battles of the Wilderness to Cold Harbor—with Sherman at Atlanta, gathering an

THE CULVER CITIZEN

ARTHUR B. HOIT, Publisher.

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One Year, in advance.....\$1.00
Six Months, in advance......50
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ADVERTISING

Rates for home and foreign advertising made known on application.
Legal advertising at the rates fixed by law.

Entered at the postoffice at Culver, Indiana, as second-class mail matter.

CULVER, INDIANA, JULY 5, 1906.

The anti-pass bill which is on the verge of being made a law by congress will prohibit, after the 1st of next January, any public official from riding on railroad passes. This is a good enactment and will receive the approval of the people at large. The giving of passes to county officers, legislators, members of congress and even judges of the courts is vicious and demoralizing in its tendency if not effect. There are many judges who refuse to receive these favors, but it may be reasonably believed that as a rule such "courtesies", as they are called, are not refused; and whether consciously or unconsciously the attitude of a judge on the bench can hardly be quite the same toward a corporation which has a case in his court as it would be if he were not a recipient of benefits from that corporation.

STORMS AND HEAT.

A Lively Mixture Prophesied for July by Hicks.

For the month of July Rev. Hicks has a bill of fare in the weather line that is a mixture of good and bad. The first storm comes on July 5. Terrific electrical disturbances, with heavy, tornadic storms over central to northwestern regions will be perfectly natural. If severe and general thunder storms do not relieve the electric and magnetic strain, about the 4th to the 7th, the temperature will increase. Hail, rain and thunderstorms are to be daily occurrences, and "cloud bursts" may help the thing along.

A reactionary storm period is central on the 10th, 11th and 12th. The crisis of this period will fall on and touching Thursday, the 12th, at which time look out for thunder storms.

A regular storm period covers the 15th to the 19th, central on the 17th, and extremely hot. More thunder storms and local "cloud bursts" are probable about the 17th to the 19th.

A reactionary storm period is central on the 22d and 23d, in which storms and earthquake disturbances will be reported. Change to rising barometer and some cooler will follow these reactionary disturbances for two or three days—say from the 23d to 25th progressively from west to east.

A regular storm period runs from the 26th to the 30th, being central on the 28th. As early as the 26th, the last storm period in July will show decided indications of approaching summer storms. During Friday the 27th, to Monday the 30th, high temperature, low barometer and threatening thunder gusts will pass eastwardly over most parts of the country.

The Remonstrance Law.

In the supreme court of Indiana six cases from different parts of the state to test the constitutionality of the remonstrance clause of the Nicholson law, known as the Moore law, have been consolidated and the court will cover all of them in one decision that it is expected will forever settle the constitutionality of the law.

Ringling Bros' Winter Quarters.

It was announced Tuesday afternoon that Straus Bros., of Ligonier, representing Ringling Bros' circus, would buy the Barney Driving Park in Elkhart for \$37,000 and that the Ringling Bros' circus winter quarters would be moved from Baraboo, Wis., to Elkhart.—Plymouth Independent.

Queer Freak of Time.

If Tom McCoy gets a job on the prison farm at Michigan City, as he is reported to be in hopes of, he will have for his boss Alfred Armstrong, who formerly lived on the McCoy farms in Jasper county. The whirling of time brings out some queer results sometimes.

THE IRON HAND

(Original.)

The circle of the Iron Hand was composed of a few rascals who induced persons to join them supposing them to be nihilists, then blackmailing their dupes under threats of exposure. The biggest villain of the lot was Petrovich Vronsky, who was also a member of the secret police. Finding it to his interest to ruin young Ivan Tornovich, he induced him to join the circle, sent him out loaded with revolutionary documents and had him arrested.

Not long after this Vronsky was sitting in his office one morning when a young girl entered and asked if she might have a private interview with him. Vronsky gladly listened to her, and she informed him that under a certain viaduct over which ran the railroad from St. Petersburg to Moscow a party of nihilists had stored explosives, which were to be fired when the czar made his next passage over the road.

Vronsky, much pleased at the prospect of saving the life of the czar and the preferment sure to follow, eagerly listened to all the girl had to say. When she had finished he said to her:

"But you have not told me where the viaduct is located."

"I will show you."

"Very well. Come on."

"But do you not care to trap the conspirators?"

"Certainly."

"Then wait till the czar is about to pass the place."

Vronsky made every effort to get all the necessary information from the girl so that he could proceed without her, but she was immovable, and he was obliged to be content. A few weeks later he sent her word that the czar would go to Moscow the next day and directed her to come to his office. The girl—Fedia Pavlovna she called herself—appeared promptly, but when Vronsky proposed to take a party of the police with him she refused to do her part unless he would go alone, giving as a reason that he would find no one but a boy of fifteen who was to ignite the explosive. Vronsky, pleased with the idea of gaining all the credit for himself, consented.

Fedra led him to the outskirts of the city, where, tied to a post, was a horse harnessed to a tarantass. Directing Vronsky to get into the tarantass, she unlatched the horse and drove into the country. She soon complained that the rays of the sun on the white snow hurt her eyes, and when Vronsky told her that she should have a hat with a brim to shade them she told him that if he were gallant he would lend her his own hat. As he did not respond she playfully tried to take it off his head and put it on her own. This led to a scuffle, during which Fedra got possession of the hat and dropped it in the road. Passing the reins to Vronsky, she ran back for it, and while his back was turned she slipped a paper into the lining.

"Come," said Vronsky, "we must stop this fooling. The czar's train is due in thirty minutes. How far have we to go?"

"Only a short distance."

But Vronsky began to be worried. Suppose he should not reach the place in time. He had permitted the czar to incur this risk that he might gain a larger reward. He should have prevented his majesty from going. But in that case there would be no great service, as the czar was warned constantly and Vronsky would not trap the conspirators. What Vronsky wished to do was to flag the train, and when his majesty had alighted he would show him the preparations laid for his destruction. He even had a red silk handkerchief in his pocket for the purpose.

"Drive faster," said Vronsky.

"Why so? Do you wish to spoil all by arriving before the boy who is to fire the dynamite?"

"We can take him as he comes up."

"Leave it to me," said Fedra. "Am I not interested in our success? Have I not planned it all?"

"Yes. You are a very bright girl."

Fedra kept asking the time and arranged their arrival so that when they drove up to the viaduct they heard the train coming.

"Jump out quick," she said, "and seize the boy. I will flag the train."

"Here, take this handkerchief."

Vronsky ran under the viaduct, and Fedra climbed up out to the track and waved. The train came to a stop, and the minister of police, who accompanied the czar, alighted in great excitement.

"What is the matter?"

"There is a man under the viaduct intending to blow up his majesty."

Guards were sent below, but they found no one except Vronsky, who was climbing the embankment.

"That's the man," said Fedra.

"You little villain! What do you mean? Gentlemen, I am Petrovich Vronsky of the police."

"And a member of the circle of the Iron Hand," said Fedra.

"Search him," said the minister.

Vronsky was searched, and in the lining of his hat was found a certificate of his membership of the Iron Hand. The viaduct was examined and twenty pounds of dynamite found concealed under one of the girders.

"Bring the girl before me," said the czar.

"Little girl," he said, "how can I reward you for saving my life?"

"By releasing my brother, Ivan Tornovich, who has been sacrificed by the circle of the Iron Hand."

This was not all that Ivan's sister gained by her exploit. She was taken into service in the Winter palace, and her brother was eventually given a commission in the army, where he served the czar faithfully. Vronsky spent the rest of his life in Siberia.

MARY V. WHITNEY.

IN MARSHALL AND ADJOINING COUNTIES

There are 37 lakes in Kosciusko county.

The Plymouth high school will have 200 pupils next year.

Akronites are jubilant over the fact that the first spike has been driven on the Peru-Winona trolley line.

Six houses in Wayne township Kosciusko county, will be condemned owing to unsanitary conditions.

Another newspaper is slated for Bremen by a Chicago man, but to offset this the Wakarusa Citizen has suspended.

Mrs. Gorge Shindler died at her home in Argos early Saturday morning after a long illness following a paralytic stroke, aged 54 years.

What a man can do with patience and a wheelbarrow is illustrated by Andrew Shell who, in 30 days' time, gathered up and trundled to market \$75 worth of junk.—Knox Republican.

Ananias Baker of Fulton county was renominated by the Republicans for joint representative of Cass and Fulton counties last week. Baker became conspicuous during the last legislature by exhibiting \$100 said to have been offered by O. A. Baker, lobbyist for the Tobacco trust, for his vote. As a result of this denunciation O. A. Baker became a fugitive and the anti-cigarette bill a law.

A walking delegate from the South Bend stone cutters' union called on the stone masons at work on the new school building, Saturday, and told them to work under the jurisdiction of the South Bend union, and they must join it if they expected to continue work. The men told him they had contracted to do the job, they were free Americans, and expected to carry out their contract without asking the advice or consent of him or his union.—Bremen Enquirer.

Choosing the Right.

One evening when little Howard's mother was suffering with rheumatism she said to him:

"Howard, dear, run upstairs in a hurry and get mother the slipper for her right foot."

The boy ran upstairs quickly, but did not come down for many minutes.

At last he called over the stairs:

"Mother, which slipper do you want?"

"The right one, Howard, and bring it at once."

There was another wait, and then the little fellow called:

"Mother, which way are you sitting?"

Nickel Plate Excursions.

Summer Tours to Atlantic Coast Resorts via Nickel Plate Road. Tickets on sale daily. Good returning to Oct. 31. Full information of agent or address C. A. Melin, T. P. A., Ft. Wayne, Ind. jy5w4(895)

Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo. Very Low Round Trip Rates via Nickel Plate Road. July 11, 12, 13 and 14. Good returning August 20. For full information regarding stop overs and side trips call on agent or address C. A. Melin, T. P. A., Ft. Wayne, Ind. jy5w2(894)

Knights of Columbus Excursion to Cedar Point, O. Tickets on sale July 8, 9, 10. Good returning July 17. Full information of agent or address C. A. Melin, T. P. A., Ft. Wayne. je21w3(872)

San Francisco or Los Angeles, Cal. Low round trip rates June 24 to July 6 inclusive. Full information of agent or address C. A. Melin, T. P. A., Ft. Wayne. je21w3(874)

The Seashore and Niagara Falls. Tickets on sale July 16. Very low round trip rate. Side trips to Alexandria Bay and Clayton, N. Y., Montreal and Toronto, Canada. Full information of agent or address C. A. Melin, T. P. A., Fort Wayne. je91w4(875)

Cheap Excursions to Chautauqua Lake, N. Y., and Return. On sale July 6 and 27. Full information of agent or address C. A. Melin, Ft. Wayne. je21w6(873)

Dr. Shoop's Restorative brings lasting relief in Stomach, Kidney and Heart troubles through the inside nerves. No matter how the nerves become injured this remedy will rebuild their strength, will restore their vigor. Remember it does so good to treat the ailing organs—the irregular heart, rebellious stomach, diseased kidneys. The nerves that blame. Go back to the nerves that control them—treat the cause—this is a remedy that cures through the inside nerves.

Bile Poison

has a very bad effect on your system. It disorders your stomach and digestive apparatus, taints your blood and causes constipation, with all its fearful ills.

Thedford's Black-Draught

is a bland tonic, liver regulator, and blood purifier.

It gets rid of the poisons caused by over-supply of bile, and quickly cures bilious headaches, dizziness, loss of appetite, nausea, indigestion, constipation, malaria, chills and fever, jaundice, nervousness, irritability, melancholia, and all sickness due to disordered liver.

It is not a cathartic, but a gentle, herbal, liver medicine, which eases without irritating.

Price 25c at all Druggists.

PROFESSIONAL DIRECTORY.

DR. O. A. REA,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

OFFICE: Main Street, opposite Post Office
CULVER, INDIANA.

DR. NORMAN S. NORRIS,

DENTIST.

Two Doors North of Postoffice—Phone 231.
CULVER, IND.

E. E. PARKER,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

Special attention given to Obstetrics and Diseases of Women. Office over Culver Exchange Bank. Residence, corner Main and Scott Streets. Office hours, 9 to 10 a. m.; 2 to 4 p. m. and 7 to 8 p. m.

B. W. S. WISEMAN, M. D.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

CULVER, INDIANA.

N. J. FAIRCHILD,

LIVE STOCK AND GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

Terms Reasonable. Satisfaction Guaranteed. Write for dates. Residence, 2 miles east of Mackinac Lake. CULVER, IND.

Trustee's Notice.

After April 1st, my weekly office days, for the transaction of township business, will be as follows: Tuesdays at my residence, and Saturdays at my office over the Exchange Bank, Culver. FRANK M. PARKER, Trustee.

Fishing Tackle

Souvenirs,
Indian Novelties,
Victor
Talking Machines
and Records

E. J. Bradley.

H. A. ROCKHILL

(Successor to Wm. Klapp)

Livery & Feed Stable

Good Rigs at Reasonable Rates
WILL MEET ALL TRAINS
Culver Academy driving a specialty.

Barn at Hubbard, Indiana

J. P. SHAMBAUGH

SUCCESSOR TO WM. FOSS.

CULVER BAKERY

All kinds of Choice Bakery Goods.

Parties and Weddings supplied on short notice. Give us

Stahl and Company

Staple and Fancy

Groceries

Fresh, Salt and Smoked

Meats

Highest Market Price Paid for Produce and Hides

A Fine Line of Queensware, Etc.

Telephone No. 5 : : CULVER, IND.

\$30 TO COLORADO AND BACK

Every day this summer from Chicago to Denver, Colorado Springs or Pueblo and return, via the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

Tickets good to return until October 31.

Leave Union Station, Chicago, 6:05 p. m., arrive Denver 9:30 p. m. the next day. Or leave Chicago 10:25 p. m. and arrive in Denver 7:50 a. m. the second day.

Any ticket agent can sell you via this line. Insist that your ticket reads via the **Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.**

Folders descriptive of Colorado, low rates and train service mailed free on request.

E. G. HAYDEN, 426 Superior Avenue, N. W. CLEVELAND
Traveling Passenger Agent

W. S. EASTERDAY

FURNITURE and UNDERTAKING

Two Phones—Independent and Bell
Day and Night Calls Receive Prompt Attention

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For the Finest Bakery Goods

ALWAYS GO TO

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Ice Cream to Order : Meals Served

TELEPHONE 23-2

Pennsylvania LINES

SPECIAL LOW FARES

St. Paul

July 23, 24, 25—Summerband.

Omaha Denver

July 9-12—B. Y. P. U. July 11-14—B. P. O. E.

Milwaukee

August 10, 11, 12—Eagle Grand Aerio.

Minneapolis

August 10, 11, 12—G. A. R.

If interested, ask
S. J. LENON, Ticket Agent, Culver.

McLANE & CO.

Livery Feed and Sale Stable

Special attention given to traveling men. Terms reasonable.

Barn East of the Postoffice

CLOTHES CLEANED AND PRESSED

E. A. POOR'S BARBER SHOP

Where you get a good Shave and an up-to-date Hair Cut.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED

Peerless Portland Cement.

Old reliable article, constantly

THE CULVER CITIZEN

ARTHUR E. HOLT, Publisher.

CULVER, INDIANA, JULY 5, 1906.

Excursionists Must Behave.

The railroads in the Central states have taken a decided stand regarding the conduct of passengers on Sunday excursion trains and any one guilty of rowdiness will be promptly arrested. A great many women patronize Sunday excursions and the officials propose that they shall not come in contact with intoxicated or ill-mannered people.

"Immortal J. N." is Dead.

Toledo, O., June 27.—J. N. Free, known all over the country as the "Immortal J. N.," died today at the Toledo state hospital for the insane. For years he traveled all over the United States paying neither hotel bills nor railroad fares. He was harmlessly insane and had been an inmate of the insane hospital for several months.

[Free has visited Culver a number of times.]

Netherton Not Guilty.

George A. Netherton, the aged transfer mail clerk at the Terre Haute union depot who was recently tried on three indictments charging him with stealing registered packages, has been acquitted. Mr. Netherton was at one time superintendent of schools of Starke county and a representative in the legislature, and some of the older residents of Culver and vicinity knew him well.

Crippled for Life.

Mr. Gear, who resides in the old H. G. Thayer property on South Michigan street, and who fell from a cherry tree yesterday while picking cherries, is in quite a serious condition. Both his arms are broken and his spinal cord snapped, which will cause the entire loss of the use of his lower limbs. Mr. Gear is a man past middle age, and the injuries are such that he is certain to be left a cripple for life.—Plymouth Independent.

Band Items.

A pleasant episode of the band concert Thursday evening, and a total surprise to the members of the band, is to be credited to Geo. Rollins, chief at the academy. Mr. Rollins had circulated among the families of the band boys and gathered the materials for ice cream and cake which he compounded with delicious effect and at the conclusion of the concert served the tired and heated musicians with the result of his skill.

On Monday night the band went to the academy and gave a concert at the request of the leader, Capt. Wilson.

Coal Storage Scheme.

The Wabash Valley Coal Pocket company is the name of an organization that will file articles of incorporation this week with the secretary of state. The organization will be out of the ordinary in commercial life. The new company will be backed entirely by Lafayette capital. The object of the organization is to establish coal pockets for the storing of coal, and at the same time place in operation a system that will render impossible any such scarcity of coal as that which prevailed the winter of the past year, whether caused by strikes or other troubles. The company will do a wholesale business exclusively.

A Deaf Operator.

W. C. Elliot is agent for the Nickel Plate at Tippecanoe. He has been agent there for 23 years and there has been no change in the administration of the office since the first train was run over the new rails, says the Plymouth Chronicle. For several years deafness has grown on Mr. Elliot and he cannot hear a thing. It is wonderful to think that a man so deaf can conduct a telegraph office. Mr. Elliot does so, however, to the entire satisfaction of the company. He has a buggy whip stock about a foot and a half long, one end of which he places on the instrument and the other to his forehead. In this way he receives correctly the ticks of the instrument and reads the messages.

Plymouth May Get Range.

The bill which provides for the establishment of a public range at government expense in all congressional districts where there are enough marksmen interested has passed. Plymouth has the advantage over all the cities in the thirteenth district as to location and within a mile of the city limits there is a piece of land which affords all the natural possibilities for a long distance range. When these ranges are established over the country any citizen who desires to do so may go out with his rifle and have free access to the range. Each militia company in the district will be required to spend three days each year on the range. In this district there are five militia companies which would mean that quite a number of people would be brought to this city for three days each year should we be fortunate enough to secure the location of the range.

If the citizens of Plymouth will hustle early, the chances are that it will be located here. The location of the range here will bring gun clubs here from all over the district for a day's shoot and will be a good thing for the city generally.—Plymouth Independent.

Real Estate Transfers.

[Furnished by Cressner & Company, abstractors, Plymouth, Ind., members of the only abstract company in the county. Abstract of title to all lands in Marshall county is compiled promptly and accurately.]
Roscoe Divine to Rhoda Van Allen, part of 31, 35.1, \$500.
Liberty C. Cross to Ida M. Cross, part of lots 7 and 8, Wheeler's add., Plymouth, \$800.
Harcourt Corbin to George R. Reynolds, and to lots 122 and 123, Wheeler's add., Plymouth, \$74.
Daniel K. Harris by and to Martha C. Reynolds, lot 120 and 122, Wheeler's add., Plymouth, \$700.
Martha C. Reynolds to Ida C. Klingler, and 245 lot 120 and 122, Wheeler's add., Plymouth, \$100.
Ida C. Klingler to Ida C. Reynolds, and 245 lot 120 and 122, Wheeler's add., Plymouth, \$100.
Jacob Boyler to Olive E. Boyler, lot in Bremen, \$500.
Margaret A. Gray to David E. Snyder, lots 2 and 6, also S. 38 ft. lots 1 and 2, Niles' add., Plymouth, \$1,000.
Union National Sav. and L. Assn. to Minnie East, lot 40, Klingler's add., Plymouth, \$825.
Mattie J. Wilder to Margaret J. Gray, lots 2 and 6, also S. 38 ft. 1 and 2, Niles' add., Plymouth, \$1.
John Reed to David J. McGuff, 40 a in S. 22.5, \$1,500.
Lewis C. Nendlinger to Thomas Houghton, 80 acres in S. 32.1, \$7,800.
Della A. Hatch to Robert A. Leavitt, lot 88 and E. 1/2 lot 82, Fredericksburg, \$1,300.
Edward S. Kitch to Dallis M. Hayes, lot 7, block 8, Ringles' add., Bremen, \$800.
Nancy L. Bowman et al to Leander B. Geiger, part 13.22, \$1,800.
Leola Gerard by Gdn. to Leander B. Geiger, 40 acres of 13.22, \$900.
L. R. Hignillat to J. S. Fleet, lot in lot 1, Morris' plat, \$200.
Samuel Klupp to Ida M. Klupp, part of 23, 35, 1, \$30.
Louis Luenweg to Jesse H. Trofe, lot in lot 1, Mazinkuckee, 28, 32, 1, \$1,000.
May Knapp Morgan to George Rollins and C. Wade, lot 19, Knapp's add., Culver, \$250.
Leopold M. Lauer to Rosecoe Divine, 40 acres in 31, 35, 1, \$1.
Robert R. Head to Floyd A. Stilson 15 1/4 ac. sec 8 E. 24 N. E. \$1,000.
Jesse McKesson to John Sibert, 12.21 a in 21, 24.1, \$400.
Peter N. Cummings to Allen R. Cummings, tract in 16.34, \$600.
Louisa Barnes to Herman Schilling, part of 25.41, \$350.
Daniel Peoples, quit claim, to Amelia Smith, 50 a in 23.21, \$90.
Harry Hissong, quit claim, to Sarah L. Hissong, 40 a in 23.21, no con.
Bertha R. Hissong et al, quit claim, to Sarah L. Hissong, same as above, no con.

Must Put up Signs.

The order that rural route patrons must put signs on their mail boxes to notify the carriers when mail has been deposited for collection went into effect July 1. Unless the signs are put on the boxes and displayed when mail has been deposited for collection the carrier is not obliged to look for mail but may drive on past without liability for neglect of duty.

Pay Your Road Tax.

Indianapolis, June 26.—The appellate court today held that the wages of a person who fails to work out his road tax or pay the commutation of \$1.25 a day therefor, may be seized by garnishment proceedings, to pay judgment for such failure, even though the delinquent is a resident householder without other property.

Low Sunday Rates.

\$1 every Sunday 100 miles and return via Nickel Plate road.
\$1 for each person when traveling in parties of five or more. Get full details of agent or address C. A. Melin, T. P. A., Ft. Wayne, Ind. j14w7(886)

Maxinkuckee flour for sale by Porter & Co., Stahl & Co., The Surprise and Saine & Son. Every sack guaranteed to be first class. Try a sack.

COURT HOUSE NOTES

A Brief Record of the Past Week With the County Officials.

MATTERS IN CIRCUIT COURT

Commissioners' Court Proceedings and Marriage Licenses.

Following suits were filed since our last report:

David T. Warnacut vs. the Pennsylvania Company; for damages to the amount of \$1,800.

Philip Hursh vs. Ney Mikels, Drayton V. B. Skinner and Amy G. Skinner; to quiet title.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

The following marriage licenses were issued since our last report:

J. P. Bishop and Carrie Shafer; Archibald Oliver Wilcox and Effie Mae Conger; Earl Singrey and Zora Haines; Charles A. Gerard and Stella May Compton; James R. Kilburn and Elizabeth Tyson; John A. Pratt and Manida Burger; Charles W. Myres and Sarah Olive Green.

COURT HOUSE NOTES.

Letters of administration were issued to Amanda R. Shedd and Mary R. Watson on the estate of Benjamin F. Rosenberry deceased.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Eli Shaffer to Charles Ailes tract 18.33, 4, \$1,500.
Abner Vinnedge to A. P. McCudney, 4 lots in Lapaz, \$2,000.
Andrew Crothers to Norman C. Crothers, tract in 28.35, 2, \$600.
David Knott to James Woodrow lot 25 Original Plymouth, \$3,200.
Peter Brenner to Louisa Miller, lot 4 Easterday's sub. div., 21.32, 1, \$300.
Christian Bellman to Martha A. Knepp, lot east of lot 12 Foltz's Con. add., Bremen, \$1,825.
Harriet Marks to Homer Linkenholt tract in 5.33, 2, \$1,200.
Eliza Plummer to James Mat-chett, lot 4, Blk. 1, Davis' add., Bourbon, \$700.
James C. Stroup to James Mat-chett, tract in 22.34, 3, \$1,000.
Florence Morris to Frank Lamson 4 lots in Florence Morris Plat., 16.32, 1, \$900.
Wm. O'Keefe to Julius Born, lot 45, Roses' add., Plymouth, \$125.
Jacob Rothenberger to Elisha Good 2a. in 23.35, 1, \$100.
Jacob Rothenberger to Elisha Good 1 1/2 a. in 23.35, 1, \$240.
John Bender to Wm. O'Keefe, lot 45, Roses' add., Plymouth, \$800.
Carl Kloefer to George and Frederick Mast, tracts in 17.32, 2 and 20.32, 2, \$5,700.

A Sudden Death.

George W. Phillips, the well-known battle scarred veteran of the civil war, was found dead in bed shortly after 7 o'clock Friday morning, with indications that he had been dead several hours before the discovery was made by his wife who lay beside him. Mrs. Phillips stated that her husband was in his usual health when he retired and that his condition was such as to warrant no alarm or apprehension on her part whatever.—Northern Indianan, Warsaw, Ind.

Mr. Phillips, who is the father of Mrs. Wm. Houghton and Louis Phillis of this city, was known to a number of Culver people, having visited here frequently. Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Benner, Louis Phillips, and Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Houghton went to Warsaw for the funeral, June 24.

Apples Fried With Sausages.

Cut tart apples in halves, take out the cores and blossom end. Lay a piece on each sausage, placed in a frying pan. Cover and put on back of the stove where they will fry very slowly. Remove the apples to turn the sausages, and replace them carefully until the apples and sausages are thoroughly cooked. Serve as they are cooked, the gravy being sent to the table in a separate dish.

A Laundry Hint.

Unless washed with great care black stockings soon turn a greenish color. They should be washed with soap that is free from soda and rinsed in water to which a teaspoonful of vinegar has been added. When damp, press them into shape, but do not iron, as the heat tends to destroy the color.

Important to Housekeepers.

Gold Medal Flour (Washburn-Crosby Co.) is guaranteed to be the best on the market. Baking in carload lots we can sell it at \$2.80 per 100 lbs., \$1.40 per 50-lb. sack. Handled also at the same price by Stahl & Co., Culver and Wilhelm's grocery, Burr Oak.

DILLON & MEDBOURN.

Good Advice.

Jagsby—What shall I take to remove the redness from my nose, doctor?
Doctor—Take nothing for three months. Two dollars, please.—Detroit Tribune.

A Perfect Bowel Laxative for constipation, sallow complexion, dizziness, sour stomach, biliousness, headache, coated tongue. Lax-ets act promptly, without pain or griping. Pleasant to take. Lax-ets—only 5 cents. Sold by T. E. Slattery.

We pay the highest market price for new wheat.

DILLON & MEDBOURN.

The Expert.

"Is Buckingame a good hunter?"
"Good? I should say he was! Why, the last trip he was on he bagged a guide that had been out with city men at least a dozen seasons."—Puck.

Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy—when used faithfully will reach chronic and difficult cases heretofore regarded as incurable by physicians and is the most reliable prescription known to clean out and completely remove every vestige of rheumatic poisons from the blood. Sold by T. E. Slattery.

To Builders and Contractors.

The XXX Big B Lime, the largest barrel of lime put up, 240 pounds, will sell at \$1.00 per bbl. while the carload lasts. Guaranteed to go farther than any other lime on the market and superior in quality. DILLON & MEDBOURN.

Women with weaknesses should never forget Dr. Shoop's Night Cure. This magic-like local treatment is used at bedtime. All night, while the system is at rest, it is constantly building up the weakened tissues, soothing the inflamed and sensitive surfaces and will certainly clean up all catarrhal and local troubles. Sold by T. E. Slattery.

M. W. FISHBURN

General Blacksmithing

Horseshoeing and Repairs

FIRSTCLASS WORK A SPECIALTY

Prices Guaranteed Reasonable

South Main St., Culver, Ind.

Cook & Mahler

CULVER'S BLACKSMITHS

HORSESHOEING A SPECIALTY

All kinds of Repair Work neatly and promptly done.

EAST OF MACHINE SHOP

EXCHANGE BANK

Insured Against Burglary
Does a General Banking Business
Makes Loans
Receives Money on Deposit
Buys Commercial Paper
Farm Loans Made at Lowest Rates
Prompt and Courteous Attention to All
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Also agent for the Old Reliable JOHN HANCOCK Life Insurance Co. of Boston, Mass.
S. C. SHILLING President

John S. Gast TINNER

Spouting, Tin and Steel Roofing, Steel Ceiling, Warm Air Heating, Etc.

I keep on hand at all times a full line of Valleys, Ridge Rolls, Ridge Boards and Crestings.

General Job and Repair Work.

WILLIAM GRUBB PLUMBER

All Work Guaranteed to be Sanitary
Shop in Rear of Tin Shop, Culver

A STOVE THAT IS ALWAYS READY

A stove that makes no smoke, smell or ashes—A safe stove—An economical stove—A clean stove—A stove that requires no skill to operate—A stove that has revolutionized cooking and has transformed the drudgery of kitchen work into a pleasant pastime.



A "Quick Meal" stove will do any and all work that can be done on coal or wood stoves, only with the difference that the "Quick Meal" does it quicker, cheaper and in a more agreeable and reliable way.

Also other summer goods—Lawn Mowers, Grass Catchers, Lawn Hose, Lawn Swings, Refrigerators, Ice Cream Freezers, Screen Windows, Screen Doors.

The Culver Cash Hardware Company

WALL PAPER AND PAINTS

Everything needful here at right prices. See the newest Spring styles we're showing

At Slattery's Drug Store

Anchor Posts

Call and see same and get my prices

At the Lumber Yard Culver

J. O. FERRIER, Proprietor

CULVER CITY Meat Market

DEALERS IN FRESH & SMOKED MEATS SAUSAGES, ETC.

WALTER E. SON, Props. Cor. Main and Washington Sts., CULVER, IND.

M. R. CLINE, Contractor and Builder

Residence—Maxinkuckee.

Notice—I have six 50-foot Maxinkuckee Lake front lots for sale. James Green, near the Arlington.

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat

A Candy Bowl Laxative.

Palace Barber Shop

Where you get a good cool, clean shave, or an artistic haircut. Up-to-date work. Clean towels for everybody. Everything sanitary. Give me a trial. First door south of the hardware.

FRED MURRAY, Prop.

NICKEL PLATE

All trains arrive at and depart from the new LaSalle St. Station, Chicago. Uniformed colored Porters attend passengers holding first or second class tickets in day coaches on thru trains, insuring scrupulously clean cars enroute.

East read down.		All Nickl Plate Passenger Trains Daily.		West read up.	
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THE RAILROAD RATE BILL

Synopsis of the Important Provisions of the New Law.

The Term Common Carriers Includes Railroads, Express Companies, Sleeping Car Companies and Pipe Lines—Passes May Be Issued to Railroad Employees—Authority of Commission to Fix Rates.

Washington.—The following is a synopsis of the important sections of the railroad rate bill.

Section one makes the law apply to corporations or persons engaged in the transportation of oil or other commodities, except water, by pipe line, to those engaged in transportation of passengers or property by railroad or partly by railroad and partly by water, between states.

"Common Carriers" Defined. The term common carrier is described as follows:

The term "common carrier," as used in this act, shall include express companies and sleeping car companies. The term "railroad," as used in this act, shall include all bridges and ferries used or operated in connection with any railroad, and also all the road in use by any corporation operating a railroad, whether owned or operated under a contract, agreement or lease, and shall also include all switches, spurs, tracks, and terminal facilities of every kind used or necessary in the transportation of the persons or property designated therein.

All charges made for any service rendered or to be rendered in the transportation of passengers or property as aforesaid, or in connection therewith, shall be just and reasonable; and every unjust and unreasonable charge for such service or any part thereof is prohibited and declared to be unlawful.

What Passes May Be Issued. The section relative to the issuing of railway passes is as follows:

A. No carrier subject to the provisions of this act shall hereafter, directly or indirectly, issue or give any interstate free ticket, free pass or free transportation for passengers, except to its officers, agents, employees, surgeons, physicians, actual and bona fide attorneys, and members of their immediate families; to ministers of religion, local and traveling secretaries of Young Men's Christian associations, inmates of hospitals and charitable and eleemosynary institutions; to indigent, destitute and homeless persons, and to such persons when transported by charitable societies or hospitals, and the necessary agents employed in such transportation; to inmates of the national homes or state homes for disabled volunteer soldiers and of soldiers and to enter and those residing there after discharge, under arrangements with boards of managers, and female nurses that served during the civil war; to ex-union soldiers and sailors and ex-confederate soldiers; and to owners and caretakers of livestock when traveling with such stock or when going to point of shipment or returning from point of delivery.

Exceptions to the Rule. Provided, that this provision shall not be construed to prohibit the interchange of passes for the officers, agents and employees of carriers, and members of their immediate families, nor to prohibit any carrier from carrying passengers free with the object of providing relief in cases of general epidemic, pestilence or other calamitous visitations, nor prevent such carrier from giving free or reduced transportation to laborers transported to any place for the purpose of supplying any demand for labor at such place.

Cannot Own Coal Mines. All common carriers are prohibited from transporting from one state to another any article manufactured, mined or produced by the carrier or under its authority, and owned wholly or in part by the carrier; except that pipe lines operated by oil companies may transport their own commodities as well as those offered for transportation by competitors.

Section 2 amends section 6 of the present law so as to make it obligatory on the part of carriers to file with the commission and keep open to the public schedules showing all rates, fares and charges between different points on its own route and points on other routes, when a through rate is made, and no change should be made in these rates without giving 30 days' notice of change. It also provides for the filing of all contracts and agreements between different lines.

Penalties Are Provided. The penalties provided for violation of these rates are as follows:

That section 1 of the act entitled "An act to further regulate commerce with foreign nations and among the states," approved February 13, 1903, be amended so as to read as follows:

The willful failure upon the part of any carrier subject to said acts to file

and publish the tariffs or rates and charges as required by said acts, or strictly to observe such tariffs until changed according to law, shall be a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof the corporation offending shall be subject to a fine of not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$20,000 for each offense; and it shall be unlawful for any person, persons or corporation to offer, grant or give, or to solicit, accept or receive any rebate, concession or discrimination in respect to the transportation of any property in interstate or foreign commerce by any common carrier subject to said act to regulate commerce and the acts amendatory thereto whereby any such property shall by any device whatever be transported at a less rate than that named in the tariffs published and filed by such carrier, as is required by said act to regulate commerce and the acts amendatory thereto, or whereby any other advantage is given or discrimination is practiced.

Every person or corporation who shall offer, grant or give, or solicit, accept, or receive any such rebates, concession, or discrimination shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$20,000; Provided, that any person, or any officer or director of any corporation subject to the provisions of this act, or the act to regulate commerce and the acts amendatory thereof, or any receiver, trustee, lessee, agent or person acting for or employed by any such corporation, who shall be convicted as aforesaid, shall, in addition to fine herein provided for, be liable to imprisonment in the penitentiary for a term of not exceeding two years, or both such fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the court. Every violation of this section shall be prosecuted in any court of the United States having jurisdiction of crimes within the district in which such violation was committed, or through which the transportation may have been conducted; and whenever the offense is begun in one jurisdiction and completed in another it may be dealt with, inquired of, tried, determined, and punished in either jurisdiction in the same manner as if the offense had been actually and wholly committed therein.

Authorized to Fix Rates. Section 15 authorizes the interstate commerce commission to fix rates as follows:

Sec. 4. That section 15 of said act be amended so as to read as follows: "Sec. 15. That the commission, is authorized and empowered, and it shall be its duty, whenever after full hearing and report, made as provided in section 13 of this act, or upon complaint of any common carrier, it shall be of the opinion that any of the rates, or charges whatsoever, demanded, charged, or collected by any common carrier or carriers, subject to the provisions of this act, for the transportation of persons or property as defined in the first section of this act, or that any regulations or practices whatsoever of such carrier or carriers affecting such rates, are unjust or unreasonable, or unjustly discriminatory, or unduly preferential or prejudicial, or otherwise in violation of any of the provisions of this act, to determine and prescribe what will be the just and reasonable rate or rates, charge or charges, to be thereafter observed in such case as the maximum to be charged; and what regulation or practice in respect to such transportation is just, fair and reasonable to be thereafter followed; and to make an order that the carrier shall cease and desist from such violation, to the extent to which the commission find the same to exist, and shall not thereafter publish, demand, or collect any rate or charge for such transportation in excess of the maximum rate or charge so prescribed, and shall conform to the regulation or practice so prescribed. All orders of the commission, except orders for the payment of money, shall take effect within such reasonable time, not less than 30 days, and shall continue in force for such period of time, not exceeding two years, as shall be prescribed in the order of the commission, unless the same shall be suspended or modified or set aside by the commission or be suspended or set aside by a court of competent jurisdiction."

Any person, corporation, or company who shall deliver property for interstate transportation to any common carrier, subject to the provisions of this act, or for whom, as consignee or consignee, any such carrier shall transport property from one state, territory, or district of the United States to any other state, territory or district of the United States or foreign country, who shall knowingly and willfully, by employ, agent, officer or otherwise, directly or indirectly, by or through any means or device whatsoever, receive or accept from such common carrier any

sum of money, or any other valuable consideration, as a rebate or offset against the regular charges for transportation of such property, as fixed by the schedules of rates provided for in this act, shall be deemed guilty of a fraud, which is hereby declared to be a misdemeanor, and, shall, upon conviction thereof in any court of the United States of competent jurisdiction within the district where such offense was committed, in addition to any other penalties provided by this act, be subjected to a fine equal to three times the sum of money so received or accepted, and three times the value of any other consideration so received or accepted, to be ascertained by the trial court; and in the trial for such offense, all such rebates or other considerations so received or accepted for a period of six years prior to the commencement of the action may be considered, and the said fine shall be three times the total amount of money or three times the total value of such considerations so received or accepted, as the case may be; Provided, that the foregoing penalties shall not apply to rebates or considerations received prior to the passage and approval of this act.

In addition to the above the commission is empowered to make joint rates.

Orders of the Commission.

Any carrier, any officer, representative, or agent of a carrier, or any receiver, trustee, lessee, or agent of either of them, who knowingly fails or neglects to obey any order made under the provisions of section 15 of this act, shall forfeit to the United States the sum of \$5,000 for each offense. Every distinct violation shall be a separate offense, and in case of a continuing violation each day shall be deemed a separate offense.

Provision for Court Review.

The court-review provision of the bill is as follows:

If any carrier fails or neglects to obey any order of the commission, other than for the payment of money, while the same is in effect, any party injured thereby, or the commission in its own name, may apply to the circuit court in the district where such carrier has its principal operating office, or in which the violation or disobedience of such order shall happen, for an enforcement of such order. Such application shall be by petition, which shall state the substance of the order and the respect in which the carrier has failed of obedience, and shall be served upon the carrier in such manner as the court may direct, and the court shall prosecute such inquiries and make such investigations, through such means as it shall deem needful in the ascertainment of the facts at issue or which may arise upon the hearing of such petition. If, upon such hearing as the court may determine to be necessary, it appears that the order was lawfully made and duly served, and that the carrier is in disobedience of the same, the court shall enforce obedience to such order by a writ of injunction, or other proper process, mandatory or otherwise, to restrain such carrier, its officers, agents or representatives, from further disobedience of such order, or to enjoin upon it, or them, obedience to the same; and in the enforcement of such process the court shall have those powers ordinarily exercised by it in compelling obedience to its writs of injunction and mandamus.

From any action upon such petition on appeal shall lie by either party to the supreme court of the United States, and in such court the case shall have priority in hearing and determination over all other causes except criminal cases, but such appeal shall not vacate or suspend the order appealed from.

The so-called Allison provision provides that all cases for the annulling of a rate as made by the commission should be brought in the district where the carrier against whom such order of requirement may have been made has its principal office.

Other provisions of the bill provide that the commission shall be empowered to require annual reports from all common carriers, and providing that such reports shall be of the fullest character; giving the commission at all times access to the books of common carriers, heavy penalties are enjoined for false entries in accounts. A fine of \$5,000 or imprisonment for a term of two years, or both, is decreed for any examiner who shall wrongfully divulge information acquired through examinations of accounts. Circuit and district courts are to have jurisdiction to issue writs of mandamus compelling common carriers to obey the orders of the commission. Bills of lading are to be issued by any common carrier accepting goods for transportation, making railroad companies liable for loss or damage done in transit over their or any other line. The commission is empowered to employ special agents or examiners with full powers.

This act takes effect and is in force from and after its passage.

The interstate commerce commission will consist of seven members, who shall draw salaries of \$10,000 per annum each.

Explanation. Myer—Your friend Cutter always speaks well of everybody. Gyer—Mere force of habit. Myer—How's that? Gyer—He used to carve epitaphs on tombstones.—Chicago Daily News.

Certainly Took It. Redd—How did the horse take the hurdle to-day? Greene—All right. He took it about 20 yards with him.—Yonkers Statesman.

Head on a Pivot. "The trouble is she's too fond of talking behind her back." "Behind whose back?" "Her own. She's a regular rubber-neck."—Philadelphia Press.

Not So Foolish. "I can't understand why men drink whisky," she said. "Does it quench thirst?" "Of course not," he replied. "If it did they wouldn't be foolish enough to drink it."—Chicago Daily News.

Neutralized. He—Gracious! Did you notice the terrible smell that automobile made that went by a little while ago? She—No, dear; I was peeling onions or dinner then.—Yonkers Statesman.

Unfortunate. First Merchant—Well, cheer up, old duck! You never know your luck. Second Ditto—That's a fact, I don't believe I've ever seen mine. First Merchant—Always out, I s'pose?

First Merchant—Always out, I s'pose?

Unfortunate.

First Merchant—Always out, I s'pose?

Unfortunate.

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Unfortunate.

First Merchant—Always out, I s'pose?

Unfortunate.

TERRIBLE ITCHING SCALP.

Eczema Broke Out Also on Hands and Limbs—An Old Soldier Declares: "Cuticura is a Blessing."

"At all times and to all people I am willing to testify to the merits of Cuticura. I saved me from worse than the torture of itches, about the year 1900, with itching on my scalp and face, and afterwards it commenced to break out on my hands. Then it broke out on my limbs. I then went to a Surgeon, whose treatment did me no good, but rather aggravated the disease. I then told him I would go and see a physician in Erie. The reply was that I could go anywhere, but a case of eczema like mine could not be cured; that I was too old (80). I went to an eminent doctor in the city of Erie and treated with him for six months, with like results. I had read of the Cuticura Remedies, and so I sent for the Cuticura Soap, Ointment, and Resolvent, and continued taking the Resolvent until I had taken six bottles, stopping it to take the Pills. I was now getting better. I took two baths a day, and at night I let the lather of the Soap dry on. I used the Ointment with great effect after washing in warm water, to stop the itching at once. I am cured. The Cuticura is a blessing, and should be used by every one who has itching of the skin. I can't say any more, and thank God that He has given the world such a curative. Wm. H. Gray, 3303 Mt. Vernon St., Philadelphia, Pa., August 2, 1905."

One on the Doctor. A Baltimore physician who boarded a crowded car in Charles street, noticed a woman standing and a big German sprawling over twice the seat area that was necessary to him. Indignantly the physician said to his: "See here! Why don't you move a little so that this tired woman may have a seat?" For a moment the German looked dazed. Then a broad smile spread over his countenance as he answered: "Say, dot's a joke on you, all right! Dot's my wife!"

Low Rates to California. To accommodate summer tourists to California the Union Pacific has authorized the very low rate of one fare plus \$2.00 for the round trip to either San Francisco or Los Angeles. Tickets on sale June 25th to July 7th, with final return limit September 15th, 1906. Also other low rates to California points during the summer. Inquire of W. G. Neumyer, G. A., 123 Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Ill.

"There is one advantage in this business," mused the expert gardener, as he stood in his orchard. "It is grafting all the time, but you can always get the public to swallow it."—Baltimore American.

What the world needs is men who do more of their work by day and more of their dreaming by night.

Lewis' Single Binder straight 5c cigar. Made of extra quality tobacco. Your dealer or Lewis' factory, Peoria, Ill.

Few girls would improve their intellects at the expense of their shape.

You can generally size up a man by the things he doesn't do.

TEETH THAT WERE USELESS

Puzzle to the Man Who Had Suddenly Sustained the Loss of Them.

Harry Leon Wilson, author of "The Spenders," was domiciled for a summer in Connecticut with a colony of artists and writers, all of whom had to go into the city every day, relates the Saturday Evening Post.

Wilson was doing nothing but loafing. He loafed artistically, and from time to time met and had fun with some of the natives of the place. One day he found two men in the road who seemed congenial, and he struck up an acquaintance with them. He proposed a drive and they got a surrey and two horses.

"Can you drive?" asked Wilson.

"Sure," one of his sudden friends replied, "I am a fine driver."

They got aboard and started down the road. Before they had gone half a mile the team was frightened by a passing automobile and ran away. The driver valiantly steered the horses into a telegraph pole and Wilson and his two friends were thrown helterskelter into the road.

Wilson slowly gathered himself together. One of his friends was sitting in the ditch rubbing his bruises and the other stood in the middle of the road gazing in tearful misery at two front teeth which he held in the palm of his hand.

"Pretty lucky escape, wasn't it?" asked Wilson, for want of something better to say.

"Yes," replied the man with the teeth, weeping afresh, "but please, oh, please, tell me, what shall I do with these?"

Pitied Pitcoe. A man who had started with a friend on a week's automobile tour stayed away two weeks. When finally they got back to town, he went home, and his wife received him coldly.

What he dreaded was a scolding and an upbraiding. "I am so glad to be back with you here, dear," he said; "but I pity Pitcoe. Poor old Pitcoe!" "What is the matter with Pitcoe?" said the lady, sharply. "Ah, poor fellow," said her husband, "at this moment his wife is giving him the very deuce!" And that wily speech got him off.

Went with the Suit. Mugger—Where did yar git de watch? Gaffer—Got it wid a suit o' clo'es. "Aw! go'n; de clothin' men ain't givin' away no watches like that wid suits o' clo'es."

"Well, dis was a second-hand suit what belonged to a gent what was in swimmin'."—Philadelphia Press.

There is always room at the top, of course, but sometimes it's a whole lot more sociable at the bottom.—Puck.

Good Test of the Dog. Suburbanite (to visitor)—Oh, how are you? Come right in. Don't mind the dog. Visitor—But won't he bite? "That's just what I want to see. I only bought that watchdog this morning."—La Rive.

You may have observed that dream-makers never seem to tire of their efforts to improve on the work of nature.

Talent often regards with envy the well-filled stomach of mediocrity.

ALL HAIL PE-RU-NA.

A Case of STOMACH CATARRH.



Miss Mary O'Brien, 806 Myrtle Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y., writes: "Peruna cured me in five weeks of catarrh of the stomach, after suffering for four years and doctoring without effect. In common with other grateful ones who have been benefited by your discovery, I say, All hail to Peruna."

Mr. H. J. Henneman, Oakland, Neb., writes: "I waited before writing to you about my sickness, catarrh of the stomach, which I had over a year ago."

"There were people who told me it would not stay cured, but I am sure that I am cured, for I do not feel any more ill effects, have a good appetite and am getting fat."

"So I am, and will say to all, I am cured for good."

"I thank you for your kindness."

"Peruna will be our house medicine hereafter."

Catarrh of the stomach is also known in common parlance as dyspepsia, gastritis and indigestion. No medicine will be of any permanent benefit except it removes the catarrh.

A Great Tonic. Mr. Austin M. Small, Astoria, Ore., writes: "During the hot weather of the past summer I lost my appetite. I tried Peruna, and found it pleasant to take, a splendid appetizer and a great tonic."

Save the Babies.

INFANT MORTALITY is something frightful. We can hardly realize that of all the children born in civilized countries, twentytwo per cent., or nearly one-quarter, die before they reach one year; thirtyseven per cent., or more than one-third, before they are five, and one-half before they are fifteen!

We do not hesitate to say that a timely use of Castoria would save a majority of these precious lives. Neither do we hesitate to say that many of these infantile deaths are occasioned by the use of narcotic preparations. Drops, tinctures and soothing syrups sold for children's complaints contain more or less opium, or morphine. They are, in considerable quantities, deadly poisons. In any quantity they stupefy, retard circulation and lead to congestions, sickness, death. Castoria operates exactly the reverse, but you must see that it bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. Castoria causes the blood to circulate properly, opens the pores of the skin and allays fever.



Letters from Prominent Physicians addressed to Chas. H. Fletcher.

Dr. A. F. Peeler, of St. Louis, Mo., says: "I have prescribed your Castoria in many cases and have always found it an efficient and speedy remedy."

Dr. E. Down, of Philadelphia, Pa., says: "I have prescribed your Castoria in my practice for many years with great satisfaction to myself and benefit to my patients."

Dr. J. E. Waggoner, of Chicago, Ill., says: "I can most heartily recommend your Castoria to the public as a remedy for children's complaints. I have tried it and found it of great value."

Dr. Edward Parrish, of Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "I have used your Castoria in my own household with good results, and have advised several patients to use it for its mild laxative effect and freedom from harm."

Dr. J. B. Elliott, of New York City, says: "Having during the past six years prescribed your Castoria for infantile stomach disorders, I most heartily commend its use. The formula contains nothing deleterious to the most delicate of children."

Dr. C. G. Sprague, of Omaha, Neb., says: "Your Castoria is an ideal medicine for children, and I frequently prescribe it. While I do not advocate the indiscriminate use of proprietary medicines, yet Castoria is an exception for conditions which arise in the case of children."

Dr. J. A. Parker, of Kansas City, Mo., says: "Your Castoria holds the esteem of the medical profession in a manner held by no other proprietary preparation. It is a safe and reliable medicine for infants and children. In fact, it is the universal household remedy for infantile ailments."

Dr. H. F. Merrill, of Augusta, Me., says: "Castoria is one of the very finest and most remarkable remedies for infants and children. In my opinion your Castoria has saved thousands from an early grave. I can furnish hundreds of testimonials from this locality as to its efficiency and merits."

Dr. Norman M. Gear, of Cleveland, Ohio, says: "During the last twelve years I have frequently recommended your Castoria as one of the best preparations of the kind, being safe in the hands of parents and very effective in relieving children's disorders, while the ease with which such a pleasant preparation can be administered is a great advantage."

Dr. F. H. Kyle, of St. Paul, Minn., says: "It affords me pleasure to add my name to the long list of those who have used and now endorse your Castoria. The fact of the ingredients being known through the printing of the formula on the wrapper is one good and sufficient reason for the recommendation of any physician. I know of its good qualities and recommend it cheerfully."

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher
The Kind You Have Always Bought In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY ST., NEW YORK CITY.



OF AID TO HOSTESS.

SUGGESTIONS FOR NOVEL AND PLEASING ENTERTAINMENTS.

A Paper Wedding Celebrates Second Anniversary—A Game Involving Knowledge of Characters Used in Music.

A Paper Wedding.

A paper wedding celebrates the second anniversary, and it may be the jolliest kind of an affair with little trouble and small expense. These occasions should be confined to the family and intimate friends and in consequence be very informal, full of good comradeship and sincerity.

Table cloths and napkins come in really artistic patterns and are just the thing to use, also paper flowers to decorate with and for the centerpiece. Years ago when hot houses were an almost unknown quantity except with the very rich, flowers of paper were always used and considered the height of fashion. Dollies of lace paper come in all sizes, also paper holders for bon-bons, salted nuts and ices, so the table may be set without a bit of linen.

Have the snapping-cracker caps to put on before refreshments; by having two of each color partners may be chosen. If the hostess wishes and it is practical, the guests may be asked to come in costumes of paper. The girls can achieve most charming toilets by purchasing for a trifle the last year's patterns from a modiste or a pattern maker. The men will probably have to content themselves with neckties of paper, and a huge boutonniere. Portieres and window draperies made from strips of crepe paper are astonishingly pretty, especially in pink and white. To make the decorations still more "papery" quantities of Japanese lanterns, parasols and fans may be used. For amusement a game could be concocted from the "flags of all nations" which are of paper and come in an envelope for the sum of ten cents. To the person guessing the most award a prize of a box of stationery or any of the numerous articles made from paper.

A Musical Game.

This musical game is most suitable for people who understand how to read music and are conversant with all the musical terms. It will be found of special interest to teachers who

wish to entertain their pupils and at the same time instruct them in a way that does not seem like study.

Provide cards and pencils for all and tell the guests to observe the objects in the room, as they have a musical significance. If desired, the company may hunt in pairs, partners being found by the means of a familiar bar or two of music cut in two; when the air is completed the couple set out to discover what the peculiar articles scattered about mean. Here are the objects and a key:

A quire of paper—A choir.
Three dolls dressed alike—Triplets.
A carpenter's brace—Brace.
A watch—Time.
A razor—A sharp.
The chin rest from a violin—A rest.
A card on which is written XL—Forté.

A name written on a piece of paper—A signature.
A pair of apothecary's scales—Scales.
A base taken from a table bell—Bass.

A peck measure containing two beats—Two beats in a measure.
A heavy string—Chord.

A flat iron with a letter B on it—B flat.

A card board letter C hanging from the gas jet—High C.

A bit of tar—Pitch.

A pipe stem—Stem.

A large half-tone engraving—Half tone.

A bank note—Note.

A baby's shoe with an O on the sole—Solo.

A love letter which starts out well, but has a blot half way down the page—Accidental.

A necktie—Tie.

A bar of iron—Bar.

A door key—Key.

A pocket rule or a tape measure—Measure.

A 35 cent piece with a piece of black court plaster pasted on it—Dotted quarter.

A real flower and a lock of hair—Natural.

A circular piece of card-board cut into three equal pieces—Thirds.

To the one who correctly guesses the most give a prize of a musical instrument in the shape of a candy box. If something more elaborate is desired a photograph of one of the composers framed or a book of musical history would be acceptable. A short programme would complete this entertainment in a most fitting manner.

MADAME MERRY.

BURIED 22 HOURS; RESCUED

VICTIM OF A CAVE-IN IS TAKEN OUT ALIVE.

Dramatic All-Night Struggle to Save Plumber at Tompkinsville, Staten Island.

New York, June 29.—After fighting against death for more than 22 hours, Jeremiah Fisher, a plumber, was rescued alive Thursday from a sandpit at Tompkinsville, Staten Island, in which he had been imprisoned since 11 o'clock Wednesday forenoon. The rescued man is in a pitiable condition from exhaustion, however, and it is not at all certain that he will survive the effects of his frightful ordeal.

Fisher was working in an excavation when a passing street car loosened the earth around the hole and sent an avalanche of sand pouring down upon him. Before he could scramble out of its way the sand had sifted in around his legs, holding him as firmly as in a vise and gradually rising until only his head was visible. For hours a large force of rescuers worked with frantic haste in an effort to free the imprisoned man, but the shifting sand surged back and renewed its grip upon the prisoner almost as fast as they could remove it. When the rescuers began to abandon hope of getting Fisher out alive, they reluctantly decided to notify his family of his predicament and the wife, mother and brother were witnesses of the all-night fight for life which followed.

Hundreds of persons from various parts of the island had flocked to the scene and many of them remained throughout the night. An ambulance with physicans and nurses also stood by in constant readiness to render any aid they could, and two clergymen who had been summoned awaited the call to administer the last rites should the task of the rescuers prove unavailing. All through the night the rescuers labored under the glare of torches, and when daylight came they had succeeded in uncovering the imprisoned man's body as far down as the hips. Then ropes were attached under Fisher's arms, but the combined strength of 20 men failed even to move the imprisoned man an inch. Fisher then was unconscious, and the physicans who had been watching his condition declared that there remained only the faintest hope of his surviving much longer. The rescuers stuck to their task, however, and hours later, when the last obstacle was removed and the senseless form of Fisher was drawn from the stifling hole, a spark of life still lingered. His condition was extremely critical, but the physicans said that there remained a chance that he might recover.

MICHIGAN MINERS SETTLE

Scale of 1903 Is Agreed to and Initiation Fee Is Cut in Half by Conference.

Bay City, Mich., June 27.—The differences which have existed between the coal operators and miners of the Michigan district since March last were formally settled Tuesday afternoon at a joint conference. The scale of 1903, carrying an advance of 5.55 per cent, was adopted. The initiation fee which the union had placed at \$50, was reduced to \$25, \$10 to be paid down and the balance at the rate of \$2.50 each pay day. The mines will be reopened at once. The new agreement holds until April 1, 1905.

ROBBERS IN THAW MANSION

Burglars at Pittsburg Gather in Jewels and Plate of a Total Value of \$60,000.

Pittsburg, Pa., June 27.—While seeking information of the Thaw family, it was learned that the home of Mrs. William Thaw, mother of Harry Thaw, who is charged with the murder of Stanford White in New York, was robbed of jewels and silver plate within the past few weeks, the value of which is said to amount to \$60,000.

The matter was reported to the police, but because of the prominence of the family the incident was suppressed.

Woman Is Cause of Murder.

Kenosha, Wis., June 28.—Clifford Smith, 50 years old, a railway contractor on the Chicago & Milwaukee electric railway, was shot and instantly killed near here at one a. m. Wednesday by a man of the name of Bradley, who was in the employ of the company. The murder is said to have been a deliberate one and took place on a lonely road a half-mile south of the village of Berryville, six miles north of Kenosha. Trouble over a woman is said to have been the cause.

Death of "Immortal J. N."

Toledo, O., June 28.—J. N. Free, known all over the country as the "Immortal J. N.," died Wednesday at the Toledo state hospital for the insane. For years he traveled all over the United States, paying neither hotel bills nor railroad fares. He was humorously crazy, and had been an inmate of the insane hospital for several months.

Receiver for Bond Company.

St. Paul, Minn., June 25.—The Mississippi Valley Trust company was appointed receiver for the American Reserve Bond company, of Missouri, and its constituent companies in the United States court here.

To Build in Decatur.

Decatur, Ill., June 25.—The committee on the location of the \$250,000 Pythian home has selected Decatur. Three places were considered—this city, Bloomington and Alton.



WHAT JOY THEY BRING TO EVERY HOME

as with joyous hearts and smiling faces they romp and play—when in health—and how conducive to health the games in which they indulge, the outdoor life they enjoy, the cleanly, regular habits they should be taught to form and the wholesome diet of which they should partake. How tenderly their health should be preserved, not by constant medication, but by careful avoidance of every medicine of an injurious or objectionable nature, and if at any time a remedial agent is required, to assist nature, only those of known excellence should be used; remedies which are pure and wholesome and truly beneficial in effect, like the pleasant laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. Syrup of Figs has come into general favor in many millions of well informed families, whose estimate of its quality and excellence is based upon personal knowledge and use.

Syrup of Figs has also met with the approval of physicians generally, because they know it is wholesome, simple and gentle in its action. We inform all reputable physicians as to the medicinal principles of Syrup of Figs, obtained, by an original method, from certain plants known to them to act most beneficially and presented in an agreeable syrup in which the wholesome Californian blue figs are used to promote the pleasant taste; therefore it is not a secret remedy and hence we are free to refer to all well informed physicians, who do not approve of patent medicines and never favor indiscriminate self-medication.

Please to remember and teach your children also that the genuine Syrup of Figs always has the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—plainly printed on the front of every package and that it is for sale in bottles of one size only. If any dealer offers any other than the regular Fifty cent size, or having printed thereon the name of any other company, do not accept it. If you fail to get the genuine you will not get its beneficial effects. Every family should always have a bottle on hand, as it is equally beneficial for the parents and the children, whenever a laxative remedy is required.

PREVENTION OF CRUELTY.

A "Plain an' Pinted" Duty That Was Not to Be Misunderstood.

Deacon Smith and Deacon Jones were pillars of an Alabama colored country church. One day while storing hay in their employer's barn, Deacon Jones came upon a hen's nest, in which reposed a dozen large, white eggs, relates the American Spectator.

"Now, what us gwine do bout dis hyah?" he demanded.

"Er, reckon we mout take 'em up ter de big house?" Deacon Smith suggested, without enthusiasm.

"Now, how we know dat hen b'long ter Mars Will?" Bro. Jones objected. "No, sah! Can't take no chance on gibbin' Mars Will some yuther man's aligs!"

"Mout leave dem hyah, den," was the useful reply.

"Now, lookyere, Bro' Smif, Ah's 'sprised at yo'! Don' de church teach us ter be kind ter all critters? And don' yo' think dat 'cludes hens? Ef we waster leave dem aligs hyah, dat po' 'll hen woul' think day warn't 'precalated, an' feel bad bout hit. No, sah! Ouh plain an' pinted duty am ter take dem aligs out yonder in dat pine thick-et whar nobody won't see de smoke, an' roast 'em."

STATE TAKES ON NEW LIFE.

It would appear that after 30 years of indifferent existence and an almost standstill population Nevada is again to come into its own. Gold boomed Nevada; there are still several of the best paying mines in the world there. But these properties are in the hands of limited corporations, and for years the state has been a poor field for prospectors. But nature works things out better than economics. Copper is now what promises to bring Nevada to the front. As Colorado rather went out of mining for farming Nevada promises to stop chasing the golden dream for copper. A great district of this mineral has been discovered, in and around the little town of Ely in White Pine county, which, by the way, is about the size of the state of Massachusetts, or 8,200 square miles. There is no incentive for sensational figures, for there is in sight 50,000,000,000 pounds of pure copper, \$1,000,000,000 in silver and \$400,000,000 in gold. The Bullfrog mine, which has been corroded by easterners, is the largest. The district promises to rival some of the Alaskan fields, the money exchanges for property during March exceeding those of all the rest of Nevada six times over. Comparatively speaking the gold and silver values are low to the ton, but the immensity of the output makes them average with higher values. Copper, however, is the king and its value runs very high.

Ely is a typical new mining district. Three banks have been chartered and three railroads are heading for the territory, one will be finished to the camp within a few weeks, and prospectors and business men are arriving in numbers daily. It is believed that the biggest mining boom in the west since the Leadville excitement in 1878 is on.

Really an Awful Affair.

She—He married her for her money. Wasn't that awful?
He—Did he get it?
"No."
"It was."—Judge.

AMATEUR AERONAUTICS.

Do not stick pins into the envelope, even if the balloon is a stationary one.

Never leave the car while in motion—especially when at a considerable altitude. It hurts.

Do not throw out empty bottles when passing over densely populated urban rural districts; they will only get broken.

Should your grappling-iron "grapple" a harmless old gentleman and lift him off his feet, do not be too angry with him; let him down gently.

When passing over a friend's estate try and resist the temptation of dropping a sand-bag through his conservatory; somebody may be there, and besides, your friend may be a retaliator and a first-class rifle shot.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, ss.

FRANK J. CHENEY, being sworn, deposes that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State of OHIO, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY, sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 28th day of December, A. D. 1904.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

HALL'S CATARRH CURE is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Give and Take.

"Gracious, my dear," said the first society belle, spitefully, "I do hope you're not ill. You look so much older to-night."

"I'm quite well, thank you, dear," replied the other. "And you—how wonderfully improved you are. You look positively young."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Up to Him.

Regular Boarder—How many more times am I going to see this same piece of pie?

Waiter—Dunno, sir. The boss told me to keep giving it to you till you eat it.—Detroit Free Press.

The Soft Is Hard.

"And don't you ever indulge in any soft drinks?"
"No, never."
"Why not?"
"They're too hard on my stomach."—Chicago Tribune.

Flattery and the Sex.

He—It was decided some time ago that the mails could carry soft soap. She—Umph! I didn't know the capacity of males for soft soap had ever been questioned.—Baltimore American.



Really an Awful Affair.

She—He married her for her money. Wasn't that awful?
He—Did he get it?
"No."
"It was."—Judge.

FOREIGN FINANCE.

Great Britain's public revenue in April, the first month of the fiscal year, amounted to £418,895, and expenditures, £213,360,361.

New capital issued in London from January 1 to May 5, amounted to \$288,788,915, as against \$434,216,505 in the same period in 1905.

Total operations of the Bank of Japan in the year 1905 amounted to \$14,578,127,000, an increase of \$5,744,106,420 compared with 1904.

The annual report of the Banque de Paris for 1905 shows that net profits amounted to only 10,894,883 francs, against 19,411,421 francs in 1904.

A loan of 100,000,000 francs will be shortly put on the Paris market for the French colonies in West Africa. The greater part is intended for Senegal and the Upper Niger, to improve the navigation on the two rivers.

You always get full value in Lewis' Single Binder straight 50 cigar. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

The mare is by no means singular. Everything goes, where money is the motive.—Puck.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Prosperity seems to be some men's earthly punishment.

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature. REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

HOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT

BRADLEY POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE, PEORIA, ILLINOIS. Largest and Best Watch School in America. We teach Watch Repair, Jewellery, Engraving, Clock Work, Optics. Tuition reasonable. Board and room near school at moderate rates. Send for Catalogue of Information.

PATENTS for PROFIT

Must fully protect an invention. Booklet and Blank Calendar FREE. Highest references. Consultations Confidential. Established 1875. Mason, Fenwick & Lawrence, Washington, D. C.

PATENTS

Send for "Inventor's Primer" and "Patents on Patents." MILD R. STEVENS & CO., ESTABLISHED 1861, 205 14th St., Washington, D. C. Branches at Chicago, Cleveland, Detroit.

60 Bus. Winter Wheat Per Acre

That's the yield of Salzer's Best Cross Hybrid Winter Wheat. Send in stamps for free sample of same, also a catalogue of Winter Wheat, Rye, Barley, Clovers, Trifolium, Grasses, Silesia, Trefoil, etc. All planting SALZER SEED CO., Box 11, La Crosse, Wis.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

A. N. K.—A (1906—26) 2132.

ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE

A Certain Cure for Tired, Hot, Aching Feet. DO NOT ACCEPT A SUBSTITUTE. Thompson's Eye Water on every box. FREE Trial Package. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

CROCHETED CENTERPIECE.

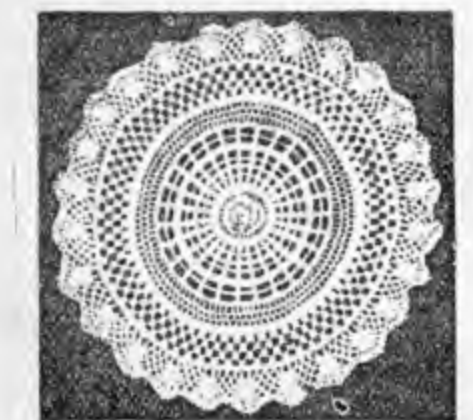
Abbreviations: Chain, ch; single croch, s c; double croch, d c; stitches, st.

This may be crocheted with fine or coarse cotton thread, or silkateen, just as one prefers. It can also be made with a plain center of linen, buttonhole stitched all around, and the insertion border and lace crocheted around that. The lace is also a nice pattern to use independently, writes a contributor to Farm and Home.

To make the centerpiece as represented in the illustration begin by making 5 ch st and join. Into the small ring thus made, work as follows:

First row—12 s c.

Second, 3d, 4th and 5th rows—All



NOT HARD TO MAKE.

ways with s c, increasing sufficiently to keep work flat.

Sixth row—1 d c into every st and 1 ch between each d c.

Seventh row—1 d c into each st.

Eighth row—2 d c and 2 ch between each 3 d c, always skipping over 2 st.

Ninth row—2 d c and 3 ch between each 2 d c.

Tenth row—S c into each st all around.

Eleventh row—2 d c and 3 ch between each 2 d c, skipping 3 st, so as to keep spokes of wheel even.

Twelfth row—Same as 11th row, only having 4 ch between each 2 d c.

Thirteenth row—D c into each st.

Fourteenth row—2 d c, with 5 ch between each 2 d c.

Fifteenth row—Same as 14th, only having 6 ch between each d c.

Sixteenth row—All s c into each st.

Seventeenth row—1 d c and 2 ch between each d c, always skipping 1 st of preceding row.

Eighteenth row—1 d c into loop of preceding row, 2 ch, and so on.

Nineteenth row—Same as 18th row.

Twentieth row—D c into each st.

Twenty-first row—3 d c and 2 ch, always skipping 2 st of preceding row.

Twenty-second row—3 d c into each loop of preceding row, with 3 ch between each 3 d c.

Twenty-third and 24th rows—Same as 22d row.

Twenty-fifth row—S c into each st all around.

Twenty-sixth row (lace)—5 ch and fasten with s c into st of preceding row, and so on.

Twenty-seventh row—5 ch and fasten with s c into loop of preceding row. Make 3 such loops, and into the 4th work 6 d c, and so on.

Twenty-eighth row—Make two 5 ch loops into the groups of 3 loops below, and ch 3, then s d c above the 6 d c of preceding row, ch 3 and so on.

Twenty-ninth row—Make one 5 ch loop, ch 3, and 1 d c into each d c of preceding row, with 1 ch between each d c.

Thirtieth row—5 ch caught down with a s c into each loop of preceding row.

OBJECTS OF EXERCISE.

The beauty exercises, of the professional beauty of to-day, have three objects. The first is grace. There is no need of exercising awkwardly. Every time you exercise awkwardly you bring on certain awkward habits. Exercise in a graceful manner.

The second object of the up-to-date beauty exercise is deep breathing. There is a perfect fad for breathing deeply. Each and every breath must come from the very depths of the abdomen and must fill the lungs full of air, the fresher the better. Deep breathing is to the beauty seeker of to-day what outdoor exercise was to beauty seekers of a few years ago. It is everything!

The third object of the beauty exercises is the reduction of the weight and the preservation of the figure. Exercise, they say, will keep the hips small and the waist round. It will make one tall and it will make one graceful. Exercise constantly if you want to keep your form girlish as it was in your teens.

With these three objects in mind, the beauty seeker begins her six o'clock exercises, which are undertaken with an eye to the keeping of her good looks and with no other end in view. Health can take care of itself if the figure and the looks are preserved.

LOCAL ITEMS

Born to Clyde Souder and wife of Union township June 30, a girl.

Henry M. Speyer and wife welcomed a fine boy to their home last Monday.

The Burr Oak White Sox defeated the Twin Lake Mud Hens last Sunday by a score 19-2.

The Culver Juniors made about \$8 at their ice cream social last Saturday evening.

Undertaker Easterday has had the wheels of his hearse fitted with rubber tires. More pleasant to ride in now.

Rev. W. W. Lineberry of Plymouth has been elected one of the vice-presidents of the state Christian Endeavor society.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Whitesell very pleasantly entertained twenty-five guests last Sunday in honor of their aunt, Mrs. Sarah Case of Indianapolis.

L. A. Kloefer of Plymouth has bought a half interest in the Golden Rule dry goods store of Logansport and expects to leave Plymouth in the next sixty days.

On the night of the Fourth the academy will have a display of fire-works on the lake. This will be the only demonstration here except that of private individuals.

The postal card had assumed such proportions in Indianapolis during the convention of the Epworth League that the services of additional mail carriers were required.

Although the weather was fine and the lake perfect last Sunday only a few people came to Culver to enjoy it. Next Sunday there will be an excursion from Terre Haute.

The Pennsylvania 18-hour train, New York to Chicago, made the run from Crestline to Fort Wayne, a distance of 131 miles, in 117 minutes. This is at the rate of 67.2 miles per hour.

The wheat crop in Indiana for 1906 will probably be about 10 per cent larger than it was last year, though last year it was very much larger than it has been during the years immediately preceding.

Dr. F. M. Burkett of Plymouth has been appointed by the county clerk to represent the republicans on the county board of election commissioners. Dr. Burkett was acceptable to both factions.

J. L. Scheurman has donated to the Citizen a particularly fine sample lot of the Sunlight potato which he is successfully raising. The tubers are of unusual size for this time of the year and are smooth and even.

Here's hoping that all our readers will have a jolly Fourth of July, without mishap or discomfort. If everybody sets out to enjoy the day in a sane manner it will be an occasion of clean, hearty pleasure for all.

The business of The Surprise store has outgrown its present delivery facilities. Its proprietors are having a fine delivery wagon built in South Bend which they expect to have on the street the last of this week.

The several laws under which tax ferrets have had contracts with county commissioners in Ohio were declared unconstitutional by the supreme court Tuesday. These laws are similar to the law authorizing ferrets in Indiana.

The excursion of the Presbyterian church of Plymouth last Thursday was a pleasant and successful one. About 350 persons came down on the 11:52 and remained until evening. They were a nice looking lot of people.

Band concert Thursday evening. It ought to attract a large attendance from outside of town. If the weather is warm there is no pleasanter way of spending an evening than to hitch up the buggy, invite some nice girl to go with you and drive into Culver to hear the concert.

After the first trip of the Peerless last Thursday, the day of the Sunday school excursion from Plymouth, leaky flues extinguished her fires and she was put out of

commission until Sunday afternoon. That general law of perversity that causes bread to fall butter-side down lays up a pleasure boat on excursion days.

INSURANCE RATES RAISED.

Rates are Boosted in Logansport from 15 to 30 Per Cent.

Ever since the earthquake and fire disaster at San Francisco, there has been talk of a proposed raise in insurance rates, says the Logansport Pharos. The expected has happened. Yesterday official notices were sent out by J. T. Tomlinson, insurance inspector for Logansport, to every local agent in this city, giving orders to increase insurance rates from 15 to 30 per cent, and while the raise will not be relished by policy holders, they will be compelled to take their medicine or drop their insurance when their present policies expire. The new rates are as follows:

On iron and metal works 30 per cent to hold good until such risks are re-rated under schedules now in course of revision.

Colleges and school buildings in protected towns and cities 25 per cent.

Churches in protected towns and cities 20 per cent.

Terminal elevators and contents 20 per cent.

Flouring mills to be advanced 20 per cent.

Summer hotels to be advanced 25 per cent.

Saw mills to be advanced 15 per cent.

Stocks of merchandise in brick and frame buildings to be advanced 20 per cent.

News of the Churches.

There was a large attendance at both services of the Methodist church last Sunday, many lake people being present. There will be no preaching service either morning or evening at the Methodist church next Sunday.

There will be the regular morning service at the Christian church next Sunday at 11 o'clock, and at the Evangelical regular evening service.

At the Christian Sunday school Miss Irene Bogardus, delegate to the state Sunday school convention, gave an extremely interesting report of the convention.

There will be preaching at the Reformed church next Sunday morning. The Rev. Mr. Klopfenstein's subject will be, "The Holy Spirit's Choice of Church Officers." In the evening the Christian Endeavor society will hold its annual public meeting. Rev. Klopfenstein will be the leader, the national subject is "Forgiveness" but the feature of the evening will be the report of the state convention at Anderson given by Miss Clara Blanchard, the delegate.

The Ladies' Societies.

The Ladies' Aid of the Christian church met last Thursday with Mrs. Laura Melbourn. They held an all day session and found time to discuss a bountiful dinner, enjoy themselves socially and make nineteen garments. No one can accuse the Christian ladies of idleness after this. The next meeting of the society will be at Mrs. Dr. Parker's next Thursday.

The picnic of All Saints' guild has been postponed until Tuesday of next week. After the arrival of the 11:52 train from the north, by which Plymouth guests will come, the boat will be taken for the Edwards' farm where the picnic will be held.

The Ladies' Aid of the Reformed church will meet next Wednesday with Mrs. Henry Zechiel.

Knights of Columbus.

The Arlington will this week entertain about eighty Knights and Ladies of Columbus who are coming to the lake to hold an annual meeting in which business will be mixed in moderate quantities with pleasure. Most of the delegates will come from Columbus.

Misses Clara and Susie Shilling Clara and Allie Wiseman and Chloe Houghton drove to Bass Lake and Knox Sunday.

Correspondence

GOOSE ALLEY GATHERINGS.

A church is to be built at Ober this summer.

Geo. McGaffey of Culver was in this vicinity last Friday.

Mrs. James Reibolt of Chicago is visiting Mrs. Johansen.

R. Johansen expects to be home soon and renew acquaintances.

B. Fetters and family attended the baptizing at the river Sunday.

Several of the friends picniced near Ober Saturday. A good time was reported.

Rev. Veach of the Ober M. E. church took dinner at C. H. McGaffey's Sunday.

Steven Lane who has been visiting in this neighborhood has returned to Chicago.

Our road supervisor has been putting the roads in fine condition the past five weeks.

Mrs. McGaffey and Mrs. Wm. Cox visited at James Piper's near Winona last Tuesday.

Ray Cox of LaCrosse is visiting his parents near Ober. He has been laid up with a very painful gathering on his hand.

The friends and neighbors met at the North Union Cemetery last Saturday and cleaned it up. It now presents a good appearance.

Miss Helga Johansen, who has been taking a course in shorthand and typewriting in Chicago, is home to spend the Fourth and for a short vacation.

MAXINKUCKEE MURMURS.

Miss Golda Thompson, Correspondent.

Mrs. Adamson is no better at this writing.

Mr. T. Bigley and wife spent Sunday with Lee Warner's family.

B. Krouse and family spent Sunday with Mrs. Katherine Parker, who is very ill.

Mr. and Mrs. Homer Holman of Bremen are visiting Fred Thompson and family.

Mrs. Dow Rector and daughter Helen visited relatives in Mishawaka last week.

Mrs. Ray Stevens accompanied by her daughter Naomi went to South Bend Friday to visit Mrs. Kelly.

Mr. Jacob McCollan and sister, Grandma Stevens, left Friday for Marion where they will visit Mrs. Wiser.

Mr. Clark Alderdine and Miss Bertha Hissong were Sunday guests of Mrs. Rachel Vories of Hibbard.

Misses Mamie Shilling and Maude Rector from Indianapolis are spending their vacation at the lake with Mrs. Ida Parker.

An ice cream social will be given on the church lawn Saturday evening, July 7. The proceeds to be used for the benefit of the Christian church.

DELONG DRIBLETS.

Mrs. Oscar Lahman has returned from Fairbury.

Miss Daisy Meredith called on Mrs. Fostick Sunday.

Miss Mary Harts spent Sunday with Mrs. John Baker.

Simon Lahman and family took dinner at Oscar Lahman's Sunday.

Mrs. Martha Thurston is visiting her sister, Mrs. John Large of DeLong.

Charley Haitt and family took dinner with Mrs. Sarah Monger on Sunday.

Joe Baker of South Bend is visiting relatives and friends here a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Charley Shadel and Mr. and Mrs. Roy Hay spent Sunday at Mr. Hank Rarrick's.

Mr. Barnes of Oak Grove Ill.

Mr. J. H. Barnes is lying very low, he has been in poor health for some time but was taken much worse last Tuesday when he had a congestive chill which lasted several hours. His daughter, Mrs. J. C. St. Clair Bottorff, and her husband arrived Friday morning from Warsaw and will remain until Mr. Barnes can be taken to their home in Warsaw. Friends and neighbors are being very kind and doing what they can for the afflicted family.

Call for Citizens' Meeting.

The citizens and tax-payers of Culver city are requested to meet at 8 p. m. Friday, July 6, at the school house to discuss the subject of waterworks and fire protection. By order of Town Council.

J. H. Koontz and D. B. Young are in Chicago for a week on business.

HIBBARD HAPPENINGS.

Mr. S. J. Reed, Correspondent.

Grace Clemons went to Winona last Monday.

C. D. Andreas and wife went to Pierceton last Saturday evening.

Oscar Vories was a visitor at his mother's Saturday and Sunday. Mrs. Amanda King is visiting friends in Plymouth for a few days.

Sidney Wilson and wife entertained friends from Michigan last Sunday.

A number of our citizens went to the show at South Bend last Wednesday.

Mrs. Louisa Litchberger and daughter Amanda went to Culver one day last week.

Gladys Wise and Erma Reed went to Grass Creek last Saturday to spend a few days.

Mrs. E. J. Lemon has been visiting relatives in Camden and vicinity the past few days.

Mrs. James Mosher is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Butler of Plymouth, who has been ill for some time.

Mr. Fishburn and family of Culver and S. S. Reed of this place visited with Mr. Strohl and family of near Sligo last Sunday.

Mr. Holt, editor of the Culver Citizen called at our place of business last Saturday while waiting for the train on his way to visit his mother who lives in Kankakee, Ill.

The Miller and Vories families held their annual reunion east of Rutland last Wednesday. It was not so well attended as last year as it was on a week day and many of the friends were in the harvest field.

NORTH BEND NOTES.

Mrs. Jane Castleman, Correspondent.

August Rank made a business trip to Culver Monday.

James Terry of Winona spent Saturday with Joe Castleman.

Joe Joy and family of Converse visited Sunday at Harry Leopold's.

Mrs. J. E. Demont has returned after a few days visit at Knox.

Joseph Shaw of Knox was visiting relatives in our locality Sunday.

Russel Overmyer and wife were calling on friends in our vicinity Sunday.

Miss Allie Demont and a lady friend of Rochester spent Sunday at J. E. Demont's.

George Exaver and wife were entertained by Henry Wagner on Sunday afternoon.

John Thinnis who has been on the Isthmus of Panama for several months is home on a visit.

Miss Lizzie Castleman and Roy McCormick were guests of Ralph and Altie Jordan on Sunday.

Wm. Zechiel and wife visited at Henry Wagoner's Sunday. Mr. Wagoner is steadily growing worse.

Wm. Boyles, a former resident of Knox, has again taken up his residence there after many years of absence.

George Caspar with his daughter Caddie and son Everett visited friends at South Bend last week and attended Ringling Bros. circus.

A Pretty Home Wedding.

Miss Sarah Olive Green and Charles W. Myres were married Monday evening at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Green, Rev. Mr. Nicely performing the ceremony. Only four of the bride's intimate friends, and Mr. and Mrs. Nicely were present. After the ceremony an elaborate supper was served. Mr. Myres, who lived in Culver several years ago, is connected with the Indiana Harbor R. R. After a honeymoon on Lake Maxinkuckee. Mr. and Mrs. Myres will go to East Chicago or Hammond to live.

Mrs. Parker Suffers Stroke.

Last Sunday morning Mrs. Katherine Parker, mother of Dr. Parker and Mrs. Charles Hays, had a severe stroke of a paralytic nature from which she has not yet rallied and grave fears are entertained of her recovery. Mrs. D. W. Marks, a daughter of Mrs. Parker, who had gone on Sunday morning to Chicago to stay several weeks was at once sent for and returned that evening. She is still with her mother.

Take your visiting friends to Keen Bros. and show them the pictures there. They will see nothing finer anywhere else. Visitors are always welcome. Jly31t

GOING TO LOGANSPORT

Having purchased a half interest in the big Dry Goods establishment of Schmitt & Co., known as the "Golden Rule," corner Market and Fourth Sts., Logansport, and taken immediate possession, I must convert the balance of my stock into cash at once. It must be disposed of at once as I cannot ship one dollar's worth away. I will sell it at 50 per cent. less than wholesale cost. As everyone knows, we have had the greatest and most successful sale ever held in Marshall county; but we still have \$25,000 worth of goods left, consisting of the finest line of dependable merchandise ever carried in Plymouth, and it must be sold at some price.

STORE FOR RENT--We will rent our store building and give possession by September 1st.

STORE FIXTURES FOR SALE at 25c on the dollar of what they cost.

We cannot quote prices here, but the entire stock is for sale and must be sold within the next few days. Now is the time to purchase for fall, as we can save you 75c on the dollar. Sale now on in full blast on Dry Goods, Carpets, Curtains, Rugs, Linoleums, Matting, Ladies' Suits, Skirts, Cloaks, Jackets—in fact, everything that is obtainable in a first-class dry goods store. Come now—it must go.

Kloefer's N. Y. Store

PLYMOUTH, IND.

Best Young Men's Suits

It's gratifying to know that your clothes are right in style, fit, material and workmanship

Young men's suits in double and single breasted in fancy Scotch mixtures; also black thibet, single and double-breasted—\$7.50 at

Young men's fancy worsted suits, in single or double-breasted, lined with good, heavy serge, long step vent, stylish lapel and long cut—10.00

Also full line of young men's suits, in dark grays & fancy mixtures, single or double-breasted—12.50 at



Mitchell & Stabenow

Bank Statement.

Report of the condition of the Exchange Bank at Culver, in the State of Indiana, at the close of its business on June 15, 1906:

RESOURCES.	
Loans and Discounts	\$86,561 73
Overdrafts	1,139 77
Due from Banks and Bankers	17,823 16
Furniture and Fixtures	400 00
Current Expenses	13 73
Cash on hand—	
Currency	\$5,915 00
Specie	194 31
Cash Deposits	64 01
	6,478 32
	\$62,170 91

LIABILITIES.	
Capital Paid in	\$10,000 00
Undivided Profits	1,123 12
Discount, Exchange and Interest	180 31
Individual Deposits on demand	50,967 28
	\$62,170 91

STATE OF INDIANA, ss: I, S. C. SHILLING, President of the Exchange Bank at Culver, Indiana, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true.

S. C. SHILLING, President.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 29th day of June 1906.

[SEAL] OLIVER MORRIS, Notary Public. My commission expires December 24, 1906.

BOARD ROOMS BOATS

AT SPARKS'

First house south of Assembly CALL AND SEE US.

No. 1022.

Notice of Administration.

State of Indiana, Marshall County, ss: Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed administrator of the estate of Emma E. Lord, late of Marshall county, deceased. Said estate is supposed to be solvent. May 21, 1906. JOHN D. BUSWELL, Administrator.

Wm. H. Matthew, Atty for Admr. Jc25w4

Old newspapers at Citizen office.