

IN BEHALF OF YOUTH

Sunday School Workers of Marshall County Hold Annual Convention in Culver

LIVE ISSUES AND PRACTICAL METHODS DISCUSSED

Inspiring Addresses by Able Talent—Election of Officers

The Marshall County Sunday School association held its annual convention in this place last Friday and Saturday.

The association is composed of a federation of all the Sunday schools of the county and is formed for the purpose of strengthening the schools and promoting the best work, of studying the best methods in the conduct of the schools and creating a systematic study of the bible. The study of the bible in a thorough and comprehensive manner and to make its truths applicable to the child is the great object of the Sunday school, and the association is organized to crystallize the schools into a fraternal body where conferences, such as was held here, may be had, where trained students of the bible and experienced workers may teach methods and plans such as will give Sunday school work a greater efficiency.

The Sunday school believes that the greatest thing in the world is a boy—unless it be a girl—and its purpose is to set before that boy—and girl—the highest ideal of manhood and womanhood; and that, it teaches to be found in the life of Jesus Christ. It holds that the greatest attainment of life is christian character, and that with this great ideal before its eyes each boy and girl may make possible life's noblest achievement.

The convention was indebted largely to the teaching work of State Secretary Halpenny and Mrs. M. J. Baldwin, both of Indianapolis. Mrs. Baldwin's work is wholly with the primary department. She has made child-study her work. She said that to teach a child one must get down to the life of the child, to think as it thinks and to be able to express the lesson story so that the child will understand it. "Take the current lesson of 'Lot's Choice,'" she said. "There you have the thought of unselfishness on the part of Abraham. Now you can take that word 'unselfish' and so explain its meaning that a child will understand it, and it will be able to see the difference between a selfish and an unselfish life. Your illustrations will help to set the meaning in the child's mind."

Mr. Halpenny is one of the best institute teachers in the state, and under his direction the association is every year broadening its work.

The Sunday schools of Culver and vicinity have undoubtedly received a great uplift as a result of the convention, and they will return to their work with fresh encouragement.

The Citizen congratulates the people of Culver upon this convention, as it also welcomes every movement that has for its purpose the best interests of our community, whether it be a farmers' institute, a commercial enterprise or a religious meeting.

Officers for the ensuing year were elected as follows:

President—Ora Ellis of Bremen. Vice-President—I. S. Hahn of Culver.

Recording Secretary—Miss Lou-dell Staley of Plymouth.

Secretary and Treasurer—Mrs. Mary E. Hume of Plymouth.

Supt. Home Dept.—Miss Ida Koozt.

Supt. Teachers' Training Class—Miss Estella Chase.

Supt. Primary Work—Miss Ida Haines.

Notes of the Convention.

Every township in the county was represented. The attendance would have been much larger had it not been for the necessity of changing the date.

The people of Culver were declared to be royal entertainers. One enthusiastic delegate said the convention ought to adopt one of

such excellent tables. It was more than the visitors expected. The association tries to prevent the meeting from being a burden and care to the people where it is held and they were not looking for such entertainment.

The association was able to turn over to Mr. Halpenny the county's apportionment of \$50 to the state work, and had a balance on hand sufficient to pay for advertising and other expenses.

To Mrs. Mary Hume more than to any other one person is due the success and permanency of the county association. Mrs. Hume has been secretary for nearly thirty years, and during much of that time has shouldered the greater part of its responsibilities. Her service has been wholly without pay.

The singing by a chorus of some twenty girls was an appreciative feature, as also was the men's quartet. Young Ernest Zochel presided excellently at the organ.

Rev. D. T. Williams of Bremen made a fast time train from Fort Wayne to be present in time to fill his place on the program. He is a great help in conventions.

There were many expressions of praise for the new church building in which the convention was held. The convention expressed sympathy for the pastor, Rev. Mr. Klopfenstein, who was confined to his bed and unable to attend.

Prof. Hahn was reluctantly let out from the presidency, his reason being that on account of school work, he was unable to attend conventions and be present at week-day conferences. He changes place with Ora Ellis who was a most efficient vice-president.

A CRASH IN EGGS.

Price Drops to an Unheard-of Figure for This Time of the Year.

In Chicago last week a drop of 6 cents was recorded in the price of eggs.

"There is not an old egg in the country," said Thomas E. Purcell of the butter and egg board. "Every storage egg in the country has been rushed through to the consumer and got out of the way, and there is not a single one left in the country. The only eggs on the market are straight from the farm and are in the hands of the consumer before they are five days old."

"This is the first time the situation has been as it is. The public is actually getting strictly fresh eggs. The condition has produced a sensation on the egg market, the phenomenal feature of it being that the supply is seemingly inexhaustible."

"On Monday eggs were wholesaling at 25 cents, and the drop of 6 cents is the greatest ever known to have occurred in the same length of time. The indications are that eggs will remain at their present price for some time to come."

The drop hit Culver after the Citizen had been issued and the published quotation was consequently misleading. Eggs are being retailed here for 14 cents. Porter & Co. were fortunate in closing out their entire stock of several hundred dozen to a South Bend house just before the price fell.

A Remarkable Record.

Charles Holt, the senior editor of this paper [father of the editor of the Culver Citizen] began his 91st year today (March 5), having been born in Herkimer county, N. Y., in 1817.

He celebrated the event by making his usual appearance at his desk, writing a sketch of his life for a journal requesting the information, did his regular stunt of editorial writing, made social calls on a number of friends, ate his regular three meals, and will go to bed tonight with a clear conscience.

Seventy-seven years continuously in the printing business, and almost 60 as a newspaper editor, entitle Mr. Holt to claim the palm in point of service over any other editor of his acquaintance in the United States now in active work.—Kankakee Daily Gazette.

The Seed Corn Special.

The farmer readers of the Citizen are again reminded of the Seed Corn Special meeting at Plymouth tomorrow (Friday) evening. The program as published last week is a sufficient indication of the importance of this meeting to every

DOINGS AT ACADEMY

Happenings of Interest and Personal Paragraphs Gathered at the School the Past Week.

The track team continues to win. On Saturday it was Wendell Phillips high school of Chicago who went down before them with the score standing 46-30 in the cadets' favor. Wendell Phillips took first place in the 35-yard dash, the 220-yard dash, the 440-yard run and the high jump. On account of a misunderstanding about entries they were also awarded the five points of first in the 880-yard run, Culver being allowed four points. As Wendell Phillips had no mile runners with them, Culver's two men ran a slow mile to get the 8 points for first and second places. The relay was close and exciting but Culver's man won by a yard amid the wildest cheering of the afternoon. The order of events was as follows:

35-yard dash—Reilly, W. P.—4 2-5 seconds.
220-yard dash—Kuhns, W. P.—25 1-5 seconds.
Mile run—McLean, Culver, (no opposition)—5 minutes 58 seconds.
35-yard hurdles—Haskins, Culver.—4 3-5 seconds.
Shot put—Eckhart, Culver.—44 feet 8 inches.
440-yard run—Reilly, W. P.—57 1-5 seconds.
High jump—Meserey, W. P.—5 feet 4 inches.
880-yard run—Disputed and the points divided—2 minutes 17 3-5 seconds.
Relay race—Won by Culver.

For the first time since the summer school has been a feature of Culver the cavalry will this summer be brought into it. The plan is to conduct a cavalry school at the same time with the naval school so that a boy may have the choice of these two features for the major part of his outdoor work. A handsome little catalogue for this new feature has been designed by Major Gignilliat and is now in press.

The basketball team fully sustained its reputation Saturday when it ran away with a game from the freshmen of Northwestern university. The game was too one-sided to be interesting for the rooters and the cadets turned to rooting for their opponents in the hope of enlivening things somewhat. The score 50-6 is the record of vengeance taken for a game lost to last year's freshmen by the team of '06.

The Earl R. Drake Concert company appeared before the cadets Wednesday night in a musical program. Mr. Drake's work on the violin and the singing of Mr. Willett, baritone, seemed to please the cadets best in the varied numbers offered. Much of the program was too heavy for an audience of unmusical boys but in several numbers the performers touched familiar ground and were rewarded with uncores.

Academy visitors: Fred H. Johnson and Wm. W. Nugent, Chicago, Ill.; Fred M. Nichols, Mommence, Ill.; E. E. Teare, Cleveland, Ohio;

Last Echoes of the "Club." Frank Bauer last week plead guilty in the circuit court to three charges of selling liquor without a license and was fined \$5 and costs in each case. A charge of selling on Sunday and another for selling without a license were dismissed by the prosecuting attorney as the place has been shut up.

No More Ice. The ice season on Maxinkuckee has closed. Medbourn has cut 14,000 tons, of which 3,000 have been shipped in cars to the Clover Leaf railroad. The Maxinkuckee Lake Ice Co. filled two of their six rooms, aggregating 7,000 tons. The ice stored ranges from 7 to 12 inches.

Death of Mrs. French. Mrs. Abraham French died Wednesday morning about 9 o'clock at her home in this place after a long illness. A husband and five or six children, all adults except one who is about 14 years of age, survive her. The family

W. Renfranz and Ray Carnfield, South Bend, Ind.; Willard Smith, Orange, N. J.; F. K. Duell, Medford, Oregon; W. J. Carton, St. Louis, Mo.

On Wednesday, Longfellow's birthday, the ladies of the faculty were delightfully entertained by Mrs. Rarig with a "Longfellow afternoon." Longfellow's life, verses, stories and charades were used to renew their acquaintance with America's popular poet.

After several weeks of study and practice in the recesses of the armory Captain Bays now brings his new Cadillac light touring car up on the roads. So far he has treated most of his colleagues to a jaunt about the country and has brought them safely home.

The chief numbers on the Forum program for last Saturday night were the oration by Higgins W., story by Lavell, and an interesting extempore talk upon X Rays by Boon. Cadet Ehrlich varied the usual routine by some piano selection.

Captain Hynce who has been in the hospital at South Bend for about three weeks, returned to the academy Monday evening, March 4. The cadets were at supper and as soon as he entered the mess hall nine rousing cheers were given for him.

Another echo of the football season was heard Saturday night when Captain Towne treated his gridiron warriors to a supper at the Palmer House. The boys say they fought their battles all over again and never lost a point.

CHURCH NEWS.

Items Pertaining to the Work of the Local Organizations.

Rev. Mr. Klopfenstein was unable to preach last Sunday. For the past three weeks he has been confined to his bed with a severe cold on his lungs.

Rev. J. S. Crowder of Plymouth is assisting Rev. Mr. Nicely in the official meetings this week. He is a live man and is giving the people some stirring sermons.

Rev. F. B. Walmer has begun meetings at Washington this week, having closed the Rutland meetings last Saturday with four conversions. He will preach at Culver next Sunday morning.

Rev. Frank A. Coyle of Lucerne, Ind., a candidate for the pulpit of the Culver Christian church, will preach here next Sunday at 11 and 7:30. A cordial invitation is extended to the public to hear him.

Real Estate Deals. Simon Mattix last week bought the Muehl Kanouse farm of 60 acres one mile south of Hibbard for \$2,250.

James Shearer has bought 30 acres off the Tarnball farm 5 1/2 miles northwest of Culver for \$1,300.

R. A. Ralson of Valparaiso this week bought three Main street lots in the Elizabeth Duddleson addition of Dan Porter and will this spring erect a cottage to be occupied by himself.

Mrs. Chas. Hayes has sold her 80-acre farm in the Washington neighborhood to D. B. Krouse for \$4,000.

School Teacher Sued. In Justice Ewing's court John Rarick of Delong filed a complaint against Frank King for assault and battery, claiming that King gave his son Eugene a severe whipping. King is teacher of the school known as the Smallpox school, near Delong. The circumstances which surround the case are not known, but Rarick alleges that King punished his son in a cruel and inhuman manner while very angry.—Rochester Sentinel.

PERSONALITIES

Ada Howard has returned from South Bend.

Sam Osborn is recovering from an attack of the grippe.

The serious illness of a sister called I. G. Fisher to Peru last Tuesday.

Mrs. Tom Hoffman and infant daughter came to Culver last Monday from Berne, Ind.

Henry Spoyer's friends are glad to see him in the store again after his two weeks' quarantine.

Mrs. Ritchie and Miss Goldie Lozier of Bremen were guests last week of Mrs. F. B. Walmer.

Miss Staley of Plymouth was the guest of Mrs. W. H. Porter during the convention last week.

Dr. Collier and wife of Brook, Ind., were Sunday guests of the Colliers and Shillings of this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Hinshaw of Amboy are visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Hinshaw.

Mrs. Stephen Edwards of the East side, who was seriously sick last week, is now able to sit up a little.

Mrs. Eli Spencer is on the sick list this week and her son Leo has been in bed for a week with rheumatism.

Mrs. Anna Butler was in town last week on business connected with her litigation against the Emma Lord estate.

Urias Menser returned from Indianapolis Saturday night. Mrs. Menser was in good spirits and rapidly recovering from her operation.

Mrs. T. W. Porter, mother of Mrs. W. M. Nicely, returned to her home in Jamestown, Ind., the latter part of last week after spending three weeks with her daughter.

W. M. Nichols of the Plymouth Tribune came down last week to report the convention for his paper. Mr. Nichols is an old-time printer and reporter and has been connected with the Plymouth papers for ten years.

THE WEEK IN CULVER

Little Items of Local Happenings of Interest to People in Town and Country

AS SEEN AND HEARD BY THE CITIZEN'S ITEMIZER

Note Book News Jottings for the Past Seven Days.

—It came in quite lamb-like.

—The ice in the lake is breaking up.

—Window shades have been ordered for the new school building.

—The Embroidery class meets with Mrs. Goss this (Thursday) afternoon.

—Every time Marshal Fisher goes out of town the town clock gets on a toot.

—Oliver Morris will build an addition to the kitchen of the house he recently purchased of John Osborn.

—The remodeling of The Surprise is still under way. This week the plate glass front is being put in.

—A paper on Home Life on the Farm read before the Farmers' institute will be printed in next week's Citizen.

—Isn't it funny how your nose will begin to itch the minute you get your hands covered with dough or wagon grease?

—County Treasurer Grant has turned into the treasury \$915.38, the amount of interest collected on county funds during 1906.

—February made a better weather record than January in giving us nine whole days of sunshine and seven days of partial sunshine.

—The ladies of the Reformed church have supplied the culinary facilities of the basement with a complete outfit of dishes and utensils.

—S. E. Geiselman on route 16, Eli Spencer, Ralph Bogardus and Clarence Behmer and John Capron of the East side have had Bell phones installed recently.

—R. H. Rumphrey, living on the old Geo. Voreis farm east of the academy, fell out a tree which he was trimming last Sunday and sprained his left ankle and hip. His injuries were severe enough to cause him send in a doctor call.

—Fifteen members of All Saints guild were present at the regular meeting at Mrs. Captain Noble's last Tuesday afternoon, and an unusual amount of work was accomplished. Mrs. W. H. Porter will entertain the guild at the next meeting, Tuesday, March 19.

—A couple of young fellows were in town last week selling dress goods from an alleged Canadian bankrupt stock. The prices at which a good quality of silks and woolsens were offered created the reasonable suspicion that a lot of stolen stock was being worked off. One of the salesmen made himself so offensive at several houses that it was necessary to order him out.

—The man who stops his paper because he becomes offended at some item that does not suit his fancy, always imagines he is getting even with the publisher, but he is never missed. This only happens occasionally, for there are only a few people in any community who imagine a paper should contain nothing but what they approve of.

—When F. A. Forbes of Plymouth was here last week he displayed at the Farmers' institute a number of apples which took premiums at the state horticultural exhibit. Among them were the Stark and the Mann. The latter is an apple that is taking the place of the old-time greening which has survived for a generation, but which is running out. The Mann is a large apple, shaped like the greening, but the color is a yellowish green. The flavor is less acid than the greening. The specimens were perfectly preserved.

Fell and Broke Ankle. Mrs. Edwin O'Brien of Rochester, while visiting at the home of her parents at Leiter's, fell and broke her ankle. She had just stepped out on the porch to see

Electric Lights for Saine. Saine & Son will this spring install electric arc lights in their store. The firm will be pioneers in this system of lighting in Culver.

They will also remodel the warehouse in the rear of the store and convert it into additional sales-rooms.

ONE WHO WAS THERE.

THE CULVER CITIZEN.

ARTHUR B. HOLT, Publisher.

CULVER, INDIANA

A WEEK'S NEWS IN CONDENSED FORM

RECORD OF MOST INTERESTING EVENTS TOLD IN BRIEFEST MANNER POSSIBLE.

HOME AND FOREIGN ITEMS

Information Gathered from All Quarters of the Civilized World and Prepared for the Perusal of the Busy Man.

RESUME OF THAW TRIAL.

Mrs. Evelyn Nesbit Thaw was finally excused as a witness in the trial of her husband. Mr. Jerome ended his long cross-examination and her re-direct and re-cross-examinations were brief. Attempts to have Abraham Hummel tell of the affidavit Mrs. Thaw is said to have signed accusing her husband of abusing her were blocked by Attorney Delmas.

Mrs. Evelyn Nesbit Thaw entered upon the ordeal of her cross-examination, and before District Attorney Jerome had had the witness in charge for half an hour he had secured from the court a ruling which opens the way for bringing into the trial of Harry K. Thaw all manner of evidence which may tend to discredit the defendant's wife. This will be introduced to disprove the truth of the story she told Thaw. Mr. Jerome brought out that in 1902 some one gave Mrs. Thaw \$25 a week, and that she wrote to White from Boulogne after Thaw had proposed to her.

Reports that District Attorney Jerome would ask for the appointment of a lunacy commission to examine Harry K. Thaw and that Mrs. William Thaw, his mother, had given her consent to that course, worried the defendant in the murder trial.

Mrs. Evelyn Thaw had a comparatively easy day on the witness stand and made two gains for her husband's case. She said Thaw would not let her spend any of White's money when they were abroad together, and that the cablegrams to White from London were not about her, but about a man who had insulted her mother. Mr. Jerome announced that his cross-examination was nearly

CONGRESSIONAL NEWS.

A heated controversy which at one time seemed to threaten a personal encounter between Mr. Macon of Arkansas and Mr. Fitzgerald of New York, occurred on the floor of the house when the house had under consideration the post office appropriation bill.

The house condemned the doings of the interior department's special agents and limited their power by restricting the use of the \$25,000 appropriation for their salaries.

Senator Elkins filed in the senate his minority report on the railroad rate law, it being a comprehensive history of the economic development of American railroads.

The house adopted an amendment to the sundry civil bill providing that no bar or canteen where intoxicating liquor is sold shall be maintained in the old soldiers' homes.

Ship subsidy secured a marked impetus in the house, which just before adjournment adopted a rule that will probably insure the passage by the house of the Littauer substitute for the senate bill and result before the final adjournment in positive legislation.

The house began a two days' debate on the ship subsidy bill, and the senate passed the Aldrich currency bill.

MISCELLANEOUS.

John F. Stevens resigned as chief engineer of the Panama canal and the president named Maj. G. W. Goethals as chairman and engineer-in-chief, and appointed on the commission Maj. Du H. Gaillard and Maj. W. L. Sibert. Senator Blackburn also is to be made a commissioner and the plan of having the work done by contract has been abandoned for the present.

Principal Sarah Maxwell and 16 children perished in a fire in the Hochelaga school in Montreal.

Nearly 20 persons were hurt, many seriously, at Knoxville, Ia., when a floor in the home of C. K. Davis, collapsed during the wedding of his daughter.

On recommendation of the state board of health, in view of the small-pox epidemic, Mayor Wallan of Jefferson City, Mo., issued a proclamation closing all places of public amusement.

Alice Nielsen quelled an incipient fire panic at the opera in the Chicago Auditorium by singing "The Star Spangled Banner."

Gov. Hanley, of Indiana, commuted to life imprisonment the death sentence of William A. Spores, who killed William Fawbush.

Mayor Dunne, of Chicago, was renominated by the Democrats on a municipal ownership platform.

Prof. Matteucci of Vesuvius observatory says the world will run into the tail of a comet toward the end of March and all life probably will be destroyed.

E. H. Harriman told the interstate commerce commission that Stuyvesant Fish was deposed from the presidency of the Illinois Central because he used the company's funds to further his own interests.

E. H. Harriman was before the interstate commerce commission all day, partly explaining and trying to justify the financial transactions of himself and others in connection with the Chicago & Alton railway deal.

The secret report of Gen. Smitnoff on the surrender of Post Arthur denounced Gen. Stoessel as incompetent and a traitor and coward.

Three persons were killed and many injured in the wreck of a Grand Trunk train at Guelph, Ont.

John E. Wilkie, chief of the secret service, started for Chicago to help find the man who stole \$175,000 from the subtreasury.

Two trainmen were killed and many persons injured in a collision on the Intercolonial railroad.

Out of 215 American candidates for the Rhodes scholarships at the University of Oxford 138 passed.

J. Henley Smith, a veteran newspaper man, died at his home in Atlanta, Ga., aged 78. In 1849, with Alexander H. Stephens, he established the Atlanta Sun.

An agreement to build passenger and freight terminals at Kansas City at an estimated cost to the railroads of \$50,000,000 has been reached. The passenger station is to cost \$2,000,000.

It is feared that the schooner Hilda, coal laden, is lost between Philadelphia and Savannah, Ga. She carried a crew of eight, including the captain.

King Menelik of Abyssinia is sending to President Roosevelt an autograph letter conferring a royal order upon him.

Archbishop Nattall announced that the British parliament will arrange a loan of \$5,000,000 to rebuild part of Kingston.

M. Schiff, a prominent Paris jeweler, lost gems valued at \$200,000 while standing in the post office.

Benjamin C. Wright confessed to the Denver police that he poisoned his wife and daughter.

The battleship Connecticut sailed from Guantanamo for the north with 36 cases of typhoid on board.

E. M. Fuller, a grocer of Augusta, Ga., mistook a policeman for a burglar and killed him.

The chief of police and chief of detectives of Salt Lake City were arrested for conspiracy to fleece travelers.

Secretary of the Treasury Shaw was elected president of the Carnegie Trust company of New York.

Attorney General Hays, of Kentucky, took steps to have the Southern Pacific Railway company pay \$6,000,000 into the state treasury for taxes.

President Roosevelt will address the students of the Michigan Agricultural college at Lansing May 31.

Gov. Hanly, of Indiana, signed the two-cent railway fare act, and much

One woman was killed in Los property destroyed by a

The reported theft of \$172,000 from the Chicago subtreasury was surrounded with mystery. The officials believed they knew the culprits.

The Texas senate endorsed United States Senator Bailey and discharged its investigating committee without a report.

Prof. E. B. Lovell, of Columbia university, testified before the coroner's inquest that the New York Central train wrecked at Harlem was running too fast and was too heavy.

The Missouri house passed an amended low fare bill and the senate concurred.

The Kansas legislature must prolong its session in order to complete its work.

The steam yacht Nada was in distress off the Jersey coast, with a broken shaft.

Hickory Inn, at Hickory, N. C., one of the largest hotels in the western part of the state, was destroyed by fire. Guests were forced to jump from second and third-story windows, and five were badly injured.

Col. J. E. Ewing, publisher of the Financier, of New York, died suddenly two hours after he was stricken by apoplexy while in the New York Life Insurance building, Chicago.

During a family quarrel in St. Louis Gilbert Ashley, 15 years old, shot and killed his uncle, Edward Murphy.

Frank J. Hearne, president of the Colorado Fuel & Iron company, died at Denver.

Mrs. Belle Jones and Mrs. W. C. Moore, of Lexington, Ky., claim they are descendants of Baron Springer, of Sweden, and heirs to an \$80,000,000 estate in Delaware, including the site of the city of Wilmington.

Ambassador Bryce was presented to President Roosevelt by Secretary Root.

Eleven persons were rescued from the wrecked steamer Berlin, the life savers being helped personally by the prince consort of the Netherlands. Two women and a child could not be taken off.

The three last survivors of the wreck of the steamer Berlin at the Hook of Holland were rescued by the gallant life-savers. Fifteen were saved out of 142 aboard the vessel.

Mrs. Cora Stebbins Courter, aged 24 years, of Sheridan, Mich., is under arrest, charged with poisoning her husband.

The Hamburg-American Steam Packet company has decided to name one of the new liners now being built for that concern the George Washington. She will be of 25,000 tons register.

James A. Kirk, head of the big soap house of James S. Kirk company, died at Hartland, Wis.

An unknown ship with her crew of 18 men was lost on the west shore of Jutland.

Thomas Bailey Aldrich, the poet, who underwent an operation in Boston, had a serious relapse.

The plant of the Acker Process company at Niagara Falls, N. Y., was burned, the loss being \$800,000. H. S. Fairchild was killed.

Nicaraguans captured the Honduran fortified town of San Marcos de Colon.

Antonio Villereal, the alleged Mexican revolutionist, escaped just after he had been turned over to the immigration authorities at El Paso, Tex., for deportation.

The Georgia Southern & Florida passenger train for Jacksonville, Fla., was wrecked about 45 miles south of Macon, Ga. The engineer was killed. No passengers injured.

Guy Tounce of Waterbury, Conn., a lad of six years, found his grandfather's pipe six weeks ago and took to smoking it. The boy died of tobacco poison.

Prof. Matteucci of the Vesuvius observatory denies that he prophesied the possible destruction of the world by a comet.

One man was probably fatally burned and many windows were broken by an explosion of gas in the basement of the Bittner building, Sandusky, O.

Archibald Clavering Gunther, author, publisher and playwright, died suddenly in New York.

Property in the downtown district of Pittsburg, valued at \$350,000, was destroyed by fire.

The supreme court of the United States decided the case of the Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe Railroad vs. the railroad commission of Texas involving state freight rates, favorably to the state.

John W. Lormor, an Iowa pioneer, the owner of 60 farms and rated as a millionaire, died.

The Pennsylvania's 18-hour train west bound was derailed near Johnstown, Pa., and three cars were hurled into a shallow river. Many passengers were hurt but none killed.

Washington's birthday was celebrated generally in America and in American embassies in foreign lands.

State Representative Taft of Utah and Clinton Leigh, a newspaper man, were killed in a railway collision.

Honduras declared war on Nicaragua and President Bonilla advanced on the enemy.

A woman and three children broke through the ice in a Buffalo park and all drowned.

Patrick C. Sheehan, a lawyer of Conneautville, Pa., was stricken with apoplexy while carrying a lighted lamp, and was burned to death.

Alexander Green, veteran of several wars, died at Piqua, O., aged 100 years.

Three Indians were burned to death in a tepee on the outskirts of Winnipeg, and two others were badly burned, during a drunken carousal.

Five women passengers were seriously cut and bruised when the Philadelphia express on the Pennsylvania railroad ran into an open switch at Pittsburg. One coach was telescoped and two derailed.

President Zelaya, of Nicaragua, cabled that President Bonilla, of Honduras, was to blame for the war and that Nicaragua had won four victories.

President Roosevelt, Mrs. Roosevelt, Mrs. Longworth and Miss Ethel Roosevelt returned to Washington after spending two days in Boston and Groton with the president's sons.

Another violent earthquake shock occurred at Kingston, Jamaica, but no one was killed.

James R. McClure, secretary and treasurer of many of the subsidiary companies of the Pennsylvania railroad, was stricken with apoplexy and died while attending services in church in Philadelphia.

Mrs. J. Oscar Richardson, wife of a stationary engineer, rushed between her son and husband in the act of a peacemaker at their home in Rosedale, Kan., and was stabbed to the heart by Richardson.

The Lyric theater at Altoona, Pa., was burned.

Elma Dare, charged with kidnapping George Rhodins, said to be feeble minded, at Indianapolis and marrying him in Louisville, Ky., was arrested at Cambridge Springs, Pa.

All the passengers on board the Austrian Lloyd steamer Imperatrix which ran on a rock near Cape Elaphonist, Crete, but 40 members of the crew perished.

Jabez Bunting Snowball, lieutenant governor of New Brunswick, dropped dead.

Rev. Everett D. Burr, a prominent Baptist clergyman of Newton Center, Mass., was killed by falling from a moving train.

Cubans have petitioned Gov. Macon to rescind the order forbidding cock fighting.

The daughter of Mayor Tom L. Johnson, of Cleveland, O., is to wed Sig. Frederico Mariani, a wealthy Italian.

Victor B. Dolliver, brother of Senator Dolliver, of Iowa, was found dead in bed at Fort Dodge, Ia.

All but four of the street cars in Warren, Pa., were destroyed by fire.

Thousands of opponents of municipal ownership made a great demonstration in London.

The Warsaw (Russia) post office was robbed by a band of terrorists, who killed the postmaster, two clerks and two soldiers.

Congressman J. E. Reyburn, Republican, was elected mayor of Philadelphia.

Samuel N. Rinaker, a sophomore in the University of Nebraska, was awarded a Rhodes scholarship.

A man believed to be W. F. Walker, the absconding banker of New Britain, Conn., was arrested in Opelika, Ala.

The lower house of the Indiana legislature indefinitely postponed the high license bill.

THROUGH THE STATE

NEWS GATHERED FROM VARIOUS INDIANA POINTS.

PASS LOWER FARE BILL

Senate Concurs in House Amendments to Two Cent a Mile Rate Measure — Conductors' Recommendation Accepted.

Indianapolis.—The house amendments to the Hland 2-cent a mile passenger rate bill were concurred in by the senate and the measure is now ready for the governor's signature. The act establishes a maximum rate of two cents a mile when tickets are bought. When cash is paid on trains the conductor may charge one-half cent more a mile, but the excess is to be recovered by a rebate slip which shall be redeemable at any ticket office of the road. Children between the ages of five and 12 years shall be carried for half fare.

Plain talks by conductors rather than elaborate addresses by the high-salaried railroad attorneys are responsible for the concession made to the railroads that an extra charge, to be repaid later, may be made when cash is paid on the trains. When the bill was in senate committee, the attorneys of all the big roads appeared before the committee and urged that a penalty be placed in the bill on the failure to buy tickets. Their efforts availed nought, and the bill was passed by the senate as a measure for a flat two-cent rate.

When the bill was considered by the house committee, a number of conductors actively engaged in the service, appeared before the committee and pleaded that an extra charge be countenanced on trains when cash is paid. They gave practical reasons for this. They pointed out that it is their duty as conductors to operate the train, not to act as fiscal agents for the company; that the safety of the train and the passengers depends in large part upon the conductors being unhampered and not compelled to make change; that ticket offices are established and agents employed for the convenience of the public, and that the public should be urged to buy tickets.

The conductors insisted that the railroad companies did not care particularly for the additional half a cent a mile, and in substantiation of this they suggested that the rebate plan be adopted whereby a slip shall be issued to cover the excess charged when cash is paid. The house committee considered favorably what the conductors told them. They recommended that the proposed amendments be made. The amendments were made by the house and the bill as amended was passed without a dissenting vote.

The concurrence by the senate in the house amendments was a victory for the conductors who came to Indianapolis to plead for what they regarded their companies' and their own rights.

To Present Thaw with Medal.

Columbus.—That money is being raised by a number of traveling salesmen of Indiana to buy a medal to be presented to Harry K. Thaw, the Pittsburg millionaire, for killing Stanford White, the New York architect, is a fact that became known for the first time in this city to-day.

Frank Smith, who is employed by the Indianapolis, Columbus & Southern Traction company, was solicited by a well dressed young man, who told him that he was accepting money for that purpose.

The stranger asked for only a penny, and refused to accept a larger coin. The young man, whose overcoat pocket was filled with pennies, explained that he and a number of other Indianapolis traveling men had decided to solicit contributions of pennies for the purpose of buying Harry K. Thaw a gold medal for killing such a man as White.

Child Fatally Burned.

Wabash.—Leaving her children to visit at the home of a neighbor, Mrs. Elmer Slage rushed home upon hearing screams to find her three-year-old son in flames. Finding nothing else, she tore off her own dress to smother the blaze, but the child was fatally injured. Mrs. Slage was seriously burned.

Father Grieves to Death.

Boonville.—Bert Potts, of Otwell, father of the two little children who were destroyed by fire, grieved himself to death over his triple loss during Thursday. At the time of the fire when the two children perished Potts was in failing health, and his bereavement hastened the end.

Ill Health Causes Suicide.

Vincennes.—H. Orison Winkler, 40 years old, committed suicide at the Dr. Knipp sanitarium. Despondency and ill health were the causes.

Whips Men While Escorts Stand By.

Wabash.—Worthing two men in a fight while her escort stood silently by, Nellie Johnson, a servant in the family of Jacob Baker at North Manchester, afterward escaped to her home, and effort is being made to discover the identity of her assailants. She was invited to attend an entertainment at the North Manchester college, and suspects her escort of being in the conspiracy with the other men. She made her brave fight in the darz, but gave both men a good whipping.

PICKED COTTON IN DIXIE LAND.

Negro Who Recently Died at Princeton Was Well Known.

Princeton.—"Uncle Tommy" Henderson, who died here recently at an advanced age, was one of the best-known colored men in this section of the state. He was an ex-slave and had an interesting history. "Uncle Tommy" was born in Virginia of slave parents. He did not know the date of his birth, but said that he was more than 90 years old. When a young man he was employed as driver of an old time stage coach in Virginia, but at the age of 18 was sold to a slaveholder at Owensboro, Ky., by the name of Guthrie.

Here he worked as a cotton picker and remained with this master until the emancipation proclamation was



"Uncle Tommy" Henderson.

issued by President Lincoln. "Uncle Tommy" had no recollection of his father or mother, and did not even know their names.

"When I was a little boy," he once said, "I remember having seen my brothers and sisters put upon the block and sold at public auction, and I remember I cried as though my heart would break. I never knew whether their masters were good men or not, and never saw them again. I have hoped and prayed that they fell into the hands of kind masters, for I know what it is to feel the sting of the lash on the bare back."

"Uncle Tommy" was a great lover of horses. His wife died many years ago, and after that he never cared to own a home and be like other people.

WANT VETERANS RETAINED.

Committee Asks That Old Soldiers Manage Old Soldiers' Homes.

Richmond.—In its report to Department Commander E. R. Brown, of Monticello the committee of the Indiana G. A. R. appointed to visit and inspect the state soldiers' home calls attention to the lack of room and regrets that "any members of the legislature are inclined to take the management of the institution out of the hands of the veterans of the war."

The report says: "Surely there are enough competent veterans yet to manage the home of their comrades and look out for their comfort and happiness."

The committee inspected the home and found conditions satisfactory, except for the lack of room. Commandant R. M. Smoek is praised for his treatment of the veterans, all of whom were found to be happy and contented and well cared for.

A portion of the report reads: "There is not nearly enough room to accommodate all who are entitled to be at the home. Your committee was pleased to see in the home more widows and wives of veterans than veterans themselves."

He Sleeps Standing Up.

Jeffersonville.—John Berry, of Anderson, stayed awake barely long enough to avoid a jail sentence in this city. He informed Judge Poindexter that he could sleep standing, sitting, or lying down. Berry was found standing and snoring in Spring street. He was taken to jail and was aroused sufficiently to speak his name between yawns. When he was arraigned in police court he went to sleep facing the man, who blinked and in reply to a question from the court lazily said he would do his best to get out of town before going to sleep again. Berry claims that for days at a time he becomes helplessly sleepy.

Hanly Saves Man from Gallows.

Indianapolis.—Gov. Hanly has commuted the sentence of William A. Spores, who was to have been hanged at the Michigan City penitentiary, to life imprisonment. Spores shot and killed William Fawbush in Rush county several months ago.

Bonds Bring Big Premium.

Goshen.—Breed Harrison, of Cincinnati, secured \$50,000 in bonds covering the indebtedness of the city of Goshen by paying the highest premium, \$2,625. There were 11 bidders, N. W. Harris and company and S. A. Kean, of Chicago, among them.

Woman Innocent of Perjury.

Marion.—Mrs. Chloe McCain, now a resident of Keystone, was acquitted in the Grant circuit court of a charge of perjury, which had been filed at the instigation of her former husband. Mrs. McCain was granted a divorce in a local court a few months ago, at which time she made affidavit that she had been a resident of the county for six months. The husband alleged that she was a resident of Wells county, and the jury returned a verdict of acquittal after 30 minutes' deliberation.

HARDSHIPS OF ARMY LIFE.

Left Thousands of Veterans with Kidney Troubles.



The experience of David W. Martin, a retired merchant of Bolivar, Mo., is just like thousands of others. Mr. Martin says: "I think I have had kidney disease ever since the war. During an engagement my horse fell on me, straining my back and injuring the kidneys. I have been told I had a floating kidney. I had intense pain in the back, headaches and dizzy spells and the action of the bladder was very irregular. About three years ago I tried Doan's Kidney Pills, and found such great relief that I continued, and inside a comparatively short time was entirely rid of kidney trouble."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Disease Puzzles Doctors.

A mysterious disease is troubling the Dutch medical profession. It has broken out in the district of Oudorp, not far from Utrecht, and Prof. Spronck, of Utrecht, after all the best efforts he can devise, has had to confess himself perplexed. The disease is a contagious affection of the heart, and the patients invariably develop high fever. There have been more than 100 cases. Prof. Spronck has made a careful analysis of blood taken from patients, but has utterly failed to find a cause or an origin for the epidemic.

Booth Tarkington when at work rises at five o'clock in the morning, drinks a little cocoa and writes till nine. Nearly all his best passages have been written at sunrise.

It Cures White You Walk.

Allen's Foot-Powder is a certain cure for hot, sweating, callous, and swollen, aching feet. Sold by all druggists. Price 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Trial package FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Some men make it their business to interfere with the business of others.

No "Dead Ones" Wanted.

We need hustlers who can sell land. Northern Land & Inv. Co., St. Paul, Minn.

Sixty-four balloons were sent out of Paris during the siege of 1870-71.

U. S. DISPENSATORY

Describes the Principal Ingredients Contained in Pe-ru-na.

Are we claiming too much for Peruna when we claim it to be an effective remedy for chronic catarrh? Have we abundant proof that Peruna is in reality such a catarrh remedy? Let us see what the United States Dispensatory says of the principal ingredients of Peruna.

Take, for instance, the ingredient hydrastis canadensis, or golden seal. The United States Dispensatory says of this herbal remedy, that it is largely employed in the treatment of depraved mucous membranes, chronic rhinitis (nasal catarrh), atonic dyspepsia (catarrh of the stomach), chronic intestinal catarrh, catarrhal jaundice, (catarrh of the liver) and in diseased mucous membranes of the pelvic organs. It is also recommended for the treatment of various forms of diseases peculiar to women.

Another ingredient of Peruna, corydalis formosa, is classed in the United States Dispensatory as a tonic. So also is cubeba classed as a stomachic and as a tonic for the mucous membranes.

Cedron seeds is another ingredient of Peruna, an excellent drug that has been very largely overlooked by the medical profession for the past fifty years. The seeds are to be found in very few drug stores. The United States Dispensatory says of the action of cedron that it is used as a bitter tonic and in the treatment of dysentery, and in intermittent diseases as a substitute for quinine.

Oil of copaiba, another ingredient of Peruna, is classed by the United States Dispensatory as a mild stimulant and diuretic. It acts on the stomach and intestinal tract. It acts as a stimulant on the genito-urinary membranes. Useful in chronic cystitis, chronic dysentery and diarrhoea, and some chronic diseases of the liver and kidneys.

Send us for a free book of testimonials of what the people think of Peruna as a catarrh remedy. The best evidence is the testimony of those who have tried it.

SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

GENUINE MUST BEAR FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

UNQUALIFIED FOR GENERAL FARMING, stock, dairying, fruit, truck, etc., cultivated in the very best sections and transportation facilities. Write for seed catalog for 1914 and conditions. J. V. Richards, Land and Industrial Agent, Chickadee, Wis., and 2120 N. W. Washington St., C. C. & C. S. Co., West, Agt., 2120 N. W. Washington St., St. Louis, Mo.

THE LIONS OF THE LORD

A TALE OF THE OLD WEST
BY HARRY LEON WILSON, AUTHOR OF THE SPENDERS
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CHAPTER XI.—Continued.

She had been standing much like a statue, in guarded restraint, but at his words and the touch of his hand she seemed to melt and flow into eager acquiescence, murmuring some hurried little words of thanks for her father, and stepping by his side with eyes down.

In words that were well-chosen but somewhat hurried, he proceeded to instruct her in the three-fold character of the Godhead. The voice at first was not like his own, but as he went on it grew steadier. After she drew her hand gently out of his, which she presently did, it seemed to regain its normal and calmness.

He saw her to the door of the cabin on the outskirts of the settlement, and there he spoke a few words of cheer to her ailing father.

Then he was off into the desert, pacing swiftly into the grim, sandy solitude beyond the farthest cabin light and the bark of the outmost watchdog. Feverishly he walked, and far, until at last, as if caught in himself could avail, he threw himself to the ground and prayed.

"Keep me good! Keep me to my vows! Help me till my own strength grows, for I am weak and wanting. Let me endure the pain until this wicked fire within me hath burned itself out. Keep me for her!"

Back where the houses were, in the shadow of one of them, was the flushed, full-breathing woman, hurt but dumb, wondering, in her bruised tenderness, why it must be so.

Still farther back, inside the stockade, where the gossiping group yet lingered, they were saying it was strange that Elder Rae waited so long to take him a wife or two.

CHAPTER XII.

A Fight for Life.

The stream of Saints to the Great Basin had become well-nigh continuous—Saints of all degrees of prosperity, from Parley Pratt, the Archer of Paradise, with his wealth of wives, wagons and cattle, to Barney Bigler, unblest with wives or herds, who put his earthly goods on a wheelbarrow and, to the everlasting glory of God, trundled it from the Missouri river to the valley of the Great Salt Lake. Train after train set out for the new Zion with faith that God would drop manna before them.

One by one the trains worked down into the valley, the tired Saints making fresh their covenants by rebaptism as they came. In the waters of the River Jordan, Joel Rae made hundreds to be renewed in the Kingdom, swearing them to obey Brigham, the Lord's anointed, in all his orders, spiritual or temporal, and the priesthood or either of them, and all church authorities in like manner; to regard this obligation as superior to all laws of the United States and all earthly laws whatsoever; to cherish enmity against the government of the United States, that the blood of Joseph Smith and the Apostles slain in that generation might be avenged; and to keep the matter of this oath a profound secret then and forever. And from these waters of baptism the purified Saints went to their inheritances in Zion—took their humble places, and began to sweat and bleed in the up-building of the new Jerusalem.

From a high, tented wagon in one such train, creaking its rough way down Emigration canyon, with straining oxen and tired but eager people, there had leaped late one afternoon the girl whose eyes were to call to him so potently—incomparable eyes, large and deep, of a velvety grayness, under black brows apollidly bent. Nor had the eyes alone voiced that call to his starved senses. He had caught the free, fearless confidence in her leap over the wheel, and her graceful abandon as she stood there, finely erect and full-curled, her head with its Greek lines thrown well back, and her strong hands raised to readjust the dusky hair that tumbled about her head like a storm cloud.

Men from the train were all about, and others from the settlement, and these spoke to her, some in serious greeting, some with jesting words. She returned it all in good part without embarrassment—even the sally of the winking wag who called out: "Now, then, Mara Cavan! Here we are, and a girl like yourself ought to catch an Elder, at the very lowest."

She laughed with easy good nature, still fumbling in the dusk of blown hair at the back of her head, showing a full-lipped mouth, beautifully large, with strong-looking, white teeth. "I'll catch never a one myself, if you please, Nathan Tanner! I'll do no catching at all, now! I'm the one who will have to be caught!"

Her voice was a contralto, with the little hint of roughness that made it warm and richly golden; that made it fall, indeed, upon the ears of the listening Elder like a cathedral chime calling him to forget all and worship—forget all but that he was five and twenty with the hot blood surging and crowding and crying out in his veins.

Now, having a little subdued the tossing storm cloud of hair, she stood with one hand upon her hip and the other shading her eyes, looking intently into the streets of the new settlement. And again there was bantering jest from the men about, and the ready, careless response from her, with gestures of an impishly reckless unconcern, of a full readiness to give and take in easy good fellowship. But then, in the very midst of a light response to one of the bantering men, her gray eyes met for the first time the very living look of the young Elder standing near. She was at once confused, breaking off her speech with an awkward laugh, and looking down. But, his eyes keeping steadily upon her, she, as if defiantly, returned his look for a fluttering second, trying to make her eyes survey him slowly from head to foot with her late cool carelessness; but she had to let them fall again, and he saw the color come under the clear skin.

He knew by these tokens that he possessed a power over this splendid woman that none of the other men could wield—she had lowered her eyes to no other but him—and all the man in him sang exultantly under the knowledge. He greeted her father, the little Seumas Cavan, of indomitable spirit, fresh for all his march of a thousand miles, and he welcomed them both to Zion. Again and again while he talked to them he caught quick glances from the wonderful eyes—glances of interest, of inquiry—now of half-hearted defiance, now of wondering submission.

The succeeding months had been a time of struggle with him—a struggle



She Had Lowered Her Eyes to No Other But Him.

to maintain his character of Elder after the Order of Melchisedek in the full gaze of those velvety gray eyes, and in the light of her reckless, full-lipped smile; to present to the temptress a shield of austere piety which her softest glances should not avail to melt. For something in her manner told him that she divined all his weakness; that, if she acknowledged his power over her, she recognized her own power over him, a power equal to and justly balancing the other. Even when he discoursed from the pulpit, his glance would fasten upon hers, as if there were but the one face before him instead of a thousand, and he knew that she mocked him in her heart; knew she divined there was that within him which strongly would have had her and himself far away—alone.

Nor was the girl's own mind all of a piece. For, if she flaunted herself before him, as if with an impish resolve to be his undoing, there were still times when he awed her by his words of fire, and by his high, determined stand in some circle to which she knew she could never mount. That night when he walked with her in the moonlight, she knew he had trembled on the edge of the gulf fixed so mysteriously between them. She had even felt herself leaning over to draw him down with her own warm arms; and then all at once he had strangely moved away, widening this mysterious gulf that always separated them, leaving her solitary, hurt, and wondering. She could not understand it. Life called through them so strongly. How could he breast the

mighty rush? And why, why must it be so?

During the winter that now came upon them, it became even a greater wonder to her; for it was common suffering—a time of dark days which she felt they might have lightened for each other, and a time when she knew that more than ever she drew him.

For hardly had the feast of the Harvest Home gone by when food once more became scarce. The heaven-sent gulls had, after all, saved but half a crop. Drought and early frost had diminished this; and those who came in from the east came all too trustfully with empty meal sacks.

By the beginning of winter there were 5,000 people in the valley to be fed with miraculous loaves and fishes. Half of these were without decent shelter, dwelling under wagon covers or in flimsy tents, and forced much of the time to be without fuel; for wood had to be hauled through the snow from the distant canyons, and so was precious stuff. For three months the cutting winds came down from the north, and the pitiless winter snows raged about them. An inventory was early taken of the food-stuffs, and thereafter rations were issued alike to all, whether rich or poor. "Otherwise many of the latter must have perished. It was a time of hard expedients, such as men are content to face only for the love of God. They ranged the hills and benches to dig sego and thistle roots, and in the last days of winter many took the rawhides from their roofs, boiling and eating them. When spring came, they watched hungrily for the first green vegetation, which they gathered and cooked. Truly it seemed they had stopped in a desert as cruel in its way as the human foes from whom they had fled.

It was now that the genius of their leader showed. He was no longer Brigham Young, the preacher, but a father in Israel to his starving children.

The efforts of Brigham to put heart into the people were ably seconded by Joel Rae. He was loved like Brigham, but not feared. He preached like Brigham submission to the divine will as interpreted by the priesthood, but he was more extravagant than Brigham in his promises of blessings in store for them. He never resorted to vagueness in his pictures of what the Lord was about to do for them. He

erated of faith, there was made for it a golden spoon of plenty.

Over across the mountains the year before, on the decayed granite bed-rock of the tall race at the mill of one Sutter, a man had picked up a few particles of gold, the largest as big as grains of wheat. The news of the wonder had spread to the east, and now came frenzied hordes of gold seekers. The valley of the mountains where the Saints had hoped to hide was directly in their path, and there they stopped their richly laden trains to rest and to renew their supplies.

The harvest of '49 was bountiful in all the valley; and thus was the wild prophecy of Joel Rae made sober truth. Many of the gold seekers had loaded their wagons with merchandise for the mining camps; but in their haste to be at the golden hills, they now sold it at a sacrifice in order to lighten their loads. The movement across the Sierras became a wild race; clothing, provisions, tools and arms—things most needful to the half-clad, half-starved community on the shores of the lake—were bartered to them at less than half-price for fresh horses and light wagons.

The next year the gain to the Saints was even greater, as the tide of gold seekers rose. Early that summer they sold flour to the oncoming legions for a dollar a pound, taking their pay in the supplies they most needed on almost their own terms.

This passing of the gold seekers was not, however, a blessing without drawbacks. For the Saints had hoped to wax strong unobserved, unmolested, forgotten, in this mountain retreat. But now obscurity could no longer be their lot. The hated Gentiles had again to be reckoned with.

First, the United States had expanded to the west to include their territory—the fruit of the Mexican war—the poor bleak desert they were making to blossom. Next, the government at Washington had sent to construe and administer their laws men who were aliens from the Commonwealth of Israel. True, Millard Fillmore had appointed Brigham governor of the new territory—but there were chief justices and associate justices, secretaries, attorneys, marshals, Indian agents from the wicked and benighted East; men who frankly disbelieved that the voice of Brigham was as the voice of God, and who did not hesitate to let their heresy be known. A stream of these came and went—trouble-mongers who despised and insulted the Saints, and returned to Washington with calumnies on their lips. It was true that Brigham had continued, as was right, to be the only power in the territory; but the narrow-minded appointees of the federal government persisted in misconstruing this circumstance; refusing to look upon it as the just mark of Heaven's favor, and declaring it to be the arrogance of a mere civil usurper.

Under such provocation Joel Rae longed more than ever to be a Lion of the Lord, for those above him in the church endured too easily, he considered, the indignities that were put upon them by these evil-minded Gentile politicians. He would have rejected them forthwith, as he believed the Lord would have had them do,—nay, as he believed the Lord would sooner or later punish them for not doing. He would have thrust them into the desert, and called upon the Lord for strength to meet the storm that would doubtless be raised by such a course. He was impatient when the older men cautioned moderation and the petty wiles of diplomacy. Yet he was not altogether discouraged; for even they lost patience at times, and were almost as outspoken as he could have wished.

The spring of '56 found them again digging roots and resorting to all the old pitiful makeshifts of famine.

"This," declared Joel Rae, to the starving people, "is a judgment of Heaven upon us for permitting Gentile aggression. It is meant to clement into our minds the God's truth that we must stand by our faith with the arms of war if need be."

"Brother Rae is just a little mite soul-proud," Brigham thereupon confided to his counselors, "and I wouldn't wonder if the Lord would be glad to see some of it taken out of him. Anyway, I've got a job for him that will just about do it."

Brigham sent for him the next day and did him the honor to entrust to him an important mission. He was to go back to the Missouri river and bring on one of the hand-cart parties that were to leave there that summer. The three years of famine had left the Saints in the valley poor, so that the immigration fund was depleted. The oncoming Saints, therefore, who were not able to pay their own way, were this summer, instead of riding in ox-carts, to walk across the plains and mountains, and push their belongings before them in hand-carts. It had become Brigham's pet scheme, and the Lord had revealed to him that it would work out auspiciously. Joel prepared to obey, though it was not without aversion that he went again to the edge of the Gentile country.

He was full of bitterness when he was obliged to tarry on the bank of the Missouri. The hatred of those who had persecuted him and his people, bred into him from boyhood flashed up in his heart with more fire than ever. Even when a late comer from Nauvoo told him that Prudence Corson had married Capt. Girnway of the Carthage Grays, two years after the exodus from Nauvoo, his first feeling was one of blazing anger against the mobocrats rather than regret for his lost love.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Washington Day by Day

News Gathered Here and There at the National Capital

SOUTH CAROLINA SENATOR A DIAMOND IN THE ROUGH



WASHINGTON.—The senate galleries are always filled when Senator Tillman is announced to speak. No other senator since the days of the acrid and dazzling Ingalls has been able to draw such crowds as he.

Yet Senator Tillman isn't a great orator. In the first place, his voice is a bit shrill and unpleasant, until he gets warmed up to the shouting point, and then it takes on a deeper and more sonorous timbre.

Again, he speaks somewhat disconnectedly, sometimes losing the thread of his argument altogether. But, like a creek or river diverted from its path, he always gets back to the main bed of his progress in time.

He sometimes makes his sentences so long that he has to pull up short and begin again. When he reads from a prepared manuscript—this is not often—the monotony of his delivery is tiresome.

When he is making a speech from data scattered about his desk he has prodigious difficulty in finding his references at critical junctures. He gropes all over the littered desk and the desks of his senatorial neighbors on either hand for the missing piece of



SENATOR RAYNER, of Maryland, had a specific object in view in bringing the Schley case to the attention of the senate in his speech the other day. He has been working incessantly to obtain the opinions of senators as to whether a joint resolution cancelling the judgment of the president and that of the court of inquiry in relation to the command at Santiago could be carried through the senate. Senator Rayner is anxious to secure an overturn of both these judgments by act of congress, as was done in the Fitzjohn Porter case.

The Maryland senator believes he has a sufficient number of votes pledged to enable him to adopt his resolution. Admiral Schley is now considering the matter to determine whether he is willing to risk a viola-

STRIKING RESEMBLANCE OF MEN IN PUBLIC LIFE

STRIKING facial resemblances of men in public life and in official circles in this city are frequently commented upon. There are three men widely known whose similarity of face and form is so striking that queer mistakes of identity are experienced every now and then. The resemblance of the president to his distinguished secretary of the navy and attorney general, Mr. Moody, has always been the subject of remark and now and then of humorous mistakes. Now that Mr. Moody has been elevated, or at least transferred, to the supreme court of the United States, he has come across another double in the person of James Maher, clerk of the supreme court.

When Justice Moody first met Mr. Maher it was as a member of the house of representatives, when the resemblance between the two was remarked. Again when as attorney general he had occasion to go to the courtroom he occasionally saw his double, and now as a justice on the



SENOR ENRIQUE C. CREEL, the new Mexican ambassador, will rank James Bryce, the new British ambassador. Rumor has it that as soon as President Diaz heard that Sir Henry Mortimer Durand was to be recalled by King Edward he urged Senor Creel to make all haste to Washington in order that a representative of a republic might precede at the United States capital the representative of the greatest monarchy on earth.

Senor Creel did not want to come, especially not in a hurry, but President Diaz has something of a kingly way about him in getting obedience to orders, and so his newly appointed ambassador rushed on to Washington, and here he is.

Senor and Senora Creel now are established in the embassy on I street. It is a huge double building admirably adapted for entertaining purposes, and the Creels have money enough to en-

paper, founders around underneath the desks and on the floor, becomes red in the face and flustered and mad all through.

The neighboring senators make a great show of helping him to find what he is looking for, but they really don't try very hard, for they are smiling all the time and apparently enjoying the spectacle of wrath which the South Carolinian presents in these circumstances. A snicker runs around the galleries at such times, and this does not cause the senator from South Carolina to feel himself any more at ease over the lost reference.

But always he succeeds in finding the lost bit of paper in time. He simply will not proceed until he does find it, and he has searched for as long as ten minutes, while senate and audience waited. Then he goes ahead with his argument.

His gestures are those of a man wholly untrained in the art of oratory, but somehow the flacking gestures seem to belong to and to suit the flow of words when the senator becomes thoroughly wrought up. For all that he is a very well read man, the senator is still a rough diamond.

ATTEMPT TO RESURRECT SAMPSON-SCHLEY CASE

tion of the president's semi-official order or demand that naval officers refrain from agitating this famous controversy. Senator Rayner will offer no resolution unless Admiral Schley gives his approval and unless he is absolutely certain there is sufficient strength back of it to insure its adoption.

If such a resolution should be introduced it would simply deal with the proposition as to who was in command at Santiago. No other specification will be taken up. The judgment of the court and the judgment of the president leave it in absolute doubt as to who was in command and, as a matter of history, right and justice, it is claimed by the friends of Admiral Schley that congress sought to put itself on record that Admiral Schley was in command in the battle.



bench he can look over the edge of his judicial gown any time and practically see himself as others see him. Mr. Maher's resemblance to the president is striking when in repose, but when he speaks or smiles he is obliged to acknowledge that owing either to the subduing atmosphere of the court or to the lack of dental qualifications, he cannot vie with the chief executive at the other end of the avenue.

The resemblance of Senators Aldrich and Foraker is also striking, although the distinguished senator from Rhode Island plays the role of a reticent general maneuvering his forces on the floor of the senate, while the senator from Ohio acts the more striking part of a dashing officer with standard uplifted ready for the fray, regardless of the distribution of forces. If Mr. Foraker's well-covered head were matched by the hirsute adornment of Mr. Aldrich the resemblance would be complete. But standing side by side they appear as brothers and their similarity is frequently commented upon.

SENORA CREEL HEIRESS TO FORTUNE OF MILLIONS

ertain. In fact, they are called the Rockefellers of Mexico.

It is Senora Creel who is the real Rockefeller, although her husband, with his \$24,000,000, is in no sense pinched for pocket money. Every cent of his millions, it is declared in Washington, was amassed by his individual exertion, a statement that is taken to mean he made his money without wringing rascal counters from the hard hands of peasants, as Mr. Shakespeare came pretty near putting it.

Senora Creel, however, is the heiress apparent to \$200,000,000, and her money prospects have not spoiled her. She is exceedingly domestic in her tastes, dresses well but plainly, and while she gives magnificent entertainments, her plea is that she gives them because others enjoy them and she enjoys seeing others enjoy themselves. This ambassador's wife is a daughter of Gen. Luis Terrazas, of Chihuahua.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
One Year, in advance, \$1.00
Six Months, in advance, .50
Three Months, in advance, .25

ADVERTISING
Rates for home and foreign advertising made known on application.
Legal advertising at the rates fixed by law.

CULVER, IND., MARCH 7, 1907.

CIVIC AND FRATERNAL.

MARMONT LODGE No. 1, K. P. MEETS EVERY Tuesday evening.
UNION CAMP No. 6, M. W. A. MEETS FIRST and Third Fridays.
HENRY H. CULVER LODGE No. 1, A. F. AND M. M. Meets second and fourth Saturdays.

About the Size of It.

Probably Gazette readers have arrived at the same conclusion as the editor of this paper, and that is that there was never less occasion for exploiting a sensation than in the Thaw case.

Worse than Foolish.

The postal commission recommends that the comic supplements of the newspapers be denied the mails at press rates.

A Lesson for Merchants.

There is a lesson for every merchant in the experience told by a representative of a Chicago mail order house to a gathering of newspaper men in Iowa.

An old freight bill, dated May 1, 1899, has turned up in the Citizen office, and it is something of a curiosity. Over 43,000 pounds of malt in sacks were billed by the C & N. W. railroad from Manitowoc, Wis., to a Quincy, Ill., brewery.

For Sale.

Carriages, buggies and harness, (double and single), for sale at bargain prices. Chas. E. Hayes, 714

For Catarrh, let us send you free, just to prove merit, a trial size box of Dr. Shoop's Catarrh Remedy.

A LONG SMOKE

We were celebrating Jim Blackstone's wedding and had loaded his wife down with tubs, washboards, bread boards, rolling pins and the like. After eating a good supper I said to the husband: "Come, Jim, it's time for you to tell the story about your wedding night."

I rode my sorrel horse, Pete, and made for the road leading past the military post, for that's the route by which I expected the furniture.

It occurred to me that Pete had smelled Indiana. But they couldn't have been at the ranch before, for the hired man was sitting out unmindful of them.

"Having examined the inside to see if the Indians had put any fire there, we approached the hired man, who through all the melee sat with his heels on the pillar, apparently unmindful of what was going on.

"About this time the furniture wagon drove up, and the man in charge, not knowing what had taken place, began to unload it. When he heard of my narrow escape, and consequently his, he smiled.

"Well, seeing that Pete had saved the groom's life, the wagon driver's life and the lives of the others who when I appeared were preparing to go to the ranch in search of me, Doll fed him so high that he'd have died if she had stayed there. When we left, we sold him to a man who forced him against his will among a lot of Apaches, and his owner lost his scalp."

WHEN IS A MAN 21?

Think a Moment Before You Attempt to Answer the Question.

"It is often said that law is applied common sense," said a professor of the Yale Law school the other day.

"Then there are many rules of law which undoubtedly have a common sense origin, but, conditions having changed, history fails to disclose this origin.

"To drive this statement home I have frequently put to an incoming law class the question, 'When does an infant become of age?'

"The next question appears ridiculous to some and makes them laugh, while others set their altered common sense at work and never with correct result, 'When is a man twenty-one years old?'

"One student says, 'On his twenty-first birthday,' but of course he does not mean it, for he is about a year out of the way.

"Now, since we must start with the first moment of Jan. 2, 1880, it is perhaps natural to say that this man did not become twenty-one years old until the close of Jan. 1, 1901.

"As the man was of age on the last moment of Jan. 1, the law disregards the entire part of the day intervening between the first moment and the last, and consequently he became in law twenty-one years old on the first moment of Jan. 1, 1901, the day preceding the twenty-first anniversary of his birthday.

"This rule is a part of what is known as the common law and is applied in this country in all states where the common law of England has been adopted and remains unchanged by statute.

statute. A man may vote or make a valid will on the day preceding the twenty-first anniversary of his birthday, although the right in the one case and the capacity in the other are given only to persons who have reached the age of twenty-one years.

Undertaker For Pet Birds. An old branch of business conducted by a New York establishment devoted to supplying and boarding feathered pets is that of bird funerals.

They coffin just large enough for a bird are kept in stock; also quantities of pale pink and blue cotton. The latter is used for filling the bird coffin, and on it the bird is laid.

"Oh," she said, "your conduct is enough to make an angel weep."

I've never any pity for conceited people, because they carry their comfort about with them.

PROFESSIONAL DIRECTORY.

DR. O. A. REA, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. OFFICE: Main Street, opposite Post Office, CULVER, INDIANA.

DR. NORMAN S. NORRIS, DENTIST. Two Doors North of Postoffice—Phone 241, CULVER, IND.

E. E. PARKER, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Special attention given to Obstetrics and Diseases of Women.

B. W. S. WISEMAN, M. D. PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. CULVER, INDIANA.

N. J. FAIRCHILD, LIVE STOCK AND GENERAL AUCTIONEER. Terms Reasonable. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Trustee's Notice. After April 30, my weekly office days, for the transaction of township business, will be as follows:



FRIEND TO FRIEND.

The personal recommendations of people who have been cured of coughs and colds by Chamberlain's Cough Remedy have done more than all else to make it a staple article of trade and commerce over a large part of the civilized world.

AN INSTANCE.

Lucy Suddret's, of Lenoir, N. C., had been troubled with a very bad cough for over a year. She says: "A friend bought a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, brought it to me and insisted that I should take it."

THE KING OF CURES OF DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY FOR COUGHS AND COLDS. FOR WEAK, SORE LUNGS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, HEMORRHAGES AND ALL THROAT AND LUNG DISEASES. PREVENTS PNEUMONIA.

MITCHELL & STABENOW Our's is a Successful Store. Why? There is nothing mysterious about successful store-keeping, nothing surprising about the large business we are doing in clothing and the many goods we are selling.

Where Do You Buy Your Flour? Are you getting the best for the least money? In other words, have you tried the "Peerless Maxinkuckee?"

TIN AND SHEET METAL WORK ROOFING, SPOUTING AND FURNACE WORK A full line of Ridge Roll, Ridge Board, Roofing, Cresting and Sheet Metal always on hand.

For the Very Finest Bakery Goods ALWAYS GO TO G. R. HOWARD TELEPHONE 23-2 WE SERVE LUNCHEES AT SALES Not a cent of expense to party making sale

Sunday School Summary.

Following are some of the statistics for 1906 of the Marshall county Sunday schools as shown by the report of Mrs. M. E. Hume, county secretary:

Township	Enrolled	Av.
Polk	586	320
North	520	265
German	1250	782
West	647	384
Center	1415	983
Bourbon	947	539
Union	106	640
Green	184	139
Walout	586	437
Tippecanoe	317	181

The largest Sunday school is the Plymouth M. E. with an enrollment of 355.

Eighteen Sunday schools have Home departments. Fourteen have Cradle rolls. Seven have the Teachers' Training course; six of these are in German township where 26 are studying. German township also reports the largest number (153) received into the church.

OAK GROVE OFFERINGS.

Mrs. Frank Zumbaugh was the guest of her relatives in Plymouth last week.

Sam Bottorff brought a load of lime and roofing out from Knox on Thursday.

Mrs. Dan Zumbaugh was a dinner guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. St. Clair Bottorff Sunday.

J. St. Clair Bottorff went to Knox Tuesday to get a load of building material for his new barn.

Mrs. Jesse Bottorff was able to be out Sunday evening for the first time since her accident two weeks ago.

Rev. Berkey of Elkhart filled the pulpit at Salem church Sunday evening. The attendance was quite large.

NEIGHBORHOOD NOTES.

Miss Ionia Fear, Correspondent.

Mrs. Wm. Sweeney is very ill at this writing.

Geo. Woodward has moved to Dr. Meisner's farm.

Zack Hosimer and family will soon start for North Dakota.

Merritt Cromley attended Sunday school at Delong Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Jordan visited Starke county friends Sunday.

John Dinsmore and two daughters will move to Jamestown, Ind., soon.

John Dinsmore has sold his farm to Mr. Gantz south of De-long.

Mrs. Mary Cooper spent a few days of last week with the family of Zack Hosimer.

Mary, Belle and Winnie Hosimer called on Ionia and Mary Fear one day last week.

Ionia and Mary Fear spent Wednesday afternoon of last week with the Misses Hosimer.

Harley Shanks and Delbert Jordan called on the family of George Fear one evening last week.

Earl Haines, Ed Woodward and Harley Mahler spent Sunday afternoon with Delbert Jordan.

WASHINGTON TOWNSHIP.

By a Special Correspondent.

J. W. Hooton was seen in our midst Friday afternoon.

Mrs. Frank Reeg has gone to Knox for medical advice.

Geo. Johnson and Edgar Reeg called on Will Kinzie Sunday.

Arnie Horner spent Thursday evening with his uncle, Joel Kinzie.

Young people's meeting was well attended Sunday afternoon at Oak Grove.

Barbara and Ivy Reeg were the guests of Meda Kinzie Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. Paul Snyder visited with Mrs. Lucinda Kinzie Monday afternoon.

Blanche Ransbottom was the guest of her cousin, Ethel Ransbottom, Thursday.

Auditor Lee Ransbottom and wife visited Sunday with her mother, Mrs. Zumbaugh.

THE WINTER IN DAKOTA

The Land where Blizzards Sprout and where the Winters are Like the Arctic Regions

OLIN CASTLEMAN TELLS OF CONDITIONS AT BANTRY

Good Crops are Raised, But the Weather is a Drawback

In a letter received from Olin W. Castleman, formerly of Fulton county but who now lives in Bantry, North Dakota, where the Citizen has several subscribers, gives a description of the situation up there that would seem sufficient to cool the ardor of anybody who contemplates going to that country to live. Admitting that North Dakota raises great crops of grain and that the opportunities for making money by farming are excellent there, such winter weather as Mr. Castleman describes certainly detracts considerably from its desirability as a place of residence. He says:

Four years ago this spring we moved from Fulton county to McHenry county, North Dakota, locating about ten miles north of Denbigh which is a small town on the Great Northern railroad. At that time it was our nearest town, but a year ago last summer a new branch line called the Max Bass division left Towner, the county seat of our county, and came in our direction, missing our claim only about a quarter of a mile. A town site was then bought 4 1/2 miles northwest of us and a thriving, bustling little town called Bantry is now our home town. This railway has greatly advanced the price of land. Improved quarter sections are selling as high as \$4,500. And to give you an idea of the vast amount of grain raised in our country I shall tell you how much our little town took in, which has five large elevators.

In the fall of 1905 they bought about 80,000 bushels of grain apiece or 400,000 bushels in all; in the fall of 1906 about 60,000 bushels apiece, crops not being so good as the year before. This was all taken from a radius of about six miles distance. Wheat, flax, oats and barley are the kinds raised.

Our winters are, of course, much more severe than in Indiana. This winter is said to be the most severe one in several years. There is much snow, and has been since the middle of November. During the month of January there were so many snow storms that the rail ways were often blocked and the trainmen found it a very difficult task to keep them open at all. Owing to this serious trouble, coal and food became quite scarce in many parts of this state, but am glad to say that no one in our immediate neighborhood suffered much for want of either. During this month the weather has abated and traffic is once more going on. We are very much pleased and well satisfied with our western home, although our minds often wander toward friends and relatives in good old Hoosierdom.—Rochester Sentinel.

PLEASANT VIEW.

J. W. Hooton, Correspondent.

Arna Horner visited at Culver Sunday.

Wm. Barden was at Walkerton on business Monday.

Charles Wartsler and wife went to Goshen to attend a sale.

Isaac Overmyer moved Friday from Kewanna with five teams.

Louis Pero buzzed wood for Mrs. Zumbaugh and Joseph Hiasong Saturday.

Blanche and Ruby McDaniel of Walkerton visited with their grandfather, Frank Hooton, from Wednesday until Monday.

EAST SHORE SOUNDINGS.

Certainly Maxinkuckee is on the map. You can find it by looking over at the new well that is being put down by Corporal Dick, for he struck gas, but it was only surface gas, so the two main capitalists of near the place, Rector and Rugg, will pay no attention to the enterprise.

The News—No Pure Drug Cough Cure Laws would be needed, if all Cough Cures were like Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure. It has been for 30 years. The national Law now requires that if any poison enter into a cough mixture, it must be printed on the label or package.

For this reason mothers, and others, should insist on having Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure. No poison marks on Dr. Shoop's labels—and none in the medicine, also it must be by law on the label. And it's not only safe, but it is said to be by those that know it best, a truly remarkable cough remedy. Take no chance, particularly with your children. Insist on having Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure. Compare carefully the Dr. Shoop's packages with others and see. No poison marks there! You can always be on the safe side by demanding Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure.

Odd Combinations.

How by chance certain names get associated with a vocation is illustrated by the following:

Kankakee has a laundryman named Shine, a cemetery sexton named Plant, a farmer named Grauger, an insane asylum attendant named Pammel and a shoe man named Button.

A Marshall (Ind.) county farmer's name is Barley, and a Culver banker's Shilling.

Logansport has a dentist named Hurt.

Stoneburner is the name of an insurance agent living at Lapaz.

A Walkerton lawyer rejoices in the name of Slick.

Thresher is the name of a retired school teacher at Winnetka, Ill.

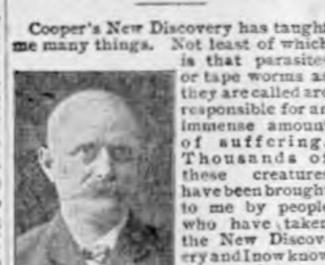
Fruits of the Trap.

John Heminger, the hunter and trapper, has 36 skunk skins on hand, the fruit of the winter's catch, 30 or 40 muskrat and 12 opossum skins. The skunk skins are worth about \$1.50 each for the star skins, and \$1 for the short-stripe skins. He also has a couple of gallons of skunk oil which he gives away to his neighbors when the children get the croup. Mr. Heminger says he kills 6 or 8 rattlesnakes every year.

"Preventives" will promptly check a cold or the gripe when taken early or at the "measurables." Preventives cure seated colds as well. Preventives are little easily cold cure tablets, and Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis., will gladly mail you samples and a book on colds free, if you write to him. The samples prove their merit. Check early colds with Preventives and stop. Pneumonia. Sold in 10c and 25c boxes by T. E. Slatery.

SHORT TALKS BY L. T. COOPER.

INTERNAL PARASITES.



Cooper's New Discovery has taught me many things. Not least of which is that parasites or tape worms as they are called are responsible for an immense amount of suffering. Thousands of these creatures have been brought to me by people who have taken the New Discovery and now know that an immense amount of supposed stomach trouble is caused in reality by one of these parasites. A man or woman may be afflicted in this manner for years and not realize the true cause of their suffering. When I first sold Cooper's New Discovery I did not know that the medicine would remove this trouble. I have since found that it invariably does so. The following letter is a fair sample of the symptoms as experienced by an individual thus affected:

"I was always tired. My stomach bloated and the slightest exertion made me sick, weak and dizzy. My appetite was variable and a good night's sleep was unknown to me. When I awoke in the mornings I had a bad taste in my mouth and a coated tongue. I heard of the wonderful benefits that were being derived from Cooper's New Discovery, and decided to try it."

"The horrible tape worm, sixty feet long that had been sapping my life away, passed from my system alive and squirming after I had taken three doses. Now I have a splendid appetite, every trace of stomach trouble has disappeared and my digestion is good. I sleep well and am gaining in strength every day." Nick Emmerick, 1344 Louis Ave., Milwaukee, Wis.

We are authorized agents for the Cooper medicines. Call and let us tell you more about them.

The Culver City Drug Store.

When you want to eat at Plymouth stop at the

Plymouth Inn J. B. Bowell Proprietor

Absolutely the BEST MEALS and the BEST SERVICE in the City

D. E. OVERMAN

OPTICIAN AND JEWELER

AM a graduate optician and know how to fit glasses to every form of defective vision, and I keep a full and complete line of eye glasses and spectacles. As an expert watch and clock repairer and jeweler I am qualified to do all work in the repairing line.

At the Department Store

Culver, Indiana.

Maxinkuckee flour for sale by Porter & Co., W. E. Hand, The Surprise and Saine & Son. Every sack guaranteed to be first class.

You Look Yellow

The trouble is, your liver's sick. One of its products, "bile," is overflowing into your blood.

You can't digest your food, your appetite is poor, you suffer dreadfully from headache, stomach ache, dizziness, malaria, constipation, etc. What you need is not a dose of salts, cathartic water or pills—but a liver tonic

Theford's Black-Draught

This great medicine acts gently on the sick liver. It purifies the blood, renews the appetite, feeds the nerves, clears the brain and cures constipation. It is a true medicine for sick liver and kidneys, and regulates all the digestive functions. Try it. At all dealers in medicines in 25c packages.

Pennsylvania LINES

Washington, D. C.

Excursion March 23

Chance for Easter Visit to the National Capital Especially attractive at this season

St. Louis Excursion

March 15, 16, 17, for Bowling Congress

One-way Second-class Colonists Tickets valid daily during March and April to

Idaho Montana Mexico and Pacific Coast Points

at Unusually Low Fare

For particulars, consult

S. J. LENON, at Culver

WILLIAM GRUBB PLUMBER

All Work Guaranteed to be Sanitary

Shop in Rear of Tin Shop, Center

McLANE & CO.

Livery Feed and Sale Stable

Special attention given to traveling men. Terms reasonable.

Barn East of the Postoffice

M. R. CLINE

Contractor and Builder

Residence—Maxinkuckee.

Fishburn Brothers

General Blacksmithing

Horseshoeing and Repairs

FIRST CLASS WORK A SPECIALTY

Prices Guaranteed Reasonable

South Main St., Culver, Ind.

Pay at 5 C Sweet to Eat

HEADQUARTERS FOR

AMERICAN FIELD AND HOG FENCE

DI. THICK.	IN.	IN.	IN.
1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2
3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4
1	1	1	1
1 1/4	1 1/4	1 1/4	1 1/4
1 1/2	1 1/2	1 1/2	1 1/2
1 3/4	1 3/4	1 3/4	1 3/4
2	2	2	2
2 1/4	2 1/4	2 1/4	2 1/4
2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2
2 3/4	2 3/4	2 3/4	2 3/4
3	3	3	3

Regular Style Stays 12 in. or 6 in. apart

Special Hog, Horse and Cattle Style Stays 12 in. or 6 in. apart

Made of large, strong, high-grade steel wires, heavily galvanized. Ample provides for expansion and contraction. Is practically everlasting. Never goes wrong, no matter how great a strain is put on it. Does not mutilate, but does, efficiently, turn cattle, horses, hogs and pigs.

EVERY ROD OF AMERICAN FENCE GUARANTEED by the manufacturers and by us. Call and see it. Can show you how it will save you money and fence your fields so they will stay fenced.

At the Culver Cash Hardware Company

PAINTS

It is time to begin planning for the improvements you've been thinking of for some time. Paint is not only a preservative but a beautifier, and makes the most show for the money of any kind of work on the house or barn. I have a big stock of first-class paints and all other materials needed in connection with them.

SLATTERY'S

SUNSHINE SUNSHINE

Have you any Sunshine in your home? If not just take home with you today a sack of SUNSHINE FLOUR, and everything will be as light as sunshine. Even the bread will be as light as sunshine itself.

W. E. HAND, Grocer

Cement Blocks

When you have concreting or cement block work to be done call and see Ferrier & Son, as they have a Mixer and Block Machine. We will take contracts for putting in foundations and for building cement block walls. Call and get prices.

J. O. FERRIER & SON

1893 PUBLIC AMBULANCE 1907

Day or Night Calls Receive Prompt Attention—Both Phones

W. S. EASTERDAY

DEALER IN HIGHEST GRADE FURNITURE

UNDERTAKER AND FUNERAL DIRECTOR

WOMAN'S SPHERE

OLD FASHION BACK

MANNISH TURN-DOWN COLLAR RESTORED TO FAVOR.

Once More a Conspicuous Feature of Feminine Neckwear—in Many Ways an Improvement on Predecessor.

With the rehabilitation of the Tailor-Made Girl the mannish turn-over collar of linen has become a conspicuous feature of fashionable neckwear.

You remember that we sported these collars some three or four years ago, but they were banished when the little Dutch necked frocks came in. Women at that time who possessed scrawny necks encircled by yellow collar lines said some very unpleasant things about the tall, stiff collars which had done the mischief.

Time, however, is a great pacifier, and most women to-day have so far forgotten their past grievance that

upon its predecessor. It is not made as heavily as before, being only three ply, and the linen is of a fine, lightweight quality.

The new turn-over collar is just like a man's collar, save that it is less heavy and embroidered in the corners,



Grapes of Padded Embroidery with Eyelet Border.

and for a distance along the sides, or is hemstitched. There are two buttonholes in front and one in back. Many of the better grade ones are hand embroidered. These collars range in price from 25 cents to two dollars, according to the quality of the linen and handwork employed.

Their decoration consists of a variety of finger work, real and imitation, such as Madeira or French convent work, or of the St. Gall order; others have Tenerife stitching in round or square design, and in drawn thread patterns.

We show an example of the stiff turn-over collar, a combination of blind or padded embroidery and eyelet work. With this is worn a four-inch hand.

Another collar is designed with grapes; these are heavily padded and thrown into relief by the open-work edge.

Some of the newest Parisian fancies in these stiff turn-over collars show floral patterns in one or more colors. Wee violets, forget-me-nots, lilies of the valley, besides other small neat posies are so treated.

FOR TWO PLEASANT PARTIES.

Mother Goose is One and "Poverty Breakfasts" Another.

Send out invitations decorated with Mother Goose characters. When the guests arrive give them a bit of paper on which is written the name of a fable from this ever popular book. When the hostess calls these titles one by one, the holder must repeat the rhyme at once, or in the space of two minutes. Failing to do so entails the paying of a forfeit.

To the one who responds the first award a goose quill pen, and to the one who fails entirely give a child's copy of Mother Goose.

The following menu may be served for refreshment. Ornament the table with a huge pie, on which 24 toy birds are seated around the edge; have a ribbon leading to each plate, with a snapping cracker attached to the end inside the pie. The guests are to guess what is to be served them from this Mother Goose bill of fare:

Shared by the walrus and carpenter (Oysters).

A king's dish (Bird pie, individual chicken pies).

A queen's lunch (Bread and honey).

Taffy's spoils (Beef sandwiches).

The golden eggs (Eggs hard boiled).

What the baker made (Rolls).

Sample of the pie-man's ware (Tiny pies).

Jack-a-Dandy's delight (Plum cake).

What the ships brought (Apples and comfits).

I wonder how many readers of the department are aware of the fact that Mary Goose, the original "Mother Goose," is buried in a Boston cemetery? She was not a myth, but a reality once upon a time.

For Lent.

A coterie of ten ladies, who are accustomed to entertaining on quite an elaborate scale, are giving a series of Lenten affairs which they call "poverty breakfasts."

Each hostess keeps an itemized account of what the meal costs, and then subtracts it from the sum she would ordinarily have paid. The difference she puts into a box marked "Charity."

Modes in Coats.

The feature of the season's little coat is that it is short and the favorite pattern is that of the pony coat. This is hip-length and is rather loose. It buttons down the front with big cut steel buttons or with buttons of smoked pearl, and the back is semi-fitting. The seal coats of this description are exquisite and those who like a little brown fur coat, easy to slip off and on, cannot do better than invest in one of these little garments, the price of which ranges around \$100.

French women delight in wearing the lighter shades of mink with a black dress. One very handsome French woman, visiting in Washington, wore a light brown mink coat with a gown of black satin and a picture hat of black with spreading plumes. There was a tiny bit of pink embroidery upon the collar and cuffs of the coat, and her muff was lined with pink.

Old mink collarettes can be

knocked out and worn as now

new

new

new

POULTRY AND BEES

HEN HOUSE-FOR WINTER LAYERS

It Must Be Constructed With Special Idea of Warmth and Ventilation.

A poultry house to afford warmth, comfort and convenience for fowls maintained for winter egg production must be specially designed for that purpose. It must be located upon slightly elevated ground to afford perfect drainage. The building itself must

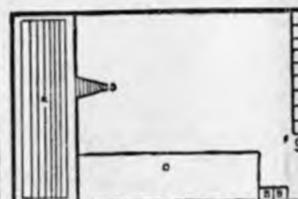


House for Winter Layers.

be spacious, affording plenty of room on the floor for each individual fowl.

It should be located to afford a southern exposure, so that during the winter months plenty of warm sunlight can be reflected into the building. The structure itself should be so designed to eliminate as much exposure to cold wind as possible so that the temperature can be maintained as even as practicable.

The maintenance of poultry during the winter months has proven a very profitable enterprise from the standpoint of winter egg production. Upon the farm where there is unlimited range for rearing a large number of strong, healthy pullets, winter egg production affords the farmer a most profitable adjunct to his farming. For several years past I have been giving this particular line special attention along with my farm work and find that I am able to make more clear profit from the amount of capital invested



Ground Plan of Hen House.

In a hundred or so strong, healthy pullets than from any other farm stock.

To make winter egg production profitable, attention must be directed toward providing comfortable conditions for the fowls, says Farm and Home. It is not possible to obtain anything like encouraging results from poorly arranged accommodation. Profitable winter egg production depends largely upon proper facilities and attention directed toward supplying the fowls with proper food.

A great many carry the impression that winter egg production involves a considerable expenditure of money to construct a properly arranged building and labor to make this industry profitable. This is erroneous. Any farmer who will give a little attention to rearing a few strong, healthy pullets during the previous season and supply comfortable conditions to the fowls during the cold winter months can get winter eggs.

The plans herewith show one of the poultry houses I have had in use for a number of years. It was one of the first buildings I constructed and I have been so well pleased with this design that I have constructed others on the same principle. One of the great features in favor of this plan of a poultry house is that it affords a large amount of floor space at reasonable cost, and at the same time supplies all the requirements necessary for the comfort of the fowls.

The building herewith shown is 18x30, with seven-foot posts in front and three-foot posts in the rear. Before the construction of the building was begun, a foundation was laid by excavating a small trench 18 inches wide and 20 inches deep. This trench was filled with small cobble stone for the foundation for the building. Upon this foundation a concrete wall was constructed ten inches high and eight inches wide.

The main frame work was constructed of 2x4 material with the exception of the sills which were of 2x8 stuff. For siding, matched pine was used of excellent quality as it was desirable to make the building warm as possible. The roofing is shingles laid five inches to the weather. Two large windows were put in on the south side to give plenty of sunlight. The inside of the building was sealed with matched material with felt paper between. This building is so well constructed that the weather must get pretty low in order to freeze water during the night.

Fig. 2 shows the ground plan. The west end is taken up with roosts which are partitioned off from the rest of the building. The roosts are constructed about three feet up from the floor. Along the south side under the windows is a dusting place where the sunlight falls directly upon the floor. Nests are provided to accommodate about 100 fowls. F is a drinking fountain. B B are feed bins where sufficient feed is kept at hand to eliminate labor in caring for the fowls.

Uncleanliness and overcrowding are two mistakes most common in the

two

GETTING EGGS IN WINTER.

How One Farmer Manages to Make His Hens Return a Profit.

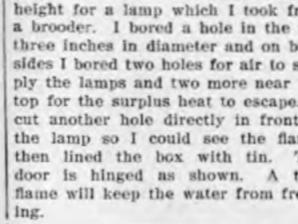
I always sow some rye near the house for the hens. I feed corn and wheat, say one-half gallon, mixed, for morning feed and half that much for evening, for 54 hens. When the weather is frosty, give a warm slop of bran and meal mixed in old skillet. Give them all the meat scraps and old cracklings and house them in warm house. Pullets that are well grown in October ought to lay all winter and will with care.

The brown leghorn will lay more eggs than any kind I have ever tried, continues this correspondent of an exchange. Chickens should have a large range if you expect the best results. I have no patience with a gang of old lazy hens at the back door that expect to be fed everything they eat. Better sell them off and get industrious hens like the Leghorn and Game. Half Game and Leghorn make fine layers. I never keep hens longer than two seasons and the chickens are the best paying property on my farm. I have increased my flock to 100 and expect to double it next year.

WATER FOR THE FOWLS.

How It May Be Kept From Freezing in Winter.

The drinking fountain is a great convenience, but when the weather is real cold the water will freeze unless you can supply some heat. I made a heater which serves well and is not costly or troublesome, says a writer in Farm and Home. I procured from the grocer a small box, just the right

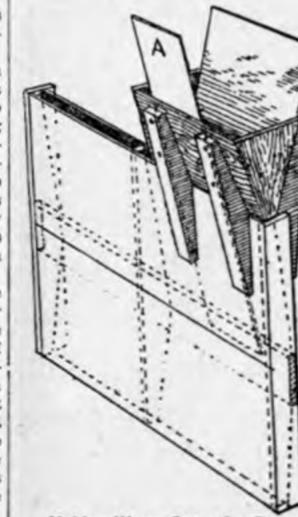


height for a lamp which I took from a brooder. I bored a hole in the top three inches in diameter and on both sides I bored two holes for air to supply the lamps and two more near the top for the surplus heat to escape. I cut another hole directly in front of the lamp so I could see the flame, then lined the box with tin. The door is hinged as shown. A tiny flame will keep the water from freezing.

FOR PROTECTION OF BEES.

How to Convert a Ventilated Cover into a Chaff-Packed Cover.

The ventilated gable cover, having only a three-eighth-inch board over the bees, with cold air passing through, is not warm enough in winter; the space between upper and lower boards also affords ideal homes for spiders which prey upon the bee. These objections can be easily overcome by filling in the space with chaff or other packing. When the covers are already nailed



Making Warm Cover for Bees.

together it is a problem to get the chaff into them through the opening at the sides. I managed mine in the following way, explains a correspondent of Bee Culture: First, nail a narrow strip of wood over the opening on one side. Then, with a little trough made to fit the mouth of the cover, proceed to sift in the chaff; and as it chokes in the narrow opening press it through with a thin board. A, about 24x6x1/4 inch. When one half is full, slide the trough along and fill the other partition. Nail a strip of wood over the opening, and the operation is complete.

POULTRY NOTES.

Pullets that are forced to lay early seldom make good layers.

Good sized combs generally denote an egg-laying breed of hens.

Nest boxes should be so constructed that hens can not roost on them.

In feeding meat and bone to poultry, the fresher it is when given them the better.

A good preventive of roup is to scatter air-slacked lime around the poultry house.

A scratching pen on the south side of the poultry house will pay for itself in time.

Chopped clover and sweet hay are excellent substitutes for green food, and the poultry will relish it.

Only mature birds should be used for breeding purposes. The use of young fowls is risky and unprofitable.

Millet seed is not only a nourishing food for hens, but it makes them scratch. Every farmer should raise

knockers get big audiences, but no

knockers

knockers

NEED OF STANDARD WEIGHTS.

Wheat Sold by 20 Different Measures in Great Britain.

The advocates of the metric system want no better justification than tables just prepared for the year book of the British Auctioneers' Institute.

It is learned from this that the price of wheat is made and the cereal is sold in 20 different ways in England, Scotland and Wales.

It is measured variously by the quarter, comb, load, boll, bushel, barrel, hundredweight, cental, windle and hocket. Further confusion is caused by varying weights of a bushel in different parts of the country.

A boll is three bushels in some places and four and six in others. There are similar absurd variations in other weights and measures.

For instance, a stone of meat is eight pounds, a stone of iron 14 pounds, a stone of cheese 16 pounds and a stone of hemp 32 pounds.

There are seven different areas of the standard acre in Great Britain. The vagaries of liquid measures are equally bewildering.

THIS IS WORTH SAVING.

Valuable Advice and Recipe by Well-Known Authority.

The following simple home-made mixture is said to relieve any form of Rheumatism or backache, also cleanse and strengthen the Kidneys and Bladder, overcoming all urinary disorders, if taken before the stage of Bright's disease: Fluid Extract Dandelion, one-half ounce; Compound Kargon, one ounce; Compound Syrup Sarsaparilla, three ounces. Mix by shaking well in a bottle and take in teaspoonful doses after meals and at bedtime.

A well-known authority states that these ingredients are mainly of vegetable extraction, and harmless to use, and can be obtained at small cost from any good prescription pharmacy. Those who think they have kidney trouble or suffer with lame back or weak bladder or Rheumatism, should give this prescription a trial, as no harm can possibly follow its use, and it is said to do wonders for some people.

Destruction of Fleas.

The Agricultural Research Institute of Bengal has concluded a series of scientific experiments to determine the best method of destroying fleas, the investigation having special reference to checking the ravages of the plague.

The formula recommended is the free use of crude oil emulsion—80 per cent. of crude petroleum mixed with 20 per cent. of whale oil soap. This combination makes a jelly which mixes freely with water, and is generally used at three per cent. solution, while at 16 per cent. it destroys all fleas with perfect certainty. It is applied to floors and walls with a sprayer.

It is said that an animal washed with it will be entirely relieved of the pests.

Stimulate the Blood.

Brandreth's Pills are the great blood purifier. They are a laxative and blood tonic, they act equally on the bowels, kidneys and skin, thus cleansing the system by the natural outlet of the body. They stimulate the blood so to enable nature to throw off all morbid humors and cure all troubles arising from an impure state of the blood. One or two taken every night will prove an invaluable remedy.

Each pill contains one grain of solid extract of sarsaparilla, which, with other valuable vegetable products, make it a blood purifier unexcelled.

Brandreth's Pills have been in use for over a century, and are for sale everywhere, plain or sugar-coated.

Feminine Amenities.

"Isn't that the poetess over there in the corner who came to see us after dinner the other night?" asked the girl, "and wept all over the place, telling us her tale of woe; wept so that I went out and got some things for her dinner and cooked them for her and you brought out a bottle of your very best wine and gave it to her?"

"Yes," returned the woman, "she doesn't seem to see us now, does she?"

"The next time she comes to us with her tale of woe," affirmed the girl severely, "she won't see us, if we catch a glimpse of her first."

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or tickling sensation, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surface.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness caused by Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists. Take Hall's Catarrh Pills for constipation.

Some day there may be universal peace.

If it comes it will be when one man has succeeded in gobbling everything and at the same time convinced everybody else that he is too strong to be fought.

Turbine Propellers Liked.

Turbine propellers are steadily growing in favor both in the British navy and the merchant marine.

Lewis' Single Binder straight 5c.

You pay 10c for cigars but no good. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

There are 25 brigadier generals in the United States army.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Knockers get big audiences, but no

knockers

AWFUL NEURALGIA

Pain Turned This Woman's Hair White but She Was Cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Do not seek relief from suffering simply, but free your system from the disease which is the cause of your suffering. That is the message which

ENGLAND SAYS NO ALUM IN FOOD



In England and France the Sale of Alum Baking Powder is prohibited by law because of the injurious effects that follow its use.

The law in the District of Columbia also prohibits Alum in food.

You may live where as yet you have no protection against Alum The only sure protection against Alum in your Baking Powder is to

Say plainly—

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ROYAL is made from Absolutely pure Cream of Tartar,—a pure Grape product. Aids digestion—adds to the healthfulness of food.

ORDER DISBANDED.

Knights and Ladies of Columbia Unable to Longer Exist.

South Bend, Ind., March 4.—The Knights and Ladies of Columbia, a fraternal insurance order, organized in South Bend about ten years ago, which enjoyed prosperity until recently, has ceased to exist. To protect the policy holders as well as those represented in the claims to the extent of \$16,850 which are now unpaid, the business of the corporation was reinsured in the Loyal Americans of the Republic, an order having headquarters in Springfield, which may decide to locate its offices in South Bend.

The matter will be decided at the convention of the organization which will be held in South Bend May 21. The Knights and Ladies of Columbia have 5,500 members in about 709 councils. About 700 members belong to the two councils of this city.

Last August an increase in the assessments was made to tide the order over a crisis, but the inevitable happened. More accidental deaths and sudden deaths, in addition to the regular deaths, occurred than the order was able to care for.

The deaths reported amounted to \$65,000, and the entire contributions for the year for all purposes amounted to less than \$64,000. In addition to this the executive board donated \$12,000 in salaries to which its members were justly entitled for the sake of protecting the membership and perpetuating the society.

[The order has a subordinate council in Culver of 29 members. Geo. Garn is counselor and Mrs. Eli Spencer is scribe. The latter received a notice on Tuesday briefly covering the facts given in the South Bend dispatch. The next meeting will be held Monday night at which time it is probable a dissolution will be declared.]

MOUNT HOPE MAGNETS.

Miss Della Edgington, Correspondent.

W. F. Wilfrot left Monday for Colorado.

The Frank Bunns were Rochester callers Saturday.

Mrs. Wm. Cavender and Mrs. Isaac Edgington are on the sick list.

Lon Patsel and sister Cleo of Culver spent Sunday at James Hays.

Mr. and Mrs. George Short of Newtown, Ind., are visiting the latter's sister, Mrs. C. W. Cunningham.

Anthony Brugh and wife, Wm. Hay and daughter and Mrs. Minnie Goodwin spent Sunday with Claude Hays near Delong.

Miss Clara LaBounty went to Logansport Saturday to care for her sister-in-law, Mrs. Herbert LaBounty, who is very ill with pneumonia.

Auction Sale.

Wednesday, March 13, 14 miles south of Rutland, near Poplar Grove school house, 2 horses, 2 cows, brood sow, 8 shoats, 75 White Rock and White Leghorn chickens, corn, potatoes, shredded corn fodder, farm implements and household furniture. Property of Perry

NORTH UNION NUGGETS.

Miss Ruth Castleman, Correspondent.

Col. Steer and wife are spending a few days with Geo. W. Osborn and family.

Elza Hawkins spent Sunday as the guest of Miss Bell Schrock of South Bend.

Mrs. Sarah Geiselman entertained company from Bourbon, Saturday and Sunday.

Some of our people are preparing to go to Nebraska the last Tuesday of this month.

The Misses Edna and Elva Joseph entertained Squire Hutton and Constable Kessler Sunday.

The teachers of North Bend township will hold their last institute for this year at Ora next Saturday.

Will Mahoney is grieving considerably over the loss of his friend who died at the home of Benj. Fetters, Sunday.

The following persons took dinner with Mrs. S. E. Geiselman Sunday, M. E. Schrock and wife, Mell Geiselman and wife and Miss Oakie Clapsaddle of Knox, and W. E. Jones of North Union.

NORTH BEND NOTES.

Mrs. Jean Castleman, Correspondent.

Mrs. J. E. Demont is on the sick list.

J. E. Demont is hauling wood to Culver.

Mrs. Alvin Good was on the sick list last week.

Mrs. T. P. Davis is slowly improving again.

Oliver Jordan and wife spent Sunday at Henry Vergine's.

Clark Weider and sons are busy cutting wood with their new machine.

Lucy Wolfram and Fern Good spent Sunday with Lulu and Maud Demont.

Mrs. Mary Peeler of Knox visited last week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Chapman.

Harry Rannels and family and Miss Clara Gust spent Sunday evening at Joe Castleman's.

Peter Massard came out from Chicago Saturday to spend a few days with his folks on the farm.

Alvin Good is hustling to get his corn fodder off the marsh land before the ground thaws out and gets muddy.

One Week.

This year has gloomily begun For Willie Weeks, a poor man's Sun.

He was beset with bill and dun And he had very little Mon.

"This cash," said he, "won't pay my dues. I've nothing here but ones and Tues."

A bright thought struck him, and he said, "The rich Miss Goldrooks I will Wed."

But, when he paid his court to her, She hisped, but firmly said, "No, Thur."

"Alas," said he, "then I must die! Although hereafter I may Fri."

They found his gloves and coat and hat, The coroner upon them Sat.

BURR OAK BRIEFS.

G. A. Massey, Correspondent.

Lewis Shock has a sick child. Mrs. Fetters and one child are on the sick list.

Meetings at Sligo and Rutland closed Sunday.

Mrs. J. F. Garn is visiting in Argos this week.

C. Emigh has four children sick with grippe and colds.

Adam Snyder and wife were Argos visitors last Sunday.

Mrs. Lizzie Leighty of Vonloon is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Reaick.

Chester Williams of Bess Lake spent Sunday and Monday with Carl McCrary.

P. F. McCrary moved Tuesday to the farm of George D. Marks near Wolf Creek.

Mr. Kuhn and family of Tross moved into the Lichtenberger property in Burr Oak a few days ago.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Martin and daughter Ada and Rev. Gibbons were visitors at P. F. McCrary's last Sunday.

W. J. Vandenberg and family have gone to Kokomo, Ind. Mr. V. will return in a few days and load his goods to be shipped to Ill.

Elder Lindsay closed his meetings at the Church of God Sunday night. A large crowd was present.

Three young ladies were baptized and united with the church. Many others were much interested and will no doubt later become obedient to the truth. Good order prevailed throughout the twenty-two sermons that were preached. Elder Lindsay will hold meetings in and near Argos until next Sunday night.

Neighbors and friends to the number of sixty called on Harry Ruple on the evening of Feb. 28 and reminded him that it was his 35th birthday. It was a complete surprise on him as he had gone to bed not thinking of any such thing. Supper was served and it was after 1 o'clock before the crowd had all gone. Music and a good old-time visit and friendly time was enjoyed, all wishing Harry many pleasant anniversaries.

DUTCH STREET.

Mrs. James Miller has been very sick the past week.

Log hauling is the chief occupation in this vicinity.

Ollie Listenberger made a business trip to Argos Saturday.

Mrs. Henry Listenberger spent Tuesday with Grandpa Warner and wife.

Several of our young people attended church at Burr Oak Sunday evening.

Harold Behmer was seen on our streets early Tuesday morning looking for his horse.

Mrs. Henry Listenberger and family were the guests of Marion Triplet and family Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Freeco of South Bend visited relatives and friends here Sunday and Monday.

Deputy Surveyor M. E. Schrock and wife of Knox visited the former's father and sister here last Monday.

Mrs. E. D. Schrock returned on Tuesday after a pleasant visit with her daughter and other relatives in

THE ROAD DRAG.

What it is Doing for the Roads in a Neighboring State.

John R. Fulkerson of Jacksonville, Ill., who is a practical farmer and successful manager of a large place, as well as a member of the state highway commission, said at the Illinois State Farmers' Institute at Quincy:

"Sometimes I think there is nothing the state of Illinois could do that would improve the highways so much as to buy up all of the road graders in the state and throw them in a pile, and replace them with a split log drag or a road plank.

"I am a strong advocate of the road drag, because with a drag an intelligent man can do a great deal of good, and an ignorant man can do no harm. This is more than we can say of the road grader.

"The best road we have in Jersey county is a road that has been kept up by dragging; there has not been a grader on it in three years. The best road in Christian county has been maintained by a drag, and that road has not had a grader on it for fifteen years.

"The best time to drag a road is when it is very wet; when the water and slush will get in front of the drag. In this way you get a slick coating behind the drag, and when that dries out have a hard crust, and that will let the water drain off rapidly.

"Another endorsement comes from Champaign county. Robt. Wright of Mahomet says: 'Mahomet township is doing the best work of any township in the county in dragging the public roads. The more you try that scheme of road improvement the better it seems to work.'

MAXINKUCKEE MURMURS.

Miss Della Thompson, Correspondent.

Nolan and Ruth Kline have been very ill during the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Bigley spent Sunday with Fred Thompson and family.

Dow Rector and wife returned home Monday after a three days' visit with relatives at Akron.

Mrs. J. South visited last week with her daughter, Mrs. Brocksmith and family at Kewanna.

Mr. and Mrs. Clark Allerding have moved into their new home formerly owned by Mrs. Clifton.

—Our home merchants take the farmer's produce. With them the farmer finds a ready market for his butter and eggs, his potatoes and apples. The mail order houses only take his money. Our home merchants, not for profit, but for accommodation and to assist the farmer, buy his produce. They sell it in many cases for less than they pay for it and handle it at a loss, yet some farmers do not appreciate this and take this very same money and send it to a mail order house when they could get better bargains right at home.

CULVER MARKETS.

Eggs.....	15
Butter (good).....	24
do (common).....	20
Fowls.....	08
Chickens.....	08
Lard.....	10
(By 20 lbs & 40 lbs.)	
Wheat, new.....	72
Corn.....	40
Oats.....	37
Clover seed, per bn.....	7.40

For Sale.

Carriages, buggies and harness, (double and single), for sale at bargain prices. Chas. E. Hayes. 714

FREE CONCERT

By the Culver Band
AT THE BAND HALL
Monday Ev'g, Mch. 11

March, "Hobson's Naval Heroes" Jno. H. Michaels
Overture, "Idyl" G. F. Daniels
Selection by Orchestra
Waltz, "The Tenderfoot" R. L. Hearty
"Indian Sun Dance" A. M. Colton
Song, "You've Got to Be American to Feel That Way"
Overture, "Southern Star" Archer Aahl
Selection by Orchestra
Overture, "Hearts of Gold" Geo. D. Bernard
Two-Step, "Pretoria" L. P. Laurendeau

HAVE YOU TRIED ACME HAIR RESTORER

THE Finest Article for the Preservation and Growth of the Hair ever put upon the market.

Price—50 Cents Per Bottle

PREPARED BY
J. W. RIGGENS
Sold by T. E. SLATTERY

CULVER CITY Meat Market

DEALERS IN
FRESH & SMOKED MEATS
SAUSAGES, ETC.

WALTER E. SON, Props.
Cor. Main and Washington Sts.,
CULVER, IND.

Millinery Opening

TO THE LADIES OF CULVER AND VICINITY:

You are most cordially invited to attend my second annual Spring Opening commencing **March 20th.**

I have just returned from Indianapolis with an expert up-to-date trimmer and the finest line of ladies, misses and children's hats ever brought to Culver, both in style and quality.

I will offer at the same time a line of American Beauty Corsets cheaper than has ever been sold in Culver.

Thanking you for past patronage, I would kindly solicit a continuance of the same.

Yours to please,

Mrs. W. E. Hand.



OWING to the early advent of Easter, we have completed our preparations for spring sooner than usual, and you will now find us in thorough readiness. We are prepared to show a complete assortment of Spring Suits, both the tailored novelties and silk jumper and princess effects, a full line of the nobby short coats, and a large selection of skirts in all the new materials.

Every garment is perfect in style, fit, material and workmanship and possessing that individuality which characterizes all outer wearing apparel which bears the "Newman" label.

Remember, we are known, and are proud to be known, as a "Popular Price" Store, and enjoy the largest retail patronage in South Bend, because we devote more time intelligently to women's outer wearing apparel than any other store here.

We will be pleased to show you the new Spring styles, whether you intend making a purchase or not.

New Spring Suits at prices from \$10.00 to \$75.00.

NOTE—As an inducement to customers from Culver and surrounding towns, we will pay your railroad fare one way on purchases amounting to \$25.00 or more.

NEWMAN'S=WILLIAMS'

123 SOUTH MICHIGAN ST. : : SOUTH BEND, IND.