CITIZEN. CULVER LAKE MAXINHUCHEE

VOL. V.

CULVER, INDIANA, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 12, 1907.

NO. 33

ORGANIZE RIFLE CLUB

Captain Kennedy, who has charge the staff artist, R. P. Hofmann. to the cadets a good share of his adaptation of Milton's "Comus" this National association holds reg- no doubt that of "best grades" for istered shoots to which any of the the preceding month. regularly organized clubs may send a team of twelve men. The expenses of these competitions are borne reports were given before the cadets by the government.

treasurer, McCarthy; executive of- ton. ficer, Peet.

will close at 10 o'clock on the morning of Tuesday, December 17. The date of dismissal was, set a few days earlier than usual in order that cadets living at distant points in the South and West might secure the advantage of homeseekers' rates in making their visit home. As school will reopen upon the second of January the vacation, however, will be no longer than usual.

The examinations for the term will begin on Friday. Most of the classes began their reviews imme-Giately after the Thanksgiving sea- M. A. last week. . . . 800.

came from the press the last of No- academy.

Among the numerous organiza- | vember. The cover design, repretions which flourish among the ca- senting a royal specimen of the dets the rifle club is the latest. Thanksgiving bird, was drawn by of the range work this year, is the The leading article is a football promoter of this new organization story by K. M. Whitehead. C. C. the summer. and he has succeeded in imparting Kendrick contributes a cadet enthusiasm in target practice, which he calls "Cosmus." The Davis family Sunday. The club is affiliated with the Na- Morgan Park game is featured in tional Association of American Ri- the athletic department as it is conflemen which was organized under ceded to be the most important home with her daughter, Mrs. J. the authority and direction of the game of the season. The most War department. Twice each year anxiously scanned department is

. . . .

On three mornings of last week

by members of the academy who More than sixty cadets have al- had recently been in attendance ready joined the local club and ef- upon educational and religious fected their organization by adopt- conferences. Captains Greiner and ganization, encouraged by and uning the by-laws as approved by the Crandall told of the conference of der the supervision of the univernational board and the secretary science and mathematics teachers of war, and by electing officers as held in St. Louis. Mr. Miller refollows: President, Dickens; vice- ported the sessions of the Internapresident, Long; secretary, Moss; tional Y.M.C.A. held in Washing-

. . . .

Dr. F. C. Eiselin of Garrett Bib-The fall session of the academy lical Institute, Evanston, Ill., was Rea was on the program. the preacher of last Sunday morning. The life of the apostle John supplied the material for a discourse upon "The Efficient Life.

R. E. Schenck, an ex-cadet of C. M. A. who is now connected with resident of Elkhart county for fifthe Burlington railroad, visited the ty years and was universally esacademy Monday to look after the teemed. Five sons and three holiday traffic for his road.

. . . .

D. H. Armstrong of Denver, a cadet two years ago, and M. D. eral years ago, were visitors at C.

The second issue of the Vedette spent Sunday with his con at the home place, and Mrs. Osborn. Mrs.

PERSONALITIES

Miss Jennie Keen was a Kewanna visitor Monday.

J. R. Saine was in Chicago on business the fore part of the week. Joseph Baumberger has returned from North Dakota where he spent lot, 70x105, on the hill near the

Mr. and Mrs. Almon Johnson and son Elmer visited the G. W.

Mrs. Mary Geiselman came from Plymouth this week to make her W. Riggens.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Morris returned Saturday from Chicago. Mrs. Morris had been there three hard coal will be glad to learn that weeks and Mr. Morris a week.

William S. Rea of this place, now a student at Indiana university, is a member of the Philosophy All Saints' guild has been postclub of that institution. The Philosophy club is a departmental orsity authorities in general and the department of philosophy in particular, the object of which is to supplement the work of the class room and make more interesting and effective the regular work. At the last meeting of the club Mr.

Obituary.

Geo. Walter, father of D. G Walter of Culver, died on Thanksgiving day at Elkhart in the 77th year of his age. He had been a daughters survive him.

John N. Lusk, father of Mrs. John Osborn of this place, who died at Bluffton Dec. 4, at the age Lightfoot, a cadet captain of sev. of 78, was a well-known and prosperous pioneer citizen of Wells county. There are two surviving giving. This makes another time children by a second marriage, Mr. C. L. Havens of Chicago Charles Lusk, who lives on the Lusk is also living. The Bluffton of the pumps at the water plant Chronicle says that "the deceased was done under Dick McFarland's was one of the best known farmers supervision, and as the job was of Wells county and by his honesty well done and the machinery is had won the esteem of all with now in good working shape he whom he came in contact. In his thinks he should have the credit death Wells county loses one of of it. her best citizens." Mr. Osborn and daughter Pearl returned on Sunday, but Mrs. Osborn will remain with her mother until the latter part of this week.

LOCAL JOTTINGS SANTA CLAUS LETTERS

"A Vandalia Echo" will be published next week.

-Dr. L. D. Eley has been reelected county health officer.

-Clarence Behmer has sold a seademy, to Ollie Baker for \$150.

-Miss Bertha Chapman, daugh- burn. ter of Dr. J. Wilbur Chapman, is to be married to a St. Louis clergyman.

-Capt. Bays is equipping his ice boat with a gasoline engine preparatory to giving the fickle winds the merry ha ha.

-People who are waiting for Rex Doty. the cars left Buffalo Dec. 4 and should be in Culver this week.

-The next regular meeting of poned until Tuesday, Dec. 31, when it will be held at the Hidden Inn. - The school children are mak- Tales book. Evelyn Howard. ing hundreds of colored paper stars with which to decorate the school rooms for the holiday season

-Mrs. Lucinda Kinzie of Starke Behmer. county has moved into the residence in the south part of town cated the Kinzie house and moved and raisins. Your little friend, too. Freeda Romig. into Austin's house adjoining the Eluna C. Good. livery barn.

-Alex Dinsmore, near Rutland, has about completed the remodeling of his residence, making a number of convenient and handsome improvements and will occupy it before the first of the year. Argos Reflector.

-It was Mrs. Aaron Asper and not Mrs. Sam Asper who tickled the Evangelical pastor's palate with a roasted chicken on Thanksthat the editor has stumbled his too and spilt the gravy.

-The repairing and readjusting

a horn. Theodore Whitesell.

sleep doll; I want a sled; I want a little house. Leona Smith. cab; I want some candy. May Whitesell.

me a drum and train of cars, orang- presents, such as you care to give es and a great big picture book.

would bring me a Teddy bear, a set man.

of dishes and a little organ. Reane Whitesell.

to please bring me a foot ball and Vera Smith. some handkerchiefs and some can-

be thanked. Ruth Behmer. Dear Santa Claus: I thought

it was nearly Christmus time and I would like to tell you what I would like to have for Christmas. I want a horn, candy, watch and a sled. Goodbye, Gerald Patsel. Dear Santa Claus: I am South old and live in Culver on be so Main street. Would you be so

kind and bring me a set of dishes Cline. and a dolly bed and a dolly, too. This is all. From your dear friend, Verda Walmer.

Dear Santa Claus: Fetch me a Dear Santa Claus: Please bring football, a sled, some candy and me a dotl and some dishes, a box

of colored pencils and some choco-Dear Santa Claus: I want a late and cream candy. Nellie Doty. tassel cap and some candy and a Dear Santa Claus: How are new suit of clothes. Isaac Wash. you today? I want a doll; I want a little pair of scissors; I want a Dear Santa Claus: I want a little top; I want a little dog; I want a

Dear Old Santa: I am sorry to be teasing you, but trust you will Dear Santa Claus: Please bring not forget me, with a few useful

me. I ask for something useful instead of something foolish. Dear Santa Claus: I wish you Your little fairy, Mildred Castle-

Dear Santa Claus: I want a doll for me. I want a little washtub if Dear Santa Claus: I would like you can get it for me. I want a to have a doll bed and a set of furs little bed for it. The doll has got and a toy stove and Grimm's Fairy hair on. And a little white dress on. I want a little doll for my lit-Dear Santa Claus: I want you the sister and a little bed for it.

Dear Santa Claus: I want a little day and a pocket knife. Glen stove, please. I want a little set of dishes, too. Will you bring me a

Dear Santa Claus: Please bring pair of sidecombs? I want a little me a boy doll, a slate, a doll cab table and a cupboard, please. I which she bought last spring of and chain and locket. I want will not ask for any more because Mrs. Wright. Mr. Crum has va- some candy, oranges, bananas, nuts other children want nice things,

> Dear Santa Claus: Please bring Dear Santa: I want you to please me a dressed doll, a wardrobe, a set bring me a doll, go-cart and a little of dishes and a locket. Also some hat for my doll and some handker- candy, oranges, bananas and raischiefs and some candy. If you ins. Please bring my brother a will please bring me this you will Teddy bear, a little doll, some candy, oranges, raisins and bananas. Your friend, Eva Good.

our friend, Eva Good.

Dear Santa Claus: Please bring Brother Roth and I each a pair of rubber boots, me a hoe and story book. Bring Roth a shovel and a pencil box, and us both some bananas, candy and nuts, and bring papa and mamma somethnig. too. From your little friend, Nolan

Dear Santa Claus: I want you to bring me a harp, a new pair of shoes and a ball. I have three little sisters and will you please bring something for each of them? Leota wants a doll and shoes. Marie wants a doll bed and shoes. Cleo wants a table and little trunk. Please bring us all candy and peanuts. Good bye, Santa, and a Merry Christmas. Ernest Houghton.

The Alfalfa Diet.

State Food and Drug Commisthey are sound honest foods worth spective townships on their price in food value, and even Saturday, December 28, 1907. more, in the variety they bring to at 2 o'clock p. m. of said day at the table, a dish of breakfast food such places as may hereafter be does not and never can be made designated by respective township sufficiently nutritious to take the chairmen for the purpose of selectplace of meats, as some imagina- ing delegates to convention to be tive manufacturers would have us held on to believe. A pound package of ter. Breakfast foods are valuable ensuing two years. because of their palatability, easy preparation and their relatively entitled to the following delegates: small cost. The standard preparations of rolled oats and wheat when obtained in bulk are, next to white flour, among our most economical foods. The malted and otherwise "predigested" foods cost more but the increased price is justified by the fact that the housewife is at little or no expense in cooking or otherwise preparing them.

Do Your Shopping Now.

Are you aware of the fact that you have only 11 days more in which to do your Christmas buying? Do you know that the early he who waits until a day or so before Christmas must needs take what the others do not want? Do you also realize that the merchants of Culver are already advertising you to buy now while you have the time?

Look through the columns of the Citizen and read the holiday announcements.

Farmers' Institutes.

Institutes will be held as follows: Plymouth, Dec. 26 and 27; Breand 13.

Democratic Call.

The Democrats of Marshall sioner Barnard, discoursing on county are hereby called to meet breakfast foods, declares that while in mass convention in their re-

Thursday, January, 2, 1908.

breakfast food has the same value in the city of Plymouth, Indiana, as a loaf of bread, and a dish of at 1:30 o'clock p. m. for the purontmeal nourishes us but little pose of selecting a member of the more than a slice of bread and but- democratic state committee for the

> The several townships will be Bourbon.....1 West..... Tippecanoe....1 Walnut......1

L. G. HARLEY, Secretary.

Among the Churches.

The Christian Union will meet this afternoon with Mrs. John W. Cromley.

Rev. Mr. Walmer will preach in Culver next Sunday morning. The meetings at Washington continue this week up to and including Sunday evening.

There will be preaching at the buyer gets the best selections and M. E. church next Sunday morning. No evening service will be held as the pastor is engaged in a revival at Monterey.

Rev. Wm. A. Walker, who was their Christmas goods through the announced to preach at the Evancolumns of the Citizen and urging gelical church last Sunday night was compelled to cancel the appointment on account of illness.

well sung by the male quartet at did well with horses, stock and empire style. They carried great the union Thanksgiving services many other things There has the name of Frank Baker should have been given instead of Mr. Walmer's. It is only plain justice men, Jan. 6 and 7; Culver, Feb. 12 to "render unto Caesar the things that are Caesar's."

DELONG DOINGS. Miss Mae VanKirk, Cor.

Chas. Swigart of Tiffin, O., is visiting Philip Swigart Wm. brand new and constant reminder Thomas and Leslie Shadle returned of your faithfulness. from Illinois Saturday ... Protracted meetings closed at the Reformed church Sunday evening The joint consistory met at the Reformed church Monday John Large was near death Monday, but is some better.... Special services began at the Mothodist church on Tuesday evening.... Both Sunday schools are preparing for a Christmas treat.... Saturday is supervisor election, and we should select JOHN R. JONES, Chairman, the best man in the district as there is nothing of more importance to us than good roads.

BURR OAK BRIEFLETS. A. Maxey, Correspondent

Mr. Coon visited with his mother at Tiosa Sunday and Monday. Miss C. Estella Ford an elocutionist of Grand Rapids, Michigan, entertained a fair audience in the Gleaners' hall Monday night. The recitations were fine Protracted meetings will begin at the U. B. church Sunday night Russell Coon, a boy about 10 years old, fell from the top of a tie pile and cut a gash in his forehead on Sunday evening while playing.

OAK GROVE OFFERINGS. Rev. J. Riegs and wife of Walkerton and J. H. Barnes and wife were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Riegs at Sunday dinner.... Mrs. Lucinda Kinzie and son Edward had their sale last Wednes--In mentioning the selection so day. It was a nice day and they been meeting going on at Salem.

> Hand's grocery. choice selection.

- While you are talking about Christmas presents how can you invest a dollar better than in subscribing for the Citizen to be sent to some relative who formerly

lived in this neighborhood? It will make a present that will last for a year and yet every week he

-George Osborn has inaugur-Culver, and during the winter will make one daily delivery. The difficulty of getting a reliable supply of milk and cream from neighbors that has been experienced by housekeepers during the past year has convinced Mr. Osborn that the town is large enough to sustain a dairy wagon.

-Henry Speyer has installed a complete water service into his kitchen at an expense of \$100. Hot and cold water is furnished from the cistern, pumped by a motor, and cold water from city pipes. Mr. Spoyer expects to enlarge his house next spring by the addition of a bath room and several bedrooms and will have the city water conveyed to them also.

-Mrs. S. P. Sheerin of Indianapolis Thursday afternoon gave an elaborate coming-out party for her daughters Sara and Mary. The Star says that Miss Mary Sheerin

wore an exquisite imported gown of white chiffon, hand-embroidered trimmed with lace and made in had been sent by their friends. Buy your Christmas candies at Mrs. Sheerin wore an elegant gown of orchida.

Dear Old Santa Claus: We are two little girls who want you to to please bring us each a nice doll and our little brother Welcome a Teddy bear, and lots of candy, Your little friends, Margaret and Josephine McFarland.

Don't "Roast" the Teacher.

Perhaps no class of people meet with so much or so severe criticism as teachers. Much of this criticism is unjust and exists solely because parents and others listen ated the pioneer milk route in to unverified reports and do nothing to acquaint themselves with the real inner workings of the school room. Any person experienced with handling children in the school room, knows that these reports, even when absolutely truthful from their point of view, cannot be relied upon. Again, any one who has the training of children has experienced the mortifying fact that even the best trained children sometimes woefully lapse from their knowledge of good manners and courtesy when away from home and among other children. Some mothers will not tolerate any correction of their chil-

> dren's manners by the teacher, taking it as a direct insult to their home training, when it is but the result of childish heedlessness or self will. No greater injury can be done a teacher than to condemn her at home in the presence of pupils.

The Red Can Fake.

An article is going the rounds in forget-me-nots, and Miss Sara of the Indiana papers to the effect Sheerin wore a lovely pink chiffon, that on the 1st of November a law went into effect requiring gasoline cans to be painted red. Secretary arm boquets of pink roses, which of State Sims writes to a Logans. port merchant that he knows of no such law. This settles it, as the secretary of state is in position A large and of black lace and carried a cluster to know what laws are on the statute books.

Great Mathematical Heads.

A couple of jolly girls left the following at the Citizen office the other morning:

If you have any adding to do call on Culver sixth grade and they will do it in fine style. They make 28 and 30 in arithmetic grades every day.

Some of the adding that they can do is the following: 8 plus 2 equals 26; 4 plus 2 equals 8; 4 divided by 2 equals 3; 6 multiplied by 2 equals S; 4 multiplied by 2 equals 6; 6 divided 5 equals 10.

The foregoing looks like some of the editor's figures after he has calculated how much money he has made on a subscriber who has taken his paper two or three years without paying for it and then fires it back into the postoffice," marked "Refused"-especially that "6 multiplied by 2 equals 8," only ours would read 6 multiplied by 2 equals

A Suggestion.

Would it not be advisable for the Water company to cover the hydrants with a barrel to protect them from becoming covered with sleet and the caps freezing, making them instantly serviceable in case of need?

New Jewelry Store.

Just opened up and will be prepared to sell you anything in my line by Saturday. Come in and look over my stock. All kinds of watches, clocks and jewelry work solicited at reasonable prices. Don't go away from Culver to buy until you have seen my stock. E. B. Sutherlin, located at the Culver Department Store.

The Citizen prints sale bills.



MOST IMPORTANT EVENTS OF THE PAST WEEK TOLD IN CONDENSED FORM.

ROUND ABOUT THE WORLD

Complete Review of Happenings of Greatest Interest from All Parts of the Globe-Latest Home and Foreign Items.

CONGRE SIONAL NEWS.

The annual message of President congress, and practically no business listening to the message.

the house of representatives and the old rules adopted on the opening day. W. J. Bryan entered and was given an ovation.

Congress assembled with the memother topics.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The jury in the case of Mrs. Annie M. Bradley, charged with the murder of ex-Senator Arthur Brown, of Utab, at a Washington hotel on December \$

Mrs. John B. Griffith of Detroit shot and dangerously wounded her physician, Dr. J. A. Attridge, and hersolf. Mrs. Griffith and her husband were separated because of Dr. Attridge's attentions to the woman.

The American secretary of war, William H. Taft, was accorded a hearty welcome in St. Petersburg. He made official visits, saw the Duma in session and was banquetted by American residents.

Circuit Judge Arthur L. Frazer died at Portland, Ore., as the result of an operation for appendicitis. He was especially well known for his labors in connection with the juvenile court.

The body of D. R. Rankin, cashier of the defunct Merchants' and Planters' bank of Lawton, Okla., who mysteriously disappeared a month ago, was found in Cache creek, near Lawton. Allen Thomas, United States minister to Venezuela during the second administration of President Cleveland, died at his home in Waveland, Miss., aged 77 years.

Anthony P. Hatch, ranchman, pleaded guilty in the United States court at Omaha to the charge of conspiracy to defraud the government of public lands and was fined \$300. R. W. Mahaffey, indicted with Hatch, pleaded guilty and was fined \$500 and given a head crushed at her home 20 miles been restored to all his rights through jail sentence of 45 days.

Gov. Deneen granted a commutation of sentence to expire December 15, to Harry F. Bowden, who was convicted for a reargument in his divorce suit. of the murder of Hugh O'Nelli, in Chicago, in 1892, and sentenced to 14 years in the penitentiary.

Thomas M. McCauley, former president of the Mercantile Security company of New York, organizer and manager of the Sprague Collection agoncy and the Continental Finance company of Chicago, is under arrest in Los a charge of leaving the city while under ball.

Arne Johnson Frougerud, Swedish to New York again to be near an threaten to send him back to Sweden in question. again.

the late Anna T. Jeans of Philadelphia on condition that intercollegiate | Center, Mich. sports be abandoned will be rejected by the trustees of that institution. Gov. Dencen of Illinois opened his speech at Metropolis on the primary head slipped below the water. election law.

Viscount Siuzo Aoki, ambassador Roosevelt was read in both houses of extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary from Japan to the United his twentieth year in congress. was attempted by either body beyond States, has been recalled. He called at the White House and state depart-Speaker Cannon was reelected by ment and notified the president and by the American colony in that city. Secretary Root of this fact.

It was stated in New York that James Hazen Hyde, former vice presi- of Marinette, was instantly killed in dent of the Equitable Life Assurance an automobile accident near Escanaba, society, offered to make restitution to bers and even the party leaders at the society of various sums of money sea as to the prospects for legislation. which he is alleged to have received The financial situation engaged the in profits from participation in syndiattention of all to the exclusion of cates in which also the Equitable had an interest.

In order to avoid a threatened run on the bank and to afford all depositors and creditors an equal chance in the settlement of the bank's affairs, State Banking Commissioner Zimmerman, of Michigan, announced that the last, brought in a verdict of not guilty. Chelsea Savings bank would be closed. The president of the bank is State Treasurer Frank P. Glazler, who has deposited in the bank approximately \$6\$4,000 of the funds of the state of Michigan. Attorney General rooms and with nearly 1,000 mon and Bird said he believed the state was fully protected.

> During a blinding snowstorm the Canadian Pacific Railway company's steamship Mount Temple, bound from Antwerp to St. John, N. H., with 600 passengers, struck La Have tronbound leges, 15 miles south of Lunenburg. Passengers and crew were taken off safely.

> Rev. Dr. E. E. Chivers, field secretary of the Baptist Home Mission soclety, died at Richmond, N. J.

> The Republicans of Portland, Me., elected a mayor and a safe majority in the city government. The city has been controlled by the Democrats the

> past he Pullman company's big paint shop at Buffalo, N. Y., burned to the ground in less than an hour. The total loss was about \$400,000.

Following a visit of Charles M. Schwab notices were posted at the Bethlehem Steel works announcing a ten per cent, reduction in wages. Miss Lilly Kelly, a young woman homosteader, was found with her Burgiars, who reached the place in a discarded lover, was arrested charged

The superior court at Philadelphia refused F. Augustus Hartje's petition The second trial of Harry K. Thaw for the killing of Stanford White was postponed to January 6.

John Michenheim, of Delano, Minn., was murdered by his daughter Frances, aged 50 years.

Instead of paying about \$46,000, alleged to be due the state of Wisconsin as back taxes on unreported gross Angeles, Cal., wanted in New York on | earnings for the years 1898 to 1902, the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad company has filed its answer to the state complaint, alleging that singer, twice deported, has returned the state owes the railroad company \$1,469,748.56, which it declares was American girl. The authorities overpaid in taxes during the years

Dr. Artemis O. Wotring, aged 40 The offer of practically \$3,000,000 years, was instantly killed and several bequeathed to Swarthmore college by others were injured by the explosion of a gas plant at his home in Ogden

Charles L. Fergueson, Jr., was drowned in a bath tub at his home in Ossining, N. Y. The coroner decided campaign for renomination with a that Fergueson had fainted and his

Congressman George W. Smith died suddenly of typho-malaria at his home in Murphysboro, Ill. He was serving

Secretary Taft visited the kremlin in Moscow and was given a banquet Capt. Frank E. Bent, company I. Twentieth Wisconsin National Guard, Mich., and four others were injured. Between 50 and 60 miners were entombed in the Naomi mine of the United Mine Coal company at Fayette City, Pa., as the result of an explosion of black damp. It was thought many were killed.

Melvin Powell, aged 17, shot and instantly killed his sweetheart, Lillian Humphreys, aged 16, near Hopkinsville, Ky.

George Bea, of Brownsville, Pa., was waylaid and murdered on his wedding night, presumably by rejected sultors of the bride.

With 2,000,000 pounds of ammunition stowed away in her magazine officers aboard, the 16,000 ton battleship Louisiana sailed from the Brooklyn navy yard for Hampton roads, the rendezvous of the Pacific-bound Atlantic fleet.

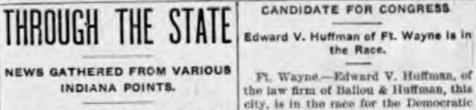
Judge Joseph I. Landis, one of the best known attorneys in western Kentucky, died at his home in Hopkinsville at the age of 71 years.

If the amount lost by fire, burglary, etc., is added to the ordinary excess of expenditures over receipts the gross deficit in the postal service during 1907 will aggregate \$6,692,031.47, according to Third Assistant Postmaster General A. L. Lawshe,

Secretary Metcalf recommends that congress appropriate \$69,270,000 for

new warships. " was reported that H. Gassaway Davis, multimillionaire and Democratic candidate for vice president in the last campaign, would wed Miss Mabel Ashford, a poor girl.

The Royal Swedish Yacht club decided to drop the challenge for the



EXODUS OF FOREIGNERS

Northern Indiana's Population Will Be Decreased by About 2,000 by Return of Aliens.

South Bend .- Reports gathered from different immigration officers over the northern part of the state indicate that within the next month at least 2,000 foreigners will have left this part of Indiana to return to their homes in the old country. The exodus is attributed to the fear of the workmen that they might not have employment in the event there should be a continuation of the money stringency. Those who are leaving and are expecting to leave are made up principally of Hungarians, Slavs and Italians.

C. A. McNutt, agent of the Grand Trunk Western Railroad company, reports that fully 500 passengers have been sent over his line thus far for points in the east, from which they expect to take passage to foreign ports. Most of the tickets were sold to Hungarians. The Lake Shore reports that 150 foreigners obtained passage for New York over its lines. The Kish steamship agency reports the selling of 67 tickets this week to Hungarians and Poles bound for the old country. Fifty-six tickets were sold one week and the week before 42. Manufacturers believe, however, that many will return as soon as conditions become more settled here, and they have finished visits at home.

DIES WHILE AT FUNERAL.

J. Hiday, Prosperous Farmer, Stricken as He Stands in Lodge Ranks.

McCordsville. - John H. Hiday, a prosperous farmer and well-known member of the Odd Fellows, dropped dead while attending the funeral of Manford Teal.

Five Injured in Wreck.

Kokomo. - A west-bound passenger train on the Clover Leaf railway ran into an open switch in the west part of this city and plunged into the engine of a freight train. Both engines were demolished and among the five injured are: W. L. Bogan, mall clerk, Toledo, O., left shoulder broken and left aldo crushed; may die. All of the injured were taken to the Maplewood hospital in this city where they are being cared for.

To Investigate Postals.

Evansville.-The federal authorities will be asked to investigate the sending of anonymous postal cards to three Presbyterian ministers of the city. Within a few days several threatenlog postal cards have been received by Rev. W. G. Archer, of the Jefferson Avenue Presbyterian church; Rev. Hamilton Hymes, of Grace Pres-

PROOF FOR TWO CENTS.

If You Suffer with Your Kidneys and Back Write to This Man.

G. W. Winney, Medina, N. Y., invites kidney sufferers to write to him.

To all who enclose postage he will reply telling how Doan's Kidney Pills cured him after he had doctored and had been in two different hospitals for eighteen months, suffering intense pain in the back, lameness, twinges when stooping or lifting, languor, dizzy

spells and rhoumatism. "Before I used Doan's Kidney Pills," says Mr. Winney, "I weighed 143. After taking 10 or 12 boxes I weighed 162 and was completely cured."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

EQUAL TO THE OCCASION.

This Servant Girl Was Evidently a Person of Resource,

As a source of humor the Irish servant girl has long since fallen from her high estate, a result probably due to the better class of young women from the Emerald Isle who come here annually to help confuse the eternal "servant girl question." But now and again one of the old, naively ignorant sort turns up in a New York household, as was demonstrated the other day to a caller at a house on the West Side.

The girl who responded to the bell was asked if her mistress was at home. To this inquiry she surprised the caller by putting her arms behind her back and replying in a rich brogue, as she thrust her face toward the caller: "Put th' tickets in me mouth, ma'am, an' I'll go an' see. Mo bands is wit."-N. Y. Press.

SORES AS BIG AS PENNIES.

Whole Head and Neck Covered-Hair All Came Out-Cured in Three Weeks by Cuticura.

"After having the measles my whole head and neck were covered with scaly sores about as large as a penny. They were just as thick as they could be. My hair all came out. I let the trouble run along, taking the doctor's blood remedies and rubbing on salve, but it did not seem to get any better. It stayed that way for about six months; then I got a set of the Cuticura Remedies, and in about a week I noticed a big difference, and in three weeks it. was well entirely and I have not had the trouble any more, and as this was seven years ago, I consider myself cured. Mrs. Henry Porter, Albion, Neb., Aug. 25, 1906."

A Frank Advertiser.

The new commercial morality has spread to Ceylon. From one of the newspapers of that balmy island we take the following:



EDWALD. V. HUFFMAN

nomination for congress in the Twelfth

district. Two party papers in this

city have expressed themselves favorably, and he is said to be supported by the friends of former Congressman Robinson. Huffman is a graduate of the law school of the University of Michigan and an attractive speaker.

Elephant Dies of Broken Heart. Peru .- Broken hearted because her mates had been shipped to New York for the winter, leaving her alone, Queen, a valuable trained elephant, owned by Col. Benjamin E. Wallace, is dead. Queen began to mope the day after the other elephants were taken away. She fell into a gradual decline, and all efforts to cheer her up falled. Her death was a surprise to her keeper, who had diagnosed her trouble, but did not dream it would be fatal. Queen's

death means a loss to her owner of approximately \$15,000.

Silver Leaf and Poplars Doomed.

Noblesville,-The city council has passed an ordinance prohibiting the planting of silver leaf and Carolina poplar trees in the corporate limits. The ordinance also provides that all trees of these varieties, growing in the city, must be removed in five years, otherwise they will be cut down by the city civil engineer, and the cost of the work will be taxed against the property holder. The reason given is that the trees named shed their leaves almost continuously during the summer and clog the sew-

Woman Sues for Value of Baggage. Terre Haute .- Miss Lelia Gibson, who was returning from Terre Houte to Centralia, Ill., and was in the collision at Vevay Park, on the Vandalla, has sued the Adams Express company for \$1,000 damages for the

an automobile, blew the safe in the with the crime, post office at Garden City, L. I., and secured \$1,000 in cash and stamps.

The steamer which went ashore at Black Point, near Cranberry Head, N. S., was the Coban, owned by the \$1,000,000. Black Diamond Steamship company of Montreal.

The jury brought in a verdict of not guilty in the Tirey L. Ford trial in San Francisco,

A fire which is supposed to have ing destroyed part of the army bar- try home at Commack, L. I. racks at Leavenworth, Kan,

After a search of all but one entry of the Naomi mine near Fayette City, Pa, where a terrific explosion of black 25 bodies had been recovered.

The police of Geneva discovered a Russian terrorist plot to assassinate the emperor, blow up the imperial palace and the duma and pillage the Imperial Bank of Russia.

prominent in Democratic politics, was found murdered in the barn on his when he fell from a street car. farm three miles south of Waukesha, Wis.

By a vote of nearly three to one the commission plan of government as is ington, D. C., for the murder Novemin effect in Galveston, was defeated in a special election held in Wichita, Kan.

The runaway French military balloon Patrie was seen near Glasgow, headed northwest.

The private bank of State Treasurer Glazier of Michigan, In Stockbridge, Mich., closed as a result of his other financial troubles.

An attempt to kill President Cabrera of Guatemala with a bomb was made but he escaped serious injury.

George Mooney and A. J. Elliott of Atlanta and John Horn and W. F. Hunt of Savannah were drowned in Altamaha river at Mount Pleasant, Ga., by the capsizing of their boat.

John B. Obermeyer, inventor of the time lock for safes, died at his home near Zanesville, O.

Florence Nightingale, the English philanthropist, has been decorated with the order of merit by King Edward. She is the first woman to receive this distinction.

Fire destroyed several business blocks in Cody, Wyo., and threefourths of the mining town of Granite, Col.

Senator J. B. Foraker made it clearly known that he will contest the Ohio delegation to the Republican antional convention with Mr. Taft.

Three widows appeared in the supreme court at Boston as claimants to the estate of the late Joseph P. Greenough, whose property is valued at

Tommy Burns, of America, knocked out Gunner Molr, of England, in the tenth round before the National Sporting club of London.

Henry O. Havemeyer, president of the American Sugar Refining company, originated from defective electric wir- was reported seriously iil at his coun-

The case of Mrs. Annie M. Bradley, slayer of former Senator Brown, of Utah, in Washington, was given to the jury which, unable to agree on a verdamp occurred, it was announced that dict within a few hours, was locked up for the night.

Four Mississippi river steamers in winter quarters at Wabasha, Minn., were destroyed by fire, the total loss being \$105,000.

Ephaim Banning, a widely known Eugene Carney, aged 64 years, attorney, died at his residence in Chicago. His death was due to injuries

The death sentence passed upon Karl Hau, formerly a professor in George Washington university, Washber 5, 1906, at Karlsruhe, Germany, of his mother-in-law, Frau Molitor, has been commuted to life imprisonment. H. J. Groves, managing editor of the Kansas City Post, died of wounds inflicted by Gen. Richard Horne.

Maj. Downing, a noted Indian fighter, died at Denver, Col.

tional committee issued a call for a Populist national convention to be on their farm near Bloomington, Ind. held in St. Louis April 2, 1908, for the purpose of nominating candidates for president and vice president.

In a wreck on the Baltimore & Ohlo railroad at Shenandoah Junction, Md., dozen were injured.

The fireworks plant of Louis Wolter in St. Louis was destroyed by an explosion.

Mayor John Van Fossen of Ypsilanti, Mich., committed sulcide by shooting.

Ricardo Castro, the leading planist and composer of Mexico, died of pneumonia.

Mrs. Catherine Snay has passed her one hundred and sixth birthday at her home in North Oxford, Mass. She is bedridden, almost blind and one side has been paralyzed for years. Mrs. ten years old.

America's cup

George Edalji, wrongfully convicted in England of maiming cattle, has south of Fort Pierre, S. D. A. F. Owen, the efforts of Sir Arthur Conan Doyle. Mrs. Lucy Hagenow, midwife, of Chicago, was given 20 years in the penitentiary for causing the death of Mrs. Anna Horavitch.

Two persons were killed and eight hadly hurt by the falling of an elevator in a clothing house in Chicago. Discouraged by long illness, Mrs. Sadie Anderson of Chicago burned herself to death. Her husband made herole but unsuccessful efforts to save her life, putting out the fire with his hands and burning them to the bone.

As the result of a suicide pact, five young women of Bristol, Va., made unsuccessful attempts to kill themselves with bichloride of mercury. David Ranken, Jr., capitalist and philanthropist, deeded to the David Ranken, Jr., School of Mechnical Trades in St. Louis titles to real estate and railroad stock valued at more than \$2,000,000.

New Yorkers in an automobile near Torrington, Conn., and took away their money.

Charles S. Harpel, aged 73 years, a ploneer resident of Chicago, died while planning to celebrate his golden wedding.

Dr. George F. Shrady of New York, a noted physician and surgeon, is dead.

Many bankers in the west plan to transfer their exchanges to Chicago because they saw in financial reports and newspapers of New York maps indicating by dark spots that Omaha and other western cities are in sore financial straits,

Frank McCoy, 40 years old, was shot Chairman Ferris of the Populist na- and killed and his father, Joel McCoy, was fatally wounded by Edward Ford B. Fulton French was acquitted at Beattyvile, Ky., of complicity in the murder of James B. Marcum.

The police of Ufa, Russia, heard there was a plot to blow up the train three passengers were killed and a on which Secretary Taft was traveling.

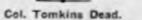
Lieut. Crawford, secretary to Admiral Dewey, who disappeared leaving a note saying he was going to drown himself, was found in a western town. His action has not been explained.

Trinidad Vasquez, a secret service officer in the employ of the Mexican government, the chief witness for the government in the cases of Magon, Villareal and Rivera, alloged revolutionists, was poisoned at Los Angeles. Two convicts, James Ware and Albert Bunch, were burned to death in a fire which destroyed a stockade at Snay has smoked a pipe since she was the state convict farm in Lincoln county, Ark

byterian church, and Rev. John Kennedy, of the Walnut Street Presbyterian church,

After Oil-Mineral Water.

ing rapidly and the driller's report a depth of 1,900 feet. The readings of the drillings show some interesting developments. A third vein of coal six feet wide was passed. At a depth and at 1,200 feet a second flow of feet a gusher of mineral water was drilled into.



Evanaville. - Col. Haviland Tomkins is dead at his home, a few miles from here, at the age of 84 years. He was one of the best known lawyers of southern Indiana and was well known throughout this part of the state. He was a heavy land owner and at one time was a law partner of Abraham Lincoln at Champaign, A woman on horseback held up four Ill. He spent the last years of his life on the farm and leaves a large estate.

Poor Corn in Kosciuski County.

Warsaw.-Corn harvested by Kosciusko county farmers this fall is below the general standard of the corn harvested last year. This was proved at the annual corn show held in Warsaw, when grain on the ear from all parts of the county was placed on exhibition and entered in contests. The heaviest ear weighed only 261/2 ounces. Last year the heaviest car weighed 42 ounces.

Ex-Treasurer "Not Guilty."

Rockport .- The jury in the case of John P. Walker, former treasurer of Vanderburg county, accused of embealing \$65,000 of county funds, and brought to this county on change agree at Evansville, after remaining out all night, returned a verdict finding the defendant not guilty. The trial developed no new evidence of importance.

Fire Destroys Stave Plant.

Washington .- The stave and heading factory of the Worthington Cooperage company was completely destroyed by fire. The damage was \$7,000, partly covered by insurance. Forty men are thrown out of employment. The factory will be rebuilt.

Leaps from Bridge to Death.

New Albany .-- William J. C. Ormond, of this city, committed sulcide by jumping off the Kentucky and His act is attributed to despondency. In this distric*

loss of personal effects, which were in the car that was destroyed by fire. She alleges she had several grips and a trunk in which there were clothing, jewelery, china and glassware. Clinton .- The drilling of the oil It is said the contents of the car were well just west of town is progress- valued at \$50,000, and other suits are expected.

Chicago Boys Win Posts.

Notre Dame.-The editorial staff of the Notre Dame scholastic has of 600 feet flowing water was struck been announced and includes a number of Chicago students. The water was encountered, and at 1,700 board is as follows: Robert L. Bracken, William Lennartz, Francis T. Maher, Varnum A. Parish, Ignatius E. McNamee, James J. Quinlan, Joseph J. Boyle, James J. Finherty, Edward M. Kennedy, Robert T. Saley, Francis X. Cull, Otto A. Schmid, George J. Finnegan and Coe A. McKenna.

Withholds Voting Machine Cash.

Greenfield. - The county council has refused to appropriate money for voting machines, although a strong sentiment favored the allowance. It would have been necessary to borrow the money, and the county council did not feel like increasing the county indebtedness. Meanwhile, the company desirous of placing the machines has offered to furnish a number free of charge at the next election.

Hold Company Responsible.

Bedford,-As the result of a disatrous fire at Tunnelton, two weeks ago, which burned the entire western part of the town, suits for damages have been filed in the Lawrence circuit court against the B. & O. S. W. Railway company in four cases, alleging that the fire originated from sparks from a passing engine.

Asphyxiated by Gas in a Hotel.

South Bend .- A. DeSmelter, of Rock Island, Ill., was found dead in his room at the Windsor hotel, death of venue upon failure of a jury to being due to escaping gas. The coroner is of the opinion that death was due to an accident. The victim was about 32 years old and was a blacksmith, who came here to seek employment.

Candidate for Lleutenant Governor. Brazil .- Roy Shattuck, the young mayor of this city, has formally announced his candidacy for the Republican nomination for lieutenant

governor. He is now serving his seeond term as mayor. Mr. Shattuck is associated in the practice of law with Hon. J. A. McNutt of this city.

Candidate for Committeeman.

Fort Wayne,-John G. Yeagley, of Angola, is announced as a can-Indiana bridge into the Ohio river. dblate for Republican committeemen

"CH. A. HORSE-Rising seven, fine mouth and paces, about 15 hands; fine Lady's Hack; shows a lot of breeding; Reason for selling, bad with motors; won't go in harness; jibs when leaving stables; catches rider by seat of breeches when mounting; but a darling pet. Apply, &c."-London Daily Mail.

One Waiter with Sense.

Man in a restaurant, happening in just as a new shift of walters came on. And having eaten a very modest luncheon this man laid down a modest tip, to be exact, five cents.

And did the waiter shy off or sniff at this nickel? He did neither, but on the contrary he seemed to regard it as an augury of good fortune that his first customer should have given him something, and-

"Thank you," he said, politely, to the customer, and as he turned away he added to himself: "That's a starter."-N. Y. Sun.

Laundry work at home would be much more satisfactory if the right Starch were used. In order to get the desired stiffness, it is usually necessary to use so much starch that the beauty and fineness of the fabric is hidden behind a paste of varying thickness, which not only destroys the appearance, but also affects the wearing quality of the goods. This trouble can be entirely overcome by using Defiance Starch, as it can be applied much more thinly because of its greator strength than other makes.

A Fascinating Game.

A precocious little girl living on one of the crowded business thoroughfares of the city was in the habit of gazing out of the window at the busy

street below for hours at a time "What is it, Gladys, that you find so constantly interesting in the street?" asked her mother one day. "Oh," came the wise rejoinder, "just watching the cars go pro and con."-Harper's Weekly.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any are of Catarrh that cannot be cared by Hall's Cataryn Cure.

Catarra Gure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Taledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last H years, and believe him perfectly hon-orable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations mode by his firm. Wathere, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wathere, KINNA

Deserved.

"How comes it that this manufacturing town elects a millionaire for mayor ?" asked the stranger.

"His popularity," drawled the native, "came from using perfumed gasoline la his auto."



CHAPTER I.

Chip was very tired. All that long June day, since Tim's harsh, "Come, out wid ye," had roused her to daily toll, until now, wearied and disconsolate, she had crept, barefoot, up the back stairs to her room, not one moment's rest or one kindly word had been hers.

Below, in the one living room of Tim's Place, the men were grouped playing cards, and the medley of their oaths, their laughter, the thump of knuckles on the bare table, and the pungent odor of pipes, reached her through the floor cracks. Outside the fireflies twinkled above the slow-running river and along the stump-dotted hillside. Close by, a few plgs dozed contentedly in their rudely constructed sty.

A servant to those searce fit for servants, a menial at the beek and call of all Tim's Place, and laboring with the men in the fields, Chip, a girl of almost 16, felt her soul revolt at the filth, the brutality, the coarse existence of those whose alave she was.

And what a group they were! First, Tim Connor, the owner and master of this casis in the wilderness, 60 miles from the nearest settlement; his brother, Mike, as coarse; their wives and a half a dozen children who played with the pigs, squealed as often for food, and were left to grow up the same way; and Pierre Lubec, the hired man, completed the score.

There was another translent resident here, an old Indian named Tomah, who came with the snow, and deserted his hut below on the river bank when spring unlocked that stream.

Two occasional visitors also came here, both even more objectionable to Chip than Tim and his family. One was her father, known to her to be an outlaw and escaped murderer in hiding; the other a half-breed named Bolduc, but known as One-Eyed Pete, a trapper and hunter whose abode was a log cabin on the Fox Hole, ten miles away. His face was horribly scarred by a wildcat's claws; one eye-socket was empty; his lips, chin, and protruding teeth were always tobacco stained. For three months now, he had made weekly calls at Tim's Place, in pursuit of Chip. His wooing, as might be expected, had been a persistent leering at her with his one sinister eye, oftrepeated innuendoes and insinuations of lascivious nature, scarce understood by her, with now and then attempted familiarity. These advances had met with much the same reception once accorded him by the wildcat now with

Both these visitors were was of no the group below. That fac'connection interest to Chip, except in-a long conference she had observed between them that day. What it was about, she could not guess, and yet some queer intuition told her that it concerned her. Ordinarily, she would have sought sleep in her box-on-legs bed; now she crouched on the floor. listening. For an hour the game and its medley of sounds continued; then cesantion, the tramp of heavily shod feet. the light extinguished, and finallysilence. A few minutes of this, and then the sound of whispered converse, low yet distinct, reached Chip from outside. Cautiously she crept to her window.

shone brighter, and as Chip looked out upon the etheral silvered view, away to the right she saw the dark opening into the old tote road. Up this they had brought her, eight years before. Never since had she traversed it; and yet, as she looked at it now, an inspiration born of her father's snear came to her.

It was a desperate chance, a foolhardy step-a journey so appalling, so almost hopeless, she might well hesitate; and yet, escape that way was her one chance. Only a moment longer she waited, then gathering her few belongings-a pair of old shoes, the moccasins Old Tomah had given her, a skirt and jacket fashioned from Tim's cast-off garments, a fur cap, and soft felt hat-she thrust them into a solled pillow-case and crept down the stairs. Once out, she looked about, listened,

then darted up the hillside, straight for the tote road entrance. Here she paused, put on her moccasins, and looked back.

The moon, now above the tree-tops, shone full upon Tim's Place, softening and silvering all its ugliness and all its squalor. Away to the left stood Tomah's hut, across the river, a shining path bright and rippled.

In spite of the awful dread of her situation and the years of her hard, unpaid, and ofttimes cursed toll, a was her home, wretched as it was. Here she had at least been fed and and thus give her one or two hours warmed in winters, and here Old To-

mah had shown her kindness. Oh, if he were only in his hut now, that she hope and lessening sense of danger. might go and waken him softly, and beg him to take her in his canoe and hood in a far-off settlement; the home speed down the river!

night, luring him into safety or danger, tened to the river's low murmur. as they chose. They were everywhere, and in countless numbers, ready and sure to avenge all wrongs and reward the moonlight; now it had become lost all virtues. They had a Chieftain also, in inky blackness, yet alive with de a great white spectre who came forth from the north in winter, and swept across the wilderness, spreading death and terror.

To Chip, educated only in the fantastic lore of Old Tomah, these terrors now became insanity breeding. She could not turn back-better death among the spites than slaving to the half-breed; and so, faint from awful fear, gasping from miles of running. she stumbled on. And now a little hope came, for the road bent down beside the river, and its low voice seemed eyes! a word of cheer. Into its cool depths she could at least plunge and die, as a last resort.

Soon an opening showed ahead, and a bridge appeared. Here, for the first time, on this vantage point, she halted. How thrice blessed those knotted logs now seemed! She hugged and patted them in abject gratitude. She crawled to the edge and looked over into the dark, gurgling water. Up above lay a faint ripple of silver. Here, also, she could see the moon almost at the zenith, and a few flickering stars.

A trifle of courage and renewal of hope now came. Her face and hands were scratched and bleeding, clothing torn, feet and legs black with mud. But these things she neither noticed nor felt-only that blessed bridge of logs that gave her safety, and the moon that bade her hope.

Then she began to count her chances. This landmark told her that five miles of her desperate journey had been covered and she was still alive. She began to calculate. How soon would her escape be discovered, and who would pursue her? Only Pete, her purchaser, she felt sure, and there was a possible chance that he so. Or perhaps he might sleep late, more of time.

And now cheered by this trifling her past life came back. Her childalways in a turmoil from the strange But no! only her own desperate men and women ever coming and go-

lowed the hunter and trapper day and | spot of security-the ortuge-and the

ness had been ghostly and spectral in moniac voices. All the goblin forms and hideous shapes of Old Tomah's fancy were rushing and leaping about. Now high up in the treetops, now deep in the hollows, they screamed and shricked and monned.

And now, just as this fierce battle of sound and spectral shape was at its worst, and Chip, a hopeless, helpless mite of humanity, crouched low upon the bridge, suddenly a victous growl reached her, and raising her head she saw at the bridge's end two gleaming

CHAPTER II.

Martin Frisble and his nephew Raymond Stetson, or Ray, were cutting boughs and carrying them to two tents standing in the mouth of a bushchoked opening into the forest. In front of this Angle, Martin's wife, was placing tin dishes, knives and forks upon a low table of boards. Upon the bank of a broad, slow-running stream, two canoes were drawn out, and halfway between these and the table a camp-fire burnt.

Here Levi, Martin's guide for many trips into this wilderness, was also occupied, intently watching two pails depending from bending wambecks, a coffee-pot hanging from another, and two frying-pans, whose sputtering contents gave forth an enticing odor.

Twilight was just falling, the river murmured in low melody, and a few rods above a small rill entered it, adding a more musical tinkle.

Soon Levi deftly swung one of the pails away from the flame with a hookstick and speared a potato with a fork.

"Supper ready," he called; and then as the rest scated themselves at the table, he advanced, carrying the pail of steaming hot potatoes on the hooked stick and the frying-pan in his other hand.

The meal had scarce begun when a crackling in the undergrowth back of the tent was heard, and on the instant. there emerged a girl. Her clothing was in shreds, her face and hands were black with mud, streaks of blood showed across cheek and chin, and her eyes were fierce and sunken. "For God's sake give me authin' to

eat," she said, looking from one to another of the astonished group. "I'm damn near starved-only a bite," she added, sinking to her knees and extending her hands. "I hain't cat nothin' but roots 'n' berries for three days." Angle was the first to recover.

'Here," she said, hastily extending her plate, "take this," Without a word the starved creature

grasped it and began eating as only a desperate, hungry animal would, while the group watched her.

"Don't hurry so," exclaimed Martin, whose wits had now returned. "Here, take this cup of coffee."

Soon the food vanished and then the stirl arose. "Sit down again, my poor child," entreated Angle, who had observed the strange scene with moist eyes, "and tell us who you are and where you came from."

"My name's Chip," answered the and Lorenzo Jenkins, secretary and girl, bluntly, "an' I'm runnin' away manager of the Retail Merchants' asnce. 'cause dad sold me to Pete Holduc." "Sold-you-to-Pete-Boldue." exclaimed Angle, looking at her wideeyed. "What do you mean ?" "He did, sartin," answered the girl, laconically. "I heerd 'em makin' the bargain, 'n' I fetched three hundred dollars."

All through her mad flight the wilder- SCHEMES OF PREMIUM MAIL ORDER HOUSES.

STUFF IS OF LITTLE VALUE Chespest Kind of Goods Handled by

These Concerns, and They Are Sold at the Highest Market Prices.

There are dozens of premlum-giving mail order houses operating in different cities of the country. These houses reach out for trade in all parts of the country, and do not overlook the largest cities. They gain for their aldes and their agents men, women and children, wives of lawyers, merchants, church workers and any class that they can. Some of them make a business catering to the Epworth lengues, the Sunday schools, the churches, and have plans by which the people are humbugged and loaded down with inferior goods, and the league, the Sunday school or the church gets a little cheap furniture, some dinky-dinky thing almost worthless for all the trouble gone to.

These premium concerns that put out baking powder, cheap coffees, groceries of every kind and description, generally put out the cheapest kinds of stuff. Recently samples of the goods that have been received from them have been sent to the chemists of the pure food departments in a number of cites, and universally the goods were found to be of the rankest kind. The coffee the cheapest Santos, and doctored up with roasted cereals and chickory; the baking powders were an abomination of cheap acids and other materials; the extracts were wholly synthetic, produced from coal-tar products, and so adulteration was carried to the extreme. These goods were sold at the highest prices and were of such class that no respectable grocer in any city or hamlet would have them in his stock. These are the classes that the good women, perhaps well-meaning, but not up to shuff, palm off upon their neighbors when they become the secretary of "the club," and the kind of dope they innocently give to their husbands and children, and when the little ones become sickened by partaking of the stuff, the dear little woman gladly pays some doctor four times the amount the abominable goods cost.

There will be something dropping pretty quick among a certain class of these big "companies." Their business is of the fraudulent kind and there is a likelihood that at no distant period the government officers will secure such evidence as will put many of the concerns out of business.

Catalogue Houses Busy.

Thousands of dollars are being spent with the big catalogue houses of the east by the residents of the small towns in southern Utah, according to reports brought to Sait Lake by Orson Hewlett, president of the Manufacturers' and Merchants' association, sociation of the stat

Country Merchant Can Use the Local Press to Advantage.

The sentiment exhibited in the numerous articles now printed in country newspapers for the purpose of inducing people to trade at home instead of sending their money to mail order houses is good and noble, but we doubt if it appeals to the multitude who patronize these mail order houses.

The best way in which the morchants in the towns and smaller cities can fight the mail order houses is to advertise. They know most of their patrons personally, can show them the goods before they buy them, have many other advantages over the mail order houses and in almost every instance can sell just as cheap, if not cheaper.

If the home merchant lacks foresight and is too penurious to properly advertise his goods, why should the publisher exert himself to keep the trade at home for him? If solicitations on the part of the publisher fall to educate the merchant to the fact that he must advertise if he wants to keep up with the procession, then nothing is left to the merchant but to learn in the school of experience, and if the teachings of that renowned school are of no effect on him, then there is no place for him and eventually his place in the commercial world will be taken up by some

Catch-Penny Schemes.

eye Informer.

more enterprising competitor .-- Buck-

Those who make a habit of answering advertisements in the cheap mall order papers are sure to bite at the "balt" held out to them sooner or later. One of the common grafts is advertising for men to "distribute clrculars" and offering from three dollars to five dollars a day for the services. These concerns generally charge a fee of from two dollars to five dollars for "registering," and in return send a number of printed blanks and names of companies who want advertising matter circulated. After some dollars' worth of postage stamps is wasted in writing to the names supplied, the person anxious for a job concludes that he is out of pocket.

A common form of fraud is the advertising for men to become detectives. There are few of these rank humbugs doing business, and in a way so shrewdly devised that the authorities cannot deny them the use of the mails. In a few cases fraud orders have been issued against them, but a change was quickly made to another city, and the same old graft put in operation. In these cases a fee is charged for commission and badge and instructions. The bit of nickeled brass sent out as a badge is familiar in nearly every police court as a source of trouble for green young men who think that its possession gives them official authority.

Business men should be on the lookout for a new game which has been played in a number of parts of the country of late. A stranger enters a store, buys a small bill of goods, not exceeding ten or fifteen dollars, says that he will call for them later, and gives a will call for them later, and gives a check for \$50 or more on a bank, receiving no change in return. He remains away for a few days, then calls for the goods. He is told that the check is no good. After roundly "cussing" the bank he pays for the goods, takes the check and goes. In a few days more the check comes to the merchant, paid at the bank, because it had the merchant's endorsement on it. This was the end to be obtained. Be on the lookout for this game.



paug of regret now came to her. This might return to his cabin before doing

"I gif you one hunerd dollars now, for ze gal," Pete was saying, "an' one hunerd more when you fotch her."

"It's three hundred down, I've told ye, or we don't do business," was her father's answer, in almost a hiss.

A pain like a knife piercing her heart came to Chip.

"But s'pose she run away ?" came in Pete's volce.

"What, 60 miles to a settlement? You must be a damn fool!"

"An' if she no mind me?"

"Wal, thrash her then; she's yours." "But I no gif so much," parleyed Pete; "I gif you one-feefty now, an' one hunerd when she come."

"You'll give what I say, and be quick about it, or I'll take her out tomorrow, and you'll never see her again; so fork over."

"And you fotch her to-morrow?" "Yes, I told you." And so the bargain was concluded.

Only a moment more, while Chip sat numb and dazed, then came the sound of footsteps, as the two men separated, and then silence over Tim's Place.

And yet, what a horror for Chip! Sold like a horse or a pig to this worse than disgusting half-breed, and on the morrow to be taken-no, dragged-to her one mad impulse to escape. the half-breed's hut by her hated father.

Hardly conscious of the real intent understood it dimly. Life here was bad enough-it was coarse, unloved, even filthy, and yet, hard as it was, it was a thousand times better than slavery with such an owner.

And now, still weak and trombling from the shock, she raised her head cantiously and peeped out of the window. A faint spectral light from the rising moon outlined the log barn, the

The Ever Present Menace of a Wilderness Assalled Her.

the last one, she turned and fled down the path. Sixty miles of stony, bushencumbered, brier-grown, seldom-traveled road lay ahead of her! Sixty miles through the somber allence and persistent menace of a wilderness, peopled only by death-intending creatures, yellow-eyed and sharp-fanged!

With only a sickening, soul-nauseating fate awaiting her at Tim's Place, and her sole escape this almost insane flight, she sped on. The faint, spectral rifts of moonlight through interlaced fir and spruce as often deceived as aided her; bending boughs whipped her, bushes and logs tripped her, sharp stones and pointed sticks bit her; she hurried over hillocks, wallowed through sloughs and dashed into tangles of briers, heedless of all except

Soon the ever present menace of a wilderness assailed her,-the yowl of a wildcat close at hand; in a swamp, and object of this purchase, she yet the sharp bark of a wolf; on a hillside above her, the hoot of an owl; and when after two hours of this deaperate flight had exhausted her and she was forced to halt, strange creeping, crawling things seemed all about.

And now the erratic, fantastic belief Tim's Place. Above and beyond where times evil, according as they had been halt at last at Tim's Place. the forest enclosed the hillside, it in life, and all good or ill luck was due Like a dread dream it all came back | cess to-day .- Life.

courage would now avail, and realizing | ing; the drinking, swearing, singing, that this look upon Tim's Place was at all hours of the night, her constant fear of them and wonder who they were and why they came. There were other features of this disturbed life: frequent guarrels between her father and mother; curses, tears, and sometimes blows, until at last after a night more hideous than any other her mother had taken her and fled. Then came a long journey to another village and a new life of peace and quietness. Here it was all so different-no redshirted men to be afraid of, no loudvoiced women drinking with them. She became acquainted with other children of her own age, was sent to school and taken to church. Here, also, her mother began to smile once more, and look content. For two years, and the only ones Chip cared to recall, she had been a happy schoolgirl, and then came a sudden, tragic end to it all. Of that she never wished to think. It was all so horrible, and yet so mercifully brief.

The one friend life held, her mother, had been brought home, wounded to death amid the whirring wheels of the mill where she worked; there were a chance in which the chances are all few hours of agonized dread as her against the player. The winnings are life ebbed away, a whisper or two of now divided into three classes: First love and longing, and then the sad money; second, money, and third, of Old Tomah returned to her. With farewell made doubly awful by ker money. him the forest was people by a weird, father's frowning face and harsh voice. things like character that count a life uncanny race, sometimes visible and At its ending, and in spite of her fears the. The rules of the game are very sometimes not-"spites," he called and tears, she was now horse away by strict. Cheating is not allowed-11 two log cabins, and pigety, which, with them, and they were the souls of both him. For days they journeyed deeper discovered. Some have played acthe frame house she was in, comprised man and beast; sometimes good, some- and deeper into a vast wilderness, to cording to rule, and even been sue

Martin and his wife exchanged glances.

"Well, and then what?" continued Angle

"Wal, then I walted a spell, till they'd turned in," explained the girl, "and then I lit out. I knowed 'twas 60 miles to the settlement, but 'twas moonlight 'n' I chanced it. I've had an awful time, though, the spites hev chased me all the way. I was jist makin' a nestle when I seed yer light, an' I crept through the brush 'n' peeked. I seen ye wa'n't nobody from Tim's Place, 'n' then I cum out. I guess you've saved my life. I was gittin' dizzy."

It was a brief, blunt story whose directness bespoke truth; but it revealed such a pigsty state of morality at this Tim's Place that the little group of astonished listeners could scarce finish suppor or cease watching this muchsoiled girl.

"And so your name is Chip," queried Angle at last, "Chip what?" "Chip McGuire," answered the walf,

quickly; "only my real name ain't Chip, it's Vera; but they've allus called me Chip at Tim's Place."

"And your father sold you to this man?" "He did, 'n' he's a damn bad man,"

replied Chip, readily. "He killed somebody once, an' he don't show up often. I hate him!"

"You mustn't use swear words," returned Angle; "It's not nice."

The girl looked abashed. "I guess you'd cuss if you'd been sold to such a nasty-looking man as Pete," she responded. "He chaws terbaccer 'n' letu one eye.'

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Success.

Success is an ancient game of There are also a few other cessful, but not as we speak of suc

Mesars. Hewlett and Jenkins spent nearly a week in Sanpete county and vicinity, calling merchants and farmers together to urge greater patronage of home industries. Ephraim, Moroni, Fairview, Spring City, Mount Pleasant, Fountain Green, Manti and Chester were visited and in each place the greatest enthusiasm was manifested by merchants over the campaign recently insugurated by commercial

hodies of the state for a more extengive patronage of home industries.

Meetings were called and ways and means discussed by which the practice of patronizing the mail order houses can be done away with. This practice has reached alarming propertions in the southern part of the state, according to Messrs. Hewlett and Jenkins. One small town alone last month received goods to the value of \$1,200 from a blg eastern mail order concern .-- Salt Lake (Utah) Herald.

Calls for Energetic Action.

There is but one way for the country merchant to combat mail order evil and that is to organize and systematically fight and the battle must be carried on energetically if it is to win. This has been done in some sections of the country and can be done in others. Where a few years since the larger portion of the people have spent the major portion of their earnings with the mail order houses, today they do their purchasing at home, but this has only been accomplished by hard work by a thoroughly organized body .- New Iberia Enterprise-Leader.

Broke Statue in Spite.

Mr. Kitamura Naojira, sculptor of the marble statue of a female, priced at 13,000 yen, which is exhibited in the Fine Arts building of the Tokio exposition, proceeded to the exposition on June 11, at 7 a. m., and deit drizzle on his chin, 'n' he hain't but liberately knocked down the statue and destroyed the head and arms with an iron hammer, which he had originally used in carving the figure. The reason for this violent proceeding was that he considered that the prize commissioners of the Tokio exposition had shown blas in their awards, and were prone to confine high testimonials to artists of their ewn clique.-Japan Advertiser.

> Has Too Good a Thing Here. One of Chicago's mail order houses announces that for the present at teast it will not invade England. It prefers to keep busy building up its little \$60,000,000-a-year business to man's size."

Fake Spices Sold to Public.

It has been found that more than 80 per cent. of the groceries sold by traveling agents who sell direct to consumers are of the adulterated classes. Examinations made of coffees sold by such concerns proved that there was 50 per cent. adulteration. The cheapest kind of Santos is used for a base, and with this ground cocoanut shells, burnt corn and chicory are combined. Such concoctions are dangerous, and a rank imposition upon the people. The spices that are sold by many of the alleged pure food concerns that have agents working among the people in small towns are dangerous to health. Many classes consist of ground bark, nut shells and other materials and flavored with artificial flavors that are coal tar products. It is unsafe to buy from the concerns that gain their business through canvassers, or who do an exclusive mail order business.

Lava Put to Good Use.

Residents of the district round Vesuvius have put to practical use the lava which has flowed from the volcano in the past and recent eruptions. Naples and its vicinity appear to be a world of lava. The streets are paved with it. There are lava staircases and statues, drinking troughs, brie-a-brac and even jewelry. The guides make a profit out of it by pressing coins or other objects on partially cooled fragments and selling these to visitors. On the ashy sides of the mountain there is enough lava to build a large city. In appearance it resembles a shoreless frozen sea of dull black that shimmers strangely purple in some lights.

Cheyenne (Wyo.) merchants are organizing to fight the mail order houses. It is claimed that fully onehalf of the clothing and dress goods purchased by the people of Cheyenne come from outside towns, and the local merchants are deprived of this business, to say nothing of the hardware, notions, novelties, etc., that are secured through the mail order houses

THE CULVER CITIZEN

SUBSCRIPTION RATES Cup Year, in advance... sig Months, in advance. Three Months, in advance ADVERTISING Hates for home and foreign advertising made known on application. Logal advertising at the rates fixed by law. CULVER, IND., DECEMBER 12, 1907.

ARTRUE & HOLT. Publisher

CHURCH STATISTICS.

Union Township Sunday School Association Reports Canvass.

The following interesting report made out from a canvass of Union township some time ago by the Sunday School association, shows 68, Ferrier's add. Culver, \$145. the number of families visited and the total Sunday school attendance. Daniel, two lots in Plymouth, \$135. of the various denominations: No. families visited 527 No. persons..... 2,070 No. under 18 years of age ... 771 No. church members 757 No. attending regularly 891 Number of members to each denomination: Reformed 154 Methodist Episcopal, 150 Christian 97 United Brethren..... 40 Methodist Protestant Church of God German Baptist..... Catholie..... Dunkard..... Lutheran..... Presbyterian Episcopal..... Methodist Wesleyan Congregational Quaker.... Latter Day Saints

ELLA DAVIS, Secretary.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers are the last pills made. Sold by T. E. Slattery.

Hitching Racks in Towns.

Dr. Hurty, secretary of the state board of health, attacks public hitching racks on the business squares of Indiana towns declar. ing they breed flies and are propagators of disease. He may make a surprising order that hitch racks be all removed from the streets of all towns and cities.

Take some good reliable and safe digestant like Kodol for Dyspepsin. Kodol is the best remedy known today for heart burn, belching and all troubles arising from a disordered di-grettion. It is pleasant to take and affords re-lief promptly. Sold by T. E. Stattery.

Henry Zechiel to J W Crabb, lot 54, Zechiel's add, Cuiver, \$130. J O Ferrier to J A Bennett, lot 75, Ferrier's add. Culver, \$208. Lillie M Kimble to A Albert,

lot in Lapaz, \$65. A Richard to Rebecca Tribbey 66 feet of lot in Plymouth, \$4,000,

J Wambsgauss et al. to P Wamsgauss, 80 acres 9,34,3, \$600. Elizabeth Wambagauss et al. to P

P Wambsganas, same, \$1,000. Eleanor A Moor to C W Humphreys, bf of lot in Plymouth.\$2000. J O Ferrier to Ira Booker, lot

Catharino Maxey to J A Mc-

W E Hand to E M Matthewson, part of lot in Plymouth, \$1,000.

PLEASANT VIEW.

Rev. William Feece moved onto his farm Friday.

J. H. Barnes and wife were callers at Mrs. Lucinda Kinzie's Sunday.

Mr. J. E. Johnson of Walkerton took dinner with J. W. Hooton Sunday.

Mrs. Hattie McFeeley of Culver visited at home the latter part of last week.

Mrs. Lucinda Kinzie moved to Culver Tnesslay. J. W. Hooton will move onto the farm.

A surprise supper was given on Mrs. Lucinda Kinzie, Ed Kinzie and Arna Horner Tuesday night. Those present were Mrs. Zum-Those present were Mrs. Zum-baugh, Mrs. Wm. Pike, Mrs. Hat- Indigestion tie McFeeley and Mrs. Dorn Hawk of Culver, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Joseph, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Hissong, Mr. and Mrs. A. Glass, Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Warstler, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Hooton, Fannie, Ethel and Blanche Ransbottom, Anna Shultz of Plymouth, Melvin Ransbottom, George Zumbaugh, Harry Zumbaugh and John Glass.

When the Scenaria, Heart or Kidney serves and weak, then these organs always fail. Dec't drug the stomash, nor dimunise the heart or inners. That is simply a undechilt. Get a preseription known to druggest everywhere us Dr. Sheep's Restorative. The Restorative is propered expressly for these weak inside nerves. Strengthen these nerves, build them up with Dr. Sheep's Restorative-indicts or liquid- and seehow quickly help will come. Free sample test sent on request by Dr. Sheep, Kasine, Wis, Your health is surely worth this simple test. Sold by T. K. Slattery.



New Theory Advanced by Young Man Is Spreading Over Entire Country.

L. T. Cooper's theory concerning the cause my New Discovery medicine human stomach, which he claims to tones the stomach up to required prove with his new medicine, is being strength in about six weeks' time. given more respect and comment every That is why I have had more people day. Cooper claims that 90 per cent, of

all ill health is due to stomach trouble. have had time to talk with. When interviewed about his theory recently, he said: "Stomach trouble is the great curse of the 20th century so far as the civilized races are con-cerned. Practically all of the chronic ill health of this generation is caused by abnormal stomachic conditions. In earlier days, when the human race was stomach and nerve troubles. I graducloser to nature, and men and women ally became worse, until recently I was worked all day out of doors, digging compelled to go without solid food for their frugal existence from the soil, days at a time. I had sour stomach, the tired, droopy, half-sick people that palpitation of the nerves of stomach are now so common, did not exist.

"To be sure, there was sickness in those days, but it was of a virulent somnia, and my liver, bowels and character, and only temporary. There whole system gradually became dewas none of this half-sick condition ranged. I felt instant relief the first all the time with which so many are day 1 began this Cooper medicine, afflicted nowadays.

stomach trouble. The human stomach in civilized people today is degenerate. It lacks tone and strength. This weakness has gradually come through a The sole reason for my success is be-L_Culver City Drug Store.

Our Guarantee Coupon

If, siter using two-thirds of a \$2.00 bottle of Kodod, you can honesely say it has not bene-dised you, we will refined your money. Try Kodol today on this guarantee. Fill out and sign the fallowing, present it to the dealer at the time of purchase. If it fails to satisfy you return the bottle containing one-third of the medicine to the dealer from whom you bought it, and we will refund your money.

come and thank me wherever I have gone to introduce my medicine, than I

R

Among the immense numbers of people who are now strong believers in Cooper's theory and medicine is Mrs. and heart, dyspepsia, and extreme nervousness. I suffered terribly with in-

now feel like a new being. Today "I know positively that every bit of I walked all over town, shoppingthis chronic ill health is caused by something I have not done for years. "I make this statement wholly from a sense of duty. I feel I owe it to anyone who might find relief and renewed happiness as I have done." The record made by the Cooper medsedentary existence. I further know icines is autonishing. We will take that few people can be sick with the pleasure in discussing it with anyone digestive apparatus in perfect shape. who wishes to know about them.



GIFTS that are suitable for the mother, father, brother, sister, or sweatheart. I have the best and most complete line of dishes, lamps, chamber sets, etc., that has been shown in Culver for years.

()

G

We will be headquarters for Christmas candies, fruits, nuts, etc.



prices as low as the lowest. Let us

submit an estimate on you bill.

Kodol For HENRY PECHER TINNER @ ROOFER

Under Hardware Store Phone 78

CULVER, IND.

All kinds of Tin Work and Repairing and Roofing skillfully done at fair prices

After April 1st. my weekly office days, for the transaction of township business, will be as fol-lows: Taesdays at my residence, and Sator days at my office over the Exchange Rank, Cul-ver. FRANK M. PARKER, Trustee. And Makes the Stomach Sweet Your Trade Respectfully Solicited Come and look at the stacks of

and fancy goods for the older ones. at Slattery's

Big line of toys for the children

holiday presents at Slattery's and then make out your list.



WILLIAM GRUBB Trustee's Notice.

> PLUMBER All Work Guaraniced to be Sanitary Shop in Rear of Tin Shop,

, Cuiver

The Citizen prints sale bills

Sign here_ - Cut This Out -**DigestsWhatYouEat** E. C. DeWITT & CO., Chicago, Ill. For sale by T. E. Slattery.

> For Sale-Buff Plymouth Rock roosters. Frank Pulver.

Town.

問題。聞い A Few Suggestions for the Hollodys From Our Large and Complete Stocks of Men's and Boys' Furnishing Goods, Etc.

We have a large assortment of many useful and appropriate articles in our Clothing, Footwear and Furnishing Goods stocks suitable for Christmas gifts, at prices which are a big saving to you. We have enumerated just a few, and will be pleased to have you call and let us show you our lines.



MITCHELL @ STABENOW, The Culver Shoe @ Clothing House



feeling in the matter, and it is no business of ours further than the interest which the peace, prosperity and good order of a community and the decent conduct of its political affairs ought to inspire in evry man and woman in seeing the leading, strong men establish a standard which will be an example and an encouragement to those who more or less look to them for the formation of public opinion.

Kodol is offered on a guaranteed plan for the relief of heart burz, flatulonce, sour stomach, belching of gas, names, and all stomach trou-bles. It digests what you eat. It will make you healthy. Sold by T. E. Slattery.

and no doubt will be made in the saloon remonstrance law at the nearly every locality where the moval of the saloon the people are demanding a change to a ballot system of voting instead of the bunglesome and complicated method of securing a majority of signatures. Why this was not incorporated in the law in the first place is difficult to explain as it is the simplest, best, most fair and elimates all bitter feeling and any possibility of expensive contest afterward .- Argos Reflector.

Bust Remedy for mothers to use is Kennedy' Lansitive Cough Syrap. It fastes mearly as goes as maple sugar, it contains no oplates. Solity T. E. Slattory.

A call has been issued for a democratic congressional convention at Plymouth on Thursday, Jan. 2. to select a member of the state committee.

DeWitt's Carbolized Witch Hassi Suive is heating and southing. Good for pilm, Sold by T. E. Slattery.

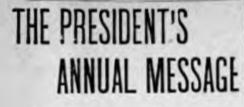
Santa Claus has moved into Slattery's drug store where he is making the finest display yet seen here.

Trial catarrh treatments are seing united out free, on request, by Dr. Shoop. Raeine, Wis. These tests are proving to the peoples without a passy's cost—the great value of this scientific preservition known to dramitics everywhere as Dr. Shoop's Catarrh Remedy. Sold by T. E.

Old newspapers at Citizen office.

so and to my surprise it helped me. Four bottles of it cured me of my cough."

For Sale by T. E. SLATTERY.



CAUSES OF THE PRESENT FINAN-CIAL CONDITIONS IS MADE THE CHIEF TOPIC.

SUGGESTS REMEDIES FOR ILLS

CONTROL OF CORPORATIONS AND RAILROADS TO PREVENT OVERCAPITALIZATION.

Believes This Would Solve the Problem Together with Provision for More Elastic Currency-Recommends Postal Banks and Asks for Legislation Along Many Lines.

Washington, Dec. 3. - President Roosevelt's annual message to congress is a voluminous document of nearly \$0,000 words, by far the longest message he has ever submitted to congress. The opening subject of the message is the financial condition of the country, and for which the president lays much of the blame upon unscrupulous stock speculators, and says:

"In any large body of men, however, there are certain to be some who are dishonest, and if the conditions are such that these men prosper or com-mit their misdeeds with impunity, their example is a very evil thing for the community. Where these men are business men of great sagacity and of temperament both unscrupulous and reckless, and where the conditions are such that they act without supervision control and at first without effective check from public opinion, they delude many innocent people into making investments or embarking in kinds of business that are really unsound. When the misdeeds of these successfully dishonest men are discovered, suf-fering comes not only upon them, but upon the innocent men whom they have misled. It is a painful awakening, whenever it occurs; and, naturally. when it does occur those who suffer are apt to forget that the longer it was deferred the more painful it would be. In the effort to punish the guilty it is both wise and proper to endeavor so far as possible to minimize the distress of those who have been misled by the guilty. Yet it is not possible to refrain because of such distress from striving to put an end to the misdeeds that are the ultimate causes of the suffering, and, as a means to this end, where possible to punish those re-sponsible for them. There may be honest differences of opinion as to many governmental policies; but surely there can be no such differences as to the need of unflinching perseverance in the war against successful dishonesty."

He quotes at length from his mes sage of last year in which he advo-cated federal control of corporations doing interstate business, and believes that in such control would be found the remedy speculation rcap talization and stock brought about theh he believes have conditions. He says: present finan-

cia, Our steady aim should be by legislation, cautiously and carefully undertaken, but resolutely persevered in, to assert the sovereignty of the national government by affirmative action.

This is only in form an innovation. In substance it is merely a restoration; for from the earliest time such regulation of industrial activities has been recognized in the action of the lawmaking bodies; and all that I propose et the onw in such manner as will prevent the commonwealth abdicating the power it has always possessed, not only in this country, but also in England before and since this country became a separate nation.

the consent of the interstate commerce commission being first obtained. Until the national government assumes national government assumes or control of interstate commerce, in the exercise of the authority it already possesses, it will be impossible either to give to or to get from the railroads full justice. The railroads and all other great corporations will do well to recognize that this control must come; the only question is as to what governmental body can most wisely exercise it. The courts will determine the limits within which the federal authority can exercise it, and there will still remain ample work within each state for the railway commission of that state; and the national interstate commerce commission will work in harmony with the several state commissions, each within its own province, to achieve the desired end.

Control of Interstate Business Concerns Urged.

"Moreover, in my judgment there should be additional legislation looking to the proper control of the great business concerns engaged in interstate business, this control to be exercised for their own benefit and prosperity no less than the protection of investors and of the general public. As I have, repeatedly said in messages to congress and else where, experience has definitely shown not merely the unwisdom but the futility of endeavoring to put a stop to all busi-ness combinations. Modern industrial conditions are such that combination is not only necessary but inevitable. It is so in the world of business just as it is so in the world of labor, and it is as idle to desire to put an end to all corporations, to all big combinations of capital, as to desire to put an end to combinations of labor. Corporation and labor union alike have come to stay. Each if properly managed is a source of good and not evil. Whenever in either there is evil, it should be promptly held to account; but it should receive hearty encouragement so long as it is properly managed. It is profoundly immoral to put or keep on the statute books a law, nominally in the interest of public morality, that really puts a premium upon public immorality, by undertaking to forbid honest men from doing what must be done under modern business conditions, so that the law itself provides that its own infraction must be the condition precedent upon business success. To aim at the accomplishment of too much usually means the accomplishment of too lit-

age. "The antitrust law should not be repealed; but it should be made both more efficient and more in harmony with actual conditions. It should be so amended as to forbid only the kind of combination which does harm to the general public, such amendment to be accompanied by, or to be an incident of, a grant of supervisory power to the government over these big corporations engaged in Interstate business. This should be accompanled by provision for the compulsory publication of accounts and the subjection of books and papers to the inspec tion of the government officials. A beginning has already been made for such supervision by the establishment of the ureau of corporations.

tle, and often the doing of positive dam-

"The antitrust law should not prohibit combinations that do no injustice to the public, still less those the existence of which is on the whole of benefit to the public., But even if this feature of the law were abolished, there would remain as an equally objectionable feature the difficulty and delay now incident to its enforcement. The government must now submit to irksome and repeated delays before obtaining a final decision of the courts upon proceedings instituted, and a favorable accree may mean an empty victory, aloreover, to attempt to empty victory, aforeover, to attempt to control these corporations by lawsuits means to impose upon both the depart-ment of justice and the courts an impossible burden; it is not feasible to carry on more than a limited number of such suits. Such a law to be really effective must of course be administered by an executive body, and not merely by means of lawsuits. The design should be to prevent the abuses incident to the crea tion of unhealthy and improper combinations, instead of waiting until they are in existence and then attempting to destroy them by civil or criminal proceedings.

rect subject of currency legislation, and BAYS

"I again urge on the congress the need of immediate attention to this matter. We need a greater elasticity in our currency; provided, of course, that we recognizo the even greater need of a safe and secure currency. There must always be the most rigid examination by the na-tional authorities. Provision should be made for an emergency currency. The emergency issue should, of course, be made with an effective guaranty, and upon conditions carefully prescribed by the government. Such emergency issue must be based on adequate securities approved by the government, and must be issued under a heavy tax. This would permit currency being issued when the demand for it was urgent, while securing its reent as the demand fell off. It is Gren worth investigating to determine whether officers and directors of national banks should ever be allowed to loan to them Trust companies should be subselves. ject to the same supervision as banks; legislation to this effect should be enacted for the District of Columbia and the territories.

"Yet we must also remember that even the wisest legislation on the subject can only accomplish a certain amount. No legislation can by any possibility guarantee the business community against the results of speculative folly any more than it can guarantee an individual against the results of his extravagance. When an in-dividual mortgages his house to buy an automobile he invites disaster; and when wealthy men, or men who pose as such. or are unscrupulously or foolishly eager to become such, indulge in reckless speculation-especially if it is accompanied by dishonesty-they jeopardize not only their own future but the future of all their innocent fellow-citizens, for they expose the whole business community to panic and distress."

He advises against any general tariff logislation this session of congress, and BAYS:

"In a country of such phenomenal growth as ours it is probably well that every dozen years or so the tariff laws should be carefully scrutinized so as to on that no excessive or improper benefits are conferred thereby, that proper revenue is provided, and that our foreign trade is encouraged. There must always be as a minimum as a minimum a tariff which will not only al-low for the collection of an ample revwhich will at least but make OBUE good the difference in cost of production here and abroad; that is, the difference in labor cost here and abroad, for the well-being of the wage-worker must ever he a cardinal point of American policy. The question should be approached purely from a business standpoint; both the time and the manner of the change being such as to arouse the minimum of agitation and disturbance in the business world, and to give the least play for selfish and factional motives. The sole consideration should be to see that the sum total of changes represent the pub-This means that the subject lie good. cannot with wisdom be dealt with in the year preceding a presidential election, because as a matter of fact experience has conclusively shown that at such a time It is impossible to get men to treat it from the standpoint of the public good. In my judgment the wise time to deal with the matter is immediately after such election.

He asks for the repeal of the tariff on paper and wood pulp,

He reviews and enlarges upon his previous recommendations for the enactment of federal inheritance and Income tax laws.

Attention is called to the prosecution of wealthy offenders against the national laws, and in this connection he asks that the laws under which these prosecutions are brought be strengthened and made more definite.

The Use and the Abuse of Injunctions.

"Instances of abuse in the granting of injunctions in labor disputes continue to occur, and the resentment in the minds of those who feel that their rights are being invaded and their liberty of action and of speech unwarrantably restrained continues to grow. Much of the attack on the use of the process of injunction is wholly without warrant; but I am constrained to express the belief that for it there is warrant. This question is becoming more and more of prime importance, and unless the courts will themselves deal with it in effective manner, it is certain ultimately to demand some form of legialative action. It would be most unfortunate for our social welif we should permit many honest and law-abiding citizons to feel that they had just cause for regarding our courts with hostility. I earnestly commond to the attention of the congress this matter, so that some way may be devised which will limit the abuse of injunctions and protect those rights which from time to time it unwarrantably invades. Moreover, discontent is often exreased with the use of the process of injunction by the courts, not only in Inbor disputes, but where state laws are concerned. I refrain from discussion of this question as I am informed that it will soon receive the consideration of the supreme court." Of other legislation in the interest labor he favors federal inspection of railroads; providing limited but definite compensation for accidents to all workmer employed in any way by the government, and anys: "The constitutionality of the employers" liability act passed by the preceding congress has been carried before the courts. n two jurisdictions the law has been dechared unconstitutional, and in three jurisdictions its constitutionality has been affirmed. The question has been carried to the supreme court, the case has been heard by that tribunal, and a decision is expected at an early date. In the event that the court should affirm the constitutionality of the act, I urge further legislation along the lines advocated in my nessage to the preceding congress. The practice of putting the entire burden of ass of life or limb upon the victim or the victim's family is a form of social injustice in which the United States stands unenviable prominence. In both our fodoral and our state legislation we have, with few exceptions, scarcely gone farther than the repeal of the fellowservant principle of the old law of liabiland in some of our states even this slight modification of a complete outgrown principle has not yet been se cured. He favors the extension of the eighthour law to all departments of the government, and to all work carried on by the government. He urges legislation e compulsory investigation of industrial disputes, and says: "The need for some provision for such investigation was forcibly illustrated during the past summer. A strike of telegraph operators seriously interfered with telegraphic communication, caus-ing great damage to business interests serious inconvenience to the general public. Appeals were made to me from many parts of the country, from councils, from boards of city trade. from chambers of commerce, and from labor organizations, urging that steps ba taken to terminate the strike, Everything, that could with any propriety be done by a representative of the government was done without avail and for weeks the public stood by and suffered without recourse of any kind. Had the machinery existed and had there been authority for compulsory investigation of the dispute, the public would have been placed in possession of the merits of the controversy, and public opinion would probably have brought about prompt adjustment. "It is idle to hold that without good

laws evils such as child labor, as the over-working of women, as the failure to protect employes from loss life or limb, can be effectively reached, any more than the evils of rebates and stock-watering can be reached without good laws. To fail to stop these practices by legislation means to force honest men into them, because other-wise the dishonest who surely will take advantage of them will have everything their own way. If the states

Inland Waterway Systems Should Be Deevloped.

them.

"The conservation of our national resources and their proper use constitute the fundamental problem which underlies almost every other problem of our national life. We must maintain for our civilization the adequate material basis without which that civilization cannot exist. We must show foresight. we must look ahead. As a nation we not only enjoy a wonderful measure of present prosperity but if this prosperity is used aright it is an earnest of future success such as no other nation will have. The reward of foresight for this nation is great and easily foretold. But there must be the look ahead there must be a realization of the fact that to waste, to destroy, our natural resources, to skin and exhaust the land instead of using it so as to increase its usefulness, will result in undermining in the days of our children the Vers prosperity which we ought by right to hand down to them amplified and developed. For the last few years, through several agencies, the government has been endeavoring to get our people to look ahead and to substitute a planned and orderly development of our sources in place of a haphazard striving for immediate profit. Our great river systems should be developed as

national water highways; the Missis-sippi, with its tributaries, standing first in importance, and the Columbia second, although there are many others of importance on the Pacific and Atlantic and the gulf slopes. The national gov ernment should undertake this work. and I hope a beginning will be made in the present congress; and the greatest of all our rivers, the Mississippi, should receive especial attention. From the Great Lakes to the mouth of the Mississippi there should be a deep waterway, with deep waterways leading from it to the east and the west. Such a waterway would practically mean the extension of our coast line into the very heart of our country. It would be of incalculable benefit to our people. If begun at once it can be carried through in time appreciably to relieve the consection of our great freight-carrying lines of railroads. The work should be systematically and continuously carried forward in accordance with some wellconceived plan. The main streams should be improved to the highest point of efficiency before the improvement of the branches is attempted; and the work should be kept free from every taint of recklessness or jobbery." Attention is called to the work of ir-

rigation and reclamation of government lands. In the same connection he asks for a revision of the public land laws along the lines proposed by the public lands commission. Believes the government should increase its efforts to conserve our forests and should increase by purchase the existing forest preserves. On the subject of the natural resources of the nation he says:

"In the eastern United States the mineral fuels have already passed into the hands of large private owners, and those of the west are rapidly following. It is obvious that these fuels should be conserved and not wasted, and it would be well to protect the people against unjust and extortionate prices, so far as that can still be done. What has been accomplished in the great oil fields of the Indian Territory by the action of the administration offers i striking example of the good results of such a policy. In my judgment the government should have the right to keep the fee of the coal, oil and gas fields in its own possession and to lease the rights to develop them under proper regulations; or else, if the congress will not adopt this method, the coal deposits should be sold under lim itations, to conserve them as public utilities, the right to mine coal being separated from the title to the soll The regulations should permit coal lands to be worked in sufficient quantity by the several corporations. The present limitations have been absurd. excessive, and serve no useful purpose and often render II necessary that there should be either fraud or olse abandonment of the work of getting out the coal."

ize existing conditions, check progress, and increase the cost and lengthen the time of completing the canal. President Recommends

Postal Savings Banks.

"I commend to the favorable consideration of the congress a postal savings bank system, as recommended by the postmaster general. The primary object is to encourage among our peo ple economy and thrift and by the use of postal savings banks to give them will correct these evils, well and good; an opportunity to husband their but the nation must stand ready to aid. sources, particularly those who have not the facilities at hand for depositing their money in savings banks. Viewed, however, from the experience of the past few weeks, it is evident that the advantages of such an institution are still more far-reaching. Timid depos-itors have withdrawn their savings for the time being from national banks; individuals have hoarded their cash and the workingmen their earnings; all of which money has been withdrawn and kept in hiding or in the safe deposit box to the detriment of prosperity. Through the agency of the postal savings banks such money would be restored to the channels of trade, to the mutual benefit of capital and labor. "I further commend to the congress the consideration of the postmaster general's recommendation for an extension of the parcel post, especially on the rural routes. There are now 38,-215 rural routes, serving nearly 15,000.-000 people who do not have the ad. vantages of the inhabitants of cities in obtaining their supplies. These recommendations have been drawn up to benefit the farmer and the country storekeeper; otherwise, I should not favor them, for I believe that it is good policy for our government to do everything possible to aid the small town and the country district. It is desirable that the country merchant should not be crushed out.

"The fourth-class postmasters' convention has passed a very strong resolution in favor of placing the fourth-class postmasters under the civil-serv-The administration has al ready put into effect the policy of refusing to remove any fourth-class postmasters save for reasons connected with the good of the service; and it is endeavoring so far as possible to remove them from the domain of partisan politics. It would be a most desirable thing to put the fourth-class postmasters in the classified service.

He renews his recommendations of last year in regard to Alaska; calls attention to the admission of Oklahoma as a state; urges the importance of providing shipping relief for Hawail; asks for citizenship for Porto Ricans, and promises submission of Secretary Taft's report on Philippines when that fficial returns.

He asks for the creation of a bureau of mines; recommends the providing of funds for preserving The Hermitage. the home of Andrew Jackson; and the erection of a naval monument at Vicksburg.

Corporation Contributions to Compaign Expenses.

"Under our form of government voting is not merely a right but a duty, and, moreover, a fundamental and necessary duty if a man is to be a good citizen well to provide that corporations It is shall not contribute to presidential or national campaigns, and furthermore to provide for the publication of both contributions and expenditures. There is, owever, always danger in laws of this kind, which from their very nature are difficult of enforcement; the danger being lest they be obeyed only by the honcut, and disobeyed by the unscrupulous, so as to act only as a penalty upon honest men. Moreover, no such law would ham-per an unscrupulous man of unlimited means from buying his own way into office. There is a very radical measure which would, I believe, work a substantial improvement in our system of con ducting a campaign, although 1 am well aware that it will take some time for ople to so familiarize themselves with such a proposal as to be willing to con-sider its adoption. The need for collecting large campaign funds would vanish it congrous provided an appropriation for the proper and legitimate expenses of each of the great national parties, an appropriation ample enough to meet the necessity for thorough organization and

fact; yet seemingly it has already been forgotten, for not the slightest effort made to prepare a medical haa been corps of sufficient size to prevent the repetition of the same disaster on a much larger scale if we should ever be engaged in a serious conflict.

"But the medical department is not the only department for which increased pro-vision should be made. The rate of pay officers should be greatly infor the creased; there is no higher type of citizen than the American regular officer, and he should have a fair reward for his admirable work. There should be a relalively even greater increase in the pay for the calisted men. An especial provision should be made for establishing grades equivalent to those of warrant officers in the navy, which should be open to the enlisted men who serve sufficiently long and who do their work well. Inducements should be offered sufficient to encourage really good men to make the army a life occupation. The prime needs of our present army is to secure and retain comp tent noncommissioned officers. This difficulty rests fundamentally on the question of pay. The noncommissioned officer does not correspond with an unskilled laborer; he corresponds to the best type of skilled workman or to the subordinate official in civil institutions. Wages have greatly increased in outside occupations in the last 40 years and the pay of the soldier, like the pay of the officers, should be proportionalely increased. The first sergeant of a company, if a good man, must be one of such executive and administrative ability, and such knowledge of his trade, as to be worth far more than we at present pay him. The same is true of the regimental sergeant major. These men should be men who had fully resolved to make the army a life occupation and they should be able to look forward to ample reward; while only men properly qualified should be given a chance to secure these final rewards. The increase over the present pay need not be great in the lower grades for the first one or two enlistments, but the increase should be marked for the noncommissioned officers of the upper grades who serve long enough to make it evident that they intend to stay permanently in the army, while additional pay should be given for high qualifications in target practice.

"Among the officers there should be severe examinations to weed out the unfit up to the grade of major. From that position on appointments should be solely by selection and it should be understood that a man of merely av-erage capacity could never get beyond the position of major, while every man who serves in any grade a certain length of time prior to promotion to the next grade without getting the promotion to the next grade should be forthwith retired."

President Sees Need of

Largely Increased Navy,

The president asks for a continuous increase in the navy, and asks present congress for appropriations for four new battleships, and says:

"We need always to remember that in time of war the navy is not to be used to defend harbors and sea-coast cities; we should perfect our system of coast fortifications. The only efficient use for the navy is for offense. The only way in which it can efficiently protect our own coast against the possible action of a foreign navy is by destroying that foreign navy. For defense against a hostile fleet which actually attacks them, the coast cities must depend upon their forts, mines, torpedoes, submarines and torpedo boats and destroyers. All of these together are efficient for defensive purposes, but they in no way supply the place of a thoroughly efficient mayy capable of acting on the offensive; for parrying never yet won a fight. It can only be won by hard hiting, and an aggresalve sea-go-ing navy alone can do this hard hitting of the offensive type. But the forts and the like are necessary so that the navy may be foolloose. In time of war there is sure to be demand, un er pressure of fright, for the ships to be scattored so as to defend all kind of ports. inder penalty of terrible disaster, this demand must be refused. The ships must be kept together, and their objective made the enomies' fleet. If fortifications are sufficiently strong, no dern navy will venture to altack them, so long as the foe has in exist-ence a hostile navy of anything like the same alze or efficiency. But unless there exists such a navy then the fortifications are powerless by themselves to secure the victory. For of course the mere deficiency means that any resolute enemy can at his leisure combine all his forces upon one point with the certainty that he can take it.

Federal Control of Railroads Is Favored.

"No small part of the trouble that we have comes from carrying to an extreme the national virtue of self-reliance, of independence in initiative and action. It is wise to conserve this virtue and to provide for its fullest exercise, compatible with seeing that liberty does not become a liberty to wrong others. Unfortunately, this is the kind of liberty that the lack of all effective regulation inevitably breeds. The founders of the constitution provided that the national government should have complete and sole control of interstate commerce. There was then practically no interstate business such as was conducted by water, BRVC and this the national government at once proceeded to regulate in thoroughgoing and effective fashion. tions have now so wholly changed that the interstate commerce by water is insignificant compared with the amount that goes by land, and almost all big business concerns are now engaged in interstate commerce. As a result, It can be but partially and imperfectly controlled or regulated by the action of any one of the several states; such action inevitably tending to be either too drastic or else too lax, and in either case ineffective for purposes of justice. Only the national government can in thoroughgoing fashion exercise the needed control. This does not mean that there should be any extension of federal authority, for such authority already exists under the constitution in amplest and most far-reaching form; but it does mean that there should be an extension of federal activity. This It is is not advocating contralization. merely looking facts in the face, and realizing that centralization in business has already come and can not be avoided or undone, and that the public at large can only protect itself from cor tain evil effects of this business centralization by providing better methods for the exercise of control through the authority already centralized in the national government by the constitution itself. There must be no halt in the healthy constructive course of action which this nation has elected to pursue, and has steadily pursued, during the last six years, as shown both in the legislation of the congress and the administration of the law by the department of justice. The most vital need is in connection with the railroads. As to these, in my judgment there should now be either a national incorporation act or a law licensing railway companies to engage in interstate commerce upon certain conditions. The should be so framed as to give to the interstate commerce commission power to pass upon the future issue of securities, while ample means should be provided to enable the commission, whenever in its judgment it is necessary, to make a physical valuation of any failroad. As I stated in my message to the congress a year ago, railroads should be given power to enter into agreements, subject to these agreements being made public in minute detail and to

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Investing Public Should **Be Amply Safeguarded.** "The congress has the power to charter

corporations to engage in interstate and foreign commerce, and a general law car e enacted under the provisions of which existing corporations could take out federal charters and new federal corporations could be created. An essential provision of such a law should be a method of predetermining by some federal board or commission whether the applicant for a federal charter was an association or combination within the restrictions of the federal law. Provision should also h made for complete publicity in all matters affecting the public and complete protec-tion to the investing public and the shareholders in the matter of issuing corporate securities. If an incorporation law is doemed advisable, a license act for big interstate corporations might be enacted; a combination of the two might be tried. The supervision established might be analogous to that now exercised over national banks. At least, the antitrust act should be supplemented by specific prohibitions of the methods which experience has shown have been of most service in enabling monopolistic combinations to crush out competition. The real owners of a corporation should be pelled to do business in their own name. The right to hold stock in other corporations should heareafter be denied to interstate corporations, unless on approval by the proper government officials, and prerequisite to such approval should be the listing with the government of owners and stockholders, both by the corporation owning such stock and by the corporations in which such stock m owned.

"To confer upon the national goverment, in connection with the amendment I advocate in the antitrust law, power of supervision over big business concerns engaged in interstate commerce, wowid benefit them as it has benefited the national banks. In the recent business crisis it is noteworthy that the institutions which falled were institutions which were not under the supervision and control of the national government. Those which were under national control stood the test.

"National control of the kind above advocated would be to the benefit of every well-managed rallway. From the stand point of the public there is need for additional tracks, aditional terminals, and improvements in the actual handling of the railroads, and all this as rapidly as possible, Ample, safe, and speedy transportation facilities are even more nicessary than 'cheap transportation. There fore, there is need for the investment of money which will provide for all these things while at the same time securing as fas as is possible better wages and shorter hours for their employes. Therefore, while there must be just and reasonable regulation of rates, we should be the first to protest against any arbitrary and unthinking movement to cut them down without the fullest and most careful consideration of all interests concorned and of the actual needs of the Only a special body or men acting for the national government under authority conferred upon it be the congress is competent to pass judgment on such a matter.

Greater Elastleity in

Currency In Urged. The president quotes extensively from his last message in dealing with the di-

Progress of the Work On the Panama Canal.

"Work on the Panama canal is proceeding in a highly satisfactory manner. In March the total excavation in the Culebra Cut, where effort was chiefly concentrated, was \$15,270 cubic yards. In April this was increased to 879,527 cubic yards. There was a considerable decrease in the output tor May and June owing partly to the advent of the rainy season and partly to temporary trouble with the shovel men over the question of wages. This trouble was settled satisfactorily to all parties and in July the total ex cavation advanced materially and in August the grand total from all points in the canal prism by steam shovels and dredges exceeded all previous United States records, reaching 1.274, 404 cubic yards. In September this rec ord was eclipsed and a total of 1,517 412 cubic yards was removed. Of this amount 1,451,207 cubic yards were from the canal prism and 36,105 cubic yards were from accessory works. These results were achieved in the rainy season with a rainfall in August of 11.59 inches and in September of 11.65 inches. Finally, in October, the record Was again eclipsed, the total excavation be ing 1.565,729 cubic yards; a truly extraordinary record, especially in of the heavy rainfall, which was 17.1 inches. In fact, experience during the last two miny seasons demonstrates that the rains are a less serious obstacle to progress than has hitherto been supposed.

"Work on the locks and dams at Gatun, which began actively in March last, has advanced so far that it is thought that masonry work on the locks can be begun within 15 months.

"Last winter blds were requested and received for doing the work of canal construction by contract. None of them was found to be satisfactory and all were rejected. It is the unanimous opinion of the present commission that the work can be done better, more cheaply, and more quickly by the government than by private contractors. Fully 80 per cent, of the entire plant needed for construction has been purchased or contracted for; machine shops have been erected and equipped for making all needed repairs to the plant; many thousands of employee have been secured; an effective organization has been perfected; a recruiting system is in operation which is capable of furnishing more labor than can be used advantageously; employes 874 well sheltered and well fed; salaries paid are satisfactory, and the work is not only going forward smoothly, but it is producing results far in advance of the most sanguine anticipations. Under these favorable conditions. change in the method of prosecuting the work would be unwise and unjusti-

machinery, which requires a large ox. penditure of money. Then the stipula-tion should be made that no party reeiving campaign funds from the treasury should accept more than a fixed amount from any individual subscriber or donor; and the necessary publicity for receipts and expenditures could without difficulty be provided."

Wants Improvement in the Ocean Mail Service.

"I call your especial attention to the un satisfactory condition of our foreign mail service, which, because of the lack of American steamship lines, is now largely done through foreign lines, and which, particularly so far as South and Central America are concerned, is done in a manner which constitutes a serious barrier to the extensions of our commerce.

"The time has come, in my judgment, to set to work seriously to make our ocean mall service correspond more closely with our recent commercial and political development. A beginning was made by the ocean mail act of March 3, 1891, but even at that time the act was nown to be inadequate in various particulars. Since that time events Dave moved rapidly in our history. We have acquired Hawail, the Philippines, and lesser islands in the Pacific. We are steadily prosecuting the great work of uniting at the Isthmus the waters of the Atlantic and the Pacific. To a greater extent than seemed probably even a dozen years ago we may look to American future on the sea worthy of the tradition of our past. As the first step in that direction, and the step most feasible at the present time, I recommend the extension of the ocean mail act of That act has stood for some years 1691. free from successful criticism of its principle and purpose. It was based on theories of the obligations of a great maritime nation, undisputed in our own land and followed by other nations since the beginning of steam navigation. Briefly those theories are, that it is the duty of a first-class power so far as practicable to carry its ocean mails under its own flag; that the fast ocean steamships and their crews, required for such mail serv-ice, are valuable auxiliaries to the sea power of a nation. Furthermore, the construction of such steamships insures the maintenance in an efficient condition of the shipyards in which our battleships must be built.

"The expenditure of public money for the performance of such necessary func tions of government is certainly warranted, nor is it necessary to dwell upon the incidental benefits to our foreign commerce, to the shipbuilding industry, and to ship owning and navigation which will accompany the discharge of these urgent public duties, though they, too, should have weight."

Asks Increase in Pay

for Army Officers and Men. The president devotes much space to the affairs of the army, and strongly urges that our regular military organ be kept up to the highest possible

atandard of efficiency, and says: "The medical corps should be much greater than the needs of our regular army in war. Yet at present it is smallor than the needs of the service demand even in peace. The Spanish war curred less than ten years ago. The chief loss we suffered in it was by discase among the regiments which never left the country. At the moment the fable, for it would inevitably disorgan- | nation seemed deeply impressed by this

Gives Reasons for Despatch

Of Fleet to the Pacific.

"Until our battle fleet is much larger than at present it should never he split into detachments so far apart that they could not in event of emergency be speedily united. Our coast line is on the Pacific just as much as on the Atlantic. The interests of California, Oregon and Washington are as emphatically the interests of the whole union as those of Maine and New York. of Louisiana and Texas. The battle fleet should now and then be moved to the Pacific, just as at other times it should be kept in the Atlantic. When the isthmian canal is built the transit of the battle fleet from one ocean to the other will be comparatively easy. Until it is built I earnestly hope that the battle fleet will be thus shifted between the two oceans every year or two. The marksmanship on all our ships has improved phenomenally ing the last five years. Until within the last two or three years it was not possible to train a battle fleet in squadron maneuvers under service conditions. and it is only during these last two or three years that the training under these conditions has become really effective. Another and most necessary stride in advance is now being taken. the battle fleet is about starting by the Straits of Magellan to visit , the Pacific coast. Sixteen battleships are going under the command of Rear Admiral Evans, while eight armored cruisers and two other battleships will meet him at San Francisco, whither certain torpedo destroyers are also going. No fleet of such size has ever made such a voyage, and it will be of very great educational use to all engaged in it. The only way by which to teach officers and men how to handle the fleet so as to meet every possible strain and emergency in time of war is to have them practice under similar conditions in time of peace. Moreover, the only way to find out our actual needs is to perform in time of peace whatever maneuvers might be necessary in time of war. After war is de-clared it is too late to find cut the needs; that means to invite disaster. The trip to the Pacific will show what some of our needs are and will enable us to provide for them. The proper place for an officer to learn his duty is at sea, and the only way in which a navy can ever be made efficient is by practice at sea, under all the conditions which would have to be met if war existed."

He reviews the work accomplished by the second peace conference at The Hague; notes the improvement of affairs in Cuba, and the preparations being made to recetablish the government of the island republic; anks permission to can 1 the remainder China's indomnity obligation to us, and reviews the effect of Secretary Root's visit to Mexico.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT. The White House, December 3, 1997.



NO APPETITE,

USED PE-RU-NA.

MGHT SWEATS,

RS. LIZZIE LOHR, 1155 W. 13th St., Chicago, Ill., writes:

"I take pleasure in writing you these few lines, thinking there may be other women suffering the same as I did. "I had my complaints for over a year.

night sweats all winter and no appetite. I was run-down so far that I had to sit down to do my cooking, I was so weak.

any good. The doctors wanted to operate on me.

"At last I wrote to Dr. Hartman. I told him just exactly how I was, and he told me what alled me and how I should

take Peruna. "I did as he told me for four months, and now I am all cured.

"No one can tell how thankful I am to him, as I had given up all hopes of

amail children who depend on my sup-port. I work all day and seldom get gator. tlred

"I took five bottles of Peruna in all. "Any woman wishing to know more about my case may write to me and I will gladly tell all about it. "I thank Dr. Hartman for what he

has done for me

A Sensitive Soul.

Owen Mudge was a very sensitive man. More than once at a harsh word packed in a trunk and valise, which he had forsaken profitable work and the murderers were trying to dispose gone home for sympathy to his wife. of when the crime was discovered. One morning Owen started out to help Glenn Butler, who had bought a new stump-pulling machine and was preparing to clear a field.

Toward noon Owen came back, Mrs. Mudge sighed and waited sympathetically for the explanation.

"I just couldn't stand it," said Owen, rubbing his jaw. "When I see that launched at a notable banquet in this stump-puller twist them roots out, it city Wednesday aight when the Pennreminded me so of the times I went sylvania Republican congressional to the dentiat to get back teeth ex- delegation placed itself squarely on limp as a rag, and I just ached all senator as President Roosevelt's suchad to quit."-Youth's Com- cessor. panion.

are plainly printed on each package of Sibley, of Pennsylvania, to the Penn-Defiance Stareh, Men's Collars and Cuffs can be made just as stiff as desired, with either gloss or domestic thusiastically by his colleagues in finish. Try it, 16 oz. for 10c, sold by all good grocers.

GOOLDS CONVICTED PRODUCTIVE POWER OF

WIFE IS HELD MOST GUILTY AND SENTENCED TO DEATH.

LENIENCY FOR HUSBAND

He is Doomed to Life Imprisonment-The Prisoners Slew Emma Levin at Monte Carlo,

Monte Carlo -- After a speedy trial before the superior court of Monaco, Vero St. Leger Goold and his wife, Marie, were convicted Wednesday of the murder of Emma Levia here last summer.

The court found that Mrs. Goold was the chief instigator of the crime and sentenced her to death by the guillotine, and that Goold was less responsible because under the influence of liquor at the time the murder was committed, and sentenced him to imprisonment for life.

Crowds which had gathered within and without the building received the announcement of the conviction with great excitement, applause following the rendering of the verdict.

Goold and his wife left Monte Carlo early last August, going to Marsellies. A hotel porter in that city noticed "I tried many different medicines and blood oozing from a trunk which the doctors also. Nothing second to do me two had brought with them and when two had brought with them and when they drove off with the trunk he notified the police and their arrest followed.

Statements as to the facts in the case were at great variance. Goold himself confeased that he committed the murder and that his wife had nothing to do with it. The police did not put much faith in his story and as the ever getting well again. "I am a widow and the mother of six case was presented to the court his

> The evidence went to show that Emma Levin, who was possessed of considerable jeweiry and some money, had been invited to visit the Goolds who were in needy circumstances. There she was killed and later a quantity of her lowelry was found in the possession of Goold and his wife. Her body was dismembered and

KNOX'S BOOM LAUNCHED.

Pennsylvania Congressmen Indorse His Candidacy for Presidency.

Washington .- The boom of Senator Philander C. Knox, of Pennsylvania for the presidency, was formally tracted. The first thing I knew I was record in favor of the Pennsylvania

The occasion was a dinner given By following the directions, which by former Representative Joseph C. sylvania delegation in congress. Mr. Knox's candidacy was halled most encongress, Representative Burke, of Pennsylvania, was the first speaker, and his remarks evoked frequent applause.

WESTERN CANADA SOIL

Winnipeg Correspondence.

There has never been any who have doubted the productiveness of the soil of Western Canada, but there are sometimes found those who question the fact of its superiority. During the past season it has been shown that in grain raising qualities it possessed the very best. The late spring prevented grain being sown in many cases before the middle of May. Yet, a large percentage of that sown at that time produced excellent yields. Had it not been for the frost early in August, which visited most of the north half of the continent, there would have been a magnificent yield in every district in Western Canada, Throughout the Southern Alberta district where, about 100,000 acres was sown to wintor wheat the yield will be enormously large. There are vast tracts of valuable grain growing land in Western Canada that are available for homesteads, the Canadian Government giving 160 acres free, and entry may be made by proxy, by any near relative, thus saving considerable cost to the American who may have entry made in this way. Any Canadian Government Agent will give you the particulars.

Your correspondent has just re-Saskatchewan, which bears out the this letter.

"Cralk, Sask., Aug. 1907. "May 24th we planted a Dahlia root,

which we brought with us from Minneapolis. Aug. 12th, 80 days later, it was in bloom. The plant is now 41/2 feet high and covered with blossoms. We never got half as many flowers on it in Minneapolis, even during September and October, although we had more time to attend to it there."

I mention this only as an example of the great productive power of the soil here in Saskatchewan, Canada.

Best He Could Do.

It was his first circuit, and, morewho was a better known than respected burglar. In an interval he approached a veteran member of the bar and sought for advice. "And how long do you think I

ought to make my speech to the jury, sir?" he finished up.

"I should say about an hour," said the old hand.

"An hour! Why, I thought ten minutes would be ample! Why so long?"

"Well," said his adviser, "you see, they can't sentence him till you'ro finished, and the longer you talk the longer he'll be out of jail!"-Stray Stories.

Going to Be Fined.

When George Ade was a newspaper reporter he was sent to "write up" an Irish laborer who had fallen from a building. When Mr. Ade arrived on the scene, several officers and others were helping the injured man into the ambulance. Mr. Ade pulled out his pad and pencil. "What's his name?" he asked one of the policemen.

CONTAGION A QUESTION OF PREVENTION

Sinks, drains, eating and cooking utensils, sick room linen and clothing frequently carry the dreaded discasegerm unnoticed by the household.

Thorough and hygicale cleansing is the best safeguard against infection, and such a safeguard is found in the universal household necessity-Borax.

This simple preventive carries in itself, disinfecting qualities which enter the fabric or act upon the article to be cleansed in a hygicale manner, eliminating every unwholesome property, rendering it contagion-proof, while at the same time Boraz is of itself as harmless as salt.

Unlike most disinfectants which depend upon their strength of odor or harmful-to-the-system qualities, to arrest or prevent contagion, Borax is Nature's remedy, being easy to obtain and easy to apply, a simple solution in hot water being all the application necessary and requiring no prescription, it can be obtained from any grocer or druggist in convenient, economical household packages,

In addition to its disinfecting qualities, Borax is especially a household necessity, and can be used for softening water, cleansing and whitening clothes, clearing the skin, whitening hands, makes an excellent dandruff remover and can be used on the finest ceived the following letter from Cralk, laces or most delicate fabrics without injury, while as an adjunct to the statement made in the first part of bath it removes all odor of perspiration and leaves the skin soft and velvety.

AS SHE HAD BEEN ORDERED.

Domestic Cleared Everything Left Over Out of the Ice Box.

There recently entered the service of a Cleveland family a domestic of Scandinavian origin. She had never seen a refrigerator before, and the lady of the house, after initiating her into its mysteries, instructed her never to leave anything old or left over in the ice-box, but to keep the refrigerator perfectly clean and fresh over, he had to defend his first client, by throwing the old things away each morning.

The very next day the mistress, looking out of the window, observed something peculiar in the yard.

"What is that, Sophie?" she asked. 'And how did it get there?"

"That is old ice, ma'am," was the proud response, "left over from yesterday. I t'rew it away lake you tol' me."-Harper's Weekly.

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. INDICTED.

Charged with Using Mails to Defraud and in Misrepresenting Articles Sold.

Des Moines, Ia .- (Special) -Sears, Roebuck & Co, of Chicago have been charged with using the mails to defraud. The indictment is on three counts. It is alleged that the company misrepresented articles in its catalogues sent through the mails. The first count charges that on June 13, 1907, the company devised a scheme to obtain money by false pretenses from Dr. C. F. Spring of Des Moines by selling him white lead that Sears-Roebuck claim to have made. The indictment alleges it was made by others. A second count is on a ring bought by R. H. Miles, and the third count is the sending of another ring, alleged to have been misrepresented, through the mails,

Caught Whiskers in Safe. In locking his safe the other night prior to his going home for supper George Edgemont, a paperhanger who lives at Jefferson street and Hermitage lane, Manayunk, shut the safe door upon his flowing whiskers and was held until released by his daughter, says the Philadelphia Inquirer. Edgemont had been out collecting

bills during the day. Returning to his office he opened his safe and placed the money in it. He then threw the door shut, catching the end of his heard in the door. In the excitement incident to his odd predicament he forgot the combination and so could not release himself. With his chin resting on the safe he was discovered about an hour after the accident by his daughter, who came to find what had delayed him. The safe was broken open by a locksmith,

The True Home.

Homes are not built of brick and mortar. It is the people, not the places, that make the homes; the face of a smilling woman, the patter of tiny feet and the music of children's voices, aye, even the barking of a dog and the human look of joy at our coming bring us the nameless charm that we

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS.

of valuable time in trying to make mountains out of mole hills.

The statesman leads the masses The masses lead the politician.

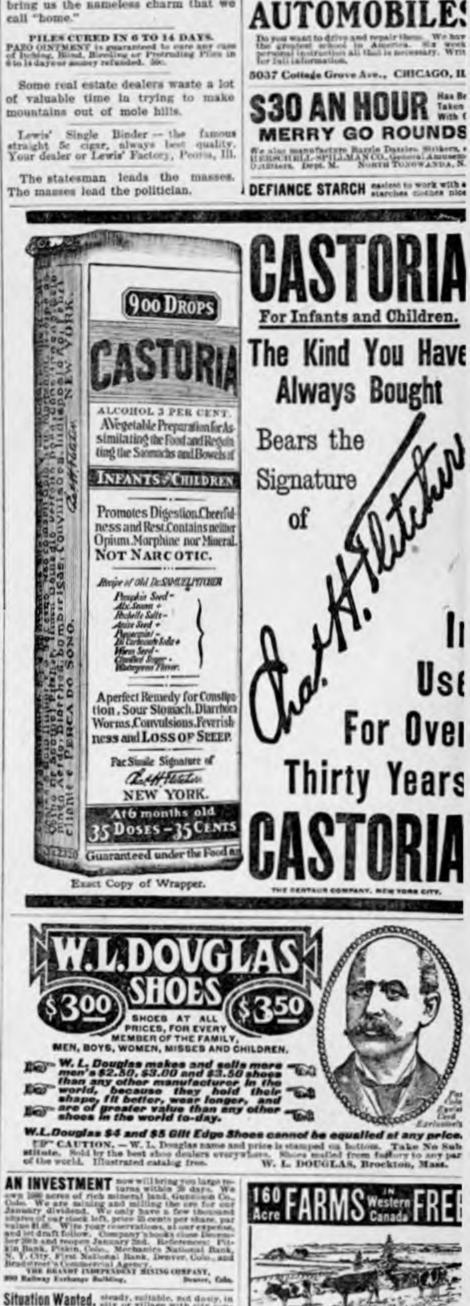


General Demand

of the Well-Informed of the World h always been for a simple, pleasant ar efficient liquid laxative remedy of know value; a laxative which physicians could sanction for family use because its con ponent parts are known to them to ! wholesome and truly beneficial in effec acceptable to the system and gontle, y prompt, in action.

In supplying that demand with its e cellent combination of Syrup of Figs as Elixir of Senna, the California Fig Syru Co. proceeds along ethical lines and reli on the merits of the laxative for its remar able success.

That is one of many reasons wl Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna is give the preference by the Well-Informe To get its beneficial effects always be the genuine-manufactured by the Ca fornia Fig Syrup Co., only, and for as by all leading druggists. Price fifty cer per bottle.



Japanese Men Outnumber Women.

Japan is one of the few countries where the men outnumber the women. The ratio there is 980 to 1,000.

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE" That is LAXATIVE BROWD OULSINE. Look for the dynamics of E. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Lux. Br.

Nnagara Falls as a power generaling plant is worth \$46,000,000 a year.

Smokers appreciate the quality value of Lewis' Single Binder eight. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoris, Ill.

The Bank of England employs 1,000 persons.



SICK HEADACHE Positively cured by CARTER'S these Little Pills. They also relieve Distressfrom Dyspepsia, In-ITLE ER Catlug. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nau-sen, Drowniness, Bad PILLS Taste in the Mouth, Coatd Tongue, Pain in the side, TOEPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.



HENRY O. HAVEMEYER DIES.

Head of Sugar Refining Company Passes Away.

New York .-- Henry Osborne Havemeyer, president of the American Sugar Rofiniug company, died Wednesday, at his country home, Merrivale Stock Farm, at Commack, L. L. of heart failure, following an attack of acute indigestion on Thanksgiving day. From the first the patient's heart | tered. was affected and his condition was critical, Resort to the use of oxygen to prolong life was had a few hours before the end. When death came Mrs. Havemeyer, her son Horace and her daughter Electra and Dr. L. C. Frisbell, were at the bedside.

FORMER MAYOR IS FINED.

Pays \$100 for Not Enforcing Sunday Cleaing in St. Cloud.

St. Cloud, Minn .- State Senator J. C. Robinson was fined \$100 Wednesday on the charge of malfeasance in office when he was mayor of this city over a year ago. The prosecution was the result of the failure of Robinson, as mayor, to enforce the Sunday closing law. The fine was paid.

Dies as Did His Father.

St. Joseph, Mo,-In response to a telephone message from E. V. Moorehouse, who said he was in trouble, Dr. Koch, of Maryville, Mo., went to з. the Moorehouse home in this city Igestion and Too Hearty Wednesday afternoon and found Mr. Moorehouse dead on the floor, one bullet hole in his right temple and another near the heart. There is no motive known for his suicide. He was 30 years old. He was the son of former Gov. A. P. Moorehouse, who killed himself in Maryville September 31, 1891, by shooting.

Recover Child from Gypaies.

St. Louis .- Ily means of a writ of habeas corpus secured from the Clayton county circuit court, Autonio Thompson and his wife, of Los Angeles, Cal., Wednesday secured presession of their 16-year-old daughter Marte from a band of gypsies encamped on the western outskirts of FOR SOLDIERS AND HEIRS desait soldiers and watere was served W days an will and bein and with however soldier in dead, his mean will, Talk to sold source in dead, his mean will, Talk to sold source in dead, his mean will, Talk to sold source in dead, his mean will, Talk to sold source in dead, his mean will, Talk to sold source in dead, his mean will make mean engry means W mit as foresh the way and have engry means thand, any and make mean engry means thand, any and make means engry means will be and spent practically all their money in search-ing for her.

The injured man, who had heard Ade and who mistook him for the timekeeper employed by the contractor, rolled his eyes in a disgusted way.

"What d'ye think o' that?" he muttered. "I'm goin' to be docked for the few minutes I lose goin' to the hospital!"-Success.

Was Holding His Own.

A wealthy man, revisiting his native village, was telling his old cronies around the store stove how he had achieved his great success. At the close of his recital an old village character that he had known as a boy en-

"How are you, Tom?" said the great man, holding out his hand. "And how have you been getting along all these years."

The old fellow shifted his quid and spar.

"Wa'al," he said, "when I hit this town more'n 40 years ago I didn't have a red cent, an' now-wa'al, I guess I'm holdin' my own all right."

BEGAN YOUNG.

Had "Coffee Nerves" from Youth.

"When very young I began using coffee and continued up to the past six months," writes a Texas girl.

"I had been exceedingly ne.vous thin and very sallow. After quitting coffee and drinking Postum Food Coffee about a month my nervousness disappeared and has never returned. This is the more remarkable as I am a Primary leacher and have kept right on with my work.

"My complexion now is clear and rosy, my skin soft and smooth. As a good complexion was something I had greatly desired, I feel amply repaid even tho this wore the only benefit derived from drinking Postum.

"llefore beginning its use I had suffered greatly from indigestion and headache; these troubles are now unknown.

"Best of all, I changed from coffee to Postum without the slightest inconvenience, did not even have a headache. Have known coffee drinkers who were visiting me, to use Postum a week without being aware that they were not drinking coffee.

"I have known several to begin the use of Postum and drop it because they did not boll it properly. After explaining how it should be prepared they have tried it again and pronounced it delicious."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read the booklet, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

The Worst Was Yet to Come.

A southern pulpit orator, one Sunday morning, was describing the experience of the prodigal son. In his endeavor to impress his heavers with the shame and remorse that this young man felt and his dealre to cast away his wicked doings, he spoke thus:

"Dis young man got to thinking about his meanness and his misory, and he tuk off his coat and frowed it away. And den he tuk off his vest and frowed dat away. And den he tuk off his shirt and frowed dat away too. And den he come to hisself."

Starch, like everything else, is being constantly improved, the patent Starches put on the market 25 years ago are very different and inferior to those of the present day. In the latest discovery-Defiance Starch-all injurious chemicals are omitted, while the addition of another ingredient, invented by us, gives to the Starch a strength and smoothness never approached by other brands.

a mind of her own.

marriage, but she hasn't any more.



Typical Farm Scene, Showing Stock Raising WESTERN CAN

Some of the choicest lands for grain growi took raising and mixed farming in the new d Iricis of Maskatchewan and Alberta cently been Opened for Settlement under the

Revised Homestead Regulation

Entry may now be made by proxy (on certi-conditions), by the father, mother, son, dau-ier, brother or sinter of an intending her stender. Thousands of homesteads of 100 ac each are thus now easily available in the great grain-growing, stock-raising and mix farming sections.

There you will find healthful climate, go neighbors, churchas for family worship, scho-for your children, good laws, spiendid croj and railroads convenient to market.

Entry fee in each case is \$10.00. For pamy let, "Last Best West," particulars as for at routes, best time to go and where to loca

C. J. BEODGHTON, Reem 430 Quincy Bidg., Chicago, I W. H. BOGERS, third Boos, Traction Terminal Bid Indianapolis, Ind.; ar T. O. CURET, Room 12 Caliahan Black, Nilwaukan, Wis.

PATENTS and TRADE MARKS ALEXANDER & DOWELL, familiary

TENTS Torner, Winshington, D.C. Adve

MAXINKUCKEE MURMURS.

A. G. Stevens and wife are visit. ing Geo. Packer in Mishawaka.

Geo. Peeples and family were guests of John Peeples Sunday. The Rectors and Parkers spent Verl Brugh and family took din Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Geo. ner at Wm. Monesmith's Sunday.

Garver.

Chicago visited over Sunday with ard. Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Marks. Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Spangler died Sunday and was buried on visited Friday with Dr. I. L. Bab- Tuesday.

cock and family in Rochester.

structing a two story laundry and wife. building for the Palmer House. Mr. Br Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Bigley at-

tended the Stock show and visited Edgington's. G. T. Bigley at Chicago last week.

Mrs. Robecca Landis and daughter Jennie have gone to Tyner to Mrs. B. Starkey Sunday. spend several weeks with Mrs. Landis' father, Robert Bengles.

The Lady Maccabces elected the following officers for the ensuing year: P. Com., Bertha Alerding; Com., Orlena Thompson; Lient Com., Daisy Myers; R. K. Amy Pontins; F. K., Maggie Spangler; Chap., Martha Poutius; Sgt, Carrie Zumbaugh; M. at A., Lucy Scott; Sen., Minerva Stevens; Pick., Milly Garver. The first re-view in January will be installation. Every member is requested to be present. Refreshments will be served.

NORTH BEND NOTES.

home for a vacation.

Sunday with Mr. Barley.

visited friends in our locality last ent. week.

Some of the farmers in our vi. cinity are in the hog killing busi- matism. ness this week

Sunday at Bass lake, the guests of Will Ramy of Burr Oak moved Will Ramy of Burr Oak moved

truant officer were in our corner erty Monday. last week on business.

waka last week to visit his daugh- family Sunday. ter. Mrs. Grace Singer.

The candidates in our township are keeping the muddy roads pat- day while waiting train. ted down to a mixture this bad can cool off.

WEST WASHINGTON.

Anna Kline.

Ella Krieg spent Sunday with Cora Burkett.

Elva Loudon was the guest of Dollie Kline Sunday.

William Kline and family took

dinner at B. A. Curtis' Sunday. Chester Easterday was a caller at J. L. Scheuerman's Sunday.

MOUNT HOPE MAGNETS.

Mrs. Wm. Hay's condition remains the same.

from Renssalear Thursday.

Clarence Richard is visiting his

R. Anderson of North Germany Hand's grocery.

Mrs. Nora Goodman and boys

Fred Thompson has been con- took dinner with Geo. Sturgeon

Mr. Brubaker and family of near Leiters spont Sunday at Issac

Cland Hay and family of near Delong took dinner with Mr. and

Elisworth Edgington and sisters Della and Myrtle took dinner with Emma Miller of near Monterey Sunday.

Chas. Meiser and Mr. Lucas of Rochester college spont Saturday and Sunday with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Meiser.

HIBBARD HAPPENINGS.

Pearl Borror has a steady. Corn shredding is a thing of the past in this vicinity.

Ora O'Blenis' mother of Leiter's visited him last week.

Jake Lytle is laid up with enlargement of the liver.

Walter Lichtenberger went to Jacob and Frank Wagner are at see his best girl Sunday evening.

S E. Wise and family spent Mr. Snavely and family visited Sunday evening at G. A. Nelson's. unday with Mr. Barley. Mrs. C. D. Andreas' mother of Mrs. Jonas Stepler of Converse Pierceton is visiting her at pres-

> Mrs. Charles Shearer is reported quite sick with inflammatory rhou-

Frank Voreis and Bert and wife Harry Leopold and family spent were the guests of their mother on

Trustee James Terry and the into the Olie Lichtenberger prop-

James Shearer and family were J. F. Chapman went to Misha- the guests of Charles Shearer and

Gien Cox and family spent a few hours with Mrs. S. S. Reed Mon-

A number of Donaldson folks weather. The election comes off were down helping M. J. Livingnext Saturday and then the roads house do the butchering act Satur-

day S. E. Wise and family and Ollie Clemons and family and F. Brooke Ola Krieg spent Sunday with and wife were guests at Julius Clemons' Sunday.

POPLAR GROVE PELLETS.

The A. Dinsmores were Sunday guests of Tennis Mattix.

C. E. Hibray and wife visited at I. C. Brooke's Sunday.

Francis Kriegenbum has moved into the house belonging to Mrs. Philip Pontius. Mrs. B. A. Curlis and baby Warren spent Monday with Mrs. Caroline Snider.

Notice

lo lge, No. 231, K. of P., of Culver, tice, the postoffice will be open at ceive reward. Arthur Hartle returned home of the year of 1907 elect one trus- the mail can be distributed, and tee to serve a term of three years. Verl Brugh and family took din- 2t F. C. BAKER, K. of R. and S.

Special inducements to church-

Notice to the Public. Is hereby given that Marmont On Sundays, until further no-Ind., will on the last meeting night, 5 o'clock, or as soon thereafter as

will remain open one hour. B. W. S. WISEMAN, P. M.

If you want to hear all the pop-Sherman Warner and family of parents, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Rich- es. Sunday schools, schools and ular music of the world get an Ed. teachers in candies, fruits, etc., at ison phonograph of W. S. Easterday.

Lost-A ladies' pocket book. Finder leave at this office and ra-

Go to Slattory's and see the splendid display of holiday goods.

Buy your Christmas candies. fruits, etc., at Hand's grocery.

Fresh candice in large quantities for Christmas celebrations at lowest possible prices at Hand's grocery.

If you need furniture call on W. S. Easterday and get prices before buying.



A few of the many suitable articles you will find at our store. Practical and sensible presents.

Culver Department Store

Christmas Gifts

Rocking Chairs, all the way from ... \$1.50 to \$12.00 Children's Rockers \$1.00 to \$2.50 Dining Room Chairs, per set. \$6.00 to \$12.00

Silverware, Knives, Forks and Spoons at very lowest prices. Water Sets, Mirrors, Chamber Sets, Razors, Umbrella Racks, Pictures, Ironing Boards, Washing Machines, and many other articles that you ought to see before you buy. Don't throw your money away, but come here and buy something useful.

THIS TICKET IS WORTH 10 CENTS

The Culver Department Store

GOOD UNTIL JANUARY 1, 1908

On every Dollar's Worth of Goods bought at

Clara Burkett and Alfred Alspach took Sunday dinner at Clera Curtis.

Services were well attended Sunday night. They will continue the rest of the week.

OAK GROVE DAIRY.

Harvey Good of Rochester was in this vicinity Sunday visiting old friends.

Monday.

Don't forget the box social and fish pond at Center school Thursday evening, Dec. 12.

The Misses Bertha and Laura Fechner entertained company from Culver and Rochester Sunday.

Protracted meeting is in progress at Antioch. Rev. Russell of Knox is assisting the minister, Mr. Sheff.

Mrs. Carl Fechner slipped and strained her ankle one day last week so severely that she has been unable to walk.

Geo. Casper, Owen Doyle, Gust Fell and John Chaney are all candidates for supervisor for road district No. 4. All the candidates are wondering who will get Mr. Borg's vote.

occurred from pneumonia, was buried in the Center graveyard Satur-day. The funeral was conducted Mrs. S. W by Rev. Meredith of Monterey at the sick list. the home of the deceased. Mrs. Feehner was 52 years, 7 months tended Sunday. and 4 days old. She leaves a husband, two sons and six daughters, daughter, Mrs. S. E. Geiselman. besides other relatives and friends to mourn her loss.

The finest line of holiday goods ever seen in my store is now ready tained a for inspection. T. E. Slattery.

CULVER MARKE	TS.
Egga	
Butter (good)	
do (common)	G
Port.	
Fowls	.(
Roosters	.(
Ducks	.06
Turkeys	.1
Lard	
(By the Culver City Grain and)	Coal Co.)
Wheat, new	.8
Oats (new)	.4
Corn (sound, not chaffy)	.4
Rye	.7
Clover Soud	8.7
Clover Seed	0.1

Stella Pontius came over from South Bend Sunday to visit the family of Russell Lowry.

Wm. Myers and wife entertained a few friends in honor of Hollis Mattix and bride Sunday. The Roy Wickizers were Sunday

Miss Marie Falchenberg of Chi-cago visited at the Center school ver. parents of Mrs. Wickizer.

Ernest Benedict, who has been living near Streator, Ill., for several years, moved to his father's farm Tuesday.

Russell Lowry and family of Fargo, N. D., arrived at J. A. Lowry's Saturday for a week's visit with home folks.

John Stayton's family and their guests from Iowa were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Cross of Maxinkuckee.

Mrs. Mary Hissong and daughters Carrie and Lucy and Mrs. Caroline Snider and daughter were at J. Hacker's Friday to visit with Grandma Hissong before her return to Fort Wayne where she will make her home with a granddaughter.

Mrs. Ida Fechner, whose death NORTH UNION NUGGETS. Miss Roth Cast Revival meetings continue. Mrs. S. Williams has been on

Quarterly meeting was well at-

Grandma Ipreg is visiting her Mae Cooper and Ruth Castleman made a business trip to Knox Thursd

Frank oseph and family enterimber of young people inntiny. at dinne

Rev. Oyler, Rev. Hutchinson and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Grover Castleman, Pearl Sickman, Luke Burkett and Wilder Cox took dinner with Wm Castleman Sunday. If you have pictures to frame for Christmas take them to W.S.

Easterday. Come early and make your selection of choice Christmas candies. Pure stock and most attractive makes. At Hand's grocery. Everything for Christmas at T. 5 E. Slattery's.

AGREATOFFER

One Day Only--Saturday, Dec. 14

WINTER WRAPS REDUCED

All our Ladies', Misses' and Children's Coats at half-price

All our	\$15.00	Coats	go	at			•	•	\$7.50
All our	\$10.00	Coats	go	at					\$5.00
All our	\$5.00 (Coats g	jo a	t.					\$2.50

Price Cutting in all Lines for Saturday

Dress Goods at 10 per cent. discount. Calicos at 5c per yard. Men's \$3.00 Hats at \$2.15. Men's \$2.00 Hats, \$1.55. Come early and get choice.

