

PERSONAL POINTERS

Brief Mention of Culverites and Their Friends Who Have Come and Gone

Otto Stabenow made a business trip to Chicago this week.

Mrs. Dr. Wiseman visited her son in Lakeville over Sunday.

Mrs. George Voreis is recovering from an attack of the grip.

M. H. Foss and wife have gone to Winamac for a week's visit.

Comrade Leonard Wilson returned Saturday from his Arkansas trip.

Mrs. George Smith and several of the children are sick with the grip.

Abel Rea of the auditor's office in Knox visited his brother, Dr. Rea, this week.

Wm. Foss, who is working in North Judson, has been in town for the past week.

Miss Lorma Howard, who has been threatened with pneumonia this week, is improving.

Eliza Hawkins, who is a street car conductor in South Bend, spent Sunday with home folks.

John L. Moorman of Knox has been re-elected a member of the republican state central committee.

Mrs. Pratt of Paw Paw, Ill., returned home last Thursday after visiting her sister, Mrs. Frank Pulver.

Tim Wolf returned last week from Colorado where he has spent the past year among the mountains. He intends to remain in Culver.

Mrs. Elnora Hibray, a resident on the east side of the lake for the past forty years, will remove next week to Plymouth to reside with her daughter, Mrs. Scott Hendricks.

Garland Bogardus was out on Saturday after a month's illness with heart trouble which attacked him at Cleveland. He was compelled to stop off at Mishawaka a couple of weeks before he was able to continue his journey.

Dr. Rea and H. H. Blakely of Lyons, Kas., have been renewing an old friendship this week and re-visiting memories of their young manhood days when they were both members of the 82d Ohio volunteers in the war of the rebellion.

Both were captured on July 1, 1863, in the first day's siege of Gettysburg, and after being taken to Staunton, Va., preparatory to confinement in Libby, made their escape one night from the prison camp, crawling between two lines of guards. They tramped 125 miles before reaching the Union lines. Mr. Blakely's home town has 2,100 population and is the location of a rock salt mine employing 120 men. It is down 1,300 feet where the bed of salt is more than 300 feet thick (how much thicker is not known), 250 miles wide and 700 miles long. About 20 carloads per day are mined.

One of the most distressing calamities of late years was the burning of an opera house in the village of Boyertown, near Philadelphia. Up to Wednesday noon 150 were known to be dead and scores injured. An entertainment for the benefit of a church was being given and the house was packed with an audience of 425, chiefly women and children. The tank of a moving picture machine exploded and started a panic. The kerosene lamps used for footlights were upset and exploding scattered the burning oil in all directions. Then a section of the floor gave way precipitating many into the basement. In five minutes the interior of the building was a roaring furnace. Those who were not burned were trampled to death.

RAISE ONIONS.

This Shows What Can be Done with Them. Try it.

Here's to the onion, for this is what a farmer did and what can be done by our farmers here if they try it. The following from a Massachusetts farmer, who undoubtedly does not have the excellent land for onion raising that we have, should be an incentive for our farmers to try raising onions, for they can be made most profitable here where the soil is right, the spirit of doing something is rampant and the profits derived from the culture are large.

The record crop this season has been grown by E. N. Foote, who owns many acres of Northampton meadow land. In one of these meadows he has twenty-five acres in onions, which are going to average him fully 800 bushels to the acre.

The whole crop has been sold to Boston parties at a price which will bring Mr. Foote from \$12,000 to \$14,000. This will mean an average of more than \$500 to the acre for a single year's crop. But this by no means shows the maximum of his onion culture. Some of his acres are going to yield 1,000 bushels of onions apiece, or at least \$650 to the single acre. The average onion yield in the United States to the acre is only 260 bushels, while the average in the Connecticut valley is now from 350 to 500 bushels.

As near as Mr. Foote can figure it the cost to him of raising onions was about \$175 per acre which means that his year's crop will have cost him \$4,675, while in the market it will bring between \$10,000 and \$14,000.—Exchange.

Village Lots Sold.

J. Holderman sold a lot in Henry Zechiel's addition to Minnie Zechiel for \$150.

Seoley L. VanSchoiack has sold to Ed Bradley the lot adjoining the Bradley hotel on the west for \$450. Bradley will erect a building 28x100, one story high, to be used as an amusement resort. He has contracted with the Brunswick company for two bowling alleys and two pool tables and as soon as the weather permits will commence laying the foundation for the construction of a frame building. The entire investment will represent between \$2,500 and \$3,000.

Henry Zechiel has sold a lot for \$120 to James C. Crabb of Delong who will remove to Culver in the spring and build a house.

Pottawattomie Monument.

The Pottawattomie monument is now sure to be built. The county commissioners have signed the agreement prepared by Gov. Hanly, agreeing to take care of the monument when completed and to make all needed repairs. This ends the long preliminary struggle, and Representative McDonald is correspondingly elated. The trustees appointed by the governor—C. T. Mattingly of Plymouth, Col. A. F. Fleet of Culver and Col. Hoynes, dean of the law school of Notre Dame university—will organize soon and the work will be pushed.—Independent.

Again Democratic.

The democrats have almost supreme control of county officers now, since the new officers have taken their places. The recorder and county superintendent are the only ones left to the republicans. The new board of county commissioners has organized and elected Wm. H. Troup president and James Severns secretary.

Republican County Committee.

The Marshall county republican central committee organized at Plymouth Monday by electing Ed Garn chairman, Ed Grant vice-chairman, Alva Porter secretary and Lewis

FROM THE ACADEMY

Happenings and Personal Gossip of the School For the Past Seven Days.

The official opening of the basket ball season took place when the referee's whistle blew to begin play last Thursday against the boys from Culver town. The town boys put up a fast hard game, but seemed to lack accuracy in throwing baskets. As a result, with really more chances to their credit, they were defeated by the score of 35-4. Mr. Miller tried ten of his most promising players in the course of the game. The line-up: C. M. A. Culver Heeslip, Strauss Center Kline Yarnelle, Keplinger Gds Dillon A Whitehead, Gardiner Crossland Baloom, Haskins F'w'ds Medbourn Brady, Landor Lowry

On Saturday afternoon the academy took Lake View high school lads into camp. The soldiers' eyes proved twice as accurate as those of the Chicagoans as the score of 52-26 bears witness. The fast, accurate basket-throwing of Haskins was the feature of the game. Eight times he dropped the ball into the little iron circle for a score. Keplinger followed close with six baskets to his credit. No changes were made in the line-up during the game, the following playing throughout: Haskins, Baloom, Heeslip, Keplinger, Heeslip, Keplinger, Yarnelle.

Winona academy will be C.M.A.'s opponents again this year in debate. The debate will be held near the close of the term at Winona. A preliminary debate to select Culver's team will be held this week, and the four men selected will at once plunge into the mysteries of the income tax. The adoption of a graduated tax upon incomes of \$5,000 or more per year as a part of the federal system of taxation will be the question debated. Constitutional objections are waived and the issue will be on the practicability and fairness of such a policy. Culver will oppose it.

Another full-fledged attorney-at-law is now numbered among the Culver faculty. Immediately after Thanksgiving Captain Durbin paid a visit to Ohio to take the state bar examinations there be-

Enormous Hog Receipts.

Last week's receipts of hogs at Chicago broke the high record that has stood since November of 1880—over twenty-seven years. During the week ending Nov. 20 of that year there were 300,488 hogs received there. Last week's receipts exceeded the former record by nearly 2,000, and aggregated 302,406 hogs. Provision specialists figure that in the event of a continuance of the big run of hogs this week there will be a sharp break in the market at the yards and that product is very likely to sympathize.

Republican Caucus.

About 75 Union township republicans met at the band hall Saturday and elected precinct committeemen and delegate to the congressional convention as follows: First Precinct—S. E. Wise. Second Precinct—W. S. Easterday. Third Precinct—N. J. Fairchild. Delegate—H. B. Greiner. Alternate—C. E. Hayes.

Publisher Exonerated.

The case of the state against C. W. Metsker was decided by the supreme court in Metsker's favor, holding that he did not present false claim in his charge for publishing the county tax rate. So that

ing held in Columbus. Of course he was successful and since receiving the bulletin of the examiners announcing his admission to the Ohio bar he has been receiving the congratulations of his colleagues in the faculty.

For the first time this winter the cadets had skating among the possible sports during the last week. The limits were not far from the shore of the bay, but the boys made the most of their opportunity and the ice was thronged during recreation. An officer of the academy is detailed each day when there is skating to be in charge of the ice and see that the more venturesome spirits take no risks.

Rev. William M. Bryce, pastor of the First Baptist church of South Bend, spent Sunday at the academy, preaching at the chapel services in the forenoon and addressing the Y. M. C. A. meeting in the evening. His morning sermon was a practical and interesting talk on "Influence." His evening address was on "A Living Sacrifice."

Outdoor military drill has been, as usual, suspended for the winter term and the battalion in two sections takes gymnasium work forty-five minutes daily. This work is under the immediate direction of Captain Hyney. On Tuesday of each week Mr. Gaynor conducts the dancing class for all cadets wishing instruction.

The rifle club, whose organization was noted in this column during the fall term, now has 125 members. In order to keep up the work during the winter the gallery of the riding hall is fitted up with a stove, and target practice will be carried on amid comfortable surroundings.

Benton Harbor high school is scheduled for the basket ball game next Saturday.

A severe cold has kept Colonel Fleet away from his office and confined to his house during the past week.

Winter Weather Again.

Snow followed Saturday night's rain and fell all Sunday. The temperature was unusual from the fact that it stood at 33 all day. In Chicago the government thermometer did not vary from that mark between 2 o'clock Sunday morning and midnight—a period of 32 hours. Doubtless the same condition prevailed here. The snow melted so rapidly that on Monday morning, after the night's freeze, there were only three inches on the ground. The atmosphere here was still all day Sunday, but in Chicago a 40-mile gale blew.

There are now 5 inches of ice on the lake in front of the ice houses.

Arm Torn Off.

Harvey Pontius was caught in the nubbing rolls of a corn shredder Tuesday while shredding corn on the farm of Blithia Gray, 4 miles southwest of Argos, and the left hand, wrist and arm were literally ground and torn off half way to the elbow.—Argos Reflector.

Indicted for Murder.

The Starke county grand jury has returned an indictment against Carl Farino charging him with murder in the first degree. Farino shot and killed another Italian whom he found in company with

ANOTHER OUTRAGE.

Winamac Saloonist Sells to a Minor Who Narrowly Escapes Freezing.

There is one saloon man in Winamac who doubtless wishes he had not learned so deeply for the few pennies which some boys carried in their pockets. The Winamac Republican tells of the sale of liquor to some boys and the narrow escape from freezing to death which an intoxicated youth had. The paper says: A despicable outrage was perpetrated upon a number of the best homes in Winamac Thursday night of last week when Jack Gibson, saloonist, sold gin and wine to boys from those homes until some of the boys became drunk, and one nearly died from exposure.

In one of the homes the 17-year-old son had not returned at 10 o'clock; 11 o'clock came and there was no word from him. This was unusual. At midnight a thorough search was begun. Who can describe the anxiety of the father, or the alarm and worry of the mother? About 2 o'clock in the morning he was found lying alone on the frozen ground near the river bridge where he had wandered. He was unconscious. His body was stiff and icy cold. At first it was feared he was dead. In another hour the last spark of life would have left the body. He was tenderly carried home and a physician called. "I can give little hope," said the physician, "but we will do everything possible to save him."

The boy is a strong youth, of splendid physique—an athlete—and his strength and his youth were in his favor. Powerful restoratives were given him, and the ebbing spark of life, almost gone out, was gradually quickened, and today the young man lives. Prosecuting Attorney W. J. Reed of Knox heard of the dastardly business and hurried over to Winamac and got out a warrant for Jack Gibson, but he could not be found. He had left town between the arrival of the prosecutor and the issuing of the warrant—or is in hiding.

Fire Company Election.

The annual election of officers of the Culver fire department Thursday night resulted as follows:

Chief—O. A. Gandy.
Asst. Chief—G. R. Howard.
Secretary—M. H. Foss.
Treasurer—J. R. Saine.

A. M. Roberts was elected to membership, filling the quota of 15 allowed the company.

The other members of the company are Archie Blanchard, James and Ed McFeeley, Ira Hubler, H. Litzenberger, Arthur Castleman, Arthur Fishburn, Chas. Asper, F. Hinshaw, Earl Zechiel.

Harry Saine took a flashlight picture of the company on Friday evening.

Kewanna Water Works.

The two large tanks for the Kewanna water system, weighing 14 tons each, were unloaded from the cars Monday. The pumping station is practically finished. About five blocks of water mains are yet to be installed. An average of 15 men is employed on the construction and Foreman Tony Young says the chances are that the system will be complete by Feb. 1.—Kewanna Herald.

Headed for Texas.

H. H. Bonham has sold his residence property to Wm. Beck of North township for \$2,600. He has not decided what he will do, but it is probable that he will locate in Texas as he has land interests there.—Independent.

Abbeenaubee Goes Dry.

If the remonstrance completed last week is sustained by the county commissioners, Delong and Leiters will be dry for a couple of years. There are over 300 signa-

THE WEEK IN CULVER

Little Items of Local Happenings of Interest to People in Town and Country

Several new cutters are noticed on the roads.

Dr. Norris moved his office into the bank building yesterday.

The grip is fastening itself on quite a large number of people in Culver and vicinity.

All Saints' guild will meet on Tuesday afternoon, Jan. 21. Mrs. Noble will be the hostess.

S. E. Medbourn bought a couple of carloads of corn near Camden last week for his retail trade.

Ergis Woods, north of Burr Oak, moved Monday to a farm which he has rented near Chalmers.

A. L. Warner last week sold his team of horses to Harry Dillon for \$225 and bought a team of 4-year old mules at Camden for \$380.

Chas. Scott, formerly editor of the Bremen Enquirer, has purchased the Marshall, Ill., Herald and has taken immediate possession.

Levi Bush caught a string of twelve bass through the ice off Chadwick's pier Saturday. Other parties are catching good strings of perch.

Culver's high school second basket ball team played the Plymouth high school second team on Friday night and lost out by a score of 30 to 9.

In the list of 1907 improvements D. A. Bradley's barn was estimated at \$125. It cost \$250. The lunch stand also erected on his place at a cost of \$400 was overlooked and should be added to the list.

The heirs of Catharine Porter have agreed upon a division of the property. Oscar takes the house, Alva the corner occupied by the Poor barber shop, and W. I. and Mrs. Melick the adjoining property.

John Osborn's birthday was celebrated one evening last week by about twenty friends invited by Mrs. Osborn as a surprise on John's Progressive cinch was played and the first prizes went to Mrs. Slatery and Mrs. Stabenow; the consolation prizes to Mrs. and M. Hoffman. Refreshments were served about midnight.

A few errors have been discovered in the census report of Culver published in last week's Citizen. The Henry Romig and Vanmet families, numbering 5, were omitted, and the Albert Stahl, Be Whitesell and Chas. Crabb families, numbering 10, should have been included as they are just outside the corporation, though all intents and purposes village residents.

The fire company's oyster supper and social is scheduled for next week Wednesday evening at the hall over Saine's store. Supper will be served from 5 o'clock. The proceeds will go into a fund for the purchase of ladders. The cause is one which should arouse the enthusiasm and enlist the help of everyone in Culver. If you can't attend buy a couple of tickets anyway. The members of the company give their services to the public free, and at any hour may be called upon to save you hundreds of dollars worth of property.

A Richard Farm Sold.

Andy Richard has sold his farm of 198 acres south of Plymouth for \$13,400.

Many years ago Peter Richard living in Plymouth, began giving his children a farm when they were married. In this manner each of his twelve children has become possessed of a good-sized tract. B

THE CULVER CITIZEN.

ARTHUR B. HOLT, Publisher.

CULVER, INDIANA.

BRIEF NEWS NOTES FOR THE BUSY MAN

MOST IMPORTANT EVENTS OF THE PAST WEEK TOLD IN CONDENSED FORM.

ROUND ABOUT THE WORLD

Complete Review of Happenings of Greatest Interest from All Parts of the Globe—Latest Home and Foreign Items.

Running at a speed of 30 miles an hour the second section of an excursion train on the Southern railway from Cleveland, O., known as the Collier special, and bound for Florida points, plunged through a trestle over Copper Mine creek, about 50 miles west of Atlanta, Ga., and three trainmen were killed, two women fatally injured and 80 other passengers hurt.

Rev. D. I. McDermott, rector of a Catholic church in Philadelphia, refused to permit a lodge of Hibernians to attend a funeral in the church, and made serious charges connecting the order with the Molly Maguires.

Indicted by the federal grand jury for the over-certification of 15 checks, representing in the aggregate over \$400,000 and drawn by the firm of Otto Helzke & Co. on the Mercantile National bank, F. Augustus Heinze, the copper magnate and former president of the Mercantile National bank, surrendered himself to United States Commissioner Shields in New York and later was released on \$50,000 bail.

Walter C. Stewart, superintendent of the municipal lighting plant of St. Joseph, Mo., and other persons were indicted for fraud by means of padding pay rolls.

The long overdue Mount Royal of the Canadian Pacific railway's Atlantic service steamed slowly into Queensdown. Heavy weather and trouble with her boilers compelled her to put back.

At Springfield, Ill., Judge Creighton appointed the Sangamon Loan and Trust company receiver for the Mechanicsburg, Ill. company of Mechanicsburg, Ill.

The students of Washington university at St. Louis held a meeting and formulated demands upon the faculty to reinstate Student J. Allen Stevens, recently expelled, on threat of a general student strike.

Senator Aldrich introduced in the senate the currency bill which for some time had been under consideration by Republican members of the senate.

Gagged with his own handkerchief, tied by the feet to the iron upright of the elevated railway and robbed of \$700 in cash and \$500 in checks, was the fate that befell J. Ward Flook, a collector for Libby, McNeill & Libby, of Chicago.

Harry Gordon, formerly president of the Tippecanoe club, committed suicide in Cleveland, O., by shooting in the head after swallowing morphine.

Dependent because of ill health and financial difficulties, M. A. Horn, merchant, councilman, bank director and stockholder in manufacturing concerns, drowned himself at Delancey, O.

While the selection of Baron Takahira, Japanese ambassador to Italy, to succeed Viscount Aoki at Washington, has not been officially announced, it is admitted at the foreign office in Tokyo that the appointment has been decided upon.

A daughter was born to the duchess of Manchester, who was formerly Miss Helen Zimmerman of Cincinnati, at Kilmorie castle, Ireland.

Seven hundred and forty thousand dollars is missing from the Bank of Yucatan. Fernando U. Rodriguez, sub-director, and Mateo Ponce, ex-cashier of the bank, and ten other persons have been arrested.

Maj. Henry Ward Wells, a veteran attorney of Peoria, Ill., and one of the framers of the Illinois constitution in 1870, died, aged 74 years.

Foster E. Percy of Mendota, Ill., committed suicide in Chicago.

Prince Stanislas Poniatowski, the head of the historic Polish house of that name, is dead in Paris.

C. Snider and wife were found shot to death in their burning house at Carbondale, Ill.

United States District Attorney Sims in Chicago asked the federal court of appeals to increase the super-sedeas bond of the Standard Oil company of Indiana to \$29,240,000, the amount of the fine.

George L. Chase, president of the Hartford Fire Insurance company, died in Hartford, Conn.

Mrs. C. M. Lane, mother of Franklin M. Lane, a member of the Interstate Commerce commission, died in San Francisco, aged 70 years.

The jury in the case of Caleb Powers, tried in Georgetown, Ky., for complicity in the murder of William Goebel, disagreed.

Showing the effects of the American financial stringency on trade with Great Britain, the exports from the consular district of Huddersfield to the United States for the last quarter of last year amounted in value only to \$25,000 as compared with \$130,000 for the same period in 1908.

At the close of three court sessions, which marked the first day of the second trial of Harry K. Thaw for the alleged murder of Stanford White, nine tentative jurors had been selected out of 57 takersmen examined by District Attorney Jerome, for the prosecution, and Martha W. Littleton, for the defense. Mr. Littleton formally served notice that the former plea of not guilty was amended by the specification that the defendant was insane when the homicide was committed.

Three Thaw jurors were sworn in and four tentatively accepted on the second day of the trial.

Richard A. Ballinger resigned as commissioner of the general land office and Fred Denitt was appointed to succeed him.

Gen. Hemptarzonian Boyadjian, head of the Hunchakists, or Armenian Revolutionary society, is in New York to organize Armenians in America in armed bands to help the society in its effort to wrest their country from Turkey.

Claus A. Spreckle, son of the big sugar refiner, charges that the American Sugar Refining company has no surplus and that it has included in its assets a dozen or two dismantled plants.

Four men, who attempted to hold up passengers on the "Katy" flyer in the union station in Kansas City, Mo., were foiled. The conductor struck one of the gang over the head with a lantern and all fled.

As a result of the overturning of a skiff containing nine men near Kickapoo, Kan., seven men were drowned; the other two were rescued by Ernest Schweitzer at the risk of his life.

Postmaster General Meyer ordered that it shall be a condition of any contract hereafter entered into for carrying the mails upon star, screen wagon, messenger or special service route, that the contractor shall not transport intoxicating liquor from one point to another upon such route while in the performance of mail service.

A. Ross Hill, dean of the college of arts and sciences and a director of the school of education at Cornell university, was chosen president of the University of Missouri to succeed Richard H. Jesse, resigned.

Capt. William Thomas, superintendent of the Aurora mine of the United States Steel corporation at Ironwood, Mich., was shot and killed Monday by John Bendette, a miner who had been discharged.

By a majority of 2,603 the voters of the territory interested declared for a greater Birmingham, Ala. The territory comprises 4 1/2 square miles and the estimated population is 125,000.

Allegations of fraud and graft in supplying the bureau of engraving and printing with black dry color, used in the manufacture of ink, resulted in the indictment by the federal grand jury at Washington of Edwin M. Vandeyck, formerly a chemist and ink maker employed in the bureau, and Victor Boede, president of Baltimore, manufacturers of ink and color.

The Republican committee of Erie county, O., rescinded resolutions adopted last March endorsing Taft for president.

Miss Lena Craig, a school teacher, was murdered by John Hopkins, a rejected suitor, near Seneca, Mo.

George Dixon, colored, for many years the featherweight champion, died of alcoholism in New York.

Four big New York diamond firms, with combined assets of \$6,225,000 and liabilities of \$4,500,000, were forced into hands of trustees by inability to dispose of stocks and meet maturing loans.

H. Grey Duberly, a relative of Earl Grey, governor general of Canada, committed suicide in New York.

A vessel believed to be the missing steamer Mount Royal was reported 250 miles west of Fastnet Light.

F. Augustus Heinze asked for a stay of 60 days in the collection of the \$29,000 fine imposed upon him by the federal court for contempt, in order that he may appeal to President Roosevelt to remit the fine.

Judge A. S. Berry, a well-known Kentucky Democratic politician and a former member of congress, died at his home at Newport, Ky., of pneumonia.

The president designated Maj. Gen. George W. Davis, retired, to represent the United States at the ceremony to be held at Guatemala City on January 29, to celebrate the completion and opening to traffic of the inter-oceanic railroad, the first of its kind in Central America.

Unless the spinners modify their demands, the cotton mills throughout the country, owned by 500 members of the Federation of Master Spinners, will be closed January 25 and 150,000 employees looked out.

The employers' liability law was held unconstitutional by the supreme court of the United States.

Former Supervisor Lonergan of San Francisco, who confessed to accepting bribes, dropped dead.

Michael Ziennicki was shot in the head and instantly killed at Camden, N. J., by Antonio Gehnski, who then shot himself in the head and will probably die.

George W. Eckert, known all over the world as the breeder of owls, pigeons that have won first prizes at shows in all parts of the country, died at Allentown, Pa.

Following a raid on Russellville, Ky., the governor offered a reward of \$500 for the arrest and conviction of each night rider.

The president has awarded a railroad life saving medal to Edward McGrath, station agent for the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway at Stowell station, Milwaukee. He is a cripple, and risked his life to save that of a child.

Three persons lost their lives in a fire that destroyed the laundry of the French hospital in San Francisco.

Charles M. MacDonald, formerly a prominent lumberman, died at La Crosse, Wis.

Secretary of War Taft in his annual report strongly urged that higher pay be given the officers and enlisted men of the army.

C. Arthur Pearson, one of the journalistic magnates of England, has secured control of the London Times.

Riots broke out on the East side, New York, as a result of the tension between the landlords and the striking tenants, and before the disorders were quelled by the police reserves many combatants were injured and five were arrested.

The arrival of troops at Muncie caused the mob element and cars were run on all lines almost without molestation.

Two persons were killed and one perhaps fatally injured in a collision between a passenger train on the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy and a freight train on the Chicago, Great Western railroad in East Dubuque.

Two boys and a man who tried to save them were drowned while skating at Jamaica, L. I.

Leonard Brown of Grand Rapids, crazed by jealousy, killed his wife near Ludington, Mich., and then attempted suicide. At Easton, Pa., Frank Smith, who accused his wife of infidelity, murdered her with a butcher knife and tried to take his own life.

The jury at Boise, Idaho, acquitted George A. Pettibone of complicity in the murder of ex-Gov. Steunenberg. Charles H. Moyer also was formally set free.

An automobile containing Miss Bessie Turney of Nashville, Tenn., and her cousin, A. R. Paris, was caught between two street cars in St. Louis and smashed, and both occupants were seriously injured.

A jury at Columbus, Ind., returned a verdict of guilty against David Fox and Jacob Kirk, charged with white-capping William L. Vanest of South Bethany last June.

Rev. Dr. Alois Kaiser, for many years cantor of Oheb Shalom temple in Baltimore and whose musical compositions are known and used all over the world, died of heart disease, aged 68 years.

The will of William Rhineland, who died in New York city, leaving an estate said to be valued at \$50,000,000, is to be contested by William C. Rhineland, a son, who lives in Albany and who, it is said, was disinherited by his father.

President Roosevelt's attitude on the question of the command of hospital ships in the navy, which resulted in the resignation of Rear Admiral Willard R. Brownson, and incidentally some caustic observations on that incident and the controversies among the naval officers and their adherents as to details of naval construction and methods of training, were made known when Secretary Metcalf gave to the press two letters from the president addressed to him on these subjects.

Rev. P. B. Morrison, a pioneer Episcopal clergyman of Wisconsin, died at Eau Claire. He was 78 years of age.

Prince Helle de Sagan fled suit on the ground of assault against Count Boni de Castellane in the criminal court of Paris, asking one franc damages.

The boilers of the Argentine steamer Imperatrice exploded off Ushant, the steamer foundering. The members of the crew were saved by a fishing smack.

It was reported that many Japanese reserve army men had been ordered to return to Tokyo from the United States and Canada.

The condition of the king of Belgium, who is suffering from the gout, is becoming worse. It is declared that the bone of one of his heels is slowly decaying and the spread of the disease is feared.

William L. Dalley, who, with William N. Byers, founded the Rocky Mountain News in 1859, died at his residence in Denver after an illness of several months. Mr. Dalley was born in Tiffin, O., in 1832.

Bishop Charles D. Williams of the Episcopal diocese of Michigan has opened a downtown office in Detroit for the discussion of civic matters.

An explosion, declared by the police to have been caused by a dynamite bomb, partially wrecked the First National Bank building in Kansas City, causing \$19,000 damage and slight injuries to nine persons.

Irving H. Wheatly of Galestown, Md., may die from eating two ounces of black pepper on a wager.

Lamar Jackson, a full-blooded Choctaw Indian, has been appointed to a cadetship in the United States military academy at West Point by Congressman Charles D. Carter of Oklahoma.

The State Bank of Rockyford, Col., closed its doors following a run. The liabilities exceed \$400,000, and the assets are placed at over \$525,000.

Friends of Secretary Taft outvoted the Foraker faction in the Ohio state committee and primaries were ordered for February 11 at which Ohio Republicans will express by direct vote their choice for presidential nominee.

The countess of Yarmouth, sister of Harry K. Thaw, applied to the divorce court in London for nullification of her marriage to the earl of Yarmouth. In brief her petition declares that there has been in fact no marriage. As most of the testimony will be given by medical experts the case will be heard in camera.

A flat refusal to be bound by the conditions of the call for the Ohio Republican state convention which is to name a state ticket and select delegates at large to the national convention, was the conclusion reached by United States Senator J. B. Foraker.

THROUGH THE STATE

NEWS GATHERED FROM VARIOUS INDIANA POINTS.

WOMEN HEAD BOARD

Kirklin Has Lively Sensation When Trustees Decline to Quit Office—One Man Felled by Brick.

Kirklin.—Fifty women of this place headed a mob of indignant citizens that called on the school board while its three members were in session, and demanded their resignations, presenting a petition at the same time from 158 property owners that the board step down and out. The board voted to postpone indefinitely consideration of the petition, and Mrs. Harry Cast, leader of the women, denounced the members in unmeasured terms. There was a perfect babel of voices in the room and some of the men, angered by the scant courtesy the women had received, were about to flog the members of the board when the crowd was induced to disperse. As soon as the crowd reached the street, Mr. Williams, one of the board, appeared at a window and was knocked down by a brick hurled at him. The people of the village want the school management turned over to the township trustee in order to have a new schoolhouse built in the corporate limits. The trustee refuses to build the schoolhouse if the school is to be in charge of the Kirklin school board, and the town itself is not able to put up the new building.

Shively Seeks Judgeship. Richmond.—Charles E. Shively, a member of the Wayne county bar, has announced his candidacy on the Republican ticket for judge of the Wayne circuit court. He will be opposed in the race by Judge Henry C. Fox, present incumbent. Mr. Shively has held many positions of importance, including state senator, supreme chancellor of the Knights of Pythias, member of the board of trustees of the Indiana reformatory and a member of the building committee of the Indiana Pythians' grand lodge building.

Temperance Forces Win. Liberty.—As a result of a canvass made by the temperance forces of this city a blanket remonstrance was filed in commissioners' court of this county, placing Center township on the dry list. The remonstrance was signed by 420 voters. The total vote cast at the last election was 650. This makes the necessary majority 325. However, a few withdrawals were filed and the majority claimed by the temperance forces is placed at 50.

Kills Spanish War Veteran. Jonesboro.—John S. Vawter, a Spanish-American war veteran and an inmate of the Soldiers' home, was killed by the Gas City-Jonesboro car on the bridge connecting Jonesboro and Gas City. Vawter had been to Gas City, and when returning from there was caught on the bridge, which is a tie bridge built by the street car company. The car which killed him was in charge of Fred Earnest, motorman, and William McCormick, conductor, both of Marion.

Widow Goes to Asylum. Kokomo.—Mrs. Orphin, widow of William Orphin, who made a successful fight against entering the poorhouse for several months before his death, was taken to that institution. Mrs. Orphin, who is 40 years of age, is a victim of epilepsy and fell in South Union street. It is thought her condition is so dangerous it is unwise to permit her to remain where she can not be guarded.

Turns Mother Away. Delphi.—In spite of her pleas for clemency, Mrs. Mary Hammell of Indianapolis was turned away when she came to Delphi to beg Prosecutor James O'Beir that he dismiss the charge of larceny against her son, Charles Hammell, arrested here more than two years ago with a band of alleged shoplifters. Young Hammell is now a fugitive, having forfeited a bond of \$1,000.

Say Teachers Were Brutal. South Bend.—C. R. Witzaman and H. C. Imel, teachers in the River Park school, are defendants in the circuit court in an assault and battery case, being charged with that offense because they whipped Benjamin Cockran and Justice Singer, pupils. It is claimed that the boys were whipped so hard that welts were raised all over their bodies.

Would Settle Amiable. Anderson.—At a monster mass meeting of Anderson citizens a committee was appointed to visit the officials of the traction company and make an effort to bring about a settlement of the differences between the company and its employees. It is believed that the peace move will result in an amicable settlement.

Church Honors Elder Irwin. Columbus.—Joseph I. Irwin, grandfather-in-law of Lieut. Gov. Hugh T. Miller, and father-in-law of Dr. Z. T. Sweeney, has been elected to the honorable office of elder emeritus of the Christian church of this city. He is the only living charter member of this church and has been an elder for 60 years.

Will Give First Banquet. Shelbyville.—The members of the Knights of Pythias Association of Shelby county, which was organized a few weeks ago, have decided to give their first annual banquet Wednesday, January 15. Before the banquet Judge Richard K. Erwin of Decatur will deliver an address.

Arraigned for Dynamiting. Terre Haute.—Henry McDonald was placed on trial in the circuit court on a charge of arson and dynamiting. The crime with which he is charged is the dynamiting of the Methodist church and the Johnson and Reese general merchandise stores at Sanford.

Kills Self for Girl in Prison. Covington.—Despondent because his sweetheart had been sent to the Girls' Reformatory, Mark Smith, 19 years old, killed himself at the home of his mother in this city by drinking a large quantity of carbolic acid. He was discovered shortly after committing the act, but died before a physician could be summoned. Ruth Swozey, 16 years old, to whom Smith had become greatly attached, was sentenced to the Girls' Reformatory and the worry over this fact caused the boy to take his life.

TAKES LIFE BEFORE FIANCEE.

Lover Bids Sweetheart Kiss Him, Then Fires Bullet Into Body.

Kokomo.—"Kiss me, Cora." With these words addressed to his sweetheart, Mrs. Cora Wolfe James, at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Wolfe, near the Water Works pumping station, Thomas Tharp whipped out a revolver and planting it in his left side fired. "Good-by, Cora," he shouted as the report resounded from the weapon, and then he sank to the floor. A lover's quarrel was believed by the police to have been the cause of the shooting. Tharp alternately regretted his act and also that he had shot too low, and declared that if he made another attempt he would shoot into his head. The wound was fatal.

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Cure Regular Prisoners. Richmond.—The habit that certain men have of breaking into the county jail merely to be comfortable through the winter months is to be discouraged by the officials who think this an imposition upon the taxpayers of the county. Frank Murray, a negro, is one of the men who has been guilty of this offense, the police say, and as a help toward curing him he has been sentenced to a week of solitary confinement in the city jail.

Fatally Burned by Coffee. Elkhart.—While watching her mother prepare breakfast, Veva, the five-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Perry Miller, residing southwest of this city, was fatally burned. The child attempted to lift a big coffee pot from a table when her strength gave way and the boiling fluid was thrown over her body. So deep were the burns that when the clothing was removed the skin also slipped from parts of her body.

Killed in Removing Phone. Marion.—Kemp Patterson, 24 years of age, an electrician employed by the United Telephone company, was electrocuted while removing a telephone. He was working on the ground when he grasped a telephone wire which had become crossed with an electric light wire and was killed instantly. He was a prominent member of the Y. M. C. A.

Kills Self Before Family. Mount Vernon.—In the presence of her husband and several children, Mrs. Elizabeth Bonnel, wife of Squire Bonnel of Point township drank two ounces of carbolic acid and died in an hour. She had been in ill health for some time and had frequently told the neighbors that she intended to end her life.

Closes Doors to Wife. Hartford City.—When Mrs. Albert Bjerke, who is alleged to have killed her husband for the love of a coal heaver in his employ, came home to seek forgiveness from her spouse, she was not received with open arms as she had anticipated, but was turned out and told never to come back.

Daniel Hillman Resigns. Evansville.—Angered, it is said, because he had been unexpectedly instructed to discharge several employees of the Evansville & Terre Haute and Chicago & Eastern Illinois railroads, Daniel H. Hillman, general freight agent, tendered his resignation.

Burglars Rifle Trousers. Shelbyville.—When Charles Davitt got up out of bed at his home he found his trousers laying in the center of the floor and his pocketbook, which contained \$21 in paper money, missing. Some time after midnight housebreakers entered his dwelling.

Elect Padgett Chairman. Linton.—Following an all-day gathering of the love feast order, the Democrats of the Second district assembled in convention in the Linton opera house and peacefully elected Alvin J. Padgett of Washington as district chairman.

Accepts High Phone Rates. Richmond.—Beginning with the first of the year the telephone rates in Richmond have been advanced to \$18 for residence and \$36 for business houses. No contest will be made against the rates, as they are provided for in the ordinance held by the Home company, granted in consideration of the placing of the company's wires underground and the removal of poles from Main street. These rates are maximum. The Bell company refused to accept the provisions of the franchise.

OBJECT LESSON FOR CHILDREN.

Mayor Was Quick to See and Impress Good Point.

It was five minutes before noon. The mayor and the state superintendent had spent an hour talking to the children in an Ohio school, and just before the stroke of the gong the chairman of the local school committee was called upon to follow them. "Children," he said, pointing toward the window, "as you go out from the school in about two minutes you will see a gang of men who are now shoveling clinders into a railway train. They are earning \$35 a month.

"Beside them is a timekeeper earning \$55.

"At the head of the train is an engineer getting \$100, and over him is a superintendent getting two hundred.

"What is the difference between those men? Education. Get all you can of it."—Youth's Companion.

DOCTOR SAID "USE CUTICURA"

In Bad Case of Eczema on Child—Disease Had Reached a Fearful State—His Order Resulted in Complete Cure.

"When I was small I was troubled with eczema for about three months. It was all over my face and covered nearly all of my head. It reached such a state that it was just a large scab all over, and the pain and itching were terrible. I doctored with an able physician for some time and was then advised by him to use the Cuticura Remedies which I did and I was entirely cured. I have not been bothered with it since. I used Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment but do not know exactly how much was used to complete the cure. I can safely say that Cuticura did a lot for me. Miss Anabel Wilson, North Branch, Mich., Oct. 20, 1907."



HE KNEW.
Father—Yes, you're a regular little pig! Wouldn't give your brother any of that candy. Do you know what a little pig is?
Kid—Er—er—sure—er—pig is—er—hog's little boy.

Why Sloan's Liniment and Veterinary Remedies Are the Best to Use.

Let me tell you why Sloan's Liniment and Veterinary Remedies are the safest and most practical on the market to-day in the first place, Dr. Earl S. Sloan is the son of a veterinary surgeon, and from his earliest infancy he was associated with horses. He bought and sold horses while yet very young. He practiced as a veterinary for 20 years and has battled successfully with every disease to which that animal is subject.

All his remedies are the result of experiments made to save life or relieve suffering while he was practicing his profession.

Any reader, by writing to Dr. Earl S. Sloan, 615 Albany Street, Boston, Mass., will receive "Sloan's Treatise on the Horse," free. This book tells how to treat horses, cattle, hogs, and poultry.

No Knocker.

"Do you think the scheme of Amundsen for reaching the north pole by using a team of polar bears is feasible?"

The returned Klondiker looked doubtful. "I don't like to queer the game of a scientific gent," he said, "and I'll say the scheme is at least as feasible as crossing the seal with the arctic snow goose and harnessing the result to a sledge."

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed, you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and the tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrhs, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness caused by catarrhs that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. GIBSON & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Not Proud.

Patience—Do you believe there is anything in a name, after all?
Patrice—No; that girl Prudence has just eloped with her father's chauffeur.

FITS, St. Vitus Dance and all Nervous Diseases permanently cured by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for Free \$2.00 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, M.D., 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Great beauty and great virtue are always inaccessible except to those who strive, who learn to accept, understand and enjoy them.—Sterne.

That Dry Hacking Cough needs attention. Ask your druggist for Brown's Bronchial Troches which will quickly relieve the cough.

Be proud of the achievements of others. Their success is making your work worth while.

Drink Garfield Tea at night! It insures a normal action of liver, kidneys, stomach and bowels, and overcomes constipation.

No man is born without faults, but he lives best who has the fewest.

How Swindlers Dodge the Law

Schemes of Fleecing the Public Have Evolved from the Shell Game to Gigantic Frauds, Wearing the Cloak of Legitimate Business Enterprises.

By EDWIN W. SIMS,

United States District Attorney, Chicago, Formerly Solicitor of the Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington.



EDWIN W. SIMS.

For many years Chicago has been the headquarters for the swindlers and confidence men of the country. Chicago being the great railroad and distributing center of the west, strangers are drawn here in great numbers and for many years they have supported a large class of men who live by their wits. Because of the ease with which money is obtained by various kinds of swindles the swindler has flourished in Chicago despite the utmost vigilance and activity of the officers of the law both state and federal. In devising schemes, swindlers always have in view two objects: First, obtaining money for nothing; second, evading the law. The ingenuity displayed by these men is often remarkable. As the attorney for one of them remarked after his client had been convicted: "If that man had used the same ingenuity and persistence in legitimate business that he has in inventing swindles, he would now be a millionaire."

The evolution of the swindling game during the last 25 years is very interesting. Twenty-five years ago the swindler eked out a precarious existence. His operations were confined to the shell-game, short-change, fake-bet, green goods, gold brick and other similar schemes. Usually these schemes were worked upon country people and only small sums could be obtained. They also lacked another important feature of the modern swindle in that there was no provision for a defense in court. Swindlers who worked these schemes depended upon avoiding detection, but they could make no defense to the scheme itself. This was a dangerous and cumbersome method of procedure and during the last decade has been superseded by the confidence game or scheme to defraud in its modern form.

In the '90s these schemes began to exhibit some of the elements of their modern perfection. The method adopted was to conduct the swindle by an elaborate imitation of business methods. An example will show the great advance that was made over the old method. The man would open an office and insert advertisements in the papers stating that a business firm with a large capital wished men to represent it in various states at substantial salaries. This would attract scores of men who would come to the office. Each victim would be told that he had all the qualifications necessary to conduct the business and would be offered a salary of two or three thousand dollars a year and commissions, and would have some state assigned to him. He would then be told it was necessary for him to make a deposit of two, three or five hundred dollars, as the case might be, and a contract, shrewdly drawn, would be presented to him to sign. He would pay his way to Cleveland or Milwaukee—as Ohio and Wisconsin were the states they usually gave—where his employer would pay no more attention to him. When he would return and demand his deposit he would be shown the contract, various provisions of which he had not kept, and the money would not be returned to him.

Another scheme was to advertise for sale a partnership in an old and established business. A set of fake books, showing profits, would be produced for the inspection of the victim and he would pay \$500 or \$1,000 for a new partnership. Some pretense to conduct the business would be made, but soon the business would fail and the victim would be out of his money. Schemes of this kind were conducted in great numbers in Chicago during the latter '90s and up into the first few years of the present century, and millions of dollars thus obtained from the credulous.

There was a weak point, however, in schemes of this nature. When the swindler was haled into court he could show no effort to conduct a real business. The defense was always that this was not a crime but only a failure to carry out a contract; but the courts held that a contract otherwise legal, if used in connection with a scheme to defraud, could not avail as a defense.

Then the next step in the evolution of modern swindling was taken to

meet this difficulty. The swindler would actually make a pretense of carrying on a real business, and then simply wear out his victim by various conditions and annoyances. The scheme in its present form is a clever advance over all those previously used. A swindler to-day is connected in some way with a corporation of some kind, and, whatever part he may take, his profits are derived ultimately from people who purchase the securities of these corporations. In order to avoid danger, the corporation will have something. If it is a mining corporation, it will actually have some place that it calls a mine and it will be making some show of operating it; if it is an oil company or any other kind of a fake corporation, there will be some show of activity. Under this scheme, the victim has his share of stock, and the mine, or the oil well, or the plantation, or whatever it is, is there; and, according to the swindler, all the stockholder has to do is to wait until the property is "developed." This tends to keep the victim from prosecuting, for, of course, a prosecution would destroy the value of the business, and it affords a defense in court.

Another scheme allied to this was one in which a number of clever swindlers cleaned up a large amount of money. A man would advertise that he had ample capital to invest in the securities of corporations provided a competent examiner, after thorough investigation, makes a favorable report upon the proposition. The victim is led to choose as the examiner a confederate of the man with capital. The examiner will receive \$500 to \$2,500 for making the examination, according to the size of the business whose securities are to be marketed; then, after getting the money, he will make the examination and return an unfavorable report, which releases the first swindler of his obligation to take the bonds under the contract. Then, of course, the two divide the fee for the examination between them. This scheme and one or two others very closely allied in principle were flourishing until they fell into the hands of the federal authorities here in Chicago.

This latter scheme, it will be observed, is more dangerous than the selling of worthless stocks and bonds to the public, for the reason that it can be proved that the swindler was not in the position to purchase these bonds even if a favorable report had been made. In the case of these corporations which exist in large numbers and who are robbing the people of the country of millions every year, it is very difficult to secure conviction of their promoters in a majority of cases. When they are arrested and brought into court, they are ready to show that they were really carrying on some kind of a business, and that they have been simply unfortunate, that expectations had not been realized, and that a business failure is not a crime. The great difficulty is to prove criminal intent.

In the past both our state and federal courts have so interpreted the law against schemes to defraud that they have been able to suppress or curb these schemes, whatever form they took. Just what is to be the attitude of the courts towards the swindler who poses as a promoter, and whether they are to so interpret the law that it can deal adequately with this form of fraud, is at the present time uncertain, as the courts differ widely upon the subject. Some of our courts are now holding that even if a promoter does issue a false prospectus, and thereby induces people to invest in the securities of a corporation, that this does not constitute a scheme to defraud, and that it must appear beyond all reasonable doubt that the defendant intended to put the money thus obtained into his pocket, and not into the business.

The difficulty of making this proof has already been indicated. In England, this difficulty was met by a statute (24th and 25th Vict., c. 96, s. 94), which is as follows:

"Whoever, being a director, manager, or public officer of any body corporate or public company, shall make, circulate or publish, or concur in making, circulating, or publishing any written statement or account which he shall know to be false in any material particular, with intent to deceive or defraud any member, shareholder or creditor of such body corporate or public company, or with intent to induce any person to become a shareholder or partner therein, or to entrust or advance any property to such body corporate or public company, or to enter into any security for the benefit thereof, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and being convicted thereof, shall be liable at the discretion of the court to any of the punishments which the court may award, as hereinbefore last mentioned."

Under this statute, the difficulty is met by making it a crime to issue a false prospectus. Some of our courts have held that the issuing of a false prospectus is a scheme to defraud within section 5480 of the United States revised statutes. Other courts, however, hold to the contrary; but,

whether by judicial interpretation or by legislation, it is absolutely essential that the issuing of a false prospectus be made a crime before it is possible to deal effectively with the largest class of swindlers that now prey upon the public.

While the United States government cannot directly prosecute schemes to defraud, yet, if the mails are used in the furtherance of the scheme, the government can act. As most of these schemes contemplate the use of mails, it is possible for the government to proceed against them under sections 5480 and 5440 of the United States revised statutes. Section 5480 provides that whoever devises a scheme to defraud and promotes it by opening correspondence through the mails, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor; section 5440 provides that if two or more conspire to commit the offense denounced in section 5480, they shall receive a still greater punishment.

Acting under the authority given by these two sections, the post office department and the United States district attorney's office for the northern district of Illinois have for years waged a vigorous and relentless war against all swindlers who make use of the mail service. The task presented the authorities is a difficult one. In the first place, where the mails have been used, the victims are widely scattered, and it is difficult to know who has been swindled, and the government must choose its witnesses from those who happen to make complaint. These witnesses are scattered from Maine to California. It is necessary to bring them here for the preliminary hearing, then for the grand jury session and once more for the trial of the case. Much labor and expense are necessary.

Then, too, it is necessary for the attorney who draws the indictment to go through correspondence and the various conversations with the greatest care in order that he may analyze the scheme and determine exactly in what the fraud consists, so that the indictment may be accurately drawn. Then at the trial of the case, the government is, perhaps, confronted with the fact that the scheme has been so cleverly devised that direct intent to defraud is impossible of proof, and resort must be had to circumstantial evidence.

The records show, however, that the government has very seldom lost a case of this kind, and that swindlers and confidence men stand in the greatest fear of the federal authorities because of the vigor of prosecution in the past. If the law could be amended as above suggested, undoubtedly the government would be able to reach and suppress a large majority of the schemes to defraud that are now operated from this city.

One of the surprising things in connection with this subject, is the credulity of the average person who has saved a little money, and hopes for large and immediate returns from it. It seems that there is nothing so extravagant, so improbable, that the people will not believe it. If the stock of any company had any chance of earning the dividends which these promoters represent that it will, of course it would be subscribed and over-subscribed for at once by the big moneyed men, and would not have to be peddled around at absurd prices—often as low as ten cents a share. When this is suggested to the promoter, he always states that the big moneyed men are trying to get hold of the stock, but that it is not desired that they should have it, because they would then come into control of the property; and the victim swallows the explanation.

The swindler usually has a confederate to whom he refers the victim who wishes to learn about his standing and integrity; and it seems the victim rushes right to this confederate instead of going to banks or business men and making inquiries from people upon whom he could rely. Every prospective purchaser should stop and ask himself the question: "Why is this stock being peddled around in this manner? Is it possible that a good safe investment would be so handled when so much money is lying idle ready for good investments in the hands of men who are competent to pass upon the safety of an investment? Who are the men back of this scheme and what are their antecedents? At what banks, or at what established business houses are they known as honest, conservative men of business?"

Of course, the swindler has his plausible answer to all these questions, and the victim takes his explanation without making a thorough additional investigation.

(Copyright, by Joseph B. Bowles.)

Rare Coin to Be Sold.

The sale of the rare "Miners' bank" ten-dollar gold piece, struck in California in 1850, the feature of the auction of old coins at Elder's, says the New York Times. Collectors competed for this souvenir of the gold money of the pioneers. This gold piece was one of a series struck during the gold fever days in San Francisco as a substitute for regular United States gold coins, of which in the west at the time there was a great scarcity. It is not known how many of these coins are still in existence, but the number is extremely limited.

Cotton Grown in India.

Cotton is raised all over India, but the length, coarseness and general quality of the fiber varies with each locality. Owing to primitive methods of cultivation the average yield is only about one-third that of the United States. If the boll worm ruins a crop the natives perform a religious rite, and if the second crop is also destroyed they sardonically starve to death.

FINDING THE PIVOT

GOOD ADVICE FOR YOUNG MEN WHO WOULD SUCCEED.

LOOK SQUARELY AT THINGS

In Considering a Business Proposition, Search for the Foundation Upon Which It Rests—Get That and Win.

Are you a dreamer? Do you look squarely at things, and make it your aim to find the meat of the nut? Have you the tact to get at the point of things, at the main object, and do you make it a practice to aim squarely at the bull's-eye?

Decisiveness is one of the essentials to success. The man who goes along in a halfhearted, semi-conscious way, his mind wandering from one phase of a subject to another without the ability to sift out the chaff, is not likely to get far to the front. Keep your mind on the main point. Get right down to hard work, and probe every proposition deep until you get at the germ, the kernel that is the life of the thing. There is a pivotal point to everything. Find the point and stick to it. When there is a business proposition for consideration, don't go around the outside looking at everything in connection with it, but search for the foundation upon which it rests. Find the pivot upon which it swings. In every task you have to perform you will discover that there is a certain way in which it can be better performed than some other way. Find this way. The general in command of an army must have his mind trained to see the point of vantage. The manager of a large industry that gives employment to thousands of men must see the points that are so essential to success. The ability to concentrate energy, to master things, to find the main point, and to take advantage of discoveries is an assurance of success.

What ever you undertake to do, be sure that you use your brain, and use it rightly. One man will fret and stew over a task, and spend days in worrying about little things that are unimportant, while another man will notice the main point in an instant and without apparent effort will do what the slow and vacillating one perhaps could never do.

Only a short time ago a mining engineer conceived an idea of perfecting a machine for washing gold. He applied to the government for a patent and it was refused because they claimed that such a machine could not be constructed according to his specifications. Experts tried to work out the problem. All gave it up. By accident the engineer met a mechanic and explained what he wanted. The mechanic said: "I'll make it for you." He started to work. He did complete the machine that government experts claimed could not be made. The fellow discovered the main point. He was trained in the right way. His thinking apparatus was all right, and his seeking the "point" was the means of making him a wealthy man, and the mining engineer as well.

A few years ago a young electrical engineer was experimenting in a Pittsburgh steel works. He noticed that certain substances when intensely heated produced a substance that he was not familiar with. He kept on experimenting. He got out a patent on the new product. He named it corborundum, a substance almost as hard as the diamond and now extensively used in polishing gems and steel and used instead of emery. The young man saw the point and to-day is several times a millionaire. It is seeing the "point," discovering things that are essentials, that make the men. The noted John D. Rockefeller several years ago had brains enough to see the great future of petroleum. He set about to get control of the industry. He succeeded. Had he not the quality of "getting at the meat of the nut" he would have done as hundreds and thousands of others, let the opportunity pass.

There is nothing like keeping your brain focused on the main point. Concentrate all your energies on what you have to do. Sift out the chaff. Get rid of the worthless, the immaterial things, and get at the chief proposition. Don't spend time and brainpower in little worthless prospecting. Bore right into the heart of things, and discover where the point lies. Then work right. Don't lag. Bend every energy to win, and success will be yours. Keep your eye on the bull's-eye.

Home Patronage Lesson.

The west is the section that produces the wheat that supplies the nation with bread. In almost every wheat-growing section there are flouring mills. Yet how often do we find that people of these districts demand flour made in a foreign place. This principle is wrong. There is a loss to the district. When wheat is shipped from one state into another or from the district where it is grown to some other district and then made into flour which is returned to the people for their use, there is a considerable loss to the community. There is the commission to the grain dealers, the freight paid on the wheat, and the freight paid on the flour back to the place, and not least is the employment of labor in the manufacture. There is much to be gained through the patronage of every home institution, whether it be a manufacturing enterprise or a mercantile concern. The community is made wealthier by keeping in it all the dollars that are the result of the labor of the people.

A WEALTH-SAPPING SYSTEM.

New Public Utilities Managed in a Way That Retards Progress.

It should be borne in mind that the investment of outside capital, the ownership of public and semi-public utilities by others than residents of a community, is a serious thing for the people residing in the place. In western cities there are hundreds of illustrations of the working out of this plan of securing public utilities. There is need of a water-works. Outsiders come into the field with a proposition. The city or town council is approached and the final result is that a franchise covering 25 to 50 years is granted. The works are built. People are then compelled to pay highest rates to meet interest on bonds and watered stocks. The company perhaps pays taxes less proportionately than the residents of the town are compelled to pay, and the only money left in the community that is earned by the operation of the plant are the taxes paid, the wages of the few laborers employed, and the salaries that a few "straw" officers draw. All the profits are drawn to the owners of the plant in some other city, generally Wall Street, New York. Thus is built up a system that draws the money earned in the community to some other place. It is the same with street-car systems, electric and gas lighting plants and all other semi-public and public utilities under private ownership, and in which outside capital is chiefly invested.

Should these utilities be owned by home capital, all the earnings would be retained in the community, to seek investment in other improvements and the people would receive a general benefit. There is no argument that can prove that foreign ownership of any enterprise is good for a community. Any system, it matters not whether in a commercial line, financial or other branch, that takes from a community the earnings of the people and uses them for the enrichment of other sections, is a wrong system.

Let business men of every town get these facts fixed indelibly in their heads. Let commercial club enthusiasts settle down to the fact that when through their work any enterprise is built up that means continual drain on the resources of the place, it is better there be no commercial club. If there are any enterprising citizens enough in a place to invest in their own town in this way, the town should have no difficulty in stimulating a municipal ownership sentiment and have the good work carried on. Commercial clubs are all right, but it is often that they are operated all wrong than all right.

MAIL ORDER HOUSE EVIL.

System Keeps Many Agricultural Towns from Advancing.

There is no use in claiming that mail order houses are illegitimate concerns. They are entitled to exist as well as the small merchant. There can be no doubt as to the perfectness of the system that they are conducted upon. No use in denying that now and then they fall to give satisfaction to their customers. So do the merchants in all lines of trade. He who believes that these great concerns are not injurious to the merchants in the smaller cities and towns knows little about their operations. Then how is it that the mail order houses are injurious to the people of the land? Great economists agree that it is the concentration of capital and power in the large cities wherein rests the dangers that threaten the people. The mail order houses are great factors in this concentration. They are suckers of the blood of the country, the mediums that take from communities where it is earned the money that should be retained by the people for the development and enrichment of their own communities. Herein is the mail order house evil. On these grounds all wise people will do whatever lies in their power to head off the greater growth of the system. Any system should be retained within its limits for the greater development of its resources and general enrichment, is a bad system and should be decreed. It is not sufficient that the consumers retain the profits that should go to the tradesmen of the place. By this there is little development of industry. The towns and cities lose the business that is necessary to employ the people, while the wealth to an extent may be retained.

True Principle in Advertising.

According to the most careful estimates, the volume of business done by the mail order houses in the United States amounts to more than one billion of dollars annually. When it is considered that 20 years ago there were no mail order systems of business as now known, and that since then the plan has been developed, it becomes evident to the thinker that there is magic in advertising, for it is by advertising alone that the mail order business has been built up. It would perhaps be fatal for the small merchant in the agricultural cities and towns to follow the plans, the distorted and exaggerated advertising methods of the department stores and the mail order houses. Yet there is a principle in advertising that ever holds good. This principle is as sound for the little merchant, the dealer in any kind of wares, as it is for the biggest concern on earth. In fact, the great business houses generally had a small beginning, and by publicity pushed up to the front, writes D. M. Carr.

Did people of agricultural sections fully realize how the millions taken to the large cities by the mail order system causes them a direct injury, it would not be long before these concerns would be out of business.

VIRGINIA MERCHANT RID OF A VERY BIG GRAVEL STONE.

Another Remarkable Cure of Serious Kidney Trouble.

C. L. Wood, a prominent merchant of Fortress, Norfolk Co., Va., was suffering some months ago with frequent attacks of hard pain in the back, kidneys and bladder and the kidney secretions were irregularly scanty or profuse. Medical treatment failed to cure him.

"At last," says Mr. Wood, "I began using Doan's Kidney Pills, and before one box was gone, I went through four days of intense pain, finally passing a stone, one-half by five-sixteenths of an inch in diameter. I haven't had a sign of kidney trouble since."

Sold by all dealers, 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

DEAR LITTLE CHAP.



Bob—Say, ma, were men very scarce when you married pa, or did you just feel sorry for him?

HERE GOES ANOTHER ILLUSION.

"Fiddling Bob" Declares He Has Not Played for Many Years.

Another cherished illusion has been shattered. Senator Taylor of Tennessee, lovingly called throughout the union "Fiddling Bob," doesn't play the fiddle after all. He has entered a formal denial. Pretty soon somebody will be saying that Congressman Richmond Pearson Hobson of Merrimac fame never kissed a pretty young hero worshiper. Representative Hughes of New Jersey asked Senator Taylor about his musical accomplishments.

"Haven't played a fiddle for a dozen years," said the Tennesseean. "That fiddling story is all wrong. I haven't touched a bow for years."

"Maybe you play the violin, then?" ventured Hughes.

"Oh, I never even saw one of those darned things," retorted the senator.

THEN IT LOOKED ABOUT RIGHT.

Coal Dealer Understood When Told What Load Represented.

John D. Rockefeller, Jr., in one of the last addresses that he made to his Sunday school class before abandoning it, said of carefulness in business: "Too many business men are careful on one side, their own side, only. Thus a coal dealer whom I used to know shouted one afternoon to an employe who was driving out of the yard: 'Hold on there, Jim! That coal can't have been weighed. It looks a trifle large for a ton to me.'"

"Jim shouted back: 'This ain't a ton, boss. It's two ton.'"

"Oh, all right," said the dealer, in a modified tone. 'Beg your pardon; go ahead.'"

FOUND A WAY

To Be Clear of the Coffee Troubles.

"Husband and myself both had the coffee habit and finally his stomach and kidneys got in such a bad condition that he was compelled to give up a good position that he had held for years. He was too sick to work. His skin was yellow, and I hardly think there was an organ in his body that was not affected.

"I told him I felt sure his sickness was due to coffee and after some discussion he decided to give it up.

"It was a struggle because of the powerful habit. One day we heard about Postum and concluded to try it, and then it was easy to leave off coffee.

"His fearful headaches grew less frequent, his complexion began to clear, kidneys grew better until at last he was a new man altogether, as a result of leaving off coffee and taking up Postum. Then I began to drink it, too.

"Although I was never as bad off as my husband, I was always very nervous and never at any time very strong, only weighing 95 lbs. before I began to use Postum. Now I weigh 115 lbs. and can do as much work as anyone my size, I think.

"Many do not use Postum because they have not taken the trouble to make it right. I have successfully fooled a great many persons who have drunk it at my table. They would remark, 'You must buy a high grade of coffee.' One young man who clerked in a grocery store was very enthusiastic about my 'coffee.' When I told him what it was, he said, 'Why I've sold Postum for four years but I had no idea it was like this. Think I'll drink Postum hereafter.'"

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

THE CULVER CITIZEN

ARTHUR B. BOLT, Publisher.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
 One Year, in advance, \$1.00
 Six Months, in advance, .50
 Three Months, in advance, .25

ADVERTISING
 Rates for home and foreign advertising made known on application.
 Local advertising at the rates fixed by law.

CULVER, IND., JANUARY 16, 1908.

CIVIC AND FRATERNAL.

MARMONT LODGE 211. K. P. MEETS EVERY Tuesday evening, 8 o'clock. O. A. REA, C. C.
F. C. BARKER, R. of R. and S.
UNION CAMP 226. M. W. A. MEETS FIRST and Third Fridays.
LEVI OSBORN, Clerk. BYRON BADOLEY, V. C.
HENRY H. CULVER LODGE 315. F. AND A. M. Meets Second and Fourth Saturdays.
N. S. NORRIS, Sec'y. FRANK JOSEPH, W. M.
HENRY SPEYER POST 187. G. A. R. MEETS First and Third Saturdays afternoons.
M. HERRINGER, Ad. SAM'L OSBORN, Com.
WOMAN'S RELIEF CORPS 247. MEETS THE First and Third Saturdays afternoons.
Mrs. O. A. REA, Pres.
Mrs. S. E. MADDOCK, Sec'y.
LOYAL AMERICANS OF THE REPUBLIC. Meets every Second Monday evening.
ULIAS MANSUR, President.
Mrs. E. L. SPENCER, Secretary.
CULVER FIRE DEPARTMENT. MEETS EV- ery Second Thursday evening.
M. H. Foss, Sec'y. O. A. GANDY, Chief.
CULVER TOWN BOARD. MEETS SECOND and Fourth Monday evenings.
LEVI OSBORN, Clerk. A. A. KERN, Pres.
BOARD OF EDUCATION. NO REGULAR meeting dates.
O. A. REA, Pres.
E. E. PARKER, Sec'y.

J. P. Morgan says that within six months the country's economic difficulties will have been completely adjusted. Mr. Morgan means, in other terms, prosperity will be in full process within half a year. The statement is important. It is peculiarly so in that no declaration which the financier makes, publicly or privately, fails of sincerity or personal conviction. The rarity of his predictions renders them especially noteworthy and interesting.

His latest prophecy is impressive not only because Mr. Morgan uttered it, but for the reason that it comes from a New Yorker, in a New York environment.

Pay Your Bills.

In every stringency a host of people begin by not paying their bills. It is the delay in paying small bills even more than large ones which prolongs hard times, and unjustly and unnecessarily lays a heavy burden on the backs of some of the most prudent and honest members of the community. An honest man always pays his bill, the day of discharge of his obligation is only postponed; it comes as soon as he can make ready for it. But in a time of panic it is every man's pressing duty to pay his debts with the utmost promptness.

There are hosts of people today who have money in hand and are letting their grocers, butchers, milkmen, and others who supply the necessities of life to go unpaid simply because they are timid, and like some some country and city banks, want to collect and keep as much money on hand as possible; as if money were for hoarding and not circulation. This small-minded precaution is bringing misfortune to many industries and faithful men and women. Those who supply the means of life, whose coming and going from the house are part of the daily routine of keeping the family alive, ought to be the very last to suffer from delayed payment. As a matter of fact, they are the very first. People who can still spend money upon the theater, the opera, concerts, and other forms of entertainment, are letting their grocers, butchers, and milkmen go unpaid, thus contributing to the very condition which makes them cowardly. There is no longer any reason for timidity, but if there were, the duty of paying one's small debts with as great a promptness and as deep a sense of responsibility as one pays one's large debts would press still more imperatively. It is a great deal more honorable to have a small bank account and no unpaid bills in the house than to have a large bank account made up by keeping money which belongs to other people. The first duty of an honorable man in time of stringency is to see that he is not transferring to those who furnish the necessities of life the burden which he ought to bear himself.—Outlook.

Kodak is the best remedy known today for indigestion, dyspepsia, and all troubles arising from a disordered stomach. It is prompt, pleasant and thorough. Sold by T. E. Slattery.

POPLAR GROVE PELLETS.

Grandma Hibray visited at Wm. London's Friday.

Ed. South and family spent Monday at Geo. South's.

Will Lowry and wife were the guests of J. M. Wickizer over Sunday.

Blanche Walker was a Plymouth visitor from Thursday until Monday.

Mrs. Elnora Hibray visited with Mrs. Caroline Snider and family Saturday.

Mrs. John Wickizer and Mrs. William Keppler spent Wednesday with Mrs. Will Lowry.

Mrs. John Whittaker, who went to Indianapolis for an operation, is getting along nicely.

E. Benedict and L. Warner were called to Deedsville last week to attend the funeral of a relative.

The finest Coffee Substitute ever made, has recently been produced by Dr. Shoop of Racine, Wis. You don't have to boil it twenty or thirty minutes. "Made in a minute" says the doctor. "Health Coffee" is really the closest Coffee imitation ever yet produced. Not a grain of real coffee in it either. Health Coffee imitation is made from pure roasted cereals or grains, with milk, nuts, etc. Really it would fool an expert were he to minutely drink it for Coffee. Sold by T. E. Slattery.

OAK GROVE OFFERINGS.

Arnie Horner of Culver was a caller last Saturday at J. H. Barnes'.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Reigs were visitors Saturday at J. H. Barnes'.

Mr. and Mrs. Shrum of Chicago are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Johnson.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Barnes spent Tuesday with their friends, Andy Uncapher and wife, of Grovertown.

O. A. Glass was a caller at J. H. Barnes' on Tuesday. He says that his wife has been sick for three weeks.

John Sults and wife after a nice visit with their parents, Abe Ferrel and wife, have returned to South Bend.

Edwin Burns of York, N. D., spent Monday with his cousin, J. S. Bottorf. It is seven years since he was here.

Geo. Wise and wife of South Bend have returned to their home after a visit with their parents, Abe Ferrel and wife, and friends in this neighborhood.

Frank Reigs and family, accompanied by his niece, Miss Nina Reigs, spent Sunday with the family of his brother, Rev. Jacob Reigs of Walkerton.

The Stomach, Heart or Kidney never get weak, then these organs always fail. Don't drug the stomach, nor stimulate the heart or kidneys. That is simply a makeshift. Get a prescription known in druggists everywhere as Dr. Shoop's Restorative. Its Ecodoration is prepared expressly for these weak little nerves. Strengthen these nerves, build them up with Dr. Shoop's Restorative—tablets or liquid—and you will quickly feel well come. Free sample test sent on request by Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis. Your health is surely worth this simple test. Sold by T. E. Slattery.

PLEASANT VIEW.

J. W. Hooton, Correspondent.

Joe Miser of Kewanna was a caller here Friday.

J. W. Hooton and wife visited Wm. Pike Sunday.

Mrs. Florence Glass is no better at this writing.

Arnie Horner of Culver visited with John Glass Saturday and Sunday.

There was a stereopticon show at Oak Grove Saturday night. A well filled house and all were pleased with the show.

The dance at Mr. Murray's Saturday night was fun for the boys—one girl and about eight boys. But the girl got her beau and left for home.

Mrs. Lovina Wartsler went Saturday to Elkhart where her son had his home all furnished before he was married. He is employed by the Lake Shore road. Joy be with them.

Ira Wartsler and Miss Jennie Benson of near Grovertown were married at the residence of the groom's parents on January 9 at 9 p. m. by Rev. A. J. Ferrel. Friday night the boys gave them an old-fashioned belling after which the captain called for Mr. Wartsler and wife to come to the door and all were treated. The boys wished them joy by their guns.

A tickling cough, from any cause, is quickly stopped by Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure. And it is so thoroughly harmless and safe, that Dr. Shoop tells mothers everywhere to give it with-out hesitation, even to very young babies. The wholesome young leaves and tender stems of a unique healing mountainous shrub furnish the curative properties of Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure. It calms the cough, and heals the sore and sensitive bronchial membranes. No opium, no chloroform, nothing harsh used to inflame or suppress. Simply a resinous plant extract, that helps to heal aching lungs. The Spasmodic cough that the Dr. uses, "The Sacred Herb," Demand Dr. Shoop's. Use no other. Sold by T. E. Slattery.

Get your visiting cards printed in the latest styles at the Citizen office. Call and see samples.

RETIRED BUSINESS MAN FAVORS NEW THEORY

E. H. Lambert, of Everett, Massachusetts, Believes Stomach the Seat of Life.

One of the most interesting statements made recently concerning the much discussed Cooper theory, that has spread over the country during the past year, is made by E. H. Lambert, a retired business man, whose home is at 115 Francis Street, Everett, Mass.

Mr. Lambert has this to say in connection with Cooper and his medicine: "Some time ago I read an article about this man Cooper, in which he claimed that stomach trouble was directly responsible for most ill health. He went on to say that, although his medicine did nothing but get the stomach in sound condition, it would, in many cases, remove kidney and liver trouble and various other ailments. He argued from this that the stomach was the main cause of sickness, and stated that the success he has had with his medicines was due entirely to this fact.

"I am now fully convinced that this theory is correct, and believe Cooper has a really remarkable medicine, judging from my own experience. "I have been a sick man for five

years. Three years ago I was told by a physician that I had Bright's disease of the kidneys. I have treated constantly for this trouble since, without results. After reading the article I have mentioned, I purchased some of this man Cooper's medicine. I have been astounded by what it has done for me. I was relieved to some extent within 24 hours. Today my health is better than for five years, and so far as I can tell, my kidney trouble has disappeared.

"My wife, who had stomach trouble for some time, tried the preparation after noting its action in my case, and her improvement is fully as marked as mine. She now eats heartily three times a day without any distress whatsoever. Her nervousness has also left her. I certainly believe this man's success is fully justified, as he undoubtedly has a wonderful medicine."

We will gladly describe the remarkable record made by the Cooper medicines to all who wish to know of them. —Culver City Drug Store.

Every Bottle Warranted



Every bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is guaranteed, and the dealer from whom it is purchased will refund the money to anyone who is not satisfied after using it.

The many remarkable cures of colds and grip effected by this preparation have made it famous over a large part of the civilized world. It can always be depended upon and is pleasant to take. It not only cures colds and grip, but counteracts any tendency towards pneumonia.

This remedy is also a certain cure for croup, and has never been known to fail. When given as soon as the child becomes hoarse, or even after the croupy cough appears, it will prevent the attack.

Whooping cough is not dangerous when the cough is kept loose and expectoration free by the use of this remedy.

It contains no opium or other harmful substance, and it may be given as confidently to a baby as to an adult.

The Genuine "1847 ROGERS BROS." Spoons, Forks, Knives, etc.

have all the qualities in design, workmanship and finish of the best sterling silver, at one-fourth to one-eighth the cost.

Much of the sterling now on the market is entirely too thin and light for practical use, and is far inferior in every way to "Silver Plate that Wears."

Ask your dealer for "1847 ROGERS BROS." Avoid substitutes. Our full trade-mark is "1847 ROGERS BROS." look for it. Sold by leading dealers everywhere. Before buying write for our catalogue "C. L."

INTERNATIONAL SILVER CO.,
 Successors to
 MERIDEN BRITANNIA CO., Meriden, Conn.

WILLIAM GRUBB PLUMBER

All Work Guaranteed to be Sanitary Shop in Rear of Tin Shop, Culver

Ready for Feed Grinding. Our new feed grinder with a capacity of 100 bushels per hour is installed and we are ready to take orders at any time and turn them out immediately. Culver City Grain & Coal Co.

McLANE & CO.

Livery Feed and Sale Stable

Special attention given to traveling men. Terms reasonable. Barn East of the Postoffice

HARDWARE

For anything you need in the line of SHELF HARDWARE, TIN AND GRANITWARE

See me and get my price before you buy. I will give you a fair, square deal and save you money. Tin and Sheet Metal Work, Tin and Asbestos Roofing, Spouting, Furcace Work, etc., given prompt attention. Repairing a specialty.

JOHN S. GAST : : Phone No. 42 K

New Real Estate Agency in Culver

List your Farm and City Property with Seeley Bros. if you are looking for a buyer. We have a number of parties who want to come into this section and locate. We make real estate our exclusive business and have had years of experience. We understand fully how to get results satisfactory to the seller and buyer. OFFICE, next door north of the Citizen.

SEELEY BROS., Culver

WALL PAPER AT SPECIAL SALE PRICES

We are closing out several lines of pretty, up-to-date Wall Papers at as low as 5 cents per double roll. A lot of 25-cent papers go at 15 cents. Now is the time to buy, even if you lay it aside till spring

At Slattery's Drug Store

HAVE YOU EVER SEEN DRIFTED SNOW

You will have bread as white and light as drifted snow if you use Drifted Snow Flour. The best flour on the market.

For Sale in Culver by **W. E. HAND, Grocer**

PROFESSIONAL DIRECTORY

DR. E. E. PARKER Physician and Surgeon Special attention given to Obstetrics and Diseases of Women. Office over Culver Exchange Bank. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m., 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m.	DR. O. A. REA Physician and Surgeon Office—West Side Main Street, first door north of new bank building. Phone: Office, 7; Residence, 37-1
DR. NORMAN S. NORRIS DENTIST Office—East Side Main Street, two doors north of Postoffice—Second Floor. Telephone No. 23 1.	N. J. FAIRCHILD Live Stock & General Auctioneer Terms reasonable; satisfaction guaranteed. Write for dates. Residences, 2 miles east of Maxinkuckee Lake, Route 11.
B. W. S. WISEMAN, M. D. Physician and Surgeon Office opposite the Postoffice. Office hours, 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m. Telephone No. 22	KEEN BROTHERS Culver Real Estate Agency Good list of farms to pick from. Houses and lots in Culver and lake front property for sale. See what we have to offer.

Latest fall styles in sale bills at the Citizen office. Let The Citizen do your printing.

Weather Forecast for January.

Look out for blizzards, snow blockades and earthquakes within seventy hours after the sun sets Jan. 3. This is the advice of Irl R. Hicks, who says that a reactionary storm period will mark the opening of the new year, but that shortly after the third day there will be general and heavy winter storms with prospects of severe seismic disturbances in many parts of the world. He declares that none need be surprised if one of the greatest cold waves of the winter appears from the northwest between Jan. 3 and Jan. 7. The regular storm period is scheduled from Jan. 10 to Jan. 13, blizzards sweeping over wide areas about Jan. 11. Then will come two days of growing cloudiness and rain, changing into snow.

Dr. Hicks declares that seismic shocks will be reported within sixty hours of Jan. 18, and more storms will come at that time. The meteorological prognosticator holds out little hope for January because he begins and ends it with storms and has more sandwiched in between. It will be a month for heavy overcoats, furs, ear muffs and chilled noses.

When the baby is cross and you are worried and worn out you will find that a little Casea, sweet, the well known remedy for babies and children, will quiet the little ones in a short time. Contains no opiates. Sold by T. E. Slattery.

Notice to P. O. Patrons.

The attention of the public is respectfully called to the following:

1. Post cards with tinsel, mica, crushed glass and similar substances adherent thereto are unmailable, except when enclosed in envelopes.

2. Post cards and postal cards when enclosed in sealed envelopes are subject to the letter rate of postage, as is also all sealed matter. If enclosed in unsealed envelopes they are subject to postage according to the character of the message—at the first class rate if wholly or part in writing, or the third class rate (1 cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof) if entirely in print—and the postage should be affixed to the envelopes, not the cards.

3. Postage stamps affixed to cards enclosed in envelopes having an opening exposing the stamps can not be recognized in payment of postage thereon—the stamp should be affixed to the envelope.

4. Matter of any class on which by law the postage is required to be prepaid at the office of mailing, shall on arrival at the office of delivery without any prepayment, be raised up by the delivering postmaster at double the ordinary rate and the amount collected on delivery. See Postal Laws and Regulations, 1902, Sec. 412.

B. W. S. WISEMAN, P. M.

Take DeWitt's Kidney and Bladder Pills. They promptly relieve backache and weak back. Sold by T. E. Slattery.

A Fine Office Suite.

Dr. Parker's rooms which he has just occupied in the new bank building are commodious, light and attractive. They include a reception room, consultation room and a dispensary. New rugs cover the floors, and in every respect the doctor has consulted his patrons' as well as his own comfort, and likewise shown a due regard for being up-to-date.

DeWitt's Carbolic Witch Hazel Salve is especially recommended for piles. Sold by T. E. Slattery.

WEST WASHINGTON.

Rev. Walmer and family took dinner at Wm. Kline's Sunday.

Oscar Duddleson and family of Three Oaks, Mich., were guests at Jasper Curtis' on Saturday and J. L. Scheurman's on Sunday.

Those who spent Sunday at C. Curtis' were B. A. Curtis and family, Jasper Curtis and family, Lem Crabb and family of Kewanna, Nellie Kline and Alfred Alspach.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers are the best pills known. Sold by T. E. Slattery.

Trial catarrh treatments are being mailed out free, on request, by Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis. These tests are proving to the people—without a penny's cost—the great value of his scientific prescription known to druggists everywhere as Dr. Shoop's Catarrh Remedy. Sold by T. E. Slattery.

HICKORY BUSH HAPPENINGS

A Summary of the Week's Doings of Her Enterprising Citizens.

Jim Peters was over at Culver last Saturday on business. He reports everything over there moving along lively except the town clock.

Signor Cantalopa Spaghetti is putting in what is called a bath tub in connection with his barber shop. It is quite a curiosity here, and Count Spaghetti is kept busy explaining its uses and the method of operation.

Zeb Mullet has been offered free house rent and a steady job in the post hole factory there if he will move his family to Kewanna and stay until after the next census is taken. Everyone will rejoice to hear that Zeb has declined the offer.

A persistent rumor is in circulation that Miss Porcelina Peddycord will shortly institute suit for breach of promise against Willie



WILLIE PETERS.

Peters. Everyone believes that Porcelina can establish her case, as Willie is generally conceded to be a very promising young man.

Miss Peachy Pippia has so far recovered the use of her voice that she was able to appear at young people's meeting Sunday evening. Heeding the advice of her friends she did not take part in the song service, but recited a nice little poem called "The Mill by a Dam Site."

People who were up early on Monday morning say that they saw a stork hovering over Hickory Bush, apparently taking a good look at the place, as if picking out a spot to stop. It then hurried on in the direction of Culver. Doc Dope and Jim Bassett seemed to take great interest in watching its movements.

Aunt Sally Hopkins is much disturbed by the fear that Jocyrus, Ohio, has been entirely cut off from communication with the rest of the world by some dire calamity. Aunt Sally came down before day light on New Year's morning and wired a proposal of marriage to Col. Jake Higgins, and later in the day sent one by mail, enclosing her photograph. As yet she has had no returns for the money she spent.

Literary circles at Hickory Bush have received a valuable addition in the presence amongst us of Miss Cuspidora Hawkenspitz of Indianapolis, who is making an extended visit here as the guest of Miss Belladonna Honeysuckle Higgins. Miss Hawkenspitz enjoys an extensive acquaintance among Indiana authors, being quite chummy with Nicholas Meredith who wrote "The House of Thousand Cradles," said to be a Mormon romance, Boots Talkington, James Currycomb O'Reilly, and all the others. Miss Cuspidora has written a number of short stories for the "Appeal to Idiocy," under the alibi, or nom de plumage, of "Ella Willer Wheelcox."

It is very important and in fact it is absolutely necessary to health that we give relief to the stomach promptly at the first signs of trouble. Take something once in a while, especially after meals; something like Kodol for dyspepsia and indigestion. It will enable your stomach to do its work properly. Sold by T. E. Slattery.

Weak Kidneys

Weak Kidneys, surely point to weak kidney Nerves. The Kidneys, like the Heart, and the Stomach, find their weakness, not in the organ itself, but in the nerves that control and guide and strengthen them. Dr. Shoop's Restorative is a medicine specifically prepared to reach these controlling nerves. To doctor the Kidneys alone, is futile. It is a waste of time, and of money as well.

If your back aches or is weak, if the urine smells, or is dark and strong, if you have symptoms of Bright's or other distressing or dangerous kidney disease, try Dr. Shoop's Restorative a month—Tablets or Liquid—and see what it can and will do for you. Druggists recommend and sell.

Dr. Shoop's Restorative

T. E. SLATTERY.

For Weak Kidneys

Inflammation of the bladder, urinary troubles and backache use

DeWitt's Kidney and Bladder Pills

A Week's Treatment 25c

E. C. DeWITT & CO., Chicago, Ill. For sale by T. E. Slattery.

Wasteful Country Lighting.

Any regular Kerosene lamp that will give an actual 24 candle-power of light for 10 hours must cost about 6 cents for Kerosene, Chimneys and Wicks.

Besides, the lamp will need cleaning, filling, wick-trimming and chimney-wiping 365 days per year.

Now, Acetylene Gaslight will give an absolutely steady and uniform 24 candle-power light, for 10 hours, on a single pound of Calcium Carbide.

And that pound of Carbide will cost you only 3 1/2 cents, in the majority of States.

Moreover, the care of 40 Acetylene lights needs only half an hour's labor per month at most. Compare that with the half hour per day (or 15 hours per month) of disagreeable labor needed to clean, fill, wick-trim and chimney-wipe even 8 lamps in a country home.

And when you have weighed these facts, reflect that Acetylene gaslight has no chimney to fog, no wick to char, no mantle to sputter.

Acetylene is all light, absolutely uniform in volume and quality, without waste.

It is the whitest, steadiest, coolest, cleanest and safest of all lights for home, hotel or store, as can be proved.

Which would you have, even if Kerosene light was as cheap as Acetylene Gaslight?

Write me to-day how many rooms you've got and I will tell you how little it need cost you to light them brilliantly with that beautiful eye-saving "Sunlight-at-Night" called Acetylene Gaslight.

Address me thus—Acetylene Jones, 8 Adams St. Chicago, Ill.



SMITH BROS.

Meat Market

DEALERS IN Fresh & Smoked Meat Canned Goods, Fresh Oysters, Etc. WE STUDY TO PLEASE Telephone 15 L



M. R. CLINE Contractor and Builder Residence—Maxinkuckee.

D. B. Young



MACHINIST & BOILER MAKER

Repairing of Gasoline and Electric Vehicles, Launches, etc., a specialty. Prompt attention given to all orders.

Bell Long Distance Telephone

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TINNER & ROOFER

In the Old Postoffice; Phone 78 CULVER, IND.

All kinds of Tin Work and Repairing and Roofing skillfully done at fair prices

Your Trade Respectfully Solicited

Trustee's Notice.

After April 1st, my weekly office days, for the transaction of township business, will be as follows: Tuesdays at my residence, and Saturdays at my office over the Exchange Bank, Culver, Ind.

Some Extra Price Reductions

on all Clothing lines at the Culver Shoe and Clothing House, beginning Saturday, Jan. 11, and ending Saturday, Feb. 1. Our stock must be reduced, and nowhere can you buy Clothing, Shoes and Furnishing Goods as cheap. Come in and let us prove it to you.



Mitchell & Stabenow

The Globe Air-Tight Hot Blast

A MARVEL OF COMPLETENESS

Thousands of satisfied users testify to its wonderful merits. It has caused a ripple of excitement and favorable comment by the entire stove fraternity.

Unequaled as a hot blast gas and smoke consumer.

The greatest floor heater made. No puffing of gasses—no smoke or soot. Perfect combustion. Cokes the coal before consuming it.

The fire is always under perfect control, and as an all night fire-keeper it has no equal.

An all-fuel stove, burning soft coal, slack, hard coal, coke or wood. It burns all productions of combustion. Perfectly clean.



The Culver Cash Hardware Company

FERRIER HAS MOVED

J. O. Ferrier & Son have moved into their new office, and with everything bright, clean and up-to-date, will be better prepared than ever to fill your orders for Lumber, Builders' Supplies and Materials, Cement, Cement Blocks, Etc. Call and see us in our new quarters.

J. O. FERRIER & SON

For the Very Finest Bakery Goods

ALWAYS GO TO

G. R. HOWARD

TELEPHONE 23-2

WE SERVE LUNCHEES AT SALES Not a cent of expense to party making sale

Sale Bills at the Citizen

Washington Gossip

Interesting Bits of News Picked Up Here and There at the National Capital

The De Armond-Williams Clash



WASHINGTON.—If there ever lived a man whose appearance would suggest that the blood had become tame and ready to wait on the judgment that man is David A. De Armond, representative in congress from Missouri, yet it was the self-contained, apparently absolutely impassive David De Armond who walked over to the desk of John Sharp Williams not long ago, called him a liar, received the retort courteous in the way of a blow and then returned in kind.

At a distance the Missouri representative looks like a man of 25; at close range he looks like a man of 75. Most people see him at a distance—the gallery distance—and these long-range observers read with absolute amazement the statement that the Missourian is 63 years old. To account for the act of the seemingly self-contained one in calling his colleague a liar there are people to declare that it was not De Armond who used "the shorter and uglier word," it was Missouri. There is something in this, doubtless.

David A. De Armond is a lawyer, one of the best, so it is said, in the congress. He was appointed one of the managers on the part of the house in the impeachment proceedings against Judge Swayne, of Florida.

Everything that De Armond says apparently is measured, but nevertheless there is no halting in his speech, and what he says is well worth listening to, and, what's more, it is listened to. De Armond is the last man in the house of representatives who would be named as one likely to be engaged in a brawl, let alone to bring on the brawl by a heated word out of his own mouth.

Opportunity for Airship Inventors



SPECIFICATIONS for the construction of a dirigible balloon for the use of the army and for which the signal service of the war department asked proposals, were issued the other day by Gen. Allen, the chief signal officer. The specifications are quite elaborate, and are framed with the view of securing the best possible balloon which the latest developments in aerial navigation can produce. The balloon is to be of silk, inflated with hydrogen capable of carrying two people weighing 250 pounds, with 100 pounds of ballast, must be capable of making a speed of 20 miles per hour in still air, though a lower speed may be proposed at reduced cost, down to 16 miles, or a higher speed up to 24 miles at an enhanced cost. It must make an endurance flight of two hours at an average speed of 70 per cent. of the trial requirements, and must maintain its equilibrium without change of position by the aeronaut.

One of the features of the specifications that will appeal particularly to inventors of limited financial means is that relative to the silk to be used in the construction of the balloon. This is one of the most expensive items in the machine, and it is stated that the material for the gas bag will be furnished by the government. The signal office has procured some samples of silk of great strength, pliability and closeness of texture. It weighs 5.842 ounces per square yard and has a minimum breaking strength of 62½ pounds per inch width. This material requires no varnish, but is to be covered with an aluminum preparation, which will not only make it gas tight, but will, by reflecting the rays of the sun, prevent a considerable loss of hydrogen, such as occurs when an ordinary balloon is suddenly exposed to the increased temperature of the sunlight upon emerging from a cloud.

Says Soldiers Want Canteen



THE abolition of the canteen has made it impossible for the United States army recruiting station to keep the army and navy supplied with able-bodied men.

This is the drift of the report made by Capt. Johnson Hagood of the coast artillery service, who was detailed a year ago to look into the reason why it is so difficult to induce men to enter the army and navy.

The publication makes a volume of 100 printed pages, profusely illustrated. The illustrations convey in the most graphic manner an idea of the slender proportions to which Uncle Sam's regular army is now reduced in point of numbers. A full page frontispiece depicts a company of infantry starting from Fort Niagara on a 21-day practice march, with nine men in the ranks, although the authorized strength was 65 men, and some of the other pictures show an even worse state of affairs. Capt. Hagood's report is based upon a large number of reports secured by him from the different army posts.

The report also undertakes to show why soldiers will not stay in the army, some of the answers being based on demands for restoration of the canteen, less frequent change of station, fewer court-martials, building gymnasiums and increased pay.

It is shown that the only other great nation maintaining an army of any size by voluntary enlistment—Great Britain—pays her soldiers more than the United States, although the cost of living is much less in the case of the British soldier.

The report shows the changes that have occurred in recent years in the expense of living at the army posts; how the value of the allowances has shrunk, how traveling expenses of officers with families have increased through abolition of passes and reduced rates of fare; how more frequent changes of post involve heavy household expenses, and Capt. Hagood points out that unprecedentedly it is now very difficult to obtain suitable material to fill the numerous vacancies at West Point.

Why Candler Was Turned Down



Now as for Mr. Candler's right to growl at Speaker Cannon. The Republican chieftain wants to keep down the appropriations this winter. For some reason or other he has an idea that the agricultural department is likely to have some special pleaders for money before the committee on agriculture. Representative Candler was a member of this committee in the last congress, and he wanted to be a member of it in this congress. Mr. Cannon, however, remembered the plea for the millions for the improvement of the Mississippi had made last year with a perfect face and a perfect faith, and came to the conclusion that a man who could ask for millions as another man might ask for hundreds would be too easy a mark for the beguiling ones of the agricultural department.

Mr. Cannon therefore refused to give Mr. Candler the place on the agricultural committee and gave him territories instead. In refusing the agricultural committee berth to the Mississippian had made last year with a perfect face and a perfect faith, and came to the conclusion that a man who could ask for millions as another man might ask for hundreds would be too easy a mark for the beguiling ones of the agricultural department.

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HEINZE LOSES BANK

COULDN'T PAY FOR STOCK IN THE MERCANTILE NATIONAL.

GOULD TAKES IT BACK

Copper Magnate Pleads Not Guilty to Charges of Over-Certifying—Others May Be Indicted.

New York.—Being unable to meet payments due on his stock in the institution Wednesday Augustus Heinze lost control of the Mercantile National, the conduct of which as its president brought about his arraignment in the United States circuit court earlier in the day on charges of over-certification.

One year ago Heinze bought a controlling interest from the Goulds, with whom he pledged his holdings as security for his promise to pay them in full within one year. This loan of \$1,200,000 was due Wednesday to Edwin Gould and William Nelson Cromwell, who was a member of the Gould party in the bank before the Mercantile was added to the Heinze-Morse-Thomas chain of financial houses.

Up to the last moment allowed him Heinze struggled to meet his obligations and so to retain his banking interests. His failure was chronicled in the following statement issued by Mr. Cromwell after an afternoon conference of the parties concerned:

"The Heinze stock in the Mercantile National bank has been acquired by Mr. Gould in a satisfactory arrangement. Mr. Heinze was given every possible chance to pay for the stock, but because of his inability to do so in the time agreed upon we have been forced to take it over."

Wednesday morning Heinze, now under bail consequent upon an indictment by the federal grand jury on a charge of over-certifying checks of his brother's brokerage firm involving \$460,000, was arraigned before Judge Chafetz. A plea of not guilty was entered and permission was given to alter or to withdraw it, or to make any other desired motions later.

It was reported that other men equally as prominent as Heinze in Wall street operations were to be called before the federal authorities to plead to similar indictments.

RECEIVERS FOR A RAILWAY.

Stickney and C. H. F. Smith Named for Chicago Great Western.

St. Paul, Minn.—Judge Walter H. Sanborn, of the United States circuit court, Wednesday afternoon appointed A. B. Stickney and Charles H. F. Smith, both residents of St. Paul, receivers for the Chicago Great Western railroad. A. B. Stickney is now president of the road. The firm of Kellogg & Severance of St. Paul was appointed attorneys for the receiver.

The appointment of receivers followed the inability of the company to meet obligations falling due in 1908, and the failure to secure an extension of the obligations. Loss as a result of the boiler-makers' strike of last fall is given as a partial cause for the financial straits of the road. It was also pointed out in the proceedings that during the last ten years the road has spent \$19,000,000 in reconstruction.

BISHOP WORTHINGTON DIES.

Prelate of Nebraska Expires Suddenly in France.

Meutone, France.—Rev. George Worthington of Nebraska, who was recently appointed to take charge of the Episcopal churches on the continent in succession to Bishop Henry C. Potter of New York, died here Tuesday.

Dr. Worthington was walking in the direction of Cap Martin alone when he was suddenly taken ill. He asked a stranger to help him into a trolley car, but he had no sooner entered the car than he fell dead. The body was removed to the Catholic cemetery, for no papers were found on it by which it could be identified. Later, however, it was identified by Mrs. Worthington as that of the bishop.

Three More Thaw Case Jurors.

New York.—The work of securing a jury to try Harry K. Thaw a second time was half complete when court adjourned shortly before six o'clock Wednesday night. The original venire had been exhausted and the customary night sitting was not held. The oath was administered to three men, making six in all who have been finally accepted. Three provisional jurors were also in the box at the close of the day's sessions.

Mayor of Dakota Town Falls Dead.

Fargo, N. D.—J. F. Selby, mayor of Hillsboro, N. D., dropped dead in the Midway cafe in Moorhead Wednesday afternoon. Mr. Selby was a prominent attorney and a member of the constitutional convention.

Priest Inherits Fortune.

St. Joseph, Mo.—Father Charles F. Kearful, for nearly 40 years a Catholic priest in Missouri and Kansas, has been notified by the state department at Washington that he is heir to a fortune of \$500,000, left by his uncle, Karl Kirkfogel, a prominent wool merchant, who died recently in Sydney, Australia. Father Kearful will start at once for Sydney to claim the estate, going by way of Rome. As he has a fortune of his own he intends to devote all of his inheritance to charity work in St. Joseph.

SAND AND CLAY GOOD ROAD MAKING MATERIALS

Hard, Durable Highways Can Be Constructed at Small Cost—By William L. Spoon, Government Road Expert.

Natural sand-clay roads may frequently be found in localities where the soil contains the right proportions of sand and clay. In sections of the country where the prevailing subsoil is composed entirely of clay, or, on the other hand, is of an extremely sandy character, these materials may be properly mixed so as to overcome as far as possible the objectionable features of each. The mixing of sand and clay as a form of road construction has received careful study and is of great importance, especially to the Atlantic and Gulf states, where throughout large areas sand and clay are practically the only materials available for road building.

The best sand-clay road is one in which the wearing surface is composed of grains of sand in contact in such a way that the voids or angular spaces between the grains are entirely filled with clay, which acts as a binder. Any excess of clay above the amount necessary to fill the voids in the sand

by means of a turning plow and a cut-away or disk harrow. This stage of the work will of course be found somewhat disagreeable, leading, as it does, to the formation of a thick, pasty mud; but it is the only practicable way in which the necessary mixing can be accomplished. Many experiments have been tried with dry mixing of the clay and sand, but all have been more or less unsuccessful. In cases where the plowing and harrowing are considered too expensive the mixing may be left to traffic. This, however, inevitably leads to a muddy road surface for a long time, although finally it is possible, by a proper distribution of the sand upon the clay, to bring about a fairly good result, even by this simple method.

In case a slaking clay is used, very much less puddling is required, as there are practically no lumps to be broken up and the mixing can easily be done with a harrow after a rain. Slaking clays do not usually make as effective binders as the more plastic clays; therefore in dry weather the road surface becomes more dusty. It will be seen that the best clay for this kind of construction is one which slakes sufficiently easily to enable the lumps to be readily broken up, and which at the same time, without being too plastic, has sufficient binding power to cement the grains of sand and form a smooth, impervious surface on the road. Clays of this nature which have given excellent results are found in abundance in many of the southern states and doubtless exist elsewhere. Their color is usually red or mottled red and white. Occasionally clays are found sufficiently sandy to be suitable for use without further mixing. When this is the case it is only necessary to spread the material on the road and allow it to pack under traffic. It is obvious that it is necessary to pay careful attention to the physical properties of the available clay in the neighborhood of the road, as it will frequently be found economical to haul good material for some distance rather than use an inferior material which is close at hand. The qualities to be considered, as has been pointed out, are the greatest binding power obtainable, together with the least



Fig. 1.—Clay mixed with sand to the point of saturation, with the angular sand grains in contact.

is detrimental. If a small section taken from the surface of any well-constructed sand-clay road is examined with a magnifying glass, the condition of contact which exists between the grains, and the small proportion of clay which is required to fill the voids may be seen. Wherever this proper condition of contact exists for a few inches in thickness upon the surface of a road, it will bear comparatively heavy traffic for a long time, even when the subsoil is sand or clay. The proper mixture or saturation point of clay and sand can easily be seen by referring to Fig. 1.

All the experiments that have been made by the government indicate that the materials should not be mixed in a dry state, but that they should be thoroughly mixed and puddled with water. It makes little difference by what method the stirring or mixing is done, so long as it is thorough and proper proportions of the materials are obtained. If an excess of clay is used in the mixture, as shown in Fig. 2, the grains of sand which are not in contact are free to move among and upon each other, so that no particle exerts more resistance to pressure than if the entire mass consisted of clay alone. On the other hand, if an insufficient amount of clay is used, the mixture will lack binding power and will soon disintegrate.

We may now outline the methods which have been used to obtain the proper contact mixture, although it will be necessary to discuss separately the methods of treating slaking and non-slaking varieties of clay. It will readily be seen that it is less economical to haul sticky or plastic clay and spread it upon sand than it is to haul sand and spread it upon clay. The clay is difficult to dig and handle and

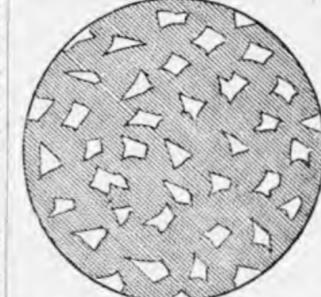


Fig. 2.—Sand-clay mixture with an insufficient amount of sand, the grains not being in contact.

usually comes out in lumps, which, if placed upon the roadbed and covered with sand, are apt to remain unbroken unless great care is taken in the mixing. The bad effects of lumps of clay in a sandy subsoil and the effects of traffic on such a mixture are illustrated in Figs. 3 and 4.

Fig. 3 shows a cross section of a road into which lumps of clay have been worked. Fig. 4 shows the displacement of these lumps when subjected to the prolonged action of traffic, and the resulting formation of deep ruts and general disintegration of the surface.

It has been pointed out that thorough stirring and puddling are absolutely essential to successful sand-clay construction. This is most easily brought about immediately after a hard or prolonged rain, the clay having been previously spread and the larger lumps broken up as completely as possible. The surface should then be covered with a few inches of sand and plowed and harrowed thoroughly

amount of labor necessary for disintegrating and mixing.

An easy method for making a rough or approximate estimate of the volume of the clay filler required for any unit quantity of a given sand is as follows: Two ordinary glass tumblers of the same size are filled to the brim, one with dry sand and the other with water. The water is then poured carefully from the one glass into the sand in the other until it reaches the point of overflowing. The volume of water removed from the glass which was originally full of water can be taken as an approximate measure of the voids in the unit volume of sand contained in the tumbler. A simple calculation will reduce this to percentage volume.

Practical experience has shown that the tendency is to calculate too little rather than too much sand for given amounts of clay, and almost invariably a second and even a third application of sand is necessary over and above the calculated amount. It often happens that clay will work up to the surface under the action of traffic, in which case an extra top dressing of sand should be added when required.

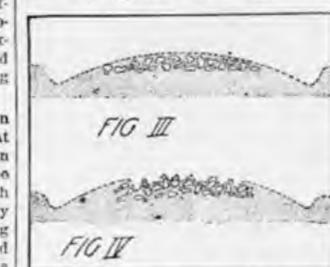


Fig. 3.—Cross section of road, showing lumps of clay placed on a sand subsoil and covered with sand.

Fig. 4.—Cross section of road, showing displacement of lumps of clay when subjected to travel.

Sale of Buttermilk.—Nearly every town or city offers a good trade in buttermilk. The demand is much greater than many people might think at first notice. Many cooks prefer buttermilk for baking certain hot breads and cakes, both because of its cheapness compared to sweet milk, and of its superior acid content. Those who do their own churning and have a short distance to haul to town could no doubt develop a trade in this by-product that would be worth the while. Ordinarily buttermilk retails at ten cents a gallon, which would amount to about a dollar and twenty cents a hundred. Gallon molasses cans are nice to deliver the milk in.

Use Tar Paper.—If the poultry house has cracks or knot holes in the walls through which the wind blows or the cold gets into the house, cover the building with one or two thicknesses of tar paper or, better, with some of the prepared roofings and sidings manufactured and sold for the purpose. The hens will lay enough more eggs during winter to more than pay the cost of making their house comfortable.

MISS ANNIE CATRON.



CATARRH MADE LIFE A BURDEN TO ME.

MISS ANNIE CATRON, 927 Main St., Cincinnati, Ohio, writes: "As I have found Peruna a blessing for a severe case of catarrh of the head and throat which I suffered from for a number of years, I am only too pleased to give it my personal endorsement.

"Catarrh, such as I suffered from, made life a burden to me, my breath was offensive, stomach bad, and my head stopped up so that I was usually troubled with a headache, and although I tried many so-called remedies, nothing gave me permanent relief. I was rather discouraged with all medicines when Peruna was suggested to me.

"However, I did buy a bottle, and before that was finished there was a marked change in my condition. Much encouraged I kept on until I was completely cured in a month's time, and I find that my general health is also excellent."

People who prefer solid medicines should try Peruna tablets. Each tablet represents one average dose of Peruna.

Man-a-fin the Ideal Laxative. Ask Your Druggist for Free Peruna Almanac for 1908.

TRUE AFFECTION.



Ethel—Jimmy, do you love me?
Jimmy—Great Scott, girl, do I love you! Ah! I kept my hands and face clean for more than a week all on account of you?

Laundry work at home would be much more satisfactory if the right Starch were used. In order to get the desired stiffness, it is usually necessary to use so much starch that the beauty and fineness of the fabric is hidden behind a paste of varying thickness, which not only destroys the appearance, but also affects the wearing quality of the goods. This trouble can be entirely overcome by using Defiance Starch, as it can be applied much more thinly because of its greater strength than other makes.

Traveler's Picture Books.

Picture books for the benefit of travelers are kept in the Paris police stations. It frequently occurs that foreigners lose things which they are unable to describe, because of their unfamiliarity with the French language. The picture books contain representations of various articles, and the inquirer has only to turn the leaves and point out the illustrations which resemble the property he lost.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Hathorn* in Use For Over 30 Years. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Every woman thinks she has a right to make a fool of some man.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS.

PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of itching, smarting, bleeding or protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded.

Sometimes the man who was born a fool gets bravely over it.

Lewis' Single Binder straight 5c cigar made of rich, mellow tobacco. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

Only a stupid woman doesn't know when to act stupid.



Associated with Thompson's Eye Water

The Girl from Tim's Place

BY CHARLES CLARK MUNN
COPYRIGHT, 1906, BY LOTHROP, LEE & SHEPARD CO.

SYNOPSIS.

Chip McGuire, a 16-year-old girl living at Tim's place in the Maine woods is sold by her father to Pete Bolduc, a half-breed. She runs away and reaches the camp of Martin Fries, occupied by Martin, his wife, nephew, Raymond Stearns, and guides. She tells her story and is cared for by Mrs. Fries. Journey of Fries's party into woods to their father's place. Fries, an old hermit, who has resided in the wilderness for many years. When camp is broken Chip and Ray occupy same canoe. The party reach camp of Mrs. Fries. Fries and wife are welcomed by him and Cy Walker, an old friend and former townsman of the hermit. They settle down for summer's stay. Chip and Ray are in love, but no one realizes this but Cy Walker. Strange canoe marks found on lake shore in front of their cabin. Strange smoke is seen across the lake. Martin and Levi leave for settlement in fact and are arrested. McGuire, who is known as outlaw and escaped murderer. Chip's canoe woods friend, Tomah, an Indian, visits camp. Ray believes he sees a bear on the ridge. Chip is stolen by Pete Bolduc and escapes with her in a canoe.

CHAPTER VIII.—Continued.

One, two, five minutes elapsed, and then a sudden suspicion of something wrong came to Old Cy, and, followed by Ray, he hurried to the landing. One pall of water stood on the float, both their canoes were adrift on the lake, and as Old Cy looked out, there, heading for the outlet, was a canoe! One swift glance and, "My God, he's got Chip!" told the story, and with face fierce in anger, he darted back, grasped his rifle, and returned. The canoe, its paddler bending low as he forced it into almost leaps, was scarce two lengths from the outlet. Old Cy raised his rifle, then lowered it. Chip was in that canoe!

His avenging shot was stayed. And now Old Tomah leaped down the path, rifle in hand. One look at the vanishing canoe, and his own, floating out upon the lake, told him the tale, and without a word he turned and, plunging into the undergrowth, leaping like a deer over rock and chasm, vanished at the top of the ridge.

CHAPTER IX.

While Chip, bound, gazed and helpless in the half-breed's canoe, was just entering the alder-choked outlet of this lake, 20 miles below and close to where the stream entered another lake, four men were launching their canoes. "It was here," Martin was saying to Officer Hersey, "one moonlight night a year ago, that a friend of mine and myself saw a spectral man astride a log, just entering that bed of reeds, as I told you. Who or what it was, we could not guess; but as that spook canoeist went up this stream, we followed and discovered our hermit's home."

"Nighttime and moonshine play queer pranks with our imagination," Hersey responded. "I'm not a whit superstitious, and yet I've many a time seen what I thought to be a hunter creeping along the lake shore at night, and I once came near plugging a fat man in a shadowy glen. I was up on a cliff watching down into it, the day was cloudy, and 'way below I saw what I was sure was a bear crawling along the bank of the stream. I had my rifle raised and was only waiting for a better sight, when up rose the bear and I saw a human face. For a moment it made me faint, and since then I make doubly sure before shooting at any object in the woods."

And now these four men, Levi wielding the stern paddle of Martin's canoe, and Hersey's deputy that of his, entered the broad, winding stream. The tall spruce-tops meeting darkened its currentless course, long filaments of white moss depended from every limb and as they twisted and turned up this somber highway, the air grew stifling. Not a breeze, not a sound, disturbed the solemn silence, and except for the swish of paddles and faint thud as they touched gunwales, the fall of a leaf might have been heard. So dense was this dark, silent forest, and so forbidding its effect, that for an hour no one scarce spoke, and even when the two canoes finally drew together, converse came in whispers. Another hour of steady progress, and then the banks began to outline themselves ahead, the trees opened more, a sign of current was met, and the sun lit up their pathway.

By now the spectral beard had vanished from the trees, white cloths were reflected from the still waters, and the gleam of sandy bottom was seen below. The birds, inspired perhaps by the absence of gloom, also added their cheering notes. Nature was smiling once more, and not a hint or even intuition of the fast-nearing tragedy met those men.

And then, as a broad, eddying bend in the stream held their canoes, by tact consent a halt was made.

Martin, his paddle crossed on the thwarts in front, dipped a cup of the cool, sweet water and drank. Levi wiped the sweat from his face, and Hersey also quenched his thirst. The day was hot. They had paddled ten miles. There was no hurry, and as pipes were drawn forth and filled, conversation began. But just at this moment Levi's ears, ever alert, caught the faint sound of a paddle striking a canoe gunwale. Not as usual, in an intermittent fashion, as would be the

case with a skilled canoeist, but a steady, rhythmic thud.

"Hit," he said, and silence fell upon the group.

And now, from far ahead, came the steady tap, tap, tap. It soon increased, and then it assured those waiting, listening men that some canoe was being urged down stream.

Without a word they glanced at one another, and then, as if an intuition came to both at the same time, Martin and Hersey reached for their rifles.

On and on came the steady thump, thump.

And then, as those stern-faced, watching, listening men, rifles in hand, almost side by side, waited there, out from behind this bend shot a canoe.

"My God, it's Pete Bolduc! Look out!" almost yelled Levi, and "Halt! Surrender!" from Hersey, as two rifles were leveled at the oncomer. Then one instant's sight of a red and scarred face, a quick reach for a rifle, a splash of water, an overturned canoe and with a curse the astonished half-breed dived into the undergrowth.

Two rifles spoke almost at the same instant from the waiting canoes, one answered from out the thicket. A thrashing, struggling something in the filled canoe next caught all eyes, and Levi, leaping into the waist-deep stream, grasped and lifted a dripping form.

It was Chip!

And then came another surprise; for down a sloping, thick-grown hillside, something was heard thrashing, and



"I Want a Good Square Talk with Ye, My Boy."

soon Old Tomah, his clothing in shreds, his face bleeding, appeared to view.

Calculating to a nicety where he could best intercept and head off the escaping half-breed, he had crossed four miles of pathless undergrowth in less than an hour, and reached the stream at the nearest point after it left the lake.

How Chip, still sobbing from the awful agony of mind, and dripping water as well, greeted Old Tomah; how Hersey, chagrined at the escape of the half-breed, gave vent to muttered curses; how Martin joined them in thought; and how they all gathered around Chip and listened to her tale of horror, are but minor features of the episode, and not worth the telling.

When all was said and done, Old Tomah, grim and silent as ever, although he had done what no white man could do or would try to do, washed his bloody face in the stream, drank his fill of the cool water, and lifting Pete's half-filled canoe as easily as if it were a shingle, tipped it, turned the water out, and set it on the sloping bank.

"Me take you back and watch you now," he said to Chip. "You no get caught again."

And thus conveyed, poor Chip, willing to clasp and caress the feet or legs of any or all of those men, and more grateful than any dog ever was for a caress, was escorted back to the lake.

All those waiting at the cabin were at the landing when the rescuers arrived. Angle, her eyes brimming, first embraced and then kissed the girl. Ray would have felt it a proud privilege to have carried her to the cabin, and Old Cy's wrinkled face showed

more joy than ever gladdened it in all his life before.

Somehow this hapless wail had grown dearer to them all than she or they understood.

There was also feasting and rejoicing that night at Martin's wildwood home, and mingled with it all an off-moore. Shadowy forms and the mysticism of the wilderness were more to repeated tale.

Old Cy told one end of it in his droll way. Martin related the other, and Chip filled up the interim. Levi had his say, and Hersey supplied more or less—mostly more—of this half-breed's history.

Old Tomah, however, said nothing. To him, who lived in the past of a by-gone race which looked upon lumbering as devastating vandals ever eating into its kingdom, and whose thoughts were upon the happy hunting-grounds soon to be entered, this half-breed's lust and cunning were as the fall of the leaf. Were it needful he would, as he had, plunge through bramble and brier and leap over rock and chasm to rescue his big papoose, but now that she was safe again, he lapsed into his stoical reserve once his taste than all the pathos of human life; and while his eyes kindled at Chip's smile, his thoughts were following some storm or tempest sweeping over a vast wilderness, or the rush and roar of the great white spectre.

"Chip is good girl," he said to Angie the next morning, "and white lady love her. Tomah's heart is like squaw heart, too; but he go away and forget. White lady must not forget," and with that mixture of tenderness and stoicism he strode away, and the last seen of him was when he entered the outlet without once looking back at the cabin where his "big papoose" was kept.

More serious, however, were the facts Martin and Hersey now had to consider, and a council of war, as it were, was now held with Levi, Old Cy and the deputy as advisers.

What the half-breed would now do, and in what way they could now capture him were, of course, discussed, and as usual in such cases, it was of no avail, because they were dealing

and late in the afternoon watching from wide apart outlooks on the ridge. They made long pants up the brook valley where the smoke sign had been seen, they found where this half-breed had built a fire here, and later another lair, a mile from the cabins and in this ridge. Long detours they made in other directions. Old Tomah's trail in the forest was crossed; but neither in forest nor on lake shore were any recent footprints of the half-breed found. Old ones were discovered in plenty. An almost beaten trail led from his lair in the ridge to a crevasse back of the cabins, but to one well versed in wood tracks, it was easy to tell how old these tracks were.

A freshly made trail in the forest bears unmistakable evidence of its date, and no woodwise man ever confounds a two or three days' old one with it. One footprint may not determine this occult fact; but followed to where the moss is spongy or the earth moist, a matter of hours, even, can be decided.

A week of this watchfulness, with no sign of their enemy's return, not even to within the circuit patrolled time and again, began to relieve suspense and awaken curiosity. They had been so sure, especially Martin, that he would come back for revenge, that now it was hard to account for his not doing so.

"My idee is he got so skeered at them two shots," Old Cy asserted, "he hain't stopped runnin' yit." And then the old man chuckled at the ludicrous picture of this perilous "varmint" scampering through a wilderness from fright.

But Old Cy was wrong. It was not fear that saved them from a prompt visitation from this half-breed, but lack of means of defense. The one shot remaining in his rifle at the moment of meeting had been sent on its youthful errand, all the rest of his ammunition was in his canoe, and now on the bottom of the stream. Being thus crippled for means to act, the only course left to him was a return to his cabin 75 miles away, with only a hunting-knife to sustain life with.

He lived to reach his hut on the Fox Hole, and from that moment on, this wilderness held an implacable enemy of McGuire's, sworn to kill him, first of all.

CHAPTER X.

For two weeks the little party at Birch Camp first watched and then began to enjoy themselves once more. September had come, the first tint of autumn colored every patch of hardwood, a mellow haze softened the outline of each green-clad hill and mountain, the sun rose red and sailed an unclouded course each day, and gentle breezes rippled the lake. The forest, the sky, the air and earth, all seemed in harmonious mood, and the one discordant note, fear of this half-breed, slowly vanished.

Chip resumed her hour of study each day; a little fishing and hunting was indulged in by Martin and the two officers; wild ducks, partridges, deer and trout supplied their table; each evening all gathered about the open fire in Martin's new cabin, and while the older people chatted, Ray took his banjo or whispered with Chip.

These two, quite unguessed by Angie, had become almost lovers, and as it was understood Chip was to be taken to Greenville, all that wonder-world to her, had been described by Ray many times. He also outlined many little plans for sleigh rides, skating on the mill pond, and dances which he and she were to enjoy together.

His own future and livelihood were a little hazy to him. These matters do not impress a youth of 18; but of one thing he felt sure,—that Chip with her rosy face and black eyes, always tender to him, was to be his future companion in all pleasures. It was love among the spruce trees, a summer idyl made tender by the dangers interrupting it, and hidden from all eyes except Old Cy's, who was these young friends' favorite.

But these days of mingled romance and tragic happenings, of shooting, fishing, story-telling and wildwood life were nearing their end, and one evening Martin announced that on the morrow they would pack their belongings and, escorted by the officers, leave the wilderness.

The next morning Old Cy took Ray aside.

"I want a good square talk with ye, my boy," he said, "an' I'm goin' to do ye a good turn if I kin. Now to begin, I s'pose ye know yer aunt's goin' to take Chip to Greenville 'n' giv' her a chance at the schoolin' she sartly needs. Now you're callin' to go 'long 'n' have a heap o' fun this winter, I'm goin' to stay here 'n' keer for Amzi. This is the situation 'bout as it is. Now you hev got yer eddication, 'n' the next move is to make yer way in the world 'n' arn suthin', 'n' ez a starter, I want ye to stay here this winter with me 'n' trap. The spruce round here is jist bristlin' with woods gum that is worth a dollar-fifty a pound, easy. We've got two months now, 'fore snow gits deep. We kin live on the top shelf in the way o' fish 'n' game. We'll ketch a b'ar and pickle his meat 'n' smoke his hams, and when spring comes, I'll take ye out with mebbe five hundred dollars' worth of furs 'n' gum ez a beginnin'."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Tragic Nine of Diamonds.

Carefully preserved at Stairs castle, the Aberdeenshire seat of the earl of Erroll, is a single playing card which recalls a never to be forgotten tragedy. It is the nine of diamonds (hence called to this day "the curse of Scotland"), on which the duke of Cumberland wrote his order for the butchery of the brave Highlanders who were taken prisoners at the fatal battle of Culloden.

ART LONG, CREDIT SHORT.



"What does your brother do for a living?"

"He's an artist."

"I know, so am I. But what does he do for a living?"

But Not the Same.

Mushley—indeed, yes, he's very tender-hearted. I really believe if a beggar approached him and he had no money about him he'd actually take off his coat and give it to him.

Crabbe—Well, I'm not tender-hearted, but some of these nifty beggars make me feel like taking off my coat and giving it to them—good and proper.

The Peruna Almanac in 8,000,000 Homes.

The Peruna Lucky Day Almanac has become a fixture in over eight million homes. It can be obtained from all druggists free. Be sure to inquire early. The 1908 Almanac is already published, and the supply will soon be exhausted. Do not put it off. Speak for one to-day.

At Least Not Profane.

A decided brunette, by name Pickins, was arrested for stealing some chickens. When they asked her to swear, she replied, debonaire: "I only know 'deuce,' 'darn' and 'dickens.'" —Lippincott.

So may heaven's grace clear away the foam from thy conscience, that the river of thy thoughts may roll limpid thenceforth.—Dante.

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE" That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of B. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c.

Put it out of the power of truth to give you an ill character.—Marcus Antonia.

Lewis' Single Binder straight 5c. Many smokers prefer them to the cigars. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

Too many people feather their nests with borrowed plumes.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Political conventions seldom go unbozzed.

NO MORE MUSTARD PLASTERS TO BLISTER
THE SCIENTIFIC AND MODERN EXTERNAL COUNTER-IRRITANT.

Capsicum-Vaseline.
EXTRACT OF THE CAYENNE PEPPER PLANT TAKEN DIRECTLY IN VASELINE

DON'T WAIT TILL THE PAIN COMES—KEEP A TUBE HANDY

A QUICK, SURE, SAFE AND ALWAYS READY CURE FOR PAIN—PRICE 15c.—IN COLLAPSIBLE TUBES MADE OF PURE TIN—AT ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS, OR BY MAIL ON RECEIPT OF 15c. IN POSTAGE STAMPS.

A substitute for and superior to mustard or any other plaster, and will not blister the most delicate skin. The pain-relieving and curative qualities of the article are wonderful. It will stop the toothache at once, and relieve Headache and Sciatica. We recommend it as the best and safest external counter-irritant known, also as an external remedy for pains in the chest and stomach and all Rheumatic, Neuralgic and Gouty complaints. A trial will prove what we claim for it, and it will be found to be invaluable in the household and for children. Once used no family will be without it. Many people say "it is the best of all your preparations." Accept no preparation of vaseline unless the same carries our label, as otherwise it is not genuine.

Send your address and we will mail our Vaseline Booklet describing our preparations which will interest you.

17 State St. CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO., New York City

Nothing pleases the eye so much as a well made, dainty

Shirt Waist Suit

if properly laundered. To get the best results it is necessary to use the best laundry starch.

Defiance Starch

gives that finish to the clothes that all ladies desire and should obtain. It is the delight of the experienced laundress. Once tried they will use no other. It is pure and is guaranteed not to injure the most delicate fabric. It is sold by the best grocers at 10c a package. Each package contains 16 ounces. Other starches, not nearly so good, sell at the same price per package, but they contain only 12 ounces of starch. Consult your own interests. Ask for DEFIANCE STARCH, get it, and we know you will never use any other.

Defiance Starch Company, Omaha, Neb.

One of the Essentials

of the happy homes of to-day is a vast fund of information as to the best methods of promoting health and happiness and right living and knowledge of the world's best products.

Products of actual excellence and reasonable claims truthfully presented and which have attained to world-wide acceptance through the approval of the Well-Informed of the World; not of individuals only, but of the many who have the happy faculty of selecting and obtaining the best the world affords.

One of the products of that class, of known component parts, an Ethical remedy, approved by physicians and commended by the Well-Informed of the World as a valuable and wholesome family laxative is the well-known Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna. To get its beneficial effects always buy the genuine, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., only, and for sale by all leading druggists.

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Biliousness, Nervousness, Headaches, and Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Genuine Must Bear Face-Simile Signature

Bread & Food

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and softens the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never fails to restore gray hair to its youthful color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 25c and 50c at Druggists.

MONTANA RANCHES

Hay, Grain, and Vegetable. Helena market very best. Hay, \$10.00 per ton; potatoes, over one dollar. School lands available. 1000 acre tract. Thirty thousand acres will be irrigated near Helena this year and selling for thirty dollars per acre. Forty acres up.

ARTHUR W. IDE, Helena, Montana.

YOUR HIDE TANNED—HORSE or HILDES make fine, warm robes. CAPELLI are the oldest house doing this kind of work. Are responsible, and know how. Write for prices.

THE WORTHING & ALGER CO., Hillsdale, Mich.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN

Best 100 acre farm in Southern Mich. High state valuation—three bank barns—large, fine farm house; 1000 peach trees; fine young apple orchard. Farm produced \$2500 to \$3000 farm income a year. For 20 years. Write immediately. M. H. LANE, Kalamazoo, Mich.

PATENTS

Waters F. Coleman, Patent Attorney, Washington, D. C. Advice Free. Terms low. Highest ref.

A. N. K.—A (1908—2) 2212.

CHURCH NEWS.

Items Pertaining to the Work of the Local Organizations.

The Ladies' Christian union will meet with Mrs. Walmer Thursday, Jan. 16. All members are requested to be present as there will be an election of officers.

Rev. R. S. Mikels of Lowell Heights M. E. church, South Bend, occupied the local pulpit last Sunday morning.

Rev. Mr. Michaels is preaching good sermons every night at the Reformed church to large congregations.

Rev. Mr. Nicely will preach in the Culver M. E. church next Sunday morning and evening.

Sunday School Convention.

Program of the Marshall county Sunday school convention at Plymouth Feb. 13-15:

THURSDAY, FEB. 13.
7:00—Song service, Men's Chorus
8:00—Devotional, Prosbyterian Church
8:30—Address, Rev. Howard
Reception by young men's bible class, Prosbyterian church.

FRIDAY, FEB. 14.
9:00—Devotional, Rev. R. R. Shoemaker, Argos
9:30—The Bible and the Child
10:00—Township Presidents' Hour
10:45—Sermon, Rev. Lake, Bremen
11:30—Miscellaneous business.
1:30—Devotional, Rev. Shoemaker
1:30—Symposium—
The Home Department, Mrs. E. W. League; The Cradle Roll, Mrs. Nilas Wolfe, Bourbon; The Organized Class, Hon. J. W. Parks.

2:30—Self-Training for the Elementary Teacher, Mrs. Baldwin
3:00—Address, State Secretary Halpeny
2:30—Teacher Training in Marshall County, Co. Supt. of T. T.
3:45—Children's meeting, Mrs. Baldwin and Miss Haines

EVENING.
7:00—Song service, Conducted by Prof. Steinbaugh
7:20—Devotional, Rev. Wayne Nicely, Culver
7:30—Teacher Training Contest
8:00—Address, Rev. E. W. Halpeny
8:30—Original Illustrations, Mr. Millard Moyers, Chicago

SATURDAY, FEB. 15.
8:30—Worker's Conference, Led by Rev. E. W. Halpeny
9:00—Devotional, Rev. R. R. Shoemaker
9:15—Our Beginners, Mrs. Baldwin
10:00—A Study in John's Gospel, Rev. E. W. Halpeny
10:45—Round table, Mr. Millard Moyers, Chicago
11:15—Reports of committees.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON.
1:15—Devotional, Rev. R. R. Shoemaker
1:30—Temperance Bugle Notes, Prof. I. S. Hahn, Culver
1:50—The New Movement, Rev. E. W. Halpeny
At 2:30 Our Class, F. B. Carey, Plymouth; "Our's Too," J. W. Lake, Bremen; and others.

At 2:50 House to House Visitation, Mr. Wm. Grooms, Green township; Observations pro and con, Rev. J. A. Palmer and Wm. Nichols. "What We Did," Mr. S. W. Craig, of Nappanee.
3:25—What Next?

All Sunday schools in the county are urged to be represented.

Keen Bros. will soon have printed a large number of circulars describing the farms they have for sale. These will be sent to scores of prospective buyers whose names they are getting by extensive advertising in parts of the country where land is higher in price. These circulars will be followed up with picture postal cards of the lake, etc., and of some of the places they have to sell. They are going into this thing to win, and are getting very satisfactory results. If you want to sell, you will do well to see them at once.

Look at the price of sheep and lambs—past the \$7.40 mark last week in the Chicago market.

For Sale—Good hard coal stove Enquire of W. O. Osborn, Exchange bank.

Wood for Sale.
Phone 5620 when you want stove wood. Not less than two cords hauled each load.
J2tf Wm. O'CONNOR.

Get your visiting cards printed in the latest styles at the Citizen office. Call and see samples.

Real Estate Transfers

Louisa Liechtenberger et al to Mrs. G. A. Nelson, lot in Hibbard, \$45.

Amanda Gezelman quit claim to Mary Gezelman, 1 1/2 lots in Plymouth and pt lot 4, Vandalla add., Culver, \$562.

S A Uneppher to H A Stauffer, 80 acres in 2634, M r l, and 40 acres in 2534, M r l, \$9000

Federal Land Co to J F Baker, lot in Plymouth, \$195.

Geo Vanner to Soroda C Bowman, 40 acres in 11322, \$2000.

J H Paddyford to John Rector, 40 acres except r r, 30,35,1, \$1000.

E S Kitch to A Mull, lot in Bremen, \$15.

Christeen Swearingon to W F Salt, part of lot in Plymouth, \$800.

Myrtle Clark to Barbara Noggle, lots in Bourbon, \$1.

J Raple to J Cochran, 80 acres in 3235,1, \$5000.

Sarah Jewett to J Stair et al, 1 lot in Plymouth and 1 lot in Argos, \$500.

MOUNT HOPE MAGNETS.

Frank Bunn is on the sick list.

Mrs. Della Haas of Newtown, Ind., is visiting her sister, Mrs. C. W. Cunningham.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Ray of Logansport are visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Hay.

Mrs. Elizabeth Wagoner and daughter, Mrs. Herbert LaBonnty, and children of Logansport are visiting in this neighborhood.

Death visited our neighborhood last Saturday and took Mrs. Wm. Hay. The funeral was held at the Mt. Hope church Tuesday and the interment was in Leiters cemetery.

COUNTY LINE LINGO.

Mrs. Ida Jordan has returned from Rochester.

George Fear was called to Mentone Saturday by the illness of his mother.

Ed Woodward spent a few days of last week with Earl Haynes, south.

It has been reported to the correspondent that there will be a wedding in our neighborhood soon.

Mrs. George Fear visited her brother and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Noah Wagoner of Mt. Hope, Saturday.

Quite a number of our people went down to Monterey Saturday to take farewell tea with Mr. Overman.

George Cunningham and family of Logansport are expecting to make their future home with his father.

William Weidner, Delbert Jordan and Nada Baker of Starke county visited over Sunday in Rochester.

Samuel Reed of Mexico, Ind., called on George Fear last Sunday. Mr. Reed expects to visit in this neighborhood for a few days.

HIBBARD HAPPENINGS.

Lizzie Shearer is reported to be getting better.

Mrs. Joe Gray entertained company from Rochester a few days of last week.

G. A. Nelson and wife entertained company from Hanna a few days last week.

M. J. Livinghouse, who had a stroke of paralysis two weeks ago, is about well again.

Will Snyder of Grass Creek and S. E. Wise and their families were Sunday visitors at S. S. Reed's.

Mrs. Isaac Weirman returned on Sunday, from Newark O., where she had been visiting her sick niece.

Gladys Wise and Nellie Clemmons of this place were the guests of Mrs. Chloe Brooke of Culver Saturday and Sunday.

WASHINGTON WARBLINGS

The protracted meetings continue.

Ollie Jones visited at B. Krause's Sunday.

Oscar Daddleson of Chicago is visiting relatives here.

Clyde Wilson is working for the Bell Telephone company.

Mrs. Lemuel Crabb and children of Kewanna are visiting relatives here.

Dan Hall of Leiters attended the meetings at the East church over Sunday.

Grandma and Grandpa Fairchild have come to spend the winter with N. J. Fairchild.

Rev. Whittaker was called to Mt. Hope Tuesday to preach the funeral of Mrs. Will Hay.

Mrs. Dornie Edwards left for Chicago Thursday to join her husband who has employment there.

OAK GROVE DAIRY.

Fred Jordan has a slight attack of the grip at present.

Charles Rock has returned home from Joliet, Ill., where he worked the past summer.

Stephen Whitecomb has returned from a visit with his daughter who lives near Chicago.

John Tannehill, teacher at Ora, spent Saturday and Sunday with Walter Jones at the home of John Borg.

Adolph Friebe is building an addition to his cow barn which makes a valuable improvement to his farm.

Joseph Sellers and son Grover returned Monday to their work in Wisconsin after spending a few weeks with home folks.

Saturday evening about sixty friends gathered at the home of John Borg and gave him a pleasant surprise. Refreshments were served about midnight after the people had spent a pleasant and happy evening, and all went home wishing they might spend many more such happy times.

MAXINKUCKEE MURMURS.

John Haacker has a severe attack of grip.

Merna Stevens returned to Hammond Tuesday.

Thos. Bigley made a business trip to Knox Tuesday.

Mrs. Sallie Hissong is visiting relatives in South Bend.

James Wilson and wife spent Sunday with Ray Stevens.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Dean visited Sunday at Cornelius Heminger's.

George and P. Spangler were business callers in Rochester Monday.

The Ladies' Aid will meet with Mrs. Maggie Spangler this (Thursday) afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Stevens' guests for Sunday dinner were C. G. Bigley and family.

Mrs. Jane Bigley attended the funeral of an uncle, Julius Hill, at Deedsville, Thursday.

M. R. Cline has the contract for building an addition to, and repairing the Yandes-Robinson cottage.

Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Parker went Tuesday to Indianapolis where Mr. Parker expects to attend a trustees' convention.

Fred Moore and family have gone to Ohio after an extended visit with Mrs. Moore's mother, Mrs. Catherine Cline. Later they will return to their home in Glenham, S. D.

The Lady Maccabees will have an all day's meeting at the hall Friday, Jan. 24, to sew carpet rags. Each lady is requested to bring lunch. They will hold a review in the afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Asa South, two little daughters, Irene and Florence, and son Frank, spent Sunday evening at George Spangler's. Byron entertained his little friends with magic lantern pictures.

Following are the Sunday school officers elected at the Christian church for the ensuing year: Superintendent, Mary Bigley; assistant, Maggie Spangler; secretary, Clara London; treasurer, Gertrude Stevens; organist, Golda Thompson; assistant, Mary Bigley. Mrs. Gertrude Stevens and Golda Thompson were appointed teachers for classes 1 and 2.

ZION NEIGHBORHOOD.

Oscar Zechiel and family took dinner at Geo. Zechiel's Friday.

There will be church at Zion next Sunday after Sunday school. Elva and Vera Zechiel visited Sunday with Dollie and Elsie Duddleson.

There was no Sunday school at Zion Sunday on account of stormy weather.

Charles Duddleson attended the basket ball game at Plymouth Friday evening.

Mrs. Jesse Zechiel, north of Burr Oak, visited Thursday at Sim Hatton's.

Harvey Emigh visited his cousin, Zina Duddleson Jr., from Friday until Sunday.

Zina Overmyer of Burr Oak visited from Saturday until Monday with his uncle, Z. A. Duddleson.

Wash Overmyer, wife and son Cecil and Oscar Zechiel and family visited Sunday with Zina Duddleson and family.

BURR OAK BRIEFLETS.

The writer of these items is suffering from the grip.

A supply of new song books will be purchased by the Church of God at once.

A. H. Raple has been quite sick with lung trouble, but is now on the mend.

Miss Blanche Vanderweele went to Chicago Sunday to remain for some time.

Blanche Burns contemplates a business course at South Bend and will begin in a week or so.

J. D. Vanderweele was seriously injured Saturday evening by being kicked in the face by a horse. Dr. Rea was called to look after his injuries. He will be some time in fully recovering.

Elder S. J. Lindsey will begin a series of meetings at the Church of God Monday night, Jan. 20. Meetings will continue about two weeks. Everybody invited to come and enjoy these meetings.

The meetings at the U. B. church have closed after four weeks' earnest effort on the part of Rev. Mr. Hutchinson. Owing to the unpleasant weather Sunday there was no Sunday school at the U. B. church.

Chester Overmyer, the second son of Sherman Overmyer, met with a painful accident while riding horseback. The horse slipped and fell, pinning the boy's foot between the horse and frozen ground. The foot is badly swollen and the doctor was unable to tell whether the bones were broken or not.

Auction Sale.

Wednesday, Jan. 22, 2 miles east of Mt. Hope church and 4 miles west of Richland Center, 3 head of horses, 12 head of cattle, 12 head of hogs, chickens, hay, stove wood, farm implements and household furniture. Property of Geo. Sult, N. J. Fairchild, auctioneer.

CULVER MARKETS.

Eggs.....24
Butter (good).....20
do (common).....18
Fowls.....07
Roosters.....04
Ducks.....06 1/2
Turkeys.....11
Lard.....10

(By the Culver City Grain and Coal Co.)

Wheat, new.....92
Oats (new).....40
Corn (sound, not chaffy) 30 to 45
Rye.....70
Clover Seed.....\$8 @ \$9

Public Sale

On the Tuesburg farm, two miles south of Ober, on

Thursday, Jan. 23

at 10 o'clock. Two work horses, 4 good milch cows all giving milk, 1 two-year-old heifer, 4 young calves, 8 shoats weighing 100 lbs. each, 12 tons timothy hay, 20 tons wild hay, 300 bu. corn in crib, 25 bu. oats in bin, 1 new Sharpies cream separator No. 4, 1 disc corn plow, 1 spring-tooth harrow, 1 farm wagon, 1 set heavy harness, 1 set single driving harness, new hay rack, buggy, bob-sleds, pair boat runners, 2 stands of bees, and other articles.

TERMS—10 months, 8 per cent. \$5 and under cash. No property to be removed until satisfactory settlement is made. 8 per cent off for cash. PETER ELBERT, Geo. Sellers, Auctioneer, Frank Joseph, Clerk.

EVERYBODY COME AND Eat Oysters WITH THE FIRE BOYS Wednesday, January 22.

From 5 o'clock on, the Fire Company will serve oysters in the hall over Saine's Store. It is also expected that there will be music. Come and enjoy a social evening and help along a good cause.

The net proceeds of the supper will go toward the purchase of service ladders and other necessary equipment for the Culver fire department. This is a worthy cause, and should have the support of every citizen.

HERE IS WHERE ALL CAN HELP!

REMEMBER THE DATE AND PLACE
Wednesday, January 22, at Saine's Hall
PRICES: Adults, 25c; Children, 15c.

ONCE A YEAR SALE

ONCE a year, in January, I "Clean House." The public has the opportunity here to buy goods at much less than they are worth. I have some beautiful things bought specially for the Christmas season, that are just as good, just as fresh looking as on Dec. 24, but I do not want to carry them over to next season. You have been giving gifts to others; why not give one to yourself and save money at this sale. Wholesale and below; 25 per cent and 40 per cent off. Come in; this is your opportunity to get jewelry cheap.

Ladies' Watch Chains, Gents' Watch Chains, Fobs, Ladies', Gents' and Children's Rings, Scarf Pins, Cuff Buttons, Brooches, Beauty Pins, Veil Pins, Combs, Locket Chains, Locketts, all 40 per cent off

Ladies' and gents' watches and children's bracelets at 25 per cent off. I will lay no goods back, as these are bargain prices.

E. B. SUTHERLIN, Culver's Jeweler

Don't Wait

until the busy season, but come in now and place your orders for Carpets, Linoleums, Curtains, Mattresses, Furniture, and the many other articles you will want.

Bring in your old Furniture and have it repaired and upholstered. We can make it look like new.

We have just received a new stock of Picture Moulding. Bring in your pictures and let us frame them for you.

Culver Dept. Store

CHANGED HANDS!

The Gem Barber Shop
First Door South of the Hardware

THIS shop, under the new management, has been made first-class in every respect, and we invite the patronage of all who wish the best of work and courteous treatment.

Mr. Delbert Smith, the manager, is a tonsorial artist with six years' experience in some of South Bend's best shops, and we are satisfied that if given a trial will meet all the requirements of the most exacting customer.

Below is a schedule of the prices that prevail in our shop:

Shave.....10c Dry Shampoo.....15
Hair Tonic.....10c Hand Massage.....25
Hair Cut.....25c Vibrating Massage.....25
Hair Single.....25c Razors Honed.....25

Give us a trial when you want the best work you ever had.

J. W. RIGGENS, Prop. DELBERT SMITH, Manager
SHOE SHINING STAND IN CONNECTION