

## AROUND THE LAKE

### Items Concerning the Summer Residents Along Maxinkuckee's Beautiful Shores.

All the cottages around the lake are now occupied.

Mrs. C. E. Braman spent the week's end in Chicago.

Miss Oglesby of Plymouth is a guest of Mrs. H. R. Bliss.

Mrs. Messenger of Logansport is visiting Mrs. J. E. Barnes.

Poise Ward of Chicago is spending a few days at Oak Lodge.

Prof. Seeburger has gone for the week to Terre Haute on business.

Miss Prudence Jackson of Lafayette is visiting Miss Ada Ellsworth.

Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Wilson of Logansport spent Sunday at their cottage.

Mrs. James Wilburn of Logansport is a guest of Mrs. C. E. Holbruner.

Earl Rea of the Horning cottage is spending the week in Fort Wayne.

Austin Brown of Indianapolis is spending the week with Clement Vonnegut.

E. A. Ellsworth of Lafayette is here for two weeks with his family at Idelson.

Miss Agnes Hoffinger of St. Louis is visiting her cousin, Miss Helen Albrecht.

Mrs. Roy Lawrence and C. L. Braman are spending two weeks at Terre Haute.

Misses Bayne and Sehanfield of Terre Haute are guests of Mrs. O. C. Hornung.

Mrs. C. A. Rudd of Terre Haute is visiting Mrs. S. C. McKee at Cricked Camp.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Routh of Logansport spent the week at the Routh cottage.

Miss Clara Baynes of Chicago is a guest of the Misses Robinson at the Powwow.

Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Edwards of Peru have opened Haleyon Villa for the summer.

Mrs. L. W. Lasher of Terre Haute is spending the week with Mrs. W. J. Wood.

Mrs. R. A. Allison and daughter of Indianapolis are guests of Mrs. J. Q. VanWinkle.

K. K. Culver of St. Louis is here for a few days with his mother, Mrs. E. J. Culver.

Henry Meyer of Terre Haute is spending a few days at the lake catching the fish.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Judah of Indianapolis have returned to their cottage for the summer.

Miss Emma Mitchell and Mrs. Robbins of Peru are guests of Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Mitchell.

Burford McQuatt of Indianapolis is spending a few days with his mother at Bonnie Doon.

S. C. Vorhees of Spokane, Wash., is spending two weeks with his wife at the Vajen cottage.

Mrs. R. J. Gilbert Sr. and daughter of Chicago are visiting Mrs. J. H. Gray at Waupaca Hall.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Retz of Terre Haute are back to their cottage after an absence of two years.

H. R. Bliss of Indianapolis arrived Saturday in his auto and spent Sunday with his family.

Mayor and Mrs. Charles A. Bookwalter and family are now pleasantly located at the Schaf cottage.

Mrs. Joseph Newman, who has been visiting Mrs. W. H. Fulton, has returned home to Indianapolis.

Mrs. Alice Holliday and Mr. Hawkins of Indianapolis are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Donald Ketcham.

Miss Carroll Stratton of Chattanooga, Tenn., is visiting Mrs. C. E. Kirk at the McShesby cottage.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Adam and Mr. and Mrs. Victor Josa and son spent Sunday at Sleepy Hollow, guests of the Rhodamels.

Mrs. H. B. Haywood is spending the week at Terre Haute.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank VanCamp of Indianapolis are now at Beach Lawn.

Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Culver of St. Louis are now enjoying life at the Roost.

Miss Ruth Sheppard of Indianapolis is a guest of Miss Maurine Waldorf.

Mr. Schaf, Miss Maus and Miss Alice Schaf arrived Saturday at the Schaf cottage.

J. M. Dresser of Chicago spent Sunday with his mother and sister at Willow Spring cottage.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Haney of Fort Wayne spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Ferguson.

Mesdames Munk and Brooks gave a marshmallow roast to their house party Tuesday evening.

Miss Margaret Armon, who has been visiting at the Wagoner cottage, returned to Terre Haute Monday.

Mrs. O. B. Emacy has returned to Indianapolis after a visit with her daughter, Mrs. L. E. Weinstein.

E. W. Johnson Sr. of Terre Haute is spending a few days at Oak Dell with his son Ed and family.

Dr. George P. Wintermute of Berkeley, Cal., has joined his family at Abbeenaubee Park for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Farley and Mesdames Long and Farley Sr. are guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Hollman.

Mrs. Maggie Miller, who has been visiting her cousin, Mrs. C. E. Holbruner, has returned to Richmond.

Ted McKee of Indianapolis is visiting Chas. Schaf, and Miss Frances Gladding is the guest of Miss Alice Schaf.

Misses Alice Stetson, Minnie Antrim and Mildred Keyes of Peru are guests of Miss Emma Brownell at Pleasant Point.

Persons desiring a shampoo, facial massage or manicuring will find Miss Elizabeth at the English cottage near Rector's.

Mrs. Julia Frick and son and Mrs. Herman Jose of Indianapolis are guests of Mrs. J. H. Rhodhamel at Sleepy Hollow.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Grunstag and Mr. and Mrs. Ross Wallace of Indianapolis spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Milliken.

Mr. and Mrs. A. A. McCormick, who have been occupying one of Major Bates' cottages, moved Wednesday to Mr. Irwin's cottage.

Mrs. J. E. Barnes entertained sixteen members of the West Side Literary club of Logansport at her cottage Saturday and Sunday.

Misses Helen and Mildred Graham gave a dance last week in honor of Miss Laura Shryver of Terre Haute, a guest of Miss Helen Recker.

J. E. Thompson and Miss Jessie Beard of Chicago, who have been spending the week at the Routh cottage, have departed for Logansport.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Elam of Indianapolis and Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Crawford of Terre Haute are now at their cottage in the Lake View grounds.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Dahlon and Mr. and Mrs. Clinton Lasher of Indianapolis arrived in their auto and are visiting at the Dahlon-Weinstein cottage.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Coulter and Mrs. J. Hammerschlag will leave tomorrow for Lake Maxinkuckee where they have taken a cottage for two weeks.—Friday's Star.

Mrs. S. R. Dresser and son Richard of Bradford, Pa., are guests for the month of Mrs. J. M. Dresser and daughter at Willow Spring.

Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Haywood gave a dance and marshmallow roast at Hamewold to a number of their friends Saturday night. A very enjoyable evening was spent.

A. W. Hollman of Rochester has completed and taken possession of his new cottage on the West side. It is a credit to the lake and a haven of rest for Mr. Hollman and his family.

The following Indianapolis are at Bay View Place: Wm. J. Ried, W. Stanford Ried, F. J. Nall Jr. and wife, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Pearl, Geo. T. Skillman, H. E. Taylor and wife, Mrs. C. A. Gabe, W. E. Gabe, C. L. Ried, Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Gabe, Maxwell O. Parry, Addison J. Parry, Henry Kippinger Jr., Robert T. Hughes.

#### Plead Guilty to Charge.

On complaint of Liveryman Austin, Lou Patsel and Jerry Eskridge were taken to Plymouth last week charged with cruelty to animals. Both plead guilty before Justice Kirk and were fined \$2 and costs, a total of about \$30. Patsel was furnished with bail on the following morning by his father, but Eskridge is still in jail.

The case is the outgrowth of the drowning of a team which the boys hired of Austin to go to a dance in Starke county. According to the story told immediately after the occurrence the team broke away from the boys and in the darkness ran into a ditch where they fell into three feet of water. The real facts are obscured by conflicting statements.

#### Matrimonial.

The many friends of Miss Verna Bohmer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Bohmer, residing near Hilliard, will be interested in learning of her marriage with Herman E. Batterman of Detroit, Mich. The ceremony took place June 25 at Pontiac, Mich. Mrs. Batterman will remain with her parents until fall when she and her husband will begin housekeeping in Detroit where Mr. Batterman is secretary and treasurer of the Detroit Roofing-Tile company. Mrs. Batterman has been principal of the Hibbard school for several years.

#### A Scorcher.

Sunday was one of the hottest known in Culver. The thermometer on the east side of the depot ran up to 102° at 2:30, and at the academy a mark of 101 was scored. In the sun opposite the depot the mercury went to the top of the tube, 122. Nearly everybody sought the lake shore and the park was well filled all day. It was too hot for even baseball, and the crowd was limited to a few enthusiasts. But what glorious weather for corn!

#### At the Elevator.

The McElbourn elevator has added to its facilities a new dump with a capacity of 400 bushels, 100 feet of driveway and a new set of scales. Up to Wednesday morning 1,800 bushels of new wheat had been received, and the first carload of 1,000 bushels was shipped out on Tuesday to Eostoria, O. The new wheat is weighing out 58 to 54½ pounds per bushel, a little heavier than last year.

#### Excursions.

Traveling Passenger Agent C. L. Nesbit of Indianapolis brought up from Anderson yesterday an excursion of twelve cars containing 783 passengers. It was given under the auspices of the First M. E. Sunday school of Anderson.

Today Mr. Nesbit will be here with another excursion taking in points from Sheldon and State Line on the Effner division to Logansport.

Union services next Sunday evening at the Christian church. Rev. Mr. Walmer will preach.

## PERSONALITIES

Mrs. Annie Smock of Indianapolis is a visitor at J. O. Ferrier's.

Mrs. Joseph Sidlow of Chicago is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Stabnow.

Willard Zechiel spent several days last week with friends in Plymouth.

Mrs. John Osborn returned last week from a month's visit in Bluffton, Ind.

Miss Zulie Moss of Flora visited her sister, Mrs. Dr. Parker, Sunday and Monday.

Mrs. Arthur Upham of Toledo, O., is here the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Sam Hessel.

Clarence Snider of Chicago is in Culver on a two weeks visit with the Howard family.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Piper of Indianapolis were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Meredith.

Louis and Henry Zechiel and their wives were at Winona Lake from Thursday until Monday.

D. W. Marks is still confined to the house, and a part of the time to the bed, with Bright's disease.

Gratia Bolen returned to her home in Morenci, Mich., Tuesday after visiting Culver friends for a week.

Mrs. E. J. Culver and son Harry and family left Tuesday for New York whence they will embark for Europe.

Mabel Phoebus and Zulie Cline visited Saturday and Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. William Phoebus of Kewanna.

Chester Zechiel has secured a position in the Anderson high school as an instructor in physical geography.

Clarence Hawkins, eldest son of Eugene Hawkins, is here from Eostoria, O., with his wife and baby on a vacation visit.

Misses Goldie Martin and Lillian Thomas of South Bend were guests this week of Miss Thomas' sister, Mrs. O. A. Gandy.

Mrs. T. M. Hoffman returned yesterday from Berne, Ind., where she has been for the past three months, bringing with her the new son.

George Kline moved yesterday to Plymouth. He will work the farm he bought near there last spring. The family will move on to the place next spring.

F. A. Huff brought down the following party of Brementies in his auto Sunday as guests of O. T. Goss: Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Huff and son and Mr. and Mrs. Edward Ponder and son.

Curtis Smith, who four weeks ago was operated on for appendicitis at Woodlawn hospital in Rochester, came here Saturday and spent a couple of days with his parents, Albert Smith and wife, when he left for Culver where he is going into the restaurant business.—Kewanna Herald.

Mrs. Emma Dickson was the guest last week of her nephew, Hon. Daniel McDonald, the "Tall Hickory of the Pottawatomie Reservation" as the Rochester Republican puts it. Mrs. Dickson is the widow of Bayless L. Dickson, who owned the land on which Culver is situated and who laid out Uniontown in 1846 or 1847. They lived in a house on the corner now occupied by the Gast tinshop. Mrs. Dickson was accompanied by her sister, Mrs. Weimer of Argos.

#### Stricken with Paralysis.

Mrs. John F. ("Neighbor") Crowley suffered a light stroke of paralysis on Sunday morning, affecting her right arm and her vocal organs. The case is not serious and she will probably fully recover.

#### New Arrivals.

Born, on Sunday, to Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas Mense, on the Burkett farm near Burr Oak, a son.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Walter M. Hand, on Tuesday, a son.

## THE SUMMER SCHOOL

### 1908 Session Opens With An Attendance of 257 Men—Many Old Boys Back Again.

The attendance for the present summer will not quite equal that of a year ago but the fact that 255 cadets have reported for duty in a summer following the financial stringency is no small evidence of the attraction that Culver has for boys and of the desire of the parents to give their sons the finest possible summer.

For several days previous to the opening of the school the cadets had been coming in with their usual bustle and hurry. Under the perfect system of registration, distribution of rooms, etc., the new arrivals were soon accustomed to the correct order of things and immediately got their rooms into good condition and their uniforms on.

Of course there were a large number of the ludicrous mistakes that always attend the opening. The "rhineys" asked the usual questions: "Where can I get a bath check and a meal ticket?" "Can you walk on the grass here?" etc. The "old men" told the rhineys to go to the carpenter shop for a shave and other little jokes of the same kind. But there is no ground for complaint about the treatment from the old men and in fact this year the new men are having an easier and more enjoyable time than ever before in the history of the school.

The boat ride around the lake and the inter company field meet have added interest to the start and have made the men better acquainted.

With fourteen cutters in commission the navy will continue to maneuver on Lake Maxinkuckee while the smaller number of men will enable all to go out at once and to enjoy a longer drill than when two drill sections were necessary. A sufficient number of veteran sailors have returned to supply all demands for boat officers and to insure best results in training the new. With the fine spirit that inspires all members of the summer battalion there is no reason why the session should not be fully as enjoyable and as successful as the record making one of 1907.

The 202 men in the naval course this summer were taken out in the cutters for the first time this year on July 8, Commander Giguillat commanding, and were given a few elementary instructions in using their oars and since have made rapid progress in handling the same. About the first of next week the sails will be put in the cutters and the men given instructions in stepping the masts and working sail, which is much more interesting than moving the cutters by hand power. Mr. Giguillat is very much pleased with the progress thus far made and considers that this year will be one of the most interesting in the history of the school in the naval course.

Mr. Hendricks, the instructor in seamanship and coach of the crew, comes to us after eight years' service in the U. S. navy. During his enlistments he has traveled the world over, visiting most of the ports of importance on the globe. Eight years ago he graduated from the Naval Training Station at Newport, R. I., and was sent to the training ship Monongahela. After service on the naval transport Solace he became one of Admiral Evans' signal boys on the flagship Kentucky. He saw service against the fierce Moros and against the Pulaganus on the island of Samar, P. I. He was then transferred to

the Oregon, then to the Philadelphia, from which he was discharged with the grade of first-class quartermaster.

The Cavalry school has started its second summer session with most brilliant prospects. It has increased the horses from 40 to 60, and the troop has 55 men to ride. There can be no doubt that the troop will be up to the top notch, for with all officers filled with veteran winter school men it has a lot of ability and efficiency to begin with. There are 25 old men back in the corps, and of these 15 are winter school men.

The new pith helmets are a great improvement over the English cap used last year; and the canvas puttees, though not as fine as the leather puttees of last summer, make just as natty a showing and are cooler. The white dress helmet is a pleasing improvement over the old dress cap for coolness and general appearance.

Wednesday afternoon the first operations of donning riding clothes and choosing horses were gone through with. Captain Rossow explained the approach to a horse and the process of placing blankets and bridles. Horses were assigned to officers according to their choice and to privates by lot.

While in the stables it was noticed that twenty new stalls are being built for the new horses.

With seventy-five percent of its members old men the fifty-five members of the summer troop expect to win all kinds of honors during the summer and to shine even in competition next August with the crack Troop A of Cleveland. They also promise some keen athletic competition with their rivals of the navy but are also ready to contribute some of their brawn to the boat crew which shall bring more laurels to Culver this summer.

Life in the tents proved so attractive last summer that the academy was forced to add a second camp this year to accommodate the requests for places out of barracks. Fifty-five tents besides those of the officers are now in use, and nothing can induce a camper to change places with the men in barracks. The old camp east of the riding hall is now sacred to the cavalry, and here the wearers of the huge helmets and the yellow stripes are laying deep schemes to win in athletics and shooting and aquatic from their brethren of the navy. The new camp is a navy camp lying along the street north of the gymnasium and here forty of the navy men are reveling in the joys of camp with few of its drawbacks, and are becoming the envy of the other sailors who live in barracks.

The band proved its readiness for service by furnishing music for the boat ride on the first night of school. At present there are fourteen men besides their leader, Captain Wilson, and they practice for an hour and a half each afternoon. The following are the members:

Solo clarinet, Mills; first clarinet, Connolly; solo cornets, Johnston and Wells; first cornet, Mense; French horn, Smith E.; 2d alto, Smith G.; 3d alto, Buswell; tenor, Kubcek; trumpet, Capt. Wilson; baritone, Smith P.; bass, Bennett; side drum, Hg; long drum, Bond; cymbals, Bracy.

I have some hat pins which I will almost give away this week, E. B. Sutherland.

A rich man is one that dresses as well as his wife does.

The 11 London gas companies supply about 46,403,852,000 cubic feet of gas to 1,101,896 consumers.

King Edward is not as deeply interested in advancing the cause of democracy as some of his radical friends.

If the Florida had any personal feelings, she couldn't help wondering how what the navy department has against her.

Taking charge of him so late in life, it is hard for the American woman to train the continental husband to her liking.

World-circling automobilists are making the discovery that repair shops do not line the way through the wilds of Siberia.

Still, some persons might think that after a man had been fed on sour milk for a month he would be mad enough to fight anybody.

It will only cost two cents to send a letter to Great Britain in the fall. People about to collect English ancestral estates will save money by waiting.

It is said that the primeval oyster was a foot long. It is to be hoped that the present-day etiquette as to his consumption did not prevail at that time.

A Youngtown (O.) man says he'll sail an arship from Hammondport, N. Y., home in eight hours. He's taking on a heavier cargo of faith than of gasoline.

Girls in Denmark take out insurance against becoming old maids. Bachelors in this country would welcome something of the sort as a protection against matrimony.

The year-old prince royal of Spain has been enlisted as a private soldier in the king's regiment. Promotion from the ranks will not be difficult to arrange in his case.

Blue-blooded Americans who find the modern game of politics a little beneath them will be accommodated by the transatlantic steamship company.

King Edward refuses the job of forming Russia and giving it a constitutional government during his talk with the czar on the Gulf of Finland. Edward recognizes his limitations.

The duke of Abruzzi thinks a year's wait will inform him whether he truly and sure-enough loves Katharine Elkins. This must be some of that overpowering passion for which the Italians are noted.

In three years England has paid nearly \$250,000,000 of the national debt and proposes an old-age pension to cost \$30,000,000 a year. This looks as if financial panics were sidestepping the right little, tight little isle.

They say the women golfers are showing greater progress in the game than the men this season. Are they destined to outshine the men on the links? Some day, perhaps. Then the championship games will be co-educational.

According to the opinion of a certain physician, people who are tall and fair are predisposed toward rheumatism and those who are short and dark are predisposed toward nervous disorders. What about the women who are disposed to change their hair and complexions to harmonize with each season's fashionable color?

Australia is preparing to show honor to the visiting American battleship fleet while that great aggregation of fighting craft is still a long way off. The British squadron on duty in that section of the world will meet the United States vessels at the Fiji Islands and escort them to Australian waters, and great will be the jollification at the antipodes.

Americans are not the only ones who are carrying on exciting experiments with flying machines. A French aeronaut has made a trip with an aeroplane skimming along for several thousands of feet not more than six or seven feet from the ground. There is at least one advantage in flying as low as that. The smash-up is not likely to be so great when the collapse comes.

A Reading railroad train ran into a team driven by an 11-year-old boy the other day, wrecked the wagon and threw the boy into the air. A brakeman who happened to be standing on the locomotive steps at the time caught the boy by the arm as he came down and saved his life. If the brakeman was a baseball player in his youth, the incident affords another illustration of the value of athletic sports.

Japan has been learning and teaching a lesson in business. American and European governments and private exhibitors did not respond warmly to Japan's great exhibition, which is to be held in Tokyo in 1912. One reason was that Japan has had no proper trade-mark and patent law, and occidentals were not eager to send over new inventions and manufactures, to have the Japanese copy them. So Japan passed a patent law harmonious with American and British practice, and entered into negotiations for trade-mark treaties.

DUNN NAMES BRYAN

FITNESS OF NEBRASKA'S GIFTED SON IS ACCLAIMED.

PEOPLE KNOW AND TRUST HIM

Orator Declares Western Statesman is the Man Above All Others Eminently Worthy of the Party's Leadership.

Denver, Col.—The Hon. Ignatius J. Dunn, on behalf of Nebraska, urged the claims of William Jennings Bryan as the party's logical candidate for the presidency, before the Democratic national convention, in the following speech:

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Convention: Crises arise in the life of nations which endanger their institutions and, at times, imperil the advance of civilization.

Every people that has left its impress upon history has faced such crises. In most instances, where grave dangers have threatened the safety of the state, some great character, some master mind has been found, produced as it were by the conditions themselves, with capacity to direct aright the energies of the people. This was true of the ancient world; it is true of this republic. We have such a crisis to meet to-day. The favor-seeking corporations have gradually strengthened their hold upon the government until they now menace popular institutions.

The question is, whether this government shall be restored to the control of the people and be administered in the interest of all, or whether it shall remain an instrument in the hands of the few for levying tribute upon all the rest.

In his special message to congress last winter, President Roosevelt declared, substantially, that certain wealthy men who have become enormously rich by oppressing the wage earner, defrauding the public and practicing all forms of iniquity, have banded together, and by the unlimited use of money, endeavor to secure freedom from restraint and to overthrow and discredit all who honestly administer the law.

That the methods by which these men have acquired their great fortunes can only be justified by a system of morality that would permit every form of criminality, every form of violence, corruption, especially during the last 12 years, these very men, the Republican party; they have financed every campaign of that party for a quarter of a century. These exploiters of the people, whom the president has so scathingly denounced, have given their enthusiastic support to the Republican candidates and policies. They laid their hands upon the trust funds of insurance companies and other corporations and turned the plunder over to the Republican committee. The money thus filched from the innocent and helpless, to purchase Republican victory, has not been repaid.

And where do we find these men to-day? Where are the "swollen fortunes" of which we have heard so much? Just where we would expect to find them—supporting the Republican ticket and furnishing the sinews of war for the Republican committee as usual.

Republican Party Arraigned. The platform adopted by the late convention shows that the Republican party in truth represents, in framing the platform every genuine reform which the president has advocated was scorned and repudiated. The Wisconsin delegation asked that one or two reform planks be placed in the platform, and for its pains was denounced as Democratic. The convention by a vote of eight to one refused to approve those policies which the president for four years has been urging upon his party. The mask of hypocrisy has been torn from the face of those who pretend to favor the reforms advocated by the president, and it is now apparent why the "system" admires Taft and hates the senator from Wisconsin. When compelled to choose between an appeal to the conscience of the nation in defense of its platform and candidates, on the one hand, and the millions that the special interests may be dependent upon to contribute to the other, that convention rejected the people and continued its alliance with Mammon.

If the charges made by the president are true—and they are true—we are indeed face to face with a situation as grave as any in our history. How shall it be met? The good sense, patriotism and united action of the people alone can remedy present evils.

Democrats Must Furnish Leader. To wage a successful fight we must have a leader. The Republican party, dominated by the seekers of special privileges, cannot furnish him. Republicans who really desire reform are powerless; the efforts of the president have been futile.

The Democratic party must furnish the leader which present conditions demand, and he must be a man known to be free from the influences that control the Republican party. He must be a man of superior intellect, sound judgment, positive convictions and moral courage—one who will meet the forces of plutocracy with the naked sword of truth—one who knows no surrender. He must have a genius for statescraft; he must be a man of wide experience in public affairs; he must have ability to formulate policies and courage to defend them.

He is a man whose nomination will leave no doubt as to where our party stands on every public question. His genius for statescraft is shown by the constructive work he has done in proposing reforms, and by the ability with which he has fortified his position. But we may go farther. A few months since, he visited the principal nations of the world. He came in contact with the leading minds of Christendom, and the world abroad recognized his greatness and paid him that tribute justly due to men of high attainments. In the most distinguished peace convention that has assembled in recent years, he proposed a plan which, if adopted, would prove more effective than any arbitration treaty that has yet been made, and by his influence he secured its approval by the representatives of the 26 leading nations then assembled.

Is he thoroughly informed regarding the issues of this campaign? Read his speeches and his writings, which for nearly 20 years have been a part of the political literature of the nation. Is he sincere, brave and determined? Even his political opponents now admit that he is. I have had a close personal and political acquaintance with this man, whose name Nebraska presents, since he entered political life. I can testify from observation as to his political conduct before he was known to fame. He was honest, brave and unyielding then; he is honest, brave and unyielding now.

Honesty Unquestioned. Honesty is inherent in him. He was an honest lawyer before he entered politics. He was honest in his political methods before his statesmanship was recognized by the nation; and he has been honest throughout his political career. His convictions have been his political creed. He has impressed these convictions upon others, not by dictation, but by arguments addressed to the judgment and the conscience.

Believing in the ultimate triumph of the right, he has never examined questions from the standpoint of expediency. He has never inquired whether a political principle was popular; it has been sufficient for him to believe that it was right.

He has been a consistent champion of the reserved rights of the states. He favored the election of senators by direct vote before the house of representatives ever acted favorably upon the subject. He championed tariff reform when the west was the hotbed of protection.

He favored an income tax before the income tax law was written. He attacked the trusts when Republican leaders were denying that any trusts existed. He advocated railroad regulation before the crusade against rebates and discrimination began.

Leader in Wise Reform. He has always been the friend of labor, and was among the first to urge conciliation between labor and capital. He began to oppose government by injunction more than a decade ago. He announced his opposition to imperialism before any other man of prominence had expressed himself on the subject, and without waiting to see whether it would be popular.

the people. He must not only believe in the right of the people to govern, but in their capacity to do so. And he must be a man whom the people know and trust.

The Democratic party has many distinguished men who might be chosen as our standard bearer; but it has one man who above all others possesses the necessary qualifications and is eminently fitted for this leadership.

Strong in People's Affection. First nominated when ten years younger than any other presidential candidate ever chosen by a prominent party, living in a state 500 miles farther west than that in which any president has ever lived, he has grown in the affections of the people as the years have passed.

Speaking and writing freely on all subjects, his heart has had no secrets and his friends have increased in numbers and in confidence. Without an organization to urge his claims; without a campaign fund to circulate literature in his behalf; without patronage to bribe a single voter; without a predatory corporation to coerce its employees into his support; without a subsidized newspaper to influence the public mind; he has won a signal victory at the primaries and has become the free choice of the militant Democracy of the nation.

Forming in one unbroken phalanx extending from Massachusetts to California, and from Michigan to the everglades, the yeomanry of the party have volunteered their services to make him the party candidate; and they will not lay down their arms until they have made him the nation's chief executive.

Nebraska's Democracy, which saw in him, when a young man, the signs of promise, places in nomination as the standard bearer of our party the man who in the thrilling days of '96 and 1900 bore the battle-scarred banner of Democracy with fame as unshaken and fidelity as spotless as the crusaders of old. Nebraska presents his name because Nebraska claims his dwelling place, and proudly enrolls him among her citizens; but his home is in the hearts of the people.

I obey the command of my state and the mandate of the Democracy of the nation, when I offer the name of America's great Commoner, Nebraska's gifted son, William Jennings Bryan.

Many Second Nominations. Speeches seconding the nomination of Mr. Bryan were made by Gov. Robert B. Glenn of North Carolina, Gov. Claude A. Swanson of Virginia, Augustus Thomas and the Hon. James T. Heflin.

LIKE THE OLD MINING CAMPS. Women Are at a Premium in the Panama Canal Zone.

One place in this world where women seem to be at a premium is in the canal zone. The women employed in the zone are very few in proportion to the men. Of a total in excess of 6,500 employees of the government 297 are women. Their salary is about what the average man makes here in our cities, or in actual figures they make \$72.90 a month. It is not that the government prefers men employees to women, but the expense of quartering women would be so much more expensive than arranging for men that the latter are employed instead. Many of the women are employed as stenographers, telegraphers, copyists, time-keepers and clerks, although the great majority of them are either teachers or nurses. The chief woman clerk receives a salary of \$175, whereas the lowest salary is \$25 to a matron. The majority of the women are wives to the men working on the isthmus, and are provided with married quarters. It is only in a very few instances that women who apply for positions in the zone are accepted. If they are not accepted as wage earners, however, they are making a good record for being accepted as wives. Girls who go to the zone to visit brothers and uncles seldom return to the United States. There is such a scarcity of wives in the isthmus that almost every girl who goes to the zone marries an ambitious young man down there. She has her innings in one way if not in another.

A Quick Grower. William M. Mauss, Chicago's industrial commissioner, recently visited New York, and with great success pointed out to the New Yorkers Chicago's many advantages as an industrial center. Praising his great city at a dinner, Mr. Mauss smiled and said: "Indeed, the quick growth of Chicago is remarkable as that of Tin Can."

"A native praised Tin Can to a tenderfoot. 'Only six years old,' he said, 'and the finest young town in the west.' 'Tin Can the finest young town in the west?' 'Nonsense,' said the tenderfoot. 'I don't like it at all.' 'You don't?' exclaimed the native, astonished. 'When were you there?' 'Last week.' 'Ah,' said the native, 'but you ought to see the place now.'"

The Rub. "My!" exclaimed little Billy, as he gazed at the lithograph. "I'd like to be a giraffe. Just think how easily he could 'rubber' over the baseball fence." "That's all right," replied Tommy, "but there is another thing when you wouldn't want to have a neck like a giraffe's." "When is that?" "Why, in the mornings when your ma begins to scrub your neck with soap and water."

Sure! "It is easier to be good than great," remarked the elder.

Standard bearer of his party in this gigantic contest. Since time began no greater tribute was ever paid to any man by a free people. He is recognized to-day as the most representative citizen of the nation, the peer of any living man.

Friends and foes have learned that he was shaped in that heroic mold in which the world's great patriots, statesmen and leaders have been cast.

Without an organization to urge his claims; without a campaign fund to circulate literature in his behalf; without patronage to bribe a single voter; without a predatory corporation to coerce its employees into his support; without a subsidized newspaper to influence the public mind; he has won a signal victory at the primaries and has become the free choice of the militant Democracy of the nation.

Forming in one unbroken phalanx extending from Massachusetts to California, and from Michigan to the everglades, the yeomanry of the party have volunteered their services to make him the party candidate; and they will not lay down their arms until they have made him the nation's chief executive.

Nebraska's Democracy, which saw in him, when a young man, the signs of promise, places in nomination as the standard bearer of our party the man who in the thrilling days of '96 and 1900 bore the battle-scarred banner of Democracy with fame as unshaken and fidelity as spotless as the crusaders of old. Nebraska presents his name because Nebraska claims his dwelling place, and proudly enrolls him among her citizens; but his home is in the hearts of the people.

I obey the command of my state and the mandate of the Democracy of the nation, when I offer the name of America's great Commoner, Nebraska's gifted son, William Jennings Bryan.

Speeches seconding the nomination of Mr. Bryan were made by Gov. Robert B. Glenn of North Carolina, Gov. Claude A. Swanson of Virginia, Augustus Thomas and the Hon. James T. Heflin.

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VELOZ IS RECALLED

DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH VENEZUELA SEVERED.

CHARGE ORDERED HOME

No Danger of War with South American Republic—Washington Officials Regret Departure of Senor Veloz.

Washington.—The diplomatic relations between America and Venezuela that have existed uninterruptedly for more than half a century, though in recent years severely strained, were completely severed Thursday. At half past three o'clock in the afternoon Senor Veloz-Gaitano, the Venezuelan charge d'affaires, called at the state department by appointment to present to Acting Secretary Bacon notice from his government that he was to quit his post here, closing up the Venezuelan legation in Washington, and repair forthwith to Venezuela.

Taking leave of Acting Secretary Bacon and accepting the suggestion that he communicate in writing to Secretary Root the direction of his government in this matter, Senor Veloz paid hasty calls upon Assistant Secretaries Adee and Huntington Wilson and other officials of the state department who he has long and intimately known. Of course, officially, there was nothing for these gentlemen to say beyond mere formalities when made acquainted with the fact that the Venezuelan charge had been withdrawn. But personally they did not hesitate to express their sincere regret, for Senor Veloz has come to be very highly regarded in the diplomatic circle. Indeed it may be stated positively and from actual knowledge of what he has done in the years which he has passed in Washington as a representative of Venezuela that his personality has gone far toward deferring the rupture.

As to the future, it is pointed out by officials who have followed closely the developments in the Venezuelan situation that there is not the slightest danger of war in the immediate future, or indeed at all. Rather will the situation resemble that following the rupture of diplomatic relations between France and Venezuela, for instance, where legations were closed on both sides and all official relations terminated, while trade between the two countries continued and Frenchmen came to Venezuela and rich Venezuelans made their annual pilgrimages to Paris as if nothing had occurred.

AMERICAN MINISTER FIRED ON. Mr. O'Brien Narrowly Escapes Death in Paraguayan Revolution.

La Paz, Bolivia.—Further details received here of the revolution in Paraguay state that while fighting was going on in Asuncion an incident occurred which might have had a most serious result. The American minister, Edward C. O'Brien, desirous of proffering his good offices in order to prevent further loss of life, while approaching the headquarters of the revolutionists was fired upon three times by government troops. According to the dispatches the minister's escape was miraculous, as many persons were killed in the vicinity. Discovering their error, the troops ceased firing and an officer hastened to give explanations to the minister, who is convinced that the act was not premeditated.

FOREST FIRES IN MAINE. Woods Are Dry and Much Property Is Menaced.

Portland, Me.—Serious forest fires are raging in various sections of this state and much property is menaced by the flames. The woods are dry from lack of rain and all efforts to check the fires seem fruitless. With fires burning at Merz Point, Georgetown, Peneville, Sandy Gully and to Psham there is an irregular circle of fire and smoke about Brunswick. At Wells the front of the fire is five miles in length and thousands of acres have been burned over. Still another fire seriously threatens the town of New Castle.

TABRIZ TO BE BOMBARDED. Situation in Persian City Reaches State of Anarchy.

St. Petersburg.—A special correspondent of the Novoe Vremya, who has just arrived at Tabriz, reports that the situation there has reached a state of extreme anarchy and that the bombardment of the town is a question only of hours.

Watson Is Notified. Atlanta, Ga.—Thomas E. Watson was formally notified of his nomination for president by the Populists of the United States at a mass meeting Thursday night.

To Test Cattle Killing Devices. New York.—At a meeting of the American Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Thursday Henry Bergh was authorized to go to Chicago to experiment at the stock yards there with some of the 40 or so inventions for a humane method of killing cattle that have been sent to the society in competition for a prize of \$500 offered by Mr. Bergh. Of the 40 methods, less than a dozen are worth a test, Mr. Bergh thinks. He

HEALTH BRINGS HAPPINESS.

Invalid Once, a Happy Woman Now.

Mrs. C. R. Shelton, Pleasant Street, Covington, Tenn., says: "Once I seemed a helpless invalid, but now I enjoy the best of health. Kidney disease brought me down terribly. Rheumatic aches and pains made every move painful. The secretions were disordered and my head ached to distraction. I was in a bad condition, but medicines failed to help. I lost ground daily until I began with Doan's Kidney Pills. They helped me at once and soon made me strong and well."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

SOMEWHAT SUSPICIOUS.



Of course, it may be all right—still, you don't feel inclined to eat sausages when you find your butcher has removed to a shop next door to the Home for Lost Dogs, do you?

A Cold Lurch. The pupils of a distinguished professor of zoology, a man well known for his eccentricities, noted one day two tidy parcels lying on their instructor's desk as they passed out at the noon hour. On their return to the laboratory for the afternoon lecture they saw but one. This the professor took carefully up in his hand as he opened his lecture.

"In the study of vertebrata we have taken the frog as a type. Let us now examine the gastrocnemius muscle of this dissected specimen."

So saying the professor untied the string of his neat parcel and disclosed to view a ham sandwich and a boiled egg.

"But I have eaten my lunch," said the learned man bewilderedly.—Lippincott's.

INVESTORS. Send us \$5.00 and we will send you 50 shares of full paid and non-assessable stock, (par value \$1.00 in a mining company who have some first class mining properties. This is not a large block to hold, but the company wants your cooperation to help develop their properties and make the stock valuable, you can increase your holdings when you are satisfied that the proposition is legitimate, as those who accept this offer are guaranteed 1,000 shares at 10 cents per share if taken within 30 days from date of purchase, after that the price will be 15 cents and will be advanced from time to time until the stock will be at par. Only a small block will be sold on this plan. Prospecting and full particulars sent with certificate. CHAPMAN & THAYER, Fiscal Agents, 220 Central Block, Pueblo, Colo.

Case of Shocking Neglect. Friend—What has become of Celestine, your maid? Mrs. Snobottins—I had to discharge her. She had no consideration for Fido. Friend—Why, I always thought she took the most tender care of the pet. Mrs. Snobottins—So did I till I found she was using her own comb on him without first sterilizing it.

Why He Kicked. Stella—My fiance refused to let me take charge of a booth at the church fair last week. Mabel—What were you going to sell? Stella—Kisses at a quarter apiece.

Try Murine Eye Remedy For Red, Weak, Watery Eyes. Murine Doesn't Smart—Soothes Eye Pain. All Druggists Sell Murine at 50c. The 48 Page Book in each Pkg. is worth Dollars in every home. Ask your Druggist. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

It's surprising how brave the average man is when there isn't any real danger in sight. Smokers have to call for Lewis' Single Binder cigar to get it. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

No man on earth is rich enough to enjoy paying taxes. Mrs. Winlow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Being bitten by a toothless dog must be a soft snap.

Truth and Quality

appeal to the Well-Informed in every walk of life and are essential to permanent success and creditable standing. Accordingly, it is not claimed that Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna is the only remedy of known value, but one of many reasons why it is the best of personal and family laxatives is the fact that it cleanses, sweetens and relieves the internal organs on which it acts without any debilitating after effects and without having to increase the quantity from time to time.

It acts pleasantly and naturally and truly as a laxative, and its component parts are known to and approved by physicians, as it is free from all objectionable substances. To get its beneficial effects always purchase the genuine—manufactured by the California Fig Syrup

LANGFORD of the THREE BARS

By KATE AND VIRGIL D. BOYLES

(Copyright by A. C. McCallister & Co., 1902.)

SYNOPSIS.

George Williston, a poor ranchman, high-minded and cultured, searches for cattle missing from his ranch—the "Lazy N." On a wooded spot in the river's bed that would have been an island had the Missouri been at high water, he discovers a band of horse thieves engaged in working over brands on cattle. He creeps near enough to note the changing of the "Three Bars" brand on one steer to the "J. R." brand. Paul Langford, the rich owner of the "Three Bars," is informed of the operations of the gang of cattle thieves—a band of outlaws headed by Jesse Black, who long have defied the law and authorities of Kemah county, South Dakota. Langford is struck with the beauty of Mary, commonly known as "Williston's little girl." Louise Dale, an expert court stenographer, who had followed her uncle, Judge Hammond Dale, from the east to the "Dakotahs," and who is living with him at Wind City, is requested by the county attorney, Richard Gordon, to come to Kemah and take testimony in the preliminary hearing of Jesse Black, Jim Munson, in waiting at the train for Louise, comes at a herd of cattle being shipped by Bill Brown and there detects old "Mag," a well known "ornery" steer belonging to his employer of the "Three Bars" ranch. Munson and Louise start for Kemah. Crowds assemble in Justice James R. McCallister's court for the preliminary hearing. Jesse Black surprises the first of many great surprises, waiving examination. Through Jake Sanderson, a member of the outlaw gang, he had learned that the steer "Mag" had been recovered and thus saw the uselessness of fighting against being bound over. Richard Gordon, the county attorney, who is unpopular because of his many failures to secure convictions in court, wins the admiration of Louise, which is mutual. County Attorney Gordon accuses Louise of tampering with justice which prevents him from securing a conviction. He has the girl's sympathy. While Williston stands in the light in his door at night a shot is fired at him. The house is struck and a battle ensues between Williston and his daughter, on one side, and the outlaws on the other.

CHAPTER IX.—Continued.

As her strained sight stared out into the darkness it was borne to her intuitively, it may be, that something was creeping up on her. She could see nothing and yet knew it to be true. Every fiber of her being tingled with the certainty of it. It was coming closer and closer. She felt it like an actual presence. Her eyes shifted here, there—swept her half-circle searchingly—stared and stared. Still nothing moved. And yet the nearness of some unseen thing grew more and more palpable. If she could not see it soon she must scream aloud. She breathed in little quickened gasps. Soon, very soon, she would scream. Ah! A shadow down by the biggest cottonwood! It bodily sought a nearer and a smaller trunk. Another slinking shadow glided behind the varnished position. It was a ghastly presentation of "pussy-wants-a-corner" played in nightmare. But at last it was something tangible—something to do away with that frightful sensation of that crawling, creeping, twisting, worming, insinuating—nearer and nearer, so near now that it beat upon her—unseen presence. She pressed her finger to the trigger to shoot at the tangible shadows and dispel that enveloping, choking, blanket horror, when God knows what stayed the action of her fingers. Call it instinct, what you will, her hand was stayed even before her physical eye was caught and held by a blot darker still than the night, over to her right, farthest from the spring. It lay perfectly still. It came to her, the wily plan with startling clearness. The blot was waiting for her to fire futilely at grating shadows among the trees and, under cover of her engrossed attention insinuate its treacherous body the farther forward. Then the play would go merrily on till—the end. She turned the barrel of her rifle slowly and deliberately away from the moving shapes among the cottonwood clump, sighted truly the motionless blur to her right and fired, once, twice, three times.

The completeness of the surprise seemed to inspire the attackers with a hellish fury. They returned the fire rapidly and at will, remaining under cover the while. Shrinking low at her window, her eyes glued on the still black mass out yonder, Mary wondered if it were dead. She prayed passionately that it might be, and yet—it is a dreadful thing to kill. Once more the wild firing ceased. Mary responded once or twice just to keep the deadly chill from returning—if that were possible.

Under cover of the desperadoes' fire, at obtuse angles with the first attempt, a second blot began its tortuous twisting. It accomplished a space, stopped; pulled itself its length, stopped, waited, watchful eyes on the window whence came Mary's scattered firing still into the clump of trees. They had drawn her close regard at last. Would it hold out? Forward again, crawling flat on the ground, ever advancing slowly, now and then

but also, very surely, creeping, creeping, now stopping, now creeping, stopping, creeping.

All at once the gun play began again, sharp, quick, from the spring, from the sheds. The blot lay perfectly still for a moment—waiting, watching. The plucky little rifle was silent. But so it had been before. Quarter length, half, whole length, cautiously with frequent stops, eyes so steely, so intent—could it be possible that this gun was really silenced—out of the race? It would not do to trust too much. The blot waited, scarcely breathed, crept forward again.

A sudden bright light flashed up through the darkness under the unprotected wall to Mary's left. Almost simultaneously a kindred light sprang into being from the region of the cattle-sheds. The men down there had been waiting for this signal. It meant that for some reason the second effort to creep up unobserved to fire the house had been successful. The flare grew and spread. It became a glare.

When the whole cabin seemed to be in flames save the door—the dry, rude boarding had caught and burned like paper—when the heat had become unbearable, Williston held out his hand to his daughter, silently. As silently she put her hand, her left hand, in his; nor did Williston notice that it was her left, nor how limply her right arm hung to her side. In the glare, her face shone colorless, but her dark eyes were stars. Her head was held high. With firm step, Williston advanced to the door. Deliberately he unbarred it, as deliberately threw it open and stepped over the threshold. They were covered on the instant by four rifles.

"Drop your guns!" called the chief, roughly. Then the desperadoes moved up.

"I take it that I am the one wanted," said Williston.

His voice was calm and scholarly once more. In the uselessness of further struggle, it had lost the sharp incisiveness that had been the call to



action. If one must die it is good to die after a brave fight. One is never a coward then. Williston's face wore an almost exalted look.

"My daughter is free to go?" he asked, his first words having met with no response. Better, much better, for the sake of a man like Williston to die in the dignity of silence, but for Mary's sake he parleyed.

"I guess not," responded the leader, curtly. "If a pullin' idiot hadn't missed the broad side of you—as pretty a mark this side heaven as man could want—then we might talk about the girl. She's showed up too damned much like a man now to let her loose."

This big, shuffling form lounged in his saddle. He raised his rifle with every appearance of lazy indifference. They were to be shot down where they stood, now, right on the threshold of their burning homestead. Williston bowed his head to the inevitable for a moment; then raised it proudly to meet the inevitable.

A rifle shot rang out startlingly clear. At the very moment the leader's hawk eye had swept the sight, his rifle arm had twitched uncertainly, then fallen nerveless to his side, while his bullet, playing a faltering and discordant second to the first true shot, tore up the ground in front of him and swerved harmlessly to one side. Instantly the wildest confusion reigned—shouts, curses, the plunging of horses mingled with the sharp crack of fire-arms. The shooting was wild. The surprise was too complete for the outlaws to recover at once. They had heard no sound of approaching hoof-beats. The roaring flames licking up the dry timber and rendering the surrounding darkness the blacker for the contrast had been of saving grace to the besiegers after all.

In a moment the desperadoes rallied. They closed in and imposed a cursing, malignant wall between the rescuers and the blazing door of the shanty and what stood and lay before it. Mary had sunk down at her father's feet and had no cognizance of the fierce though brief conflict that ensued.

Presently she was dragged roughly to her feet. A big, muscular arm had heavy grasp of her.

"Make sure of the girl, Red!" commanded a sharp voice near, and it was gone out into the night. Afterward she heard—oh, many, many times in the night watches—the eerie galloping of horses' hoofs, growing fainter and ever fainter, heard it above the medley of tramp-

it for what it meant; but to-night—this evil night—she gave but one quick, bewildered glance into the sinister face above her and in a soft, shuddering voice breathed, "Please don't," and fainted.

CHAPTER X.

In Which the X Y Z Figures Something Mysteriously.

Jim Munson, riding his pony over the home trail at a slow walk, drooped sleepily in his saddle. It was not a weirdly late bedtime, half-past ten, maybe, but he would have been sleeping soundly a good hour or more had this not been his night to go to town—if he chose. He had chosen. He would not have missed his chance for a good deal. But his dissipation had been light. The boss never tolerated much along that line. He had drunk with some congenial cronies from the Circle E outfit complimentary to the future well-being and increasing wealth of this already well-known and flourishing cattle ranch. Of course he must drink a return compliment to the same rose-colored prosperity for the Three Bars, which he did and sighed for more. That made two, and two were the limit, and here was the limit overreached already; for there had always to be a last little comforter to keep him from nodding in his saddle.

It was a sleepy night, cool and soft and still. He could walk his horse all the way if he wanted to. There was no haste. The boys would all be in bed. They would not even wait up for the mail, knowing his, Jim's, innate aversion to hurry. Had he not been so drowsy, he would like to have sung a bit; but it required a little too much effort. He would just plod along.

Must all be in bed at Williston's—no light anywhere. A little short of where the Williston branch left the main trail he half paused. If it were not so late he would ride up and give them a hail. But of course they were asleep. Everything seemed still and dark about the premises. He would just plod along.

"Hello, there! Where'd you come from?" he cried of a sudden, and before he had had time to carry his resolve into action.

A man on horseback had drawn rein directly in front of him. Jim blinked with the suddenness of the shock.

"Might ask you the same question," responded the other with an easy laugh. "I'm for town to see the doctor about my little girl. Been puny for a week."

"Oh! Where you from?" asked Jim, with the courteous interest of his kind.

"New man on the X Y Z," answered the other, lightly. "Must be gittin' on. Worried about my baby girl."

He touched spurs to his horse and was off with a friendly "So long," over his shoulder.

Jim rode on thoughtfully. "Now don't it beat the devil," he was thinking, "how that there copper puncher struck this trail comin' from X Y Z—with the X Y Z clean 'other side o' town? Yep, it beats the devil, for a fact. He must be a ridin' for his health. It beats the devil." This last was long drawn out. He rode a little farther. "It beats the devil," he thought again—the wonder of it was waking him up—"how that blamed fool could a' struck this here trail a goin' for doc."

At the branch road he stopped irresolutely.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

WAS A LESSON FOR "AB'AHAM."

Good Old Uncle Job Felt Called Upon to Rebuke Sinner.

"Yas, suh," began Uncle Job, surveying his hearers with an expression of virtuous address; "yas, suh, I sholy gib dat trifling Ab'aham a lesson he never fahgot!" Then, seeing an inquiring look in the eyes of some of his hearers, and hearing a question from the lips of one of them, he decided to go more into details about the nature of the lesson he had imparted. "What'd I do tuh him? Fa gwine tuh tell you alls. Ab'aham fair drawed de lightning on hisself w'en he hed de 'dacity tuh 'vite me tuh he house tuh eat er tukkey dinner. Tukkey," repeated Uncle Job, after a telling pause, "w'en dat liverashons rascal noreb raised any tukkey in he life 'cept offen some wite man's roost. Hit sho was er fine tukkey, but I showed dat Ab'aham dat stolen goods profiteth little. Dat tukkey was er big gobble, an' dere was nobody but me an' Ab'aham dere; an' I seasoned dat bird self admonitions tuh be good an' wahnings fom de wrath to come. Hit sholy would hev tasted good of hit hedn't been stole. But de sauce ob a deed well did an' a sinneh rebuked almos' made hit relish, an'" concluded Uncle Job, with pious satisfaction, "though hit was er halid pill, I's bound to say I held out to de end an' finished dat tukkey, spite ob Ab'aham's hint dat he spected hit tuh las' him er week."—Youth's Companion.

House Eleven Hundred Years Old. St. Albans possesses the oldest inhabited house in the country. This distinction is said to belong to the old Round house, now the Fighting Cocks Inn, which stands close to the River Ver. It is a curious structure—of octagonal shape—of early Saxon origin, having been built as a bathhouse to the ancient monastery founded at St. Albans by King Offa about the year 795, and is thus over 1,100 years old. A subterranean passage, now blocked up, runs from the basement to the ruins of the monastery, a distance of about 200 yards. There is a shed at the back of the house, where it is said Oliver Cromwell stabled his horse, himself once sleeping under its

HOOSIER BREVITIES

NEWS OF THE WEEK IN THE STATE OF INDIANA.

DESIRE ORATORS HUSHED

Board of Agriculture Wishes Politics Cut Out State Fair Week—Plans For a Great Show Mapped Out.

Indianapolis.—The state board of agriculture wishes the eagle would please be still while the state fair is going on, meaning no disrespect, of course, to the eagle or to the men who make the eagle scream. Members of the board also wish the welkin would please not ring during the fair. It has been bruited about in the newspapers a good deal here of late that there will be a lot of ringing by the welkin this fall, and that the eagle likewise will scream. When these announcements were made, the members of the board of agriculture got their heads together and decided to make an appeal to both the Democratic state committee and the Republican state committee to put on the "soft pedal" during the week of September 7, the week when Col. Dave Wallace and Oscar Hadley and Sid Conger and Charles Downing, and others of the state board, will be getting "cheesy" out at the fair ground and pointing out the acoustic qualities of the colosseum to the farmer folk, and telling them how if Paganini were tuning his fiddle at one end of the big building the twanging of the strings could be heard easily at the other end. The state board will send a request to both state committees not to arrange for any big speaking events during the fair. The plan is to make the next state fair the biggest, grandest and most gorgeous that has ever been held in Indiana, with scores and scores of live stock and high class entertainments in the colosseum at night. They wish just as big crowds as possible and therefore are seeking to avoid counter attractions. Big "rallies" and speeches by the spellbinders out through the state they fear, would tend to decrease the size of the state fair crowds. In this desire to have politics quiet the members of the board are patriots, not partisans. They wish every one to keep quiet—Democrats and Republicans. "We would like to see all of the politicians and candidates come in and see the state fair," said Oscar Hadley, explaining the requests which are to be presented to the state committees. "Yes, sir, we would like to have every one of them there. We want them at the fair and not out in the state talking politics."

Complete Tax Valuation.

Laporte.—Auditor Miller and Assessor Grover completed the assessed valuation of taxable property in Laporte county, following the completion of the work of the board of review. The report shows the following figures for 1905: Total number of acres taxed, 364,295; total value of land in the county, \$8,615,290; total value of improvements in lands, \$1,415,990; total value of lands and improvements, \$10,031,280; total value of lots, \$2,694,120; total value of improvements on lots, \$4,291,955; total value of lots and improvements, \$6,987,185; total value of personal property, \$4,874,515.

Revenue from Liquor Licenses.

Indianapolis.—A report just completed by Mary Stubbs Moore, chief of the Indiana bureau of statistics, shows that the amount of money received in the state for county, city and town liquor licenses in 1907 was about the same as that received in 1906 and that about the same number of licenses was issued. The report gives totals only as to the number of county licenses issued. The number in 1907 was 5,214 and the number in 1906 was 5,252. The amount received from county, city and town licenses in 1907 was \$1,444,629.58 and the amount in 1906 was \$1,415,986.58.

Waterway Men Visit.

Hammond.—Illinois and Indiana joined hands when the commission appointed by Mayor Bessie of Chicago as a harbor investigating committee came into the Calumet region to take stock of the Calumet river as a deep waterway channel. The members of the commission were taken in a launch from Hammond to Gary, escorted by the officials of the Calumet Deep Waterway association, formed to promote the Calumet river as a deep waterway to the Gulf of Mexico.

Women Approve Slayer.

Terre Haute.—When Roy Ligon was brought into court for a preliminary hearing, growing out of the killing of Fred Koch because Koch taunted him for joining the church, the women of the church appeared to present him with a Bible, and several women kissed him. The youth, pleased with the church backing, says he shot only after Koch struck at him.

Auto Causes Accident.

Columbus.—A big red touring car, believed to belong to Indianapolis people, was hurrying north near Taylorville when Ray Fulp, a young farmer, came along with a load of hay. He was driving two horses, which became frightened and Fulp eased his hand. For answer the man at the wheel opened her up a little and let her fly, so Fulp explains. The horses ran away. Fulp was thrown from the hay and was seriously injured. The motor farmer was scratched.

ISSUE MAY GO TO MITCHELL.

Trade Arguments Question Regarded as Important.

Terre Haute.—The issue raised by the miners in the Linton field will probably be carried far, no matter what may be the decision in the immediate case, because it invokes the "higher law" of trade agreements. It is not improbable that the issue raised at Linton will be one of the first to come before John Mitchell in his new position as head of the department of trade agreements of the National Civic Federation. There is little doubt in the minds of operators' and miners' leaders alike that the fine clause in the wages contract is such as the courts would hold to be in violation of a statute which says fines cannot be withheld from the pay of employes, and there is no doubt in their minds that courts also would hold other clauses in the contract to be in violation of a statute here and there. Indeed, at the time the clauses were under consideration in joint conferences the point was made that they were in violation of law, but both sides usually agreed that they had quit resorting to the courts in their disputes. The miners strengthened their organization that they might get as much as they gave in the joint conference "scraps." When the first appeal to the courts was made against the fine clause by the men the operators quickly called the attention of mine workers' officials to the tacit agreement that all their contentions were to be in a joint conference or in a strike. It was demanded that the litigant miners be disciplined and this was done at the time, but these men down at Linton are radicals who never have been organization-broke. Every administration of the United Mine Workers, state and international, for more than ten years has had to deal with rebellious members in that field, and the men are refusing to be disciplined again. The operators do not think the miners' officials have been resolute in handling the situation.

Woman of 82 Challenges.

Wabash.—Mrs. Salina Dumfee, 82 years old, has issued a challenge to all women in Wabash county over 80 years old for a prize contest in horseback riding during the old settlers' reunion in the city park Wednesday, September 2. The announcement is made by Clark W. Weesner, president of the association. Mr. Weesner already has assurance of four or five contestants. There will be some striking features of the reunion. Rev. Freeman Taylor, 90, the oldest minister in the county, will offer the invocation. Joseph Kessler, 96, the oldest man in Wabash county, will be on the program. Relics will be displayed, and the old settlers' day will be a distinct revival of pioneer days. The announcement of the contest of aged women on horseback is creating decided interest, and it is expected that this and other notable events will combine to make the reunion a northern Indiana affair.

City to Mine Stone from Streets.

Wabash.—Having won in the circuit court the right to purchase and operate a stone crusher as a municipal enterprise, Wabash began a big task. Columbus street, one of the streets with the greatest hills and which is made up almost entirely of a series of some quarries, being cut down for a length of almost a mile, and the stone used in improving other streets in the city. Wabash probably has more hills than any other city of its size in Indiana, and in these hills is stone of value. The plan of the city is to open up quarries in a long street, regularly traversed, to make a better grade and also to improve other streets. The municipality operates its own stone crusher. The ruling of the court established a precedent in Indiana courts which had not before decided the municipal rights in this respect.

Mrs. Dawes in Auto Wreck.

Fort Wayne.—Mrs. Charles G. Dawes, wife of the president of the Central Trust company, figured in an automobile accident here. She was touring with her two sons and a chauffeur to Marietta, O. Just west of Ft. Wayne the car collided head on with a runabout driven by Elmer Schultz. Mrs. Dawes and party were badly shaken up. The car was wrecked.

Indiana Senators Summoned.

Hot Springs, Va.—Senator James A. Hemenway and Albert J. Beveridge of Indiana visited W. H. Taft, Republican nominee for president, and held a political conference. Mr. Hemenway was summoned from his home in Hoonville. Mr. Beveridge from New York. Congressman Watson of Indiana was invited to confer with Mr. Taft.

Follows Horse to Death.

Wabash.—When his favorite horse dropped dead on a long trip, it was the last straw for John Isenhour, aged 45, living south of Wabash. He returned home, swallowed strychnine and died. He had separated from his wife and children who are living in Kansas.

Plans to Rebuild Church.

Laporte.—The board of directors of the Presbyterian church at Michigan City decided it would rebuild at once. The church building, which was valued at \$40,000, was burned to the ground about a week ago during a severe electrical storm.

Death Comes Unawares.

Columbia City.—Frederick Brock, aged 87 years, a native of Switzerland and ex-trustee of Jefferson township, died recently. His

JUMPING AT A CONCLUSION.

Marriage Did Not Follow the Ni Year's Courtship.

In the amiable way of villagers were discussing the matrimonial affairs of a couple who, though wed, had begun to find the yoke of Hymen a burden.

"Tis all along o' these hasty riges," opined one caustic old man, who had been much to the in the discussion. "They did n' derstand each other for a ma seven year."

"Well, that seems long on said an interested lady listener.

"Long eno'! Bah, yo're v When a body's courtin' he can too careful. Why, my courtship a matter o' 19 year!"

"You certainly were careful," the lady listener. "And did yo your plan successful when you ried?"

"Ye jump to conclusions!" sa old man, impatiently. "I unde her then, so I didna marry h Til-Bits.

The Tangled Web. Charley is the white-haired man employed by a southern firm Charlotte street. And Charley i tious about lending anything. other day a man new to the nei hood appeared at the door and if he could borrow a spade.

"No, sir," said Charley. "Ain no spade."

"Haven't you any sort of a I could use to dig fishworms w "No, sir, ain't got no shovel." The stranger hesitated a m and then asked:

"Do you suppose the folks nex have a spade they'd lend me?" "No, sir," replied Charley, pro "they's all the time a-borrowin' c —Kansas City Times.

VERY GOOD REASON.



Father—I told you not to go that boy. Bobby—I had to, father, 'cau had hold of my hair!

Not Guilty. It is not always a guilty conscience that is taken by surprise, for some times the most innocent of men w start at a suspicious word. The fo owing incident, which occurred in hardware show, is illuminating:

An elderly lady, dressed severely gray, and carrying what looked ve much like a bundle of tracts, a proached the counter.

A clerk hastened to serve her. "What can I do for you, madam?" She leaned toward him.

"Have you—er—any little vises' she inquired.—Youth's Companion.

A Good Turn. "Here, wake up," cried Subbuss, a peering on his porch in his pajama "You've got a nerve to be sleeping i our hammock."

"Nerve!" replied the hobo, sleepil "Why, I'm a benefactor; if it wasn fur me holdin' dis hammock down d mosquitoes would 'a' lagged it o long ago."

WIFE WON Husband Finally Convinced. Some men are wise enough to tr new foods and beverages and then g erous enough to give others the ben fit of their experience.

A very "conservative" Ills. mar however, let his good wife find out fo herself what a blessing Postum is t those who are distressed in man ways, by drinking coffee. The wit witness:

"No slave in chains, it seemed to me, was more helpless than I, a coffe captive. Yet there were innumera warnin's—waiting from a troublee sleep with a feeling of suffocation, a times dizzy and out of breath, at tacks of palpitation of the heart th frightened me.

"Common sense, reason, and my better judgment told me that coffe drinking was the trouble. At last my nervous system was so disarrange that my physician ordered 'no more coffee."

"He knew he was right and he knew I knew it, too. I capitulated. Prior to this our family had tried Postum but disliked it, because, as we learned later, it was not made right.

"Determined this time to give Postum a fair trial, I prepared it accordi to directions on the pkg.—that is, boiled it 15 minutes after boiling commenced, obtaining a dark brown liquid with a rich snappy flavor similar to coffee. When cream and sugar were added, it was not only good but delicious.

"Noting its beneficial effects in me the rest of the family adopted it—all except my husband, who would not admit that coffee hurt him. Several weeks elapsed during which I drank Postum two or three times a day, when, to my surprise, my husband said: 'I have decided to drink Postum. Your improvement is so apparent—you have such fine color—that I propose to give credit where credit is due.' And now we are coffee-slaves no longer."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read "The Road to Well-ville," in pags. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A ne one appears from time to time. The



SLIPPED ITS TROLLEY.

Prospect for South Bend-Logansport Road Again Goes Glimmering.

It is a matter of regret that, according to an official of the Chicago, South Bend & Northern Indiana Railway company...

Several candidates for membership in the Anti-Race Societies club will be voted on at the next meeting. All indications point to this as being the most numerous society in our town in the near future.

Having mislaid one of his letters of instruction Willie Peters was unable to complete his earnest solo, "Oh, Happy Day," at the evening service last Sunday.

A stranger from Chicago was at Hickory Bush the fore part of last week looking up a location for a dyeing establishment.

Miss Samantha Dewberry's corset is again giving her considerable bother, requiring frequent attention from Prof. Gardick, our orthopedist.

West township is to have a new high school building which will be located at No. 6, near the center of the township.

There are indications of an immense crop of corn, an excellent crop of wheat is now in shock; there will be a fair crop of oats...

Asylum supplies were awarded as follows: H. E. Buck, oils; Marks, Grube & H., hardware; Geo. V. V. Wall, groceries and tobacco...

The board established the Long-aker ditch in West township, the Ruple ditch in Polk township, and the Murphy ditches in North.

HICKORY BUSH HAPPENINGS

Miss Poshy Pippin's lovely arprano voice has been nearly raised by a too free indulgence in huckle-berry pie.

The Hickory Bush ball team have lost but eight of the nine games played this season, which places them well up towards the top of the rear in the Cornhusker league.

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Washington Township. Mrs. Evin Fairbanks visited in Rochester last week.

There will be baptizing at Kirk bridge Sunday, July 23.

Joel Kinzie and wife were Sunday guests at Joe Hissong's.

Elsie Kramer of Mentone is visiting in Starke county this week.

Monroe Odell and Daniel Bortoff went to South Dakota Monday.

Children's day exercises were well attended at Pleasant View Sunday.

Daniel Bortoff of Plymouth spent Sunday with his cousins, Harry and Fred Wolfe.

Real Estate Transfers. C. Cowden to O. Thomas, 40 a in sec 19, North, \$1.

J. Matchett to Minerva Muggert, lot in Bourbon, \$600. Florence Klepinger to B. Parks, 32 acres in sec 24, Tippecanoe, \$1800.

85 Cents Ft. Wayne & Return. July 19 via Nickel Plate Road. Special train leaves Hibbard 7:52 a. m., returning leaves Ft. Wayne 7 p. m.

THE INNOCENT FOX.

Blamed For Offenses Committed by His Wicked Cousins.

We are sorry that the fox is a denigrator of grapes, but I should like to hear the story of some gentleman who goes to the work in this direction.

During a part of the year I have known foxes to spend a part of each day directing among potato hills in a retreat below the white grub or olive in the adjoining fields and to return to the mountain at nightfall, passing a fern which was almost covered with young poultry out for grandchildren.

Considering that every wife understands her husband so well and no husband understands his wife at all, it is surprising that there are so many happy homes.

Apprentice—"No, ma'am, I couldn't work in a house where those were children." Mrs. Keopbone—"But we advertised for a girl who understood children."

These Bad Pains which give you such exquisite suffering, every month, are caused, as you know, by female trouble.

WINE OF CARDUI WOMAN'S RELIEF. "Cardui did wonders for me," writes Mrs. H. C. Larson of Olds, Ia.

Kennedy's Laxative Cough Syrup. Relieves Colds by working them out of the system through a copious and healthy action of the bowels.

Children Like It. For BACKACHE—WEAK KIDNEYS Try DeWitt's Kidney and Bladder Pills—Sure and Safe.

HENRY PECHER TINNER & ROOFER. New Shop on Main Street, South of the Surprise; Phone 78.

Great City For Prayer. A visitor to Moscow soon discovers why it is called the Holy City. Every 200 or 300 feet there is a cathedral, church, chapel or shrine.

Cause of the Row. Mrs. Poshy—"For goodness' sake! What's the matter with Tommy?" Mr. Poshy (from the bathroom)—"Oh, he wants the earth!"

Luck. "Look as if you were feelin' pretty good today, James," said the first waiter.

Insure Against Wind. W. O. Osborn writes Windstorm, Cyclone and Tornado Insurance.

Pressure That Can Be Endured.

Insufficiently the effect of compressed air on health was British engineers have shown that a pressure of 50 pounds a square inch—more than six atmospheres—may be endured without unpleasant results.

Getting Ready for a Party in Korea. The garden party at Chang Duk palace on the 28th will be held after the old style. The antique weapons to be used by the guard have been cleaned and polished by the war department.

Yawp from a Cynic. Considering that every wife understands her husband so well and no husband understands his wife at all, it is surprising that there are so many happy homes.

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The Culver Cash Hardware

DISTRIBUTING DEPOT FOR "Pittsburgh Perfect" Fences

For some time we have been investigating a New Idea in Wire Fencing. After a most careful examination we have been convinced that we have found the best field fence manufactured.



If You Are Looking for a Fence That will stand HARD USAGE; That will not SAG DOWN or CURL OVER on the top;

Then Read What We Guarantee. 1. The stays are ELECTRICALLY WELDED to the wire, forming a perfect joint and an unbreakable connection.

Adrian Farm and Field Fence. Best and Most Satisfactory Farm Fence on the Market. Leave orders for Screen Doors; a large stock; all sizes and right prices.

Ferrier & Son. WE SERVE LUNCHEES AT SALES. Not a cent of expense to party making sale.

For the Very Finest Bakery Goods ALWAYS GO TO G. R. HOWARD

SMITH BROS. Meat Market. FRESH & SMOKED MEAT. Canned Goods, Fresh Oysters, Etc.

M. R. CLINE Contractor and Builder. Residence—Maxhuckee.

SHELF HARDWARE. Tin and Granite ware, Edison Stoves and Ranges. Prices Right.

So.85 Niagara Falls and Return. Twenty-fifth Annual Excursion. Aug. 3 via Nickel Plate Road.

Via Indiana Union Traction Co. Through Time Table. Vandalia Line.

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# BRYAN IS NOMINATED ON THE FIRST BALLOT

## Democrats in the Denver Convention Put Him at Head of the Ticket.

Scenes of Tremendous Enthusiasm When Name of the Nebraskan Is Presented by I. J. Dunn and While the Vote of Delegations Is Being Taken.

Denver, Col.—In the early morning hours of Friday William Jennings Bryan was nominated for the presidency by the Democratic national convention. Only one ballot was necessary, the Nebraskan having an overwhelming majority of the votes.

Tired as they were, the delegates and spectators greeted the result of the ballot with roars of applause, and marched about the hall cheering and singing.

The nomination was made unanimous.

**Clock Is Stopped.**  
Leading up to the nomination were hours that began with picturesque enthusiasm, which grew into uncontrollable disorder. The nominating speeches were made amid scenes akin to panic at certain stages.

At 12 o'clock midnight the convention clock was stopped, so that constructively the nomination of Bryan would take place at Thursday's session of the convention. Will the Friday hoodoo be overcome by this technical evasion? is a question that was in the minds of enthusiastic Bryan Democrats, as they wended their way from the convention hall in the early morning hours.

**Wild Scene of Confusion.**  
A wilder demonstration than that over the first mention of Bryan's name on Wednesday followed the concluding word of the speech of Ignatius J. Dunn of Nebraska, which formally presented the name of Democracy's champion to the convention.

An hour and seven minutes, against the one hour and 28 minutes of the day before, marked the cheering and tumult, but the densely overcrowded auditorium made the confusion worse confounded.

Nobody had any respect for the rights of anybody else. Everybody was there to see the spectacle. It not to take part in it, and those not able to look out for themselves were trampled upon.

**Johnson and Cray Named.**  
Gov. John A. Johnson of Minnesota and Judge George Cray of Delaware were placed in nomination along with Bryan. Small as was the following of either, in comparison with that of the Nebraskan, the scenes of confusion, owing to the uncontrollable size of the crowd, were approximately great.

Gov. Johnson was placed in nomination by Winfield Scott Hammond of Minnesota, Connecticut yielding to the gopher state.

Judge Gray's name was presented by Irving F. Handy of Delaware. Mr. Handy felt how sadly he was in the minority when, after he had talked awhile, the crowd attempted to choke him off.

"You talk about fair play," cried Mr. Handy, and yet I have not talked one-third as long as did the gentleman from Nebraska. I have the best proposition to put before you to-night that you yet have listened to, if you will but permit me to continue. The country needs a heaven at present and I bring you that heaven. I bring to you a man as candidate who does not depend on grand-stand plays for his popularity nor on calling people liars for his strength."

**Ovation for Johnson Speaker.**  
It was a thing worth noticing that by far the best nominating speech of the convention was made by Mr. Hammond in presenting the name of Gov. Johnson. He had a hard task before him, because he followed not long after a characteristic Bryan demonstration, lasting more than an hour.

In spite of this fact, the Minnesota orator succeeded in interesting the convention to a surprising degree, and it was made evident that if it were not for early pledges the Minnesota governor would surely have had an immensely larger following in the convention than he was able to show at final bid.

As the speaker rapidly sketched the early life in poverty of Gov. Johnson and passed on to his political triumphs when he was elected governor the first time in the face of 169,000 majority for Roosevelt, the thing seemed to catch the imagination of the delegates.

The galleries took up the cry, so that at the conclusion of Mr. Hammond's rather brief but forcible speech a demonstration was set on foot which by careful nursing was made to last 25 minutes, or about a third the time devoted to Mr. Bryan, whereas everyone knew that the Minnesota man would not have one-tenth as many votes as his Nebraskan rival.

**Seconding Speeches.**  
Seconding speeches for Bryan were made by Senator Gearin of Oregon, Gov. Glenn of South Carolina, and Gov. Claude Swanson of Virginia. Gov. Glenn's speech created much excitement, being devoted largely to a defense of Bryan against attacks branding him as a Socialist. At the conclusion of his remarks, which were not in accord with the spirit of the convention, Permanent Chairman Clayton, who at the day session has superseded

Temporary Chairman Bell as wielder of the gavel, exclaimed that William Jennings Bryan needed no defenders, and elicited tremendous applause.

The opening session lasted three hours and brought about the completion of the permanent organization of the convention, with the resounding address of Congressman Clayton of Alabama, permanent chairman of the convention. When the session opened at night, every formality of organization had been accomplished and the decks were clear for the supreme work of adopting the platform and naming the candidates.

**Clayton Delivers His Address.**  
The scenes within the convention amphitheater repeated those of previ-

ous days in the magnitude of the gathering and the eager enthusiasm of the throngs. There were frequent demonstrations as the names of party idols or Jeffersonian principles were pronounced, but there was no repetition during the early session of the tumultuous record-breaking demonstration of Wednesday.

**Journal of the night session.**  
**Early Evening Scenes.**  
A small American flag had been placed on every delegate's chair prior to the beginning of the evening session. This was the unmistakable evidence of the nominating session of the convention and increased the interest of the spectators, who early made a rush for the galleries, filling them to overflowing.

At seven o'clock there were few of the delegates in their places. They had lingered long at dinner, the slow-dying twilight of the Colorado evenings proving deceptive as to the hour.

**Vocal and Band Music.**  
A male quartette was an added feature of the musical program of the night session. They sang their first selection through megaphones and got a royal reception from the gallery throngs. A Chicago band relieved the cowboy musicians which had served so loyally since the opening of the convention on Tuesday. The handsomeness of the plains, it was generally agreed, had earned their rest. They have been untiring in their efforts to entertain the multitude and the excellent quality of their music has been widely commented upon.

The hall had not cooled out from the afternoon session when the evening crowds began to gather, and the heat promised an uncomfortable ending to the protracted sitting.

Rumors of another delay in receiving the report of the platform committee filled the air as the delegates assembled, and they prepared for another probable season of convention oratory before the important business

of the session could be reached. The wait for the rap of Chairman Clayton's gavel was robbed of much of its tediousness through the efforts of the quartette, whose members sang popular songs and concert numbers at frequent intervals.

**Every One Has a Flag.**  
At 7:15 the galleries were completely filled, and the majority of the delegates were in their seats, but the officers of the convention were still waiting for the report of the committee on resolutions. The band in the gallery worked with great industry, and when it struck up "Dixie" the demonstration that followed gave a glimpse of the scenes certain to occur later in the night. The delegates, as the first notes of the old war-song floated out, sprang up and waved their flags. It was instantly shown that the galleries, too, had been provided with them and in an instant the convention hall was a tossing sea of fluttering flags.

At 7:30 o'clock when Chairman Clayton began to rap for order, which he secured within the minute.

**Kerr Takes Guffey's Place.**  
Mr. Clayton recognized Mr. McQuisten of Pennsylvania, who announced the selection of James Kerr as member of the national committee from that state in place of James M. Guffey, who was selected before the Pennsylvania contests were settled.

"Without objection the selection of Mr. Kerr will be considered as ratified," said the chairman, and a moment later added: "The chair hears none, and the selection of Mr. Kerr is ratified." Cheering and a few hisses greeted the announcement.

Ollie James of Kentucky moved that a committee of three be appointed to wait upon the platform committee and ascertain when it would be ready to report. The motion prevailed and Mr. James, J. Thomas Heflin of Alabama and F. P. Lynch of Minnesota were named. Mr. Lynch's appointment was the first recognition the adherents of Gov. Johnson had received in the choice of convention committees.

Pending the report of the committee of inquiry, Thomas P. Hall of Texas was invited to address the convention.

Mr. Hall called out cheering when he said it was a great pleasure to address such a notable "ratification convention," and declared Mr. Bryan was invited to address the convention.

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**No Air in the Hall.**  
Before the convention was called to order the crowd had assumed propor-

tioned the nomination of Bryan. Only one ballot was necessary, the Nebraskan having an overwhelming majority of the votes.

Tired as they were, the delegates and spectators greeted the result of the ballot with roars of applause, and marched about the hall cheering and singing.

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thrusting welcome as he appeared on the rostrum. When he declared that the convention could nominate no candidate and adopt no platform that would not receive the united and enthusiastic support of the New York democracy, he was given still greater applause and returned to his seat amid cries of "Grady," "Hurrah for Grady."

Chairman Clayton then introduced Judge L. J. Wade of Iowa, "a representative of the great corn state." Mr. Wade is the new national committee-man from Iowa.

Just as Judge Wade finished his speech a woman seated in the rear of the press seats fainted away. It was out of the question to carry her out through the jammed aisles, and it was found necessary to lift her bodily over the railing of one of the boxes, and she was only carried to the outside with the greatest difficulty.

**Champ Clark Is Heard.**  
"I am sure the convention will be glad to concur in the request of Missouri to hear from old Champ Clark of that state, one of the knightliest Democrats who ever drew glittering blade in defense of the party." It was in these words that Chairman Clayton introduced the next speaker, whose appearance on the platform was a signal for great cheering.

Mr. Clark predicted that the Democrats would sweep the country from sea to sea, that on the fourth of March next a Democratic president would be inaugurated, backed by a Democratic house, and the people would then come into their rights.

"Democrats are getting together all over the land," he continued, "and the Republican party is presenting to the country the effect of a dissolving view. At Chicago Roosevelt forced on the convention a candidate for president that it did not want, and the convention forced on him a candidate for vice-president that he did not want."

"During the Russian-Japanese war a telegram came from the front saying: 'Kuropatkin is in statu quo.' The boys in the village did not know what that meant, so they took the message to the wise man of the town, and he did not know what it meant, but he took a chance and he said: 'Fellers, statu quo means that Kuropatkin is in a hell of a fix.' That's what the matter with the Republican party."

Mr. Clark concluded with a tribute to Mr. Bryan as "the greatest living American."

**Platform Committee Not Ready.**  
The galleries, with a profound ignorance of the manner in which the convention should be managed, broke in with cries of "Vote!" "Vote!"

When quiet was restored, the chair recognized Mr. James of the committee sent to ascertain the probability of an early report from the committee on resolutions. Mr. James reported that the committee would not be ready to report before midnight. He then made a motion that the rules be suspended and that the nominating speeches for presidential candidates be made with the understanding, however, that no ballot should be taken until after the report of the committee had been received.

The motion was adopted, and the rules were declared by the chair to be suspended, and nominations to be in order.

**Nominations Called For.**  
"The secretary will now proceed to call the roll of states for nominations for the office of president of the United States," shouted Chairman Clayton.

"Alabama," called the clerk. The chairman of that delegation arose and was recognized.

"Knowing that Nebraska will make no mistake in nominating the right man," he said, "Alabama yields to Nebraska."

"I. J. Dunn of Omaha will speak for the Nebraska delegation," announced the chairman of that state, while the cheering which followed the first statement from Alabama continued unabated.

**Dunn Nominates Bryan.**  
Mr. Dunn, who was to make that speech of the convention in which the greatest interest was felt by the delegates and the spectators, in seariness of middle age. His clean-cut, determined-looking, clean-shaven face is surmounted by dark brown hair, which owing to the emphatic manner in which he emphasized his speech with his head, was soon touching the center of his forehead. He spoke clearly and with a pleasing manner of delivery.

As Mr. Dunn proceeded almost every allusion he made to the character of Mr. Bryan was enthusiastically applauded, although he had not yet mentioned the name of the Nebraskan candidate. When Mr. Dunn declared that his candidate was the choice of the militant Democracy of the country the convention broke in with wild cheers. The ever-ready flags were tossed aloft and a roar of applause swept through the hall.

While the cheering was at its height a white dove was let loose from the gallery and flew across the convention hall, while the delegates hailed it with great enthusiasm and cheered as long as it was in sight.

**Big Demonstration Starts.**  
Mr. Dunn brought out the name of "William Jennings Bryan" with intense dramatic force, and the response from the great throng was electric. The delegates sprang up, the galleries followed suit, and the demonstration was under way in a manner that promised to rival Wednesday's exhibition of enthusiasm.

A few moments after the cheering began an immense oil painting of Mr. Bryan was lowered from behind a monster American shield which had reposed over the chairman's desk ever since the convention began. The appearance of the picture raised the pitch of the outburst.

Senator Grady was given a most en-

thusiastic welcome as he appeared on the rostrum. When he declared that the convention could nominate no candidate and adopt no platform that would not receive the united and enthusiastic support of the New York democracy, he was given still greater applause and returned to his seat amid cries of "Grady," "Hurrah for Grady."

Chairman Clayton then introduced Judge L. J. Wade of Iowa, "a representative of the great corn state." Mr. Wade is the new national committee-man from Iowa.

Just as Judge Wade finished his speech a woman seated in the rear of the press seats fainted away. It was out of the question to carry her out through the jammed aisles, and it was found necessary to lift her bodily over the railing of one of the boxes, and she was only carried to the outside with the greatest difficulty.

## MRS. FRANK STROEBE



**A Remarkable Recovery.**  
Mrs. Frank Stroebe, R. F. D. 1, Appleton, Wis., writes: "I began using Peruna a few months ago, when my health and strength were all gone, and I was nothing but a nervous wreck, could not sleep, eat or rest properly, and felt no desire to live. Peruna made me look at life in a different light, as I began to regain my lost strength. 'I certainly think Peruna is without a rival as a tonic and strength builder.'"

**Libby's Food Products**

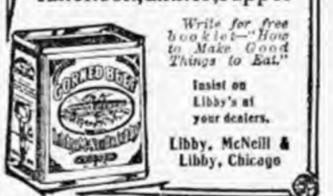
## Libby's Cooked Corned Beef

There's a big difference between just corned beef—the kind sold in bulk—and Libby's Cooked Corned Beef. The difference is in the taste, quality of meat and natural flavor.

Every fiber of the meat of Libby's Cooked Corned Beef is evenly and mildly cured, cooked scientifically and carefully packed in Libby's Great White Kitchen

It forms an appetizing dish, rich in food value and makes a summer meal that satisfies!

**For Quick Serving:—**  
Libby's Cooked Corned Beef, cut into thin slices. Arrange on a platter and garnish with Libby's Chow Chow. A tempting dish for luncheon, dinner, supper



## SICK HEADACHE

**CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.**  
Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coastal Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the bowels. Purely Vegetable.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

**CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.**  
Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature. REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

## Electric Massage Vibrators

**For Household Use.**  
barber shops, bath houses, massage parlors, etc. Can be operated either by battery or electric light current. Recommended by physicians. Agents can make big money selling this specialty.

**ELECTRIC APPLIANCE COMPANY**  
America's Largest Electrical Supply House  
134-140 W. Jackson Bldg., CHICAGO

## Live Stock and Miscellaneous Electrotypes

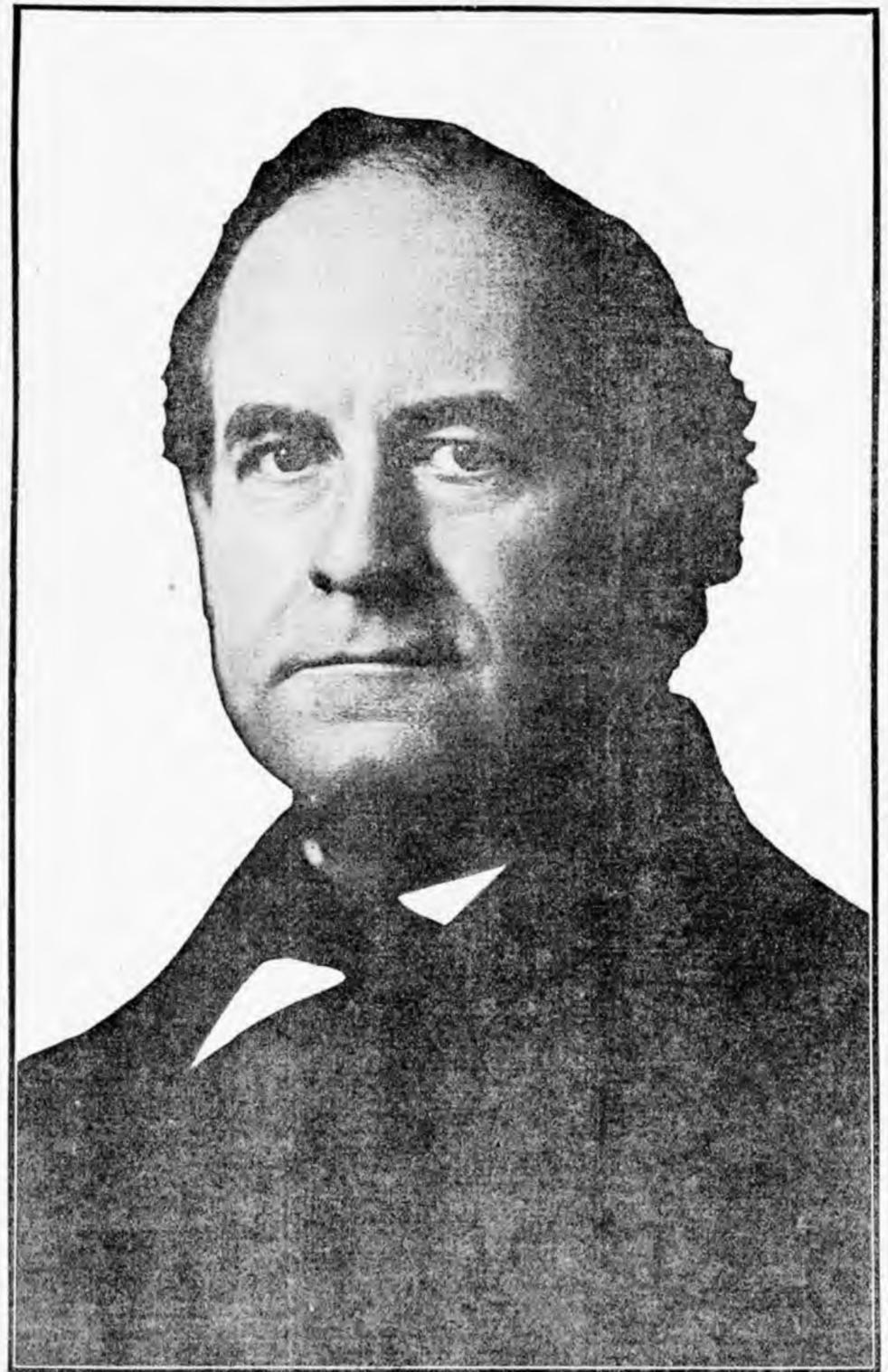
In great variety for sale at the lowest prices by

**A. N. KELLOGG NEWSPAPER CO.**  
73 W. Adams St., CHICAGO

## FARM FOR SALE

200 acre rich corn land, well tilled, modern improvements, beautiful location, near Moline, Ill. good 12 ft. well, 40 ft. deep, 20 ft. diameter. For description and plat, write, Corn Belt Land & Loan Co., Des Moines, Ia.

**CHOICE PRAIRIE LANDS FOR SALE**  
in Western North Dakota, recently settled by eastern farmers. Quality of soil shown by splendid yields of grain. Healthful climate, ample rainfall. We offer such lands at \$10 to \$15 per acre. Look, before you buy. Address: Everett Real Estate & Investment Co., Fargo, N. D.



Portrait by Adolph Menzel, Chicago

### WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN

ous days in the magnitude of the gathering and the eager enthusiasm of the throngs. There were frequent demonstrations as the names of party idols or Jeffersonian principles were pronounced, but there was no repetition during the early session of the tumultuous record-breaking demonstration of Wednesday.

The address of the permanent chairman, Mr. Clayton, proved to be a caustic arraignment of the failure of Roosevelt policies and an enunciation of Democratic doctrine. The ringing voice of the orator and the emphasis of his gestures stirred the listening thousands to frequent demonstrations of enthusiastic approval.

At 2:30 o'clock the platform committee was not yet prepared to report, and the convention took a recess until evening, so that all remaining differences of detail on the platform could be reconciled and the document be ready for adoption and the presidential nomination be reached before the 25-

of the session could be reached. The wait for the rap of Chairman Clayton's gavel was robbed of much of its tediousness through the efforts of the quartette, whose members sang popular songs and concert numbers at frequent intervals.

**Every One Has a Flag.**  
At 7:15 the galleries were completely filled, and the majority of the delegates were in their seats, but the officers of the convention were still waiting for the report of the committee on resolutions. The band in the gallery worked with great industry, and when it struck up "Dixie" the demonstration that followed gave a glimpse of the scenes certain to occur later in the night. The delegates, as the first notes of the old war-song floated out, sprang up and waved their flags. It was instantly shown that the galleries, too, had been provided with them and in an instant the convention hall was a tossing sea of fluttering flags.

At 7:30 o'clock when Chairman Clayton began to rap for order, which he secured within the minute.

thrusting welcome as he appeared on the rostrum. When he declared that the convention could nominate no candidate and adopt no platform that would not receive the united and enthusiastic support of the New York democracy, he was given still greater applause and returned to his seat amid cries of "Grady," "Hurrah for Grady."

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**Romance and Reality.**  
 "Let the youngsters have their romance—'em it'll be all the better for 'em if they get a purty good dose on it; but don't hide from 'em the fact that that's somethin' in the shape of trouble a-waitin' for 'em up the road," said Mr. Billy Sanders. "Not big trouble, tooby shore, but jest big enough to make 'em stick closer together. It ain't no use to try to rub out the fact that life is what it is. It's full of rough places, an' that are times when you have to leave the big road an' take a short-cut through the bamboo briars for to keep from slippin' in a mudhole. The briars hurt, but the mudhole mought smother you. It ain't no use to deny it, trouble is seasonal. I never know'd it to hurt anybody but the weak-minded, the willful an' them that was born to the purple."  
 —Joel Chandler Harris, in Uncle Remus' Magazine.

The reward which life holds out for work, is not idleness nor rest nor immunity from work, but increased capacity, greater difficulties, more work.—Powers.



**Proof is inexhaustible that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound carries women safely through the Change of Life.**

Read the letter Mrs. E. Hanson, 304 E. Long St., Columbus, Ohio, writes to Mrs. Pinkham:

"I was passing through the Change of Life, and suffered from nervousness, headaches, and other annoying symptoms. My doctor told me that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was good for me, and since taking it I feel so much better, and I can again do my own work. I never forget to tell my friends what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did for me during this trying period."

**FACTS FOR SICK WOMEN.**

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has positively cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, and all the ills of womanhood. Why don't you try it?

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

**OUTDOOR LIFE AND**



**CUTICURA**

Should be inseparable. For summer eczemas, rashes, itchings, irritations, inflammations, chafings, sunburn, pimples, blackheads, red, rough, and sore hands, and antiseptic cleansing as well as for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery, Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment are invaluable.

**PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM**  
 Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes its luxuriant growth. Never falls to strands. Gray hair to its youthful color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c and \$1.00 at Druggists.

**THE DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM**

Denver, Colo.—The following is a synopsis of the platform adopted by the Democratic national convention:

**Preamble**—We, the representatives of the Democracy of the United States in delegate convention assembled, reaffirm our faith in and pledge our loyalty to the principles of our party.

We rejoice at the increasing signs of awakening in the United States. The various investigations have traced graft and political corruption to the representatives of predatory wealth and laid bare the unscrupulous methods by which they have debauched elections and preyed upon a defenseless public through the subservient officials whom they have raised to place and power.

The conscience of the nation is now aroused and will, if honestly appealed to, free the government from the grip of those who have made it a business asset of the favor-seeking corporation. It must become again "a government of the people, by the people and for the people," and be administered in its departments according to the Jeffersonian maxim: "Equal rights to all and special privileges to none."

This is the overshadowing issue at this time; it manifests itself in all the questions now under discussion and demands immediate consideration.

**Publicity for Funds**—We heartily approve of the laws prohibiting the pass and the rebate and insist upon further legislation, state and national, making it unlawful for any corporation to contribute to campaign funds and providing for publication before the election of all the individual contributions above a reasonable minimum.

**State's Rights**—Believing with Jefferson in "the support of the state governments in all their rights as the most competent administrations for our domestic concerns and the surest bulwark against anti-republican tendencies," and in "the preservation of the general government in its whole constitutional vigor, as the sheet anchor of our peace at home and safety abroad," we are opposed to the centralization implied in the suggestions, now frequently made, that the powers of general government should be extended by judicial construction.

**Senators by Direct Vote**—We favor the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people and regard this reform as the gateway to all other national reforms.

**Trusts and Monopolies**—A private monopoly therefore favors the vigorous enforcement of the criminal law against trusts and trust magnates, and demand the enactment of such additional legislation as may be necessary to make it impossible for a private monopoly to exist in the United States. Among the additional remedies we specify three: First, a law preventing the duplication of directors among competing corporations; second, a license system which will, without abridging the right of each state to create corporations, or its right to regulate as it will foreign corporations doing business within its limits, make it necessary for a manufacturing or trading corporation engaged in interstate commerce to take out a federal license before it shall be permitted to control as much as 25 per cent. of the product in which it deals, the license to protect the public from watered stock and to prohibit the control by such corporation of more than 50 per cent. of the total of any product consumed in the United States; and third, a law compelling such licensed corporations to sell to all purchasers, in all parts of the country, on the same terms after making due allowance for cost of transportation.

**Tariff Revision**—We welcome the belated promise of tariff reform, now offered by a part of the Republican party, as a tardy recognition of the righteousness of the Democratic position on this question, but the people cannot safely intrust the execution of this important work to a party which is so obligated to the highly protected interests that it postpones relief until after the election. And we call attention to the significant fact that the promise now made by those Republicans who favor tariff revision is wholly vitiated by the use of the very qualifying words under which the present tariff inequities have grown up. We favor an immediate revision of the tariff by the reduction of import duties. Articles entering into competition with articles controlled by trusts should be placed upon the free list; material reductions should be made in the tariff upon the necessities of life, and reductions should be made in such other schedules as may be necessary to restore the tariff to a revenue basis.

**Income and Inheritance Tax**—We favor an income tax as part of our revenue system, and we urge the submission of a constitutional amendment specifically authorizing congress to levy and collect a tax upon individual and corporate incomes, so the end that wealth may bear its proportionate share of the burdens of the federal government. We favor a national inheritance tax to reach the "swollen fortunes" already in existence, but we believe that it is better to permanently prevent "swollen fortunes" by abolishing privileges and favoritism upon which they are based.

**Railroad Regulation**—We assert the right of congress to exercise complete control over interstate commerce, and we assert the right of each state to exercise just as complete control over commerce within its borders. We demand such an enlargement of the powers of national and state legislatures as may be necessary to give effect to these principles.

commissions as may be necessary to give full protection to persons and places from discrimination and extortion. We believe that both the nation and the various states should, first, ascertain the present value of railroads measured by the cost of reproduction; second, prohibit the issue of any more watered stock on fictitious capitalization; third, prohibit the railroads from engaging in any business which brings them into competition with their shippers, and, fourth, reduce transportation rates until they reach a point where they will yield only a reasonable return on the present value of the roads, such reasonable return being defined as return sufficient to keep the stock of the roads at par when such roads are honestly capitalized.

**Postal Savings Banks**—We favor the postal savings bank, and, in addition thereto, insist upon the passage of laws, state and national, for the better regulation of banks and for the protection of bank deposits. The government demands security when it deposits public money in a bank, and we believe that the securing of the individual depositor who intrusts his earnings to a bank should be as perfect as the government security.

**Currency**—We believe that, in so far as the needs of commerce require an emergency currency, such currency should be issued and controlled by the federal government, and that it should be loaned upon adequate security and at a rate of interest which will compel its retirement when the emergency is past. We demand, further, that favoritism in the deposit of treasury funds shall be abolished and that surplus revenues shall be deposited at competitive rates upon sufficient security and fairly distributed throughout the country.

**Labor and Arbitration**—We favor the eight-hour day. We believe in the conciliation of capital and labor and favor every legitimate means for the adjustment of disputes between corporate employers and their employees to the end that justice may be done to those who toil and that society may be relieved from the embarrassment occasioned by prolonged strikes and lockouts.

**Injunctions**—We favor such a modification of the law relating to injunctions as will, first, prevent the issuing of the writ in industrial disputes, except after notice to defendants; second, permit trial before a judge other than the one who issued the writ, and, third, allow a jury to be summoned in all cases where the alleged contempt is committed outside the presence of the court.

**Employers' Liability**—We favor an employers' liability law, applicable to both private and public employers.

**Immigration**—We favor full protection by both national and state governments within their respective spheres of all foreigners residing in the United States under treaty, but we are opposed to the admission of Asiatic immigrants who cannot be amalgamated with our population or whose presence among us would raise a race issue and involve us in diplomatic controversies with oriental powers, and we demand a stricter enforcement of the immigration laws against any immigrant who advocates assassination as a means of reforming our government.

**Irrigation and Forests**—We sympathize with the efforts put forth for the reclamation of the arid lands of the west and urge the largest possible use of irrigation in the development of the country. We also favor the reclamation of swamp lands upon the same principle. We favor the preservation of the forests still remaining and the re-planting of the denuded districts in all our mountain ranges, as well as the reforestation of the western plains.

**Canal and Water Ways**—We believe that the Panama canal will prove of great value to our country and favor its speedy completion. We urge liberal appropriations for the improvement and development of interior water ways, believing that such expenditures will return a large dividend in lessened cost of transportation.

**Pensions**—We favor a generous pension policy, both as a matter of justice to the surviving veterans and their dependents and because it relieves the country of the necessity of maintaining a large standing army.

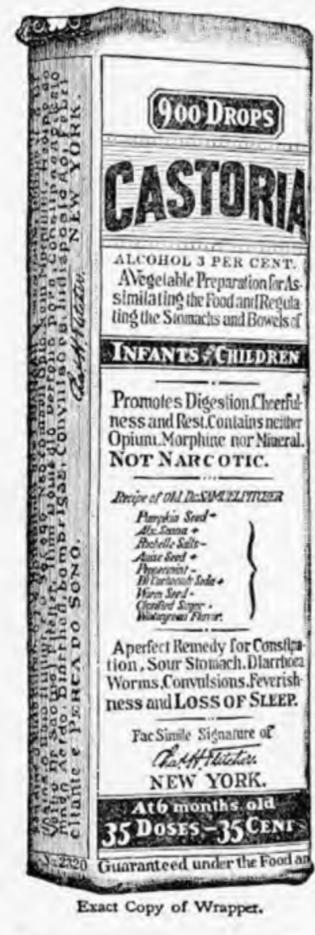
**Philippines**—We condemn the experiment in imperialism as an inexcusable blunder which has involved us in an enormous expense, brought us weakness instead of strength and laid our nation open to the charge of abandoning the fundamental doctrine of self-government. We favor an immediate declaration of the nation's purpose to recognize the independence of the Philippines as soon as a stable government can be established, such independence to be guaranteed by us as we guarantee the independence of Cuba until the neutralization of the islands can be secured by treaty with other powers. In recognizing the independence of the Philippines our government could retain such land as may be necessary for coaling stations and naval bases.

**Foreign Policy**—Desiring the prevention of war, wherever possible, we believe that our nation should announce its determination not to use our navy for the collection of private debts and its willingness to enter into agreements with other nations providing for the investigation by an impartial international tribunal, before any declaration of war or commencement of hostilities, of every dispute which defies adjustment.

**Save the Babies.**

**INFANT MORTALITY** is something frightful. We can hardly realize that of all the children born in civilized countries, twentytwo per cent., or nearly one-quarter, die before they reach one year; thirtyseven per cent., or more than one-third, before they are five, and one-half before they are fifteen!

We do not hesitate to say that a timely use of Castoria would save a majority of these precious lives. Neither do we hesitate to say that many of these infantile deaths are occasioned by the use of narcotic preparations. Drops, tinctures and soothing syrups sold for children's complaints contain more or less opium, or morphine. They are, in considerable quantities, deadly poisons. In any quantity they stupefy, retard circulation and lead to congestions, sickness, death. Castoria operates exactly the reverse, but you must see that it bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. Castoria causes the blood to circulate properly, opens the pores of the skin and allays fever.



**Letters from Prominent Physicians addressed to Chas. H. Fletcher.**

Dr. A. F. Peeler, of St. Louis, Mo., says: "I have prescribed your Castoria in many cases and have always found it an efficient and speedy remedy."  
 Dr. E. Down, of Philadelphia, Pa., says: "I have prescribed your Castoria in my practice for many years with great satisfaction to myself and benefit to my patients."  
 Dr. Edward Parrish, of Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "I have used your Castoria in my own household with good results, and have advised several patients to use it for its mild laxative effect and freedom from harm."  
 Dr. J. B. Elliott, of New York City, says: "Having during the past six years prescribed your Castoria for infantile stomach disorders, I most heartily commend its use. The formula contains nothing deleterious to the most delicate of children."  
 Dr. C. G. Sprague, of Omaha, Neb., says: "Your Castoria is an ideal medicine for children, and I frequently prescribe it. While I do not advocate the indiscriminate use of proprietary medicines, yet Castoria is an exception for conditions which arise in the care of children."  
 Dr. J. A. Parker, of Kansas City, Mo., says: "Your Castoria holds the esteem of the medical profession in a manner held by no other proprietary preparation. It is a sure and reliable medicine for infants and children. In fact, it is the universal household remedy for infantile ailments."  
 Dr. H. F. Merrill, of Augusta, Me., says: "Castoria is one of the very finest and most remarkable remedies for infants and children. In my opinion your Castoria has saved thousands from an early grave. I can furnish hundreds of testimonials from this locality as to its efficiency and merits."  
 Dr. Norman M. Geer, of Cleveland, Ohio, says: "During the last twelve years I have frequently recommended your Castoria as one of the best preparations of the kind, being safe in the hands of parents and very effective in relieving children's disorders, while the ease with which such a pleasant preparation can be administered is a great advantage."

**GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of**

*Chas. H. Fletcher.*  
**The Kind You Have Always Bought**  
 In Use For Over 30 Years.  
 THE CASTORIA COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

**SHE BAMBOOZLES HIM.**



Mrs. Caller—You surely don't always give your husband a necktie on his birthday?  
 Mrs. Athome—Yes, I do, and the poor dear doesn't even know it's the same one each time!

**DOCTOR SAID "USE CUTICURA"**

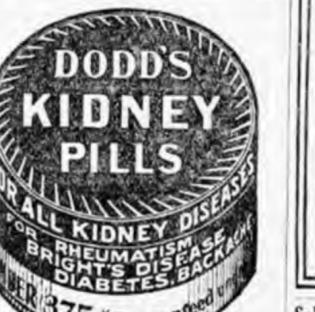
In Bad Case of Eczema on Child—Disease Had Reached a Fearful State—His Order Resulted in Complete Cure.

"When I was small I was troubled with eczema for about three months. It was all over my face and covered nearly all of my head. It reached such a state that it was just a large seab all over, and the pain and itching were terrible. I doctored with an able physician for some time and was then advised by him to use the Cuticura Remedies which I did and I was entirely cured. I have not been bothered with it since. I used Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment but do not know exactly how much was used to complete the cure. I can safely say that Cuticura did a lot for me. Miss Anabel Wilson, North Branch, Mich., Oct. 29, 1907."

When a man has reached the point where he can see no good in the world it is time for him to get off.

Smokers appreciate the quality value of Lewis' Single Binder cigar. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

The lamb in the stock market is usually served with mint sauce.



**MOTOR VEHICLES**

A MOTOR VEHICLE is to-day practically a necessity, and one of the greatest of conveniences. The W. H. Kiblinger Co., Auburn, Indiana, have produced motor vehicles that will stand the wear and tear of country roads, are high enough to ride over ruts, etc., where necessary, light and graceful in design, simple in construction and at the same time strong enough to last for years with ordinary care. They are also cheap enough to bring them within the reach of anyone of ordinary means.

**The Kiblinger Motor Vehicles** will go anywhere at any time. They never get tired, never get sick. Will run 30 miles on a gallon of Gasoline. Speed, 4 to 30 miles an hour. Air cooled, good the year 'round with no danger from punctured tires, or from freezing of water in the cylinders. Let us send you our complete catalogue, showing pictures of the different styles we make, with complete descriptions of each and prices. Fully guaranteed. Ask for catalogue Number 41.

**W. H. KIBLINGER CO.**  
 Auburn, Indiana  
 Kiblinger Motor Buggy  
 14 H. P. \$375. 15.6 H. P. \$450  
 Kiblinger Motor Surrey  
 15 H. P. Price, \$575

**Why Waste Time?**  
 Adding in the old way when Universal, the modern adding and listing machine will do the work three or four times faster than the old way and with unerring accuracy.  
 At your request you can have a demonstration on your work in your office at our expense to prove the advantage of using the Universal.  
 Write today.

**You need me.**  
 I'm built on honor.  
 I print red total.  
 I sell on my merits.  
 I am fully guaranteed.  
**Universal Adding Machine**  
 Universal Adding Machine Co.  
 Commercial Nat'l Bank, Chicago  
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**NEW AND SCENIC LINE TO Yellowstone Park**  
 One of the most beautiful spots in America. No matter where you have traveled or what you have seen, here is a trip that will please you as well, if not better.  
 Very low Round-trip Rates in effect this summer via the  
**Union Pacific**  
 Inquire of  
 W. G. NEIMYER, G. A.,  
 120 Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Ill.

**KNOWN SINCE 1856 AS RELIABLE**  
**PLANTEN'S C & C OR BLACK CAPSULES**  
 SUPERIOR REMEDY FOR URINARY DISCHARGES ETC.  
 DRUGGISTS OR BY MAIL ON RECEIPT OF 50c.  
 N. H. BLANTER & SONS 95 HENRY ST. BROOKLYN, N. Y.

**ANKAKESIS** gives instant relief to all cases of PILES. It is a safe and reliable remedy. It is sold at Druggists or by mail. Name FREE. Address: ANAKESIS, 112 Vesey Street, New York.

**WIDOWS' under NEW LAW obtained PENSIONS**  
 by JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C.

Inflicted with eye troubles? Thompson's Eye Water

**PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM**  
 Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes its luxuriant growth. Never falls to strands. Gray hair to its youthful color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c and \$1.00 at Druggists.

# THE WEEK IN CULVER

## Little Items of Local Happenings of Interest to People in Town and Country

—Preaching at the M. E. church Sunday morning.

—The Ladies' Christian union meets Thursday with Mrs. Elick.

—All Saint's guild will meet with Mrs. Captain Wilson next Tuesday, July 21.

—Wm. R. Ormsby of Lafayette recently sold the 247-acre farm, better known as the Pero farm, near Burr Oak, to a Lafayette buyer for \$80 an acre.

—Capt. Bays' 3 year-old son fell on an old tin can while at play, cutting a gash on the wrist which Dr. Parker was obliged to close with stitches.

—Milo Prior has opened a soft drink emporium in Monterey where it is said the thirsty ones can get "hop cream" to their heart's content.—Monterey Sun.

—Misses Clara and Susie Shilling entertained on Saturday evening in honor of Gratia Bolen of Morenci, Mich., and Dora Maxwell of New York City.

—Dr. J. N. Hurty, secretary of the state board of health, came to Culver yesterday at the request of the local health officer, W. S. East-erday, to inspect the town and to confer with the local board regard- ing certain conditions.

### Base Ball.

In one of the best games of ball seen here this season the locals de- feated the South Bend Spiros Sun- day by the score of 5 to 4.

The wonderful improvement shown in the all-around playing—the batting and base running—brands our team as one of the best in Northern Indiana, for the Spiros justly lay claim to the champion- ship of the northern all of the state, have should feel proud of and Culi which the management has gotten together, and should show their appreciation by a little more liberal patronage. If we are to continue to have base ball here it will be necessary for more inter- est to be displayed by the business men of the town at least, there be- ing only 4 business places repre- sented Sunday, and only about 55 out for the game. The expense was about \$30 for the game. Af- ter next Sunday if the attendance is not much better, we will have no more games here this season.

### Sunday's game in detail:

R	H	E
Spiros—2 0 1 0 1 0 0 0	4	8
Culver—3 0 2 0 0 0 0 0	*—5	12

Struck out by Smith, 3; by Wil- fong 5. Double plays, Scheer to Polen; Scheer to McLane; McLane to Bush. Two-base hits—Scheer 2, Polen, Shock.

### Line up:

Culver	Spiros
Baker.....RF.....	Wentz
Jones.....CF.....	Brady
Hiekle.....LF.....	Richards
Scheer.....SS.....	Chaffey
Polen.....3B.....	Honek
McLane.....2B.....	Kellor
Bush.....1B.....	Shock
Wilson.....C.....	Shanafeld
Smith.....P.....	Wilfong

Sunday we will have the South Bend Livingstons who claim the championship over the Spiros, and another fast game is assured.

### The Pleasure is All Ours.

The Athletics are loud in praise of the treatment they received at Culver, and also for the favors shown by Mr. Osborn, who by the way is the prince of landlords and conducts a most excellent hotel.—Bremen Enquirer.

And Culver can sincerely return the compliment, for the Bremen boys and their friends are a nice bunch and will always be sure of a glad hand here.

### First Load of Wheat.

The first load of wheat marketed at the Culver elevator was hauled in last Thursday morning by Wm. Houghton.

### Important to Farmers.

Highest price paid for grain at Grist Mill. D. G. Walter, 216

### Lives in Jeopardy.

Two horses, attached to single buggies, urged on by the drivers' whips, a mad race the length of Scott street, a crash at the depot and five persons thrown into the roadway were the features of a sen- sational episode Tuesday night at 9:30 o'clock.

The racing drivers were Howard Mikesell and a man named Hoyt who lives on the Mrs. Lord farm. Each was accompanied by a young lady.

A witness who saw the start at the head of Scott street says that both drivers lashed their horses in- to a run, and the animals raced down the grade at such furious speed that the noise, accentuated by a Comanche yell from one of the drivers, sent people rushing to their doors. At the depot, just around the curve in the road, the Mikesell buggy struck another buggy going in an opposite direc- tion. It was occupied by Alva P. per, his wife and three months-old babe, and Miss Garver. The occu- pants of both buggies were pitched into the street, but escaped with bruises.

Both buggies were damaged. The Hoyt buggy passed on up Bunker Hill, returning some time afterward and passing through the crowd without stopping.

Mr. Piper and his family were able to depart for home at 11:30.

There was but one sentiment ex- pressed by the crowd of over 100 persons who either witnessed the performance or gathered immedi- ately after, and that was hot indig- nation at the recklessness which takes no account of the public safety.

### A Loved One Gone Home.

(Continued.)

On last Friday morning while on her way to the home of her nephew, Mrs. Susanna Tilley fell at the gate of her own property in Culver, a victim of paralysis, which proved fatal on Saturday at 9 a. m. The funeral was held at the Re- formed church, the services being conducted by her pastor, Rev. A. J. Michael. Tilley, nee Hawk, was born near West Lodi in Seneca county, Ohio, August 1, 1840, and departed this life on July 11, 1908, aged 68 years, 11 months, 10 days. She was united in marriage on May 15, 1859, to Ezra Purchis Til- ley who died in September, 1897. She was one of a family of nine children, four of whom have pre- ceeded her to the spirit world—one a twin sister who was also stricken with paralysis which resulted in her death on Jan. 30, 1905. The surviving members of the family are three brothers—David of Cul- ver with whom she has made her home since 1903, Lewis of Repub- lic, Ohio, Franklin of Argos, Ind., and one sister, Sarah Hartman, living near Culver. Besides these she leaves many loving friends and relatives who will greatly miss her beautiful life of helpfulness and good cheer. She gave her heart to God in young womanhood and lived a consistent christian life until God called her home.

### Card of Thanks.

To the friends who so kindly as- sisted us during the sickness, death and burial of our beloved sister and aunt, we desire to ex- press our sincere thanks.

MR. AND MRS. DAVID HAWK.  
MR. AND MRS. ROLLEN HAWK.

### School House Contract Let.

The letting of the contract for the Maxinkuckee school house was postponed from Saturday until Monday when the following bids were opened:

M. R. Cline.....	\$2200
Lee Easterday.....	2790
James Wilson.....	2750
Fred Thompson.....	2549

The contract was let to Thomp- son.

### Notice.

The real estate firm of Swoley & Meredith no longer exists. H. J. Meredith is in sole charge of the business and from this date will be responsible for no transactions made except by him.

H. J. MEREDITH.

I have a few pairs of 10 and 25

### BURR OAK BRIEFLETS.

Samuel Aley of Nittany, Penn., is visiting his brother John this week.

Maude Maxey returned Sunday from Toledo, O., where she had been visiting for a week or so.

Floyd Waterman of Chalmers brought J. W. Currens' auto from Chalmers to Burr Oak Sunday.

Mrs. J. W. Carrens and son Rus- sell returned from a visit with her sisters at Red Key and Union City, Ind.

J. W. Currens and son Jessel visited at Chalmers Saturday where he bought him an automobile and returned in it Sunday.

Church of God Sunday school and preaching will be held in the school house for some time until other arrangements are made.

Wm. Vanderweele and D. B. Young went to Chicago Monday and may return with a new auto- mobile which Vanderweele antici- pates buying.

### NORTH BEND NOTES.

Lots of huckleberries and plenty of buyers.

Tom Chapman is building an addition to his house.

Arthur Kaley and wife spent Sunday at Samuel Baker's.

Crops in our locality are looking fine, but a rain would help them.

John Caspar of near Hamlet vis- ited over Sunday with his brother George.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. John L. Kesler of Bass Lake Monday, July 6.

Myrtle Drake came home last week from Hamlet where she has been working since March.

Little Gladys Leopold spent Saturday afternoon with Maggie Glinter at the home of her grand- parents, L. D. Allen and wife.

The Joe Castlemans spent Sun- day with S. P. Cox near Ober. Their little granddaughter, Kenneth Cox, returned home with them.

The whistle and hum of the threshing machine are now heard, giving warning to the already busy farmers that they may have the pleasure of a change of occupation for a few days.

Geo. Wolfram and wife and sis- ter Lucy have gone to Garrett where they take employment on the dredge boat on which Louis Engel of Monterey is cranesman. Mr. Wolfram will be employed as fireman, while his wife and sister will do the cooking for the crew.

### POPLAR GROVE PELLETS.

The Logan Moores were guests on Sunday of Mrs. Moore's parents.

Mrs. Frank Barr of Englewood is visiting at the home of J. E. Lo- ser.

Bert Voris and wife were at Hib- bard Sunday, the guests of Will Lowery.

Mrs. Ivan London was an over- Sunday visitor at the home of her parents.

Mrs. Nora Phelps of South Bend is spending a week with relatives in this vicinity.

Mrs. Garnie Snider and children of Canton, O., have been at the home of her mother, Mrs. Rebecca Landis, since last Thursday.

The Wm. Keplers went to D. Kepler's July 12 to be present at a surprise in honor of the 73d birth- day of Mr. Kepler's mother.

Alvin Hiatt and J. M. and A. E. Wickizer with their families and Mrs. Phelps spent a very pleasant day together at the home of Roy Wickizer.

Polaski Wickizer and Mrs. Wm. Scott and daughter were in Argos Saturday to attend the funeral of Phebe Wickizer, widow of the late Andrew Wickizer.

### Another Studebaker Mansion.

Clement Studebaker, son of the late Clem Studebaker, has pur- chased 12 acres of land at \$1,000 an acre on the east side of South Bend, and will erect a fine man- sion. The residence will be in the center of a magnificent park. It is said the cost will be in the neigh- borhood of \$200,000.

Plebe—Sir, may I have my place in the company changed as I am deaf and can't understand your

### DELONG DOINGS.

Delong vs. Germany station 12-6 in favor of Germany.

Jess Quick of Rochester spent Sunday with his parents.

Mae and Mary VanKirk spent Sunday with their parents.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam Swigart re- turned to Kokomo Sunday.

Lutie and Laura Large of Cul- ver were in Delong Sunday.

Mrs. Cora Shamony and son re- turned to Mishawaka Monday.

Bertha Kline left Monday even- ing for Boston to sail for Europe.

Mrs. Kate Ditmore and son of Rochester are visiting at G. E. Mahler's.

The ice cream social Saturday evening was a success. The school cleared \$8.

Mae Brugh of the Mount Hope neighborhood spent Sunday at Os- car Lahman's.

Jennie Robinson spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Robinson.

May and Delea Hand returned Saturday from Bourbon where they had been visiting.

Mary Kaley returned to her work in Culver Sunday, having spent a week with her parents.

The funeral of Arthur Deck, who was killed by a train near Logans- port, was held at the M. E. church Saturday at 11:30.

### WEST WASHINGTON.

Rosa Curtis spent Sunday with Ola Krieg.

Albert Biddinger spent Sunday at Henry Burkett's.

The Curtises are entertaining company from Blue Rapids, Kans.

Mrs. J. L. Scheurman is visit- ing her daughter, Mrs. Krieger, in Michigan.

Mr. and Mrs. Cooper and daugh- ter Mae were Sunday guests of John Kline.

Floyd and Rosa Overmyer and Anna Kline took Sunday dinner at Will Cooper's.

Gilson and Nellie Norris and Dona Curtis visited Leo Norris and wife of Grand View Sunday.

Try a South Bend watch. Spe- cial prices this week. E. B. Suth- erlin.

### CULVER MARKETS

Eggs.....	.16
Butter (good).....	.20
do (common).....	.17
Fowls.....	.09
Chickens.....	.18
Roosters.....	.04
Ducks.....	.08
Turkeys.....	.08
Lard.....	.08
(By the Culver City Grain and Coal Co.)	
(GOOD FOR THIS DAY ONLY.)	
Wheat, new.....	.84
Oats.....	.38
Corn (sound, not chaffy).....	.75
Rye.....	.70

### Swimming Lessons.

Hugo Fischer, instructor in swim- ming at the academy, is here for the season and is prepared to give swimming lessons to the public.

Lost—On Saturday afternoon, be- tween Bass lake and Maxinkuckee, a lady's panama hat, trimmed with white wings and containing three black pins. Reward for return to Palmer House.

### W. O. OSBORN

**EXCHANGE BANK**  
Solicits Your Patronage  
protected against burglary and holding Chicago Exchange at reasonable Rates Real Estate Loans Made Three per cent. Paid on Time Deposits  
Children's bracelets at wholesale this week. E. B. Sutherland.

# Diarrhoea, Colic and Cholera Morbus



Are diseases that require prompt attention.

In almost every neighborhood some one has died from these dis- eases before medicine could be pro- cured or a physician summoned.

Those who rely upon physicians often find that they are away from home when most needed.

Every family, and especially those who reside on farms and ranches, miles from any drug store or physi- cian should keep at hand a bottle of

**Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.**

No physician can prescribe a bet- ter medicine for the purposes for which it is intended.

The remarkable cures effected by this remedy, in all parts of the country, have made it the acknowl- edged standard.

It can always be depended upon to effect a quick cure, and when reduced with water is pleasant to take. It is equally valuable for children and adults.

# ATTENTION HOUSEKEEPER

## Lighten Your Work

By using a Gasoline or an Oil Stove and a Kitchen Cabinet you can lighten your work one-half.

## Now is the Time

to take comfort on the porch or lawn. A fine line of Hammocks, Porch Furniture, Swings, etc. Come in and see us.

The Culver Department Store

# Closing Out Sale of Summer Goods

## HERE ARE A FEW PRICES

10c Wash Goods, clearance sale price . . . 5c  
15c Wash Goods, clearance sale price . . . 8c  
25c Wash Goods, clearance sale price . . . 15c  
Lot White Waists, worth \$1.25 to \$2.50, 95c  
Lot White Waists, worth up to \$3, go at \$1.50  
Ladies' Jackets at half-price to close out the line  
150 Men's 35c and 50c Made-up Ties, now 11c  
150 Men's 50c Four-in-Hand Ties, choice 25c  
Men's Oxfords, regular \$3.50 to \$5 grades; clearing sale price, . . . \$2.60 to \$3.50

**PORTER & COMPANY**