

	Word Answers	DESCRIPTIONS		Number answers
		 Start at a structure in the park that replaces an older one of the same kind. The first structure was knocked down by the Great Wind of 1913. There are two history signs here. One is all words and numbers, and tells about the structure itself. The other has pictures and talks about the several names the village has had.		
		According to the first sign, in what year was the structure dedicated?	1	
A		According to the second sign, what was the last name of the man who first platted out the town?		
		In what year did he plat out the southern part of his farm as the town?	2	
B		What was the first name of the town (hint: it was often spelled as two words)?		

C



The town's second name came from a French general, pictured above. What was the name?



Walk up the hill, away from the lake, toward a tree inside a metal fence. There is a metal sign to tell about the tree.

D

There is a nursery rhyme about this kind of tree: “Here we go round the _____ bush.”

E

What did people call the railroad? (Its real name was much longer.)

In what year did the railroad build the old station?

3

F		 From the tree in the fence, you should be able to see the “new” brick train station, or _____ (five letters). Like many places in Marshall County, this brick building is decorated with a large panel painted to look like a square from a quilt.	
		How many points does the red star on the quilt square have?	4
G		If you look back toward the lake from the train station, you can see on the side of the West Pavilion a brightly painted mural with the name of the lake, which is: _____	

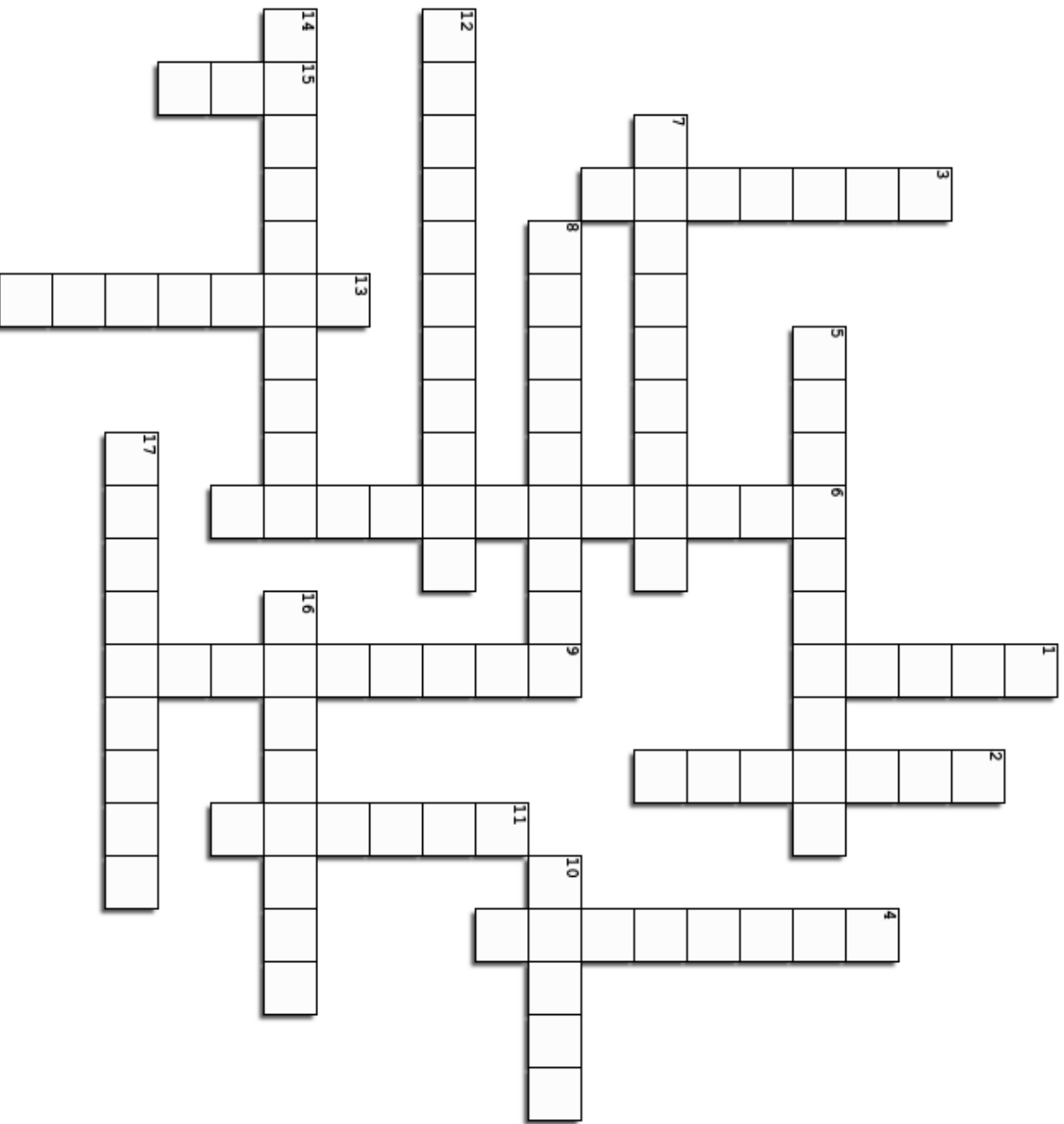
		In what year did the pavilion win a Historic Landmark Award?	5	
		Between the closed in part of the pavilion and the paved path, on the lake side, is one of the Chicago Exposition lamp posts. Starting with that lamp post, walk east along the path for ten lamp posts (counting just the ones next to the path). You should be close to a place made for people to sit and listen to musicians.		
H		There is a metal sign on the floor of the stage that tells you a big word (12 letters) for this sort of listening space.		
		What is the date on the metal sign?	6	
		Continue walking east. You should see on your left a small playground that uses the name of the railroad (answer E).		
		Go through the gate into the Indian Trails, and turn left. Follow the fence line up hill, and when the fence turns left again, follow the path to the left (west).		
		On your right you will see a Potawatomi sculpture and a rock with a memorial plaque.		

I		 What is the name of the chief the plaque tells you about? (This is his picture, painted by an artist named George Winter.)		
		Counting the Chief, how many local Potawatomi were forced to move to Kansas?	7	
		Follow the paved line of the old railroad tracks back toward the center of the park. Just before you come to the center sidewalk, you will find a large boulder with another plaque. This plaque tells about new trees planted here in April of 2005.		
		How many trees were planted that day?	8	

Name: _____

A Quick Culver Puzzle

Complete the crossword puzzle below



Created using the Crossword Maker on TheTeachersCorner.net

Across

- 5. Local Native American tribe
- 7. Naval Band Serenade
- 8. Answer B (no space)
- 10. Corn Roast Club
- 12. Answer G
- 14. This one isn't to warn ships about rocks
- 16. Answer D
- 17. Floating dance hall (no space)

Down

- 1. Answer F
- 2. Answer C
- 3. Answer A
- 4. Answer E
- 6. Answer H
- 9. Answer I (without dashes)
- 11. Stove maker, Henry Harrison _____
- 13. City, first home of park lamp posts
- 15. cold winter lake crop

The Red Star: An Arithmetic Trick

- Five of the Number Answers are dates. Copy them over in the “DATES” column.
- Then, in the “FIRST TOTAL” column, add up the values of the digits in the date. (So, if the year were 1776, the First Total would be $1+7+7+6=21$.)
- Then, if the number in the “FIRST TOTAL” column has more than one digit, repeat the process. (In our example, $2+1=3$.) Write the result in the “SECOND TOTAL” column.
- Add up all the numbers in the “SECOND TOTAL” column, except for the grey sample row, and write the result in the “1st Sum” row at the bottom.
- Add up the digits of the number in the “SECOND TOTAL/ 1st Sum,” square, and write the results under “THIRD TOTAL.”
- Now add up the four dates, and write the result in the “DATE/2nd Sum” square.
- Once again, add up the digits, write the results in “FIRST TOTAL,” and, if the number in the “FIRST TOTAL” column has more than one digit, repeat the process. Write the new result in the “SECOND TOTAL” column.
- SECOND TOTAL/2nd Sum should equal THIRD TOTAL/1st Sum. These numbers should remind you of something about the Depot.

#	DATE	FIRST TOTAL	SECOND TOTAL	THIRD TOTAL
*	1776	21	3	---
1				---
2				---
3				---
5				---
1 st Sum	---	---		
2 nd Sum				---

ANSWER KEY

	Word Answers	DESCRIPTIONS	Number answers	
		Start at a building in the park that replaces an older building of the same kind. The first building was knocked down by the Great Wind of 1913. There are two history signs here. One is all words and numbers, and tells about the building itself. The other has pictures and talks about the several names the village has had.		
		According to the first sign, in what year was the building dedicated?	1	2006
A	Dickson	According to the second sign, what was the last name of the man who first platted out the town?		
		In what year did he plat out the southern part of his farm as the town?	2	1844
B	Union Town	What was the first name of the town (hint: it was two words)?		
C	Marmont	The town's second name came from a French general. What was it?		
		Walk up the hill, away from the lake, toward a tree inside a metal fence. There is a sign to tell about the		

		tree.		
D	mulberry	There is a nursery rhyme about this kind of tree: “Here we go round the _____ bush.”		
E	Vandalia	What did people call the railroad? (Its real name was much longer.)		
		In what year did the railroad build the old station?	3	1883
F	depot	From the tree in the fence, you should be able to see the “new” brick train station, or _____.		
		Like many places in Marshall County, this brick building is decorated with a large panel painted to look like a square from a quilt.		
		How many points does the red star on the quilt square have?	4	8
G	Maxinkuckee	If you look back toward the lake from the train station, you can see on the side of the West Pavilion a brightly painted mural with the name of the lake, which is: _____		
		In what year did the pavilion win a Historic Landmark Award?	5	1995
		Between the closed in part of the pavilion and the paved path, on the lake side, is one of the Chicago Exposition lamp posts. Starting with that lamp post,		

		walk east along the path for ten lamp posts (counting just the ones next to the path). You should be close to a place made for people to sit and listen to musicians.		
H	amphitheater	There is a metal sign on the floor of the stage that tells you a big word (12 letters) for this sort of listening space.		
		What is the date on the metal sign?	6	2018
		Continue walking east. You should see on your left a small playground that uses the name of the railroad (answer E).		
		Go through the gate into the Indian Trails, and turn left. Follow the fence line up hill, and when the fence turns left again, follow the path to the left (west).		
		On your right you will see a Potawatomi sculpture and a rock with a memorial plaque.		
I	Nas-wau-kee	What is the name of the chief the plaque tells you about?		
		Counting the Chief, how many local Potawatomi were forced to move to Kansas?	7	47
		Follow the line of the old railroad tracks back toward the center of the park. Just before you come to the center sidewalk, you will find a large boulder		

		with another plaque. This plaque tells about new trees planted here in April of 2005.		
		How many trees were planted that day?	8	62

Arithmetic Trick

2	0	0	6	8	8	---
1	8	4	4	17	8	---
1	8	8	3	20	2	---
1	9	9	5	24	6	---
2	0	1	8	11	2	---
-	-	-	-	---	26	8
9	7	4	6	26	8	---